



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 8, 2020 – 02:21 PM BST

PDB ID : 3BI0  
Title : X-ray structure of human glutamate carboxypeptidase II (GCPII) in complex with a transition state analog of Glu-Glu  
Authors : Lubkowski, J.; Barinka, C.  
Deposited on : 2007-11-29  
Resolution : 1.67 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.13.1  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

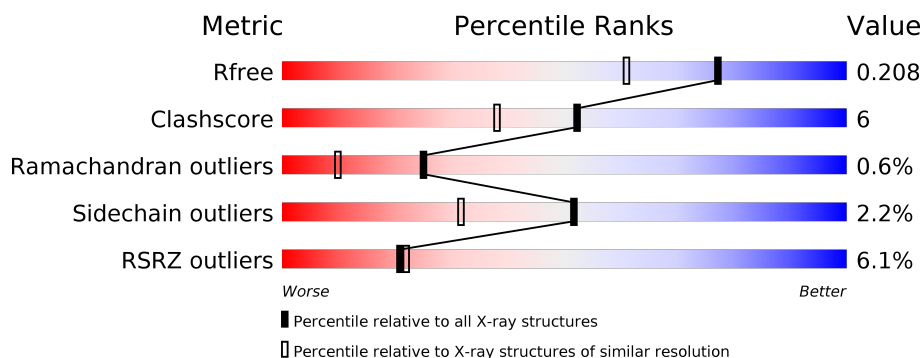
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.67 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	6780 (1.70-1.66)
Clashscore	141614	7310 (1.70-1.66)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	7173 (1.70-1.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	7172 (1.70-1.66)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6661 (1.70-1.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	709	
2	B	2	
2	C	2	
2	D	2	
3	E	4	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6572 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glutamate carboxypeptidase 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	694	Total	C	N	O	S	0	59	0
			5728	3686	955	1065	22			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	42	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q04609
A	43	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q04609

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			
2	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			
2	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	E	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			50	28	2	20			

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 5 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	2	Total	Zn	0	0
			2	2		

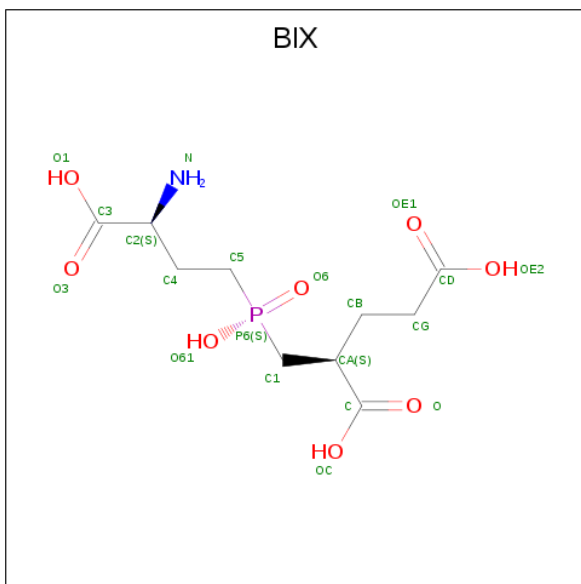
- Molecule 6 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 7 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 8 is (2S)-2-{[(S)-[(3S)-3-amino-3-carboxypropyl](hydroxy)phosphoryl]methyl}pentanedioic acid (three-letter code: BIX) (formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>8</sub>P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			20	10	1	8	1		

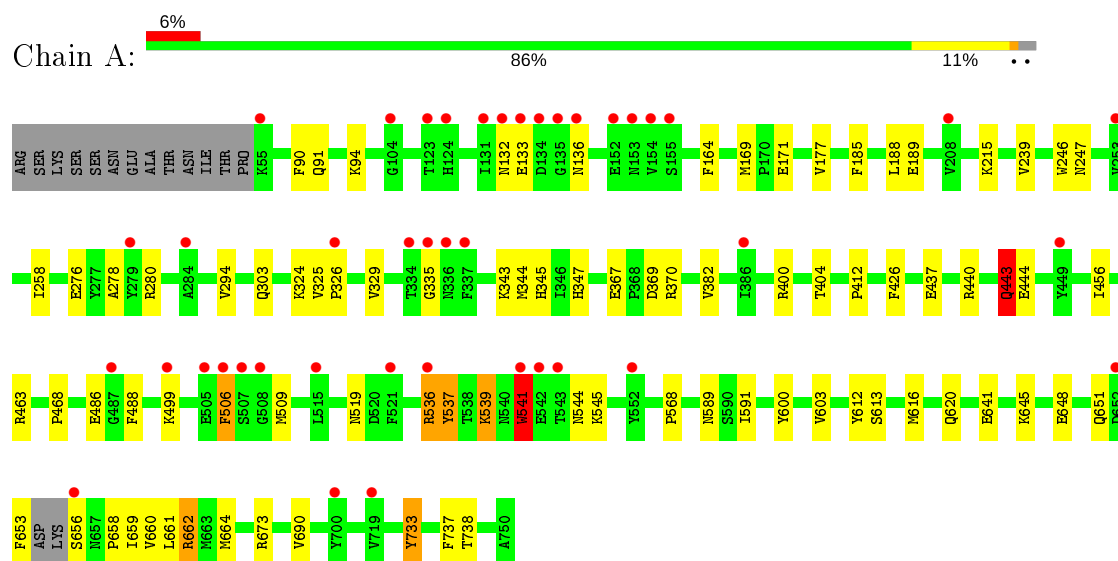
- Molecule 9 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	644	Total O 644 644	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: Glutamate carboxypeptidase 2



#### • Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



#### • Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



#### • Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



NAG1  
NAG2

- Molecule 3: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:

100%

NAG1  
NAG2  
BMA3  
MAN4

## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	102.41Å 130.80Å 159.14Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 – 1.67 42.05 – 1.67	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.9 (15.00-1.67) 96.9 (42.05-1.67)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.99 (at 1.67Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.4.0057	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.183 , 0.211 0.180 , 0.208	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1790 reflections (1.50%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	24.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.502	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 52.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	6572	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.18% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, BMA, NAG, CL, CA, BIX, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	1.06	6/6098 (0.1%)	0.89	6/8257 (0.1%)

