



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 22, 2020 – 08:26 pm BST

PDB ID : 2HDN
Title : Trypsin-modified Elongation Factor Tu in complex with tetracycline at 2.8 Angstrom resolution
Authors : Mui, S.; Heffron, S.E.; Aorora, A.; Abel, K.; Bergmann, E.; Journak, F.
Deposited on : 2006-06-20
Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

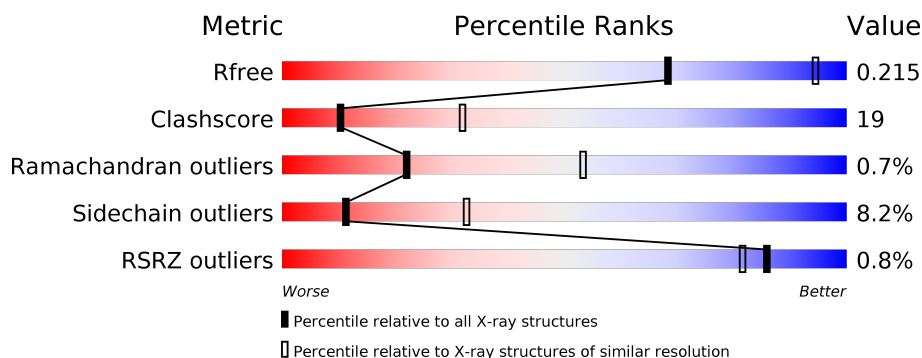
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	37	<div> <div>68%</div> <div>19%</div> <div>•</div> <div>11%</div> </div>
1	C	37	<div> <div>73%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>11%</div> </div>
1	E	37	<div> <div>68%</div> <div>19%</div> <div>•</div> <div>11%</div> </div>
1	G	37	<div> <div>78%</div> <div>11%</div> <div>11%</div> </div>
1	I	37	<div> <div>3%</div> <div>62%</div> <div>22%</div> <div>5%</div> <div>11%</div> </div>
1	K	37	<div> <div>76%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>11%</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	B	335	
2	D	335	
2	F	335	
2	H	335	
2	J	335	
2	L	335	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	TAC	F	3888	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 17608 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Elongation factor EF-Tu.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	33	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			239	151	43	45			
1	C	33	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			239	151	43	45			
1	E	33	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			239	151	43	45			
1	G	33	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			239	151	43	45			
1	I	33	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			239	151	43	45			
1	K	33	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			239	151	43	45			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Elongation factor EF-Tu.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	335	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2594	1644	441	496	13			
2	D	335	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2594	1644	441	496	13			
2	F	335	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2594	1644	441	496	13			
2	H	335	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2594	1644	441	496	13			
2	J	335	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2594	1644	441	496	13			
2	L	335	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2594	1644	441	496	13			

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	393	GLY	SER	VARIANT	UNP P0A6N1

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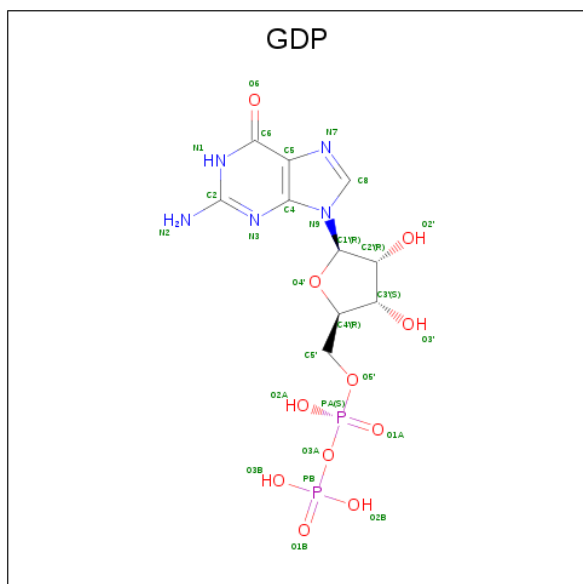
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	393	GLY	SER	VARIANT	UNP P0A6N1
F	393	GLY	SER	VARIANT	UNP P0A6N1
H	393	GLY	SER	VARIANT	UNP P0A6N1
J	393	GLY	SER	VARIANT	UNP P0A6N1
L	393	GLY	SER	VARIANT	UNP P0A6N1

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

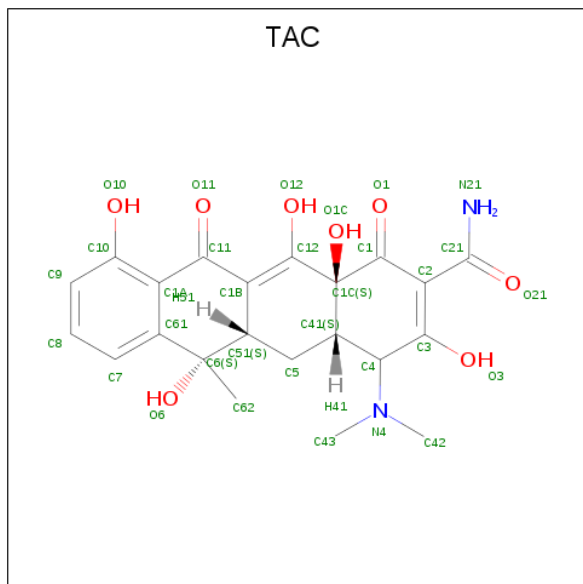
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	G	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	K	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	E	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	I	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	C	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₅N₅O₁₁P₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		
4	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		
4	F	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		
4	H	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		
4	J	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		
4	L	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		

- Molecule 5 is TETRACYCLINE (three-letter code: TAC) (formula: $C_{22}H_{24}N_2O_8$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			32	22	2	8		
5	D	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			32	22	2	8		
5	F	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			32	22	2	8		
5	H	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			32	22	2	8		
5	J	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			32	22	2	8		
5	L	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			32	22	2	8		

- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
6	B	54	Total O 54 54	0	0
6	C	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
6	D	30	Total O 30 30	0	0
6	E	1	Total O 1 1	0	0
6	F	30	Total O 30 30	0	0
6	G	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
6	H	28	Total O 28 28	0	0
6	I	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
6	J	45	Total O 45 45	0	0
6	K	5	Total O 5 5	0	0
6	L	37	Total O 37 37	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Elongation factor EF-Tu

Chain A: 



- Molecule 1: Elongation factor EF-Tu

Chain C: 




- Molecule 1: Elongation factor EF-Tu

Chain E: 



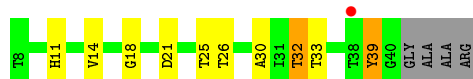
- Molecule 1: Elongation factor EF-Tu

Chain G: 



- Molecule 1: Elongation factor EF-Tu

Chain I: 



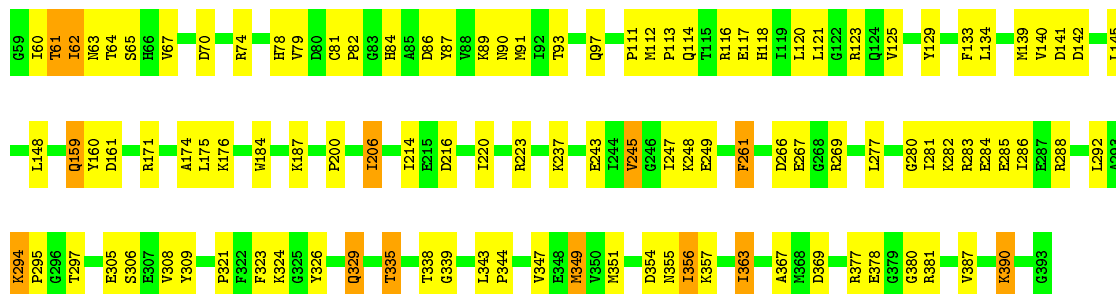
- Molecule 1: Elongation factor EF-Tu

Chain K: 



• Molecule 2: Elongation factor EF-Tu

Chain B: 67% 29% .



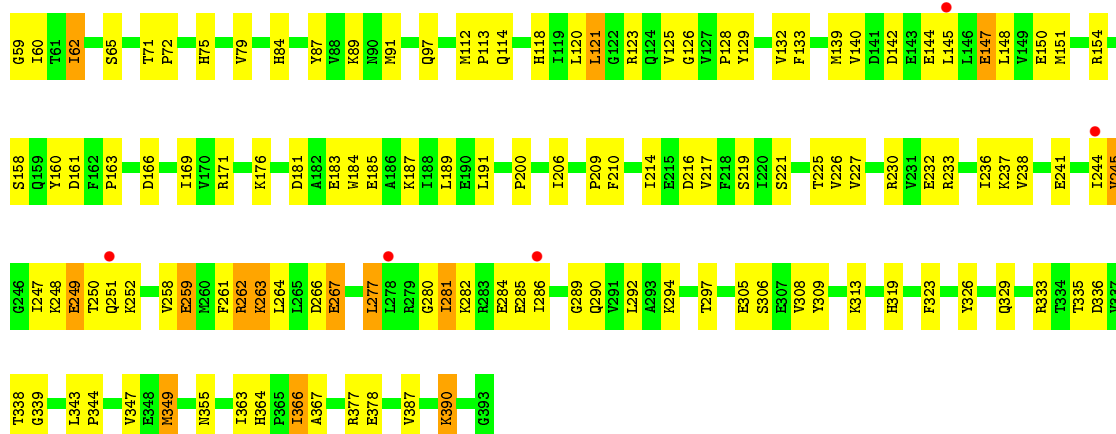
• Molecule 2: Elongation factor EF-Tu

Chain D: 64% 32% .

