



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 21, 2020 – 08:13 AM BST

PDB ID : 5GZ5  
Title : Crystal structure of snake venom phosphodiesterase (PDE) from Taiwan cobra (Naja atra atra) in complex with AMP  
Authors : Lin, C.C.; Wu, B.S.; Wu, W.G.  
Deposited on : 2016-09-26  
Resolution : 2.09 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.13.1  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

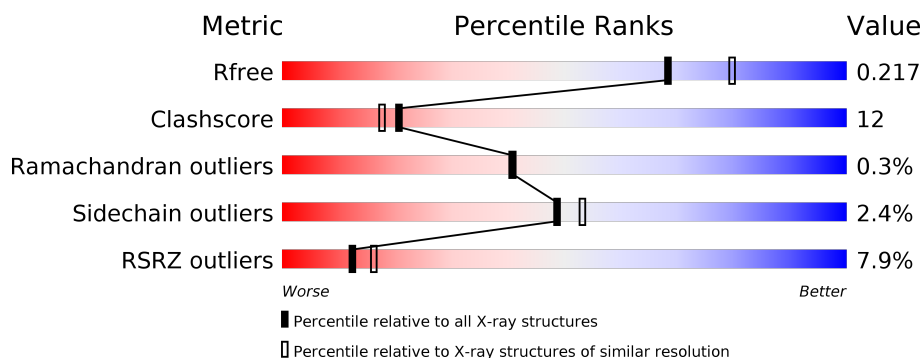
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.09 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	5197 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	830	<div> <div>7%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>75%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>• 6%</div> </div> </div>
2	B	4	<div> <div>75%</div> <div>25%</div> </div>
3	C	3	<div> <div>67%</div> <div>33%</div> </div>
4	D	2	<div> <div>100%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-

ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	BMA	B	3	-	-	-	X
2	MAN	B	4	-	-	-	X
3	NAG	C	2	-	-	-	X
3	FUC	C	3	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7216 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Snake venom phosphodiesterase (PDE).

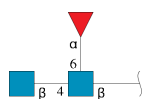
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	777	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			6232	3978	1048	1160	46			

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			50	28	2	20			

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			38	22	2	14			

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			24	14	1	9			

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

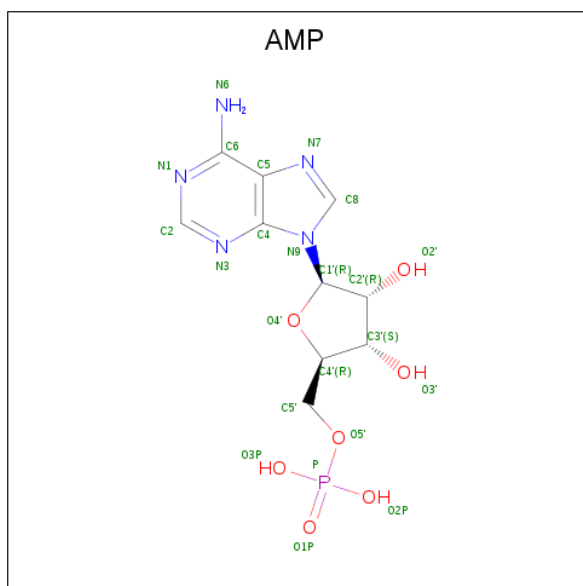
- Molecule 6 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula:  $Zn$ ).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	2	Total	Zn	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 7 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula:  $Ca$ ).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 8 is ADENOSINE MONOPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: AMP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{14}N_5O_7P$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			23	10	5	7	1		

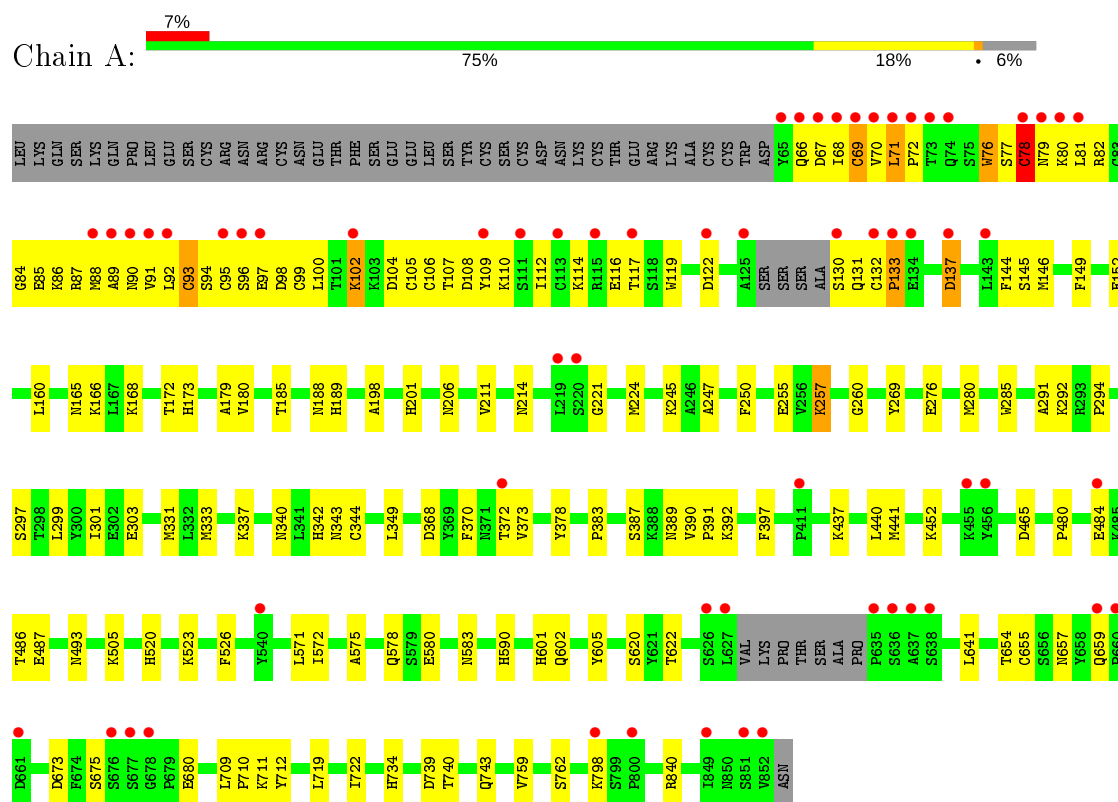
- Molecule 9 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	804	Total	O	0	0
			804	804		

