



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 21, 2020 – 07:36 pm BST

PDB ID : 1G71  
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF PYROCOCCLUS FURIOSUS DNA PRIMASE  
Authors : Augustin, M.A.; Huber, R.; Kaiser, J.T.  
Deposited on : 2000-11-08  
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**  
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

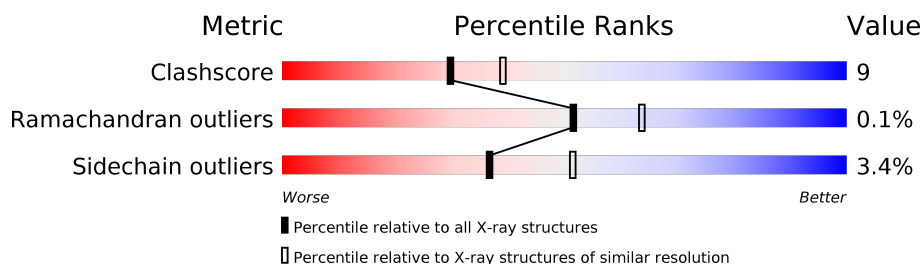
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	347	
1	B	347	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	SO4	B	352	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6070 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA PRIMASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	344	Total	C	N	O	S	98	0	0
			2852	1835	504	505	8			
1	B	344	Total	C	N	O	S	124	0	0
			2852	1835	504	505	8			

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	A	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	3	Total	Cl	0	0
			3	3		
3	A	3	Total	Cl	0	0
			3	3		

- Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 5 is water.

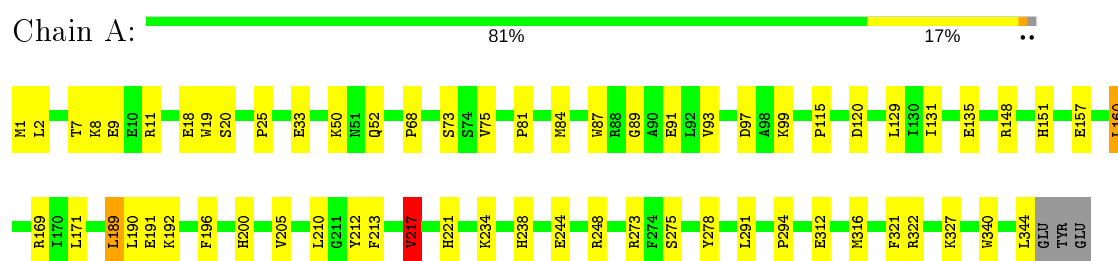
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	188	Total	O	0	0
			188	188		
5	B	150	Total	O	0	0
			150	150		

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

#### • Molecule 1: DNA PRIMASE



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	129.88Å 136.33Å 61.88Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	500.00 – 2.30	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	93.0 (500.00-2.30)	Depositor
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS 1.0	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.211 , 0.249	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	6070	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.0	wwPDB-VP

