



wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 9, 2020 – 01:34 PM BST

PDB ID : 2C4S
Title : CALCIUM CHONDROITIN 4-SULFATE. MOLECULAR CONFORMATION AND ORGANIZATION OF POLYSACCHARIDE CHAINS IN A PROTEOGLYCAN
Authors : Arnott, S.
Deposited on : 1978-05-23
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

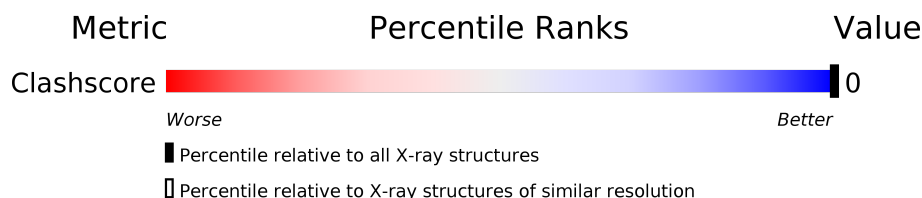
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

FIBER DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.


Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	2416 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	4	 50% 50%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

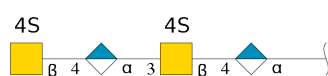
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
1	GCU	A	1	X	-	X	-
1	ASG	A	2	-	-	X	-
1	GCU	A	3	X	-	X	-
1	ASG	A	4	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 108 atoms, of which 32 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-4-O-sulfo-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-4-O-sulfo-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranuronic acid.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	4	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			92	28	32	2	28	2		

- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	2	Total	Ca	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 3 is water.


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	14	Total	O	0	0
			14	14		

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-4-O-sulfo-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranuronic acid-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-4-O-sulfo-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranuronic acid

Chain A: 



4 Model quality ⓘ

4.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GCU, CA, ASG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

There are no protein, RNA or DNA chains available to summarize Z scores of covalent bonds and angles.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

4.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	60	32	25	0	148
2	A	2	0	0	0	2
3	A	14	0	0	0	35
All	All	76	32	25	0	155

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

There are no clashes within the asymmetric unit.

The worst 5 of 155 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:2:ASG:C3	1:A:2:ASG:O3[2_556]	0.58	1.62
1:A:1:GCU:O1	1:A:4:ASG:C3[2_556]	0.58	1.62

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:4:ASG:O4	3:A:22:HOH:O[3_556]	0.62	1.58
1:A:2:ASG:O4	3:A:15:HOH:O[3_545]	0.62	1.58
1:A:1:GCU:C1	1:A:4:ASG:C2[2_556]	0.71	1.49

4.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

4.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

4.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

4.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

4.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	GCU	A	1	1,2	10,13,13	0.15	0	15,19,19	0.46	0
1	ASG	A	2	1,2	18,18,19	0.68	0	19,26,28	0.96	1 (5%)
1	GCU	A	3	1,2	9,12,13	0.21	0	12,17,19	0.47	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	ASG	A	4	1	17,17,19	0.91	1 (5%)	19,24,28	1.07	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	GCU	A	1	1,2	1/1/6/6	0/0/24/24	0/1/1/1
1	ASG	A	2	1,2	-	5/11/28/31	0/1/1/1
1	GCU	A	3	1,2	1/1/6/6	0/0/21/24	0/1/1/1
1	ASG	A	4	1	-	5/11/24/31	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	4	ASG	O4-C4	-2.80	1.43	1.47

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	4	ASG	C2-N2-C7	-2.96	118.89	122.78
1	A	2	ASG	C2-N2-C7	-2.82	118.89	122.90

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	3	GCU	C1
1	A	1	GCU	C1

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:

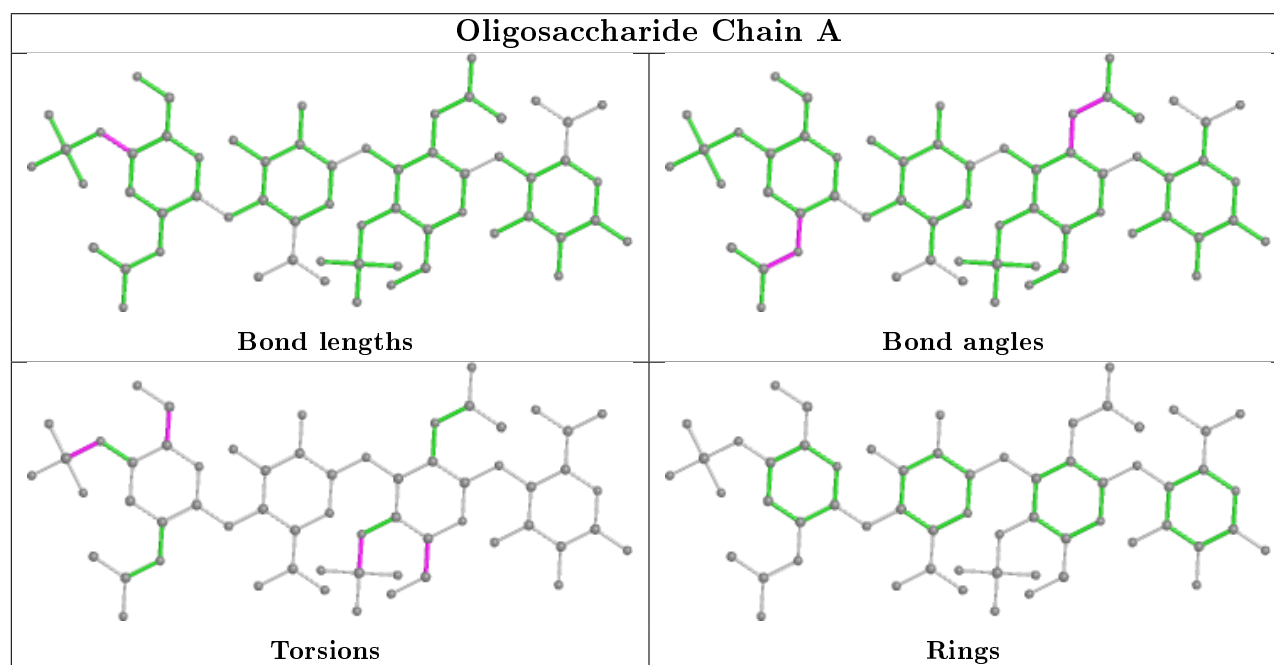
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	4	ASG	C4-O4-S-OSA
1	A	4	ASG	C4-O4-S-OSB
1	A	4	ASG	C4-O4-S-OSC
1	A	2	ASG	C4-O4-S-OSA
1	A	2	ASG	C4-O4-S-OSB

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 148 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3	GCU	0	64
1	A	1	GCU	0	69
1	A	4	ASG	0	58
1	A	2	ASG	0	60

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



4.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

4.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

4.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.