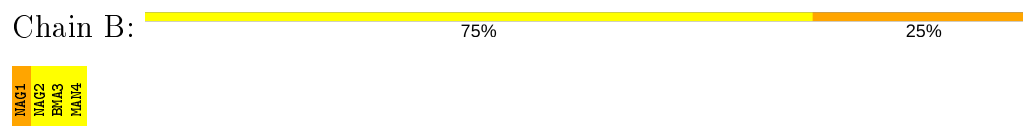
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Snake venom phosphodiesterase (PDE)



- Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



MAG1  
MAG2  
FUC3

- Molecule 4: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:

100%

MAG1  
FUC2



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	171.21Å 65.61Å 88.67Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	27.88 – 2.09 27.88 – 2.09	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.7 (27.88-2.09) 98.7 (27.88-2.09)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.33 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.10.1 _2155: ???)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.178 , 0.219 0.182 , 0.217	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2923 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	24.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.074	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 66.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.47$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	7216	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.37% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, BMA, NAG, CA, FUC, AMP, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.57	4/6401 (0.1%)	0.69	2/8692 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	78	CYS	CB-SG	-5.93	1.72	1.81
1	A	116	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.74	1.19	1.25
1	A	116	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.46	1.19	1.25
1	A	93	CYS	CB-SG	-5.39	1.73	1.81

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	368	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.21	122.99	118.30
1	A	333	MET	CG-SD-CE	5.04	108.27	100.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	69	CYS	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6232	0	6082	152	0
2	B	50	0	43	1	0
3	C	38	0	34	1	0
4	D	24	0	22	0	0
5	A	42	0	39	1	0
6	A	2	0	0	0	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	23	0	12	4	0
9	A	804	0	0	21	0
All	All	7216	0	6232	156	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (156) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:76:TRP:CE2	1:A:92:LEU:HD13	1.54	1.40
1:A:72:PRO:HG3	1:A:82:ARG:HH21	1.20	1.06
1:A:337:LYS:HA	1:A:342:HIS:HD2	1.14	1.06
1:A:76:TRP:CE2	1:A:92:LEU:CD1	2.45	0.99
1:A:76:TRP:CD2	1:A:92:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.96
1:A:337:LYS:HA	1:A:342:HIS:CD2	2.01	0.95
1:A:743:GLN:HG2	9:A:1437:HOH:O	1.67	0.95
1:A:67:ASP:HA	1:A:70:VAL:HG12	1.51	0.93
1:A:76:TRP:CD2	1:A:92:LEU:CD1	2.53	0.91
1:A:72:PRO:HB3	1:A:91:VAL:HG23	1.50	0.91
1:A:84:GLY:H	1:A:96:SER:HB3	1.38	0.89
1:A:96:SER:OG	1:A:109:TYR:HE1	1.55	0.88
1:A:180:VAL:H	1:A:188:ASN:HD21	1.17	0.87
1:A:76:TRP:NE1	1:A:92:LEU:HD13	1.89	0.85
1:A:173:HIS:CE1	1:A:487:GLU:HG3	2.14	0.83
1:A:337:LYS:CA	1:A:342:HIS:HD2	1.92	0.83
1:A:82:ARG:NE	1:A:95:CYS:SG	2.51	0.83
1:A:76:TRP:CD1	1:A:92:LEU:CD1	2.66	0.78

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:84:GLY:N	1:A:96:SER:HB3	2.00	0.76
1:A:76:TRP:CG	1:A:92:LEU:CD1	2.68	0.76
1:A:119:TRP:O	1:A:166:LYS:HE2	1.85	0.76
1:A:173:HIS:NE2	1:A:487:GLU:HG3	2.01	0.75
1:A:72:PRO:HB3	1:A:91:VAL:CG2	2.17	0.75
1:A:337:LYS:HG3	1:A:342:HIS:CD2	2.23	0.74
1:A:484:GLU:HG3	9:A:1662:HOH:O	1.88	0.73
1:A:72:PRO:HG3	1:A:82:ARG:NH2	2.00	0.73
1:A:72:PRO:CB	1:A:91:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.73
9:A:1172:HOH:O	3:C:3:FUC:H61	1.88	0.72
1:A:76:TRP:CG	1:A:92:LEU:HD11	2.25	0.72
1:A:82:ARG:NH1	1:A:95:CYS:SG	2.62	0.72
1:A:78:CYS:SG	1:A:106:CYS:HB2	2.31	0.70
1:A:82:ARG:NH1	1:A:95:CYS:H	1.90	0.69
1:A:76:TRP:CD2	1:A:92:LEU:HD11	2.26	0.69
1:A:68:ILE:O	1:A:79:ASN:ND2	2.26	0.68
1:A:257:LYS:HE2	1:A:260:GLY:O	1.93	0.67
1:A:100:LEU:HD23	1:A:105:CYS:SG	2.35	0.66
1:A:94:SER:O	1:A:105:CYS:HA	1.95	0.66
1:A:165:ASN:HD22	1:A:168:LYS:HE3	1.60	0.64
1:A:76:TRP:NE1	1:A:92:LEU:CD1	2.54	0.64
1:A:206:ASN:ND2	9:A:1103:HOH:O	2.28	0.64
1:A:87:ARG:CZ	1:A:102:LYS:HD3	2.29	0.63
1:A:97:GLU:HG3	1:A:109:TYR:OH	1.99	0.62
1:A:108:ASP:O	1:A:112:ILE:HG22	1.99	0.62
1:A:583:ASN:HD22	1:A:622:THR:H	1.47	0.62
1:A:580:GLU:OE1	1:A:601:HIS:NE2	2.31	0.62
1:A:96:SER:HG	1:A:109:TYR:HE1	0.74	0.61
1:A:89:ALA:HA	1:A:90:ASN:OD1	1.99	0.61
1:A:185:THR:OG1	8:A:1016:AMP:O3P	2.19	0.60
1:A:146:MET:HE3	1:A:349:LEU:HD21	1.82	0.60
1:A:82:ARG:O	1:A:85:GLU:HG2	2.02	0.60
1:A:641:LEU:HD23	1:A:655:CYS:SG	2.42	0.59
8:A:1016:AMP:O2P	9:A:1102:HOH:O	2.17	0.59
1:A:88:MET:HG2	1:A:89:ALA:H	1.66	0.59
1:A:247:ALA:O	1:A:297:SER:HA	2.02	0.59
1:A:88:MET:HG2	1:A:89:ALA:N	2.17	0.59
1:A:221:GLY:O	1:A:224:MET:HG2	2.02	0.59
1:A:734:HIS:NE2	2:B:1:NAG:O3	2.34	0.59
1:A:130:SER:HA	1:A:480:PRO:HB3	1.85	0.59
1:A:245:LYS:NZ	9:A:1113:HOH:O	2.33	0.59

