



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 22, 2020 – 04:45 AM BST

PDB ID : 6AWN
Title : X-ray structure of the S439T human serotonin transporter complexed with paroxetine at the central site
Authors : Coleman, J.A.; Gouaux, E.
Deposited on : 2017-09-06
Resolution : 3.62 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.13.1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

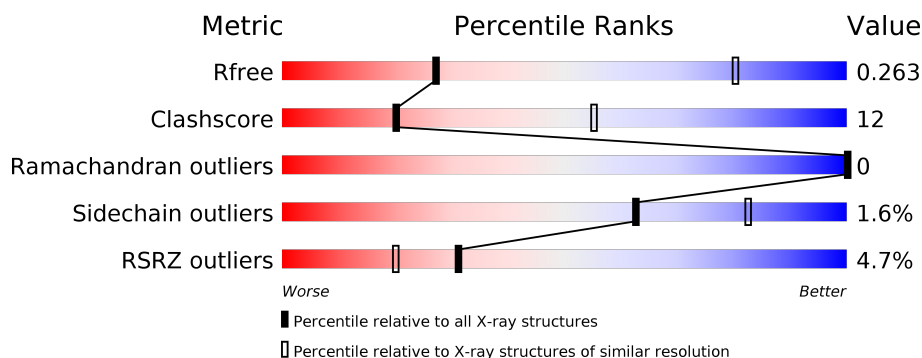
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.62 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1290 (3.74-3.50)
Clashscore	141614	1387 (3.74-3.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1339 (3.74-3.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1339 (3.74-3.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1191 (3.74-3.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	549	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> % </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> 69% 28% .. </div> </div>
2	B	229	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> 12% </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> 72% 23% 5% </div> </div>
3	C	214	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> 6% </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> 74% 26% </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	NAG	A	704	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7703 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Sodium-dependent serotonin transporter.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	544	4294	2871	663	736	24	0	0	0

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	74	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P31645
A	75	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P31645
A	110	ALA	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP P31645
A	291	ALA	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P31645
A	554	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P31645
A	580	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P31645
A	619	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P31645
A	620	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P31645
A	621	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P31645
A	622	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P31645

- Molecule 2 is a protein called 8B6 antibody FAB heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	218	1643	1038	266	331	8	0	0	0

There are 11 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	238	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3
B	239	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3
B	240	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3
B	241	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3
B	242	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3
B	243	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3

Continued on next page...

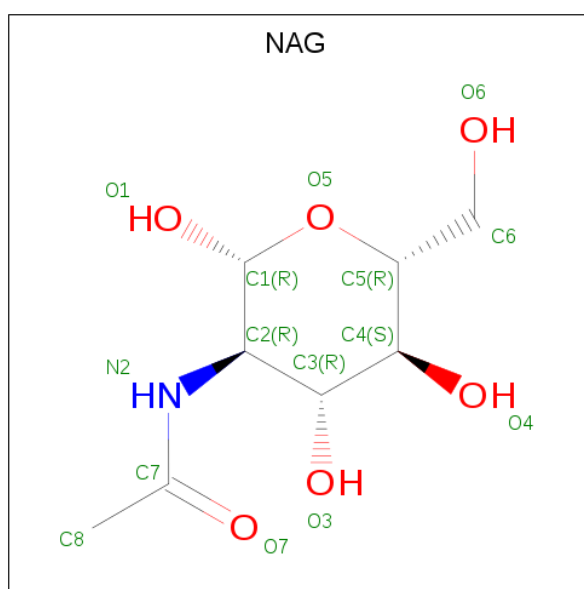
Continued from previous page...

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	244	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3
B	245	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3
B	246	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3
B	247	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3
B	248	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0F7R1P3

- Molecule 3 is a protein called 8B6 antibody FAB light chain.

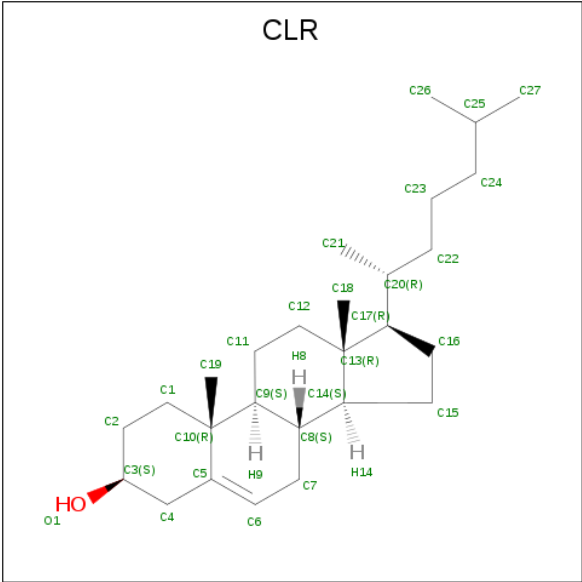
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	214	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1662	1037	280	337	8			

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



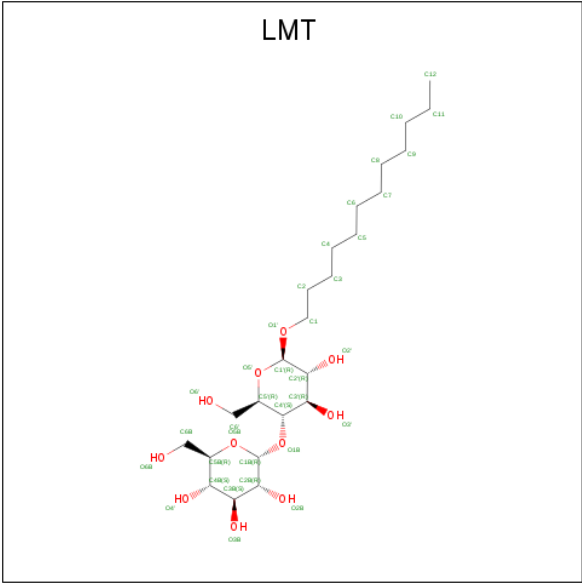
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 5 is CHOLESTEROL (three-letter code: CLR) (formula: $C_{27}H_{46}O$).