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, SO4, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.50	0/2918	0.69	2/3924 (0.1%)
1	B	0.49	0/2918	0.69	1/3924 (0.0%)
All	All	0.49	0/5836	0.69	3/7848 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	210	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.24	129.65	115.30
1	A	217	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.68	100.62	111.40
1	B	217	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.35	101.24	111.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2852	0	2881	44	0
1	B	2852	0	2881	60	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	3	0	0	0	0
3	B	3	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	10	0	0	1	0
4	B	10	0	0	2	0
5	A	188	0	0	5	0
5	B	150	0	0	5	0
All	All	6070	0	5762	103	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (103) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:50:LYS:HE2	1:B:84:MET:HE3	1.66	0.77
1:B:52:GLN:HG3	1:B:81:PRO:HG2	1.68	0.74
1:A:148:ARG:HD3	4:A:352:SO4:O4	1.89	0.73
1:A:7:THR:HG21	5:A:357:HOH:O	1.87	0.73
1:A:50:LYS:HE2	1:A:84:MET:CE	2.22	0.69
1:B:296:THR:HG22	5:B:455:HOH:O	1.92	0.69
1:B:115:PRO:HG2	1:B:340:TRP:CZ2	2.29	0.68
1:A:11:ARG:HD2	1:A:68:PRO:O	1.95	0.67
1:A:189:LEU:HD13	1:A:196:PHE:CE1	2.31	0.66
1:B:50:LYS:HE2	1:B:84:MET:CE	2.24	0.66
1:B:148:ARG:HD3	4:B:352:SO4:O2	1.98	0.64
1:A:75:VAL:HG21	1:A:93:VAL:HG11	1.79	0.64
1:A:1:MET:HB3	5:A:377:HOH:O	1.98	0.63
1:B:27:PHE:HB2	1:B:155:LEU:HD22	1.81	0.63
1:A:115:PRO:HG2	1:A:340:TRP:CZ2	2.34	0.63
1:B:104:LYS:HD3	1:B:117:CYS:HB3	1.80	0.62
1:B:275:SER:HA	1:B:278:TYR:CD1	2.35	0.61
1:B:296:THR:CG2	5:B:455:HOH:O	2.46	0.61
1:B:275:SER:HA	1:B:278:TYR:CE1	2.37	0.60
1:A:52:GLN:CG	1:A:81:PRO:HG2	2.30	0.60
1:A:50:LYS:HE2	1:A:84:MET:HE1	1.82	0.60
1:A:135:GLU:OE2	1:A:200:HIS:HD2	1.85	0.60
1:B:52:GLN:CG	1:B:81:PRO:HG2	2.33	0.59
1:A:234:LYS:O	1:A:238:HIS:HD2	1.87	0.58
1:A:75:VAL:HG22	1:A:91:GLU:HB2	1.88	0.56
1:B:293:LEU:O	1:B:296:THR:HB	2.06	0.55
1:A:7:THR:HG22	1:A:9:GLU:H	1.71	0.55
1:A:75:VAL:CG2	1:A:91:GLU:HB2	2.37	0.55
1:B:71:VAL:HB	1:B:296:THR:HG21	1.88	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:275:SER:HA	1:A:278:TYR:CE1	2.42	0.54
1:B:114:CYS:SG	1:B:116:ILE:HB	2.48	0.54
1:A:50:LYS:HE2	1:A:84:MET:HE2	1.89	0.54
1:B:298:HIS:HD2	1:B:300:LYS:H	1.55	0.54
1:A:75:VAL:HG21	1:A:93:VAL:CG1	2.37	0.53
1:A:52:GLN:HG2	1:A:81:PRO:HG2	1.89	0.53
1:A:151:HIS:HD2	5:A:381:HOH:O	1.91	0.53
1:A:200:HIS:CE1	1:B:107:ASN:HD21	2.27	0.53
1:B:213:PHE:O	1:B:217:VAL:HG22	2.09	0.52
1:B:189:LEU:HD13	1:B:196:PHE:CE1	2.45	0.52
1:B:219:VAL:O	1:B:223:LEU:HG	2.10	0.52
1:B:74:SER:HA	1:B:290:ILE:HA	1.92	0.51
1:B:115:PRO:HG2	1:B:340:TRP:CH2	2.45	0.51
1:A:275:SER:HA	1:A:278:TYR:CD1	2.46	0.51
1:B:115:PRO:HG2	1:B:340:TRP:CE2	2.46	0.51
1:A:7:THR:HG22	1:A:8:LYS:N	2.25	0.51
1:B:80:ASN:ND2	1:B:83:GLU:OE2	2.37	0.50
1:A:213:PHE:O	1:A:217:VAL:HG22	2.13	0.49
1:A:190:LEU:HD12	1:A:191:GLU:HG3	1.94	0.49
1:B:25:PRO:HG2	1:B:294:PRO:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:B:156:ASP:O	1:B:160:LEU:HD13	2.12	0.49
1:B:15:TYR:OH	1:B:296:THR:HG23	2.13	0.48
1:A:97:ASP:OD2	1:A:99:LYS:HG2	2.13	0.48
1:B:140:ASN:HB2	1:B:156:ASP:OD1	2.13	0.48
1:A:157:GLU:HA	1:A:160:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.47
1:A:25:PRO:HG2	1:A:294:PRO:HG2	1.95	0.47
1:A:52:GLN:HG3	1:A:81:PRO:HG2	1.96	0.47
1:B:178:GLU:HB2	1:B:202:TYR:CE1	2.49	0.47
1:B:79:GLU:CD	1:B:88:ARG:HD3	2.35	0.47
1:B:238:HIS:O	1:B:242:ILE:HG13	2.16	0.46
1:B:104:LYS:HD3	1:B:117:CYS:CB	2.45	0.46
1:B:244:GLU:O	1:B:248:ARG:HB2	2.16	0.45
1:A:244:GLU:O	1:A:248:ARG:HB2	2.16	0.45
1:B:46:PRO:HB3	1:B:72:TYR:CE2	2.52	0.45
1:A:221:HIS:HE1	5:A:472:HOH:O	1.99	0.45
1:B:186:ARG:HD3	1:B:262:GLU:OE1	2.17	0.45
1:A:2:LEU:HD22	1:A:321:PHE:CD2	2.53	0.44
1:B:225:ILE:HB	1:B:270:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.44
1:B:102:PRO:HG3	1:B:277:ALA:HB3	1.99	0.43
1:B:6:VAL:HG13	1:B:10:GLU:HB2	1.99	0.43
1:A:33:GLU:CD	1:A:33:GLU:H	2.22	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:294:PRO:O	1:B:295:SER:CB	2.66	0.43
1:B:186:ARG:O	1:B:190:LEU:HG	2.19	0.42
1:B:82:ARG:HD3	5:B:476:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:B:220:PRO:HA	1:B:223:LEU:HD12	2.02	0.42
1:B:2:LEU:HD22	1:B:321:PHE:CD2	2.55	0.42
1:A:131:ILE:HD13	1:A:205:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.42
1:B:92:LEU:HB3	1:B:154:ILE:HB	2.01	0.42
1:A:312:GLU:O	1:A:316:MET:HG3	2.20	0.42
1:A:87:TRP:CH2	1:A:89:GLY:HA2	2.55	0.42
1:A:169:ARG:HG2	5:B:485:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:322:ARG:NH2	5:A:394:HOH:O	2.53	0.41
1:B:63:ILE:O	1:B:68:PRO:HD3	2.20	0.41
1:A:18:GLU:CD	1:A:327:LYS:HB2	2.41	0.41
1:B:135:GLU:OE2	1:B:200:HIS:CD2	2.74	0.41
1:A:75:VAL:HG22	1:A:91:GLU:CB	2.50	0.41
1:A:25:PRO:HG2	1:A:294:PRO:CG	2.50	0.41
1:B:225:ILE:O	1:B:225:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.41
1:B:131:ILE:HD13	1:B:205:VAL:HG13	2.03	0.41
1:B:215:LEU:HD12	5:B:403:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:25:PRO:CG	1:B:294:PRO:HB2	2.49	0.41
1:A:120:ASP:HB3	1:A:212:TYR:OH	2.20	0.41
1:B:113:VAL:HA	1:B:117:CYS:SG	2.61	0.41
1:B:79:GLU:OE1	1:B:88:ARG:HD3	2.21	0.41
1:B:18:GLU:HG2	1:B:327:LYS:HD2	2.03	0.40
1:B:218:ASN:OD1	1:B:220:PRO:HD2	2.20	0.40
1:B:298:HIS:HE1	4:B:352:SO4:O2	2.04	0.40
1:B:2:LEU:HA	1:B:2:LEU:HD23	1.87	0.40
1:A:19:TRP:CG	1:A:20:SER:N	2.89	0.40
1:A:340:TRP:CH2	1:A:344:LEU:HD11	2.56	0.40
1:B:157:GLU:HA	1:B:160:LEU:HD22	2.03	0.40
1:B:246:PHE:O	1:B:250:ALA:HA	2.21	0.40
1:B:15:TYR:HA	1:B:19:TRP:HB3	2.04	0.40
1:B:19:TRP:CG	1:B:20:SER:N	2.89	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	342/347 (99%)	329 (96%)	13 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	342/347 (99%)	334 (98%)	7 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	50
All	All	684/694 (99%)	663 (97%)	20 (3%)	1 (0%)	51	64

