



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 24, 2022 – 08:10 PM JST

PDB ID : 7E00  
Title : Trans-proline-hydroxylase H11 with Succinic and L-proline in the fourth reaction state.  
Authors : Gong, W.G.; Yang, L.Y.  
Deposited on : 2021-01-26  
Resolution : 1.92 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.26  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.26

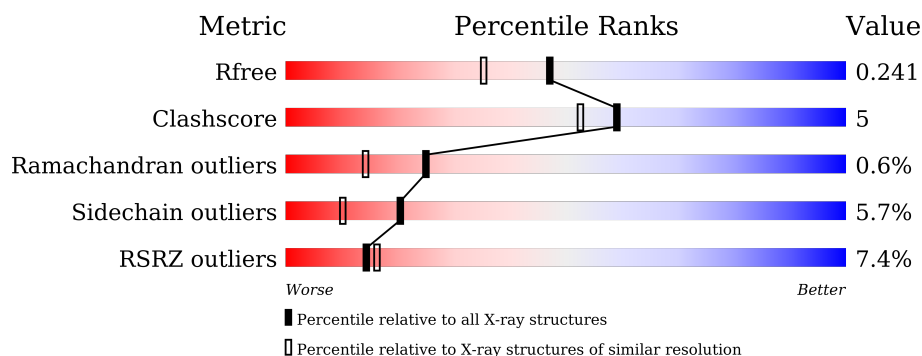
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.92 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	7937 (1.94-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	8644 (1.94-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	8530 (1.94-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	8530 (1.94-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7793 (1.94-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	268	<div> <div>9%</div> <div>84%</div> <div>10%</div> <div>• •</div> </div>
1	B	268	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>86%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>•</div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4452 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

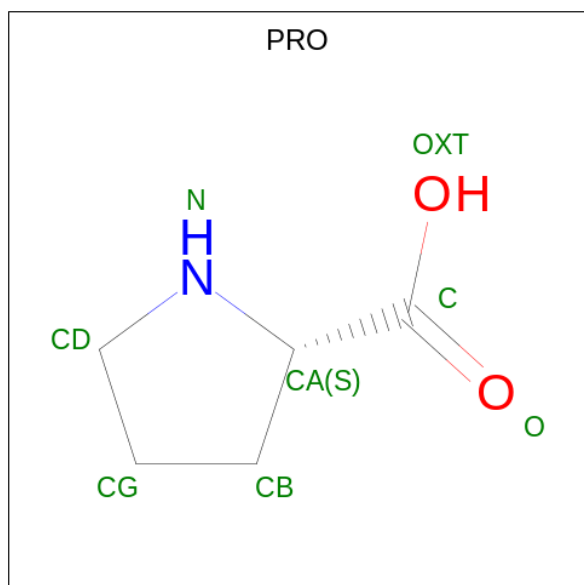
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Phytanoyl-CoA dioxygenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	262	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2042	1296	361	379	6			
1	B	268	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			2131	1350	382	393	6			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

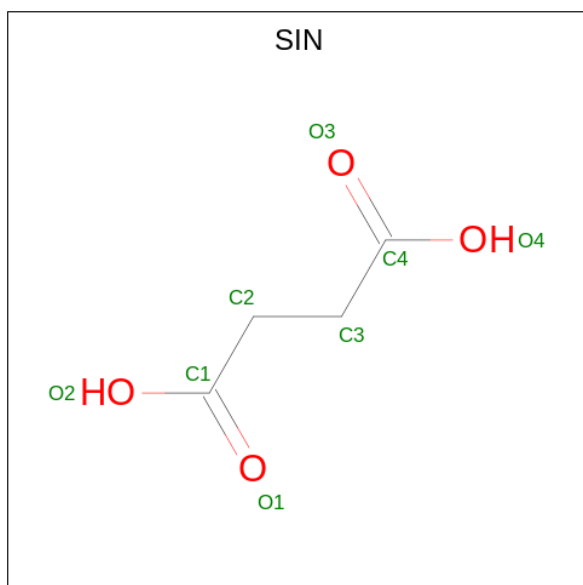
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP S5TUM1
A	0	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP S5TUM1
B	-1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP S5TUM1
B	0	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP S5TUM1

- Molecule 2 is PROLINE (three-letter code: PRO) (formula: C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



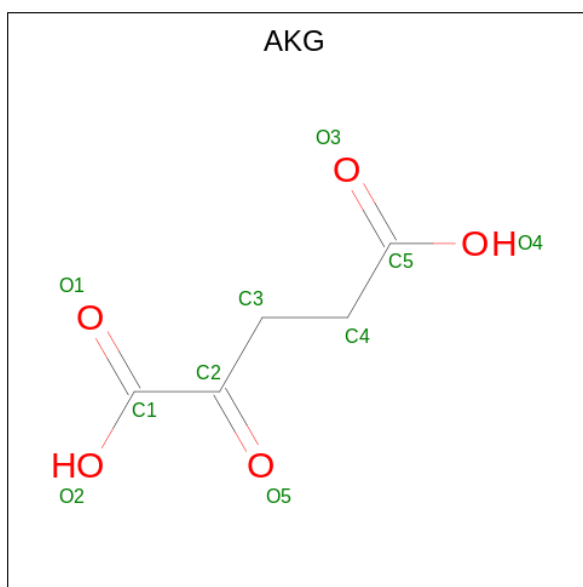
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			8	5	1	2		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			8	5	1	2		

- Molecule 3 is SUCCINIC ACID (three-letter code: SIN) (formula:  $C_4H_6O_4$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			8	4	4		
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			8	4	4		

- Molecule 4 is 2-OXOGLUTARIC ACID (three-letter code: AKG) (formula:  $C_5H_6O_5$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	5	5		

- Molecule 5 is OXYGEN ATOM (three-letter code: O) (formula: O) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		