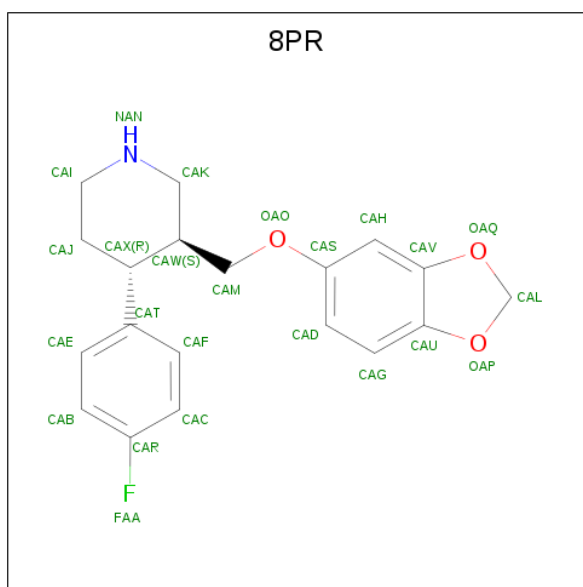
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			28	27	1		

- Molecule 6 is DODECYL-BETA-D-MALTOSE (three-letter code: LMT) (formula: $C_{24}H_{46}O_{11}$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			22	12	10		

- Molecule 7 is Paroxetine (three-letter code: 8PR) (formula: $C_{19}H_{20}FNO_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	C	F	N	O	0	0
			24	19	1	1	3		

- Molecule 8 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		

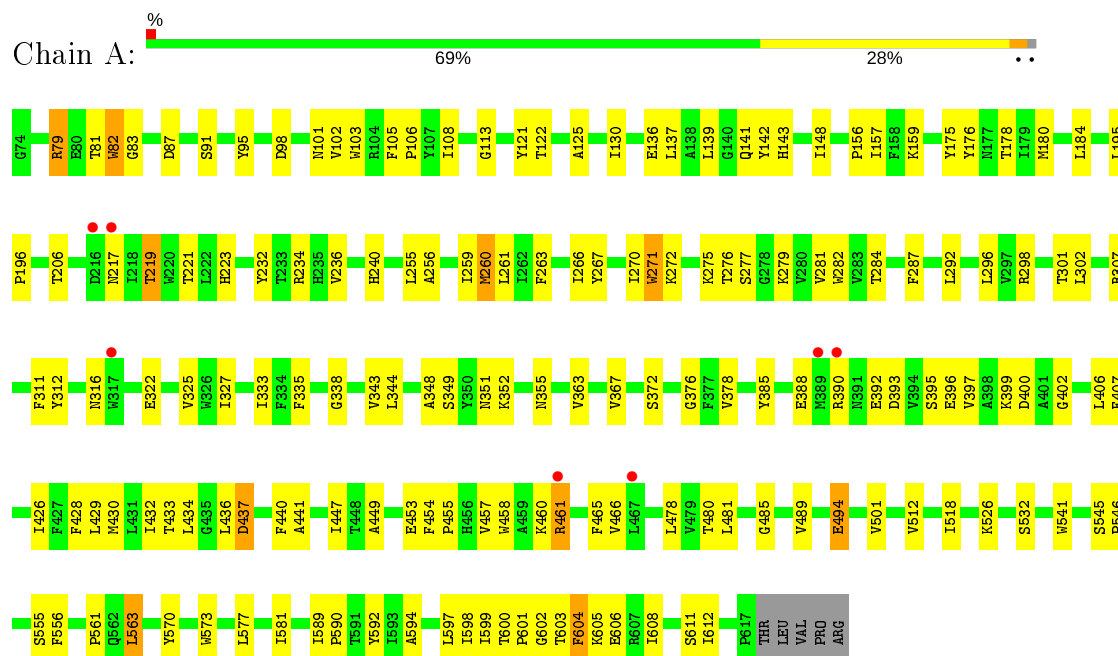
- Molecule 9 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

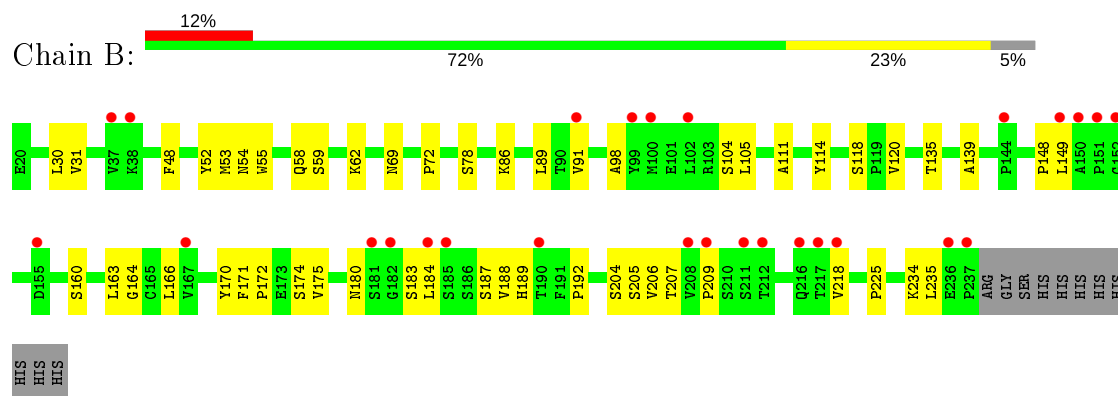
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Sodium-dependent serotonin transporter

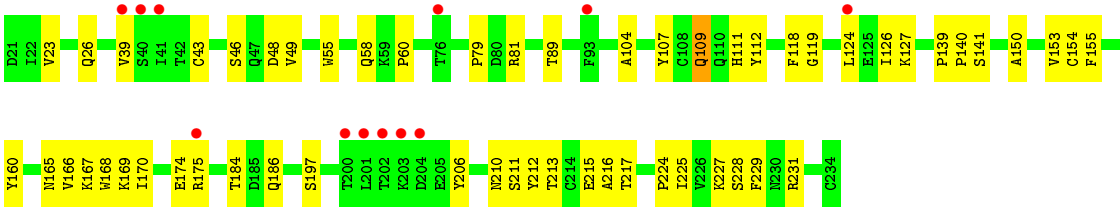


• Molecule 2: 8B6 antibody FAB heavy chain



• Molecule 3: 8B6 antibody FAB light chain





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	129.15Å 162.84Å 140.82Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	53.26 – 3.62 53.26 – 3.62	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	88.3 (53.26-3.62) 87.8 (53.26-3.62)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.24 (at 3.67Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (dev_2597)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.256 , 0.263 0.256 , 0.263	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	761 reflections (5.02%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	151.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.184	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.26 , 79.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.40$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.23$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	7703	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	157.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, CL, NA, LMT, 8PR, CLR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.37	1/4431 (0.0%)	0.57	4/6054 (0.1%)
2	B	0.33	0/1688	0.52	0/2309
3	C	0.29	0/1700	0.51	0/2307
All	All	0.34	1/7819 (0.0%)	0.55	4/10670 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	81	THR	C-N	6.81	1.49	1.34

