



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 13, 2020 – 08:23 am BST

PDB ID : 1DLM
Title : STRUCTURE OF CATECHOL 1,2-DIOXYGENASE FROM ACINETO-
BACTER CALCOACETICUS NATIVE DATA
Authors : Vetting, M.W.; Ohlendorf, D.H.
Deposited on : 1999-12-11
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

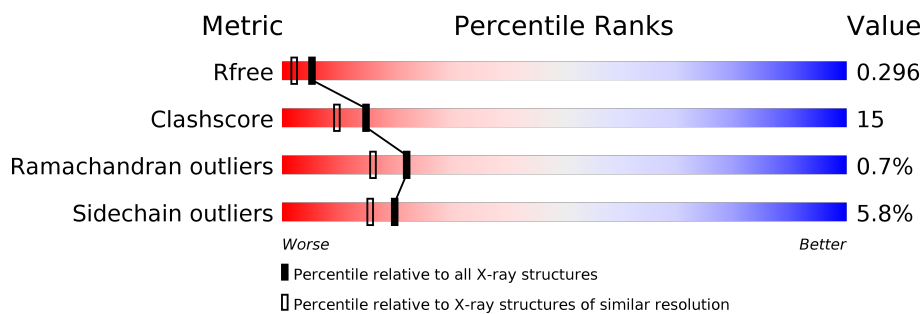
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	311	
1	B	311	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5085 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

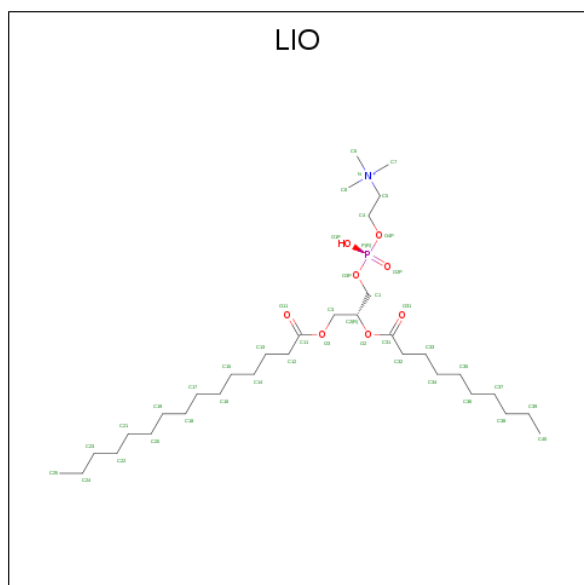
- Molecule 1 is a protein called CATECHOL 1,2-DIOXYGENASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	309	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2407	1509	423	469	6			
1	B	309	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2407	1509	423	469	6			

- Molecule 2 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		
2	A	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is [1-PENTADECANOYL-2-DECANOYL-GLYCEROL-3-YL]PHOSPHONYL CHOLINE (three-letter code: LIO) (formula: $C_{33}H_{67}NO_8P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			43	33	1	8	1		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			43	33	1	8	1		

- Molecule 4 is water.

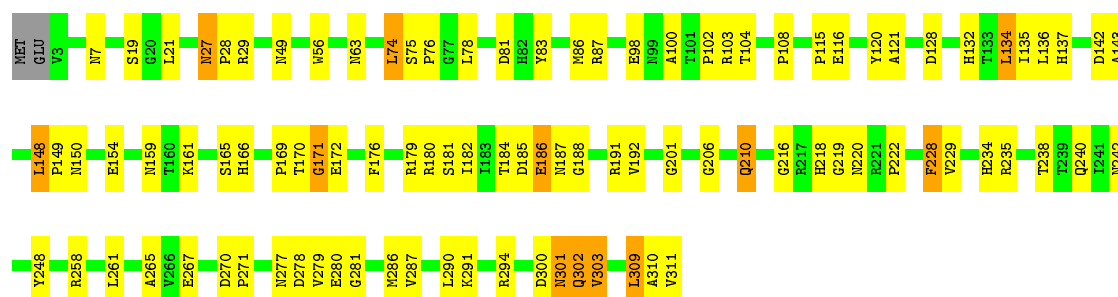
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	88	Total	O	0	0
			88	88		
4	B	95	Total	O	0	0
			95	95		

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

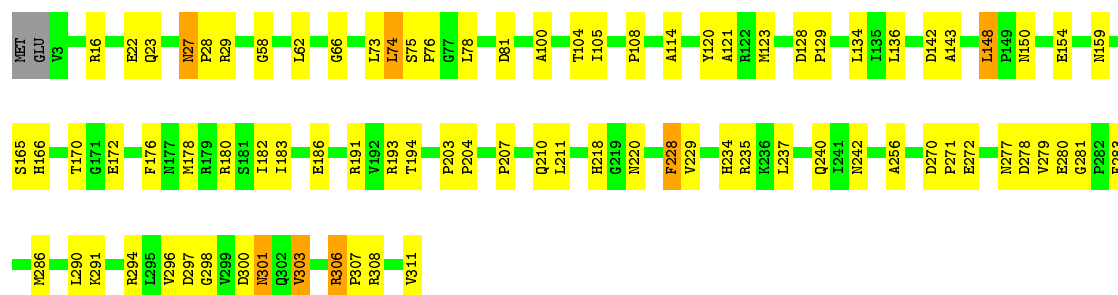
• Molecule 1: CATECHOL 1,2-DIOXYGENASE

Chain A: 



