



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 2, 2021 – 05:19 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3BL3  
Title : tRNA guanine transglycosylase V233G mutant apo structure  
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Deposited on : 2007-12-10  
Resolution : 2.25 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.23.2  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

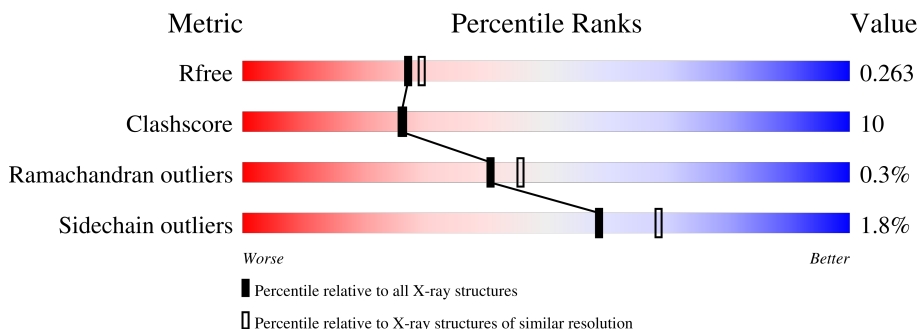
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*


The reported resolution of this entry is 2.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1377 (2.26-2.26)
Clashscore	141614	1487 (2.26-2.26)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1449 (2.26-2.26)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1450 (2.26-2.26)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	386	

## 2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2978 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Queuine tRNA-ribosyltransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	367	Total	C	N	O	S	4	0	0
			2755	1733	489	513	20			

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	106	PHE	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP P28720
A	233	GLY	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P28720
A	312	LYS	THR	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P28720

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

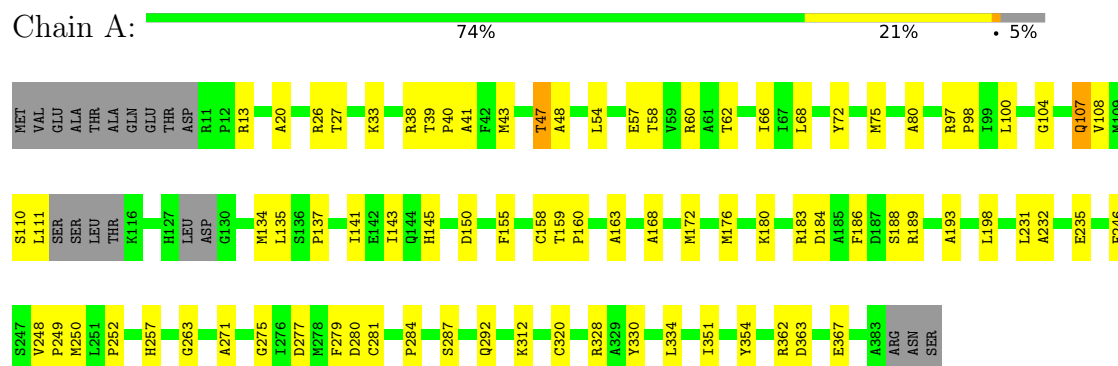
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	216	Total	O	0	0
			216	216		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Queueine tRNA-ribosyltransferase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.69Å 64.77Å 70.40Å 90.00° 95.94° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.25 45.10 – 2.25	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (50.00-2.25) 89.1 (45.10-2.25)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.11	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.88 (at 2.24Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.187 , 0.227 0.237 , 0.263	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	879 reflections (4.85%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.508	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.37 , 64.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	2978	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.09% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.34	0/2813	0.56	0/3802