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:76:TRP:CZ2	1:A:92:LEU:HD13	2.29	0.58
1:A:520:HIS:CE1	1:A:840:ARG:HD3	2.38	0.58
1:A:146:MET:CE	1:A:349:LEU:HD11	2.34	0.57
1:A:711:LYS:NZ	9:A:1124:HOH:O	2.37	0.57
1:A:257:LYS:NZ	9:A:1123:HOH:O	2.37	0.57
1:A:145:SER:OG	1:A:189:HIS:HE1	1.87	0.57
1:A:87:ARG:NH1	1:A:104:ASP:OD2	2.36	0.56
1:A:137:ASP:N	1:A:137:ASP:OD1	2.34	0.56
1:A:188:ASN:HD22	1:A:493:ASN:ND2	2.04	0.56
1:A:452:LYS:HG3	9:A:1351:HOH:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:743:GLN:CG	9:A:1437:HOH:O	2.39	0.55
1:A:214:ASN:O	5:A:1001:NAG:H82	2.07	0.55
1:A:739:ASP:OD1	1:A:740:THR:N	2.40	0.54
1:A:188:ASN:HD22	1:A:493:ASN:HD21	1.56	0.54
1:A:437:LYS:HE3	9:A:1750:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:82:ARG:CZ	1:A:95:CYS:SG	2.96	0.54
1:A:84:GLY:H	1:A:96:SER:CB	2.17	0.54
1:A:342:HIS:ND1	1:A:343:ASN:OD1	2.30	0.53
1:A:72:PRO:CG	1:A:82:ARG:HH21	2.06	0.53
1:A:152:GLU:HG3	9:A:1112:HOH:O	2.07	0.53
1:A:97:GLU:HA	1:A:99:CYS:H	1.73	0.53
1:A:211:VAL:HG23	1:A:391:PRO:HB3	1.90	0.53
1:A:180:VAL:H	1:A:188:ASN:ND2	1.97	0.53
1:A:66:GLN:O	1:A:70:VAL:N	2.42	0.53
1:A:245:LYS:HE3	1:A:291:ALA:O	2.08	0.53
1:A:180:VAL:N	1:A:188:ASN:HD21	1.97	0.52
1:A:165:ASN:ND2	1:A:168:LYS:HE3	2.23	0.52
1:A:76:TRP:CD1	1:A:92:LEU:HD12	2.43	0.52
1:A:87:ARG:NE	1:A:98:ASP:OD1	2.40	0.52
1:A:82:ARG:HH11	1:A:95:CYS:N	2.07	0.52
1:A:82:ARG:NH1	1:A:95:CYS:N	2.58	0.52
1:A:82:ARG:HH11	1:A:95:CYS:H	1.58	0.51
1:A:78:CYS:HB2	1:A:108:ASP:OD1	2.11	0.51
1:A:373:VAL:HG23	1:A:373:VAL:O	2.10	0.51
1:A:132:CYS:HA	1:A:344:CYS:HB2	1.93	0.50
1:A:276:GLU:HG3	1:A:331:MET:HE3	1.93	0.50
1:A:89:ALA:HA	1:A:90:ASN:CB	2.37	0.50
1:A:91:VAL:HG22	1:A:93:CYS:O	2.10	0.50
1:A:97:GLU:HA	1:A:99:CYS:N	2.26	0.50
1:A:719:LEU:HD23	1:A:762:SER:HB3	1.94	0.49
1:A:179:ALA:HB1	1:A:188:ASN:ND2	2.28	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:146:MET:HG2	1:A:301:ILE:HD11	1.95	0.48
1:A:86:LYS:NZ	9:A:1138:HOH:O	2.46	0.48
1:A:571:LEU:HB3	1:A:575:ALA:HB3	1.95	0.48
1:A:602:GLN:HB2	1:A:605:TYR:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:590:HIS:ND1	9:A:1117:HOH:O	2.35	0.48
1:A:67:ASP:HA	1:A:70:VAL:CG1	2.34	0.48
1:A:520:HIS:NE2	1:A:840:ARG:HD3	2.28	0.47
1:A:67:ASP:O	1:A:71:LEU:HD13	2.14	0.47
1:A:480:PRO:O	1:A:523:LYS:HD2	2.14	0.47
1:A:68:ILE:HG13	1:A:79:ASN:ND2	2.29	0.47
1:A:712:TYR:HB3	1:A:719:LEU:HD11	1.97	0.47
1:A:572:ILE:HG23	9:A:1691:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:441:MET:HE1	1:A:465:ASP:HB2	1.97	0.47
1:A:722:ILE:CG2	1:A:759:VAL:HB	2.45	0.47
1:A:198:ALA:HA	1:A:201:HIS:CE1	2.50	0.46
1:A:337:LYS:CB	1:A:342:HIS:HD2	2.28	0.46
1:A:578:GLN:NE2	9:A:1120:HOH:O	2.47	0.46
1:A:303:GLU:OE2	1:A:303:GLU:HA	2.15	0.46
1:A:387:SER:HB2	1:A:397:PHE:HB2	1.98	0.46
1:A:285:TRP:HB3	1:A:294:PRO:CG	2.45	0.46
1:A:620:SER:HB2	1:A:722:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.45
8:A:1016:AMP:O3P	9:A:1103:HOH:O	2.20	0.45
1:A:378:TYR:O	1:A:383:PRO:HA	2.17	0.44
1:A:798:LYS:HE3	9:A:1776:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:107:THR:HG23	1:A:280:MET:HE1	1.99	0.44
1:A:255:GLU:OE1	1:A:269:TYR:HB2	2.18	0.44
1:A:292:LYS:HD2	1:A:292:LYS:N	2.32	0.44
1:A:119:TRP:CE2	1:A:166:LYS:HE3	2.53	0.44
1:A:96:SER:OG	1:A:109:TYR:CE1	2.43	0.44
1:A:66:GLN:O	1:A:69:CYS:N	2.49	0.44
1:A:709:LEU:HB3	1:A:710:PRO:HD3	2.00	0.44
1:A:87:ARG:NH2	1:A:102:LYS:HD3	2.32	0.44
1:A:78:CYS:CB	1:A:112:ILE:HG21	2.48	0.43
1:A:80:LYS:HG3	1:A:80:LYS:H	1.44	0.43
1:A:110:LYS:HE2	1:A:114:LYS:NZ	2.33	0.43
1:A:117:THR:O	1:A:337:LYS:HE2	2.19	0.43
1:A:78:CYS:HB2	1:A:112:ILE:HG21	2.01	0.42
1:A:146:MET:HE3	1:A:349:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.42
1:A:257:LYS:HG2	1:A:260:GLY:C	2.39	0.42
8:A:1016:AMP:P	9:A:1103:HOH:O	2.78	0.42
1:A:133:PRO:HG3	1:A:340:ASN:O	2.19	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:680:GLU:HB2	9:A:1223:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:740:THR:HG22	1:A:740:THR:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:383:PRO:HB2	1:A:440:LEU:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:A:86:LYS:HA	1:A:86:LYS:HD3	1.66	0.42
1:A:734:HIS:HE1	9:A:1681:HOH:O	2.03	0.41
1:A:145:SER:OG	1:A:189:HIS:CE1	2.69	0.41
1:A:370:PHE:HB3	1:A:372:THR:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:146:MET:HE2	1:A:349:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:654:THR:O	1:A:657:ASN:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:A:390:VAL:HB	1:A:391:PRO:HA	2.03	0.40
1:A:505:LYS:HA	1:A:526:PHE:CE2	2.56	0.40
1:A:276:GLU:HG3	1:A:331:MET:CE	2.51	0.40
1:A:172:THR:HA	1:A:486:THR:O	2.22	0.40
1:A:389:ASN:OD1	1:A:392:LYS:HE3	2.21	0.40
1:A:71:LEU:O	1:A:72:PRO:C	2.60	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	771/830 (93%)	742 (96%)	27 (4%)	2 (0%)	41	41

