



## Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 7, 2022 – 04:08 AM EST

PDB ID : 6CFZ  
EMDB ID : EMD-7469  
Title : Structure of the DASH/Dam1 complex shows its role at the yeast kinetochor e-microtubule interface  
Authors : Jenni, S.; Harrison, S.C.  
Deposited on : 2018-02-19  
Resolution : 4.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.9  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

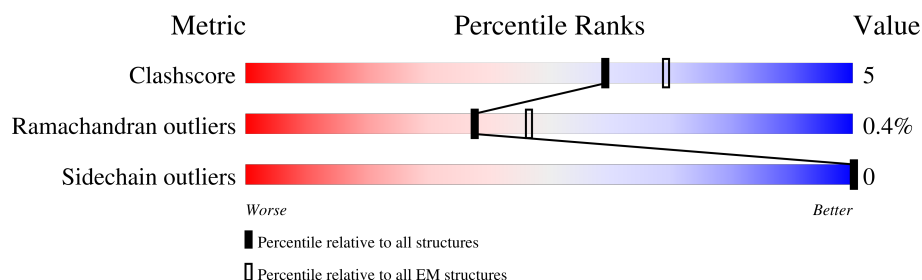
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



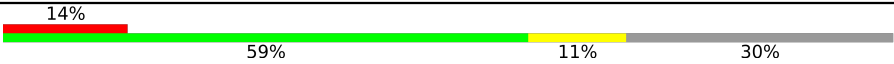
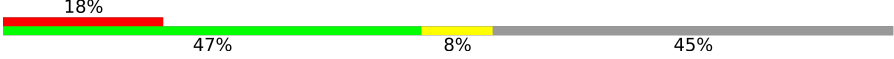
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	77	
2	B	67	
3	C	94	
4	D	111	
5	E	72	
6	F	92	
7	G	61	
8	H	56	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
9	I	151	
10	J	245	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12006 atoms, of which 6016 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ask1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	66	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			1074	348	532	89	105		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	12	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP G0S8F9

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Dad3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
2	B	65	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1053	329	539	81	103	1		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	17	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP G0RY74

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Dad2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
3	C	79	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1224	373	630	106	113	2		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	24	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP G0RZB3

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Duo1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	D	73	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1163	353	588	108	111	3		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	48	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP G0SAN7

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Dad4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
5	E	68	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1115	348	559	97	107	4		

There are 9 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	64	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP G0S589
E	65	THR	-	expression tag	UNP G0S589
E	66	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP G0S589
E	67	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP G0S589
E	68	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP G0S589
E	69	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP G0S589
E	70	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP G0S589
E	71	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP G0S589
E	72	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP G0S589

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Dad1,Dad1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
6	F	59	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			936	305	456	80	93	2		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Hsk3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
7	G	56	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			861	265	436	82	74	4		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called Dam1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
8	H	55	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			826	280	393	67	81	5		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
H	52	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP G0S2K4

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Spc19.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
9	I	106	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1662	515	830	156	158	3		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
I	6	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP G0S0N0

- Molecule 10 is a protein called Spc34.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
10	J	134	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			2092	652	1053	184	196	7		

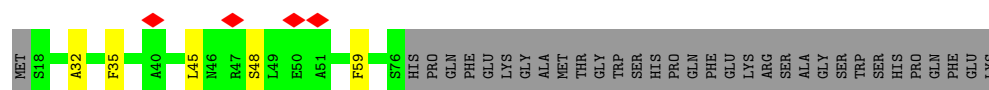
There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
J	240	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0S2A3
J	241	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0S2A3
J	242	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0S2A3
J	243	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0S2A3
J	244	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0S2A3
J	245	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0S2A3




- Molecule 6: Dad1,Dad1

Chain F: 




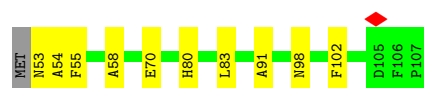
- Molecule 7: Hsk3

Chain G: 



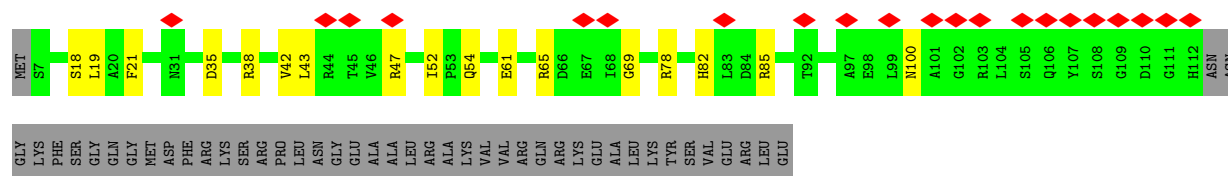
- Molecule 8: Dam1

Chain H: 



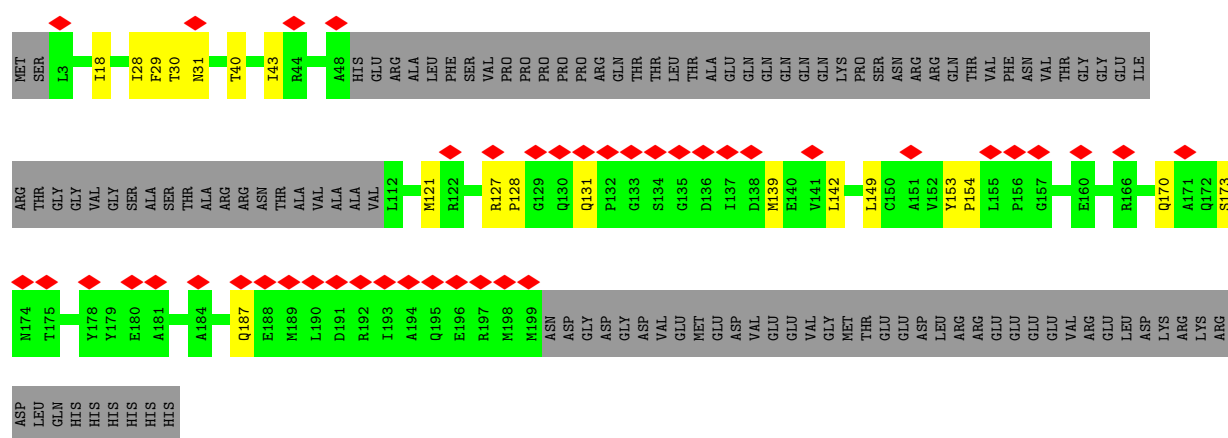
- Molecule 9: Spc19

Chain I: 



- Molecule 10: Spc34

Chain J: 





## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	34997	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	1.115	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2400	Depositor
Magnification	30488	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	64.937	Depositor
Minimum map value	-28.425	Depositor
Average map value	0.011	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.472	Depositor
Recommended contour level	9.2	Depositor
Map size (Å)	839.68, 839.68, 839.68	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.64, 1.64, 1.64	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.53	0/553	0.62	0/750
2	B	0.52	0/518	0.74	0/700
3	C	0.43	0/599	0.67	0/810
4	D	0.43	0/580	0.67	0/781
5	E	0.47	0/562	0.65	1/758 (0.1%)
6	F	0.54	0/489	0.70	0/661
7	G	0.49	0/431	0.73	0/580
8	H	0.48	0/445	0.69	0/601
9	I	0.40	0/844	0.81	0/1141
10	J	0.37	0/1056	0.76	0/1429
All	All	0.46	0/6077	0.71	1/8211 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	E	15	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.80	123.20	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	542	532	532	5	0
2	B	514	539	539	7	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	594	630	630	6	0
4	D	575	588	588	12	0
5	E	556	559	559	5	0
6	F	480	456	456	6	0
7	G	425	436	436	8	0
8	H	433	393	393	10	0
9	I	832	830	830	15	0
10	J	1039	1053	1053	13	0
All	All	5990	6016	6016	57	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (57) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:28:GLU:OE1	4:D:66:ASN:ND2	2.22	0.72
9:I:78:ARG:NH2	10:J:121:MET:SD	2.68	0.66
5:E:31:ASN:ND2	7:G:44:THR:OG1	2.30	0.64
7:G:60:ARG:NH1	9:I:35:ASP:OD2	2.32	0.63
10:J:127:ARG:NH2	10:J:131:GLN:OE1	2.32	0.62
1:A:41:ARG:O	1:A:45:THR:OG1	2.10	0.62
9:I:61:GLU:OE1	9:I:65:ARG:NE	2.33	0.61
1:A:69:LYS:NZ	1:A:73:GLU:OE2	2.33	0.61
6:F:35:PHE:CE2	8:H:58:ALA:HB1	2.35	0.60
4:D:94:THR:O	4:D:98:ASN:ND2	2.35	0.60
4:D:82:ASN:O	4:D:86:VAL:HG23	2.03	0.58
9:I:85:ARG:NH1	10:J:128:PRO:O	2.36	0.58
4:D:91:THR:O	4:D:94:THR:OG1	2.21	0.58
4:D:86:VAL:HG22	8:H:80:HIS:CD2	2.39	0.58
1:A:36:PHE:CZ	5:E:20:VAL:HG22	2.40	0.56
2:B:63:ARG:NH2	5:E:65:THR:OG1	2.39	0.56
10:J:170:GLN:O	10:J:173:SER:OG	2.16	0.56
3:C:79:ASN:O	3:C:83:VAL:HG23	2.06	0.56
10:J:149:LEU:O	10:J:153:TYR:N	2.39	0.55
9:I:100:ASN:ND2	10:J:187:GLN:OE1	2.40	0.54
3:C:72:ALA:HB1	9:I:43:LEU:CD1	2.39	0.53
3:C:72:ALA:HB1	9:I:43:LEU:HD13	1.91	0.53
6:F:45:LEU:O	6:F:48:SER:OG	2.10	0.53
9:I:38:ARG:O	9:I:42:VAL:HG23	2.09	0.52
3:C:48:LEU:O	3:C:52:VAL:HG23	2.10	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:G:42:LEU:HD22	9:I:21:PHE:HD2	1.75	0.51
10:J:29:PHE:CG	10:J:43:ILE:HD13	2.46	0.51
5:E:16:ILE:O	5:E:20:VAL:HG23	2.10	0.51
2:B:47:ALA:CB	6:F:45:LEU:HD22	2.41	0.51
4:D:90:VAL:O	4:D:94:THR:HG23	2.12	0.50
9:I:82:HIS:CD2	10:J:142:LEU:HD13	2.46	0.50
2:B:47:ALA:HB3	6:F:45:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.49
8:H:55:PHE:HB3	8:H:58:ALA:HB3	1.95	0.49
8:H:70:GLU:HB2	10:J:18:ILE:HD11	1.95	0.49
6:F:59:PHE:CE2	8:H:83:LEU:HD21	2.47	0.48
7:G:42:LEU:HD22	9:I:21:PHE:CD2	2.49	0.48
2:B:31:ARG:NH2	4:D:70:GLU:OE2	2.47	0.47
4:D:102:ARG:O	4:D:105:SER:OG	2.28	0.47
3:C:114:ARG:HD3	9:I:52:ILE:HD12	1.95	0.47
1:A:64:ALA:CA	3:C:77:LEU:HD12	2.44	0.47
4:D:100:TRP:HE1	4:D:104:LEU:HD11	1.80	0.46
1:A:57:HIS:O	1:A:61:VAL:HG23	2.16	0.46
9:I:54:GLN:HE21	10:J:40:THR:HG21	1.80	0.46
2:B:28:GLU:HB3	4:D:62:VAL:HG11	1.97	0.45
7:G:42:LEU:HD22	9:I:21:PHE:HB2	2.00	0.44
8:H:53:ASN:OD1	8:H:54:ALA:N	2.51	0.44
4:D:86:VAL:HG22	8:H:80:HIS:HD2	1.80	0.44
5:E:20:VAL:HG21	7:G:30:HIS:NE2	2.33	0.43
10:J:139:MET:SD	10:J:142:LEU:HD12	2.58	0.43
10:J:28:ILE:HG21	10:J:31:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.43
9:I:18:SER:OG	9:I:19:LEU:N	2.52	0.43
8:H:91:ALA:HB2	10:J:30:THR:HG23	2.02	0.42
6:F:32:ALA:HB2	8:H:55:PHE:CE1	2.55	0.41
7:G:72:ALA:O	7:G:76:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
4:D:114:ILE:HD13	7:G:67:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.41
8:H:98:ASN:O	8:H:102:PHE:N	2.46	0.40
2:B:72:LEU:O	2:B:76:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	64/77 (83%)	60 (94%)	4 (6%)	0	100	100
2	B	63/67 (94%)	62 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
3	C	75/94 (80%)	73 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	71/111 (64%)	70 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
5	E	66/72 (92%)	62 (94%)	4 (6%)	0	100	100
6	F	57/92 (62%)	55 (96%)	2 (4%)	0	100	100
7	G	54/61 (88%)	53 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
8	H	53/56 (95%)	50 (94%)	3 (6%)	0	100	100
9	I	104/151 (69%)	96 (92%)	6 (6%)	2 (2%)	8	41
10	J	130/245 (53%)	104 (80%)	25 (19%)	1 (1%)	19	60
All	All	737/1026 (72%)	685 (93%)	49 (7%)	3 (0%)	38	72