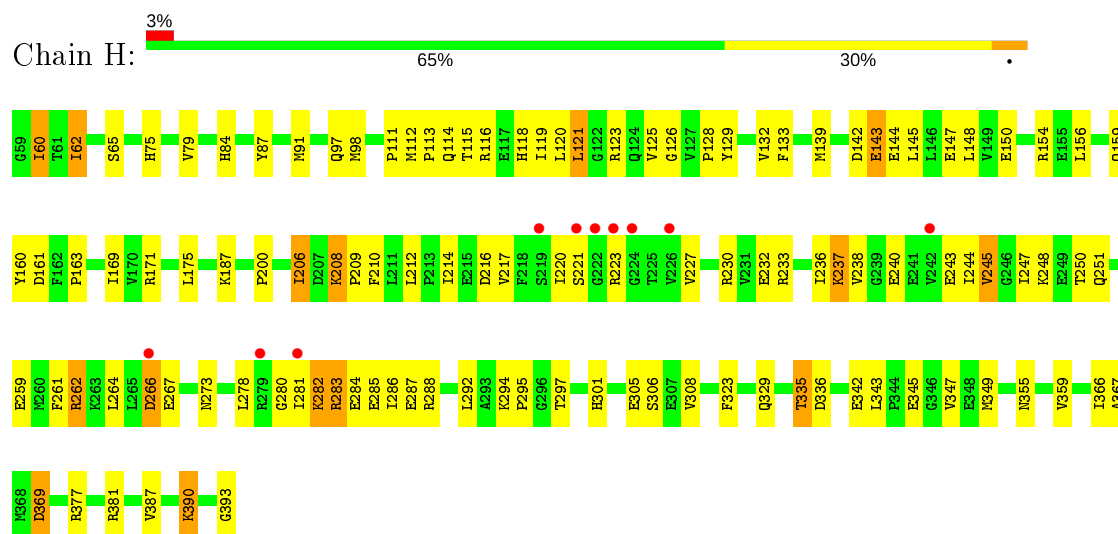


• Molecule 2: Elongation factor EF-Tu

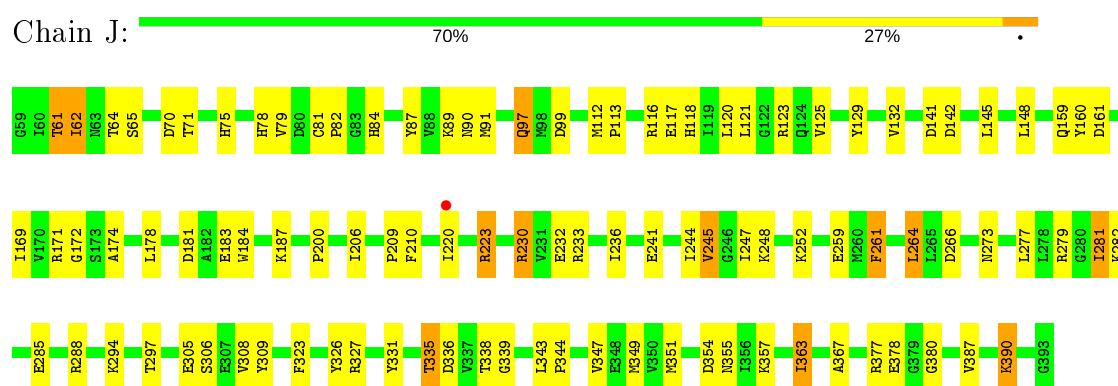
Chain F: 63% 33% .



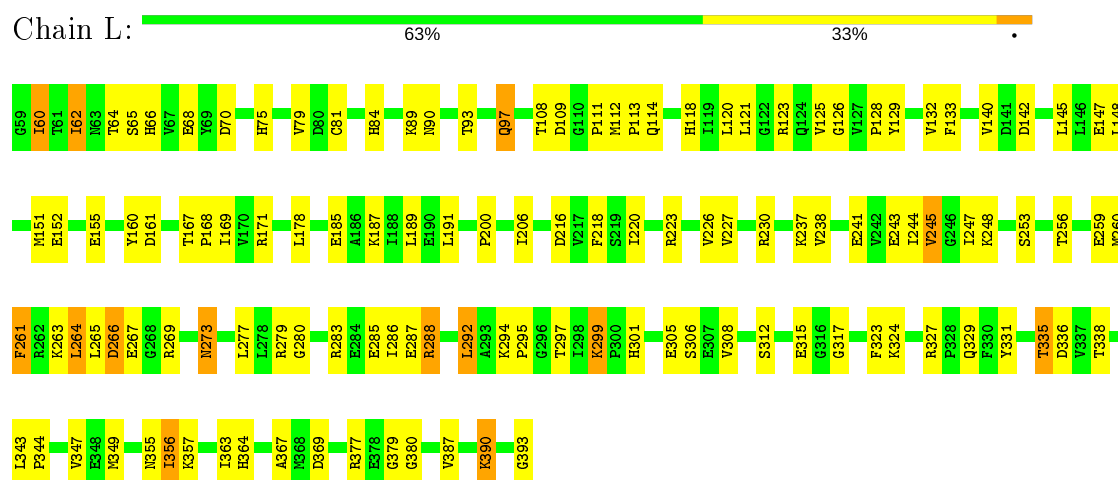
- Molecule 2: Elongation factor EF-Tu



- Molecule 2: Elongation factor EF-Tu



- Molecule 2: Elongation factor EF-Tu



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	69.71Å 156.06Å 134.83Å 90.00° 95.38° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.00 – 2.80 47.27 – 2.71	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	91.6 (40.00-2.80) 86.3 (47.27-2.71)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.83 (at 2.73Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.180 , 0.223 0.172 , 0.215	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4781 reflections (7.12%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	36.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.454	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.28 , 62.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.46$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	17608	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.83% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GDP, MG, TAC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.74	0/243	0.81	0/332
1	C	0.61	0/243	0.78	0/332
1	E	0.65	0/243	0.83	0/332
1	G	0.66	0/243	0.81	0/332
1	I	0.73	0/243	0.85	0/332
1	K	0.61	0/243	0.77	0/332
2	B	0.74	0/2642	0.90	1/3574 (0.0%)
2	D	0.68	0/2642	0.84	1/3574 (0.0%)
2	F	0.62	0/2642	0.83	1/3574 (0.0%)
2	H	0.61	0/2642	0.82	0/3574
2	J	0.75	0/2642	0.89	2/3574 (0.1%)
2	L	0.68	0/2642	0.85	0/3574
All	All	0.68	0/17310	0.85	5/23436 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	E	0	1
1	I	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	266	ASP	N-CA-CB	-6.57	98.77	110.60
2	J	363	ILE	CB-CA-C	-5.57	100.46	111.60

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	J	71	THR	N-CA-C	-5.27	96.76	111.00
2	F	71	THR	N-CA-C	-5.26	96.80	111.00
2	D	71	THR	N-CA-C	-5.21	96.93	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	E	39	TYR	Sidechain
1	I	39	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	239	0	248	12	0
1	C	239	0	247	8	0
1	E	239	0	248	14	0
1	G	239	0	248	7	0
1	I	239	0	247	14	0
1	K	239	0	247	8	0
2	B	2594	0	2605	99	0
2	D	2594	0	2605	103	0
2	F	2594	0	2605	132	0
2	H	2594	0	2605	122	0
2	J	2594	0	2605	107	0
2	L	2594	0	2605	104	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
3	E	1	0	0	0	0
3	G	1	0	0	0	0
3	I	1	0	0	0	0
3	K	1	0	0	0	0
4	B	28	0	12	1	0
4	D	28	0	12	1	0
4	F	28	0	12	1	0
4	H	28	0	12	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	J	28	0	12	0	0
4	L	28	0	12	0	0
5	B	32	0	22	1	0
5	D	32	0	22	1	0
5	F	32	0	22	0	0
5	H	32	0	22	1	0
5	J	32	0	21	1	0
5	L	32	0	22	1	0
6	A	4	0	0	0	0
6	B	54	0	0	1	0
6	C	3	0	0	0	0
6	D	30	0	0	4	0
6	E	1	0	0	0	0
6	F	30	0	0	4	0
6	G	4	0	0	0	0
6	H	28	0	0	1	0
6	I	3	0	0	0	0
6	J	45	0	0	6	0
6	K	5	0	0	0	0
6	L	37	0	0	3	0
All	All	17608	0	17318	648	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

The worst 5 of 648 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:J:97:GLN:H	2:J:97:GLN:NE2	1.41	1.19
2:H:60:ILE:HD12	2:H:60:ILE:H	1.17	1.07
2:D:143:GLU:O	2:D:147:GLU:HG2	1.58	1.02
2:L:230:ARG:HB2	2:L:230:ARG:HH11	1.26	1.00
2:H:217:VAL:HG11	2:H:286:ILE:HD12	1.44	0.99

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	31/37 (84%)	29 (94%)	2 (6%)	0	100	100
1	C	31/37 (84%)	29 (94%)	2 (6%)	0	100	100
1	E	31/37 (84%)	30 (97%)	1 (3%)	0	100	100
1	G	31/37 (84%)	30 (97%)	1 (3%)	0	100	100
1	I	31/37 (84%)	29 (94%)	2 (6%)	0	100	100
1	K	31/37 (84%)	29 (94%)	2 (6%)	0	100	100
2	B	333/335 (99%)	316 (95%)	15 (4%)	2 (1%)	25	56
2	D	333/335 (99%)	315 (95%)	16 (5%)	2 (1%)	25	56
2	F	333/335 (99%)	315 (95%)	14 (4%)	4 (1%)	13	39
2	H	333/335 (99%)	312 (94%)	17 (5%)	4 (1%)	13	39
2	J	333/335 (99%)	316 (95%)	16 (5%)	1 (0%)	41	72
2	L	333/335 (99%)	312 (94%)	19 (6%)	2 (1%)	25	56
All	All	2184/2232 (98%)	2062 (94%)	107 (5%)	15 (1%)	22	53

5 of 15 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	283	ARG
2	B	280	GLY
2	F	247	ILE
2	F	333	ARG
2	H	221	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	26/27 (96%)	24 (92%)	2 (8%)	13	35
1	C	26/27 (96%)	24 (92%)	2 (8%)	13	35
1	E	26/27 (96%)	25 (96%)	1 (4%)	33	67
1	G	26/27 (96%)	26 (100%)	0	100	100
1	I	26/27 (96%)	24 (92%)	2 (8%)	13	35
1	K	26/27 (96%)	26 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	280/280 (100%)	253 (90%)	27 (10%)	8	24
2	D	280/280 (100%)	256 (91%)	24 (9%)	10	30
2	F	280/280 (100%)	254 (91%)	26 (9%)	9	26
2	H	280/280 (100%)	256 (91%)	24 (9%)	10	30
2	J	280/280 (100%)	259 (92%)	21 (8%)	13	37
2	L	280/280 (100%)	259 (92%)	21 (8%)	13	37
All	All	1836/1842 (100%)	1686 (92%)	150 (8%)	11	33

