



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 22, 2020 – 07:11 am BST

PDB ID : 6B0D
Title : An E. coli DPS protein from ferritin superfamily
Authors : Rui, W.; Ruslan, S.; Ronan, K.; Adam, J.S.
Deposited on : 2017-09-14
Resolution : 1.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

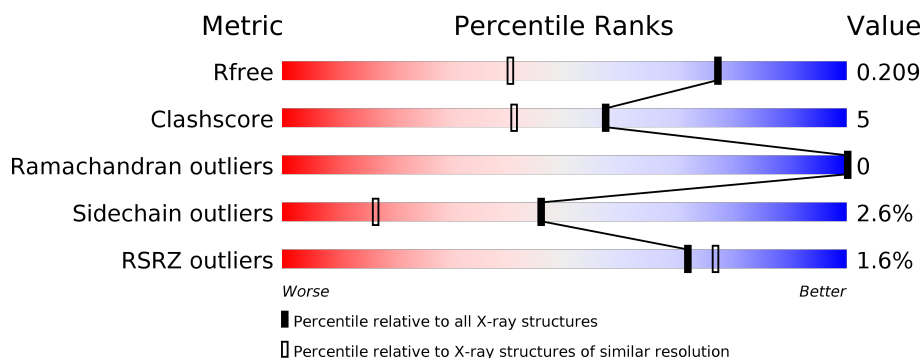
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2936 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	141614	3144 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3066 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3064 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2884 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	166	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>82%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>• • •</div> </div> </div>
1	B	166	<div> <div>82%</div> <div>11%</div> <div>7%</div> </div>
1	C	166	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>81%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>• 5%</div> </div> </div>
1	D	166	<div> <div>0%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>82%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>• • 6%</div> </div> </div>
1	E	166	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>81%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>• 5%</div> </div> </div>
1	F	166	<div> <div>0%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>83%</div> <div>11%</div> <div>7%</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	FMT	D	201[B]	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9113 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

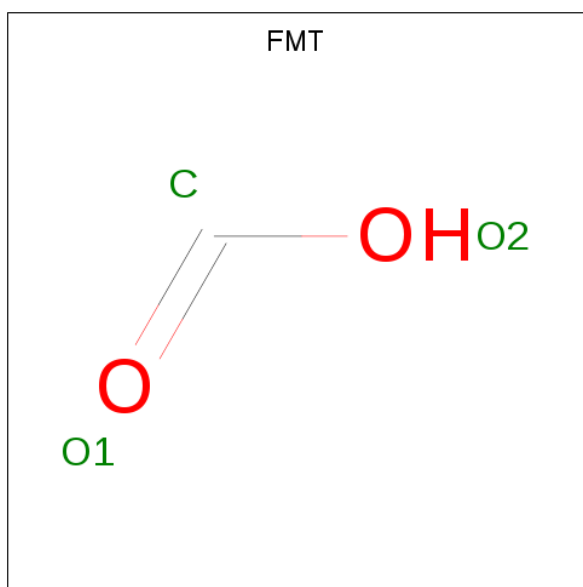
- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA protection during starvation protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	161	Total	C	N	O	S	0	15	0
			1389	877	243	265	4			
1	B	155	Total	C	N	O	S	0	15	0
			1332	841	227	260	4			
1	C	157	Total	C	N	O	S	0	16	0
			1358	857	235	263	3			
1	D	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	11	0
			1328	831	232	261	4			
1	E	157	Total	C	N	O	S	0	15	0
			1348	846	234	264	4			
1	F	155	Total	C	N	O	S	0	10	0
			1301	821	226	250	4			

- Molecule 2 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	D	2	Total	Na	0	0
			2	2		
2	E	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
2	B	2	Total	Na	0	0
			2	2		
2	C	2	Total	Na	0	0
			2	2		
2	A	3	Total	Na	0	0
			3	3		
2	F	2	Total	Na	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 3 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: CH₂O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	D	1	Total	C	O	0	1
			3	1	2		

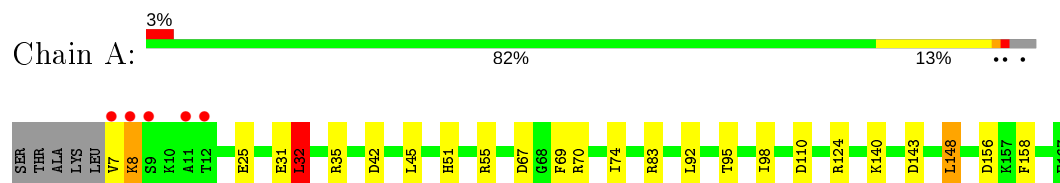
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	177	Total	O	0	3
			179	179		
4	B	175	Total	O	0	1
			175	175		
4	C	172	Total	O	0	0
			172	172		
4	D	181	Total	O	0	2
			183	183		
4	E	174	Total	O	0	1
			175	175		
4	F	157	Total	O	0	1
			158	158		