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	295	SER

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	305/308 (99%)	296 (97%)	9 (3%)	41	57
1	B	305/308 (99%)	293 (96%)	12 (4%)	32	46
All	All	610/616 (99%)	589 (97%)	21 (3%)	37	51

All (21) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	73	SER
1	A	129	LEU
1	A	160	LEU
1	A	171	LEU
1	A	189	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	192	LYS
1	A	217	VAL
1	A	273	ARG
1	A	291	LEU
1	B	4	ARG
1	B	73	SER
1	B	103	LEU
1	B	126	LYS
1	B	129	LEU
1	B	160	LEU
1	B	180	GLU
1	B	189	LEU
1	B	217	VAL
1	B	222	LEU
1	B	273	ARG
1	B	291	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (13) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	41	HIS
1	A	51	ASN
1	A	151	HIS
1	A	161	GLN
1	A	200	HIS
1	A	218	ASN
1	A	221	HIS
1	A	238	HIS
1	B	41	HIS
1	B	151	HIS
1	B	181	ASN
1	B	200	HIS
1	B	298	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 12 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	SO4	A	352	-	4,4,4	0.17	0	6,6,6	0.23	0
4	SO4	B	353	-	4,4,4	0.34	0	6,6,6	0.12	0
4	SO4	A	353	-	4,4,4	0.35	0	6,6,6	0.11	0
4	SO4	B	352	-	4,4,4	0.21	0	6,6,6	0.17	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	352	SO4	1	0
4	B	352	SO4	2	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.