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	733[A]	TYR	CD1-CE1	7.12	1.50	1.39
1	A	737	PHE	CD2-CE2	5.92	1.51	1.39
1	A	443[A]	GLN	CB-CG	-5.62	1.37	1.52
1	A	443[B]	GLN	CB-CG	-5.62	1.37	1.52
1	A	426	PHE	CD1-CE1	5.18	1.49	1.39
1	A	164	PHE	CE2-CZ	5.06	1.47	1.37

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	370	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.18	123.39	120.30
1	A	369	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.99	123.69	118.30
1	A	662[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.62	117.49	120.30
1	A	662[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.62	117.49	120.30
1	A	440	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.57	117.51	120.30
1	A	370	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.37	117.61	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5728	0	5604	59	2
2	B	28	0	25	1	0
2	C	28	0	25	1	0
2	D	28	0	25	0	0
3	E	50	0	43	0	0
4	A	42	0	39	5	0
5	A	2	0	0	0	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	20	0	14	0	0
9	A	644	0	0	22	4
All	All	6572	0	5775	65	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (65) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:660[A]:VAL:O	1:A:664[A]:MET:HG2	1.34	1.23
1:A:486:GLU:HG2	9:A:2028:HOH:O	1.57	1.02
1:A:658[A]:PRO:HB3	9:A:2145:HOH:O	1.73	0.86
1:A:690[B]:VAL:HG21	1:A:738:THR:HG21	1.61	0.83
1:A:412:PRO:HA	1:A:589[B]:ASN:HD21	1.48	0.78
1:A:400:ARG:O	1:A:404[B]:THR:HG23	1.84	0.78
1:A:90[B]:PHE:HE2	1:A:94:LYS:HZ3	1.34	0.76
1:A:189:GLU:HG2	9:A:2070:HOH:O	1.87	0.75
1:A:276[B]:GLU:HB2	9:A:2406:HOH:O	1.90	0.70
1:A:185:PHE:O	1:A:189:GLU:HG3	1.91	0.70
1:A:536[B]:ARG:NH1	9:A:2397:HOH:O	2.26	0.69
1:A:641:GLU:HG3	9:A:2182:HOH:O	1.94	0.67
1:A:733[A]:TYR:HE2	9:A:2168:HOH:O	1.77	0.67
1:A:690[B]:VAL:HG21	1:A:738:THR:CG2	2.27	0.64
1:A:613[B]:SER:OG	9:A:2030:HOH:O	2.14	0.64
1:A:90[B]:PHE:CE2	1:A:94:LYS:NZ	2.66	0.63
9:A:2179:HOH:O	2:C:2:NAG:H83	1.99	0.61
1:A:659[A]:ILE:HD13	1:A:659[A]:ILE:N	2.17	0.60
4:A:1757:NAG:H62	9:A:2409:HOH:O	2.02	0.59
1:A:660[A]:VAL:O	1:A:664[A]:MET:CG	2.30	0.59

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:177:VAL:HG12	1:A:188:LEU:HD11	1.85	0.59
1:A:591[A]:ILE:HG23	1:A:661[A]:LEU:HD21	1.86	0.56
1:A:690[B]:VAL:CG2	1:A:738:THR:HG21	2.33	0.56
1:A:278:ALA:HB3	1:A:280[A]:ARG:NH1	2.20	0.56
4:A:1757:NAG:H81	9:A:2095:HOH:O	2.06	0.56
1:A:91[B]:GLN:NE2	9:A:2411:HOH:O	2.40	0.54
1:A:239[A]:VAL:HG22	1:A:247:ASN:ND2	2.23	0.53
1:A:367:GLU:OE1	1:A:662[A]:ARG:NH1	2.39	0.53
1:A:506:PHE:HB2	1:A:509:MET:HG3	1.91	0.52
1:A:656[B]:SER:O	1:A:658[B]:PRO:HD3	2.09	0.52
1:A:325:VAL:HB	1:A:326:PRO:HD2	1.91	0.52
1:A:169:MET:HA	1:A:344:MET:O	2.11	0.51
1:A:620:GLN:NE2	9:A:2141:HOH:O	2.27	0.50
1:A:177:VAL:HG12	1:A:188:LEU:CD1	2.41	0.49
9:A:2026:HOH:O	2:B:2:NAG:H81	2.11	0.49
1:A:612:TYR:CZ	1:A:616:MET:HG3	2.48	0.49
4:A:1757:NAG:H83	9:A:1984:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:A:347:HIS:HE1	9:A:2128:HOH:O	1.96	0.48
1:A:132:ASN:HD21	1:A:136:ASN:HD22	1.60	0.48
1:A:648:GLU:O	1:A:651[B]:GLN:HG2	2.14	0.47
1:A:463:ARG:NH2	1:A:545:LYS:HG3	2.30	0.46
1:A:506:PHE:HB2	1:A:509:MET:CG	2.46	0.46
1:A:215:LYS:HE3	9:A:2108:HOH:O	2.15	0.45
1:A:645[A]:LYS:HD2	9:A:2373:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:488:PHE:HZ	1:A:499:LYS:HD3	1.81	0.44
1:A:536[B]:ARG:HG3	1:A:537:TYR:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:239[A]:VAL:HG22	1:A:247:ASN:CG	2.37	0.44
1:A:653:PHE:HZ	1:A:661[A]:LEU:HD13	1.83	0.44
1:A:343:LYS:HE2	9:A:2274:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:A:437:GLU:OE1	9:A:2056:HOH:O	2.21	0.43
1:A:412:PRO:HA	1:A:589[B]:ASN:ND2	2.26	0.43
1:A:258:ILE:HD13	1:A:294:VAL:HB	2.01	0.42
1:A:90[B]:PHE:CE2	1:A:94:LYS:CE	3.03	0.42
1:A:347:HIS:HD2	9:A:2167:HOH:O	2.03	0.42
1:A:443[B]:GLN:HG3	1:A:444:GLU:CD	2.40	0.42
1:A:169:MET:HG2	1:A:345:HIS:HA	2.02	0.42
1:A:188:LEU:CD2	1:A:329:VAL:HG11	2.51	0.41
1:A:541:TRP:CG	1:A:544:ASN:HB2	2.55	0.41
1:A:659[B]:ILE:HD13	1:A:659[B]:ILE:N	2.35	0.41
1:A:90[B]:PHE:HE2	1:A:94:LYS:NZ	2.07	0.41
1:A:539[A]:LYS:HZ1	1:A:545:LYS:HA	1.85	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:1757:NAG:C8	9:A:2095:HOH:O	2.66	0.41
1:A:246:TRP:CD1	4:A:1760:NAG:H83	2.56	0.41
1:A:468:PRO:HG2	1:A:603:VAL:HG21	2.03	0.41