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
9	I	47	ARG
9	I	69	GLY
10	J	154	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	59/69 (86%)	59 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	59/61 (97%)	59 (100%)	0	100	100
3	C	64/79 (81%)	64 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	62/93 (67%)	62 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
5	E	65/68 (96%)	65 (100%)	0	100	100
6	F	52/80 (65%)	52 (100%)	0	100	100
7	G	43/47 (92%)	43 (100%)	0	100	100
8	H	44/45 (98%)	44 (100%)	0	100	100
9	I	89/126 (71%)	89 (100%)	0	100	100
10	J	113/209 (54%)	113 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	650/877 (74%)	650 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	E	31	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

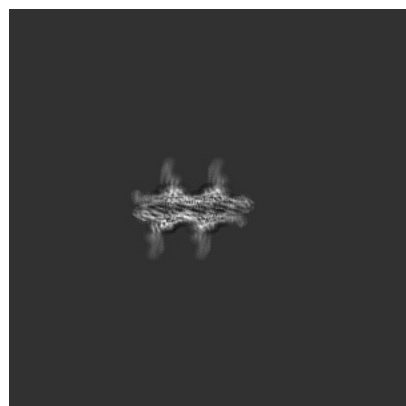
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-7469. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

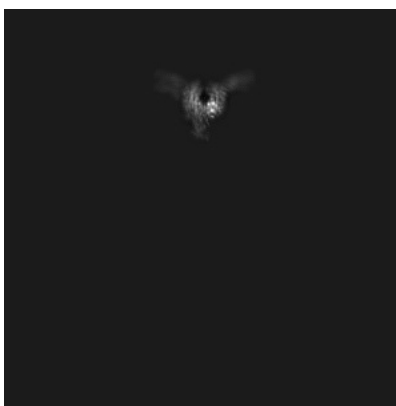
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

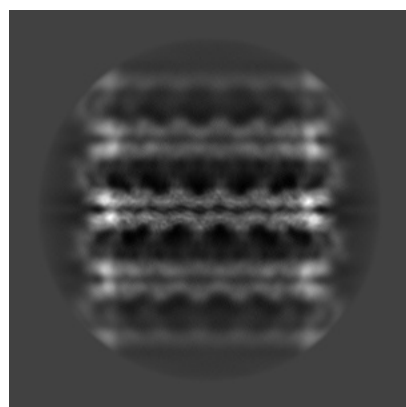


Y

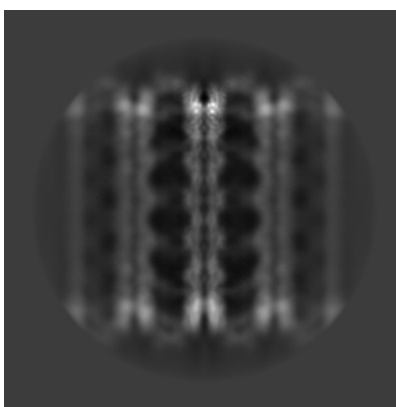


Z

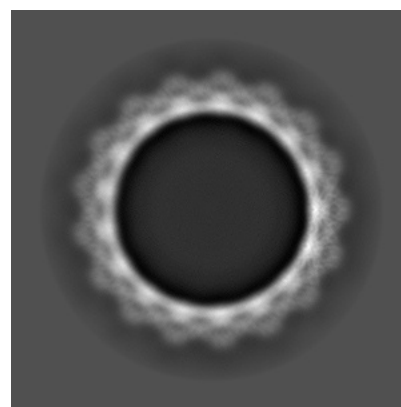
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



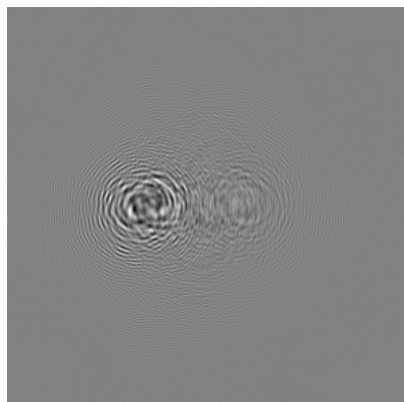
Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

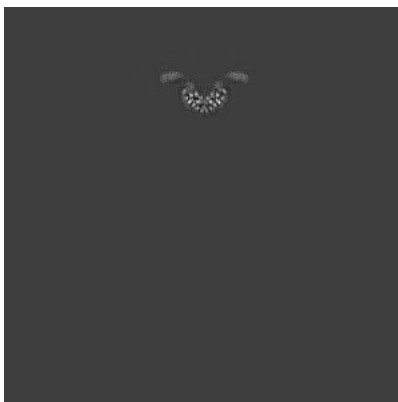


## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

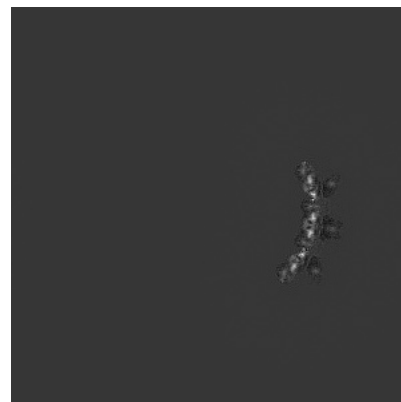
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256

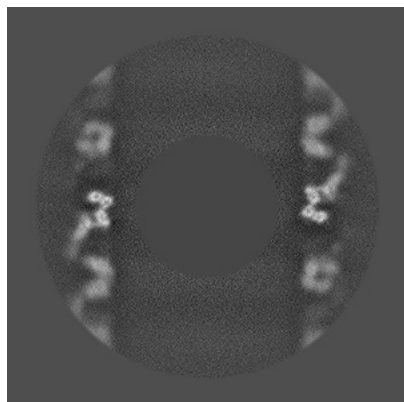


Y Index: 256

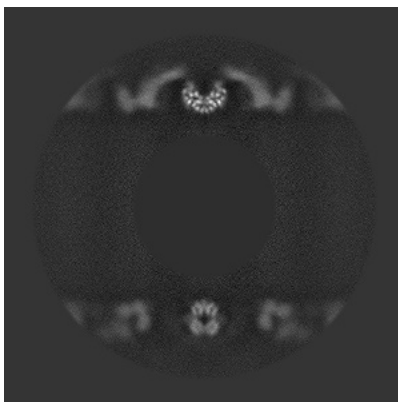


Z Index: 256

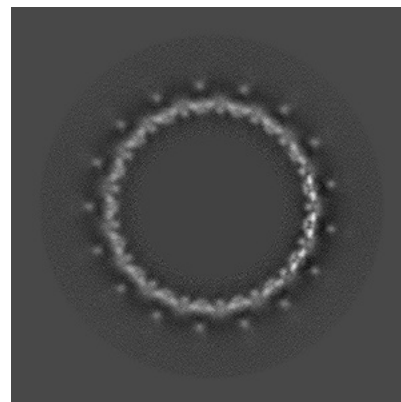
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256



