



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 10, 2021 – 07:32 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3DFQ  
Title : D33S mutant fructose-1,6-bisphosphate aldolase from rabbit muscle  
Authors : St-Jean, M.; Sygusch, J.  
Deposited on : 2008-06-12  
Resolution : 1.82 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.23.2
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.23.2

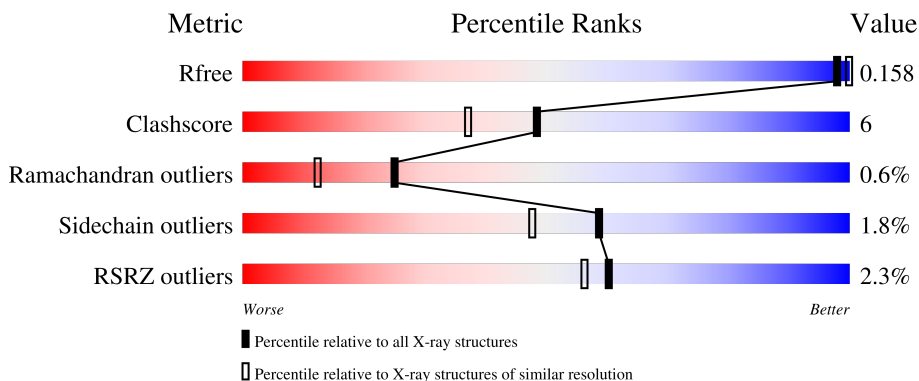
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.82 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	7484 (1.84-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	8401 (1.84-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	8290 (1.84-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	8290 (1.84-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7371 (1.84-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	363	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 1%, green 1%, green 83%, yellow 83%, yellow 96%, grey 96%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>%</span> <span>83%</span> <span>13%</span> <span>.</span> </div> </div>
1	B	363	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 1%, green 1%, green 85%, yellow 85%, yellow 96%, grey 96%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>%</span> <span>85%</span> <span>11%</span> <span>..</span> </div> </div>
1	C	363	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 2%, green 2%, green 83%, yellow 83%, yellow 97%, grey 97%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>2%</span> <span>83%</span> <span>14%</span> <span>.</span> </div> </div>
1	D	363	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 5%, green 5%, green 83%, yellow 83%, yellow 99%, grey 99%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>5%</span> <span>83%</span> <span>16%</span> <span>..</span> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13083 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	350	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			2680	1685	477	507	11			
1	B	350	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			2680	1685	477	507	11			
1	C	353	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			2698	1695	481	511	11			
1	D	361	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			2747	1726	489	521	11			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	33	SER	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P00883
B	33	SER	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P00883
C	33	SER	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P00883
D	33	SER	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P00883

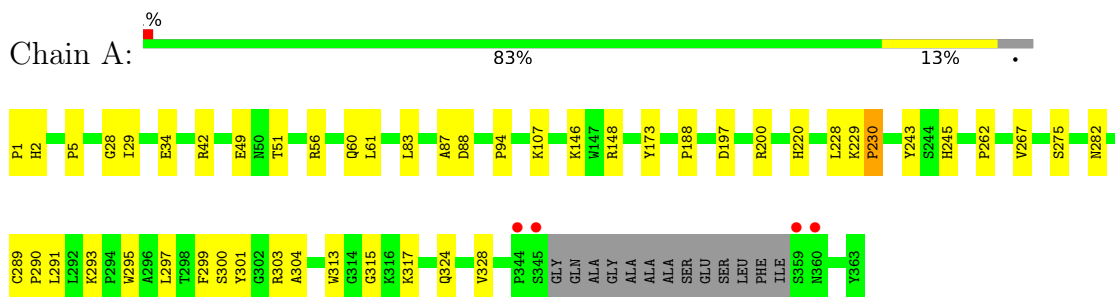
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	580	Total	O	0	3
			580	580		
2	B	552	Total	O	0	3
			552	552		
2	C	571	Total	O	0	3
			571	571		
2	D	575	Total	O	0	3
			575	575		

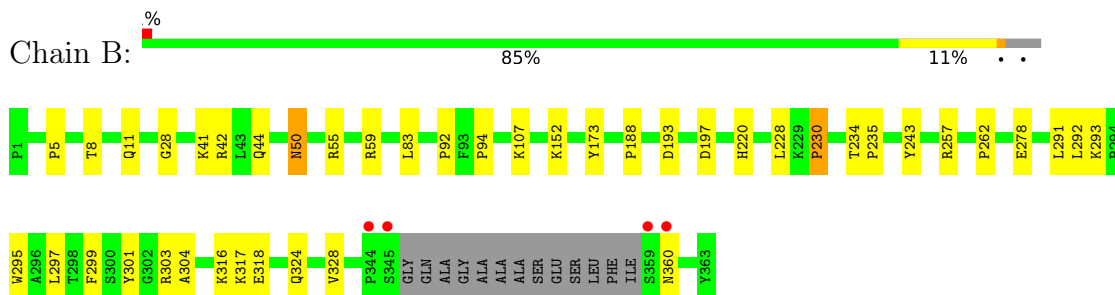
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