All (4) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
9:A:1992:HOH:O	9:A:2396:HOH:O[2_565]	1.84	0.36
1:A:656[B]:SER:O	9:A:2145:HOH:O[4_566]	2.12	0.08
1:A:656[B]:SER:OG	9:A:2145:HOH:O[4_566]	2.15	0.05
9:A:2042:HOH:O	9:A:2185:HOH:O[2_565]	2.17	0.03

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	741/709 (104%)	724 (98%)	13 (2%)	4 (0%)	29 12

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	541	TRP
1	A	133	GLU
1	A	382	VAL
1	A	335	GLY

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar

resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	643/605 (106%)	628 (98%)	15 (2%)	50 30

All (15) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	171[A]	GLU
1	A	303	GLN
1	A	443[A]	GLN
1	A	443[B]	GLN
1	A	456	ILE
1	A	506	PHE
1	A	519	ASN
1	A	536[A]	ARG
1	A	536[B]	ARG
1	A	537	TYR
1	A	539[A]	LYS
1	A	541	TRP
1	A	568	PRO
1	A	600	TYR
1	A	673	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	136	ASN
1	A	618	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
2	NAG	B	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	1.44	3 (17%)
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	1.51	2 (11%)
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.89	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.99	1 (5%)
2	NAG	C	2	2	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	1.67	3 (17%)
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	14,14,15	1.06	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.58	3 (17%)
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	1.30	1 (5%)
3	NAG	E	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.81	0	17,19,21	1.24	2 (11%)
3	NAG	E	2	3	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	1.45	3 (17%)
3	BMA	E	3	3	11,11,12	0.94	1 (9%)	15,15,17	0.91	0
3	MAN	E	4	3	11,11,12	0.52	0	15,15,17	0.95	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	1	1,3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	E	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	E	4	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	D	1	NAG	O7-C7	2.72	1.29	1.23
3	E	3	BMA	O5-C1	-2.62	1.39	1.43
2	C	1	NAG	C1-C2	2.08	1.55	1.52

All (19) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	C	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.18	128.86	122.90
2	B	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.17	117.84	112.19
2	D	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.71	105.43	111.29
2	C	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2	3.39	121.84	116.10
2	B	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.34	127.66	122.90
2	D	1	NAG	O5-C5-C4	-3.15	103.17	110.83
2	B	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.95	106.63	111.29
3	E	2	NAG	C3-C4-C5	-2.93	105.01	110.24
2	C	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.93	106.67	111.29
2	B	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.69	119.07	122.90
2	D	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.52	120.37	116.10
3	E	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.47	115.54	112.19
3	E	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6	2.36	110.90	107.20
2	C	2	NAG	O7-C7-C8	-2.34	117.71	122.06
2	D	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.16	125.97	122.90
3	E	2	NAG	O4-C4-C3	2.15	115.33	110.35
2	B	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.09	114.08	111.02
3	E	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.04	119.56	116.10
3	E	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	-2.02	104.27	109.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (11) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	C	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	C	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	B	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	B	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	D	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	D	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	E	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	E	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	D	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	D	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

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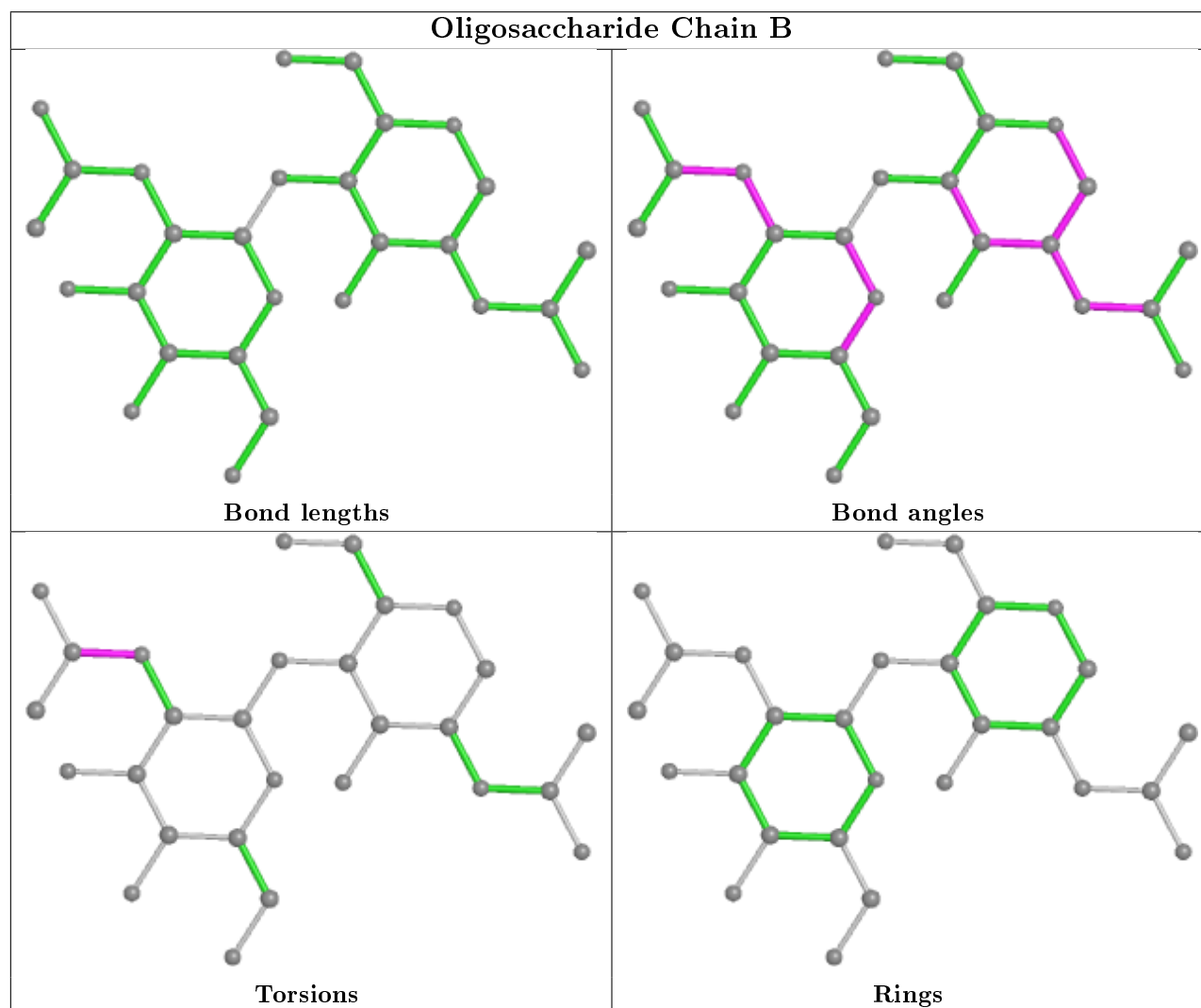
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	E	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