Z Index: 256

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

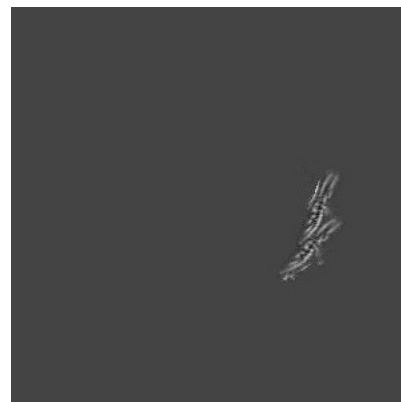
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 390

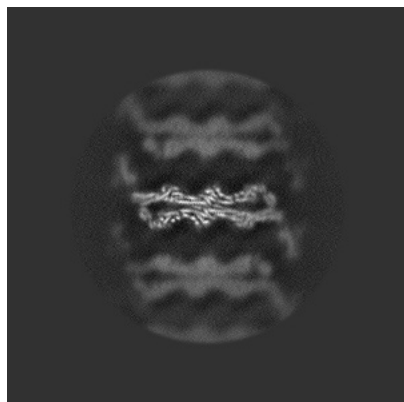


Y Index: 206

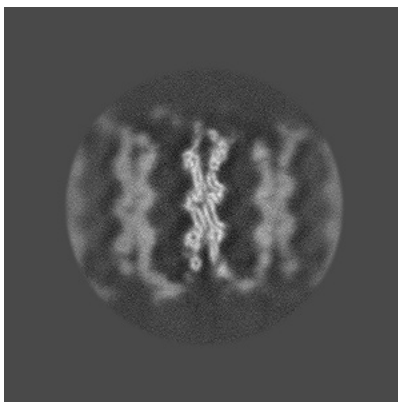


Z Index: 245

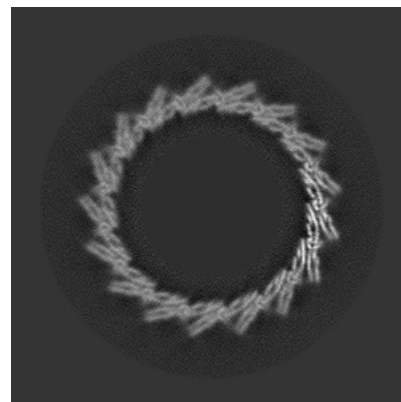
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 389



Y Index: 126



Z Index: 266

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

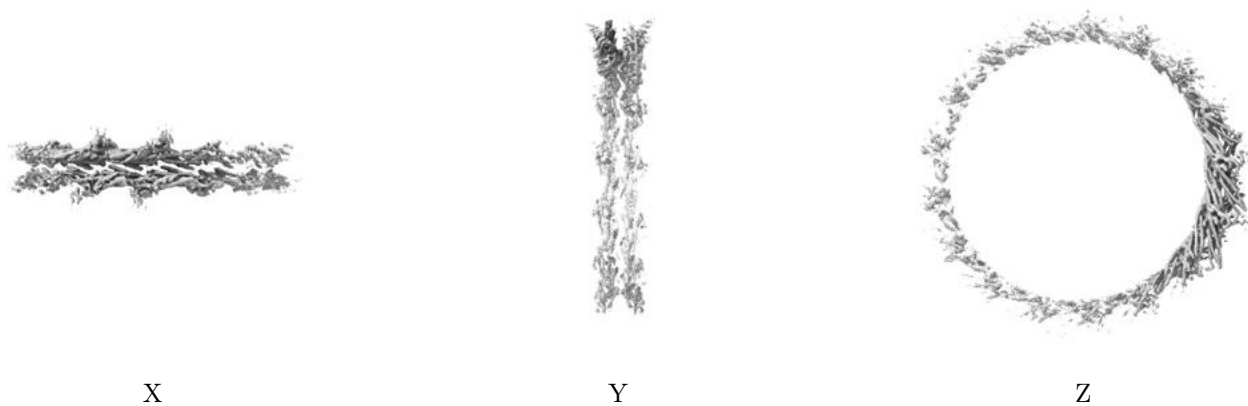
## 6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 9.2. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.4.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

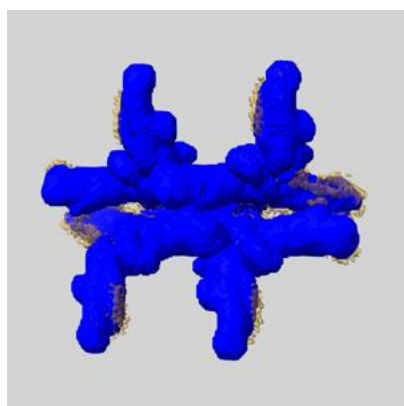
## 6.5 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

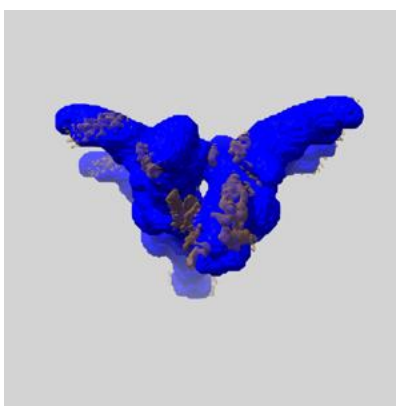
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

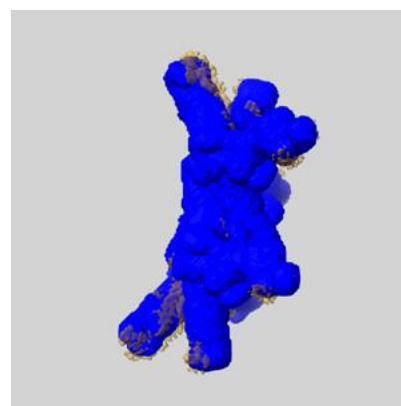
### 6.5.1 emd\_7469\_msk\_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