5 of 150 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	F	221	SER
2	H	62	ILE
2	L	261	PHE
2	F	232	GLU
2	F	277	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 47 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	F	329	GLN
2	H	118	HIS
2	L	273	ASN
2	H	84	HIS
2	H	159	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 18 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 12 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	GDP	B	1999	3	24,30,30	1.13	3 (12%)	31,47,47	2.38	10 (32%)
5	TAC	L	6888	3	33,35,35	3.17	17 (51%)	42,58,58	1.34	7 (16%)
5	TAC	D	2888	3	33,35,35	3.28	16 (48%)	42,58,58	1.23	4 (9%)
4	GDP	H	4999	3	24,30,30	1.14	2 (8%)	31,47,47	2.43	9 (29%)
5	TAC	F	3888	3	33,35,35	3.19	16 (48%)	42,58,58	1.28	5 (11%)
4	GDP	L	6999	3	24,30,30	1.06	2 (8%)	31,47,47	2.47	11 (35%)
5	TAC	J	5888	3	33,35,35	3.04	14 (42%)	42,58,58	1.85	11 (26%)
5	TAC	H	4888	3	33,35,35	3.22	16 (48%)	42,58,58	1.42	9 (21%)
4	GDP	D	2999	3	24,30,30	1.18	2 (8%)	31,47,47	2.48	11 (35%)
5	TAC	B	1888	3	33,35,35	3.21	16 (48%)	42,58,58	1.29	6 (14%)
4	GDP	F	3999	3	24,30,30	1.11	2 (8%)	31,47,47	2.44	11 (35%)
4	GDP	J	5999	3	24,30,30	1.24	3 (12%)	31,47,47	2.39	10 (32%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GDP	B	1999	3	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	TAC	L	6888	3	-	2/8/74/74	0/4/4/4
5	TAC	D	2888	3	-	0/8/74/74	0/4/4/4
4	GDP	H	4999	3	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	TAC	F	3888	3	-	0/8/74/74	0/4/4/4
4	GDP	L	6999	3	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	TAC	J	5888	3	-	3/8/74/74	0/4/4/4
5	TAC	H	4888	3	-	3/8/74/74	0/4/4/4
4	GDP	D	2999	3	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	TAC	B	1888	3	-	1/8/74/74	0/4/4/4
4	GDP	F	3999	3	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
4	GDP	J	5999	3	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 109 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	D	2888	TAC	C1C-C41	10.10	1.62	1.53
5	H	4888	TAC	C1C-C41	9.45	1.61	1.53
5	B	1888	TAC	C1C-C41	8.80	1.61	1.53
5	L	6888	TAC	C1C-C41	8.68	1.61	1.53
5	F	3888	TAC	C1C-C41	8.27	1.60	1.53

The worst 5 of 104 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	D	2999	GDP	C5-C6-N1	-8.86	111.31	123.43
4	F	3999	GDP	C5-C6-N1	-8.82	111.37	123.43
4	H	4999	GDP	C5-C6-N1	-8.73	111.49	123.43
4	L	6999	GDP	C5-C6-N1	-8.70	111.53	123.43
4	B	1999	GDP	C5-C6-N1	-8.59	111.69	123.43

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 21 torsion outliers are listed below:

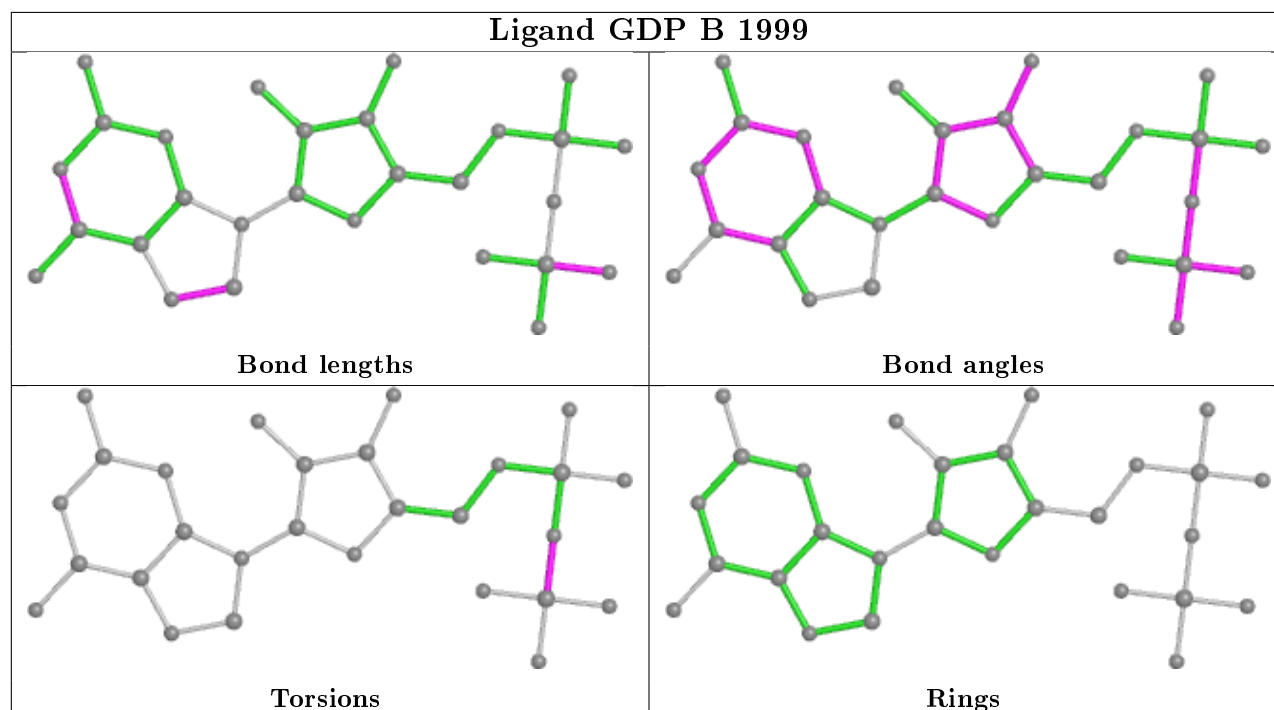
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	B	1999	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
5	J	5888	TAC	C3-C4-N4-C43
4	H	4999	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
4	L	6999	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
5	H	4888	TAC	C3-C4-N4-C42

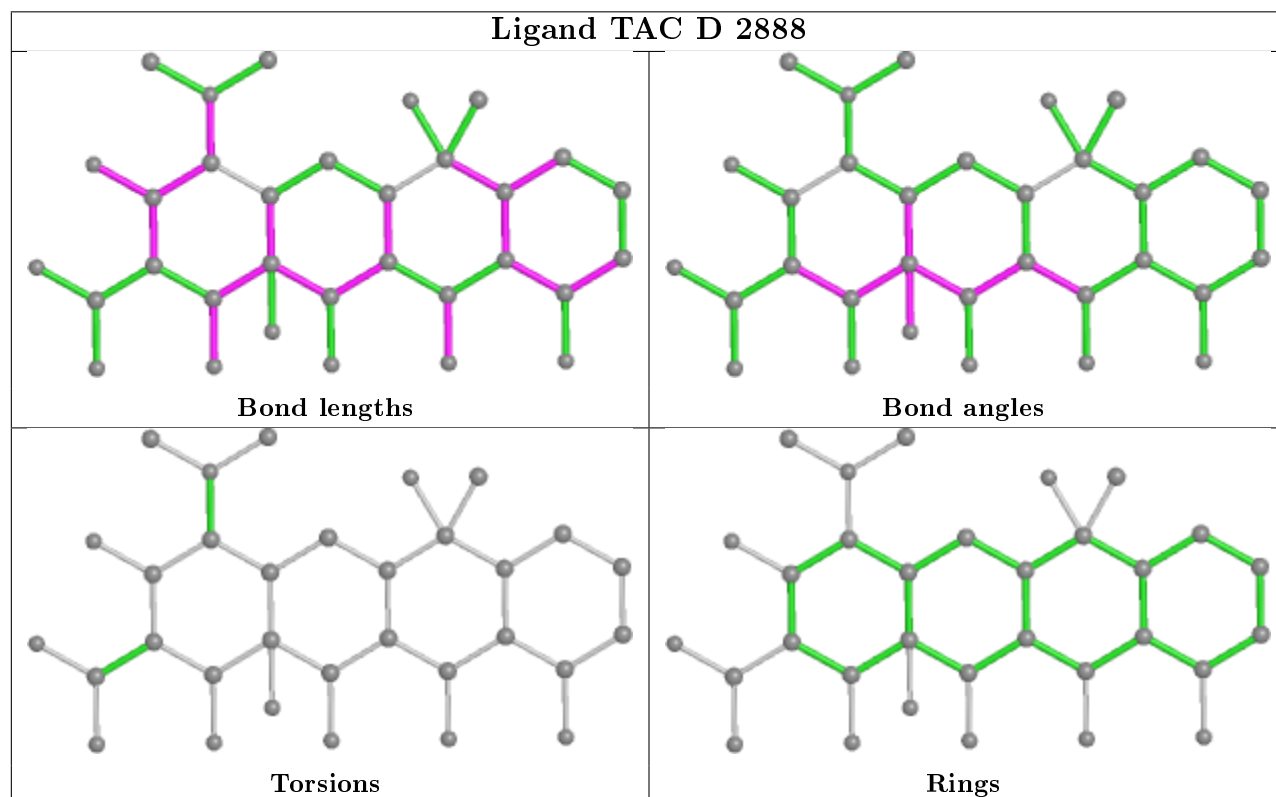
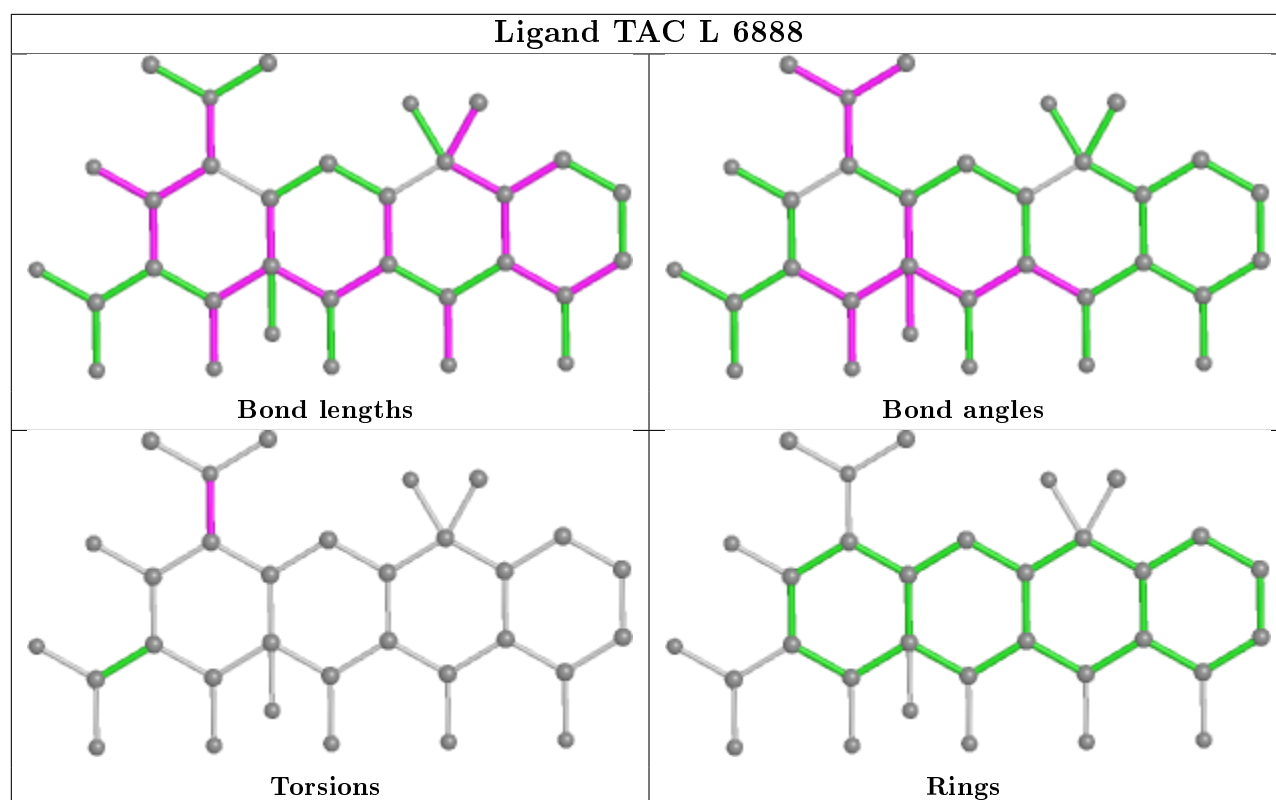
There are no ring outliers.