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2755	0	2605	56	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	6	0	8	2	0
4	A	216	0	0	1	1
All	All	2978	0	2613	56	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (56) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:47:THR:HG23	1:A:48:ALA:H	1.24	1.02
1:A:107:GLN:NE2	1:A:107:GLN:H	1.79	0.80
1:A:47:THR:HG23	1:A:48:ALA:N	2.03	0.72
1:A:145:HIS:CD2	1:A:189:ARG:HD3	2.28	0.68
1:A:287:SER:HB3	1:A:292:GLN:HB3	1.75	0.68
1:A:145:HIS:CG	1:A:189:ARG:HD3	2.32	0.64
1:A:188:SER:HB2	4:A:1165:HOH:O	1.98	0.62
1:A:47:THR:CG2	1:A:48:ALA:H	2.08	0.62
1:A:107:GLN:H	1:A:107:GLN:HE21	1.46	0.60
1:A:43:MET:HG2	1:A:66:ILE:HG23	1.84	0.59
1:A:104:GLY:O	1:A:108:VAL:HG23	2.05	0.57
1:A:363:ASP:O	1:A:367:GLU:HG3	2.03	0.57
1:A:252:PRO:O	1:A:257:HIS:HE1	1.89	0.55
1:A:57:GLU:HA	3:A:700:GOL:H11	1.88	0.55
1:A:39:THR:HA	1:A:40:PRO:C	2.28	0.54
1:A:58:THR:O	1:A:62:THR:HG23	2.08	0.53
1:A:137:PRO:O	1:A:141:ILE:HG12	2.09	0.53
1:A:248:VAL:HB	1:A:249:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.52
1:A:68:LEU:C	1:A:68:LEU:HD23	2.31	0.51
1:A:172:MET:O	1:A:176:MET:HG2	2.11	0.51
1:A:80:ALA:HB2	1:A:143:ILE:HG23	1.94	0.49
1:A:38:ARG:O	1:A:41:ALA:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:A:330:TYR:CE2	1:A:334:LEU:HD11	2.48	0.48
1:A:110:SER:C	1:A:111:LEU:HD12	2.34	0.48
1:A:263:GLY:HA3	1:A:281:CYS:CB	2.44	0.48
1:A:98:PRO:HA	1:A:150:ASP:OD2	2.14	0.48
1:A:180:LYS:HE3	1:A:184:ASP:OD2	2.13	0.47
1:A:107:GLN:NE2	1:A:107:GLN:N	2.57	0.46
1:A:271:ALA:HB3	1:A:279:PHE:CE2	2.49	0.46
1:A:72:TYR:O	1:A:75:MET:HG2	2.14	0.46
1:A:160:PRO:O	1:A:163:ALA:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:A:186:PHE:CE1	1:A:193:ALA:HA	2.50	0.45
1:A:60:ARG:HG2	3:A:700:GOL:H31	1.98	0.45
1:A:72:TYR:CD2	1:A:107:GLN:HB3	2.52	0.45
1:A:66:ILE:HG13	1:A:98:PRO:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:137:PRO:HA	1:A:155:PHE:HB3	1.99	0.45
1:A:97:ARG:HB3	1:A:98:PRO:CD	2.47	0.44
1:A:13:ARG:HA	1:A:33:LYS:HD3	1.98	0.44
1:A:134:MET:SD	1:A:135:LEU:N	2.91	0.44
1:A:284:PRO:HB3	1:A:354:TYR:CE2	2.53	0.44
1:A:231:LEU:O	1:A:232:ALA:HB3	2.17	0.44
1:A:312:LYS:O	1:A:328:ARG:HG3	2.19	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:68:LEU:HA	1:A:100:LEU:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:134:MET:SD	1:A:134:MET:C	2.97	0.43
1:A:183:ARG:HA	1:A:198:LEU:HD21	1.99	0.43
1:A:235:GLU:OE2	1:A:235:GLU:N	2.46	0.43
1:A:100:LEU:C	1:A:100:LEU:HD23	2.39	0.42
1:A:111:LEU:HD12	1:A:111:LEU:N	2.34	0.42
1:A:159:THR:HG21	1:A:168:ALA:HA	2.00	0.42
1:A:20:ALA:HB3	1:A:27:THR:HG22	2.02	0.42
1:A:263:GLY:HA3	1:A:281:CYS:HB2	2.01	0.41
1:A:257:HIS:HD2	1:A:275:GLY:O	2.03	0.41
1:A:54:LEU:CD1	1:A:351:ILE:HD12	2.50	0.41
1:A:40:PRO:HA	1:A:277:ASP:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:40:PRO:HD2	1:A:362:ARG:HG2	2.04	0.40
1:A:246:PHE:O	1:A:250:MET:HG3	2.21	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:1029:HOH:O	4:A:1060:HOH:O[4_556]	2.02	0.18

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	361/386 (94%)	351 (97%)	9 (2%)	1 (0%)	41 46

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	47	THR

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	271/314 (86%)	266 (98%)	5 (2%)	59 68

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	26	ARG
1	A	107	GLN
1	A	158	CYS
1	A	280	ASP
1	A	320	CYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	73	HIS
1	A	107	GLN
1	A	195	ASN
1	A	212	GLN
1	A	257	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	GOL	A	700	-	5,5,5	0.21	0	5,5,5	0.32	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	A	700	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	700	GOL	2	0

## 5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.