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	133	PRO
1	A	250	PHE

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	702/752 (93%)	685 (98%)	17 (2%)	49 53

All (17) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	71	LEU
1	A	76	TRP
1	A	77	SER
1	A	78	CYS
1	A	81	LEU
1	A	102	LYS
1	A	122	ASP
1	A	131	GLN
1	A	137	ASP
1	A	144	PHE
1	A	149	PHE
1	A	160	LEU
1	A	257	LYS
1	A	299	LEU
1	A	659	GLN
1	A	673	ASP
1	A	675	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	165	ASN
1	A	188	ASN
1	A	189	HIS
1	A	583	ASN



### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

9 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	B	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	1.13	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.78	2 (11%)
2	BMA	B	3	2	11,11,12	0.79	0	15,15,17	2.34	6 (40%)
2	MAN	B	4	2	11,11,12	0.74	0	15,15,17	1.60	2 (13%)
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	14,14,15	1.10	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.18	1 (5%)
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	1.67	4 (23%)
3	FUC	C	3	3	10,10,11	0.85	1 (10%)	14,14,16	1.36	1 (7%)
4	NAG	D	1	1,4	14,14,15	1.06	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.24	2 (11%)
4	FUC	D	2	4	10,10,11	0.67	0	14,14,16	1.52	4 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	B	3	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	MAN	B	4	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	C	3	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	D	2	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	D	1	NAG	O5-C1	-2.68	1.39	1.43
3	C	3	FUC	O5-C1	-2.23	1.40	1.43
3	C	1	NAG	O7-C7	-2.13	1.18	1.23
2	B	2	NAG	O7-C7	-2.05	1.18	1.23

All (23) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6	4.98	115.01	107.20
3	C	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.97	103.44	111.29
2	B	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	-4.65	105.89	112.19
2	B	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6	3.84	113.22	107.20
2	B	4	MAN	C1-C2-C3	3.73	114.25	109.67
3	C	3	FUC	O5-C1-C2	-3.42	105.49	110.77
2	B	3	BMA	O5-C1-C2	-3.42	105.49	110.77
4	D	2	FUC	O3-C3-C4	-3.11	103.16	110.35
2	B	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	2.98	113.33	109.67
2	B	3	BMA	O4-C4-C5	-2.87	102.17	109.30
3	C	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.83	106.82	111.29
2	B	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.65	107.11	111.29
2	B	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.64	107.12	111.29
4	D	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.53	107.29	111.29
2	B	3	BMA	C2-C3-C4	2.53	115.27	110.89
4	D	2	FUC	C3-C4-C5	2.42	113.54	109.77
4	D	2	FUC	O4-C4-C3	-2.33	104.97	110.35
3	C	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.23	119.73	122.90
3	C	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.14	115.10	112.19
4	D	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.11	119.89	122.90
3	C	2	NAG	O3-C3-C2	-2.11	105.11	109.47
2	B	4	MAN	O3-C3-C2	2.04	113.91	109.99
4	D	2	FUC	C6-C5-C4	-2.00	109.37	113.07