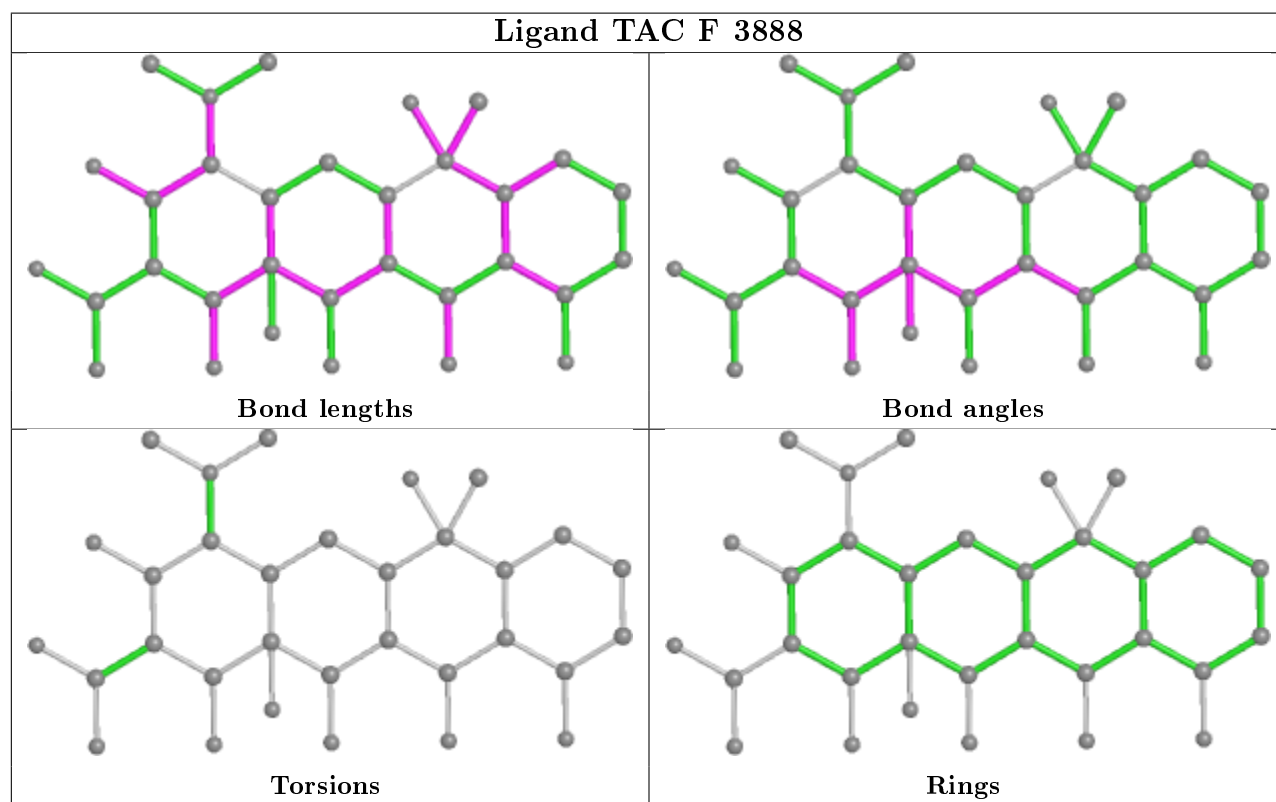
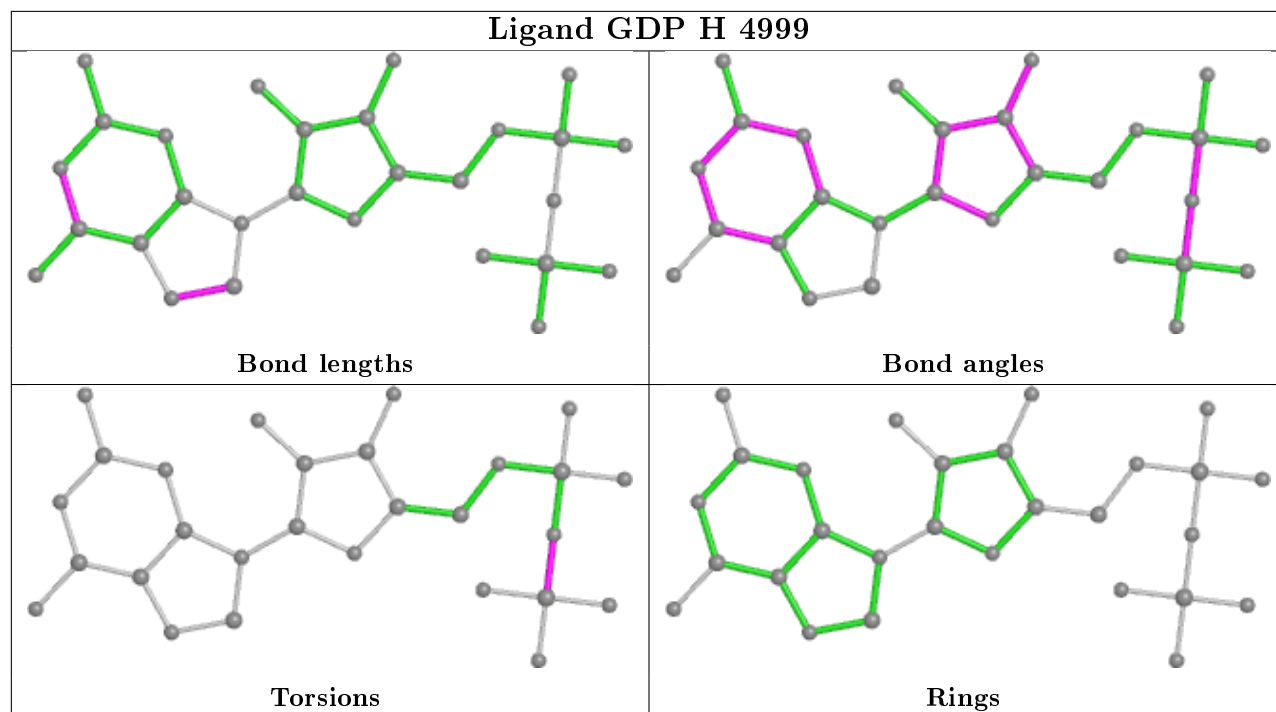
9 monomers are involved in 9 short contacts:

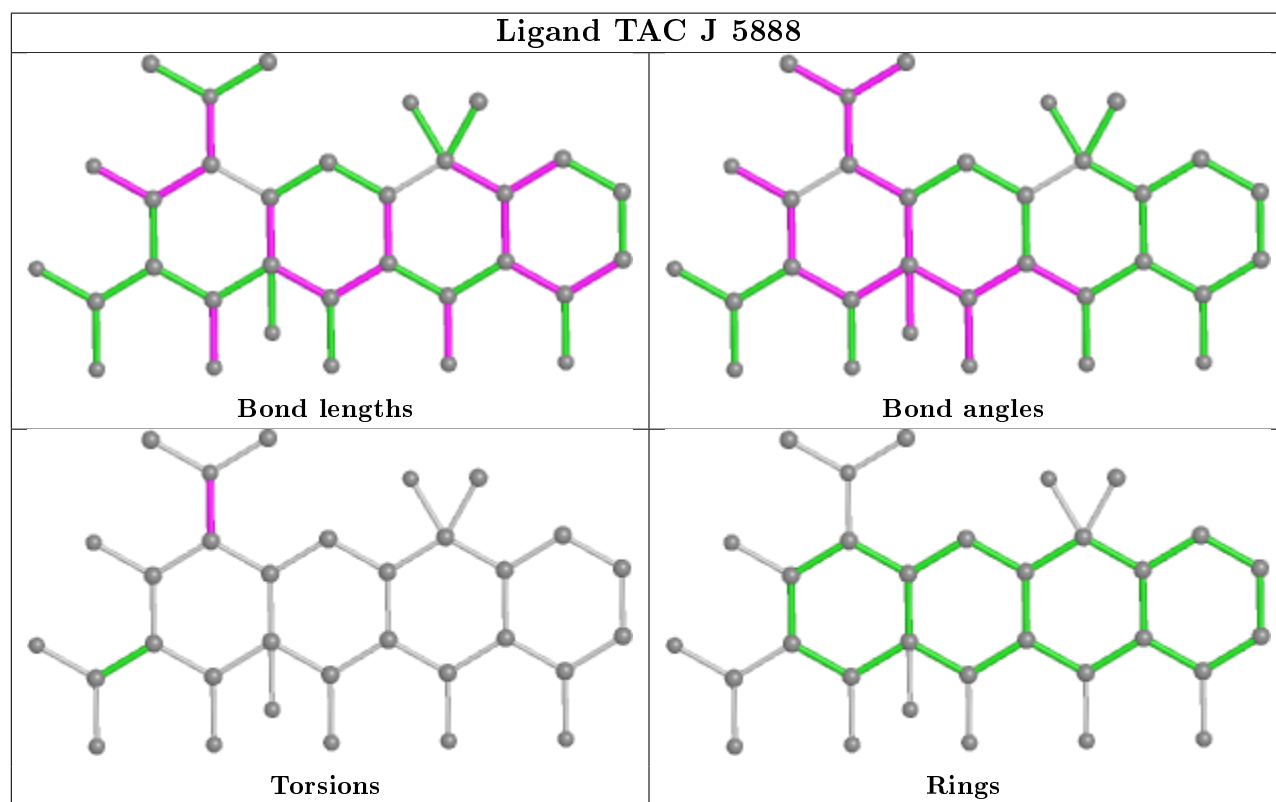
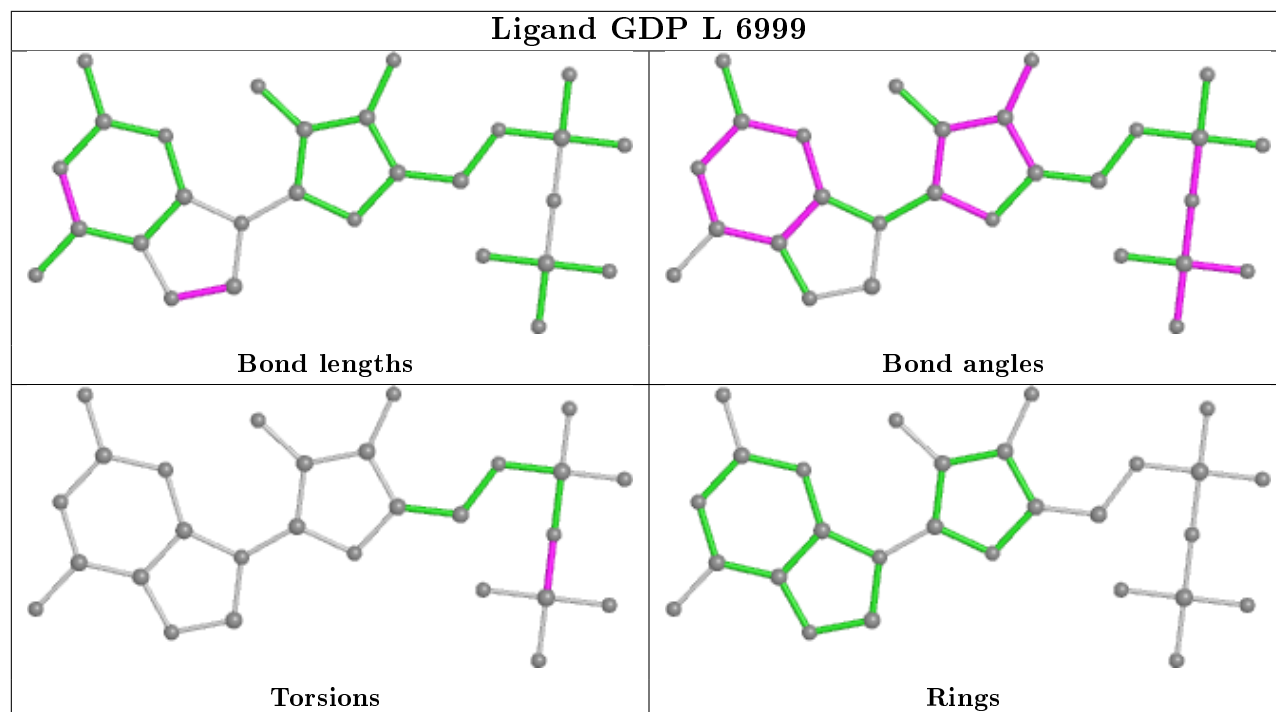
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	1999	GDP	1	0
5	L	6888	TAC	1	0
5	D	2888	TAC	1	0
4	H	4999	GDP	1	0
5	J	5888	TAC	1	0
5	H	4888	TAC	1	0
4	D	2999	GDP	1	0
5	B	1888	TAC	1	0
4	F	3999	GDP	1	0

