



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 6, 2020 – 08:14 AM BST

PDB ID : 6EFZ
Title : Crystal Structure of DIP-Theta Ig1-3
Authors : Cosmanescu, F.; Shapiro, L.
Deposited on : 2018-08-17
Resolution : 3.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.13.1
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

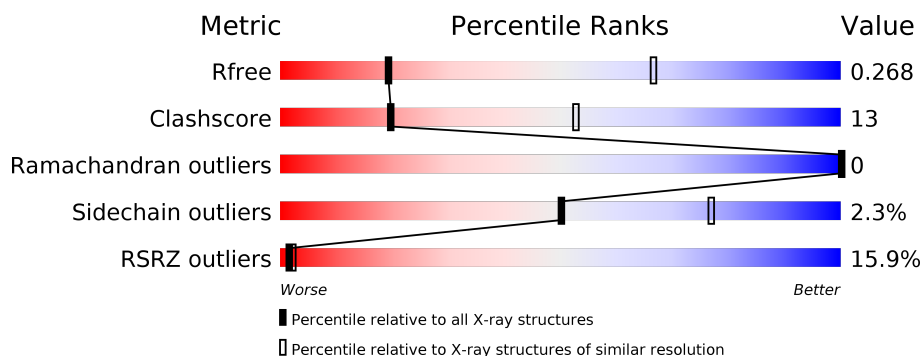
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1659 (3.60-3.40)
Clashscore	141614	1036 (3.58-3.42)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1005 (3.58-3.42)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1006 (3.58-3.42)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1559 (3.60-3.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	302	<div> <div>16%</div> <div>75%</div> <div>22%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
2	B	6	<div> <div>50%</div> <div>50%</div> </div>
3	C	4	<div> <div>50%</div> <div>50%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	BMA	B	3	-	-	-	X
2	MAN	B	4	-	-	-	X
2	MAN	B	5	-	-	-	X
3	BMA	C	3	-	-	-	X
4	NAG	A	511	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4079 atoms, of which 1594 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

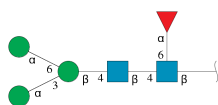
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Dpr-interacting protein theta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	A	296	3912	1490	1578	397	432	15	0	0	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

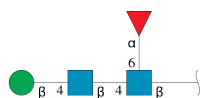
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	424	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9VMN6
A	425	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9VMN6
A	426	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9VMN6
A	427	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9VMN6
A	428	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9VMN6
A	429	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9VMN6

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	B	6	71	40	2	29	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



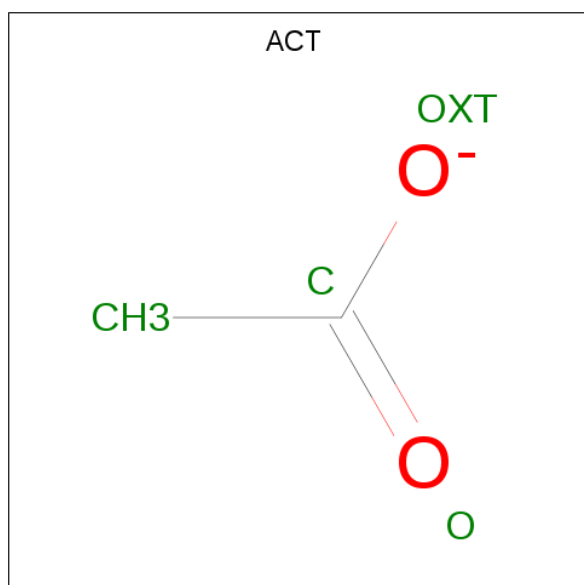
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			49	28	2	19			

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



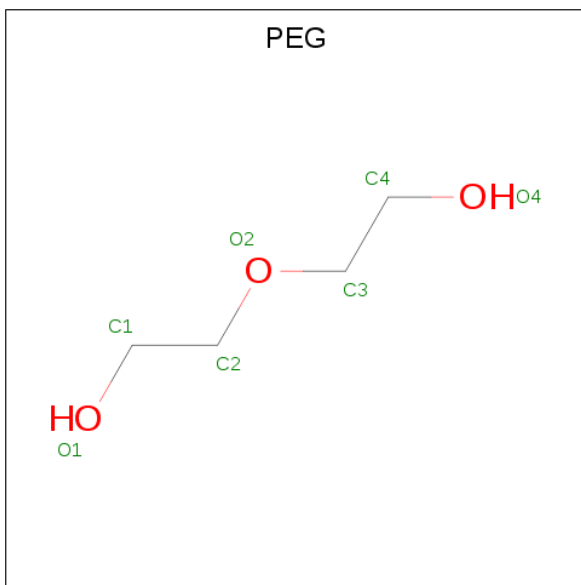
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 5 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: $C_2H_3O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			7	2	3	2		
5	A	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			7	2	3	2		

- Molecule 6 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (three-letter code: PEG) (formula: C₄H₁₀O₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			17	4	10	3		

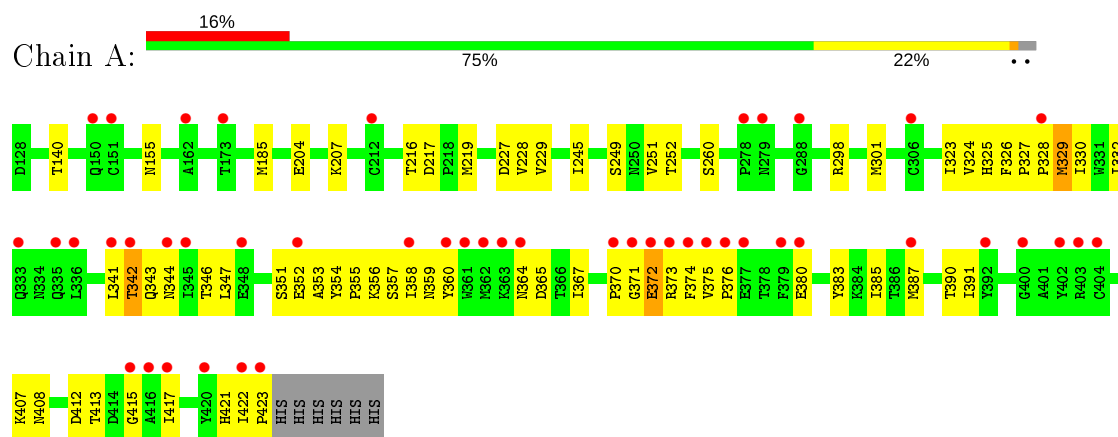
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Dpr-interacting protein theta



- Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	79.10Å 146.48Å 189.99Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.93 – 3.50 19.93 – 3.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.9 (19.93-3.50) 98.9 (19.93-3.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.01 (at 3.52Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.10.1 _2155: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.243 , 0.266 0.246 , 0.268	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	705 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	136.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.454	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 97.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	4079	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	161.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.25% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, NAG, FUC, ACT, PEG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.25	0/2386	0.46	0/3253

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2334	1578	2351	62	0
2	B	71	0	61	0	0
3	C	49	0	43	1	0
4	A	14	0	13	0	0
5	A	8	6	6	0	0
6	A	7	10	10	1	0
7	A	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	2485	1594	2484	63	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (63) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:374:PHE:HD1	1:A:391:ILE:HG12	1.46	0.81
3:C:2:NAG:H5	3:C:4:FUC:H61	1.63	0.80
1:A:328:PRO:HB3	1:A:353:ALA:HB2	1.64	0.79
1:A:346:THR:HG22	1:A:390:THR:HG23	1.68	0.76
1:A:298:ARG:NH1	1:A:352:GLU:OE1	2.24	0.70
1:A:407:LYS:HG3	1:A:412:ASP:HB3	1.76	0.68
1:A:332:ILE:HD11	1:A:415:GLY:HA3	1.78	0.66
1:A:374:PHE:CD1	1:A:391:ILE:HG12	2.31	0.65
1:A:354:TYR:HA	1:A:355:PRO:C	2.17	0.65
1:A:326:PHE:HZ	1:A:383:TYR:HB2	1.61	0.64
1:A:341:LEU:O	1:A:342:THR:HG22	1.98	0.64
1:A:204:GLU:HA	1:A:228:VAL:HG11	1.79	0.63
1:A:359:ASN:HB3	1:A:387:MET:SD	2.39	0.63
1:A:372:GLU:HG2	1:A:373:ARG:N	2.11	0.62
1:A:347:LEU:HD22	1:A:417:ILE:HG21	1.80	0.62
1:A:328:PRO:HG3	1:A:353:ALA:HB1	1.82	0.61
1:A:356:LYS:HD3	1:A:380:GLU:CD	2.22	0.60
1:A:421:HIS:CD2	1:A:423:PRO:HD2	2.38	0.59
1:A:355:PRO:HD2	1:A:408:ASN:ND2	2.18	0.58
1:A:422:ILE:HG22	1:A:423:PRO:HD3	1.85	0.58
1:A:325:HIS:HD2	1:A:355:PRO:HD3	1.70	0.56
1:A:422:ILE:HG22	1:A:423:PRO:N	2.23	0.53
1:A:328:PRO:HG3	1:A:353:ALA:CB	2.38	0.53
1:A:422:ILE:HG22	1:A:423:PRO:CD	2.38	0.53
1:A:328:PRO:CB	1:A:353:ALA:HB2	2.36	0.52
1:A:370:PRO:HA	1:A:374:PHE:O	2.11	0.51
1:A:356:LYS:CG	1:A:385:ILE:HD11	2.41	0.51
1:A:346:THR:CG2	1:A:390:THR:HG23	2.39	0.51
1:A:374:PHE:CE1	1:A:391:ILE:HG23	2.46	0.50
1:A:325:HIS:CD2	1:A:355:PRO:HD3	2.46	0.50
1:A:346:THR:HG22	1:A:390:THR:CG2	2.41	0.50
1:A:370:PRO:HB3	1:A:375:VAL:HA	1.94	0.49
1:A:355:PRO:HD2	1:A:408:ASN:HD22	1.78	0.49
1:A:380:GLU:HG2	1:A:385:ILE:HG12	1.94	0.48
1:A:328:PRO:HD3	1:A:408:ASN:OD1	2.14	0.47
1:A:328:PRO:HA	1:A:352:GLU:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:343:GLN:HG2	1:A:344:ASN:N	2.29	0.47
1:A:155:ASN:HA	6:A:514:PEG:H12	1.95	0.47
1:A:341:LEU:HD22	1:A:341:LEU:N	2.30	0.46
1:A:364:ASN:O	1:A:365:ASP:HB2	2.15	0.45
1:A:356:LYS:HG3	1:A:385:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.45
1:A:245:ILE:O	1:A:324:VAL:HA	2.17	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:326:PHE:HZ	1:A:383:TYR:CB	2.28	0.44
1:A:330:ILE:HG13	1:A:413:THR:HG23	2.00	0.44
1:A:353:ALA:CB	1:A:357:SER:HB3	2.48	0.44
1:A:375:VAL:HG23	1:A:375:VAL:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:329:MET:O	1:A:351:SER:HA	2.18	0.43
1:A:356:LYS:HG2	1:A:385:ILE:HD11	2.01	0.43
1:A:301:MET:HE2	1:A:324:VAL:HB	2.01	0.43
1:A:327:PRO:HA	1:A:328:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.42
1:A:216:THR:HG22	1:A:217:ASP:N	2.34	0.42
1:A:371:GLY:O	1:A:372:GLU:HG2	2.20	0.42
1:A:326:PHE:CZ	1:A:383:TYR:HB2	2.49	0.42
1:A:251:VAL:HG22	1:A:252:THR:N	2.35	0.41
1:A:360:TYR:HB2	1:A:367:ILE:HD11	2.03	0.41
1:A:301:MET:HG3	1:A:323:ILE:HA	2.01	0.41
1:A:245:ILE:CG2	1:A:249:SER:HB2	2.49	0.41
1:A:341:LEU:HD22	1:A:341:LEU:H	1.86	0.41
1:A:330:ILE:HG13	1:A:413:THR:CG2	2.50	0.41
1:A:358:ILE:HG23	1:A:358:ILE:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:229:VAL:HG13	1:A:260:SER:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:370:PRO:HB3	1:A:376:PRO:HD2	2.03	0.40
1:A:140:THR:HA	1:A:227:ASP:O	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	294/302 (97%)	267 (91%)	27 (9%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	261/267 (98%)	255 (98%)	6 (2%)	50 77

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	185	MET
1	A	207	LYS
1	A	219	MET
1	A	329	MET
1	A	342	THR
1	A	372	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	213	GLN
1	A	325	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	B	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.48	0
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
2	BMA	B	3	2	11,11,12	0.65	0	15,15,17	0.78	1 (6%)
2	MAN	B	4	2	11,11,12	0.63	0	15,15,17	1.23	2 (13%)
2	MAN	B	5	2	11,11,12	0.76	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.20	2 (13%)
2	FUC	B	6	2	10,10,11	0.69	0	14,14,16	0.81	0
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.18	0	17,19,21	0.48	0
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.46	0
3	BMA	C	3	3	11,11,12	0.54	0	15,15,17	0.80	0
3	FUC	C	4	3	10,10,11	0.77	0	14,14,16	0.93	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	B	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	B	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	B	5	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	B	6	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	C	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	C	4	3	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	5	MAN	C1-C2	2.14	1.57	1.52

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
2	B	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.69	117.19	112.19
2	B	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.26	116.61	112.19
2	B	5	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.33	105.46	110.14
2	B	4	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.23	105.68	110.14
2	B	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6	2.05	110.41	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

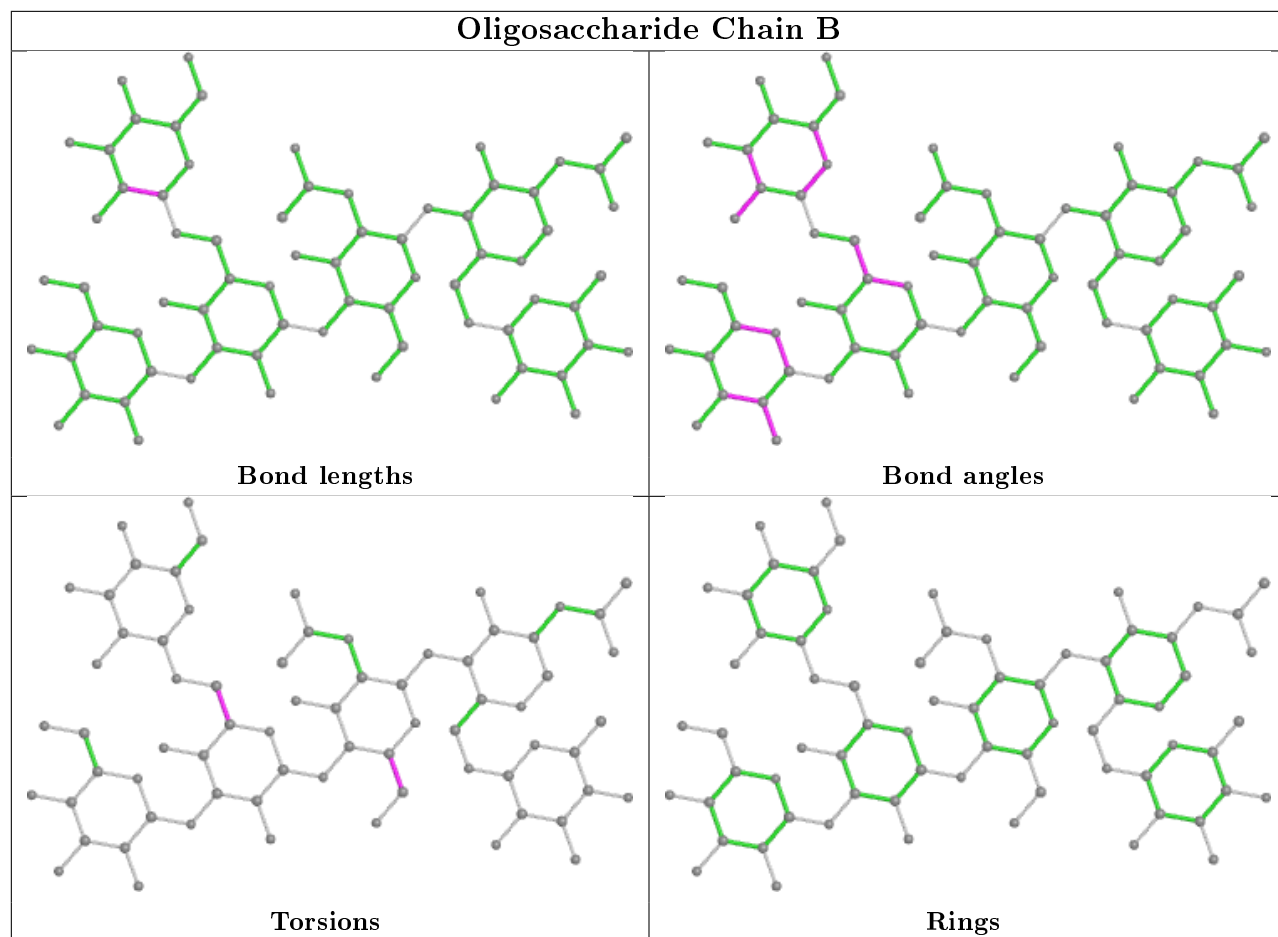
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6

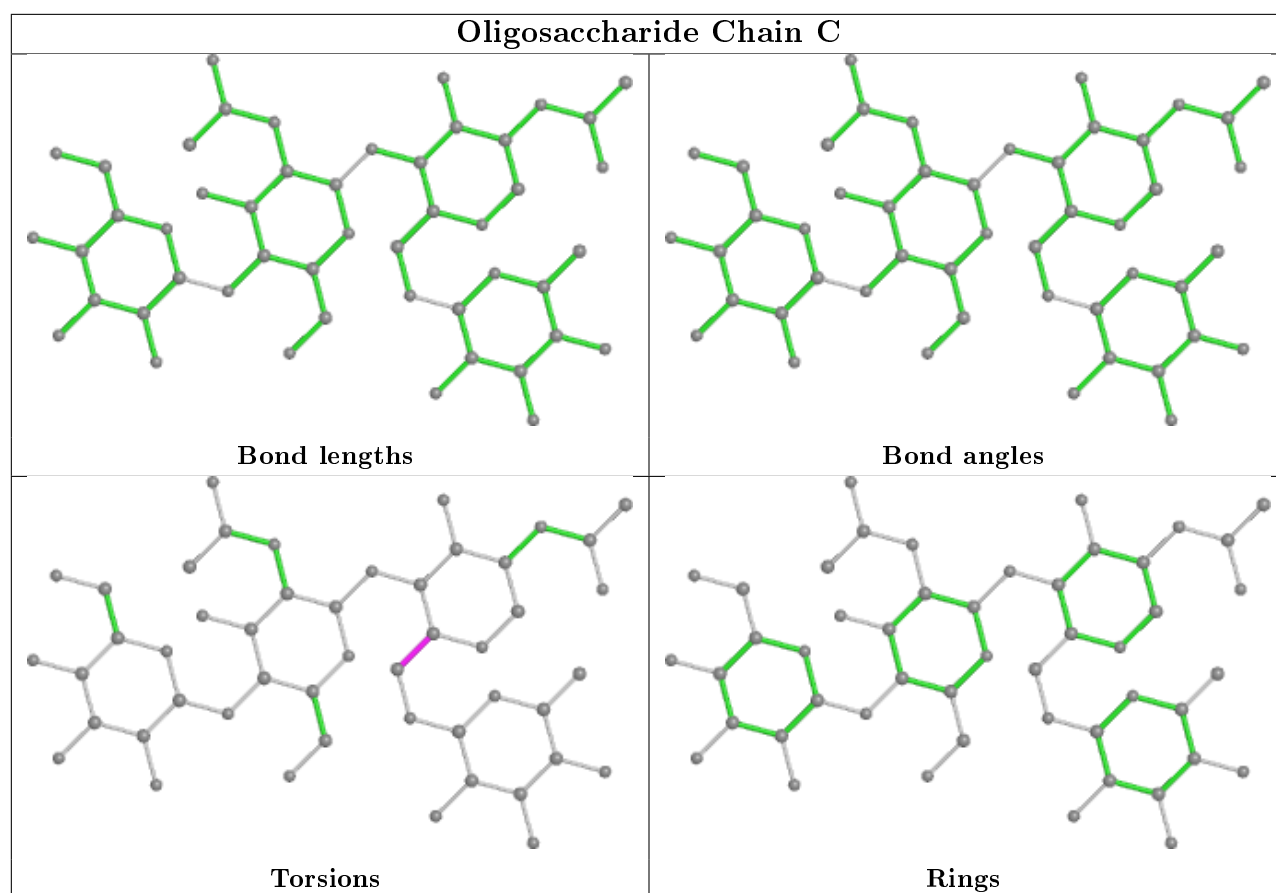
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	2	NAG	1	0
3	C	4	FUC	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	ACT	A	513	-	1,3,3	0.34	0	0,3,3	0.00	-
5	ACT	A	512	-	1,3,3	0.46	0	0,3,3	0.00	-
4	NAG	A	511	1	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
6	PEG	A	514	-	6,6,6	0.45	0	5,5,5	0.24	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.

'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	PEG	A	514	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
4	NAG	A	511	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	514	PEG	O2-C3-C4-O4

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	514	PEG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	296/302 (98%)	0.83	47 (15%) ⓘ ⓘ	93, 149, 241, 253	0

All (47) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	375	VAL	5.5
1	A	336	LEU	5.1
1	A	416	ALA	4.9
1	A	372	GLU	4.5
1	A	344	ASN	4.4
1	A	335	GLN	4.4
1	A	392	TYR	4.3
1	A	362	MET	4.2
1	A	403	ARG	4.2
1	A	376	PRO	4.1
1	A	342	THR	4.0
1	A	348	GLU	4.0
1	A	364	ASN	3.8
1	A	423	PRO	3.7
1	A	417	ILE	3.6
1	A	373	ARG	3.6
1	A	279	ASN	3.3
1	A	162	ALA	3.1
1	A	371	GLY	3.0
1	A	400	GLY	3.0
1	A	358	ILE	2.9
1	A	379	PHE	2.8
1	A	363	LYS	2.8
1	A	361	TRP	2.8
1	A	151	CYS	2.7
1	A	415	GLY	2.7
1	A	370	PRO	2.7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	333	GLN	2.7
1	A	374	PHE	2.6
1	A	352	GLU	2.6
1	A	377	GLU	2.5
1	A	345	ILE	2.5
1	A	380	GLU	2.5
1	A	306	CYS	2.4
1	A	341	LEU	2.4
1	A	150	GLN	2.4
1	A	404	CYS	2.3
1	A	278	PRO	2.3
1	A	422	ILE	2.2
1	A	360	TYR	2.1
1	A	212	CYS	2.1
1	A	328	PRO	2.1
1	A	420	TYR	2.1
1	A	173	THR	2.0
1	A	288	GLY	2.0
1	A	387	MET	2.0
1	A	402	TYR	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

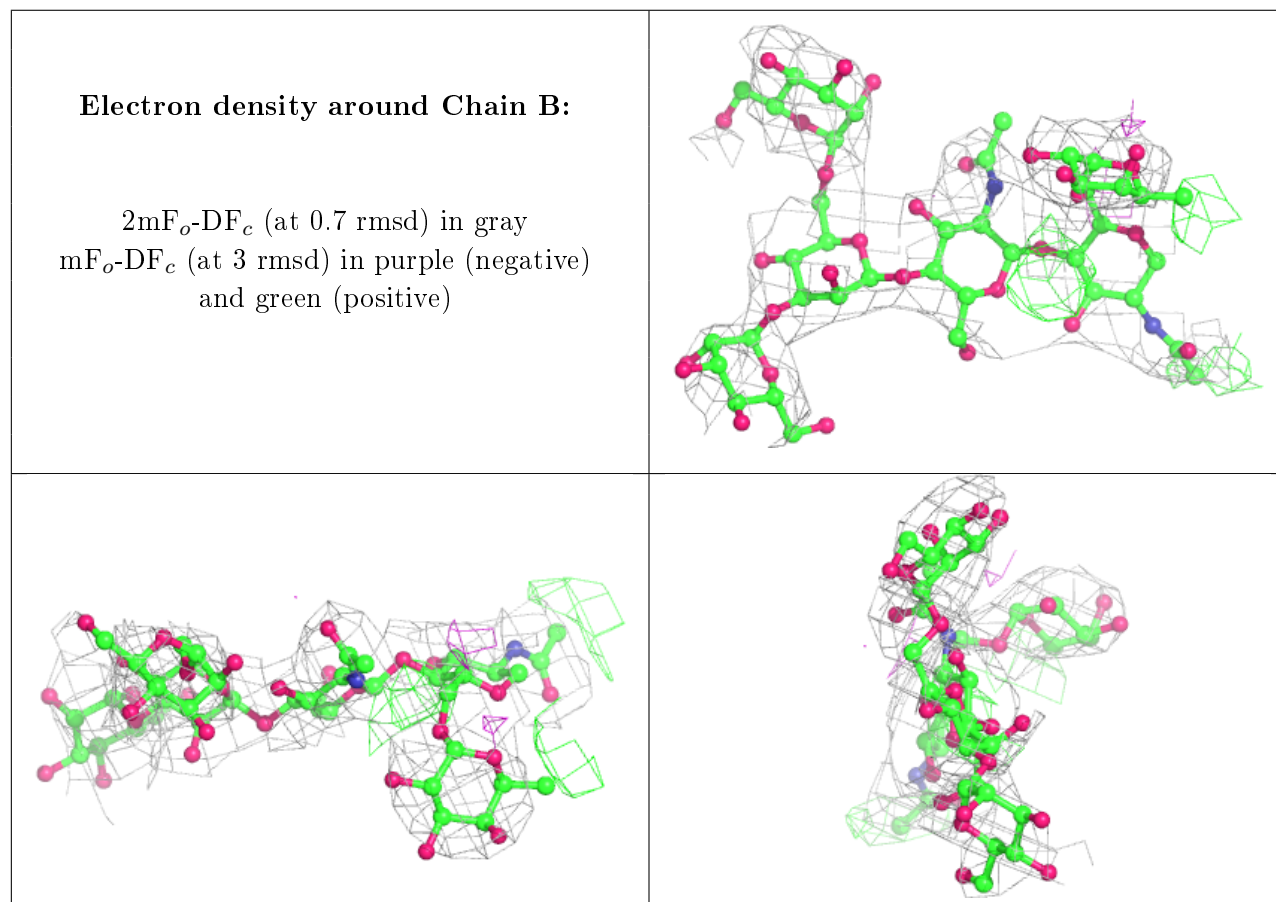
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	MAN	B	4	11/12	0.63	0.60	175,206,234,235	0
2	BMA	B	3	11/12	0.64	0.45	204,216,228,234	0
3	BMA	C	3	11/12	0.66	0.66	198,227,238,239	0
2	MAN	B	5	11/12	0.76	0.66	194,203,222,231	0
2	NAG	B	2	14/15	0.85	0.27	133,171,201,216	0
3	FUC	C	4	10/11	0.86	0.55	181,204,216,218	0
3	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.87	0.46	161,205,231,242	0
2	NAG	B	1	14/15	0.88	0.21	111,124,149,156	0

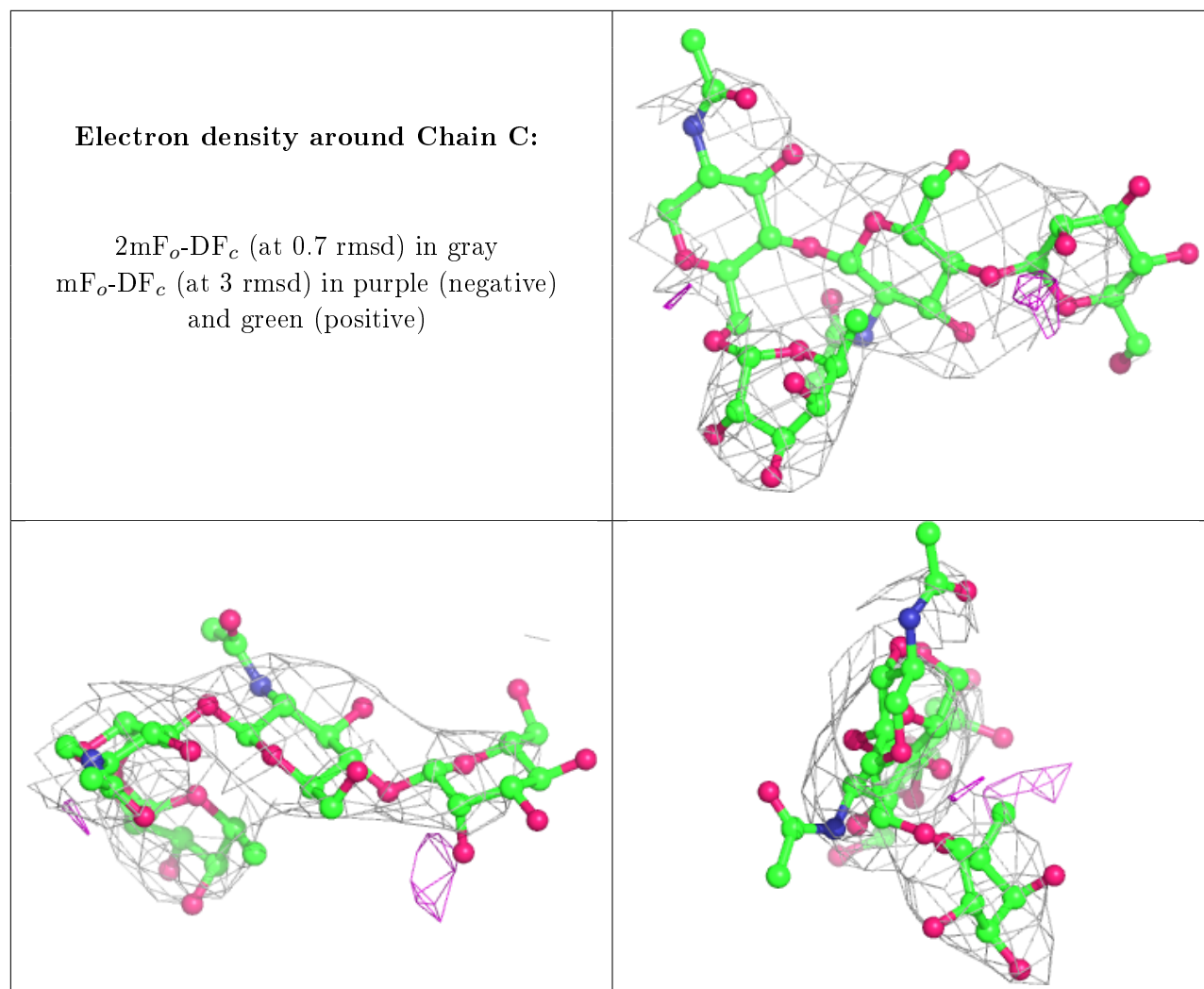
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	FUC	B	6	10/11	0.89	0.42	137,155,167,174	0
3	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.91	0.61	153,223,231,238	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
6	PEG	A	514	7/7	0.69	0.30	134,166,202,218	0
4	NAG	A	511	14/15	0.79	0.46	159,190,203,203	0
5	ACT	A	512	4/4	0.86	0.17	104,110,132,144	0
5	ACT	A	513	4/4	0.91	0.33	127,134,153,153	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.