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	219	THR	O-C-N	-7.93	110.00	122.70
1	A	81	THR	O-C-N	-7.44	110.80	122.70
1	A	602	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.24	100.01	113.10
1	A	597	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.05	126.91	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	219	THR	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4294	0	4260	120	0
2	B	1643	0	1589	32	0
3	C	1662	0	1585	39	0
4	A	28	0	26	0	0
5	A	28	0	46	5	0
6	A	22	0	20	6	0
7	A	24	0	20	5	0
8	A	1	0	0	1	0
9	A	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	7703	0	7546	190	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (190) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:594:ALA:O	1:A:598:ILE:HB	1.37	1.20
3:C:211:SER:HA	3:C:229:PHE:O	1.69	0.93
1:A:573:TRP:CE3	5:A:702:CLR:H71	2.04	0.92
1:A:526:LYS:HD3	1:A:532:SER:HB2	1.64	0.80
2:B:30:LEU:HD22	2:B:172:PRO:HD3	1.63	0.80
3:C:126:ILE:O	3:C:186:GLN:NE2	2.14	0.79
1:A:335:PHE:HD1	7:A:705:8PR:HAB	1.48	0.77
3:C:26:GLN:HE21	3:C:119:GLY:HA3	1.51	0.76
1:A:137:LEU:HD12	1:A:348:ALA:HB2	1.69	0.74
1:A:461:ARG:HH11	1:A:461:ARG:HG3	1.53	0.74
2:B:192:PRO:HD3	3:C:184:THR:HG22	1.73	0.71
1:A:141:GLN:HE21	1:A:351:ASN:HB3	1.55	0.70
1:A:139:LEU:HD11	1:A:512:VAL:HG11	1.72	0.70
1:A:307:ARG:NE	1:A:388:GLU:OE2	2.23	0.69

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:121:TYR:OH	8:A:706:CL:CL	2.42	0.69
3:C:213:THR:HA	3:C:227:LYS:O	1.93	0.67
3:C:23:VAL:H	3:C:46:SER:HB3	1.60	0.67
1:A:307:ARG:HD3	1:A:392:GLU:HG3	1.77	0.66
3:C:215:GLU:HA	3:C:225:ILE:O	1.96	0.66
1:A:136:GLU:HG2	1:A:344:LEU:HB2	1.76	0.65
2:B:187:SER:OG	2:B:207:THR:O	2.11	0.65
3:C:210:ASN:OD1	3:C:231:ARG:N	2.27	0.65
2:B:174:SER:HB3	2:B:225:PRO:HG2	1.79	0.65
1:A:87:ASP:OD1	1:A:282:TRP:NE1	2.26	0.64
1:A:206:THR:HG23	1:A:234:ARG:NH2	2.13	0.64
1:A:573:TRP:CZ3	5:A:702:CLR:H71	2.33	0.64
1:A:363:VAL:O	1:A:367:VAL:HG23	1.98	0.63
1:A:447:ILE:HA	1:A:465:PHE:HE2	1.63	0.62
2:B:163:LEU:HB3	2:B:235:LEU:HD22	1.81	0.62
3:C:165:ASN:HB3	3:C:217:THR:HB	1.82	0.61
1:A:98:ASP:HB2	1:A:176:TYR:OH	2.00	0.61
1:A:184:LEU:HD21	1:A:261:LEU:HD23	1.82	0.60
1:A:101:ASN:ND2	1:A:372:SER:OG	2.33	0.60
1:A:157:ILE:HG23	1:A:611:SER:HB3	1.84	0.60
1:A:184:LEU:HA	1:A:432:ILE:HD11	1.84	0.59
1:A:327:ILE:HD13	1:A:555:SER:CB	2.34	0.58
1:A:292:LEU:O	1:A:296:LEU:HB2	2.04	0.58
3:C:168:TRP:O	3:C:174:GLU:HA	2.04	0.58
1:A:352:LYS:HB3	1:A:355:ASN:HB2	1.85	0.57
1:A:437:ASP:N	1:A:437:ASP:OD1	2.30	0.57
3:C:206:TYR:CZ	3:C:231:ARG:HG3	2.39	0.57
2:B:86:LYS:NZ	2:B:104:SER:O	2.38	0.57
3:C:212:TYR:HB2	3:C:229:PHE:CE1	2.40	0.57
2:B:149:LEU:HD13	3:C:153:VAL:HG21	1.86	0.56
1:A:461:ARG:NH1	1:A:461:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.56
1:A:338:GLY:HA3	7:A:705:8PR:HAJA	1.85	0.56
3:C:212:TYR:O	3:C:228:SER:HA	2.06	0.56
1:A:599:ILE:O	1:A:601:PRO:HD3	2.06	0.56
3:C:139:PRO:HB3	3:C:229:PHE:CE2	2.41	0.56
1:A:478:LEU:HD23	1:A:481:LEU:HD12	1.88	0.55
2:B:149:LEU:HD11	2:B:166:LEU:HB2	1.89	0.55
2:B:139:ALA:HB3	2:B:171:PHE:CE2	2.42	0.55
1:A:453:GLU:HG3	1:A:454:PHE:CD1	2.43	0.55
2:B:148:PRO:O	3:C:141:SER:HB3	2.07	0.55
3:C:169:LYS:HB2	3:C:213:THR:O	2.06	0.55