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

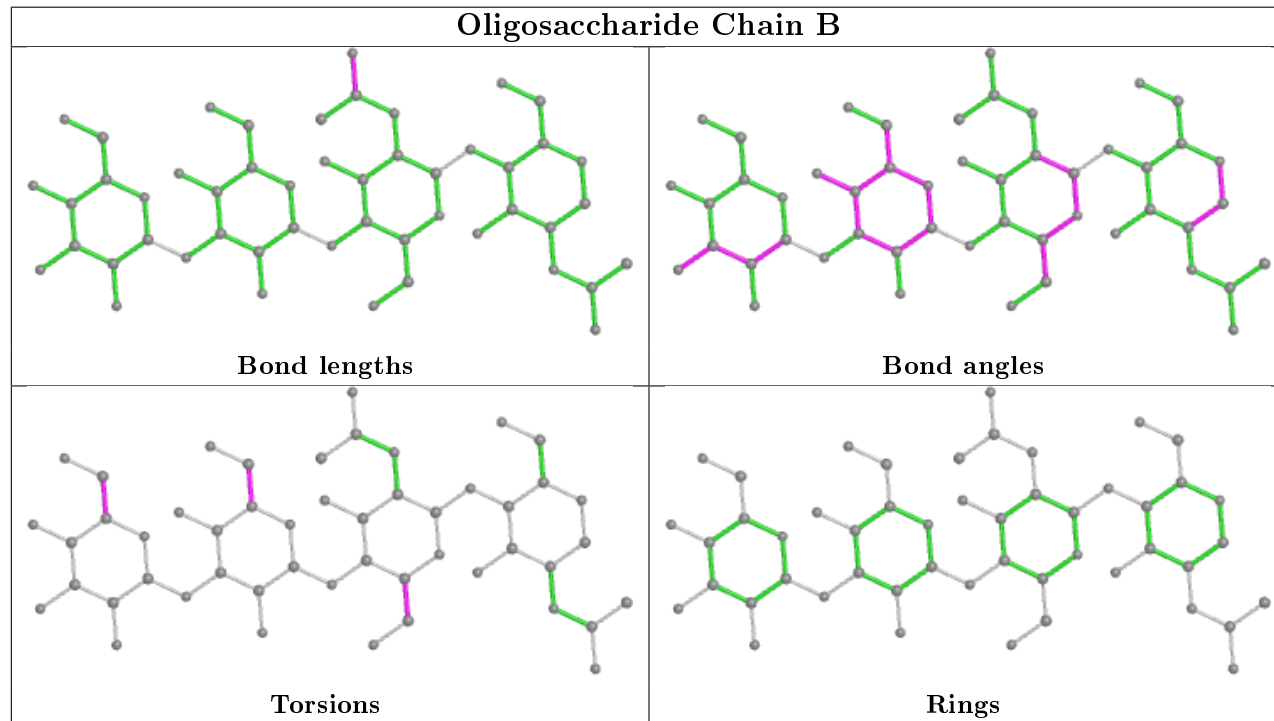
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	C	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	B	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6

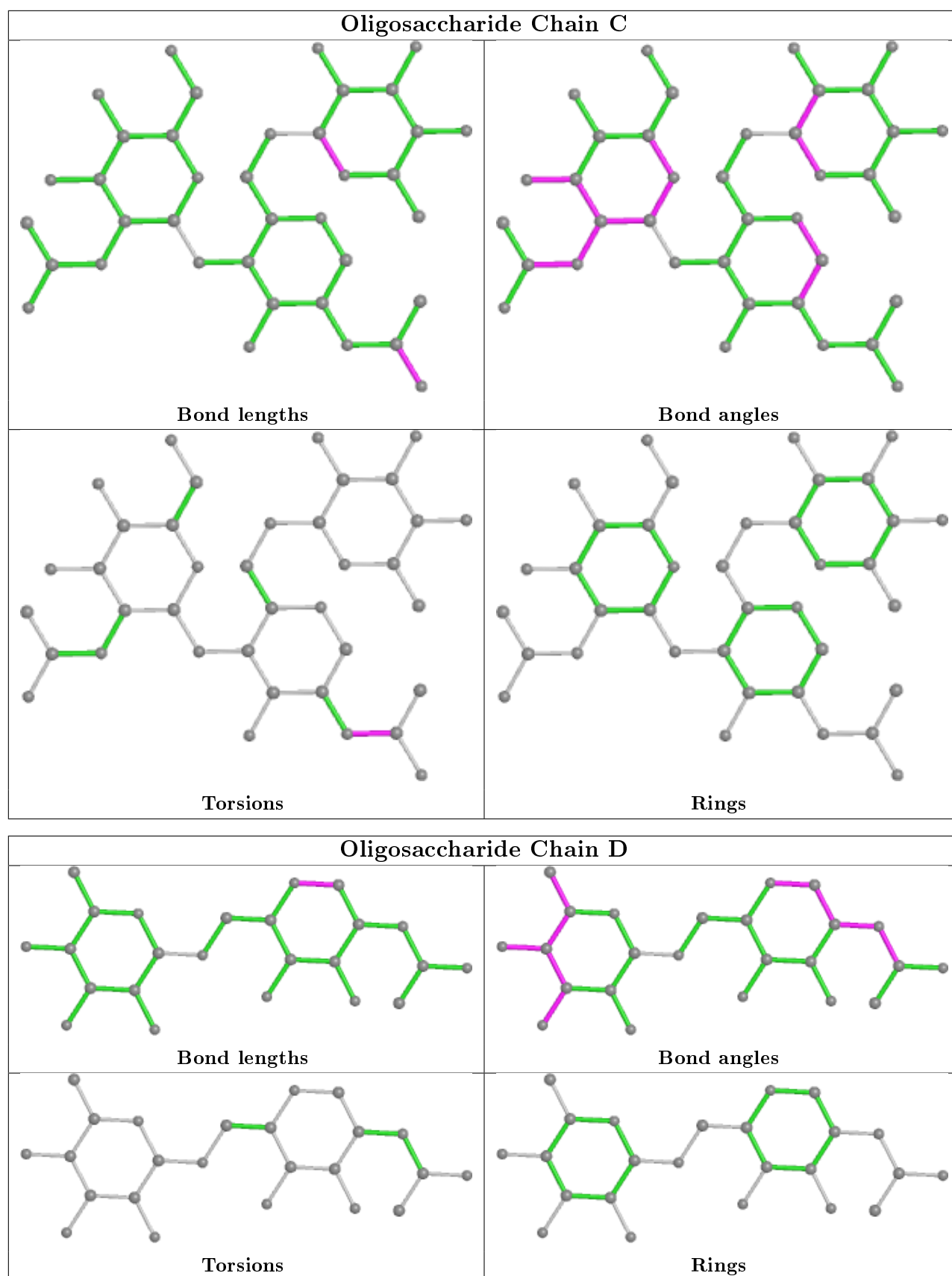
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	3	FUC	1	0
2	B	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
5	NAG	A	1003	1	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	0.64	0
5	NAG	A	1002	1	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.62	0
5	NAG	A	1001	1	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	0.73	0
8	AMP	A	1016	6	22,25,25	0.89	1 (4%)	25,38,38	1.30	4 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	1003	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	1002	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	1001	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	AMP	A	1016	6	-	1/6/26/26	0/3/3/3