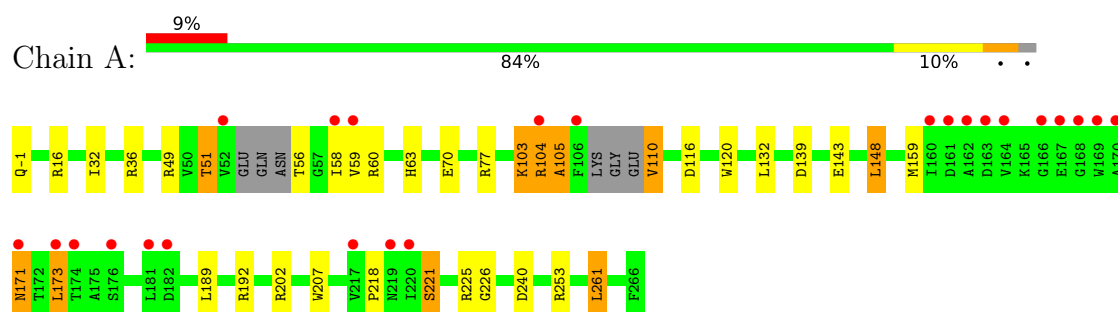
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	99	Total	O	0	0
			99	99		
6	B	137	Total	O	0	0
			137	137		

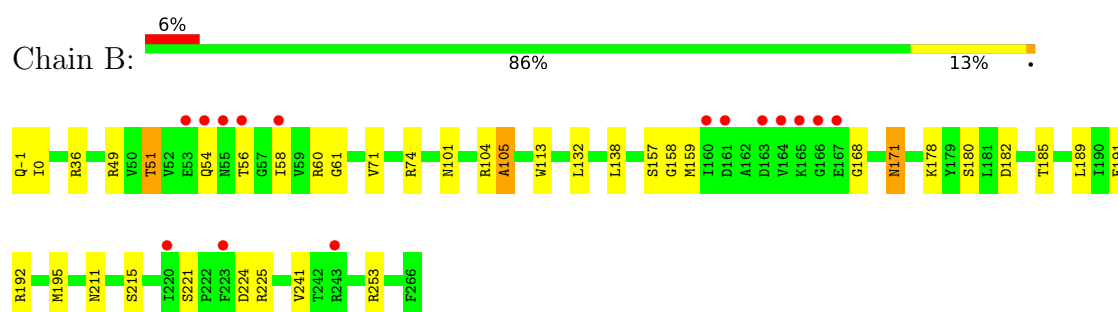
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: Phytanoyl-CoA dioxygenase



#### • Molecule 1: Phytanoyl-CoA dioxygenase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	106.37Å 106.37Å 143.92Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	85.54 – 1.92 85.54 – 1.92	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.2 (85.54-1.92) 99.2 (85.54-1.92)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.14	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.44 (at 1.91Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0135	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.195 , 0.230 0.207 , 0.241	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3115 reflections (4.90%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	31.3	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.004	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.37 , 45.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4452	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	39.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 27.48 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.1843e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: AKG, O, SIN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	1.06	2/2095 (0.1%)	1.12	8/2853 (0.3%)
1	B	1.05	0/2187	1.02	4/2974 (0.1%)
All	All	1.06	2/4282 (0.0%)	1.07	12/5827 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	253	ARG	CZ-NH1	7.12	1.42	1.33
1	A	207	TRP	CE3-CZ3	5.01	1.47	1.38

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	253	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-14.90	112.85	120.30
1	A	253	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	13.27	126.93	120.30
1	A	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.91	123.75	120.30
1	A	192	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.80	123.70	120.30
1	B	224	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.38	124.04	118.30
1	A	240	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-6.38	112.56	118.30
1	A	16	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.31	123.45	120.30
1	B	225	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.23	123.42	120.30
1	A	139	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.02	123.72	118.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	195	MET	CG-SD-CE	5.97	109.75	100.20
1	A	49	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.32	122.96	120.30
1	B	49	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.01	122.81	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	110	VAL	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2042	0	1949	21	0
1	B	2131	0	2055	18	0
2	A	8	0	7	0	0
2	B	8	0	7	0	0
3	A	8	0	4	1	0
3	B	8	0	4	1	0
4	A	10	0	4	2	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	99	0	0	0	0
6	B	137	0	0	4	0
All	All	4452	0	4030	39	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (39) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:58:ILE:HD11	1:A:104:ARG:HG3	1.41	1.01
1:A:58:ILE:HD13	1:A:104:ARG:HG2	1.52	0.92
1:A:58:ILE:CD1	1:A:104:ARG:CG	2.49	0.91

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:105:ALA:O	1:A:221:SER:O	1.93	0.86
1:A:58:ILE:CD1	1:A:104:ARG:HG3	2.08	0.84
1:A:58:ILE:HD13	1:A:104:ARG:CG	2.09	0.83
1:A:58:ILE:CD1	1:A:104:ARG:HG2	2.09	0.81
1:A:58:ILE:HD11	1:A:104:ARG:CG	2.09	0.81
1:B:51:THR:HG21	6:B:846:HOH:O	1.85	0.77
1:B:105:ALA:O	1:B:221:SER:O	2.03	0.77
1:A:63:HIS:CE1	1:A:173:LEU:HD13	2.23	0.74
1:B:191:GLU:CB	6:B:914:HOH:O	2.44	0.65
1:B:253:ARG:NH1	6:B:801:HOH:O	2.30	0.64
1:A:171:ASN:HD22	1:A:171:ASN:H	1.47	0.62
1:B:36[B]:ARG:NH2	1:B:138:LEU:O	2.32	0.57
1:B:171:ASN:HD22	1:B:171:ASN:H	1.50	0.57
1:A:51:THR:HG22	1:A:60:ARG:HB3	1.87	0.56
1:B:132:LEU:C	1:B:132:LEU:HD12	2.29	0.53
1:A:132:LEU:C	1:A:132:LEU:HD12	2.29	0.52
1:A:51:THR:OG1	1:A:173:LEU:HD12	2.11	0.51
1:B:158:GLY:C	1:B:211:ASN:HD21	2.15	0.50
1:B:51:THR:HG23	1:B:60:ARG:HB3	1.94	0.49
1:B:101:ASN:ND2	3:B:702:SIN:H22	2.28	0.49
1:A:110:VAL:HG22	1:A:218:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.49
1:B:56:THR:HG23	1:B:58:ILE:HG22	1.96	0.48
1:B:113:TRP:CD2	1:B:215:SER:HB2	2.49	0.48
1:B:51:THR:HG22	1:B:61:GLY:N	2.30	0.46
1:A:148:LEU:HD11	3:A:602:SIN:C4	2.47	0.45
1:B:171:ASN:HD22	1:B:171:ASN:N	2.15	0.45
1:A:226:GLY:HA3	4:A:603:AKG:C4	2.46	0.45
1:B:182:ASP:HB3	1:B:185:THR:OG1	2.17	0.44
1:A:77:ARG:HB2	1:A:261:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.43
1:A:226:GLY:HA3	4:A:603:AKG:H42	2.02	0.42
1:B:71:VAL:HG22	1:B:74[B]:ARG:HH22	1.85	0.42
1:A:103:LYS:HB3	1:A:225:ARG:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:116:ASP:HB3	1:A:120:TRP:CH2	2.55	0.41
1:B:168:GLY:O	1:B:178:LYS:NZ	2.48	0.41
1:B:0:ILE:HG23	6:B:809:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:32:ILE:HG21	1:A:202:ARG:HG3	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	256/268 (96%)	248 (97%)	6 (2%)	2 (1%)	19	9
1	B	268/268 (100%)	260 (97%)	7 (3%)	1 (0%)	34	24
All	All	524/536 (98%)	508 (97%)	13 (2%)	3 (1%)	25	14