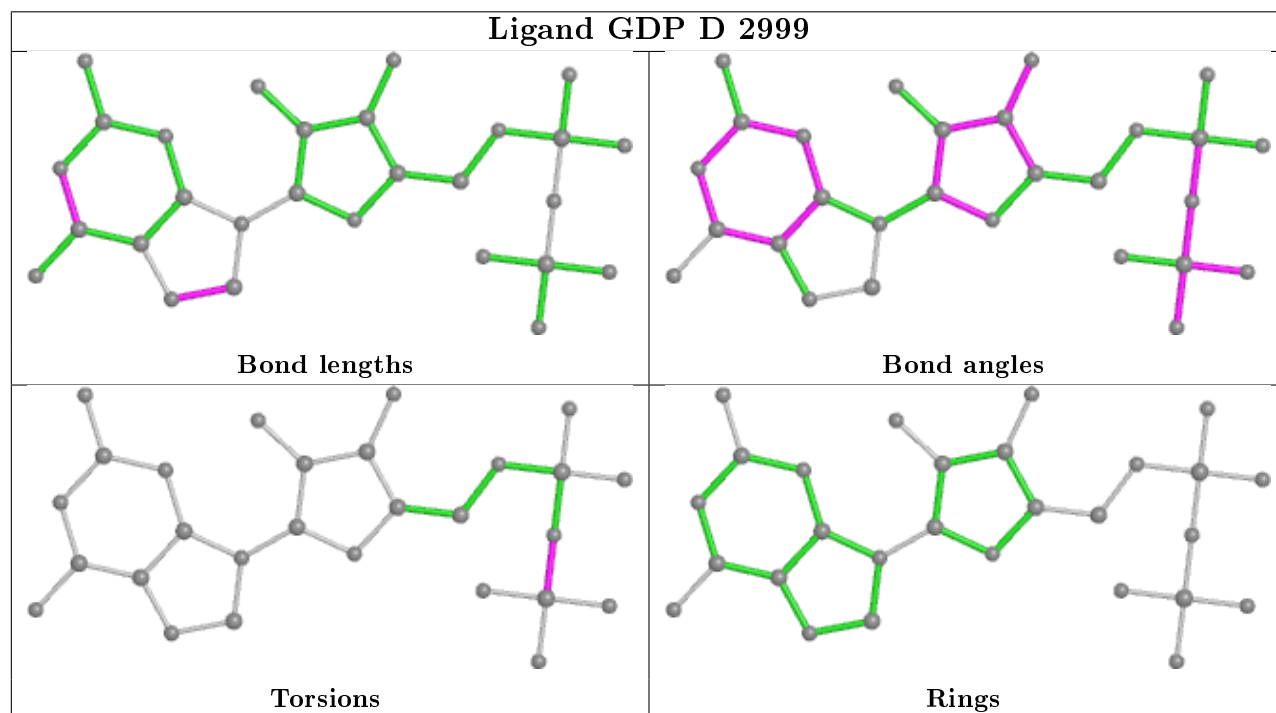
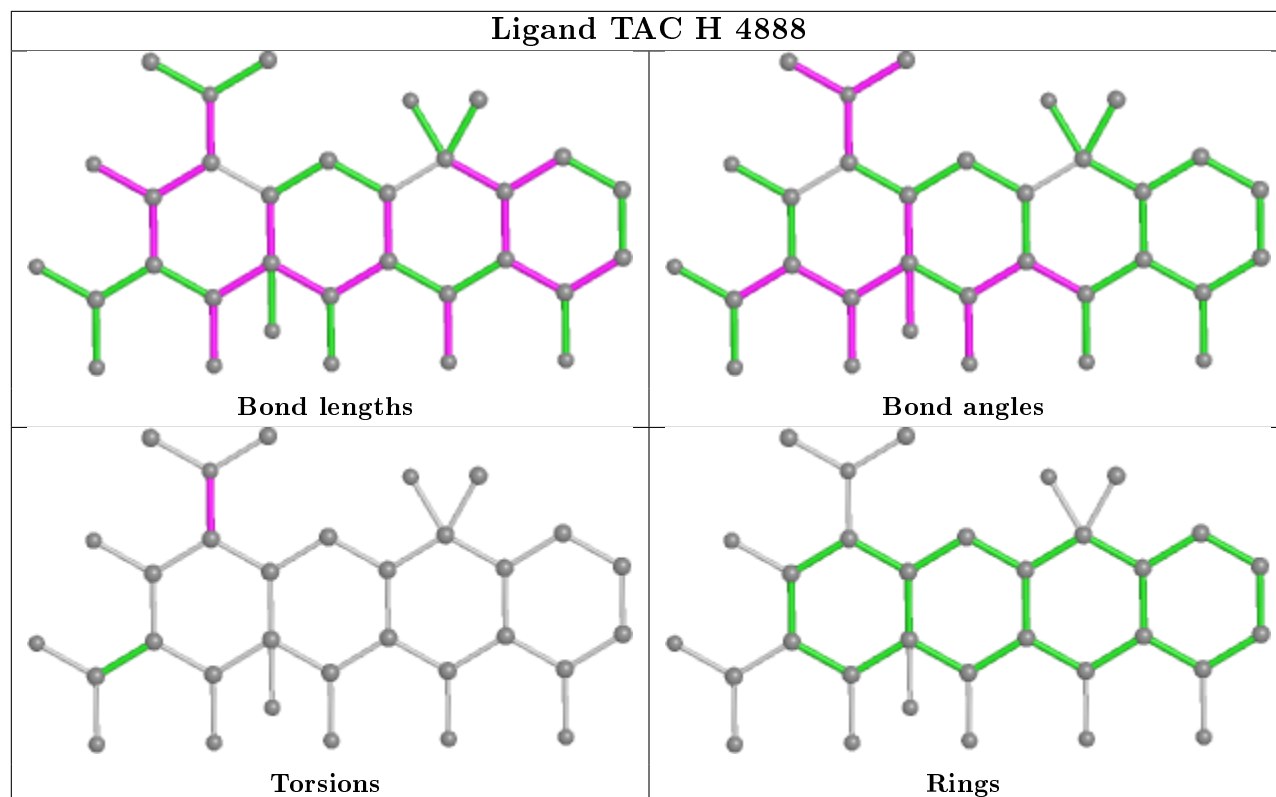
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