• Molecule 1: CATECHOL 1,2-DIOXYGENASE

Chain B: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	52.60Å 87.60Å 84.20Å 90.00° 96.30° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 2.00 44.89 – 1.88	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (20.00-2.00) 76.2 (44.89-1.88)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.04	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	0.66 (at 1.88Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.196 , 0.243 0.268 , 0.296	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4718 reflections (9.21%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.543	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 54.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	5085	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.71% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LIO, FE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.37	0/2463	0.67	0/3351
1	B	0.38	0/2463	0.68	0/3351
All	All	0.38	0/4926	0.68	0/6702

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2407	0	2299	76	1
1	B	2407	0	2299	73	1
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	43	0	66	0	0
3	B	43	0	66	0	0
4	A	88	0	0	2	0
4	B	95	0	0	4	0
All	All	5085	0	4730	146	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

All (146) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:170:THR:OG1	1:B:172:GLU:HG3	1.57	1.05
1:A:170:THR:O	1:A:172:GLU:HG3	1.60	0.99
1:A:235:ARG:HH11	1:A:301:ASN:HD21	1.22	0.88
1:B:301:ASN:HD22	1:B:301:ASN:H	1.25	0.85
1:B:235:ARG:HH11	1:B:301:ASN:HD21	1.25	0.84
1:B:170:THR:OG1	1:B:172:GLU:CG	2.26	0.83
1:B:306:ARG:HD3	4:B:552:HOH:O	1.82	0.80
1:B:170:THR:CB	1:B:172:GLU:HG3	2.14	0.77
1:A:218:HIS:HD2	1:A:220:ASN:H	1.30	0.77
1:B:218:HIS:HD2	1:B:220:ASN:H	1.34	0.76
1:A:229:VAL:HG21	1:A:290:LEU:HD22	1.67	0.74
1:A:103:ARG:HH21	1:A:302:GLN:HE21	1.34	0.73
1:A:206:GLY:O	1:A:210:GLN:HG2	1.89	0.73
1:B:301:ASN:HD22	1:B:301:ASN:N	1.86	0.72
1:B:74:LEU:HD22	1:B:78:LEU:HG	1.73	0.71
1:A:19:SER:HB2	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1.74	0.70
1:A:218:HIS:CD2	1:A:220:ASN:H	2.10	0.70
1:A:154:GLU:HB2	1:A:228:PHE:HB2	1.73	0.69
1:A:300:ASP:CG	1:A:303:VAL:HG22	2.14	0.67
1:B:277:ASN:O	1:B:279:VAL:N	2.27	0.67
1:B:218:HIS:CD2	1:B:220:ASN:H	2.12	0.67
1:A:143:ALA:H	1:A:234:HIS:HE1	1.41	0.66
1:A:277:ASN:O	1:A:279:VAL:N	2.28	0.66
1:A:279:VAL:HG12	1:A:281:GLY:H	1.59	0.66
1:A:74:LEU:HD22	1:A:78:LEU:HG	1.78	0.65
1:B:27:ASN:HD22	1:B:27:ASN:C	1.98	0.65
1:A:301:ASN:HD22	1:A:301:ASN:N	1.93	0.64
1:B:123:MET:HB3	1:B:180:ARG:HG3	1.80	0.63
1:A:128:ASP:OD2	1:A:159:ASN:HB2	1.99	0.63
1:B:154:GLU:HB2	1:B:228:PHE:HB2	1.80	0.62
1:B:300:ASP:CG	1:B:303:VAL:HG22	2.19	0.62
1:B:16:ARG:HD2	4:B:664:HOH:O	1.99	0.62
1:B:58:GLY:O	1:B:62:LEU:HD22	1.99	0.62
1:A:182:ILE:HD11	1:A:192:VAL:HG12	1.81	0.62
1:B:294:ARG:HG3	1:B:294:ARG:HH11	1.65	0.61
1:A:137:HIS:CE1	1:A:287:VAL:HG22	2.36	0.60
1:A:228:PHE:HE1	1:A:238:THR:HG1	1.50	0.60
1:B:142:ASP:HB3	1:B:148:LEU:HG	1.84	0.60
1:A:115:PRO:HG2	1:A:180:ARG:HD3	1.83	0.59
1:A:104:THR:HG21	1:A:240:GLN:HG2	1.83	0.59