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:125:ALA:HA	1:A:333:ILE:HG12	1.89	0.54
1:A:87:ASP:O	1:A:91:SER:HB2	2.08	0.54
1:A:312:TYR:CZ	1:A:376:GLY:HA3	2.42	0.54
2:B:52:TYR:CE2	2:B:120:VAL:HG12	2.43	0.54
1:A:266:ILE:HA	1:A:440:PHE:HE1	1.73	0.53
1:A:95:TYR:CD1	1:A:343:VAL:HG11	2.43	0.53
1:A:393:ASP:O	1:A:395:SER:N	2.42	0.53
1:A:485:GLY:O	1:A:489:VAL:HG23	2.09	0.52
3:C:48:ASP:HA	3:C:89:THR:HG22	1.91	0.52
1:A:335:PHE:CD1	7:A:705:8PR:HAB	2.37	0.52
1:A:603:THR:HG22	1:A:604:PHE:H	1.75	0.52
1:A:136:GLU:CG	1:A:344:LEU:HB2	2.40	0.52
2:B:180:ASN:HD21	2:B:218:VAL:HG13	1.75	0.51
3:C:231:ARG:O	3:C:231:ARG:HG2	2.10	0.51
1:A:392:GLU:HG2	1:A:393:ASP:H	1.75	0.51
1:A:79:ARG:NE	1:A:349:SER:OG	2.44	0.51
3:C:111:HIS:O	3:C:111:HIS:ND1	2.43	0.51
1:A:125:ALA:O	1:A:130:ILE:HG12	2.10	0.51
1:A:322:GLU:O	1:A:325:VAL:HG22	2.11	0.51
2:B:54:ASN:ND2	2:B:118:SER:OG	2.35	0.50
1:A:234:ARG:HE	1:A:240:HIS:CG	2.29	0.50
1:A:327:ILE:HD13	1:A:555:SER:HB2	1.93	0.50
2:B:163:LEU:O	2:B:205:SER:HA	2.12	0.50
1:A:113:GLY:HA2	1:A:316:ASN:HB3	1.93	0.50
2:B:59:SER:HB2	2:B:62:LYS:HB2	1.93	0.50
1:A:175:TYR:HB2	1:A:489:VAL:HG13	1.93	0.49
1:A:518:ILE:HD11	1:A:541:TRP:CE3	2.47	0.49
1:A:106:PRO:HG3	1:A:376:GLY:HA2	1.94	0.49
1:A:556:PHE:CD2	6:A:703:LMT:H4B	2.47	0.49
3:C:43:CYS:HB2	3:C:55:TRP:CH2	2.47	0.49
1:A:195:LEU:H	1:A:195:LEU:HD12	1.77	0.49
1:A:311:PHE:CE1	1:A:395:SER:HB2	2.47	0.48
1:A:454:PHE:O	1:A:458:TRP:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:A:263:PHE:HA	1:A:266:ILE:HG12	1.95	0.48
1:A:400:ASP:N	1:A:400:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.48
1:A:603:THR:H	1:A:606:GLU:HB3	1.77	0.48
1:A:272:LYS:HD3	1:A:276:THR:HG23	1.96	0.48
2:B:170:TYR:OH	2:B:175:VAL:HG11	2.14	0.48
3:C:140:PRO:HG2	3:C:150:ALA:HB1	1.95	0.48
1:A:312:TYR:OH	1:A:376:GLY:HA3	2.14	0.48
3:C:167:LYS:HD2	3:C:215:GLU:OE1	2.14	0.47

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:183:SER:HA	2:B:184:LEU:HA	1.58	0.47
2:B:205:SER:HB3	3:C:155:PHE:CE2	2.50	0.47
3:C:170:ILE:HG13	3:C:175:ARG:HB2	1.95	0.47
2:B:58:GLN:O	2:B:111:ALA:HB1	2.14	0.47
1:A:556:PHE:CE2	6:A:703:LMT:H1B	2.50	0.47
2:B:48:PHE:CE2	2:B:72:PRO:HB3	2.50	0.47
1:A:256:ALA:O	1:A:260:MET:HB2	2.13	0.47
1:A:561:PRO:HG3	6:A:703:LMT:O2B	2.15	0.47
1:A:271:TRP:HA	1:A:466:VAL:HG11	1.97	0.47
1:A:156:PRO:HG2	1:A:611:SER:O	2.15	0.46
2:B:135:THR:HG21	2:B:172:PRO:HB3	1.96	0.46
1:A:236:VAL:O	1:A:255:LEU:HD21	2.15	0.46
1:A:82:TRP:HD1	1:A:83:GLY:H	1.62	0.46
3:C:166:VAL:HG11	3:C:197:SER:CB	2.45	0.46
1:A:206:THR:HG23	1:A:234:ARG:HH22	1.77	0.46
1:A:296:LEU:HB2	1:A:378:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.46
3:C:39:VAL:HG21	3:C:124:LEU:HD11	1.98	0.46
1:A:136:GLU:HG2	1:A:344:LEU:HD12	1.98	0.46
1:A:263:PHE:O	1:A:267:TYR:HB2	2.15	0.46
2:B:164:GLY:HA2	2:B:204:SER:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:178:THR:HG21	1:A:480:THR:HB	1.98	0.45
1:A:91:SER:HA	1:A:281:VAL:HG11	1.98	0.45
1:A:103:TRP:C	1:A:106:PRO:HD2	2.37	0.45
1:A:455:PRO:O	1:A:457:VAL:N	2.47	0.45
7:A:705:8PR:HAH	7:A:705:8PR:HAF	1.99	0.45
1:A:407:PHE:HD1	1:A:428:PHE:HE1	1.65	0.45
1:A:545:SER:HB2	1:A:546:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.45
1:A:148:ILE:HG13	1:A:449:ALA:HB1	1.98	0.45
3:C:154:CYS:HB2	3:C:168:TRP:CH2	2.52	0.45
3:C:127:LYS:HA	3:C:160:TYR:OH	2.17	0.45
1:A:311:PHE:CZ	1:A:395:SER:HB2	2.52	0.44
1:A:142:TYR:HD2	1:A:143:HIS:CE1	2.35	0.44
3:C:206:TYR:O	3:C:231:ARG:HD3	2.17	0.44
1:A:390:ARG:CZ	1:A:397:VAL:HG23	2.47	0.44
1:A:573:TRP:CZ3	5:A:702:CLR:C7	3.00	0.44
2:B:53:MET:HG2	2:B:98:ALA:CB	2.46	0.44
2:B:58:GLN:NE2	2:B:114:TYR:HE2	2.15	0.44
1:A:178:THR:HG22	1:A:259:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:A:270:ILE:HD13	1:A:277:SER:HB3	2.00	0.44
2:B:160:SER:HA	2:B:209:PRO:HA	2.00	0.44
1:A:589:ILE:HG23	1:A:590:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.44