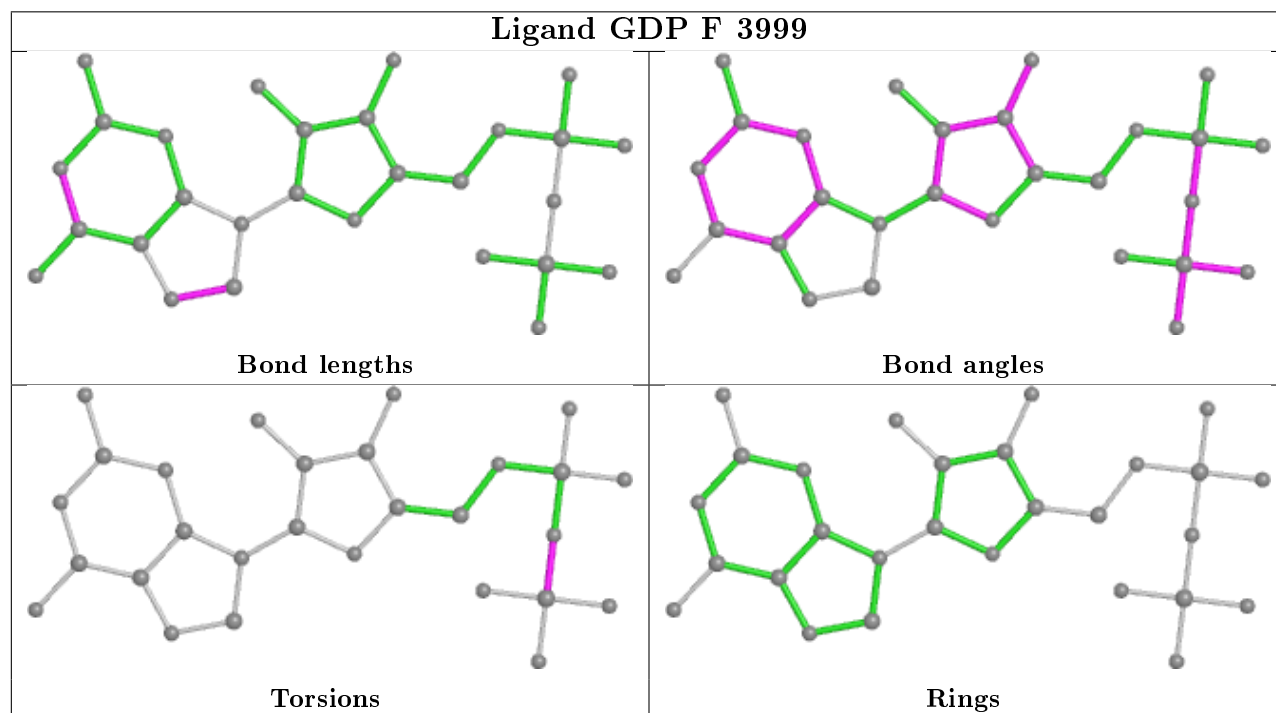
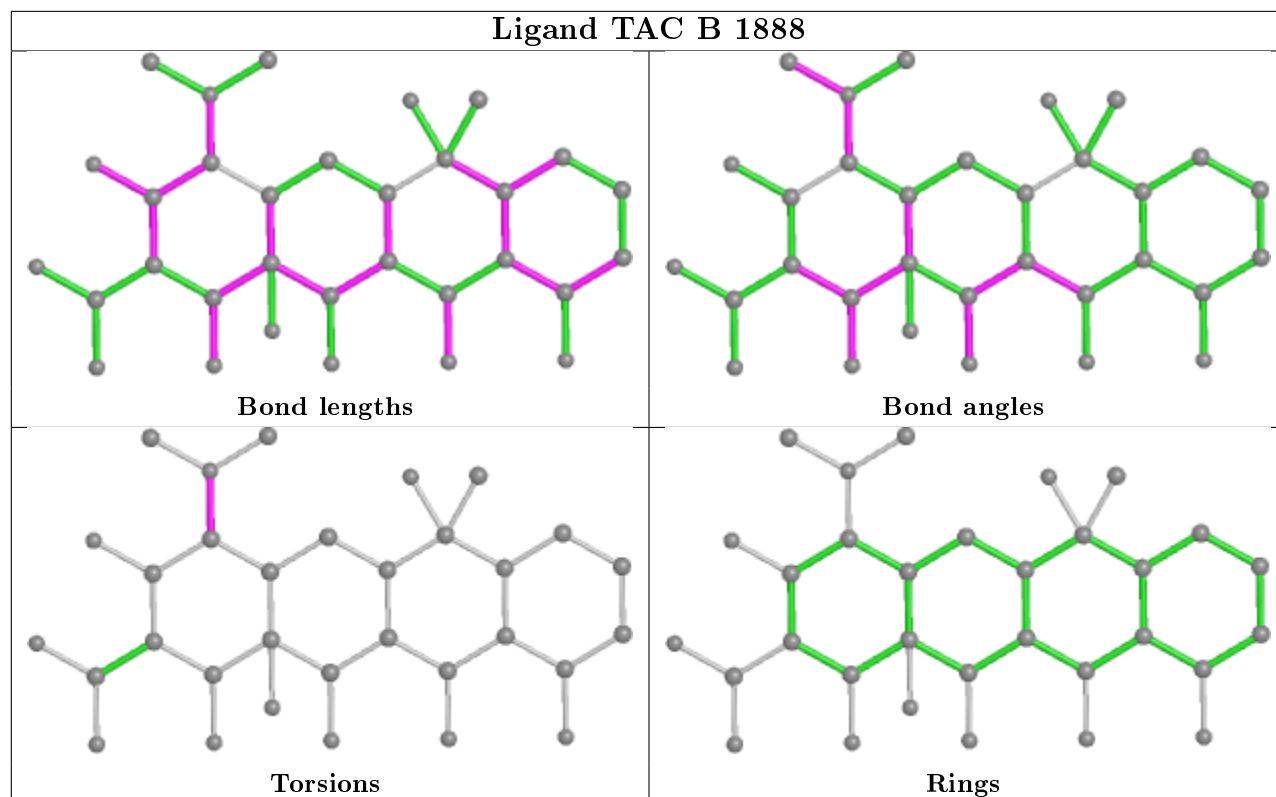


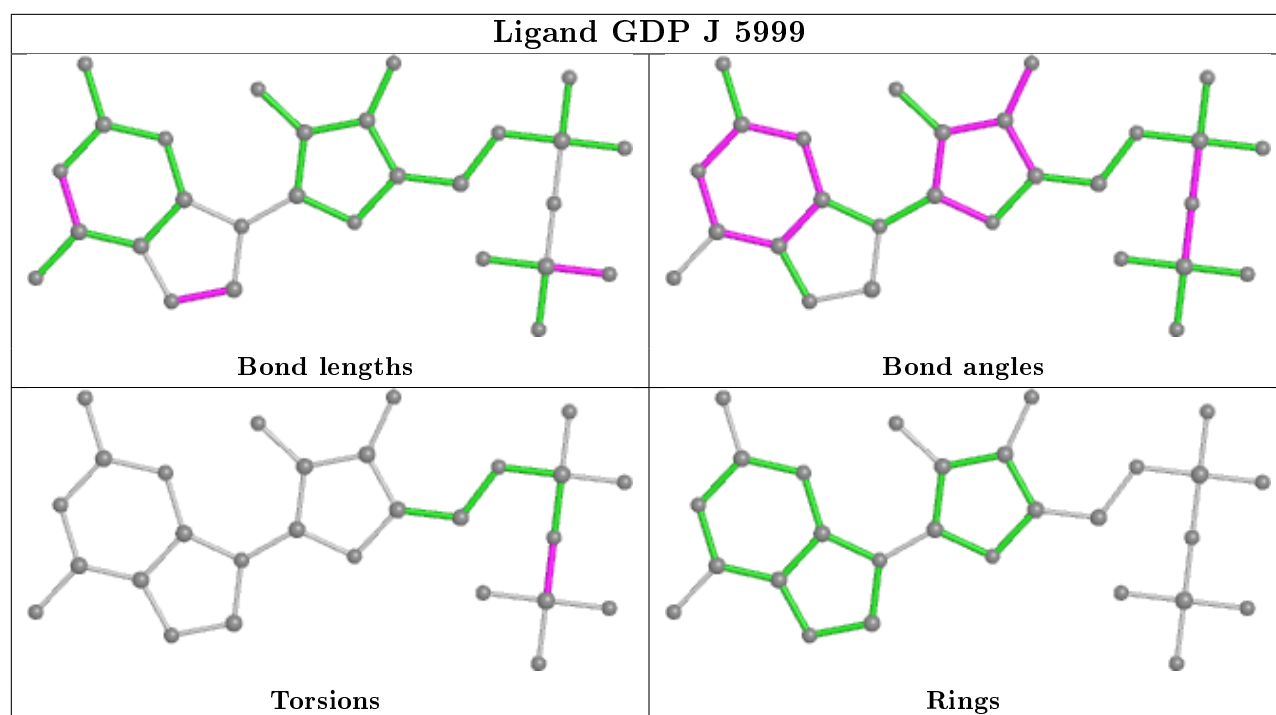












5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	33/37 (89%)	-0.76	0 100 100	9, 27, 44, 61	0
1	C	33/37 (89%)	-0.63	0 100 100	15, 31, 51, 74	0
1	E	33/37 (89%)	-0.61	0 100 100	21, 35, 68, 74	0
1	G	33/37 (89%)	-0.86	0 100 100	13, 32, 51, 64	0
1	I	33/37 (89%)	-0.52	1 (3%) 50 40	8, 19, 82, 98	0
1	K	33/37 (89%)	-0.78	0 100 100	10, 23, 45, 68	0
2	B	335/335 (100%)	-0.75	0 100 100	8, 31, 65, 94	0
2	D	335/335 (100%)	-0.69	0 100 100	13, 41, 74, 100	0
2	F	335/335 (100%)	-0.21	5 (1%) 73 68	13, 60, 99, 101	0
2	H	335/335 (100%)	-0.17	10 (2%) 50 40	16, 57, 100, 101	0
2	J	335/335 (100%)	-0.80	1 (0%) 94 93	6, 31, 69, 93	0
2	L	335/335 (100%)	-0.66	0 100 100	7, 41, 76, 100	0
All	All	2208/2232 (98%)	-0.56	17 (0%) 86 81	6, 40, 92, 101	0

The worst 5 of 17 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	I	38	THR	3.5
2	H	222	GLY	2.9
2	F	244	ILE	2.7
2	H	223	ARG	2.7
2	H	221	SER	2.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

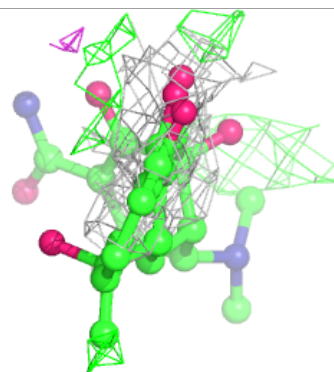
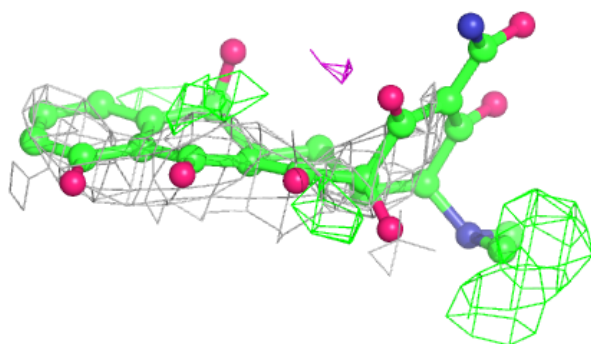
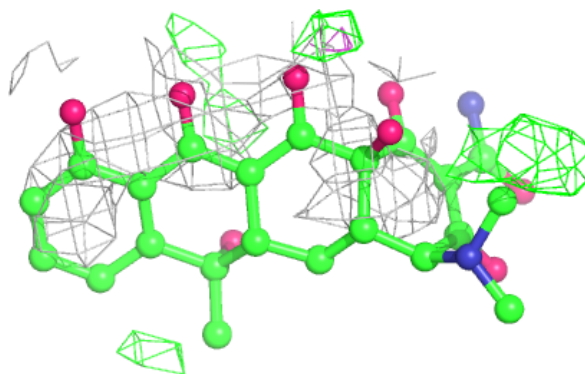
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
5	TAC	F	3888	32/32	0.78	0.47	32,47,57,60	32
5	TAC	D	2888	32/32	0.81	0.37	37,52,63,64	32
5	TAC	B	1888	32/32	0.85	0.27	34,48,60,64	32
5	TAC	J	5888	32/32	0.86	0.35	33,51,64,67	32
5	TAC	L	6888	32/32	0.90	0.24	35,47,61,64	32
5	TAC	H	4888	32/32	0.92	0.21	25,43,55,59	32
3	MG	A	1998	1/1	0.92	0.18	32,32,32,32	0
4	GDP	F	3999	28/28	0.96	0.14	32,42,60,60	0
4	GDP	B	1999	28/28	0.96	0.15	16,43,54,54	0
3	MG	E	3998	1/1	0.96	0.15	25,25,25,25	0
4	GDP	H	4999	28/28	0.97	0.14	19,52,64,66	0
3	MG	G	4998	1/1	0.97	0.13	43,43,43,43	0
3	MG	C	2998	1/1	0.97	0.19	30,30,30,30	0
4	GDP	D	2999	28/28	0.97	0.16	18,54,77,79	0
4	GDP	J	5999	28/28	0.98	0.13	14,26,33,38	0
4	GDP	L	6999	28/28	0.98	0.12	18,41,58,61	0
3	MG	I	5998	1/1	0.99	0.18	18,18,18,18	0
3	MG	K	6998	1/1	0.99	0.12	27,27,27,27	0