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	105	ALA
1	A	59	VAL
1	B	105	ALA

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	212/225 (94%)	198 (93%)	14 (7%)	16	7
1	B	223/225 (99%)	212 (95%)	11 (5%)	25	14
All	All	435/450 (97%)	410 (94%)	25 (6%)	20	10

All (25) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	-1	GLN
1	A	51	THR
1	A	56	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	70	GLU
1	A	103	LYS
1	A	104	ARG
1	A	143	GLU
1	A	148	LEU
1	A	159	MET
1	A	171	ASN
1	A	173	LEU
1	A	189	LEU
1	A	221	SER
1	A	261	LEU
1	B	-1	GLN
1	B	51	THR
1	B	54	GLN
1	B	104	ARG
1	B	157	SER
1	B	159	MET
1	B	171	ASN
1	B	180	SER
1	B	189	LEU
1	B	192	ARG
1	B	241	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	-1	GLN
1	A	171	ASN
1	A	219	ASN
1	B	-1	GLN
1	B	54	GLN
1	B	101	ASN
1	B	171	ASN
1	B	211	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	AKG	A	603	-	3,9,9	1.76	1 (33%)	4,11,11	2.08	2 (50%)
3	SIN	B	702	-	1,7,7	0.10	0	2,8,8	2.91	2 (100%)
3	SIN	A	602	-	1,7,7	0.15	0	2,8,8	1.26	0
2	PRO	B	701	-	5,8,8	0.46	0	6,10,10	0.85	0
2	PRO	A	601	-	5,8,8	0.60	0	6,10,10	1.00	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	AKG	A	603	-	-	0/3/9/9	-
3	SIN	B	702	-	-	1/1/5/5	-
3	SIN	A	602	-	-	1/1/5/5	-
2	PRO	B	701	-	-	0/0/11/11	0/1/1/1
2	PRO	A	601	-	-	0/0/11/11	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	603	AKG	O5-C2	2.80	1.26	1.22

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	702	SIN	C2-C3-C4	-3.24	107.23	112.67
4	A	603	AKG	C3-C2-C1	-3.20	113.36	121.32
3	B	702	SIN	C3-C2-C1	2.53	116.92	112.67
4	A	603	AKG	C4-C3-C2	-2.15	108.51	113.14