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	A	1016	AMP	C5-C4	2.35	1.47	1.40

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	A	1016	AMP	N3-C2-N1	-3.73	122.84	128.68
8	A	1016	AMP	N6-C6-N1	2.33	123.42	118.57
8	A	1016	AMP	C2-N1-C6	2.14	122.41	118.75
8	A	1016	AMP	O2P-P-O5'	-2.04	101.32	106.73

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

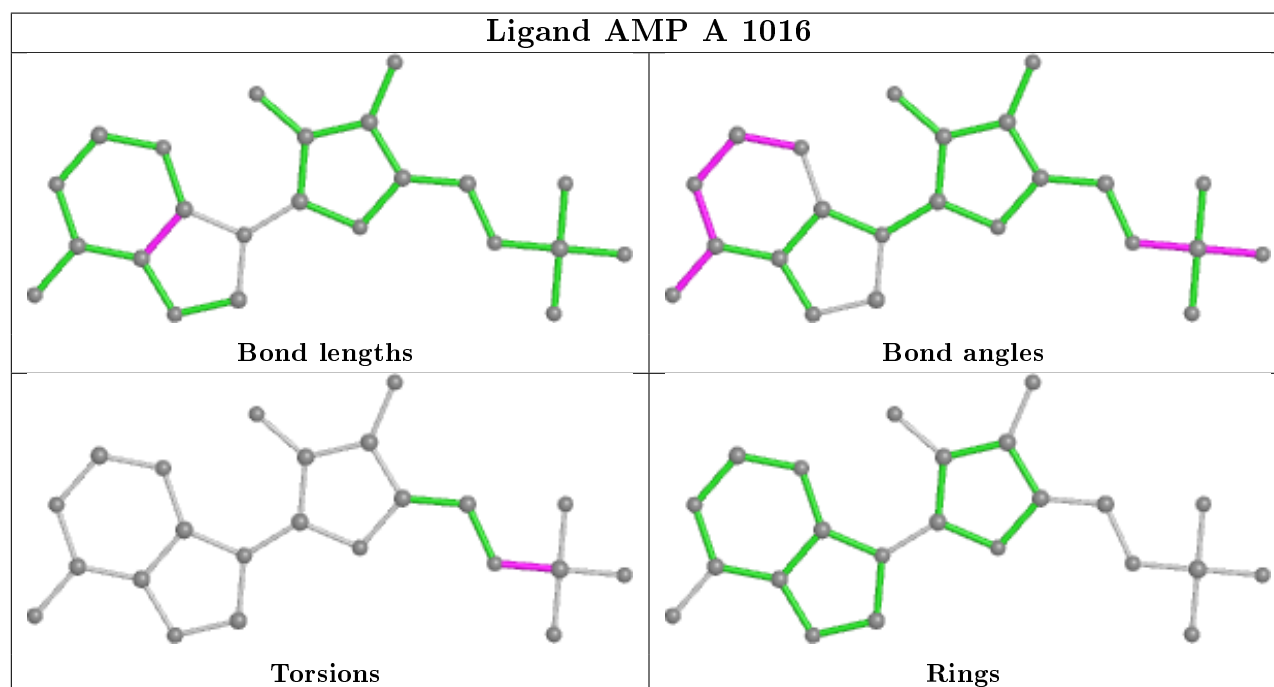
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	A	1016	AMP	C5'-O5'-P-O2P

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	1001	NAG	1	0
8	A	1016	AMP	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	777/830 (93%)	0.10	61 (7%) 12 16	16, 34, 80, 119	0

All (61) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	89	ALA	9.2
1	A	65	TYR	8.7
1	A	627	LEU	8.0
1	A	70	VAL	7.5
1	A	67	ASP	7.4
1	A	73	THR	6.5
1	A	71	LEU	5.8
1	A	81	LEU	5.6
1	A	88	MET	5.3
1	A	661	ASP	5.3
1	A	115	ARG	5.0
1	A	626	SER	4.8
1	A	66	GLN	4.7
1	A	852	VAL	4.6
1	A	635	PRO	4.6
1	A	125	ALA	4.6
1	A	677	SER	4.5
1	A	800	PRO	4.3
1	A	113	CYS	4.1
1	A	638	SER	4.1
1	A	74	GLN	4.0
1	A	80	LYS	4.0
1	A	220	SER	3.7
1	A	676	SER	3.7
1	A	68	ILE	3.6
1	A	78	CYS	3.6
1	A	659	GLN	3.5

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	660	PRO	3.3
1	A	117	THR	3.3
1	A	849	ILE	3.2
1	A	122	ASP	3.1
1	A	96	SER	3.1
1	A	134	GLU	3.0
1	A	95	CYS	2.8
1	A	637	ALA	2.8
1	A	91	VAL	2.6
1	A	133	PRO	2.6
1	A	455	LYS	2.5
1	A	130	SER	2.5
1	A	109	TYR	2.5
1	A	411	PRO	2.5
1	A	111	SER	2.5
1	A	484	GLU	2.5
1	A	69	CYS	2.4
1	A	851	SER	2.4
1	A	678	GLY	2.4
1	A	540	TYR	2.4
1	A	132	CYS	2.4
1	A	137	ASP	2.4
1	A	636	SER	2.3
1	A	143	LEU	2.3
1	A	72	PRO	2.3
1	A	90	ASN	2.3
1	A	798	LYS	2.2
1	A	79	ASN	2.2
1	A	102	LYS	2.2
1	A	97	GLU	2.2
1	A	372	THR	2.1
1	A	219	LEU	2.0
1	A	92	LEU	2.0
1	A	456	TYR	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

