



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 23, 2020 – 11:32 am BST

PDB ID : 2CVV
Title : Structures of Yeast Ribonucleotide Reductase I
Authors : Xu, H.; Faber, C.; Uchiki, T.; Fairman, J.W.; Racca, J.; Dealwis, C.
Deposited on : 2005-06-14
Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

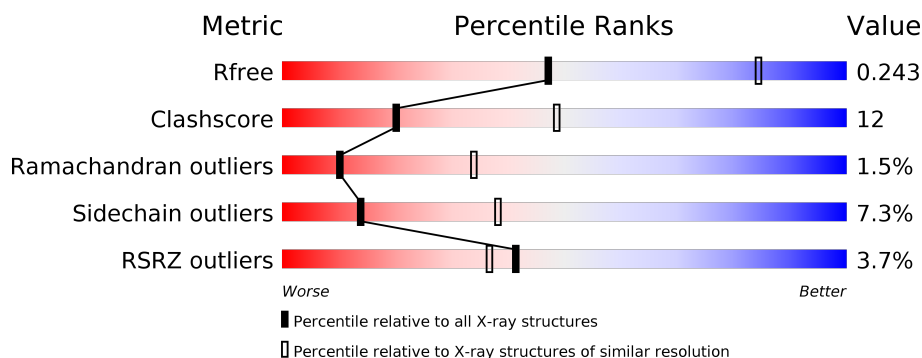
1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1957 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1906 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	888	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>50%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>•</div> <div>27%</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5403 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

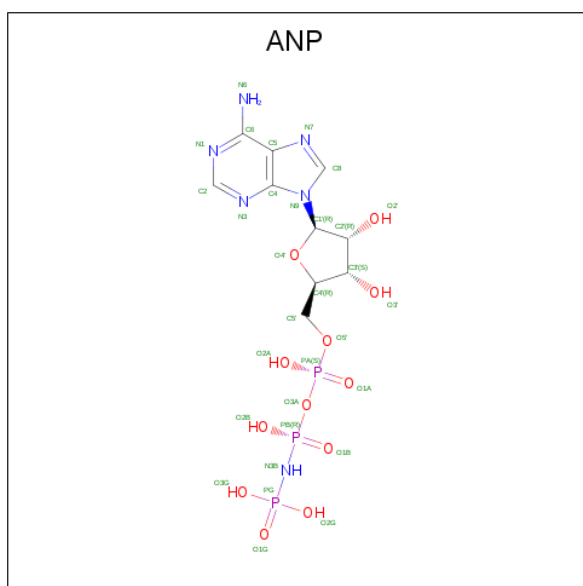
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ribonucleoside-diphosphate reductase large chain 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	651	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5208	3317	883	977	31			

- Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

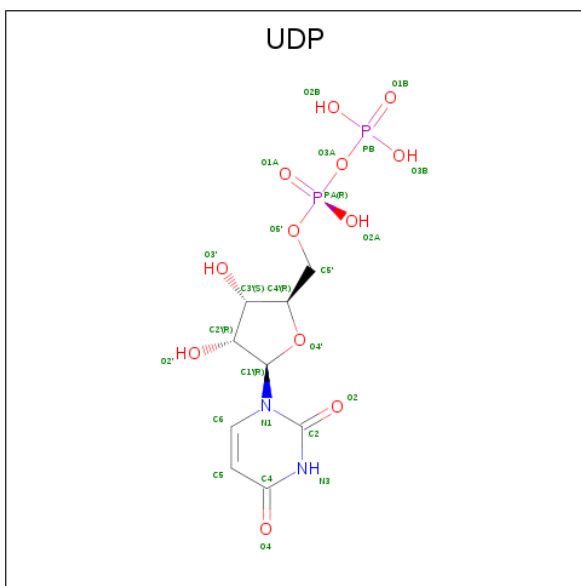
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is PHOSPHOAMINOPHOSPHONIC ACID-ADENYLATE ESTER (three-letter code: ANP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{17}N_6O_{12}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			31	10	6	12	3		

- Molecule 4 is URIDINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: UDP) (formula: $C_9H_{14}N_2O_{12}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			25	9	2	12	2		