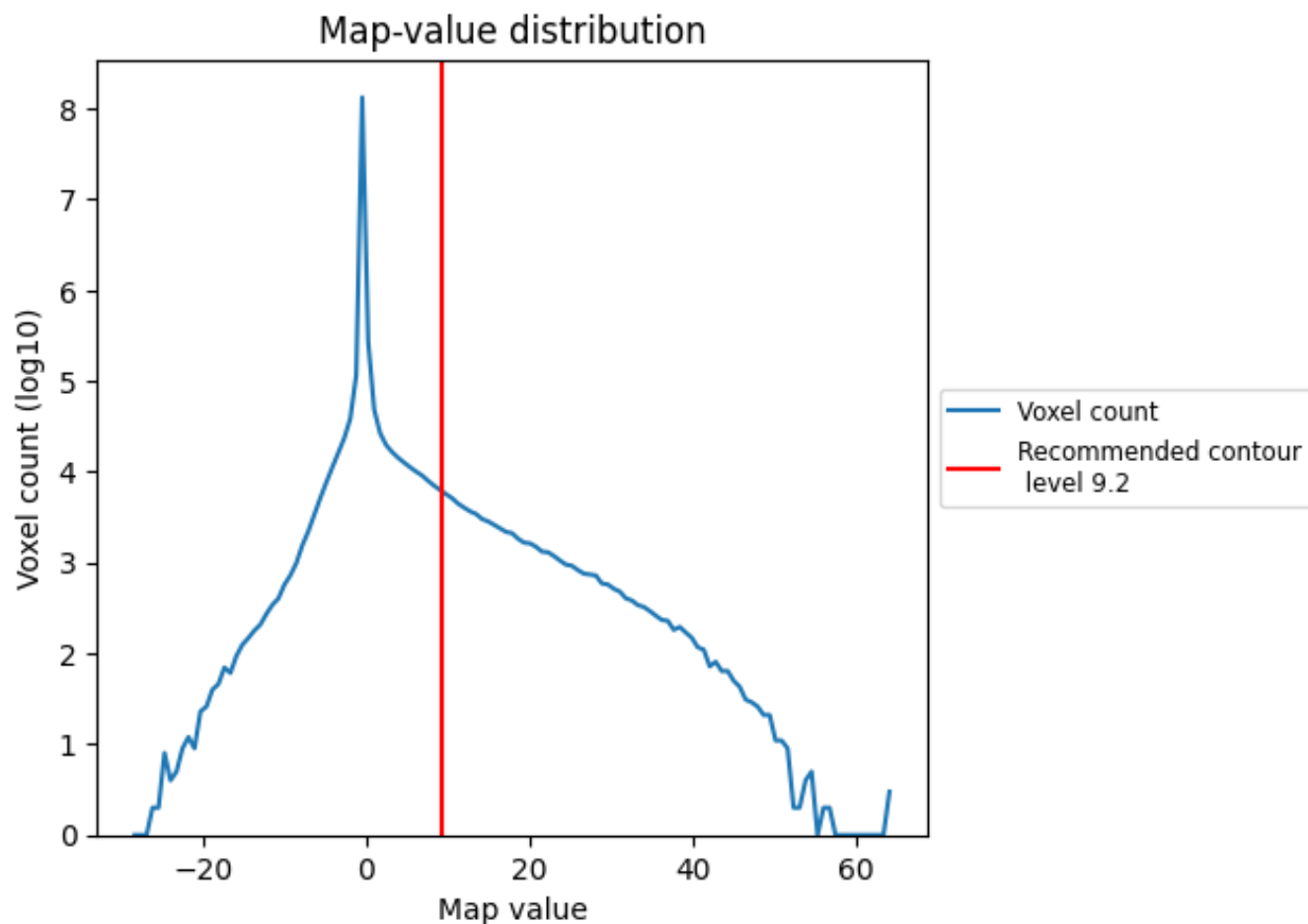


Z

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

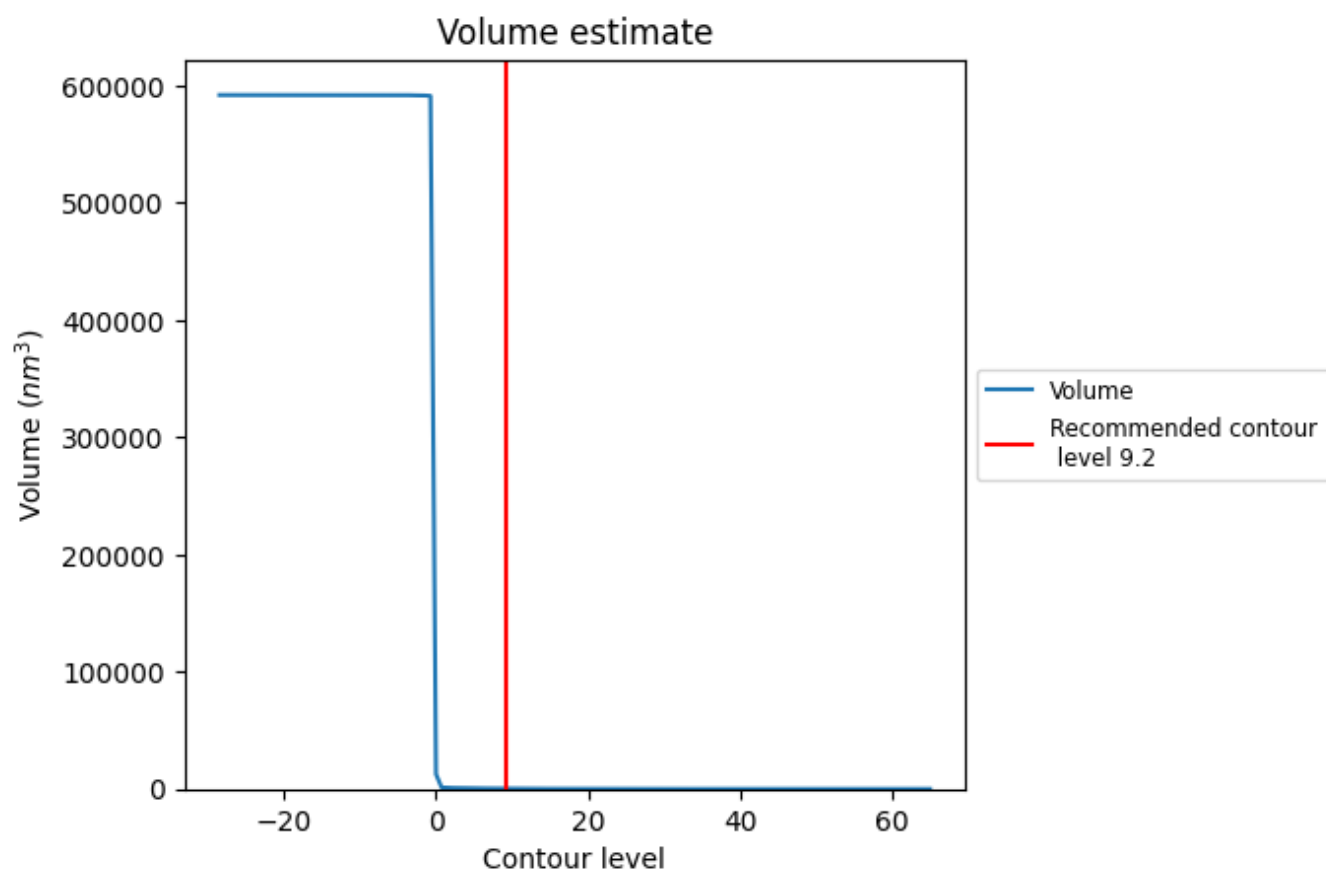
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