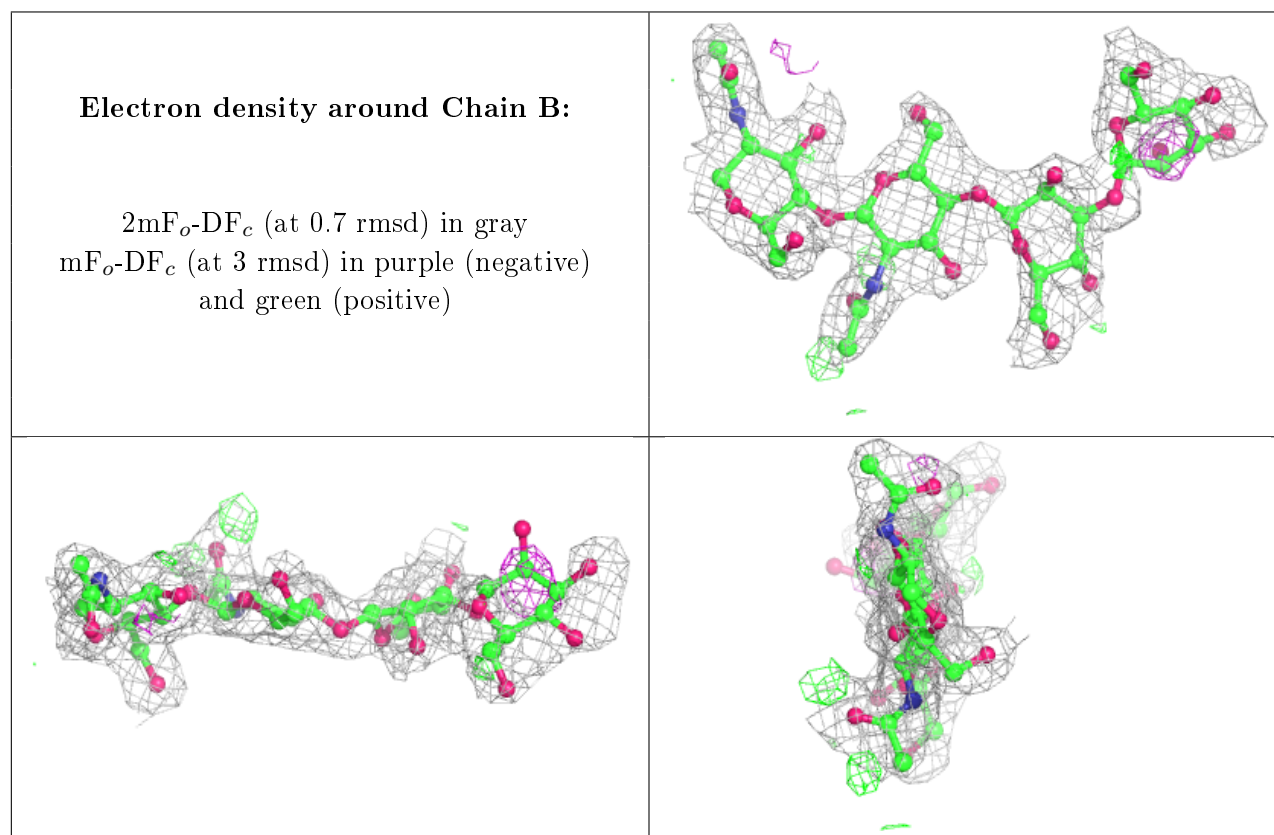
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

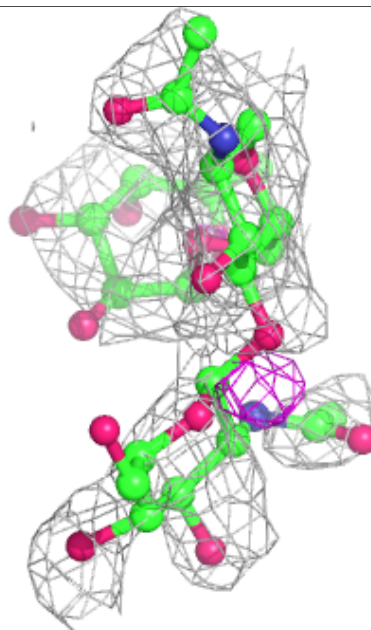
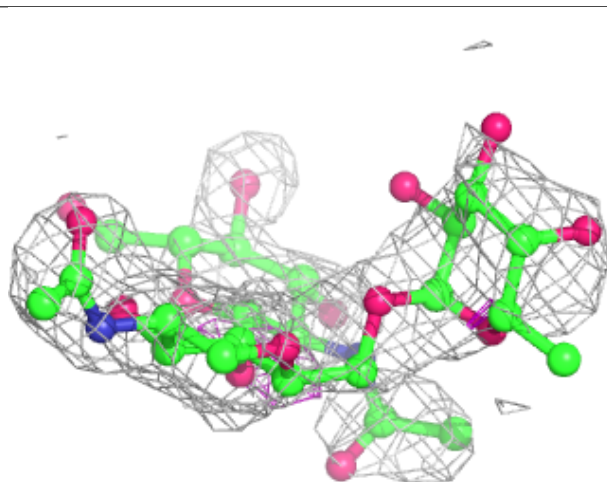
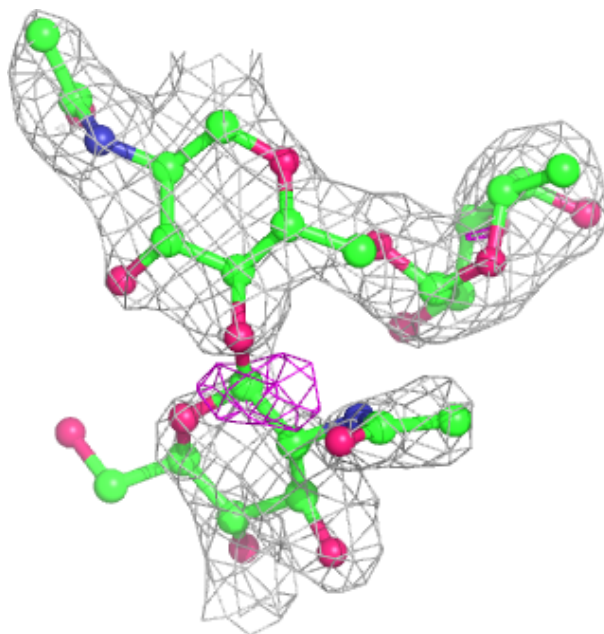
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	MAN	B	4	11/12	0.26	0.46	72,78,80,82	0
2	BMA	B	3	11/12	0.58	0.41	65,71,75,77	0
3	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.61	0.48	73,78,80,80	0
3	FUC	C	3	10/11	0.77	0.42	68,74,76,77	0
3	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.79	0.29	53,61,71,80	0
4	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.84	0.20	45,52,61,64	0
4	FUC	D	2	10/11	0.85	0.23	52,56,58,59	0
2	NAG	B	2	14/15	0.91	0.20	28,40,55,59	0
2	NAG	B	1	14/15	0.97	0.08	16,22,28,31	0