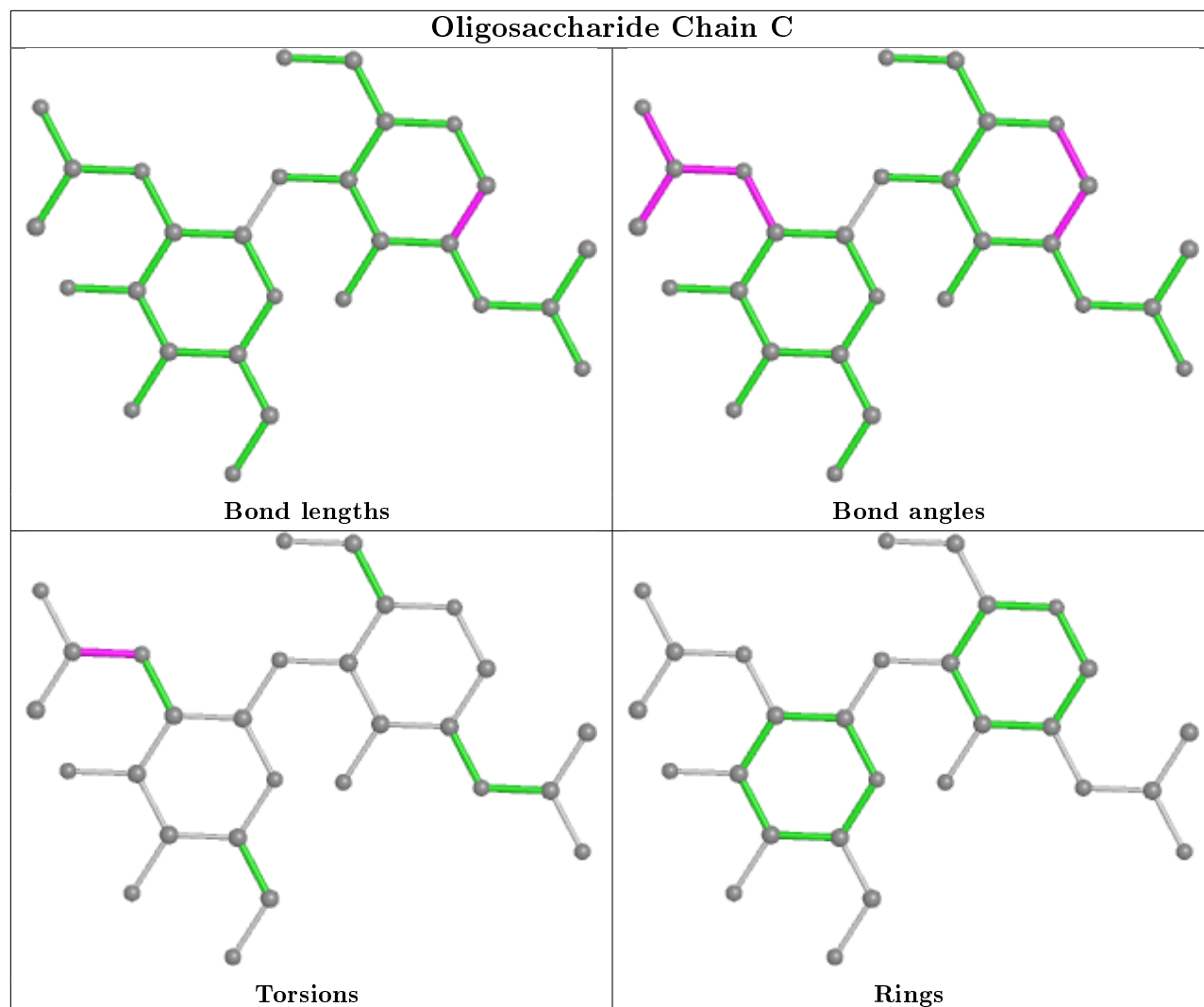
2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