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:102:VAL:HG21	1:A:434:LEU:CD1	2.48	0.43
1:A:105:PHE:HA	1:A:108:ILE:HG22	2.00	0.43
1:A:343:VAL:CG1	1:A:441:ALA:HB1	2.48	0.43
1:A:573:TRP:CD2	5:A:702:CLR:H71	2.49	0.43
1:A:396:GLU:HA	1:A:399:LYS:HG3	2.00	0.43
1:A:429:LEU:O	1:A:433:THR:OG1	2.27	0.43
2:B:218:VAL:O	2:B:234:LYS:HG3	2.19	0.43
5:A:702:CLR:H231	5:A:702:CLR:H162	2.00	0.43
2:B:72:PRO:HA	2:B:91:VAL:HG11	2.01	0.43
3:C:168:TRP:NE1	3:C:197:SER:OG	2.36	0.43
1:A:561:PRO:HD3	6:A:703:LMT:H5B	2.01	0.43
1:A:284:THR:OG1	1:A:437:ASP:HB3	2.18	0.43
1:A:221:THR:HG22	1:A:223:HIS:H	1.85	0.42
1:A:599:ILE:HG23	1:A:600:THR:HG23	2.01	0.42
1:A:302:LEU:HD13	1:A:385:TYR:CD2	2.54	0.42
1:A:103:TRP:CH2	1:A:402:GLY:HA2	2.54	0.42
1:A:102:VAL:HG21	1:A:434:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.42
2:B:55:TRP:CD1	2:B:89:LEU:HD22	2.55	0.42
1:A:263:PHE:HD1	1:A:266:ILE:HD11	1.84	0.42
1:A:352:LYS:HE2	1:A:355:ASN:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:A:453:GLU:HG3	1:A:454:PHE:CE1	2.55	0.42
1:A:563:LEU:HD12	1:A:563:LEU:H	1.84	0.42
1:A:577:LEU:O	1:A:581:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.42
1:A:501:VAL:HG21	7:A:705:8PR:FAA	2.09	0.42
2:B:69:ASN:OD1	2:B:78:SER:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:A:302:LEU:HD13	1:A:385:TYR:CG	2.55	0.42
2:B:189:HIS:HB2	2:B:205:SER:OG	2.20	0.42
1:A:518:ILE:HA	1:A:518:ILE:HD12	1.82	0.41
6:A:703:LMT:O6B	6:A:703:LMT:O4'	2.27	0.41
1:A:103:TRP:HD1	1:A:406:LEU:HD11	1.85	0.41
1:A:159:LYS:HB3	1:A:592:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.41
1:A:180:MET:HE1	1:A:436:LEU:HG	2.03	0.41
1:A:608:ILE:O	1:A:612:ILE:HG23	2.20	0.41
3:C:109:GLN:HB2	3:C:118:PHE:CD2	2.55	0.41
1:A:494:GLU:HG3	6:A:703:LMT:O2B	2.21	0.41
1:A:275:LYS:O	1:A:279:LYS:HD3	2.20	0.41
3:C:58:GLN:HE21	3:C:107:TYR:HE1	1.68	0.41
1:A:122:THR:O	1:A:125:ALA:HB3	2.21	0.41
3:C:49:VAL:HG13	3:C:112:TYR:CD1	2.56	0.41
3:C:127:LYS:HD2	3:C:160:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.41
3:C:60:PRO:HD3	3:C:104:ALA:HA	2.03	0.41

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:79:PRO:HB2	3:C:81:ARG:HG2	2.03	0.41
1:A:563:LEU:HD13	1:A:570:TYR:CG	2.56	0.41
2:B:31:VAL:HG21	2:B:105:LEU:HD13	2.03	0.41
1:A:195:LEU:HA	1:A:196:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.40
1:A:232:TYR:HA	1:A:236:VAL:HG12	2.02	0.40
1:A:426:ILE:O	1:A:430:MET:HB2	2.21	0.40
1:A:287:PHE:HB3	1:A:433:THR:HG21	2.04	0.40
2:B:188:VAL:HG22	2:B:206:VAL:HG23	2.03	0.40
1:A:298:ARG:NH2	1:A:301:THR:OG1	2.54	0.40
1:A:103:TRP:CD1	1:A:406:LEU:HD11	2.56	0.40
3:C:170:ILE:HG23	3:C:212:TYR:CE1	2.57	0.40
3:C:216:ALA:O	3:C:224:PRO:HA	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	542/549 (99%)	519 (96%)	23 (4%)	0	100	100
2	B	216/229 (94%)	207 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
3	C	212/214 (99%)	200 (94%)	12 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	970/992 (98%)	926 (96%)	44 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	450/462 (97%)	438 (97%)	12 (3%)	44	73
2	B	190/201 (94%)	190 (100%)	0	100	100
3	C	189/190 (100%)	188 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	95
All	All	829/853 (97%)	816 (98%)	13 (2%)	62	82

All (13) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	79	ARG
1	A	82	TRP
1	A	217	ASN
1	A	260	MET
1	A	271	TRP
1	A	437	ASP
1	A	460	LYS
1	A	461	ARG
1	A	494	GLU
1	A	563	LEU
1	A	604	PHE
1	A	605	LYS
3	C	109	GLN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	141	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	LMT	A	703	-	23,23,36	1.44	6 (26%)	33,33,47	1.22	3 (9%)
5	CLR	A	702	-	31,31,31	0.83	0	48,48,48	1.31	4 (8%)
4	NAG	A	704	1	14,14,15	1.99	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.00	2 (11%)
4	NAG	A	701	1	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.61	0
7	8PR	A	705	-	26,27,27	2.14	6 (23%)	33,37,37	1.70	6 (18%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	LMT	A	703	-	-	5/8/45/61	0/2/2/2
5	CLR	A	702	-	-	6/10/68/68	0/4/4/4
4	NAG	A	704	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	701	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	8PR	A	705	-	-	2/9/26/26	0/4/4/4

All (14) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	704	NAG	O5-C1	6.82	1.54	1.43
7	A	705	8PR	CAT-CAX	5.04	1.59	1.51
7	A	705	8PR	OAP-CAU	4.73	1.45	1.38

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	A	705	8PR	OAQ-CAV	4.50	1.44	1.38
7	A	705	8PR	OAQ-CAS	4.48	1.48	1.37
7	A	705	8PR	CAJ-CAX	-3.46	1.49	1.53
6	A	703	LMT	C2'-C3'	2.94	1.56	1.52
4	A	704	NAG	C1-C2	2.72	1.56	1.52
6	A	703	LMT	O3'-C3'	-2.40	1.37	1.43
6	A	703	LMT	O2'-C2'	-2.38	1.38	1.43
6	A	703	LMT	O3B-C3B	-2.22	1.37	1.43
7	A	705	8PR	CAX-CAW	-2.15	1.48	1.53
6	A	703	LMT	O2B-C2B	-2.09	1.38	1.43
6	A	703	LMT	O4'-C4B	-2.02	1.38	1.43

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	704	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.20	121.95	112.19
7	A	705	8PR	OAQ-CAS-CAH	-3.92	101.09	119.86
7	A	705	8PR	OAQ-CAS-CAD	3.78	138.53	119.94
4	A	704	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.12	127.34	122.90
5	A	702	CLR	C8-C7-C6	-3.10	108.28	112.73
7	A	705	8PR	OAQ-CAV-CAH	3.07	131.96	127.85
5	A	702	CLR	C9-C10-C5	2.90	114.19	109.65
6	A	703	LMT	O5'-C5'-C6'	2.85	111.68	107.20
7	A	705	8PR	CAE-CAT-CAX	-2.82	115.75	121.08
5	A	702	CLR	C13-C14-C8	-2.63	110.48	114.38
5	A	702	CLR	C4-C5-C10	2.32	119.50	116.42
6	A	703	LMT	O5B-C1B-C2B	2.25	115.11	110.35
6	A	703	LMT	C1'-C2'-C3'	2.24	112.42	109.67
7	A	705	8PR	OAP-CAU-CAG	2.20	131.81	127.81
7	A	705	8PR	CAJ-CAX-CAT	-2.17	108.59	112.57

There are no chirality outliers.