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

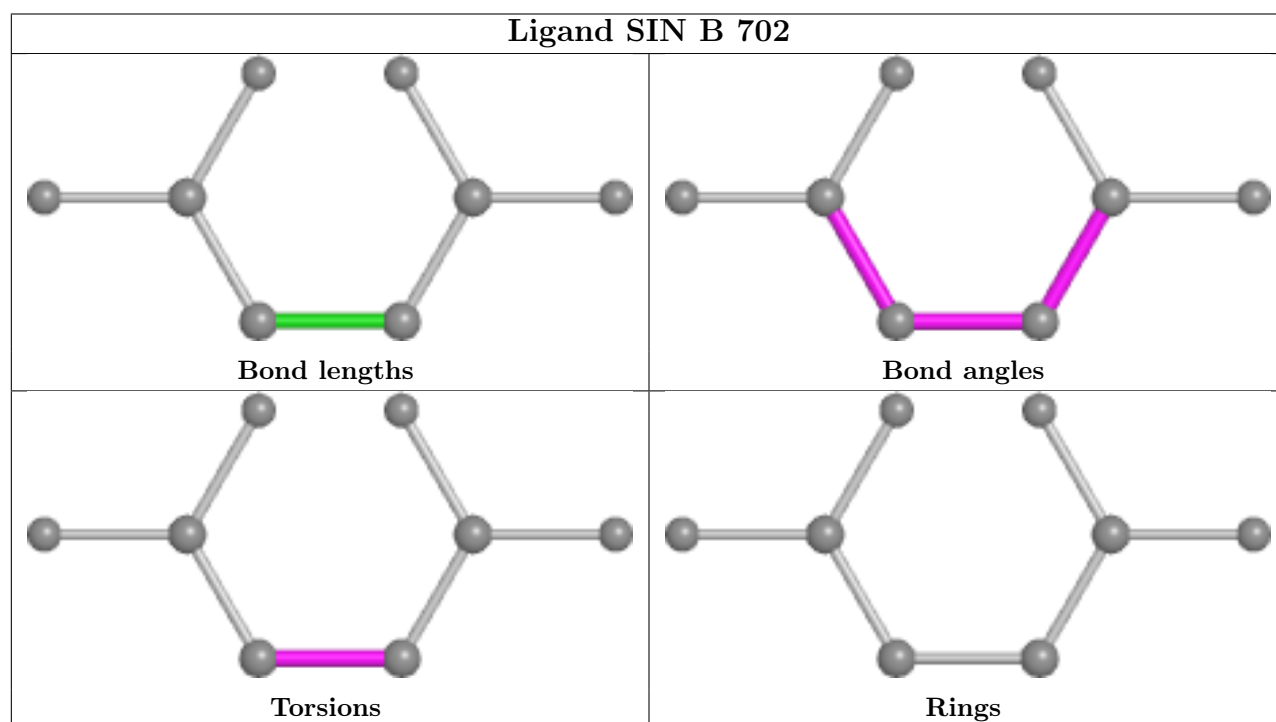
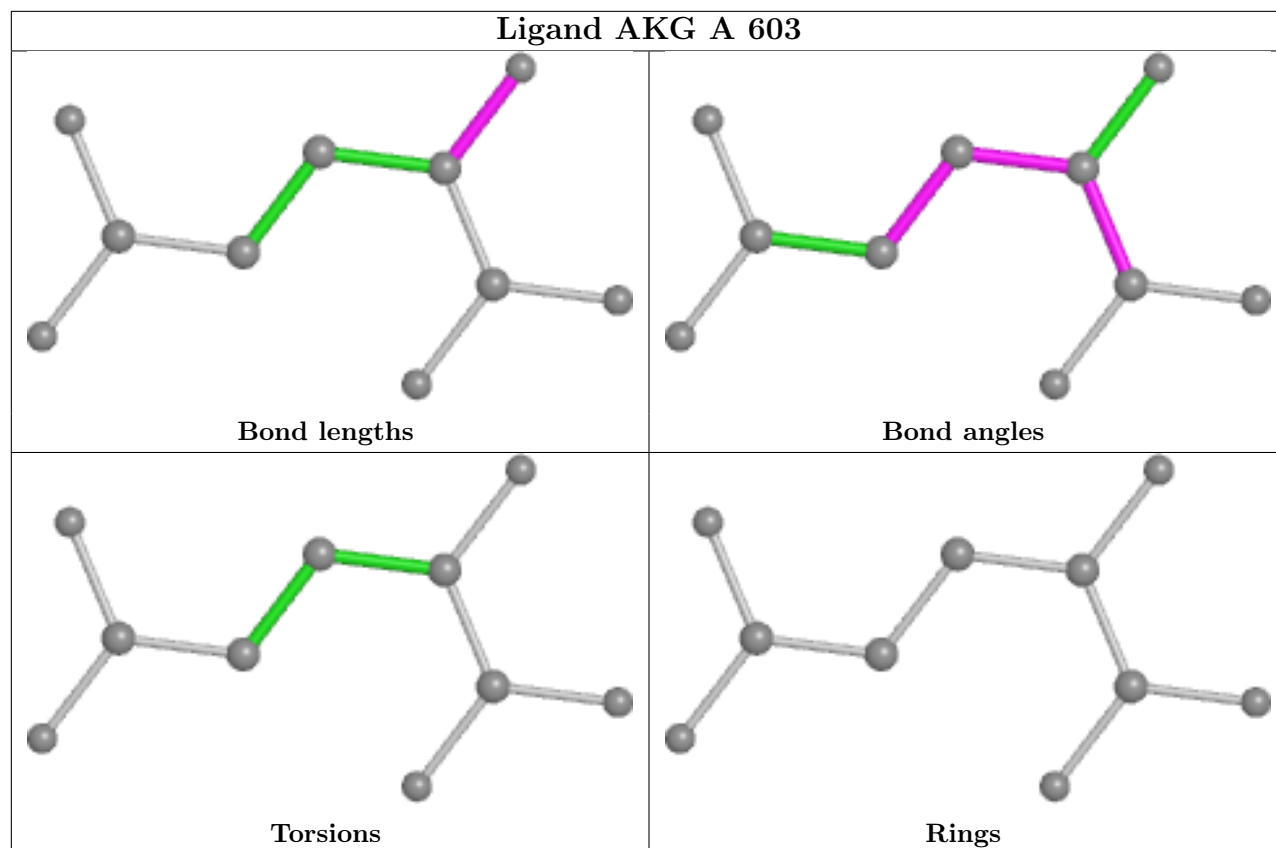
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	602	SIN	C1-C2-C3-C4
3	B	702	SIN	C1-C2-C3-C4