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:301:ASN:HD22	1:A:301:ASN:H	1.51	0.59
1:B:165:SER:O	1:B:166:HIS:HB2	2.03	0.59
1:A:279:VAL:HG12	1:A:280:GLU:N	2.18	0.58
1:A:19:SER:CB	1:A:21:LEU:HD13	2.34	0.58
1:A:27:ASN:HD22	1:A:27:ASN:C	2.05	0.58
1:A:116:GLU:HB3	1:A:181:SER:HB2	1.87	0.57
1:B:270:ASP:OD2	1:B:272:GLU:HB2	2.03	0.57
1:A:102:PRO:HG2	1:A:261:LEU:HD21	1.89	0.55
1:B:306:ARG:HG2	1:B:307:PRO:CD	2.37	0.55
1:A:143:ALA:H	1:A:234:HIS:CE1	2.22	0.54
1:A:265:ALA:HA	1:A:286:MET:HG2	1.89	0.54
1:B:301:ASN:ND2	1:B:301:ASN:H	2.00	0.54
1:A:240:GLN:NE2	4:A:572:HOH:O	2.41	0.54
1:A:143:ALA:CB	1:A:294:ARG:HG3	2.38	0.54
1:B:104:THR:HG21	1:B:240:GLN:HG2	1.89	0.54
1:B:143:ALA:H	1:B:234:HIS:HE1	1.56	0.53
1:B:306:ARG:HG2	1:B:307:PRO:HD2	1.90	0.53
1:B:58:GLY:O	1:B:62:LEU:CD2	2.57	0.53
1:A:184:THR:HB	1:A:188:GLY:HA2	1.90	0.53
1:A:134:LEU:HD23	1:A:135:ILE:N	2.25	0.52
1:B:279:VAL:HG12	1:B:281:GLY:H	1.75	0.52
1:B:207:PRO:HA	1:B:210:GLN:HG2	1.91	0.52
1:B:186:GLU:H	1:B:186:GLU:CD	2.13	0.51
1:B:120:TYR:HA	1:B:191:ARG:O	2.10	0.51
1:A:115:PRO:HG2	1:A:180:ARG:CD	2.42	0.50
1:B:279:VAL:HG12	1:B:280:GLU:N	2.25	0.50
1:B:27:ASN:C	1:B:27:ASN:ND2	2.65	0.50
1:A:56:TRP:CG	1:B:306:ARG:HG3	2.47	0.49
1:A:27:ASN:HD22	1:A:28:PRO:N	2.10	0.49
1:A:120:TYR:CG	1:A:121:ALA:N	2.80	0.49
1:A:185:ASP:C	1:A:187:ASN:H	2.15	0.49
1:B:143:ALA:H	1:B:234:HIS:CE1	2.30	0.49
1:A:182:ILE:HD11	1:A:192:VAL:CG1	2.43	0.49
1:A:170:THR:O	1:A:171:GLY:C	2.52	0.48
1:A:186:GLU:CD	1:A:186:GLU:H	2.16	0.48
1:A:301:ASN:ND2	1:A:301:ASN:H	2.12	0.48
1:B:123:MET:HB3	1:B:180:ARG:CG	2.43	0.48
1:B:128:ASP:OD2	1:B:159:ASN:HB2	2.14	0.47
1:A:216:GLY:O	1:B:23:GLN:HG2	2.14	0.47
1:A:309:LEU:HD23	1:A:310:ALA:N	2.30	0.47
1:B:100:ALA:CB	1:B:291:LYS:HB3	2.45	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:301:ASN:N	1:A:301:ASN:ND2	2.62	0.46
1:A:311:VAL:HG12	1:A:311:VAL:OXT	2.14	0.46
1:B:193:ARG:NH2	1:B:280:GLU:OE1	2.38	0.46
1:A:182:ILE:CD1	1:A:192:VAL:CG1	2.94	0.46
1:B:134:LEU:HD12	1:B:194:THR:CG2	2.45	0.46
1:B:290:LEU:HD12	1:B:290:LEU:N	2.30	0.46
1:A:83:TYR:HA	1:A:86:MET:HE2	1.97	0.46
1:A:27:ASN:ND2	1:A:27:ASN:C	2.69	0.46
1:B:211:LEU:HD23	1:B:211:LEU:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:27:ASN:ND2	1:A:29:ARG:H	2.14	0.45
1:B:240:GLN:NE2	4:B:542:HOH:O	2.49	0.45
1:B:182:ILE:HD12	1:B:182:ILE:N	2.32	0.45
1:A:170:THR:O	1:A:172:GLU:CG	2.47	0.45
1:A:165:SER:O	1:A:166:HIS:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:B:100:ALA:HB3	1:B:291:LYS:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:A:185:ASP:O	1:A:187:ASN:N	2.50	0.44
1:B:120:TYR:CG	1:B:121:ALA:N	2.85	0.44
1:B:159:ASN:HB3	1:B:178:MET:HE1	1.99	0.44
1:A:279:VAL:CG1	1:A:280:GLU:N	2.80	0.43
1:B:150:ASN:HA	1:B:183:ILE:CG2	2.48	0.43
1:B:270:ASP:HA	1:B:271:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.43
1:B:73:LEU:O	1:B:76:PRO:HG2	2.18	0.43
1:B:311:VAL:HG12	1:B:311:VAL:OXT	2.17	0.43
1:A:120:TYR:HA	1:A:191:ARG:O	2.19	0.43
1:B:170:THR:HB	1:B:172:GLU:HG3	1.97	0.43
1:B:27:ASN:ND2	1:B:29:ARG:H	2.16	0.43
1:A:149:PRO:O	1:A:150:ASN:HB2	2.17	0.43
1:A:270:ASP:HA	1:A:271:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.43
1:B:75:SER:HB3	1:B:76:PRO:CD	2.48	0.43
1:B:235:ARG:HH11	1:B:301:ASN:ND2	2.05	0.43
1:B:280:GLU:CD	1:B:280:GLU:N	2.73	0.43
1:A:100:ALA:HB3	1:A:291:LYS:HB3	1.99	0.43
1:A:27:ASN:HA	1:A:28:PRO:HD2	1.86	0.43
1:B:128:ASP:HA	1:B:129:PRO:HD3	1.89	0.43
1:A:176:PHE:HA	1:A:179:ARG:HD2	2.01	0.42
1:B:134:LEU:HD21	1:B:286:MET:HG3	2.00	0.42
1:B:296:VAL:O	1:B:297:ASP:HB2	2.19	0.42
1:B:306:ARG:O	1:B:308:ARG:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:228:PHE:HD1	1:A:228:PHE:HA	1.72	0.42
1:B:203:PRO:HA	1:B:204:PRO:HD2	1.89	0.42
1:B:229:VAL:HG21	1:B:290:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:132:HIS:NE2	1:A:267:GLU:OE2	2.52	0.42
1:B:100:ALA:CB	1:B:291:LYS:HD3	2.50	0.42
1:B:105:ILE:HG12	1:B:256:ALA:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:B:123:MET:CG	1:B:194:THR:HB	2.50	0.42
1:A:222:PRO:HB3	1:A:248:TYR:C	2.40	0.42
1:A:137:HIS:O	1:A:287:VAL:HA	2.19	0.42
1:A:290:LEU:HD12	1:A:290:LEU:N	2.35	0.42
1:B:294:ARG:HG3	1:B:294:ARG:NH1	2.30	0.41
1:A:100:ALA:CB	1:A:291:LYS:HD3	2.49	0.41
1:A:142:ASP:HB3	1:A:148:LEU:HG	2.03	0.41
1:A:201:GLY:HA2	1:A:219:GLY:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:258:ARG:HB2	1:A:261:LEU:HD12	2.03	0.41
1:B:242:ASN:HB3	4:B:632:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:83:TYR:O	1:A:87:ARG:HG3	2.21	0.41
1:B:277:ASN:ND2	1:B:283:PHE:CZ	2.88	0.41
1:A:75:SER:HB3	1:A:76:PRO:CD	2.51	0.41
1:A:169:PRO:C	1:A:171:GLY:H	2.22	0.41
1:A:185:ASP:C	1:A:187:ASN:N	2.73	0.41
1:B:114:ALA:HA	1:B:176:PHE:CD1	2.56	0.41
1:B:27:ASN:HD22	1:B:28:PRO:N	2.18	0.41
1:A:218:HIS:CD2	1:A:220:ASN:HB2	2.56	0.40
1:A:63:ASN:HA	1:B:66:GLY:HA2	2.03	0.40
1:A:242:ASN:HB3	4:A:624:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:B:228:PHE:HD1	1:B:228:PHE:HA	1.80	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:120:TYR:OH	1:B:298:GLY:O[2_547]	2.18	0.02