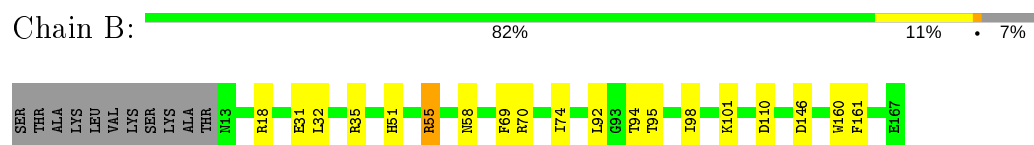
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

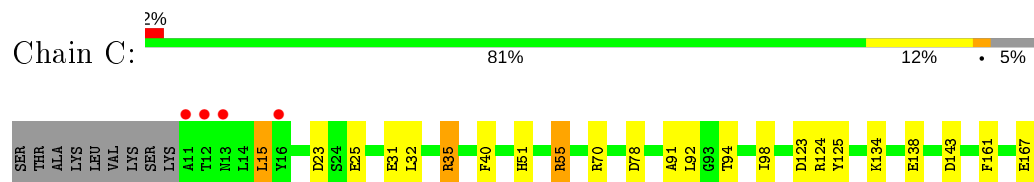
- Molecule 1: DNA protection during starvation protein



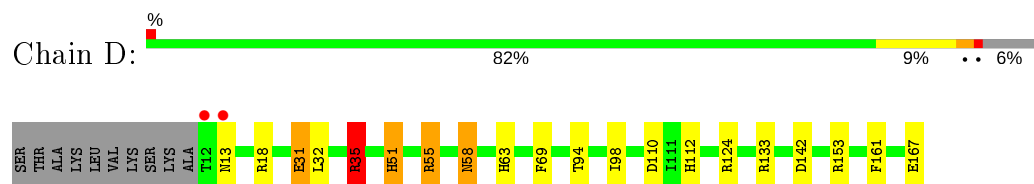
- Molecule 1: DNA protection during starvation protein



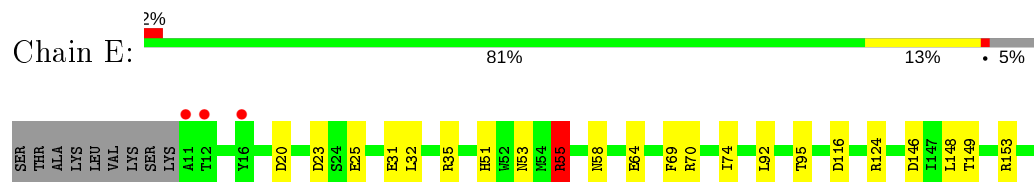
- Molecule 1: DNA protection during starvation protein



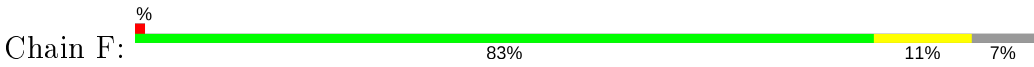
- Molecule 1: DNA protection during starvation protein



- Molecule 1: DNA protection during starvation protein



- Molecule 1: DNA protection during starvation protein



SER	THR	ALA	LYS	LEU	VAL	LYS	SER	LYS	ALA	THR	N13	R18	E31	L32	R35	L45	H51	R55	N58	F69	L92	G93	T94	T95	G96	V97	I98	K101	R124	L148	F161	E167
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4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	117.62Å 133.97Å 139.11Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.25 – 1.50 54.66 – 1.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.2 (48.25-1.50) 99.2 (54.66-1.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.09 (at 1.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0158	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.176 , 0.208 0.177 , 0.209	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	8675 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	12.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.023	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 39.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.59$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.45$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	9113	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 57.52 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.3390e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA, FMT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.14	2/1422 (0.1%)	1.27	21/1919 (1.1%)
1	B	0.98	1/1374 (0.1%)	1.10	9/1855 (0.5%)
1	C	1.14	0/1397	1.27	17/1889 (0.9%)
1	D	1.11	3/1355 (0.2%)	1.18	16/1831 (0.9%)
1	E	1.10	1/1381 (0.1%)	1.23	12/1867 (0.6%)
1	F	1.00	0/1331	1.09	6/1799 (0.3%)
All	All	1.08	7/8260 (0.1%)	1.19	81/11160 (0.7%)

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	158	PHE	CG-CD2	-6.37	1.29	1.38
1	A	8	LYS	N-CA	5.94	1.58	1.46
1	E	64	GLU	CD-OE2	5.57	1.31	1.25
1	D	31[A]	GLU	CD-OE2	5.37	1.31	1.25
1	D	31[B]	GLU	CD-OE2	5.37	1.31	1.25