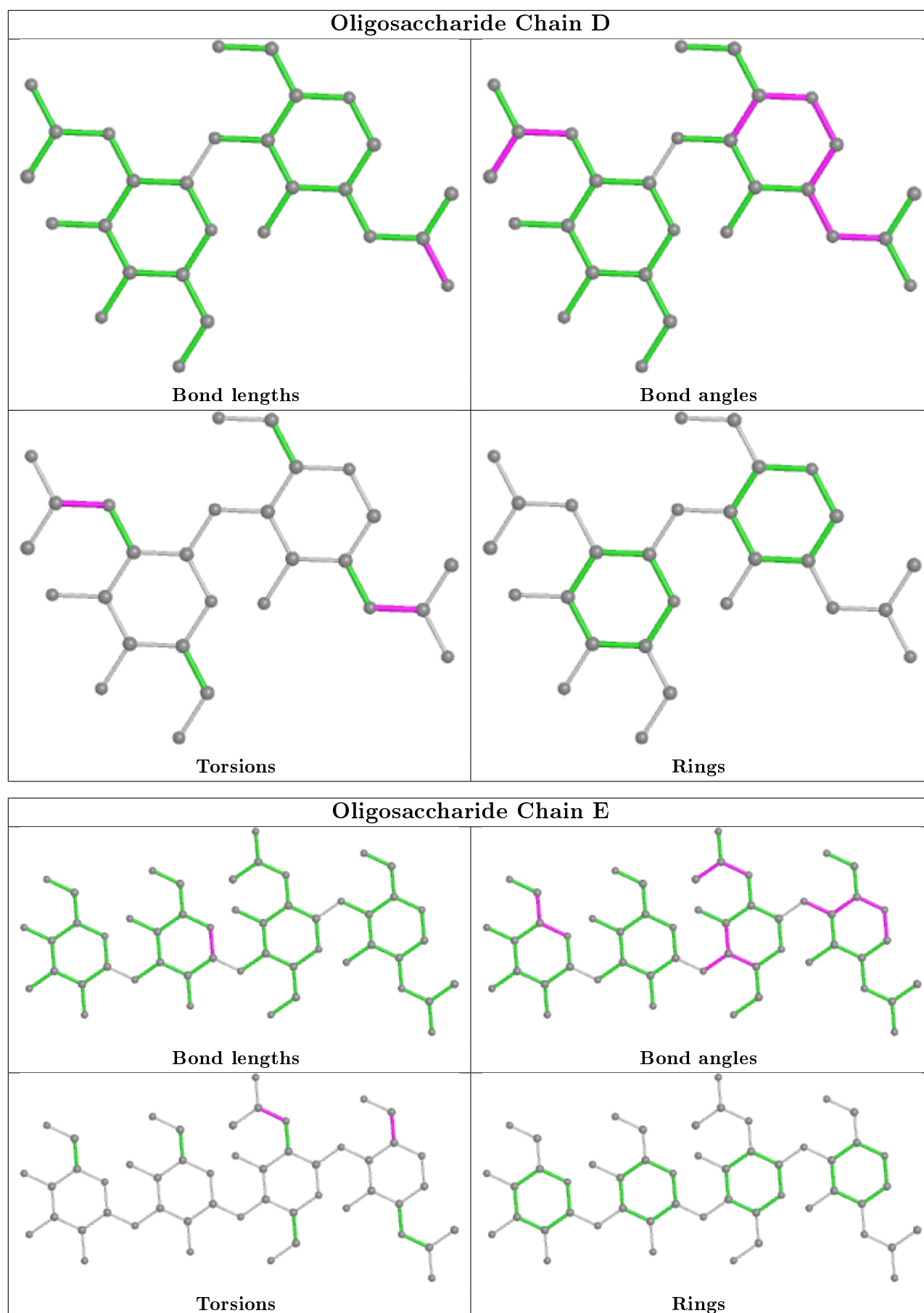
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	2	NAG	1	0
2	C	2	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	A	1757	1	14,14,15	0.64	0	17,19,21	2.24	3 (17%)
4	NAG	A	1760	1	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	1.25	2 (11%)
8	BIX	A	1	5	5,19,19	2.78	2 (40%)	4,26,26	3.00	2 (50%)
4	NAG	A	1759	1	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	1.50	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	1757	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1760	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	BIX	A	1	5	-	4/14/24/24	-
4	NAG	A	1759	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	A	1	BIX	P6-C1	5.81	1.85	1.79
8	A	1	BIX	C4-C5	-2.05	1.51	1.53

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	1757	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.94	121.59	112.19
4	A	1759	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.45	119.57	112.19
8	A	1	BIX	P6-C5-C4	-4.27	106.59	114.56
8	A	1	BIX	CB-CA-C	-3.79	106.88	112.53

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	1760	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.02	116.28	112.19
4	A	1757	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.93	111.79	107.20
4	A	1757	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.59	114.86	110.24
4	A	1760	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.37	119.52	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (9) torsion outliers are listed below:

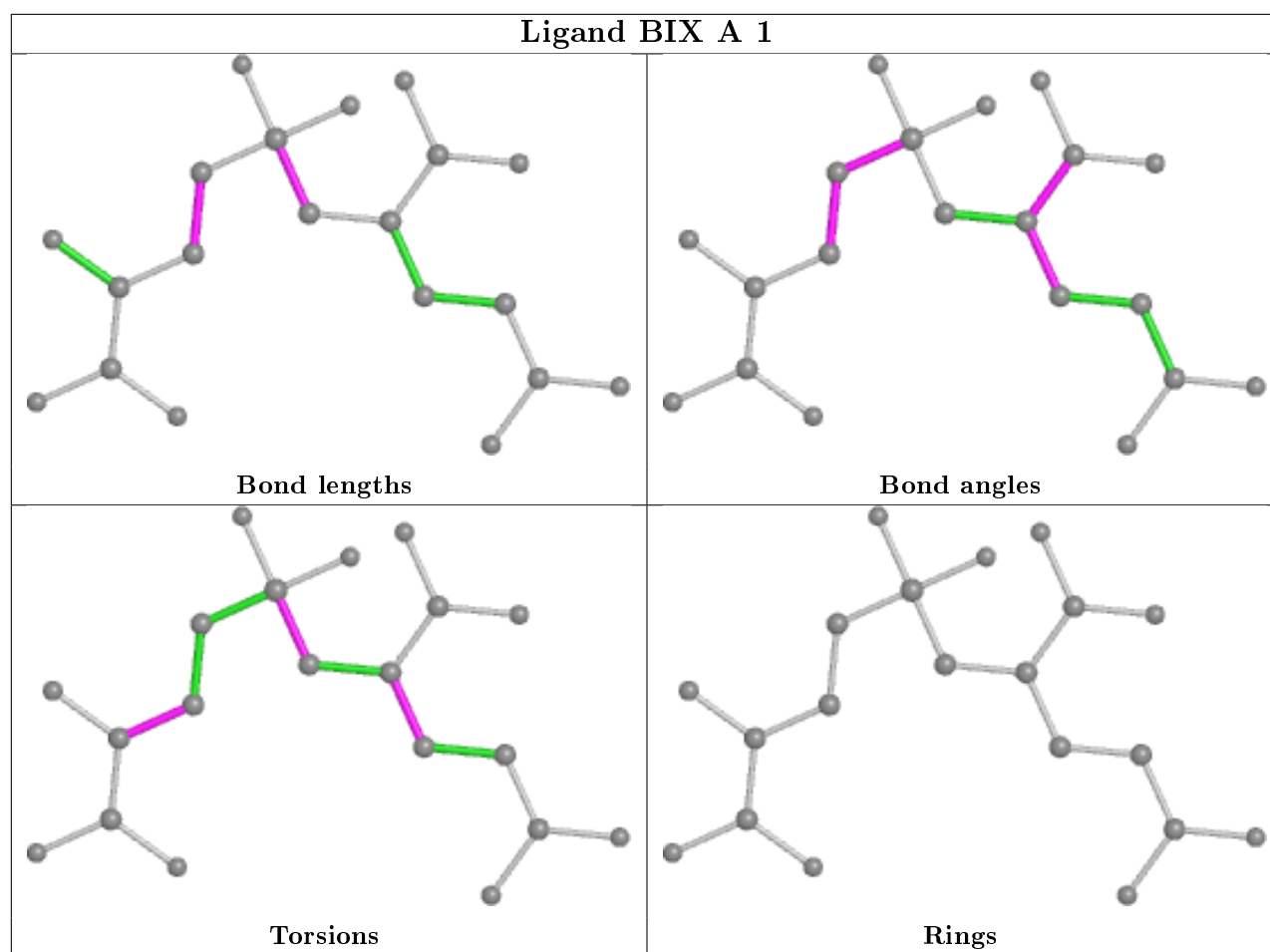
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	A	1	BIX	C3-C2-C4-C5
8	A	1	BIX	CA-C1-P6-O6
4	A	1757	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1757	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1757	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	A	1757	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	A	1759	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	A	1	BIX	CA-C1-P6-C5
8	A	1	BIX	C1-CA-CB-CG