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	307/311 (99%)	291 (95%)	13 (4%)	3 (1%)	15	9
1	B	307/311 (99%)	295 (96%)	11 (4%)	1 (0%)	41	37
All	All	614/622 (99%)	586 (95%)	24 (4%)	4 (1%)	22	16

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	278	ASP
1	B	278	ASP
1	A	171	GLY
1	A	186	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	252/254 (99%)	235 (93%)	17 (7%)	16	11
1	B	252/254 (99%)	240 (95%)	12 (5%)	25	22
All	All	504/508 (99%)	475 (94%)	29 (6%)	20	15

All (29) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	7	ASN
1	A	27	ASN
1	A	49	ASN
1	A	74	LEU
1	A	81	ASP
1	A	98	GLU
1	A	108	PRO
1	A	134	LEU
1	A	136	LEU
1	A	148	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	161	LYS
1	A	210	GLN
1	A	228	PHE
1	A	301	ASN
1	A	302	GLN
1	A	303	VAL
1	A	309	LEU
1	B	22	GLU
1	B	27	ASN
1	B	74	LEU
1	B	81	ASP
1	B	108	PRO
1	B	136	LEU
1	B	148	LEU
1	B	228	PHE
1	B	237	LEU
1	B	301	ASN
1	B	303	VAL
1	B	306	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (24) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	27	ASN
1	A	35	HIS
1	A	49	ASN
1	A	69	GLN
1	A	150	ASN
1	A	210	GLN
1	A	218	HIS
1	A	234	HIS
1	A	240	GLN
1	A	301	ASN
1	A	302	GLN
1	B	23	GLN
1	B	27	ASN
1	B	35	HIS
1	B	49	ASN
1	B	64	GLN
1	B	68	ASN
1	B	69	GLN
1	B	150	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	177	ASN
1	B	218	HIS
1	B	234	HIS
1	B	240	GLN
1	B	301	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	LIO	B	999	-	42,42,42	1.31	2 (4%)	48,50,50	1.56	6 (12%)
3	LIO	A	1999	-	42,42,42	1.33	2 (4%)	48,50,50	1.54	6 (12%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	LIO	B	999	-	-	26 / 46 / 46 / 46	-
3	LIO	A	1999	-	-	25 / 46 / 46 / 46	-

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	1999	LIO	O3-C11	5.24	1.48	1.33
3	B	999	LIO	O3-C11	5.06	1.48	1.33
3	A	1999	LIO	O2-C31	5.04	1.48	1.34
3	B	999	LIO	O2-C31	5.02	1.48	1.34

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	999	LIO	O2-C31-C32	5.46	123.26	111.50
3	A	1999	LIO	O2-C31-C32	5.45	123.25	111.50
3	A	1999	LIO	O3-C3-C2	5.03	123.09	108.43
3	B	999	LIO	O3-C3-C2	5.01	123.01	108.43
3	B	999	LIO	C2-O2-C31	3.24	125.76	117.79
3	A	1999	LIO	C2-O2-C31	3.10	125.42	117.79
3	A	1999	LIO	O2-C31-O31	-2.27	118.21	123.70
3	B	999	LIO	O2-C31-O31	-2.26	118.24	123.70
3	B	999	LIO	C3-C2-C1	-2.24	106.48	111.79
3	A	1999	LIO	C3-C2-C1	-2.23	106.52	111.79
3	B	999	LIO	O4P-C4-C5	2.19	120.69	109.16
3	A	1999	LIO	O4P-C4-C5	2.05	119.96	109.16

There are no chirality outliers.

All (51) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	B	999	LIO	C12-C11-O3-C3
3	B	999	LIO	O11-C11-O3-C3
3	B	999	LIO	C32-C31-O2-C2
3	B	999	LIO	O31-C31-O2-C2
3	A	1999	LIO	C12-C11-O3-C3
3	A	1999	LIO	O11-C11-O3-C3
3	A	1999	LIO	C32-C31-O2-C2
3	A	1999	LIO	O31-C31-O2-C2
3	B	999	LIO	C11-C12-C13-C14
3	A	1999	LIO	C11-C12-C13-C14
3	B	999	LIO	C31-C32-C33-C34