The worst 5 of 81 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	E	55[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.16	126.38	120.30
1	E	55[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.16	126.38	120.30
1	D	18	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.33	115.63	120.30
1	A	32[A]	LEU	CA-CB-CG	8.58	135.04	115.30
1	A	32[B]	LEU	CA-CB-CG	8.58	135.04	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1389	0	1421	22	0
1	B	1332	0	1334	10	0
1	C	1358	0	1366	16	0
1	D	1328	0	1322	12	0
1	E	1348	0	1351	14	0
1	F	1301	0	1315	19	0
2	A	3	0	0	0	0
2	B	2	0	0	0	0
2	C	2	0	0	0	0
2	D	2	0	0	0	0
2	E	1	0	0	0	0
2	F	2	0	0	0	0
3	D	3	0	1	2	0
4	A	179	0	0	6	0
4	B	175	0	0	5	0
4	C	172	0	0	6	0
4	D	183	0	0	3	0
4	E	175	0	0	8	0
4	F	158	0	0	4	0
All	All	9113	0	8110	79	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 79 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:31[B]:GLU:HG3	1:C:35[B]:ARG:NH1	1.81	0.95
1:E:149:THR:HB	4:E:301:HOH:O	1.66	0.93
1:A:25[A]:GLU:OE1	4:A:301:HOH:O	1.89	0.90
1:C:31[B]:GLU:CG	1:C:35[B]:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.82
1:E:31[A]:GLU:OE2	1:E:35[A]:ARG:NH1	2.17	0.78

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	175/166 (105%)	174 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	169/166 (102%)	168 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	C	171/166 (103%)	169 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	D	166/166 (100%)	165 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	E	170/166 (102%)	168 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	F	163/166 (98%)	162 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	1014/996 (102%)	1006 (99%)	8 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	154/142 (108%)	148 (96%)	6 (4%)	32	7
1	B	147/142 (104%)	143 (97%)	4 (3%)	44	15
1	C	150/142 (106%)	144 (96%)	6 (4%)	31	6
1	D	146/142 (103%)	142 (97%)	4 (3%)	44	15
1	E	149/142 (105%)	144 (97%)	5 (3%)	37	9
1	F	143/142 (101%)	140 (98%)	3 (2%)	53	23
All	All	889/852 (104%)	861 (97%)	28 (3%)	46	11

5 of 28 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	51	HIS
1	C	167	GLU
1	F	51	HIS
1	C	55[A]	ARG
1	C	55[B]	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	58	ASN
1	F	58	ASN
1	E	53	ASN
1	D	51	HIS
1	E	13	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 13 ligands modelled in this entry, 12 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	FMT	D	201[B]	-	0,2,2	0.00	-	0,1,1	0.00	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	201[B]	FMT	2	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	161/166 (96%)	-0.20	5 (3%) 49 54	9, 12, 22, 56	3 (1%)
1	B	155/166 (93%)	-0.52	0 100 100	8, 11, 19, 29	3 (1%)
1	C	157/166 (94%)	-0.27	4 (2%) 57 62	9, 12, 21, 68	4 (2%)
1	D	156/166 (93%)	-0.40	2 (1%) 77 81	8, 12, 20, 48	3 (1%)
1	E	157/166 (94%)	-0.31	3 (1%) 66 71	9, 12, 21, 69	2 (1%)
1	F	155/166 (93%)	-0.52	1 (0%) 89 91	8, 12, 21, 40	4 (2%)
All	All	941/996 (94%)	-0.37	15 (1%) 72 77	8, 12, 21, 69	19 (2%)

The worst 5 of 15 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	7	VAL	11.8
1	C	11	ALA	5.5
1	D	12	THR	4.7
1	C	12	THR	3.7
1	E	11	ALA	3.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
3	FMT	D	201[B]	3/3	0.91	0.19	13,13,14,14	3
2	NA	A	203	1/1	0.93	0.08	24,24,24,24	0
2	NA	F	202	1/1	0.94	0.07	26,26,26,26	0
2	NA	C	202	1/1	0.95	0.08	25,25,25,25	0
2	NA	B	202	1/1	0.95	0.07	24,24,24,24	0
2	NA	A	201	1/1	0.96	0.07	24,24,24,24	0
2	NA	A	202	1/1	0.97	0.06	26,26,26,26	0
2	NA	E	201	1/1	0.97	0.05	24,24,24,24	0
2	NA	D	202	1/1	0.98	0.05	23,23,23,23	0
2	NA	C	201	1/1	0.98	0.09	22,22,22,22	0
2	NA	B	201	1/1	0.98	0.04	23,23,23,23	0
2	NA	D	203	1/1	0.98	0.11	26,26,26,26	0
2	NA	F	201	1/1	0.98	0.06	24,24,24,24	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.