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1757	NAG	4	0
4	A	1760	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	694/709 (97%)	0.26	42 (6%)	21 22	15, 25, 45, 65	4 (0%)

All (42) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	541	TRP	9.3
1	A	506	PHE	6.2
1	A	55	LYS	5.0
1	A	505	GLU	4.3
1	A	507	SER	4.2
1	A	134	ASP	3.6
1	A	335	GLY	3.6
1	A	656[A]	SER	3.5
1	A	336	ASN	3.5
1	A	153	ASN	3.4
1	A	135	GLY	3.4
1	A	487	GLY	3.4
1	A	155[A]	SER	3.3
1	A	136	ASN	3.2
1	A	154	VAL	3.1
1	A	652	ASP	3.0
1	A	719	VAL	3.0
1	A	508	GLY	3.0
1	A	536[A]	ARG	2.9
1	A	700	TYR	2.8
1	A	334	THR	2.8
1	A	552	TYR	2.7
1	A	337	PHE	2.7
1	A	515	LEU	2.6
1	A	124	HIS	2.5
1	A	499	LYS	2.5
1	A	208	VAL	2.4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	521	PHE	2.4
1	A	131	ILE	2.4
1	A	132	ASN	2.3
1	A	543	THR	2.3
1	A	253	VAL	2.3
1	A	386	ILE	2.2
1	A	152	GLU	2.1
1	A	542	GLU	2.1
1	A	326	PRO	2.1
1	A	133	GLU	2.1
1	A	123	THR	2.1
1	A	104	GLY	2.1
1	A	279[A]	TYR	2.0
1	A	449	TYR	2.0
1	A	284	ALA	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

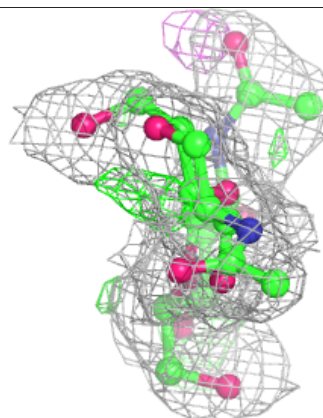
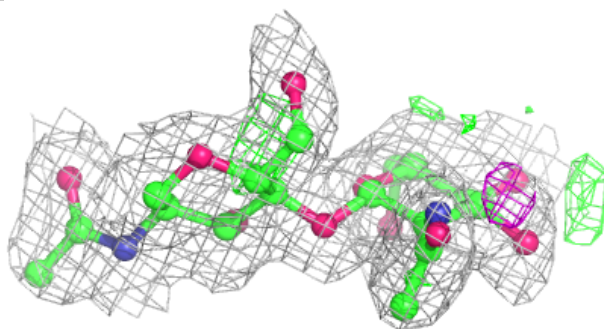
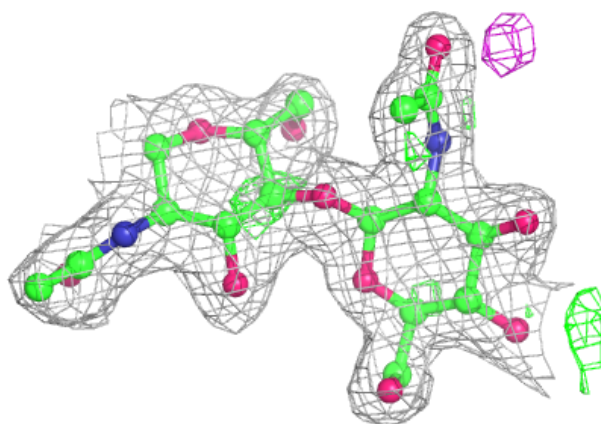
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.79	0.22	51,55,62,62	0
2	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.80	0.15	37,40,45,48	0
2	NAG	B	2	14/15	0.84	0.25	43,46,51,53	0
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.86	0.16	36,42,48,49	0
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.89	0.12	28,30,36,41	0
3	MAN	E	4	11/12	0.91	0.11	38,41,45,48	0
3	NAG	E	2	14/15	0.92	0.20	34,36,44,46	0
2	NAG	B	1	14/15	0.92	0.12	31,36,42,44	0
3	NAG	E	1	14/15	0.95	0.08	21,26,35,45	0
3	BMA	E	3	11/12	0.95	0.10	32,35,37,38	0

