



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 30, 2022 – 03:20 pm GMT

PDB ID : 6F7E
BMRB ID : 27078
Title : NMR solution structure of the cellulose-binding family 2 carbohydrate binding domain (CBM2) from ScLPMO10C
Authors : Courtade, G.; Forsberg, Z.; Eijsink, V.; Aachmann, F.
Deposited on : 2017-12-08

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : 2.31.3
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

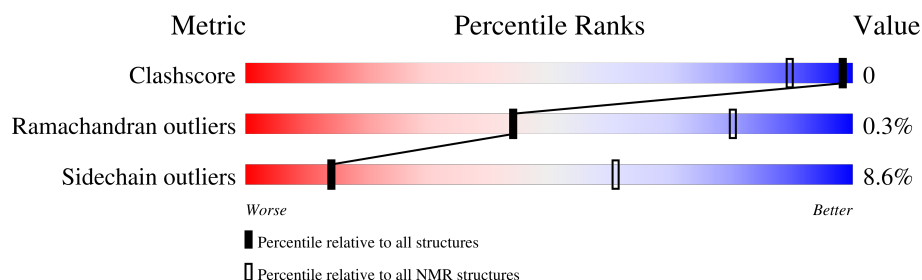
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

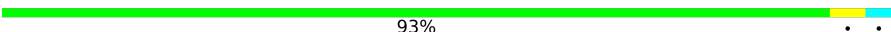
The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 75%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	104	 93% . .

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 3 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:4-A:104 (101)	0.92	3

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 19
2	6, 7, 15
3	5, 17
4	8, 14
Single-model clusters	1; 13; 16; 18; 20

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1435 atoms, of which 685 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Putative secreted cellulose binding protein.

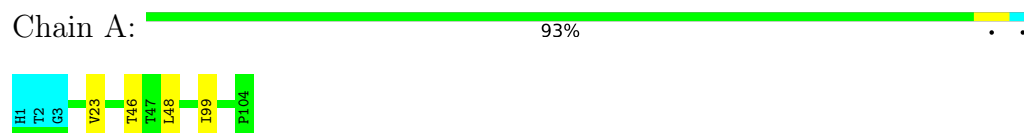
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	104	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1435	462	685	130	154	4	

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein

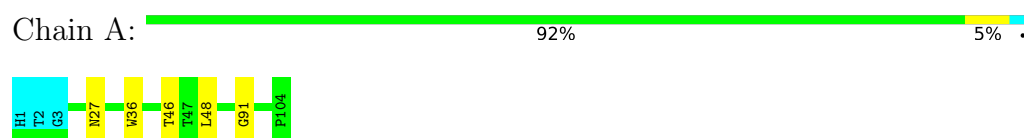


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

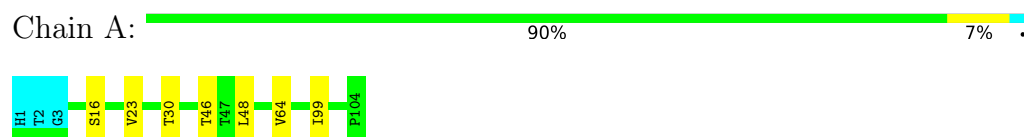
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



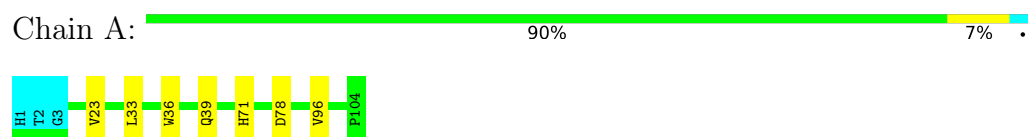
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



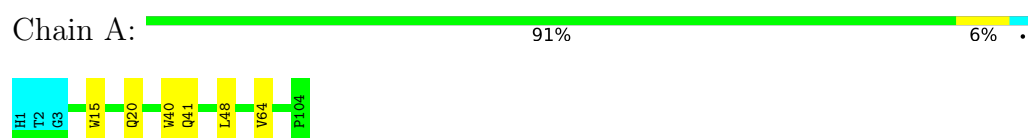
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



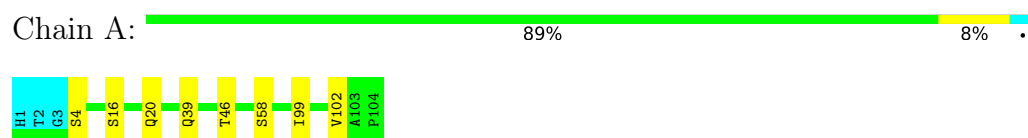
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