All (18) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	703	LMT	C2B-C1B-O1B-C4'
6	A	703	LMT	O5B-C1B-O1B-C4'
4	A	704	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	704	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	A	705	8PR	CAH-CAS-OAO-CAM
4	A	701	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	702	CLR	C17-C20-C22-C23

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

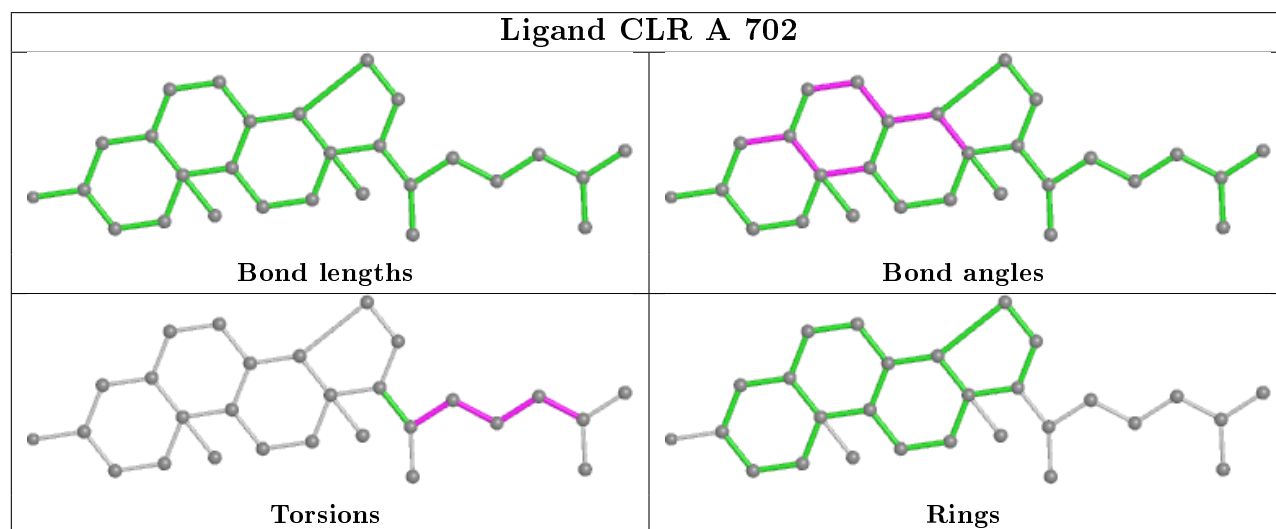
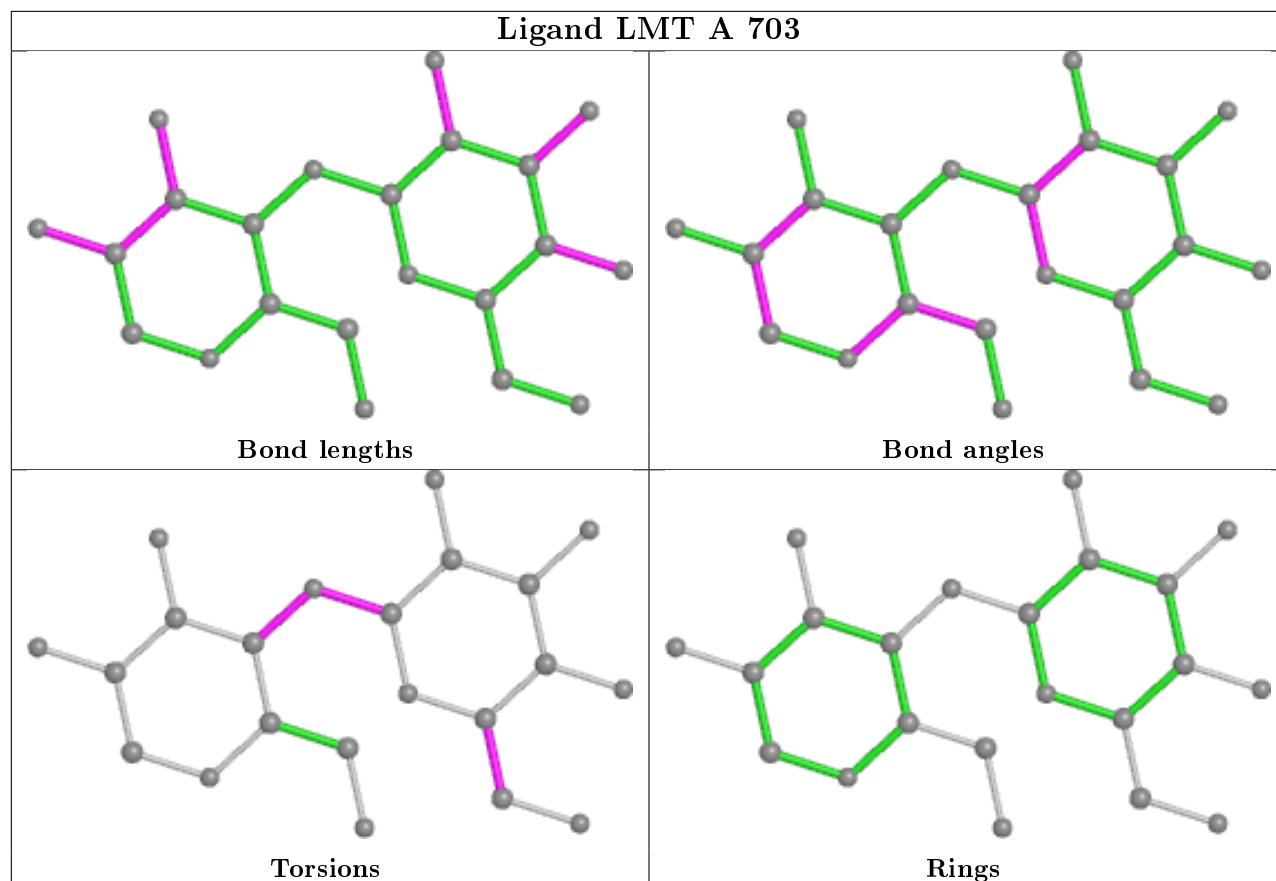
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	705	8PR	CAD-CAS-OAO-CAM
5	A	702	CLR	C21-C20-C22-C23
6	A	703	LMT	O5B-C5B-C6B-O6B
4	A	701	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	A	702	CLR	C20-C22-C23-C24
6	A	703	LMT	C3'-C4'-O1B-C1B
4	A	704	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
5	A	702	CLR	C23-C24-C25-C26
6	A	703	LMT	C5'-C4'-O1B-C1B
5	A	702	CLR	C23-C24-C25-C27
5	A	702	CLR	C22-C23-C24-C25