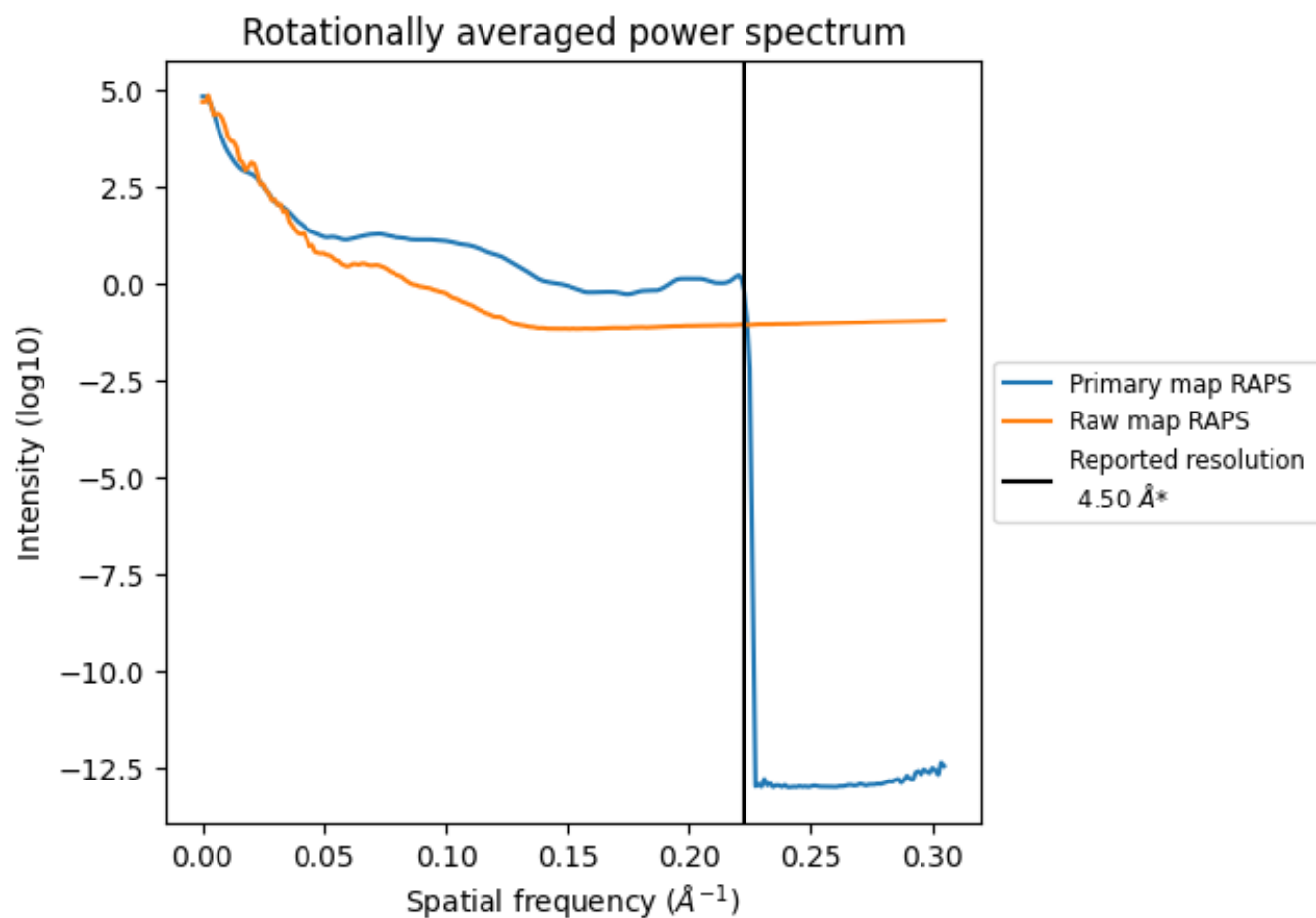
## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 306 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 276 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