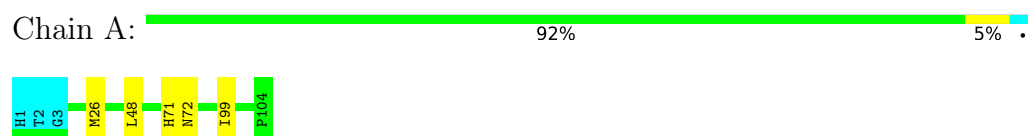
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



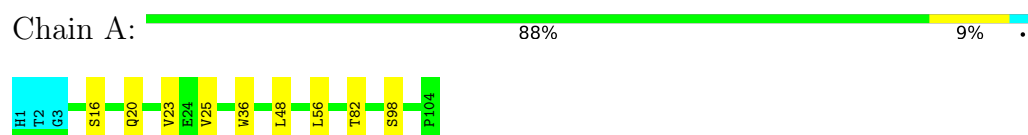
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



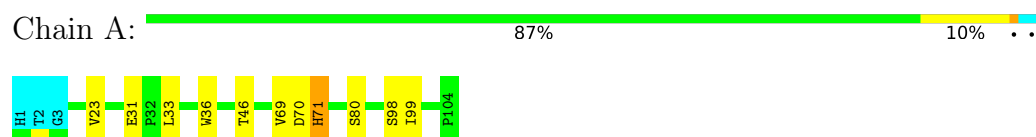
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



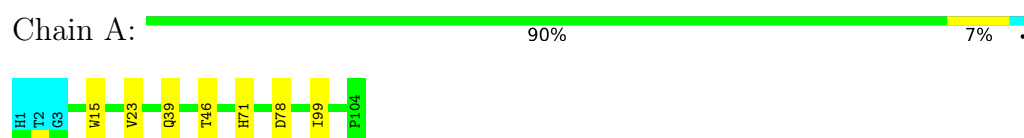
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



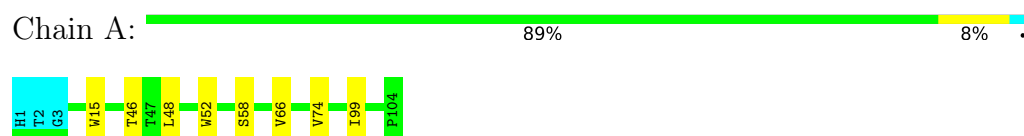
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



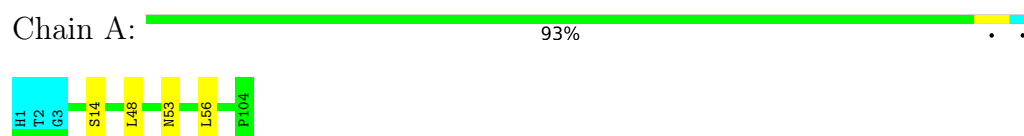
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



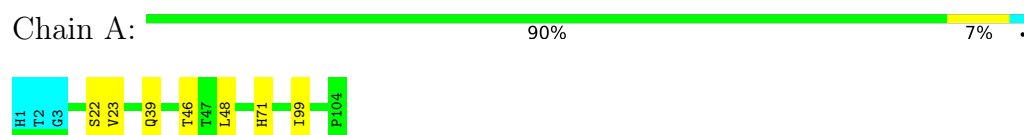
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



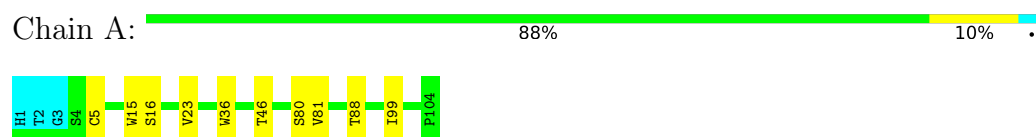
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



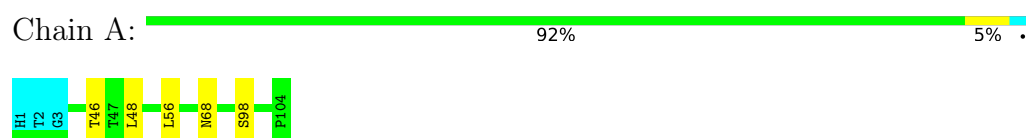
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



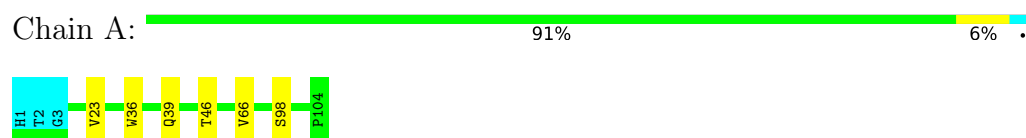
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