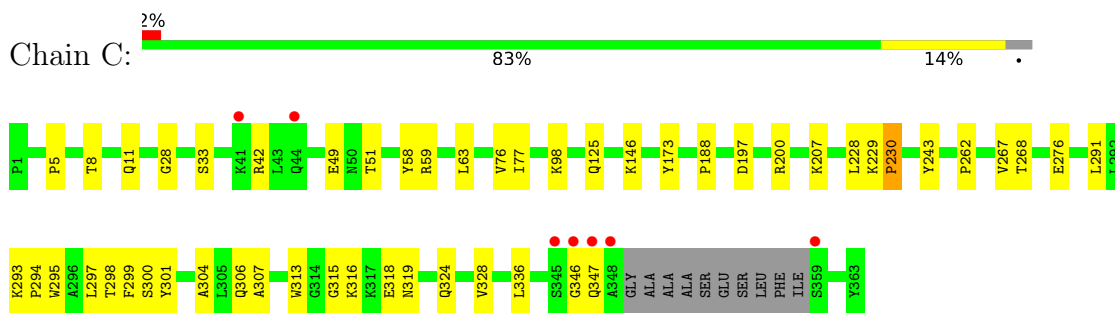
#### • Molecule 1: Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A



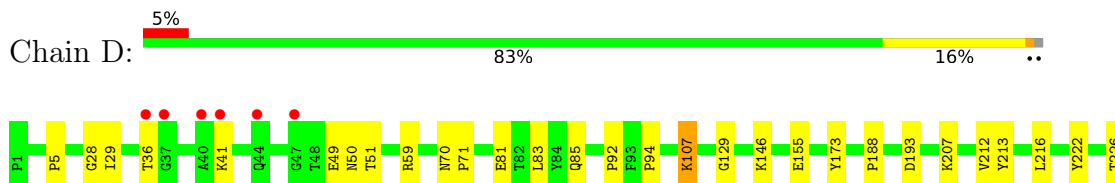
#### • Molecule 1: Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A

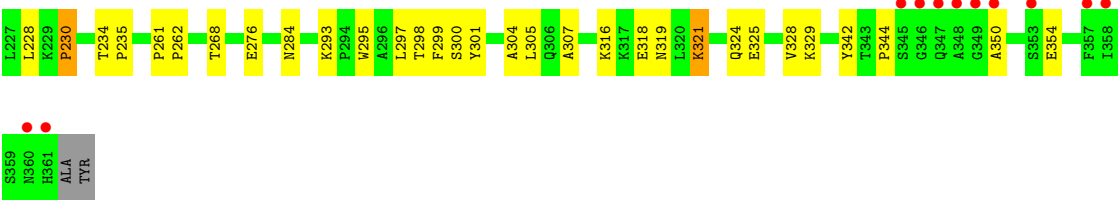


#### • Molecule 1: Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A



#### • Molecule 1: Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	83.85Å 103.72Å 84.82Å 90.00° 98.81° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.29 – 1.82 35.29 – 1.69	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.5 (35.29-1.82) 85.5 (35.29-1.69)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.32 (at 1.69Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.150 , 0.188 0.159 , 0.158	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	12462 reflections (8.68%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	14.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.419	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 59.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.017 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	13083	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.86% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.27	0/2732	0.57	0/3699
1	B	0.28	0/2732	0.57	0/3699
1	C	0.27	0/2750	0.56	0/3723
1	D	0.27	0/2800	0.55	0/3793
All	All	0.27	0/11014	0.56	0/14914

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	D	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	D	213	TYR	Sidechain

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2680	0	2707	36	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	2680	0	2707	30	0
1	C	2698	0	2723	35	0
1	D	2747	0	2775	38	0
2	A	580	0	0	3	0
2	B	552	0	0	6	0
2	C	571	0	0	4	0
2	D	575	0	0	4	0
All	All	13083	0	10912	130	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 130 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:8:THR:H	1:C:11:GLN:HE21	1.29	0.79
1:B:8:THR:H	1:B:11:GLN:HE21	1.29	0.77
1:A:60:GLN:NE2	1:A:88:ASP:H	1.87	0.72
1:C:125:GLN:HE22	1:D:129:GLY:H	1.38	0.71
1:D:284:ASN:ND2	1:D:342:TYR:H	1.89	0.70

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	347/363 (96%)	332 (96%)	13 (4%)	2 (1%)	25	12
1	B	347/363 (96%)	337 (97%)	8 (2%)	2 (1%)	25	12
1	C	350/363 (96%)	339 (97%)	9 (3%)	2 (1%)	25	12
1	D	360/363 (99%)	346 (96%)	11 (3%)	3 (1%)	19	7

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
All	All	1404/1452 (97%)	1354 (96%)	41 (3%)	9 (1%)	25	12

5 of 9 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	344	PRO
1	A	5	PRO
1	B	5	PRO
1	B	188	PRO
1	C	5	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	285/291 (98%)	282 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	67
1	B	285/291 (98%)	279 (98%)	6 (2%)	53	41
1	C	286/291 (98%)	281 (98%)	5 (2%)	60	50
1	D	291/291 (100%)	284 (98%)	7 (2%)	49	35
All	All	1147/1164 (98%)	1126 (98%)	21 (2%)	59	48

5 of 21 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	59	ARG
1	D	193	ASP
1	D	321	LYS
1	D	230	PRO
1	D	173	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 27 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	220	HIS
1	C	125	GLN
1	D	241	GLN
1	C	54	ASN
1	C	241	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	350/363 (96%)	-0.56	4 (1%) 80 78	7, 15, 35, 57	2 (0%)
1	B	350/363 (96%)	-0.52	4 (1%) 80 78	7, 15, 39, 60	2 (0%)
1	C	353/363 (97%)	-0.42	7 (1%) 65 61	8, 16, 41, 61	5 (1%)
1	D	361/363 (99%)	-0.19	17 (4%) 31 25	7, 17, 52, 93	1 (0%)
All	All	1414/1452 (97%)	-0.42	32 (2%) 60 56	7, 16, 42, 93	10 (0%)

The worst 5 of 32 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	361	HIS	9.7
1	D	345	SER	9.0
1	B	345	SER	8.9
1	D	347	GLN	8.6
1	A	359	SER	8.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.