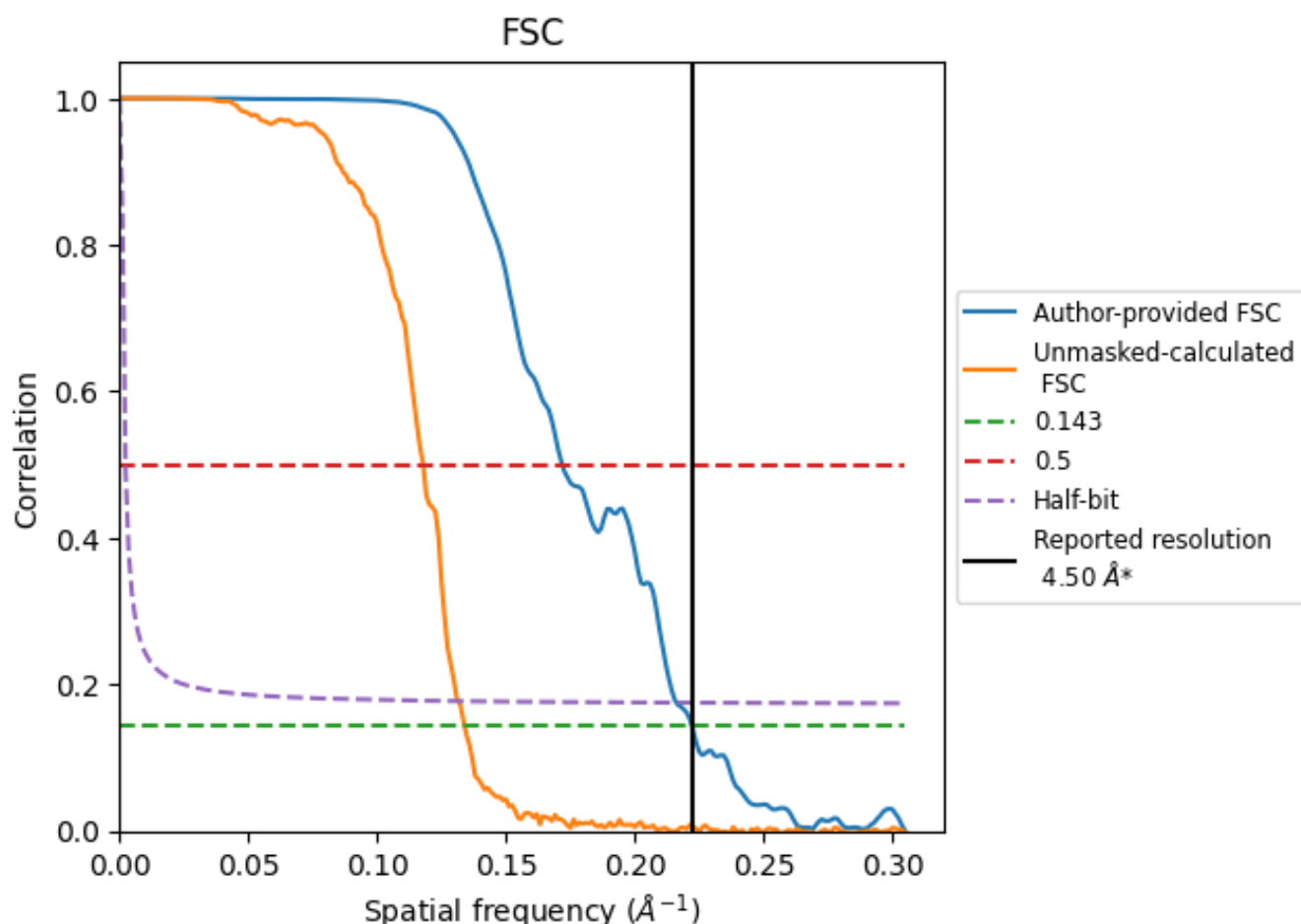


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.222 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.222  $\text{\AA}^{-1}$



## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	4.50	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	4.50	5.82	4.62
Unmasked-calculated*	7.46	8.48	7.60

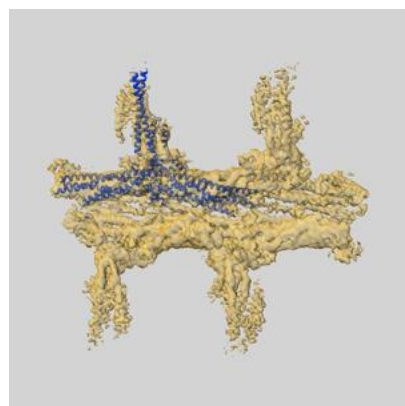
\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 7.46 differs from the reported value 4.5 by more than 10 %

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

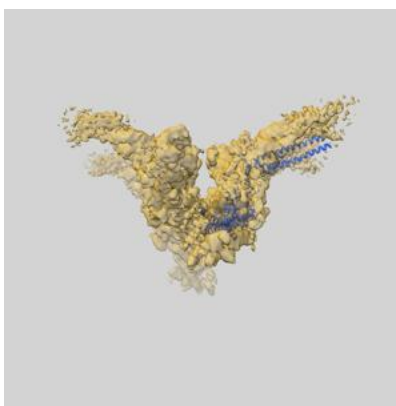
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-7469 and PDB model 6CFZ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

### 9.1 Map-model overlays

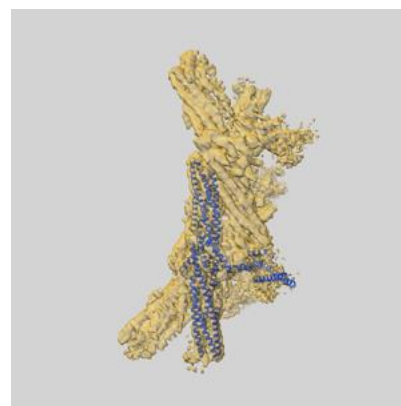
#### 9.1.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X

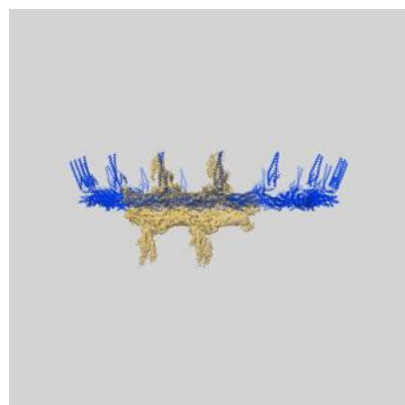


Y

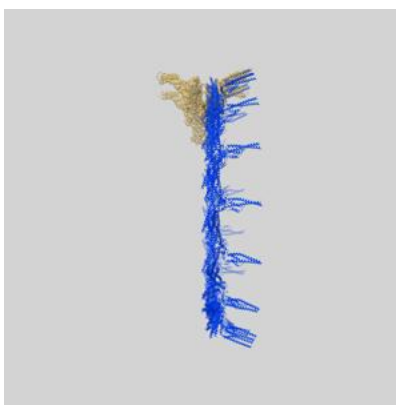


Z

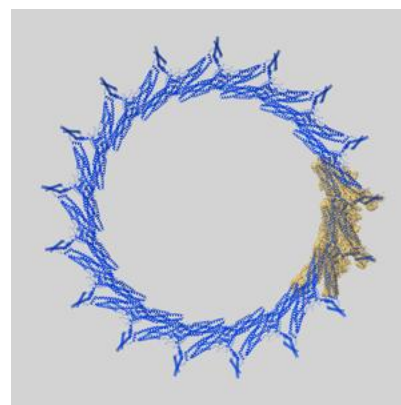
#### 9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay [i](#)