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	138	Total	O	0	0
			138	138		

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($\text{RSRZ} > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Chain A: ■ 3% ■ 50% ■ 20% ■ 27%

Residue	Amino Acid	Frequency
1	MET	Grey
2	TYR	Grey
3	GLU	Grey
4	VAL	Grey
5	TYR	Grey
6	LYS	Grey
7	ARG	Grey
8	ASP	Grey
9	ARG	Grey
10	LYS	Grey
11	GLU	Grey
12	PRO	Grey
13	VAL	Grey
14	GLN	Grey
15	PHE	Grey
16	ASP	Grey
17	LYS	Grey
18	ILE	Grey
19	THR	Grey
20	ALA	Grey
21	ALA	Grey
22	ILE	Grey
23	ILE	Grey
24	SER	Grey
25	ARG	Grey
26	LEU	Grey
27	CYS	Grey
28	TYR	Grey
29	GLY	Grey
30	ASP	Grey
31	PRO	Grey
32	LYS	Grey
33	ILE	Grey
34	ASP	Grey
35	GLN	Grey
36	ASP	Grey
37	PRO	Grey
38	LYS	Grey
39	HIS	Grey
40	GLY	Grey
41	LEU	Grey
42	ASP	Grey
43	PRO	Grey
44	LYS	Grey
45	HIS	Grey
46	GLY	Grey
47	LEU	Grey
48	ASP	Grey
49	PRO	Grey
50	LYS	Grey
51	HIS	Grey
52	GLY	Grey
53	LEU	Grey
54	ASP	Grey
55	PRO	Grey
56	LYS	Grey
57	HIS	Grey
58	GLY	Grey
59	LEU	Grey
60	ASP	Grey
61	PRO	Grey
62	LYS	Grey
63	HIS	Grey
64	GLY	Grey
65	LEU	Grey
66	ASP	Grey
67	PRO	Grey
68	LYS	Grey
69	HIS	Grey
70	GLY	Grey
71	LEU	Grey
72	ASP	Grey
73	PRO	Grey
74	LYS	Grey
75	HIS	Grey
76	GLY	Grey
77	LEU	Grey
78	ASP	Grey
79	PRO	Grey
80	LYS	Grey
81	HIS	Grey
82	GLY	Grey
83	LEU	Grey
84	ASP	Grey
85	PRO	Grey
86	LYS	Grey
87	HIS	Grey
88	GLY	Grey
89	LEU	Grey
90	ASP	Grey
91	PRO	Grey
92	LYS	Grey
93	HIS	Grey
94	GLY	Grey
95	LEU	Grey
96	ASP	Grey
97	PRO	Grey
98	LYS	Grey
99	HIS	Grey
100	GLY	Grey
101	LEU	Grey
102	ASP	Grey
103	PRO	Grey
104	LYS	Grey
105	HIS	Grey
106	GLY	Grey
107	LEU	Grey
108	ASP	Grey
109	PRO	Grey
110	LYS	Grey
111	HIS	Grey
112	GLY	Grey
113	LEU	Grey
114	ASP	Grey
115	PRO	Grey
116	LYS	Grey
117	HIS	Grey
118	GLY	Grey
119	LEU	Grey
120	ASP	Grey
121	PRO	Grey
122	LYS	Grey
123	HIS	Grey
124	GLY	Grey
125	LEU	Grey
126	ASP	Grey
127	PRO	Grey
128	LYS	Grey
129	HIS	Grey
130	GLY	Grey
131	LEU	Grey
132	ASP	Grey
133	PRO	Grey
134	LYS	Grey
135	HIS	Grey
136	GLY	Grey
137	LEU	Grey
138	ASP	Grey
139	PRO	Grey
140	LYS	Grey
141	HIS	Grey
142	GLY	Grey
143	LEU	Grey
144	ASP	Grey
145	PRO	Grey
146	LYS	Grey
147	HIS	Grey
148	GLY	Grey
149	LEU	Grey
150	ASP	Grey
151	PRO	Grey
152	LYS	Grey
153	HIS	Grey
154	GLY	Grey
155	LEU	Grey
156		