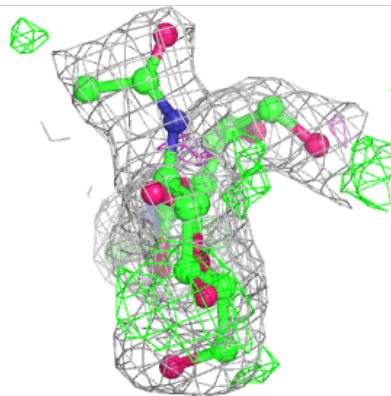
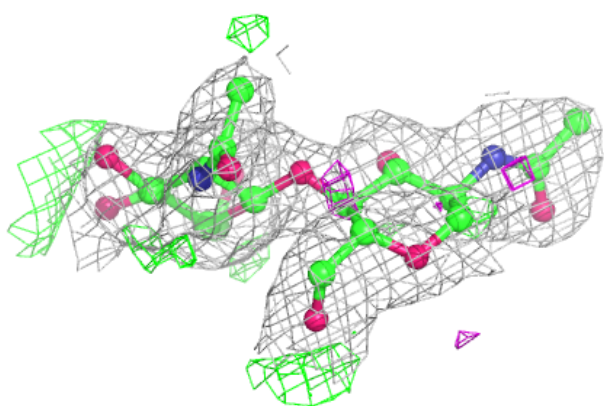
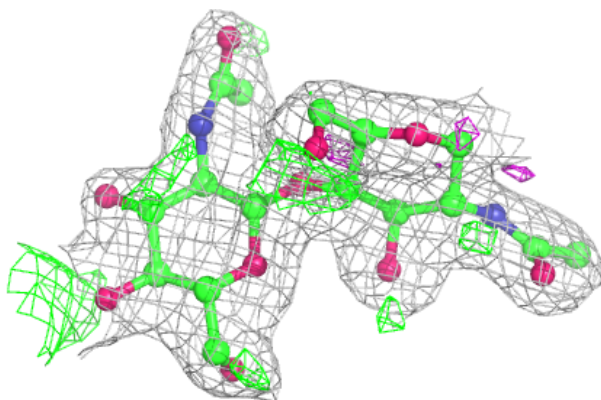
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around Chain B:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around Chain C:**

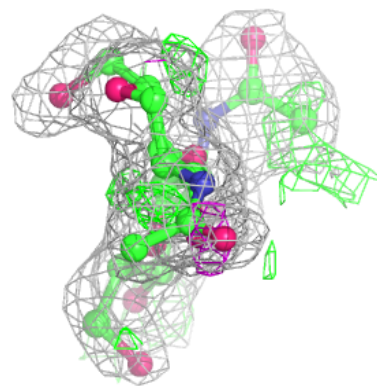
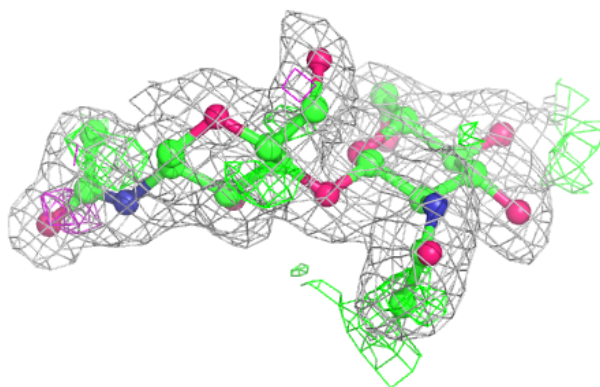
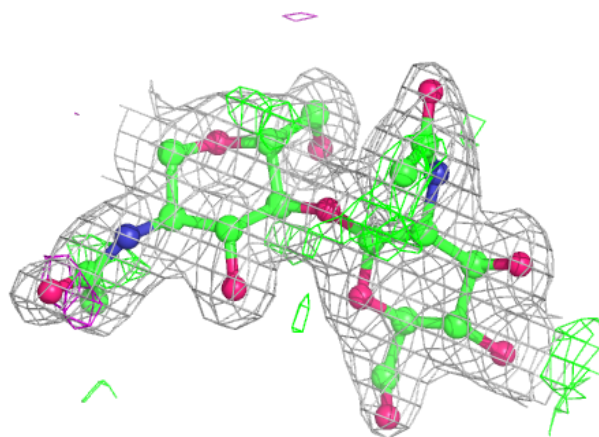
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