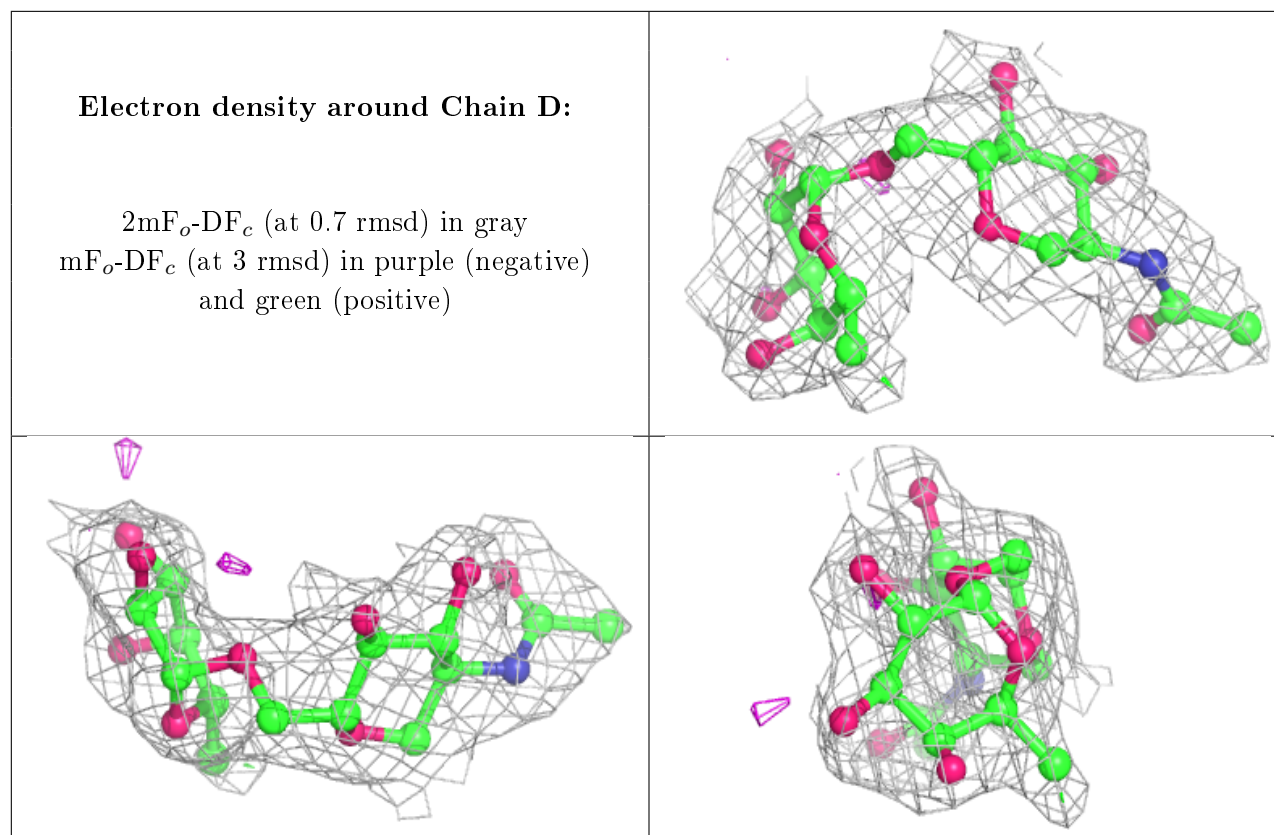
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



**Electron density around Chain C:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

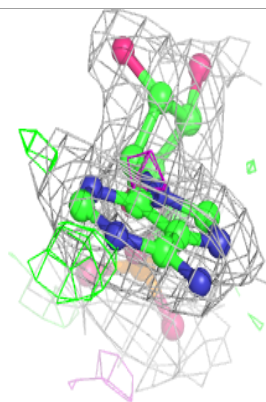
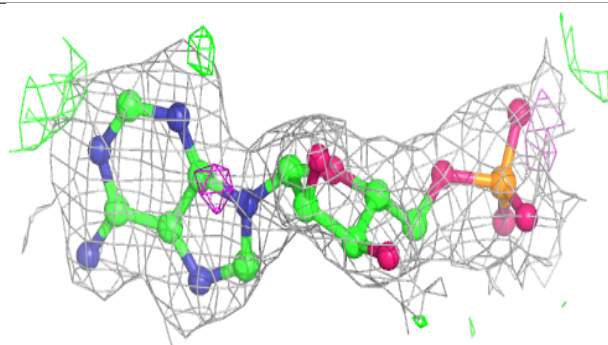
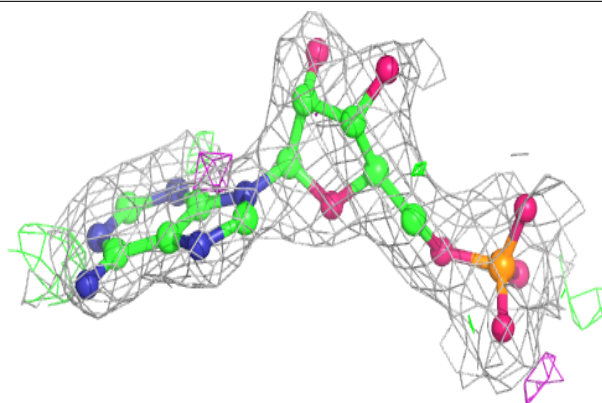
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
5	NAG	A	1003	14/15	0.82	0.28	50,61,65,66	0
5	NAG	A	1001	14/15	0.89	0.22	34,47,56,56	0
5	NAG	A	1002	14/15	0.91	0.17	35,43,53,58	0
8	AMP	A	1016	23/23	0.93	0.13	27,38,47,50	0
6	ZN	A	1014	1/1	0.99	0.08	20,20,20,20	0
6	ZN	A	1013	1/1	1.00	0.07	22,22,22,22	0
7	CA	A	1015	1/1	1.00	0.13	11,11,11,11	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around AMP A 1016:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.