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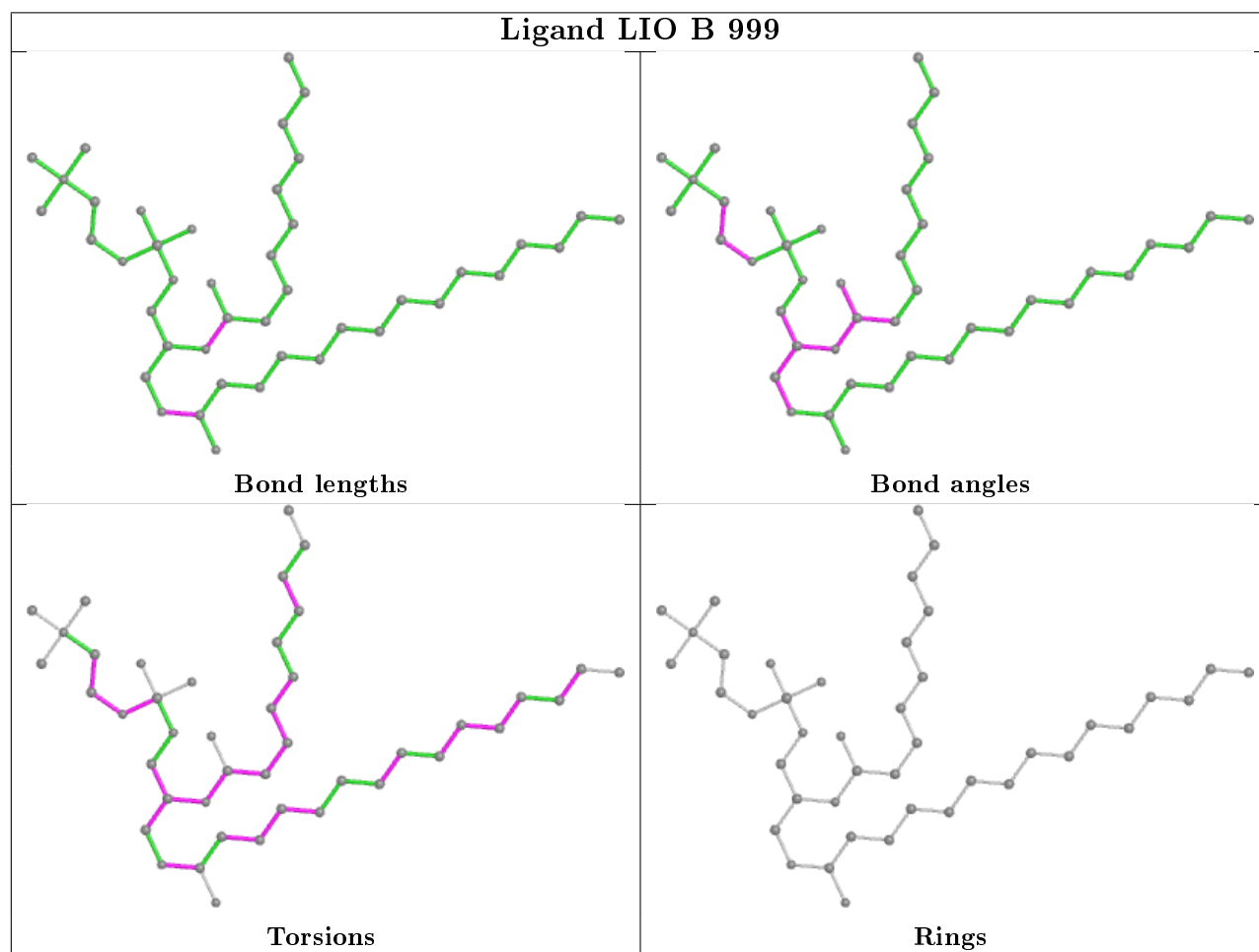
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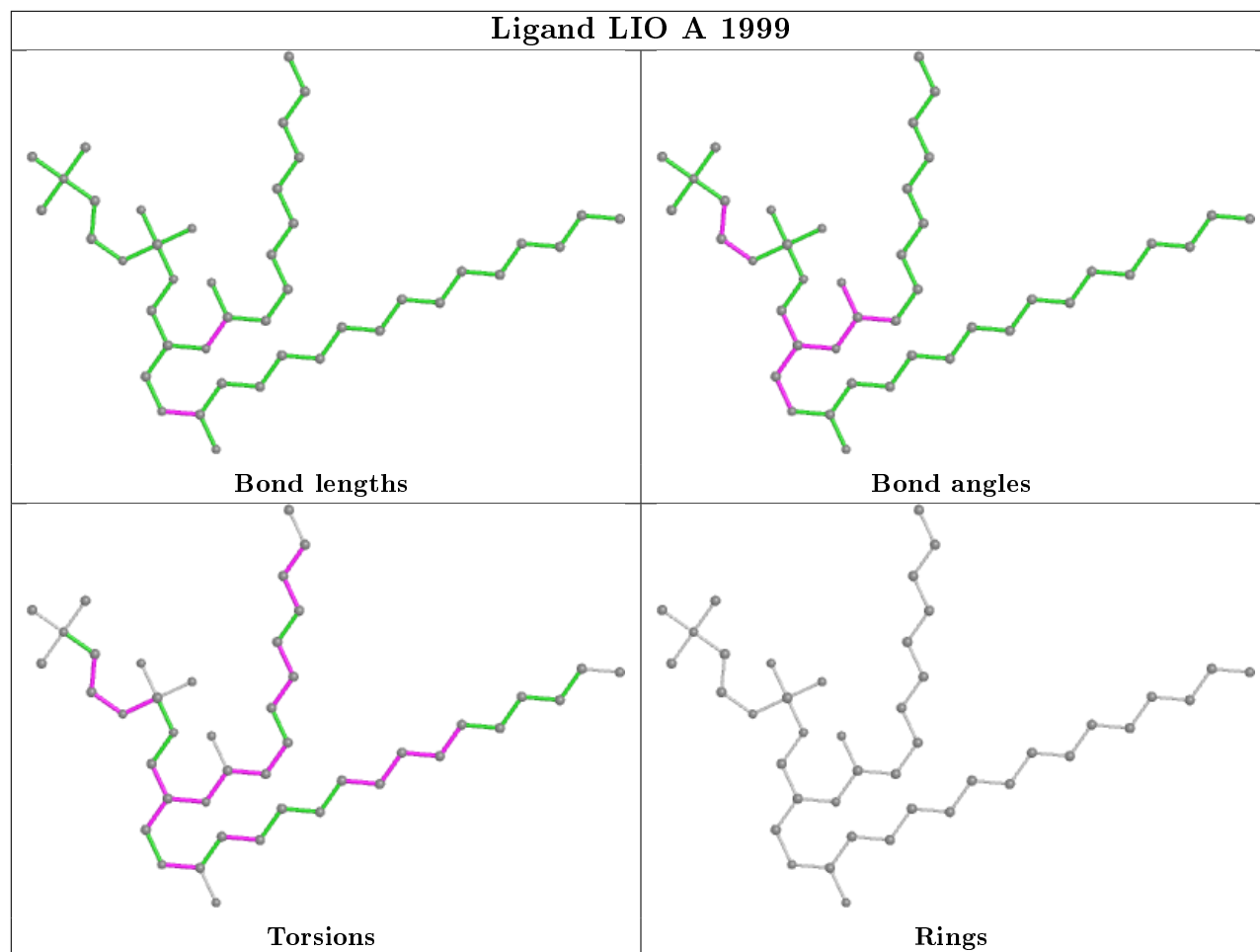
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1999	LIO	C36-C37-C38-C39
3	B	999	LIO	C13-C14-C15-C16
3	A	1999	LIO	C33-C34-C35-C36
3	B	999	LIO	C20-C21-C22-C23
3	B	999	LIO	C36-C37-C38-C39
3	B	999	LIO	C12-C13-C14-C15
3	A	1999	LIO	C34-C35-C36-C37
3	A	1999	LIO	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	A	1999	LIO	C18-C19-C20-C21
3	A	1999	LIO	C15-C16-C17-C18
3	A	1999	LIO	O3P-C1-C2-C3
3	B	999	LIO	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	B	999	LIO	C32-C33-C34-C35
3	B	999	LIO	O3P-C1-C2-O2