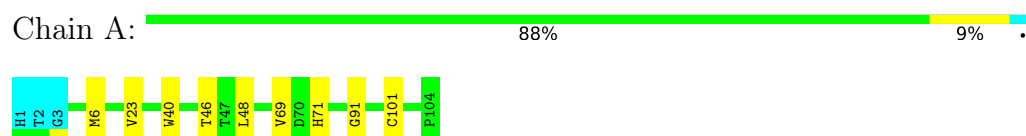
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



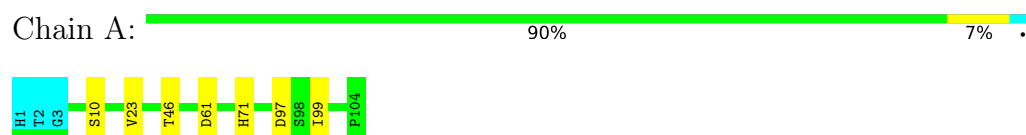
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18


- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein

Chain A:  91% 6% .



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19


- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein

Chain A:  84% 13% .



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Putative secreted cellulose binding protein

Chain A:  88% 8% . .



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 256 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	3.97
YASARA	refinement	14.6.23

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	946
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	946
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	75%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	729	665	663	0±0
All	All	14580	13300	13260	5

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:25:VAL:HG11	1:A:36:TRP:HE1	0.45	1.71	7	1
1:A:69:VAL:HG11	1:A:71:HIS:CD2	0.42	2.49	16	1
1:A:40:TRP:CD1	1:A:40:TRP:C	0.42	2.92	20	1
1:A:40:TRP:CE3	1:A:64:VAL:HG22	0.41	2.51	4	1
1:A:69:VAL:HG11	1:A:71:HIS:CE1	0.40	2.52	8	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	100/104 (96%)	95±1 (95±1%)	4±1 (4±1%)	0±1 (0±1%)	44	80
All	All	2000/2080 (96%)	1907 (95%)	87 (4%)	6 (0%)	44	80

All 3 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	91	GLY	3
1	A	68	ASN	2
1	A	53	ASN	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	80/82 (98%)	73±2 (91±3%)	7±2 (9±3%)	14	61
All	All	1600/1640 (98%)	1463 (91%)	137 (9%)	14	61

All 43 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	46	THR	15
1	A	48	LEU	12
1	A	23	VAL	11
1	A	99	ILE	11
1	A	39	GLN	7
1	A	71	HIS	7
1	A	36	TRP	6
1	A	16	SER	6
1	A	15	TRP	5
1	A	56	LEU	5
1	A	98	SER	5
1	A	20	GLN	4
1	A	33	LEU	3
1	A	64	VAL	2
1	A	78	ASP	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	4	SER	2
1	A	58	SER	2
1	A	70	ASP	2
1	A	80	SER	2
1	A	66	VAL	2
1	A	74	VAL	2
1	A	5	CYS	2
1	A	40	TRP	2
1	A	27	ASN	1
1	A	30	THR	1
1	A	96	VAL	1
1	A	41	GLN	1
1	A	102	VAL	1
1	A	26	MET	1
1	A	72	ASN	1
1	A	82	THR	1
1	A	31	GLU	1
1	A	52	TRP	1
1	A	14	SER	1
1	A	22	SER	1
1	A	81	VAL	1
1	A	88	THR	1
1	A	6	MET	1
1	A	101	CYS	1
1	A	10	SER	1
1	A	61	ASP	1
1	A	97	ASP	1
1	A	55	SER	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 75% for the well-defined parts and 74% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_cbm2*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	946
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	946
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	4

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	101	0.45 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	65	0.19 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	91	0.36 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	98	0.13 ± 0.33	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 75%, i.e. 802 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1067. 12 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	473/493 (96%)	190/196 (97%)	188/202 (93%)	95/95 (100%)
Sidechain	301/466 (65%)	191/270 (71%)	100/180 (56%)	10/16 (62%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	28/108 (26%)	16/56 (29%)	12/44 (27%)	0/8 (0%)
Overall	802/1067 (75%)	397/522 (76%)	300/426 (70%)	105/119 (88%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 74%, i.e. 814 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1097. 12 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	483/508 (95%)	194/202 (96%)	192/208 (92%)	97/98 (99%)
Sidechain	303/473 (64%)	192/274 (70%)	101/183 (55%)	10/16 (62%)
Aromatic	28/116 (24%)	16/60 (27%)	12/46 (26%)	0/10 (0%)
Overall	814/1097 (74%)	402/536 (75%)	305/437 (70%)	107/124 (86%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	23	VAL	HB	-0.15	3.59 – 0.39	-6.7
1	A	64	VAL	HG21	-0.65	2.20 – -0.60	-5.2
1	A	64	VAL	HG22	-0.65	2.20 – -0.60	-5.2
1	A	64	VAL	HG23	-0.65	2.20 – -0.60	-5.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