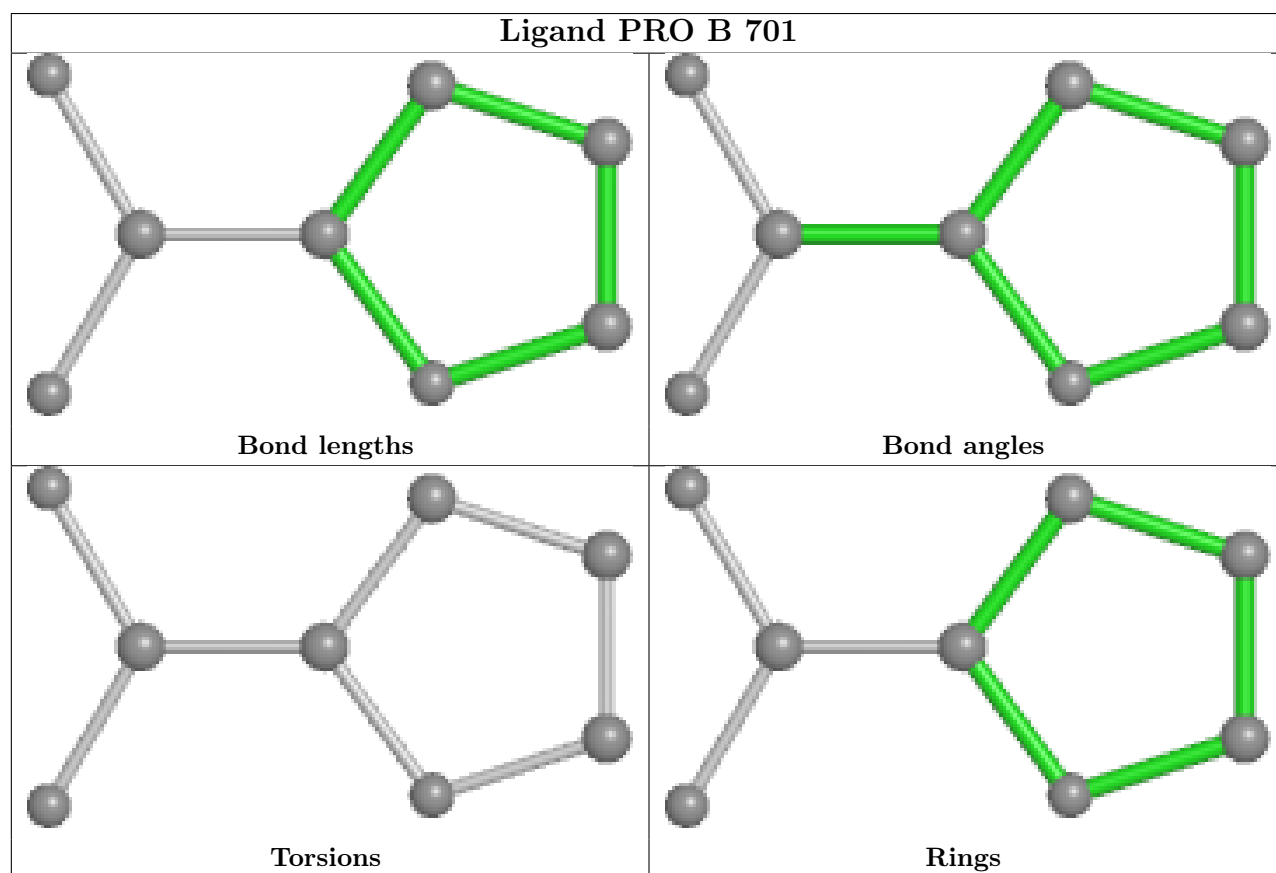
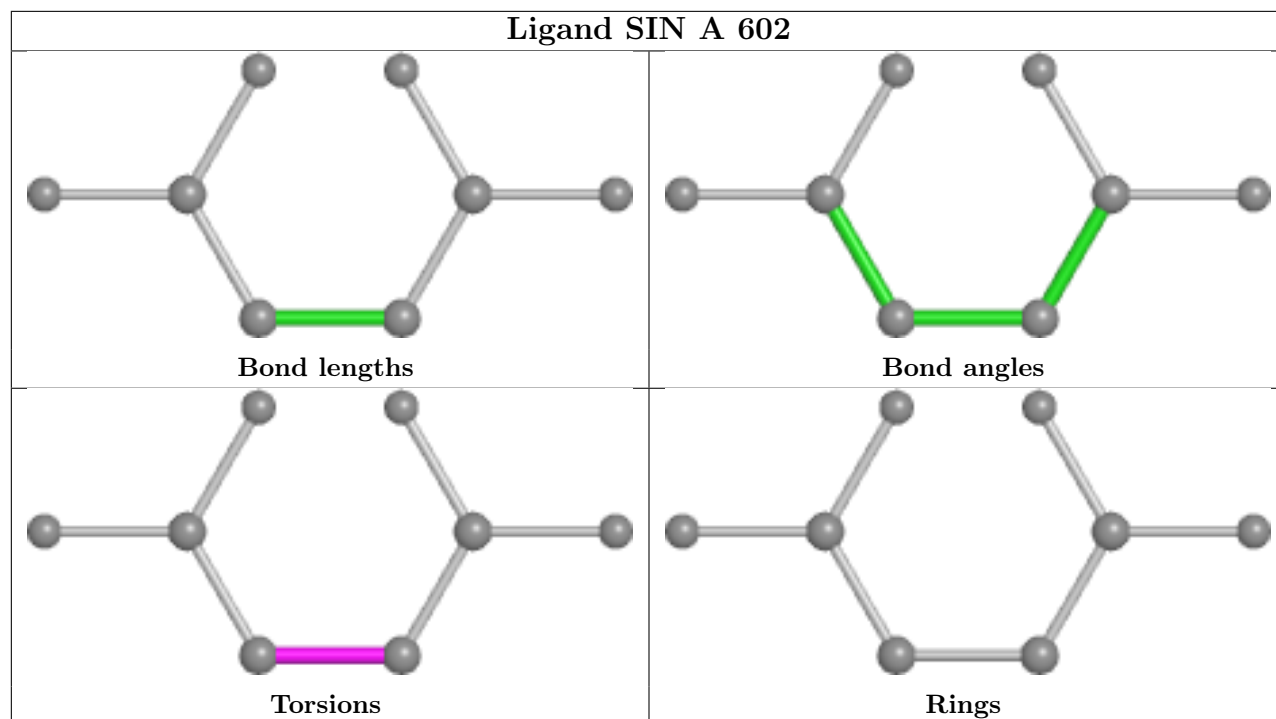
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