3	A	1999	LIO	O3P-C1-C2-O2
3	A	1999	LIO	C37-C38-C39-C40
3	B	999	LIO	C16-C17-C18-C19
3	B	999	LIO	C18-C19-C20-C21
3	B	999	LIO	O3P-C1-C2-C3
3	A	1999	LIO	C5-C4-O4P-P
3	B	999	LIO	O4P-C4-C5-N
3	A	1999	LIO	O4P-C4-C5-N
3	B	999	LIO	O2-C2-C3-O3
3	B	999	LIO	C19-C20-C21-C22
3	A	1999	LIO	O2-C2-C3-O3
3	B	999	LIO	C4-O4P-P-O3P
3	A	1999	LIO	C4-O4P-P-O3P
3	A	1999	LIO	C31-C32-C33-C34
3	A	1999	LIO	C17-C18-C19-C20
3	B	999	LIO	C33-C34-C35-C36
3	B	999	LIO	C1-C2-O2-C31
3	B	999	LIO	C3-C2-O2-C31
3	A	1999	LIO	C1-C2-O2-C31
3	A	1999	LIO	C3-C2-O2-C31
3	A	1999	LIO	C16-C17-C18-C19
3	B	999	LIO	C22-C23-C24-C25
3	B	999	LIO	C5-C4-O4P-P
3	A	1999	LIO	O2-C31-C32-C33
3	A	1999	LIO	O31-C31-C32-C33
3	B	999	LIO	O2-C31-C32-C33