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	107.87Å 117.59Å 64.88Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.90 25.99 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.0 (50.00-2.90) 97.8 (25.99-2.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.13	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.13	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.49 (at 2.60Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0007	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.177 , 0.245 0.179 , 0.243	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2565 reflections (10.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	31.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.688	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.39 , 50.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	5403	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.32% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ANP, UDP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.65	0/5329	0.85	18/7214 (0.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	100	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.18	124.76	118.30
1	A	310	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.84	124.46	118.30
1	A	233	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.66	124.30	118.30
1	A	182	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.53	124.18	118.30
1	A	682	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.06	123.75	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5208	0	5135	129	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	31	0	13	0	0
4	A	25	0	11	3	0
5	A	138	0	0	4	0
All	All	5403	0	5159	130	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 130 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:578:LYS:HE2	1:A:578:LYS:HA	1.46	0.95
1:A:505:ILE:HG22	1:A:602:THR:HA	1.51	0.92
1:A:393:LEU:HD22	1:A:724:LEU:HD13	1.48	0.92
1:A:482:ASN:HD22	1:A:599:ASN:HD21	1.18	0.89
1:A:214:GLN:HE22	1:A:216:SER:HB2	1.39	0.88

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	647/888 (73%)	591 (91%)	46 (7%)	10 (2%)	10	34

5 of 10 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	296	ALA
1	A	459	ASP
1	A	460	GLY
1	A	629	TYR
1	A	639	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	565/761 (74%)	524 (93%)	41 (7%)	14	38

5 of 41 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	326	ARG
1	A	443	CYS
1	A	659	MET
1	A	337	LEU
1	A	359	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	613	GLN
1	A	666	GLN
1	A	710	HIS
1	A	482	ASN
1	A	692	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	ANP	A	1001	2	29,33,33	1.37	4 (13%)	31,52,52	2.42	13 (41%)
4	UDP	A	1002	-	20,26,26	1.34	1 (5%)	25,40,40	1.01	1 (4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ANP	A	1001	2	-	1/14/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	UDP	A	1002	-	-	6/14/32/32	0/2/2/2

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	1002	UDP	C4-N3	4.14	1.40	1.33
3	A	1001	ANP	C5-C4	3.35	1.49	1.40
3	A	1001	ANP	PG-O1G	3.16	1.51	1.46
3	A	1001	ANP	PB-O1B	2.68	1.50	1.46
3	A	1001	ANP	PB-O2B	-2.18	1.50	1.56

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	1001	ANP	O1G-PG-N3B	-6.86	101.67	111.77
3	A	1001	ANP	C3'-C2'-C1'	4.88	108.32	100.98
3	A	1001	ANP	O1B-PB-N3B	-3.99	105.90	111.77
3	A	1001	ANP	O2B-PB-O1B	3.65	117.57	109.92
3	A	1001	ANP	O3A-PB-N3B	-3.30	97.43	106.59

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:

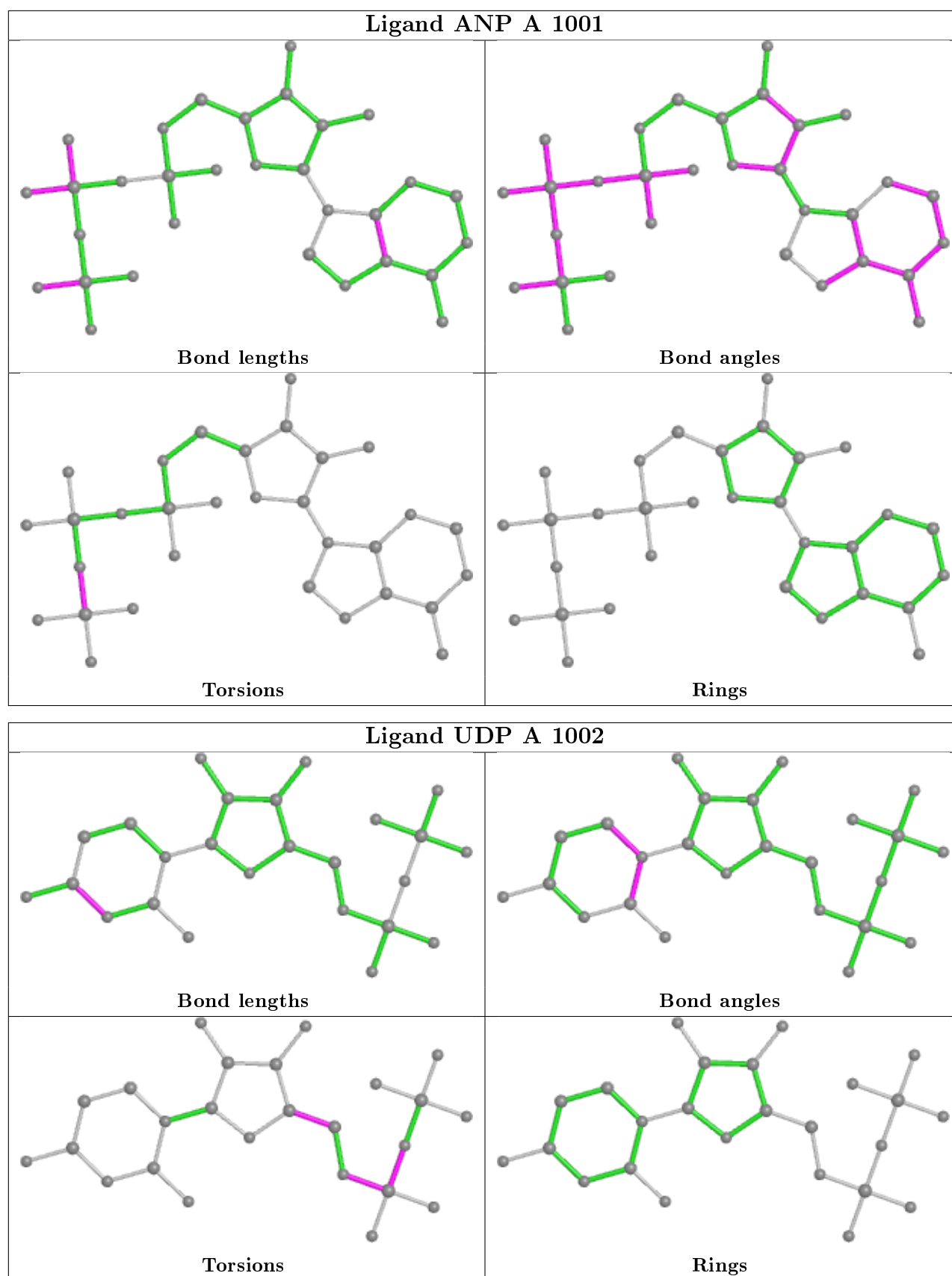
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1001	ANP	PB-N3B-PG-O1G
4	A	1002	UDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
4	A	1002	UDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
4	A	1002	UDP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	A	1002	UDP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1002	UDP	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	651/888 (73%)	-0.34	24 (3%) 41 37	12, 24, 57, 69	0

The worst 5 of 24 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	458	GLU	5.2
1	A	629	TYR	5.0
1	A	457	SER	5.0
1	A	294	PRO	4.8
1	A	89	GLN	3.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