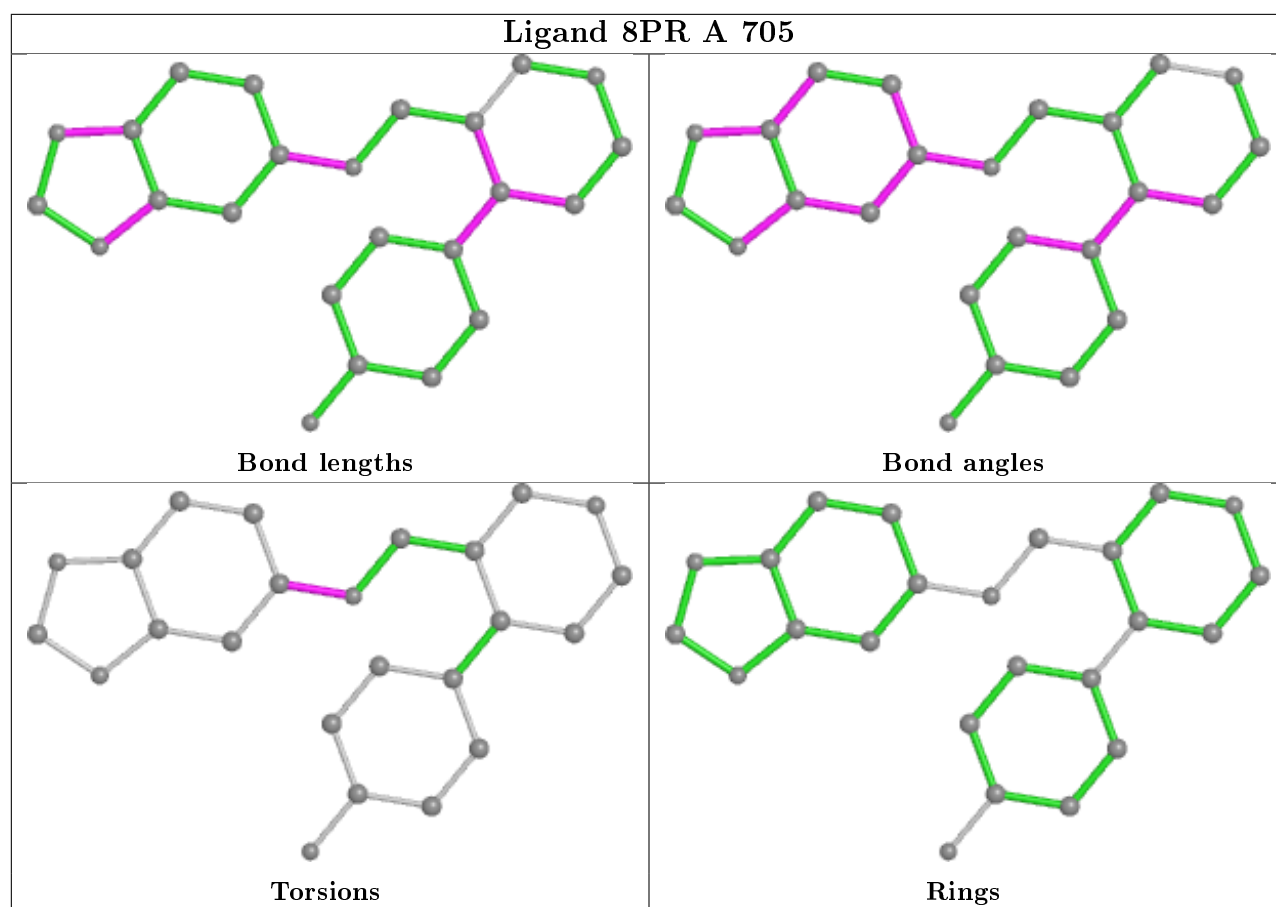
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 16 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	703	LMT	6	0
5	A	702	CLR	5	0
7	A	705	8PR	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	544/549 (99%)	-0.14	7 (1%) 77 64	95, 143, 186, 222	0
2	B	218/229 (95%)	0.23	27 (12%) 4 3	94, 161, 263, 308	0
3	C	214/214 (100%)	0.06	12 (5%) 24 15	112, 170, 249, 292	0
All	All	976/992 (98%)	-0.02	46 (4%) 31 20	94, 150, 236, 308	0

All (46) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	C	40	SER	5.5
2	B	209	PRO	5.1
3	C	203	LYS	4.5
2	B	151	PRO	4.4
1	A	217	ASN	4.3
2	B	182	GLY	3.8
3	C	76	THR	3.8
2	B	38	LYS	3.7
2	B	152	GLY	3.7
3	C	201	LEU	3.7
2	B	236	GLU	3.7
2	B	208	VAL	3.6
3	C	93	PHE	3.5
2	B	184	LEU	3.3
2	B	217	THR	3.2
3	C	41	ILE	3.1
3	C	39	VAL	3.1
2	B	212	THR	3.1
2	B	237	PRO	2.9
2	B	150	ALA	2.9
2	B	91	VAL	2.8
3	C	200	THR	2.8
2	B	155	ASP	2.7

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	218	VAL	2.7
3	C	175	ARG	2.7
3	C	202	THR	2.5
1	A	461	ARG	2.5
2	B	216	GLN	2.4
1	A	390	ARG	2.4
2	B	211	SER	2.4
2	B	37	VAL	2.3
2	B	190	THR	2.3
2	B	144	PRO	2.3
2	B	102	LEU	2.3
2	B	99	TYR	2.2
3	C	124	LEU	2.2
3	C	204	ASP	2.2
2	B	100	MET	2.2
2	B	167	VAL	2.2
1	A	216	ASP	2.2
2	B	149	LEU	2.2
1	A	467	LEU	2.1
2	B	181	SER	2.1
1	A	389	MET	2.0
1	A	317	TRP	2.0
2	B	185	SER	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