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

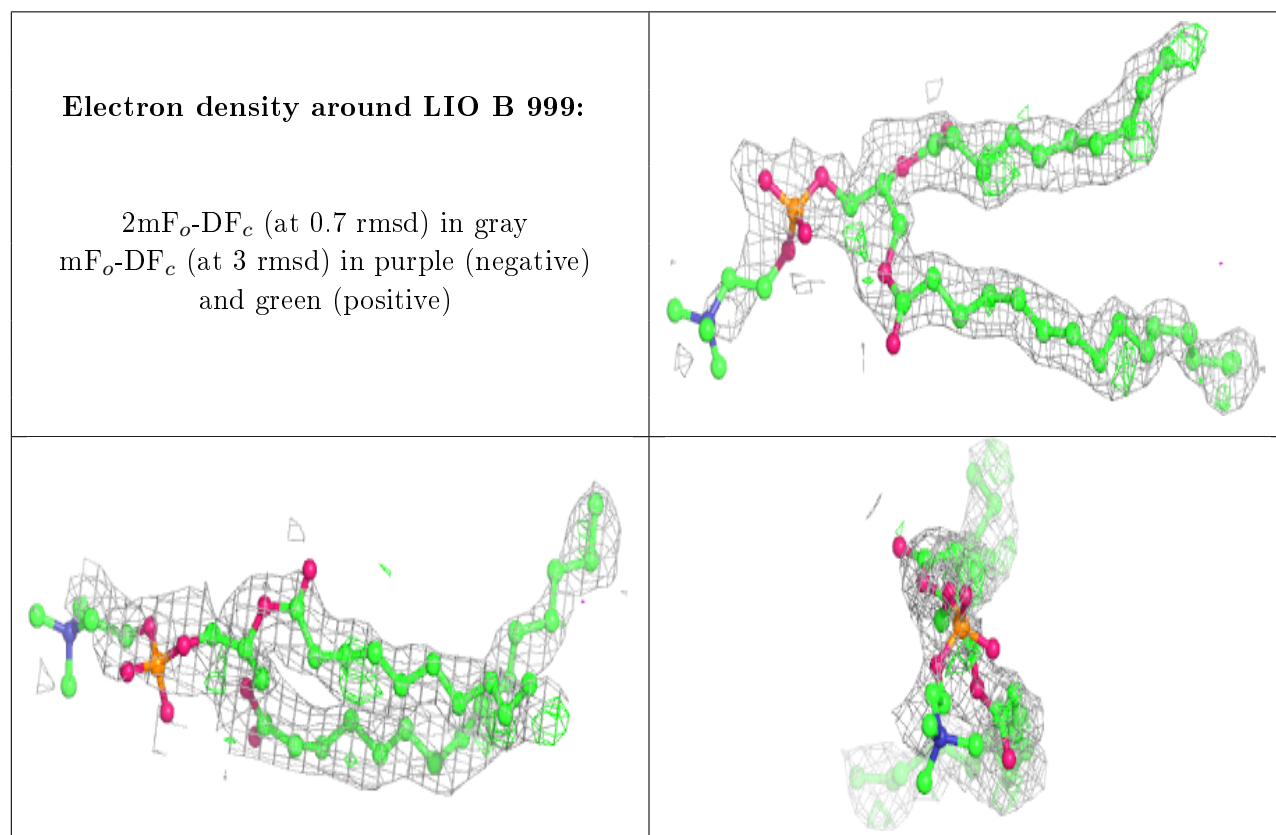
6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

