



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 28, 2020 – 07:08 pm BST

PDB ID : 1A84
Title : NMR SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF A DNA DODECAMER DUPLEX CONTAINING A CIS-DIAMMINEPLATINUM(II) D(GPG) INTRASTRAND CROSS-LINK, THE MAJOR ADDUCT OF THE ANTICANCER DRUG CISPLATIN, 1 STRUCTURE
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Deposited on : 1998-04-02

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

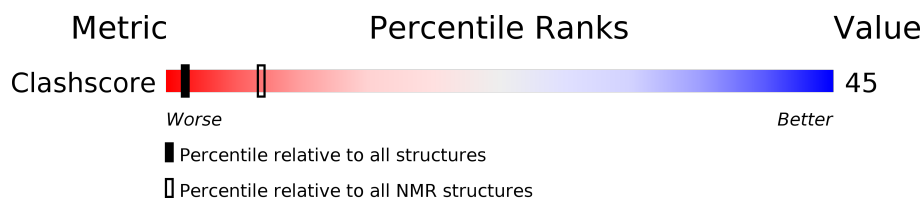
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	12	 33% 67%
2	B	12	 8% 92%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 767 atoms, of which 278 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

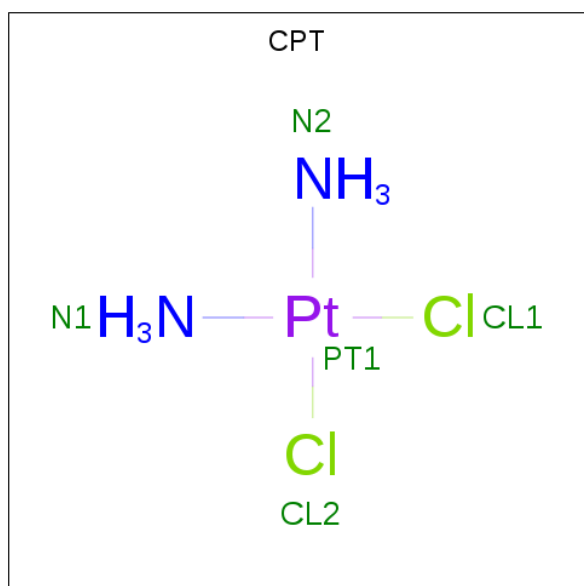
- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA D(CCTCTG*G*TCTCC).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	12	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			373	114	138	36	74	11	

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA D(GGAGACCAGAGG).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	12	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			385	118	134	56	66	11	

- Molecule 3 is Cisplatin (three-letter code: CPT) (formula: $\text{Cl}_2\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{Pt}$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			
3	A	1	Total	H	N	Pt
			9	6	2	1

4 Residue-property plots

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: DNA D(CCTCTG*G*TCTCC)

Chain A:  33% 67%

C1	C2	T3	C4	T5	G6	G7	T8	C9	T10	C11	C12
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- Molecule 2: DNA D(GGAGACCAGAGG)

Chain B:  8% 92%

G13	G14	A15	G16	A17	C18	C19	A20	G21	A22	G23	G24
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5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *NOE-RESTRAINED REFINEMENT*.

Of the 1 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *LEAST RESTRAINT VIOLATION*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	
X-PLOR	structure solution	
QUANTA	structure solution	

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

COVALENT-GEOMETRY INFOmissingINFO

5.1 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	235	138	138	15
2	B	251	134	134	22
All	All	489	278	272	34

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 45.

5 of 34 clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
2:B:15:DA:H4'	2:B:16:DG:OP1	0.95	1.58
2:B:23:DG:H2''	2:B:24:DG:OP2	0.86	1.69
1:A:4:DC:H1'	1:A:5:DT:OP1	0.86	1.71
1:A:10:DT:H2''	1:A:11:DC:OP2	0.84	1.69
2:B:18:DC:H2''	2:B:19:DC:O5'	0.82	1.74

5.2 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.2.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.2.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.2.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.3 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.4 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.5 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
3	CPT	A	13	1	0,2,4	0.00	-

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard

deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
3	CPT	A	13	1	-	-	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

5.6 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

5.7 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided