



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 13, 2022 – 06:29 PM JST

PDB ID : 7F44
Title : Crystal structure of Moraxella catarrhalis enoyl-ACP-reductase (FabI) in complex with the cofactor NAD
Authors : Katiki, M.; Neetu, N.; Pratap, S.; Kumar, P.
Deposited on : 2021-06-17
Resolution : 2.12 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.28.1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.28.1

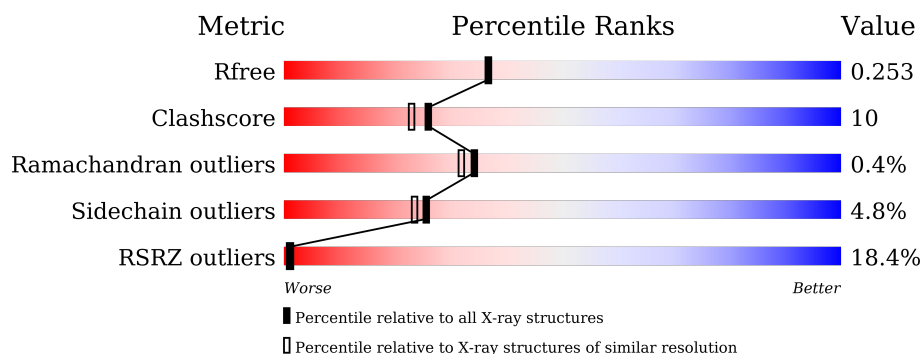
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.12 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	6241 (2.14-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	6778 (2.14-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6705 (2.14-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6706 (2.14-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6112 (2.14-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	287	<div> <div>17%</div> <div>74%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>7%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GOL	A	303	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2104 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

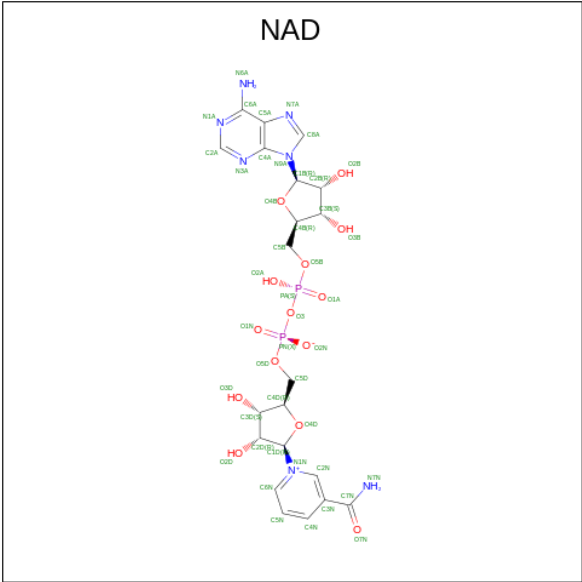
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Enoyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] reductase [NADH].

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	267	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1997	1262	342	384	9			

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-12	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-6	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-5	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-4	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-3	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-2	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	-1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP D5VCE0
A	222	GLN	GLY	conflict	UNP D5VCE0

- Molecule 2 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: C₂₁H₂₇N₇O₁₄P₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

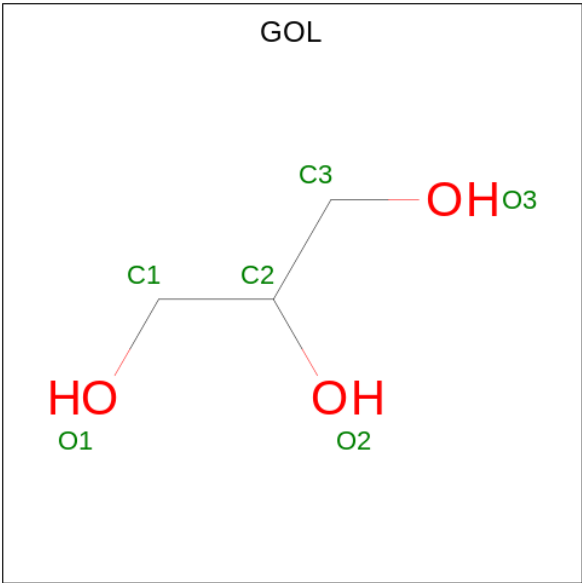


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			44	21	7	14	2		

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C₃H₈O₃).

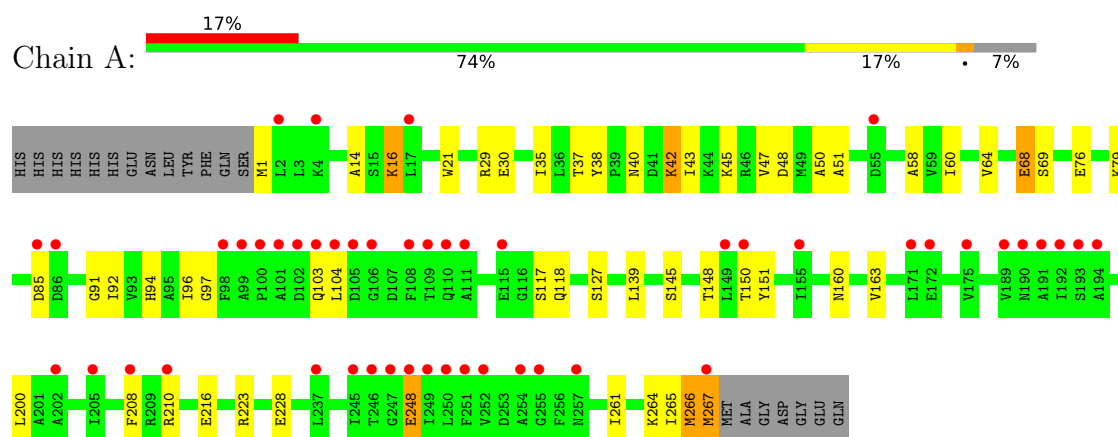


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	56	Total	O	0	0
			56	56		

- Molecule 1: Enoyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] reductase [NADH]



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 4 ₂ 2 ₁ 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	76.50Å 76.50Å 99.72Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.59 – 2.12 47.55 – 2.12	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.2 (47.59-2.12) 99.3 (47.55-2.12)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.31 (at 2.12Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.196 , 0.253 0.196 , 0.253	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	857 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	64.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.175	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 70.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	2104	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	71.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.88% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, CA, NAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.50	1/2027 (0.0%)	0.71	0/2740

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	248	GLU	CD-OE1	14.89	1.42	1.25

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1997	0	2017	41	1
2	A	44	0	26	7	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	6	0	8	4	0
5	A	56	0	0	1	0
All	All	2104	0	2051	43	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (43) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:208:PHE:CE1	4:A:303:GOL:H32	2.10	0.86
1:A:117:SER:HA	1:A:163:VAL:HG21	1.70	0.74
1:A:97:GLY:H	2:A:301:NAD:H52A	1.55	0.72
1:A:208:PHE:HE1	4:A:303:GOL:H32	1.55	0.71
1:A:29:ARG:NH1	1:A:30:GLU:OE2	2.24	0.71
2:A:301:NAD:O2N	5:A:401:HOH:O	2.13	0.66
1:A:35:ILE:HG12	1:A:58:ALA:HB3	1.82	0.61
1:A:40:ASN:HD21	1:A:43:ILE:HD12	1.67	0.59
1:A:37:THR:HA	1:A:60:ILE:O	2.04	0.58
1:A:261:ILE:HG13	1:A:261:ILE:O	2.04	0.56
1:A:64:VAL:HG11	1:A:96:ILE:HD13	1.88	0.56
1:A:216:GLU:HG2	1:A:223:ARG:HA	1.87	0.55
1:A:150:THR:O	2:A:301:NAD:H6N	2.09	0.53
1:A:64:VAL:HB	1:A:127:SER:HB2	1.91	0.52
1:A:38:TYR:HB3	1:A:47:VAL:HG21	1.92	0.51
1:A:264:LYS:H	1:A:264:LYS:HD3	1.76	0.51
1:A:103:GLN:HB3	1:A:163:VAL:CG1	2.42	0.50
1:A:151:TYR:HD1	2:A:301:NAD:H5N	1.76	0.49
1:A:68:GLU:HG3	1:A:69:SER:N	2.26	0.49
1:A:265:ILE:O	1:A:267:MET:N	2.47	0.47
1:A:104:LEU:O	1:A:160:ASN:HB3	2.14	0.47
1:A:151:TYR:CD1	2:A:301:NAD:H5N	2.49	0.47
1:A:40:ASN:ND2	1:A:43:ILE:HD12	2.28	0.46
1:A:208:PHE:CZ	4:A:303:GOL:H32	2.50	0.46
1:A:267:MET:N	1:A:267:MET:SD	2.89	0.46
1:A:21:TRP:CZ3	1:A:50:ALA:HB2	2.52	0.45
1:A:208:PHE:HE1	4:A:303:GOL:C3	2.28	0.44
1:A:16:LYS:HD2	1:A:16:LYS:N	2.32	0.44
1:A:48:ASP:O	1:A:51:ALA:HB3	2.18	0.44
1:A:16:LYS:HD2	1:A:16:LYS:H	1.82	0.44
1:A:14:ALA:HB2	2:A:301:NAD:O3B	2.19	0.43
1:A:42:LYS:HA	1:A:42:LYS:HD3	1.81	0.43
1:A:45:LYS:O	1:A:45:LYS:HD3	2.18	0.43
1:A:76:GLU:HA	1:A:79:LYS:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:A:200:LEU:HD12	1:A:200:LEU:HA	1.88	0.42
1:A:64:VAL:HG21	1:A:96:ILE:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:A:103:GLN:HB3	1:A:163:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.41
1:A:91:GLY:HA2	1:A:145:SER:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:92:ILE:HD12	1:A:139:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:94:HIS:O	1:A:148:THR:HA	2.21	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:301:NAD:O2A	2:A:301:NAD:H3B	2.20	0.41
1:A:40:ASN:OD1	1:A:43:ILE:N	2.54	0.40
1:A:117:SER:HA	1:A:163:VAL:CG2	2.47	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:248:GLU:OE1	1:A:248:GLU:OE1[2_555]	1.90	0.30

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	265/287 (92%)	253 (96%)	11 (4%)	1 (0%)	34	32

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	266	MET

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	208/225 (92%)	198 (95%)	10 (5%)	25	23

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	MET
1	A	16	LYS
1	A	42	LYS
1	A	68	GLU
1	A	85	ASP
1	A	118	GLN
1	A	210	ARG
1	A	228	GLU
1	A	266	MET
1	A	267	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	NAD	A	301	-	42,48,48	0.90	1 (2%)	50,73,73	0.88	2 (4%)
4	GOL	A	303	-	5,5,5	0.16	0	5,5,5	0.51	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAD	A	301	-	-	10/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
4	GOL	A	303	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	301	NAD	C2N-N1N	3.90	1.39	1.35

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	301	NAD	C6N-N1N-C2N	-3.29	118.97	121.97
2	A	301	NAD	O4D-C1D-C2D	-2.29	103.58	106.93

There are no chirality outliers.

All (12) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	301	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O3
2	A	301	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O2N
4	A	303	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	A	301	NAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	A	301	NAD	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	A	301	NAD	C4B-C5B-O5B-PA
2	A	301	NAD	PA-O3-PN-O5D
2	A	301	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O3
4	A	303	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	A	301	NAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
2	A	301	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N

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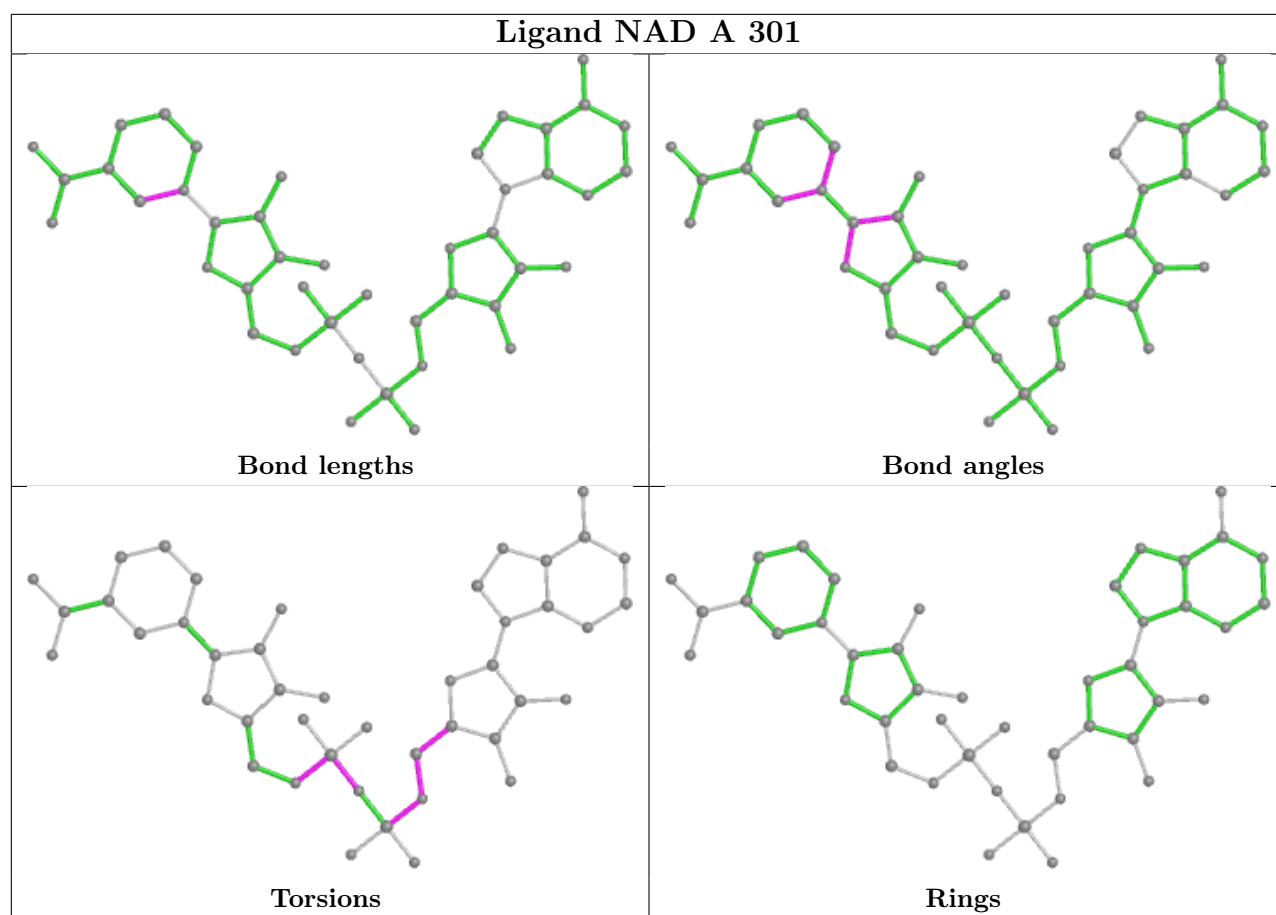
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	301	NAD	PA-O3-PN-O2N

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	301	NAD	7	0
4	A	303	GOL	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	267/287 (93%)	0.82	49 (18%) 1 1	46, 67, 100, 116	0

All (49) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	105	ASP	4.9
1	A	249	ILE	4.7
1	A	251	PHE	4.7
1	A	250	LEU	4.3
1	A	192	ILE	4.2
1	A	100	PRO	4.1
1	A	191	ALA	4.0
1	A	208	PHE	3.9
1	A	106	GLY	3.9
1	A	252	VAL	3.8
1	A	205	ILE	3.8
1	A	102	ASP	3.7
1	A	247	GLY	3.7
1	A	155	ILE	3.4
1	A	149	LEU	3.4
1	A	245	ILE	3.4
1	A	110	GLN	3.3
1	A	98	PHE	3.3
1	A	111	ALA	3.3
1	A	189	VAL	3.2
1	A	85	ASP	3.1
1	A	248	GLU	3.0
1	A	101	ALA	2.9
1	A	246	THR	2.9
1	A	17	LEU	2.9
1	A	150	THR	2.8
1	A	2	LEU	2.8

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	257	ASN	2.7
1	A	99	ALA	2.6
1	A	193	SER	2.5
1	A	202	ALA	2.4
1	A	210	ARG	2.4
1	A	190	ASN	2.4
1	A	109	THR	2.4
1	A	104	LEU	2.4
1	A	171	LEU	2.3
1	A	175	VAL	2.3
1	A	4	LYS	2.3
1	A	237	LEU	2.2
1	A	254	ALA	2.2
1	A	108	PHE	2.2
1	A	103	GLN	2.2
1	A	267	MET	2.2
1	A	194	ALA	2.2
1	A	55	ASP	2.1
1	A	115	GLU	2.1
1	A	172	GLU	2.0
1	A	86	ASP	2.0
1	A	255	GLY	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

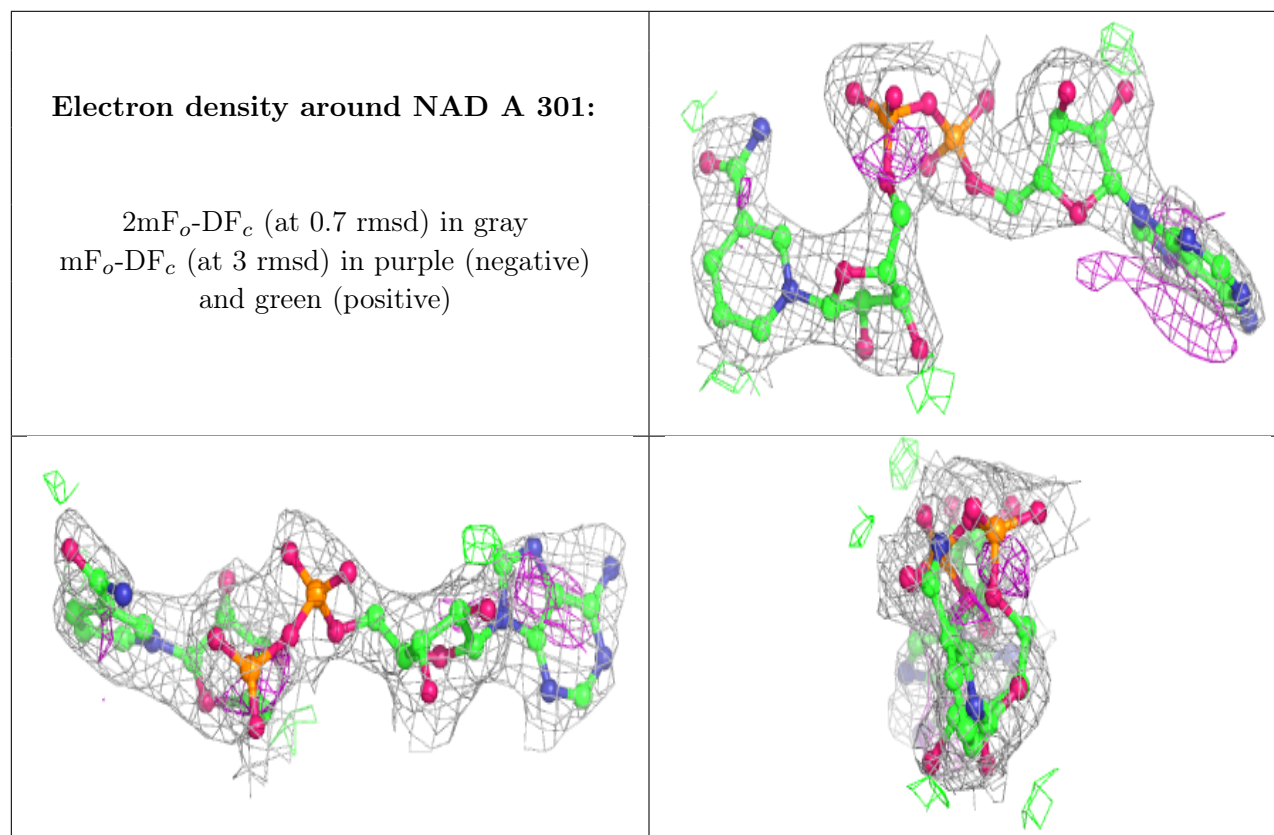
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	GOL	A	303	6/6	0.60	0.20	84,88,91,97	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	NAD	A	301	44/44	0.80	0.19	70,85,123,154	0
3	CA	A	302	1/1	0.99	0.32	75,75,75,75	1

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.