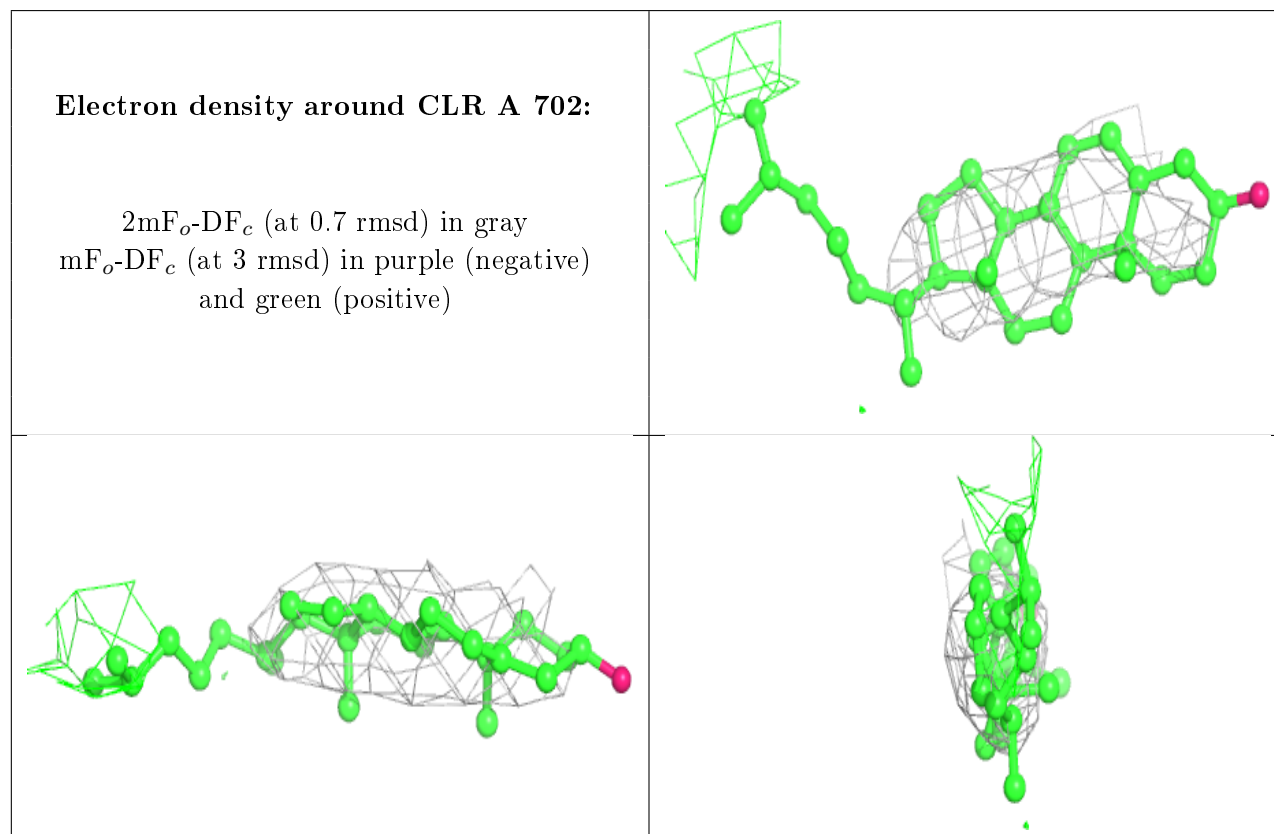
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

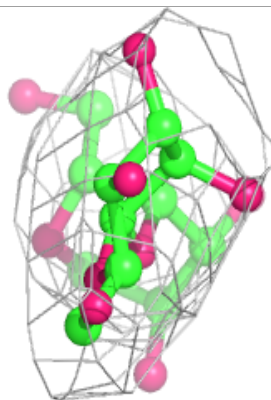
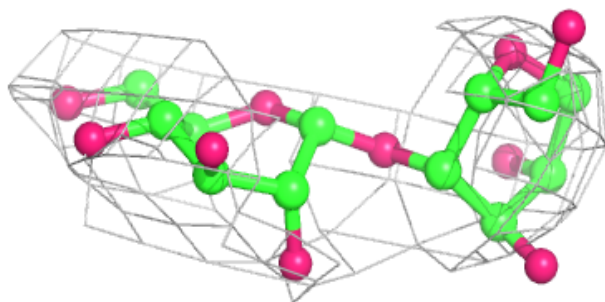
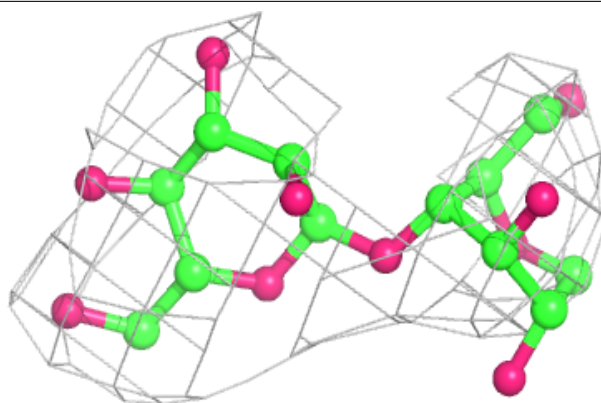
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	704	14/15	0.30	1.09	155,190,198,200	0
5	CLR	A	702	28/28	0.76	0.34	179,193,198,203	0
9	NA	A	707	1/1	0.83	0.11	135,135,135,135	1
6	LMT	A	703	22/35	0.87	0.28	105,142,159,162	0
4	NAG	A	701	14/15	0.91	0.25	104,115,124,134	0
7	8PR	A	705	24/24	0.93	0.43	104,116,124,131	0
8	CL	A	706	1/1	0.96	0.64	156,156,156,156	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



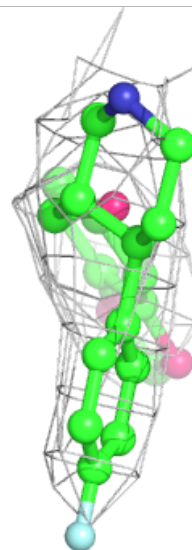
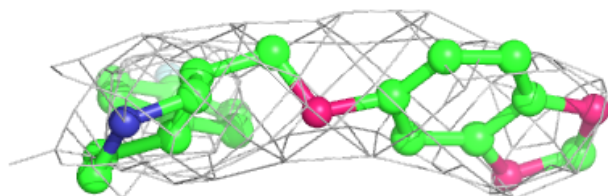
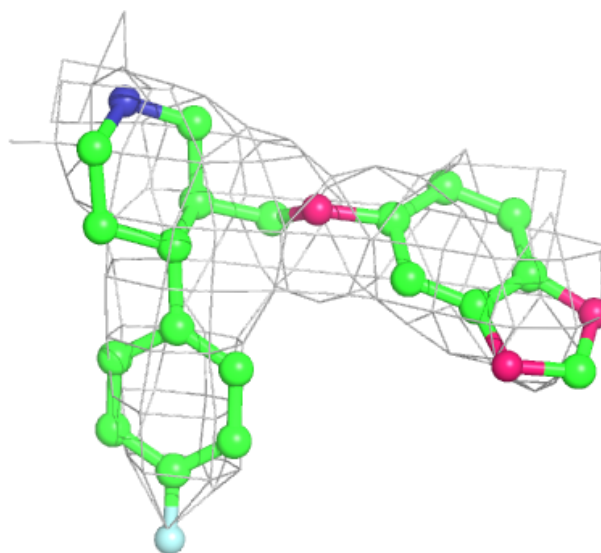
Electron density around LMT A 703:

$2mF_o - DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 $mF_o - DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around 8PR A 705:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.