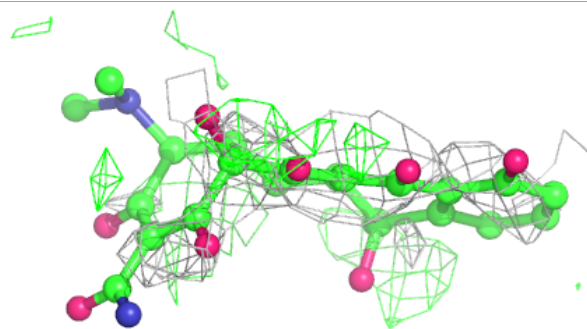
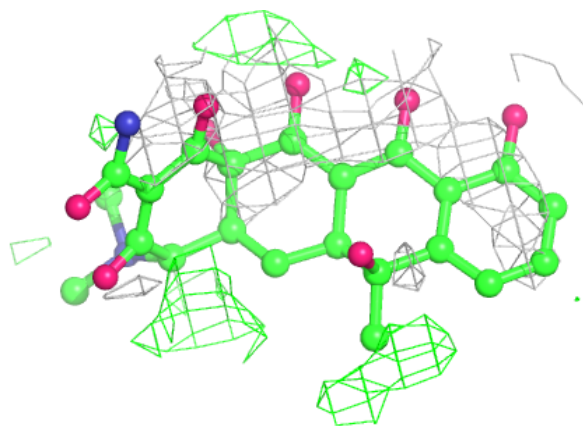
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around TAC F 3888:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

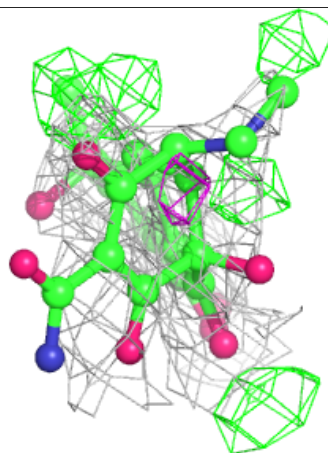
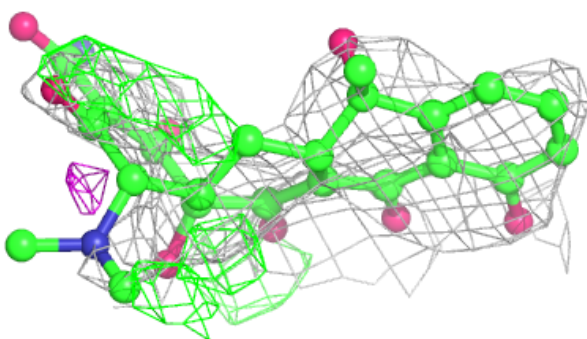
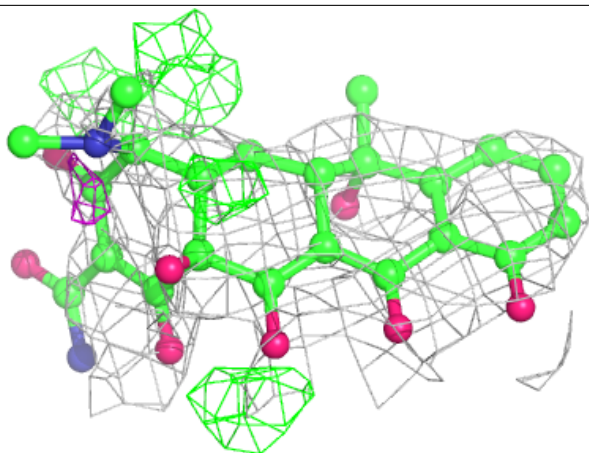
**Electron density around TAC D 2888:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



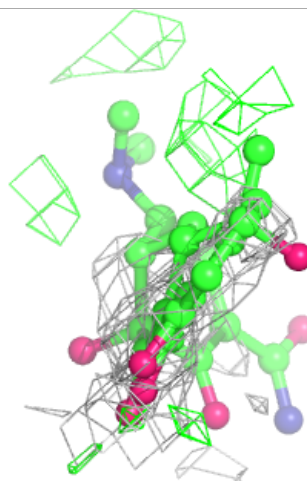
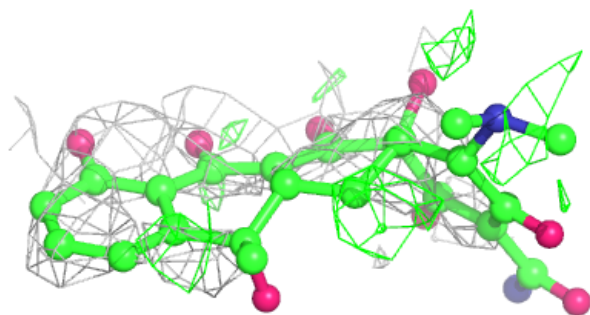
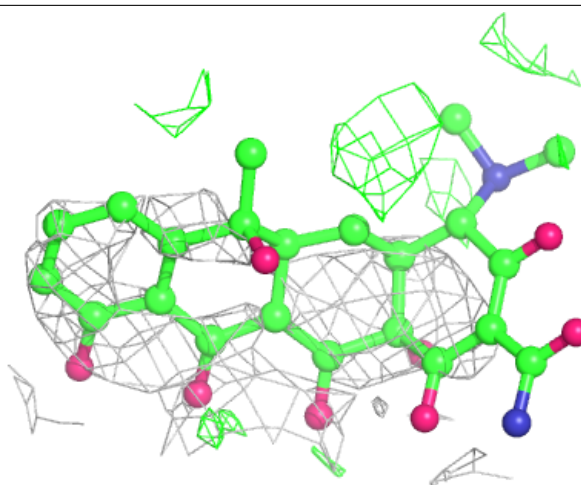
Electron density around TAC B 1888:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



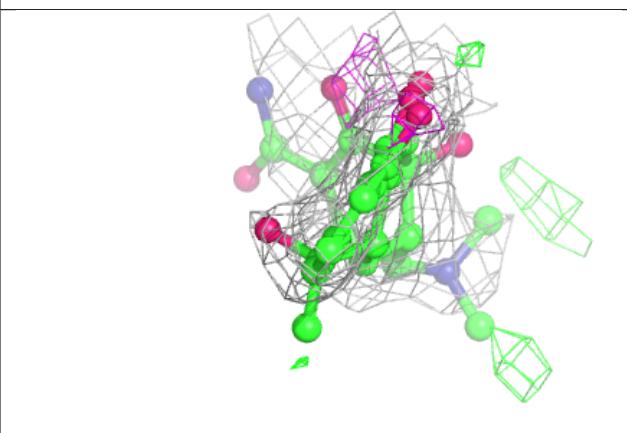
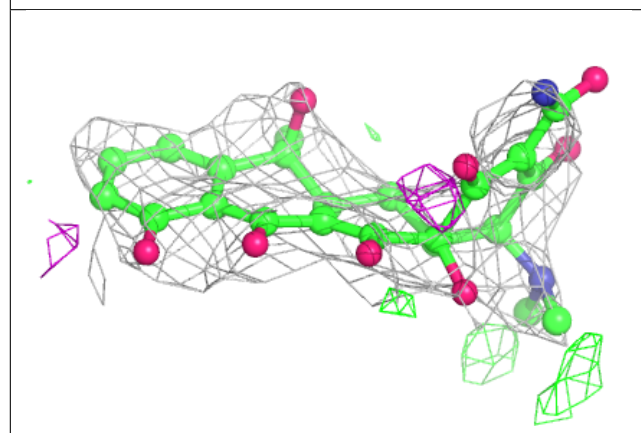
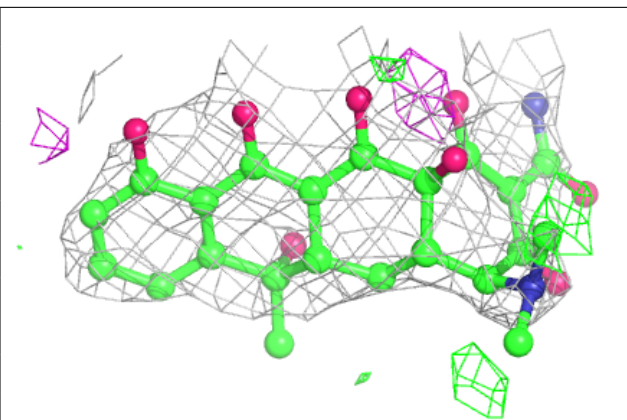
Electron density around TAC J 5888:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



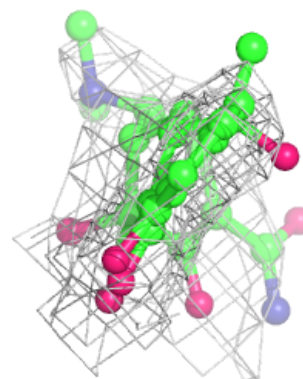
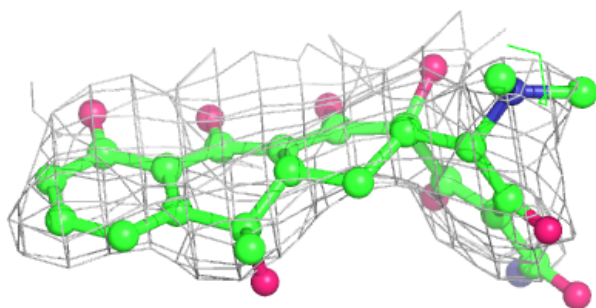
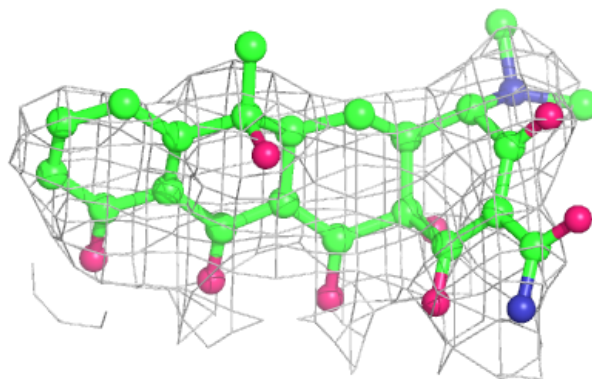
Electron density around TAC L 6888:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