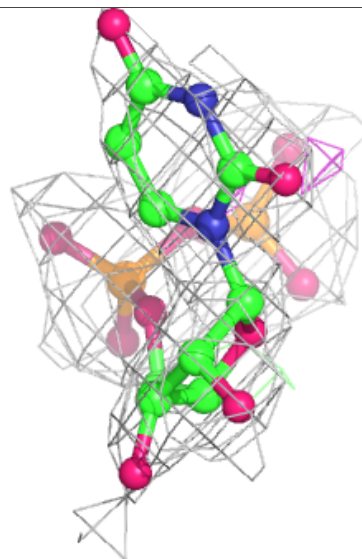
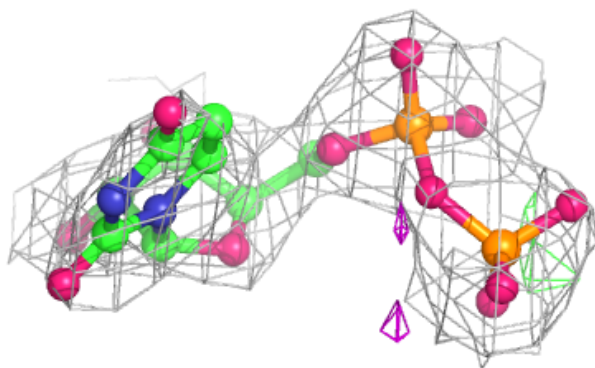
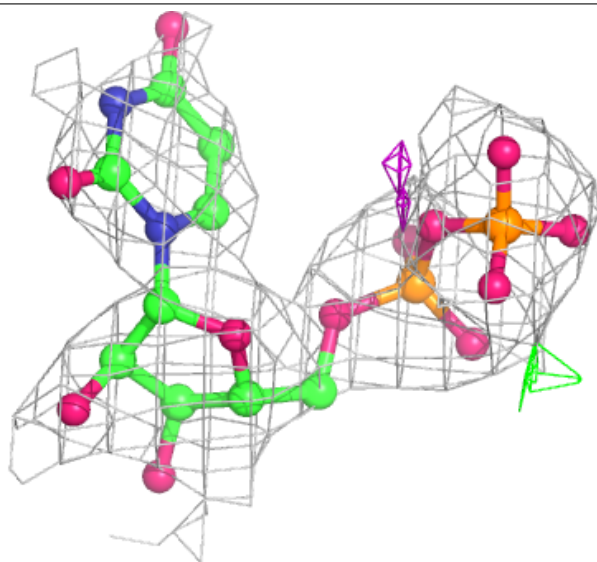
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	UDP	A	1002	25/25	0.93	0.26	40,54,58,58	0
3	ANP	A	1001	31/31	0.97	0.10	14,18,20,26	0
2	MG	A	2001	1/1	0.97	0.05	16,16,16,16	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

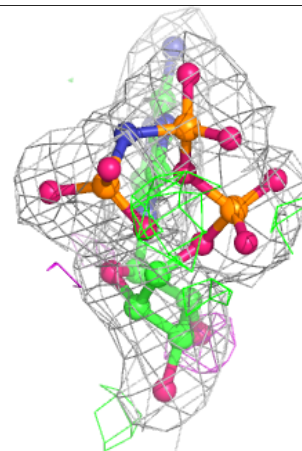
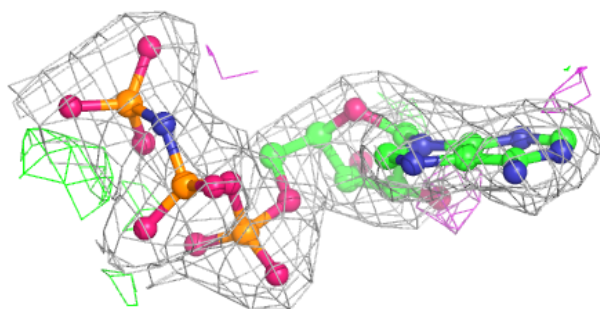
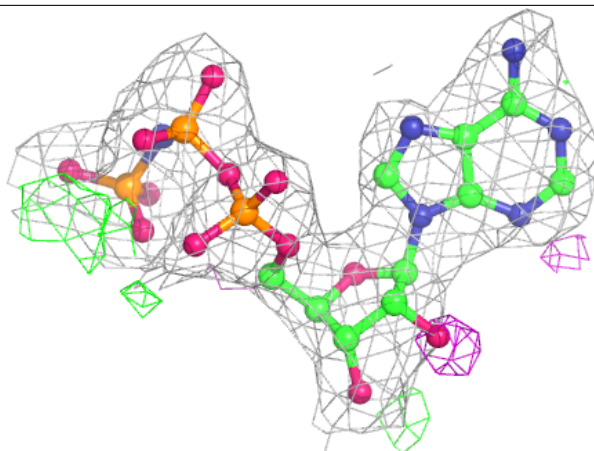
Electron density around UDP A 1002:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around ANP A 1001:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.