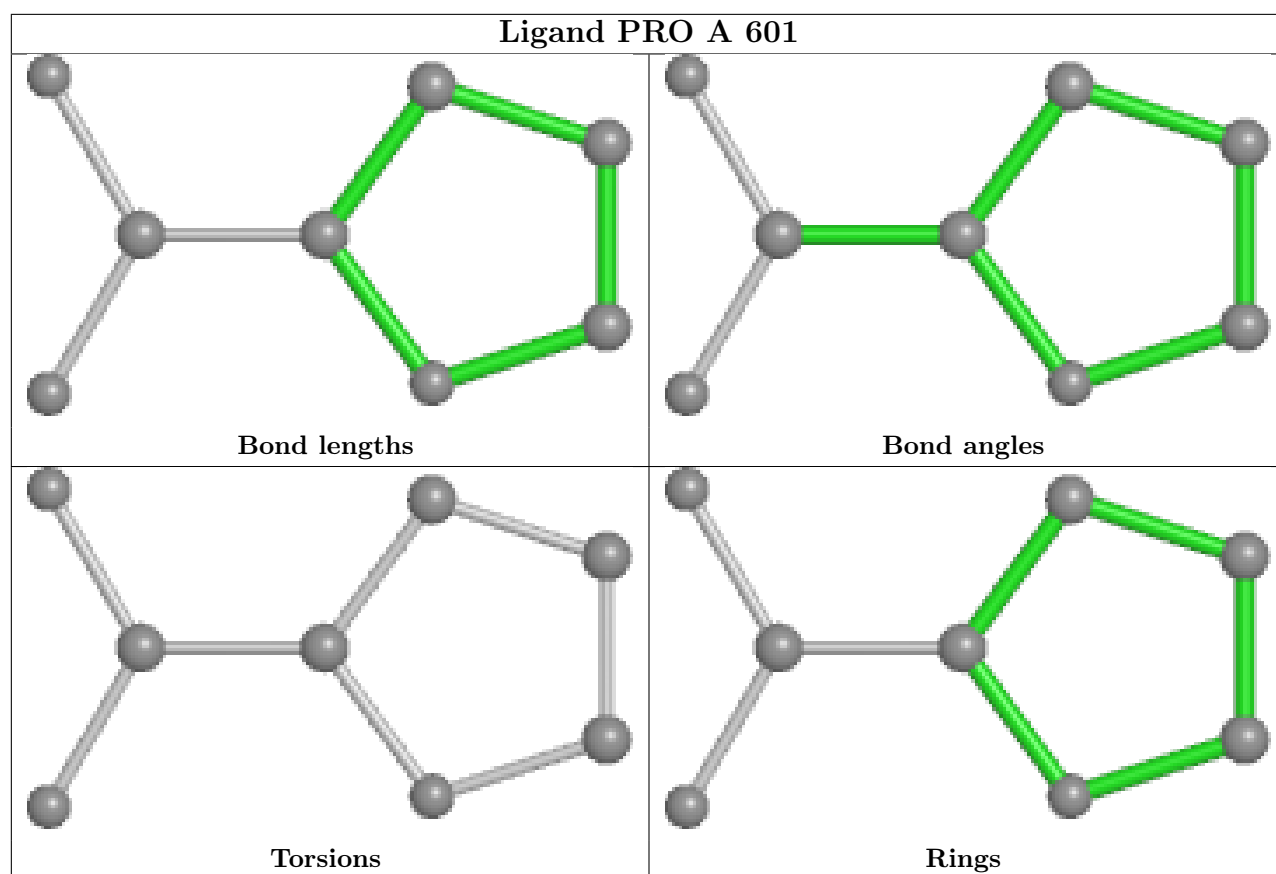
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	603	AKG	2	0
3	B	702	SIN	1	0
3	A	602	SIN	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	262/268 (97%)	0.62	24 (9%) <b>9</b> <b>10</b>	20, 36, 71, 100	0
1	B	268/268 (100%)	0.49	15 (5%) <b>24</b> <b>27</b>	21, 33, 68, 94	0
All	All	530/536 (98%)	0.56	39 (7%) <b>14</b> <b>16</b>	20, 35, 70, 100	0

All (39) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	54	GLN	6.7
1	B	161	ASP	4.8
1	A	167	GLU	4.5
1	B	167	GLU	4.4
1	A	58	ILE	4.3
1	A	164	VAL	4.1
1	A	163	ASP	3.8
1	A	170	ALA	3.4
1	A	168	GLY	3.3
1	A	174	THR	3.2
1	A	162	ALA	3.1
1	A	173	LEU	3.1
1	B	56	THR	3.1
1	B	220	ILE	3.1
1	B	55	ASN	3.0
1	B	160	ILE	3.0
1	A	104	ARG	3.0
1	A	161	ASP	2.9
1	A	217	VAL	2.9
1	B	164	VAL	2.8
1	A	220	ILE	2.7
1	A	166	GLY	2.7
1	A	181	LEU	2.7
1	B	163	ASP	2.6

*Continued on next page...*

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	166	GLY	2.6
1	A	219	ASN	2.5
1	A	182	ASP	2.3
1	A	52	VAL	2.2
1	A	169	TRP	2.2
1	B	223	PHE	2.2
1	B	53	GLU	2.2
1	A	176	SER	2.1
1	A	59	VAL	2.1
1	B	165	LYS	2.1
1	B	58	ILE	2.1
1	B	243	ARG	2.0
1	A	171	ASN	2.0
1	A	160	ILE	2.0
1	A	106	PHE	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

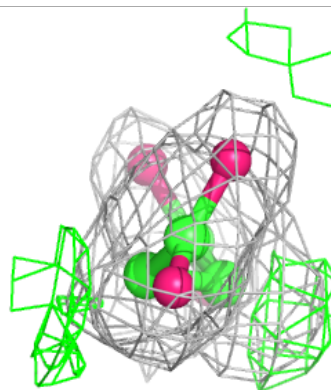
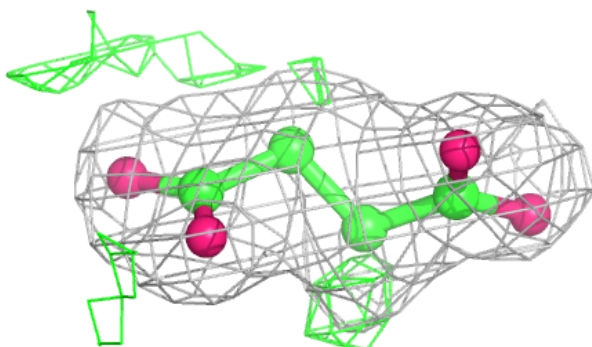
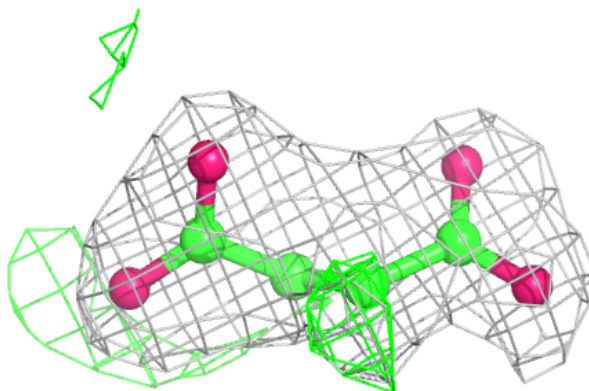
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	SIN	A	602	8/8	0.65	0.16	58,63,72,74	0
4	AKG	A	603	10/10	0.67	0.40	59,67,75,78	0
3	SIN	B	702	8/8	0.74	0.17	58,62,67,69	0
5	O	B	703	1/1	0.90	0.19	42,42,42,42	0
2	PRO	A	601	8/8	0.93	0.16	34,62,64,65	0
2	PRO	B	701	8/8	0.96	0.13	39,44,46,47	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all

instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

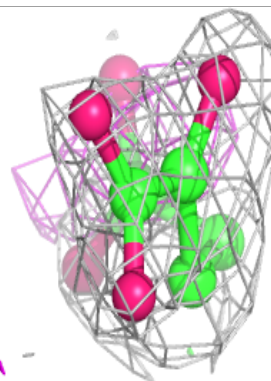
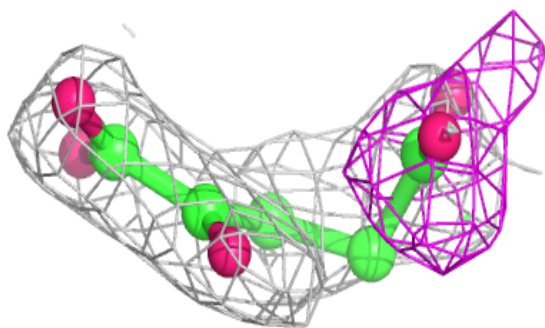
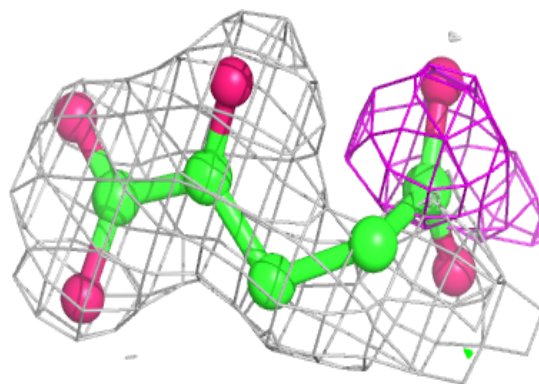
**Electron density around SIN A 602:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

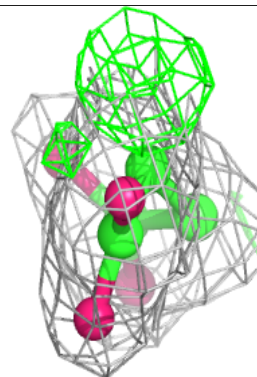
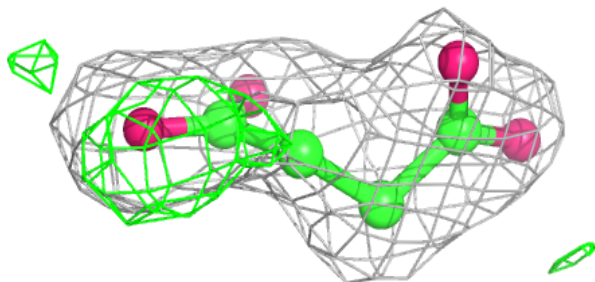
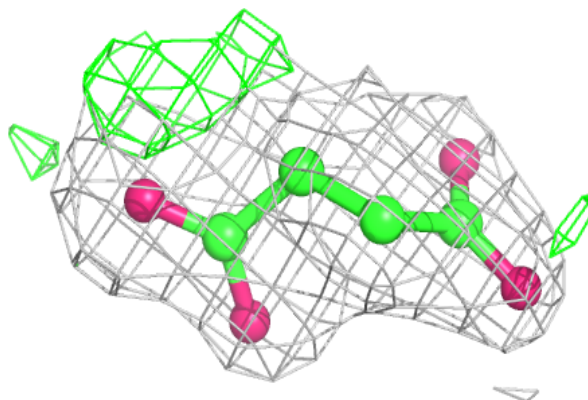


**Electron density around AKG A 603:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

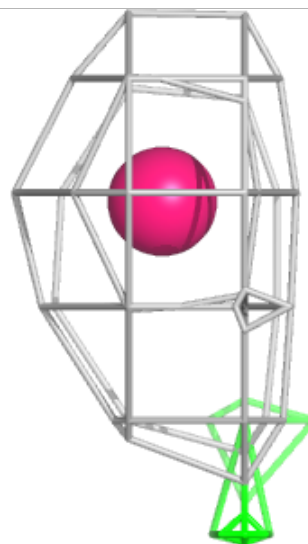
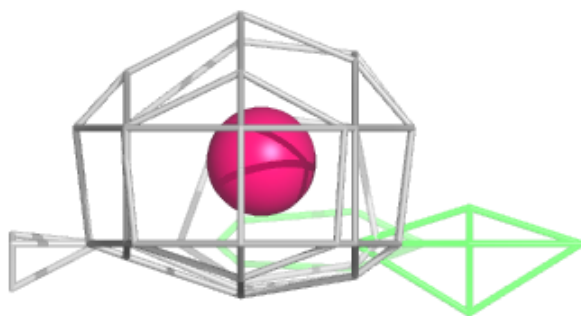
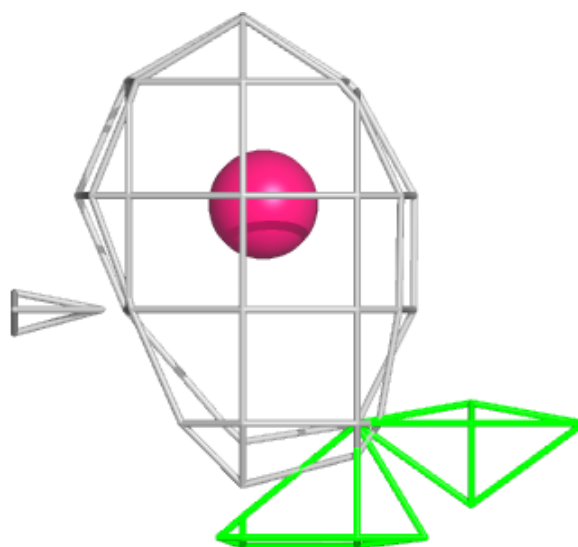
**Electron density around SIN B 702:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