X



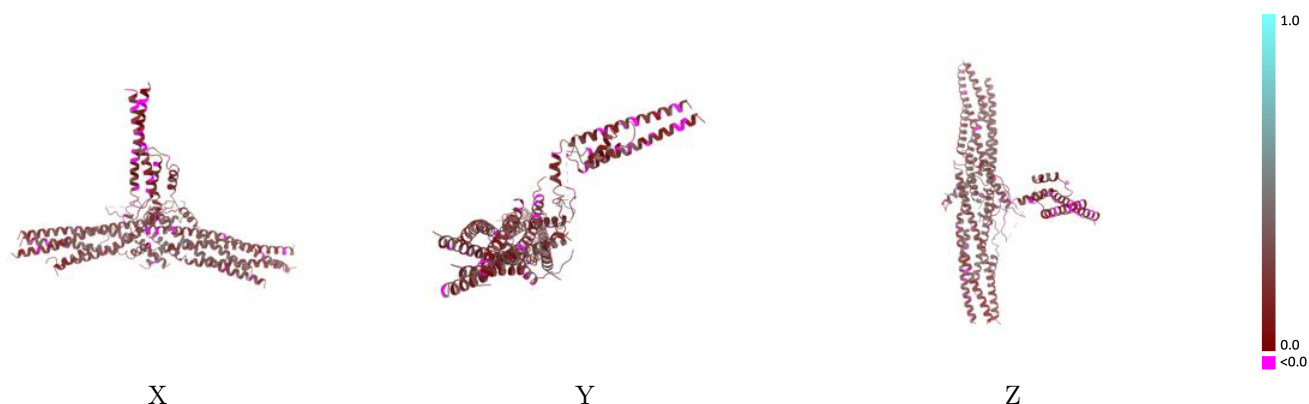
Y



Z

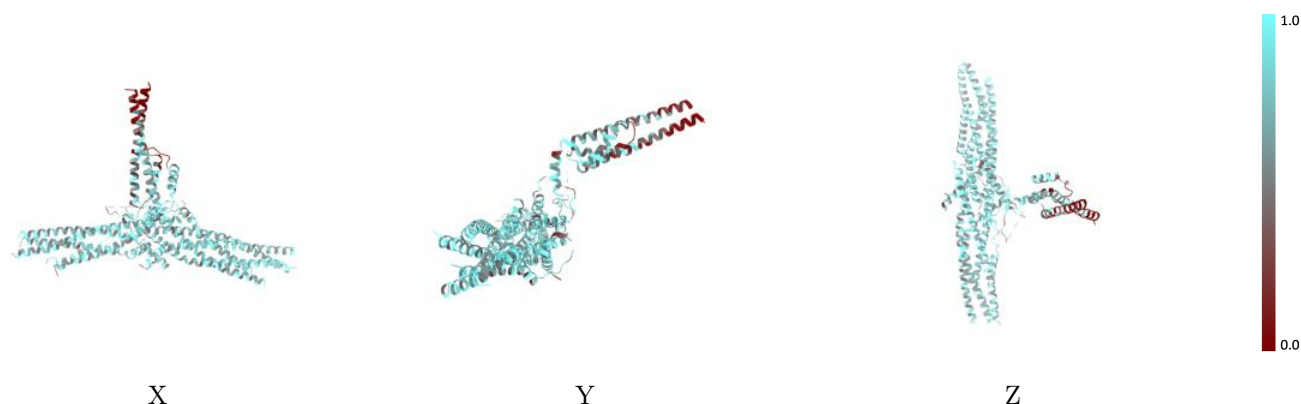
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 9.2 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



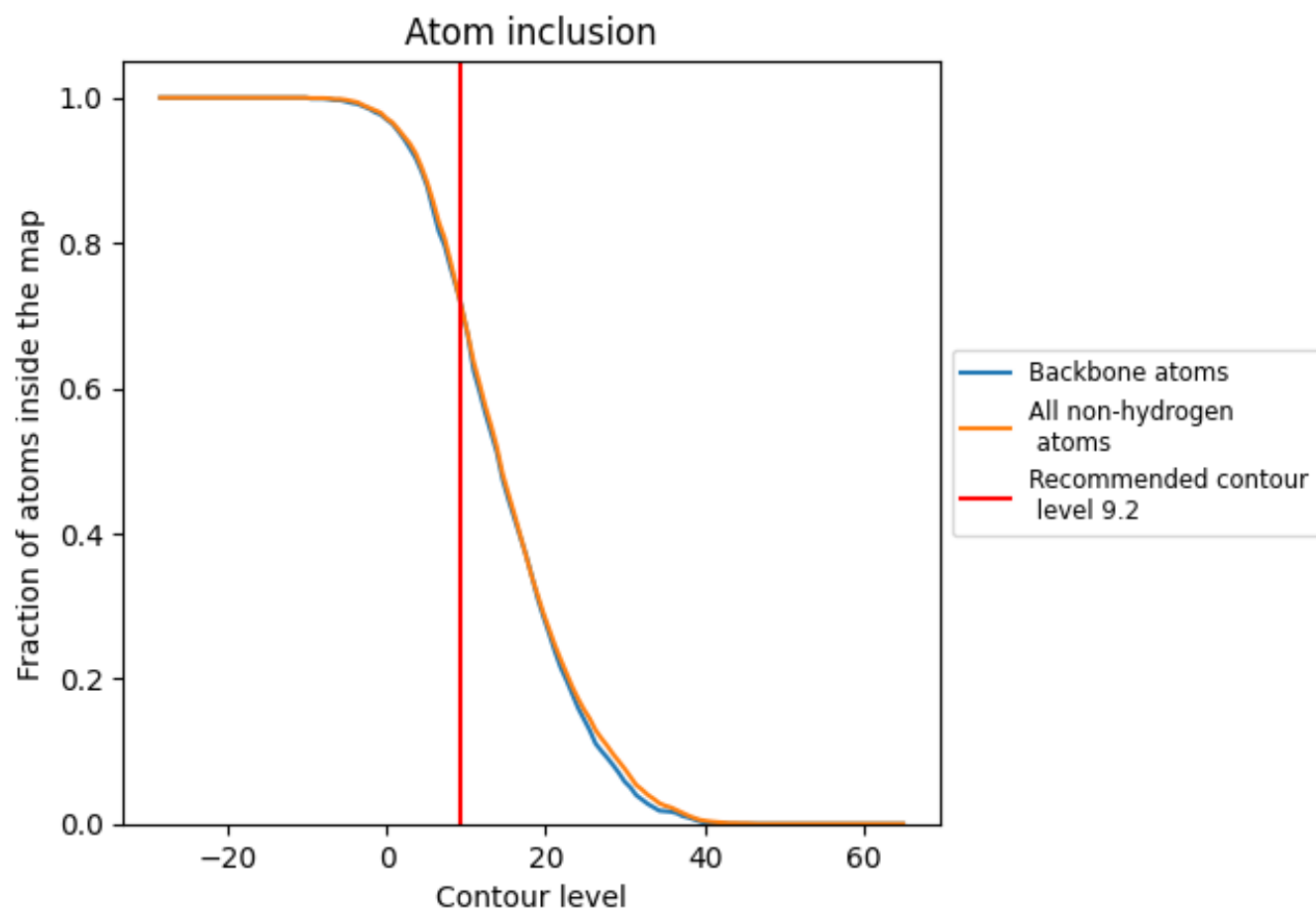
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (9.2).























## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 72% of all backbone atoms, 72% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (9.2) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7228	 0.2080
A	 0.7757	 0.2500
B	 0.7431	 0.1870
C	 0.7453	 0.2140
D	 0.7914	 0.2290
E	 0.7414	 0.2480
F	 0.7357	 0.1930
G	 0.8278	 0.2400
H	 0.7953	 0.2330
I	 0.6629	 0.1690
J	 0.5595	 0.1720