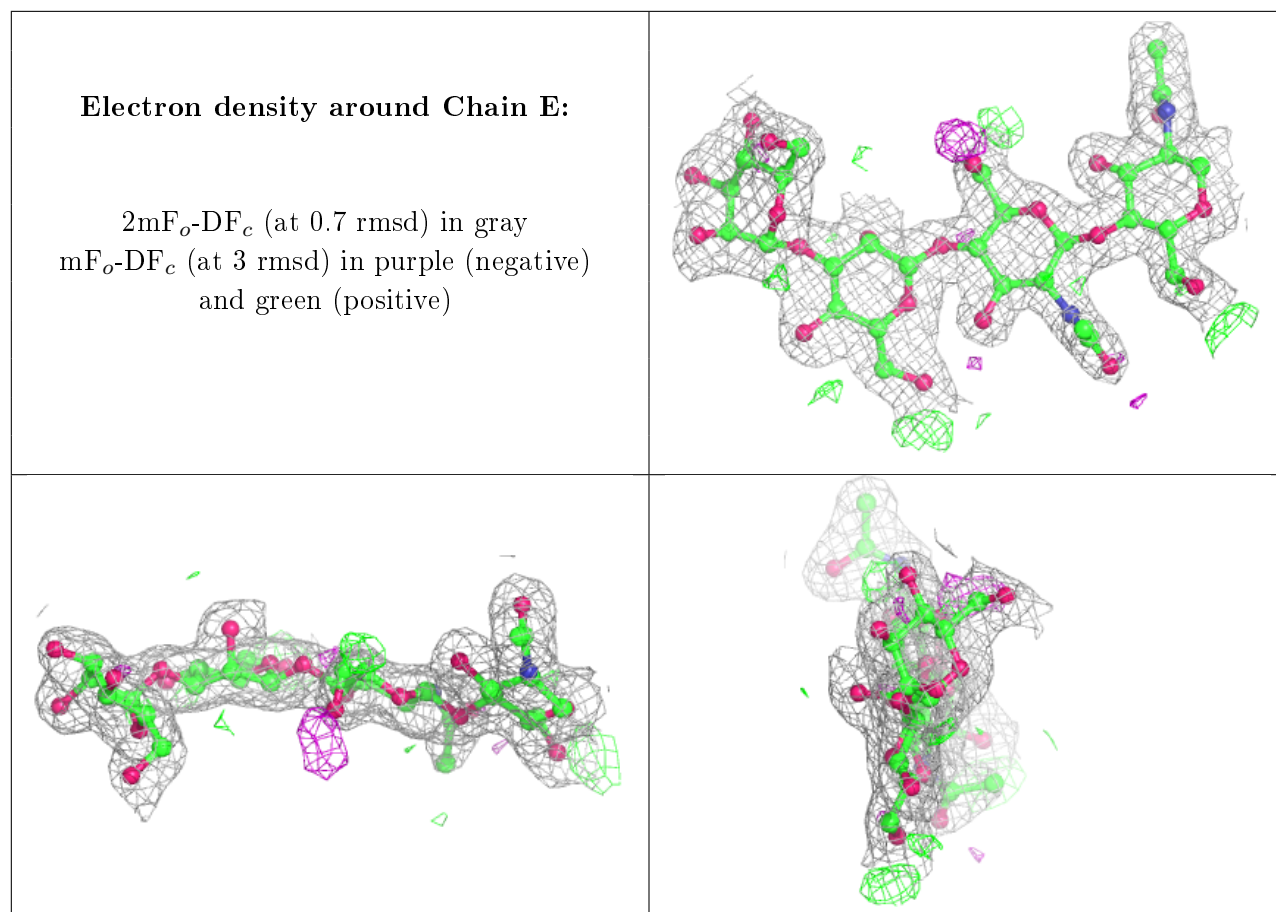




**Electron density around Chain D:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



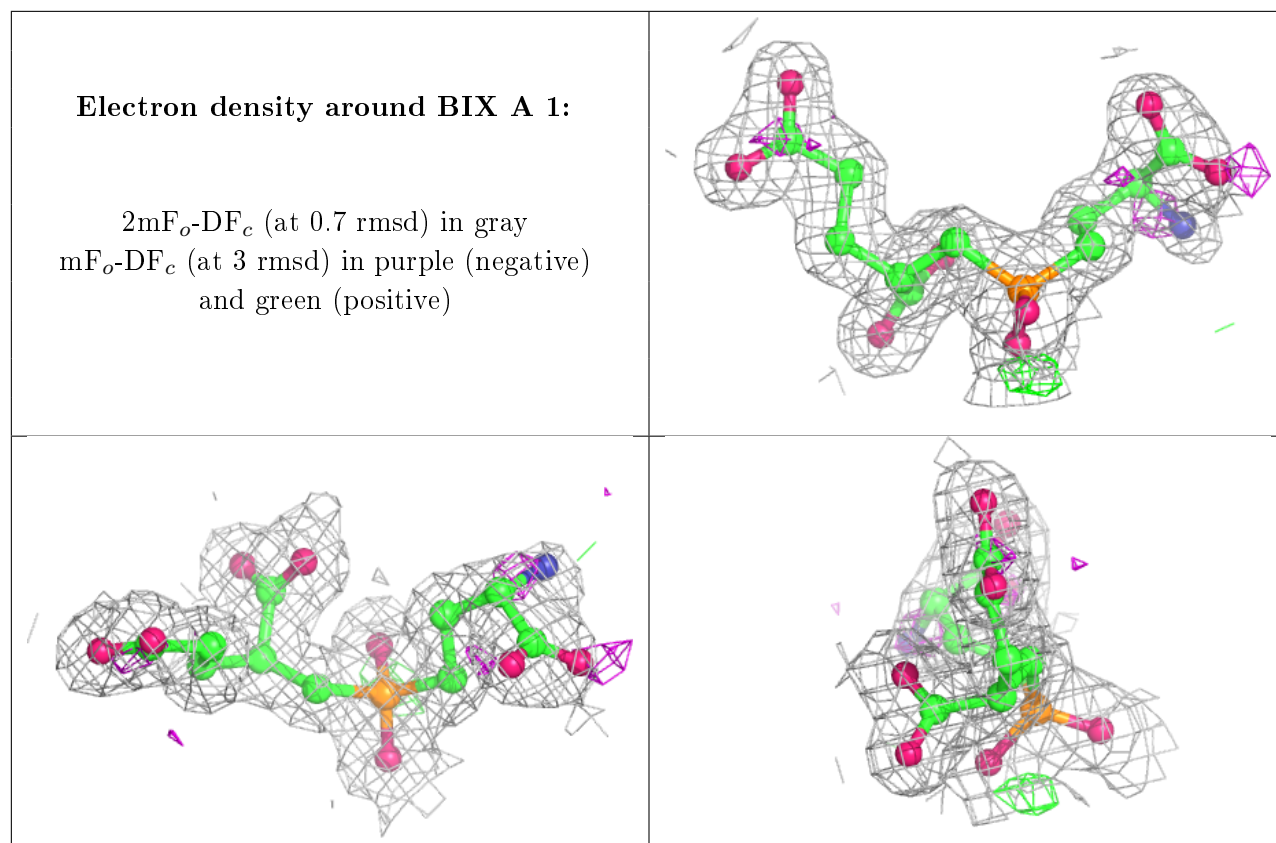


## 6.4 Ligands ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	1757	14/15	0.66	0.27	45,53,58,59	0
4	NAG	A	1760	14/15	0.85	0.14	27,48,52,54	0
4	NAG	A	1759	14/15	0.87	0.19	61,66,68,68	0
8	BIX	A	1	20/20	0.97	0.13	17,20,35,43	0
6	CA	A	1753	1/1	1.00	0.09	17,17,17,17	0
7	CL	A	1754	1/1	1.00	0.12	25,25,25,25	0
5	ZN	A	1752	1/1	1.00	0.10	20,20,20,20	0
5	ZN	A	1751	1/1	1.00	0.11	20,20,20,20	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.