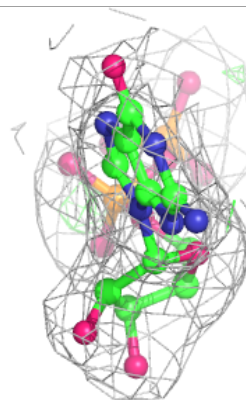
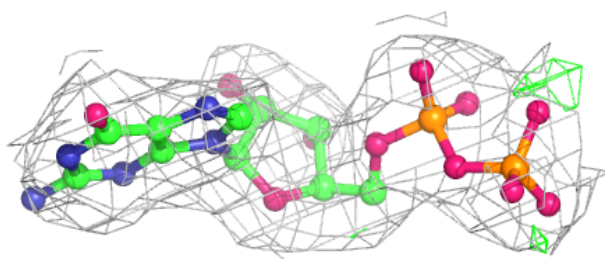
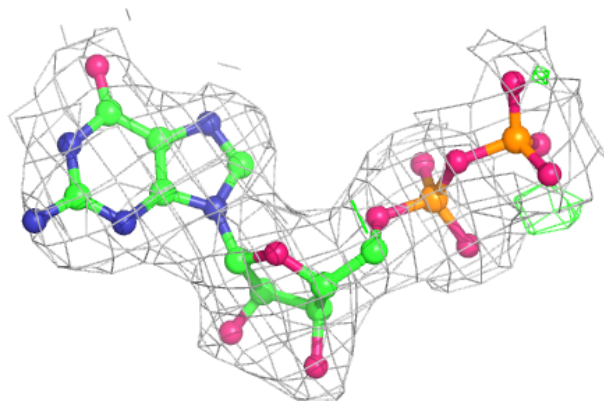
Electron density around TAC H 4888:

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and green (positive)

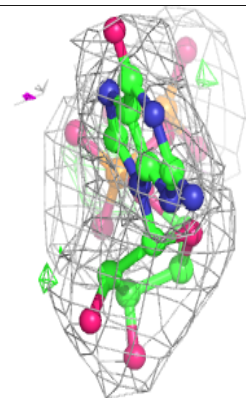
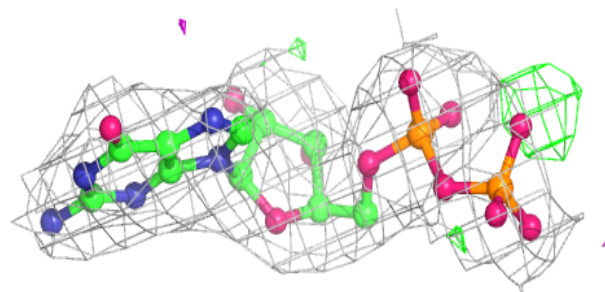
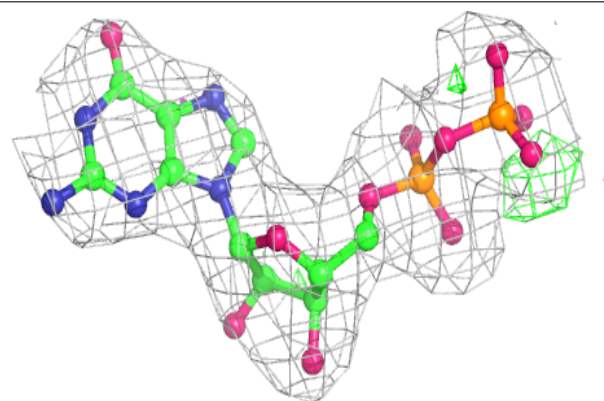


Electron density around GDP F 3999:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

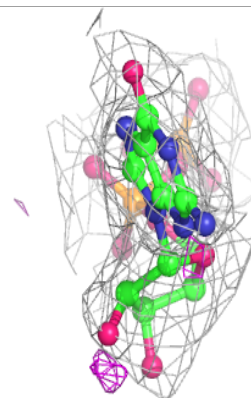
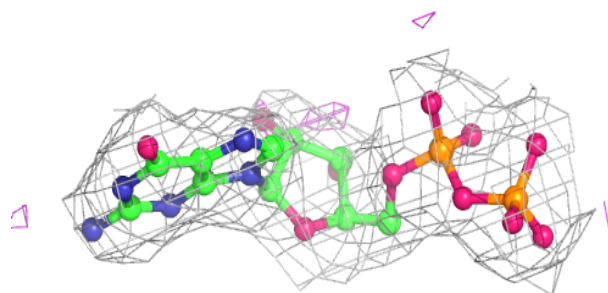
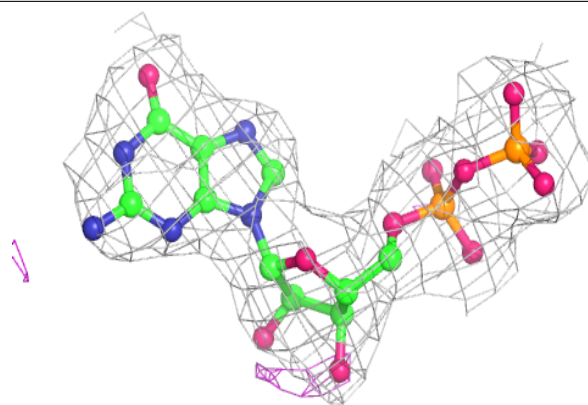
**Electron density around GDP B 1999:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

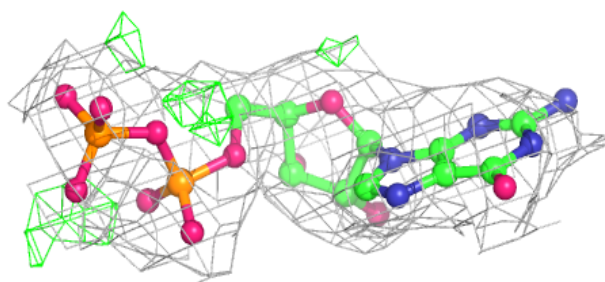
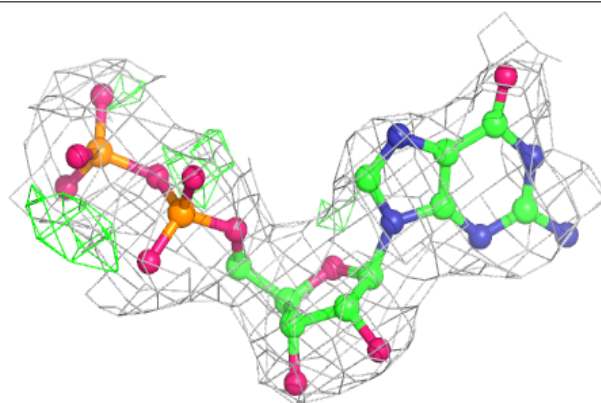


Electron density around GDP H 4999:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

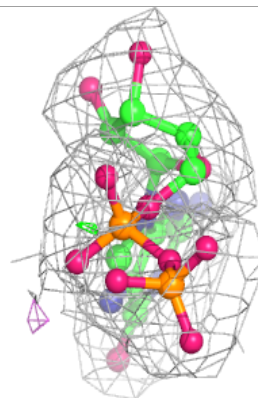
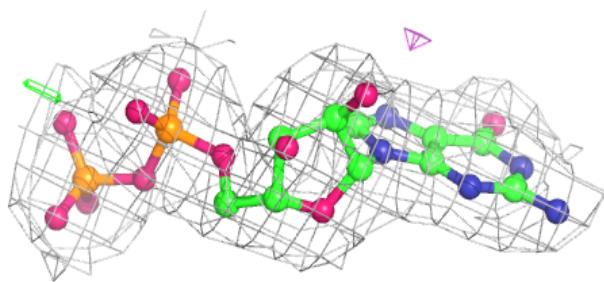
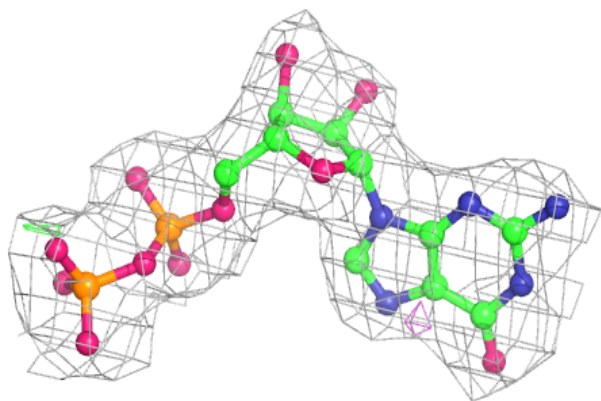
**Electron density around GDP D 2999:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

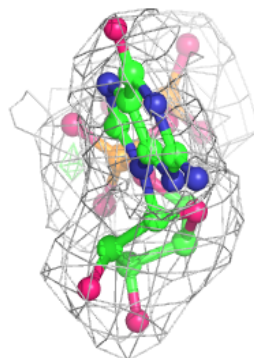
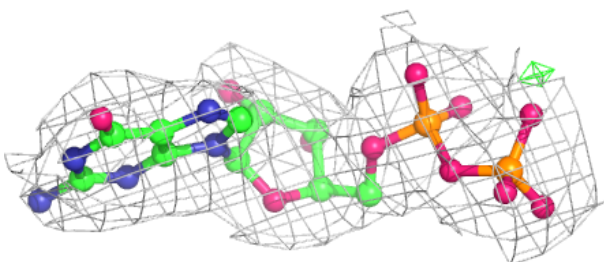
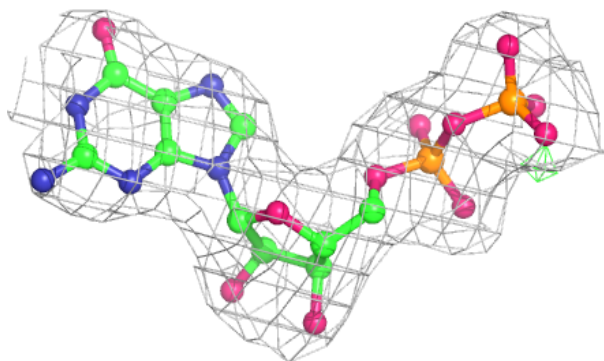


Electron density around GDP J 5999:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around GDP L 6999:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.