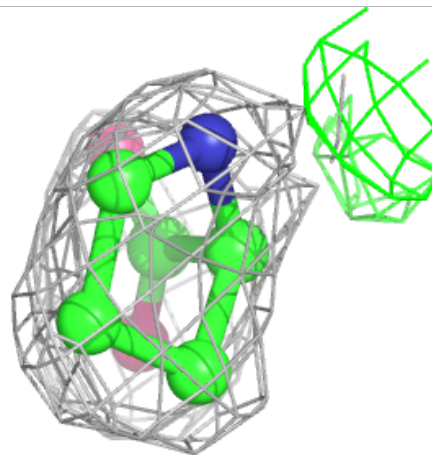
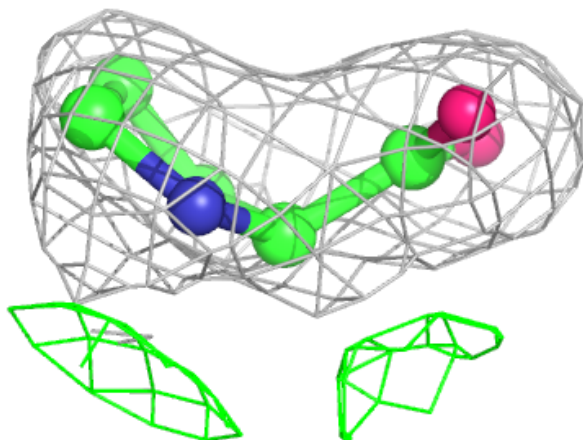
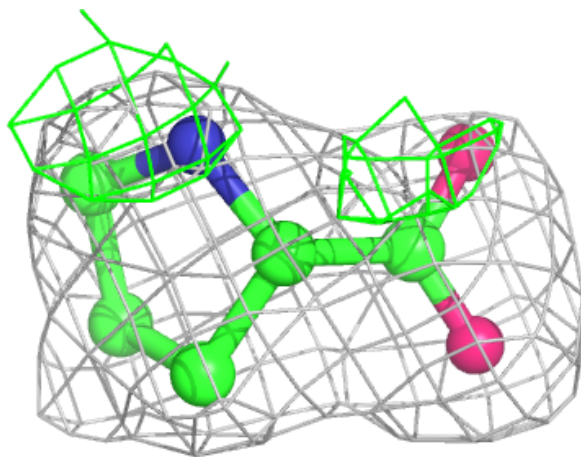
**Electron density around O B 703:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

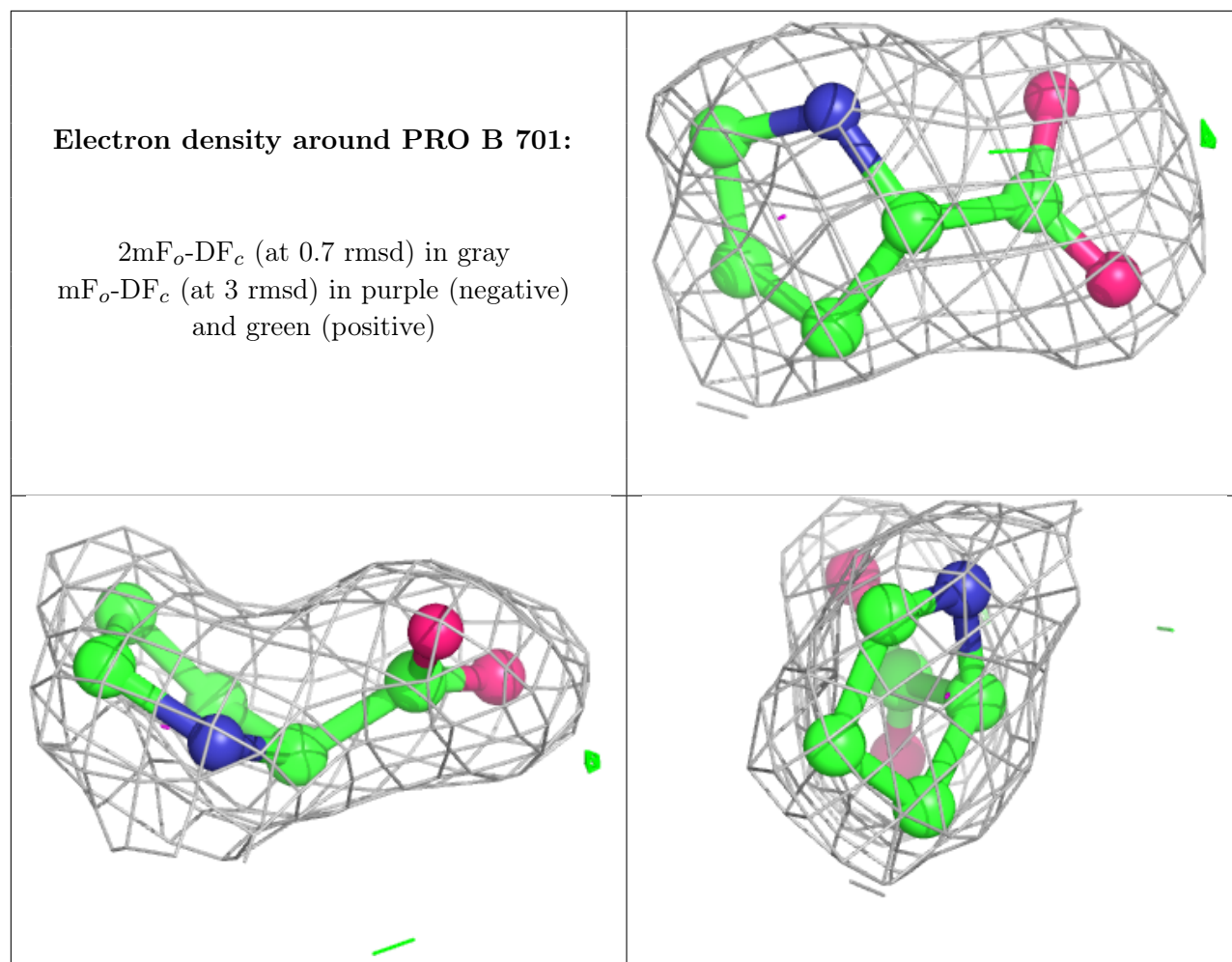


**Electron density around PRO A 601:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)







## 6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.