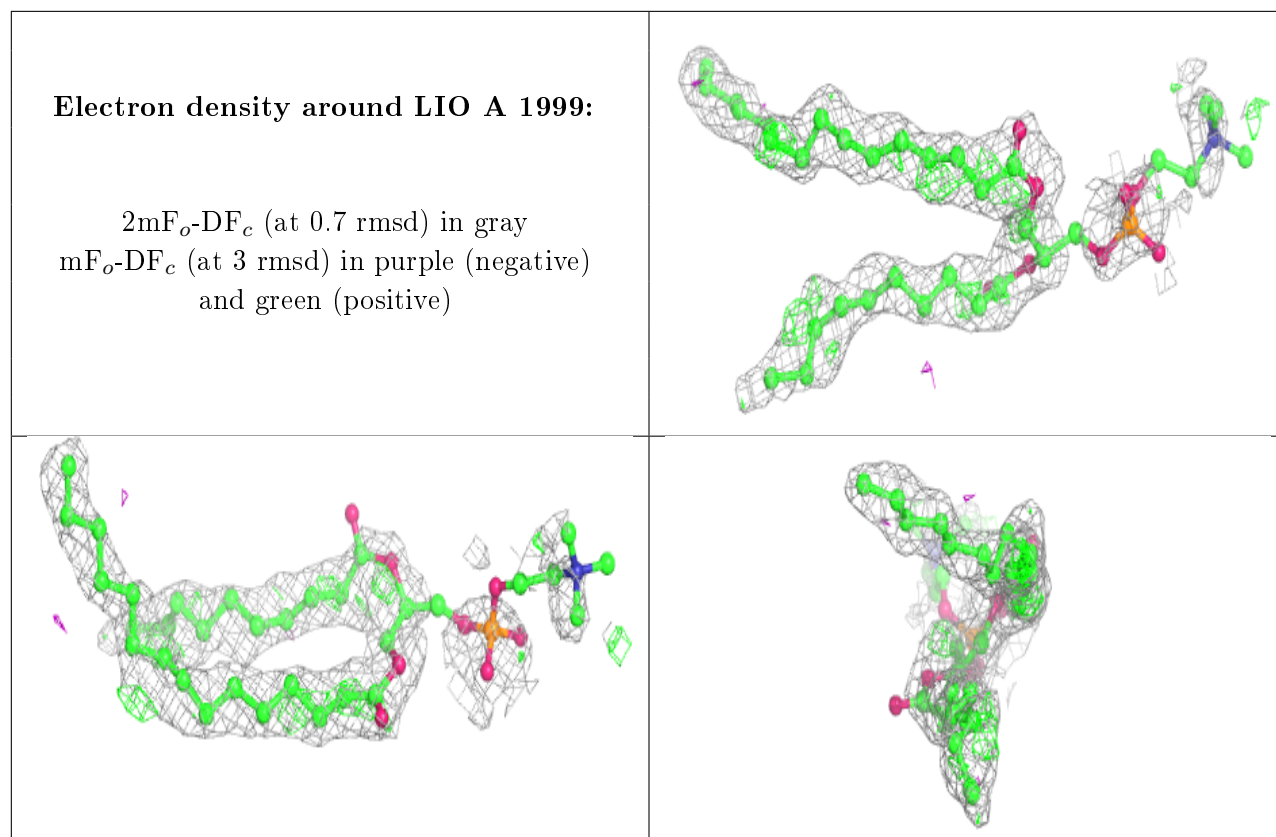
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.