



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 15, 2020 – 12:48 am BST

PDB ID : 3HKD
Title : Tubulin-TN16 : RB3 stathmin-like domain complex
Authors : Dorleans, A.; Gigant, B.; Ravelli, R.B.G.; Mailliet, P.; Mikol, V.; Knossow, M.
Deposited on : 2009-05-23
Resolution : 3.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

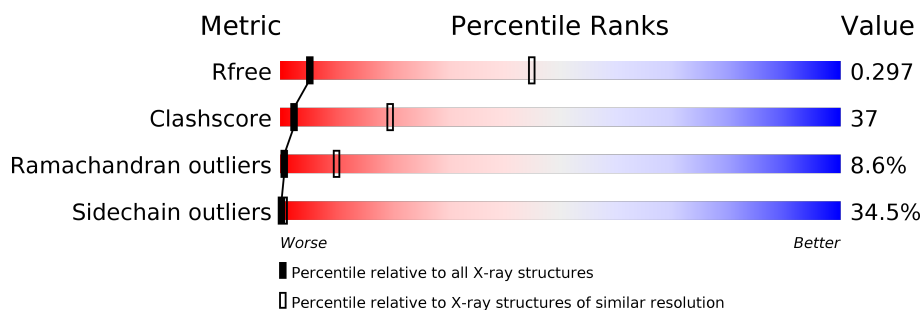
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1049 (3.88-3.52)
Clashscore	141614	1027 (3.86-3.54)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1069 (3.88-3.52)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1065 (3.88-3.52)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	451	
1	C	451	
2	B	445	
2	D	445	
3	E	142	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	GDP	B	600	-	-	X	-
6	GDP	D	600	-	-	X	-
7	N16	D	700	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14223 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Tubulin alpha chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	428	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3300	2097	557	625	21			
1	C	429	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3286	2084	554	627	21			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Tubulin beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	420	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3251	2046	547	633	25			
2	D	427	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3297	2071	559	643	24			

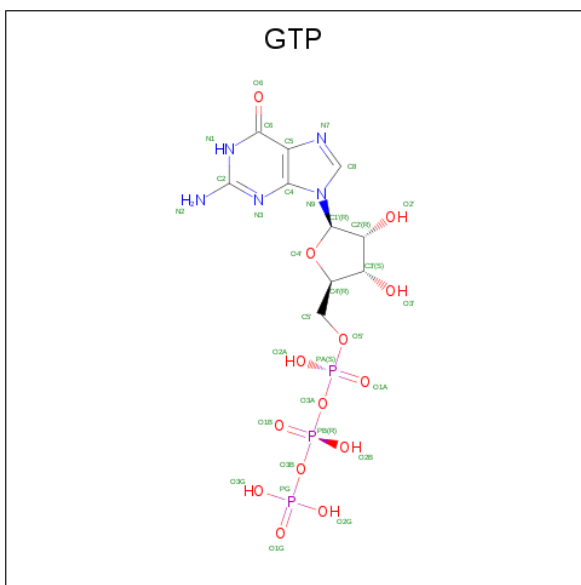
- Molecule 3 is a protein called Stathmin-4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	E	123	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			920	557	174	184	5			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	4	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P63043

- Molecule 4 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GTP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₆N₅O₁₄P₃).

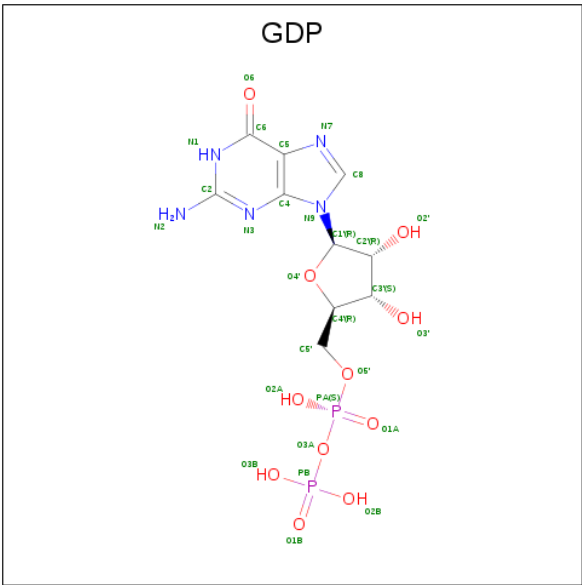


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	
			32	10	5	14	3	0
4	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	
			32	10	5	14	3	0

- Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

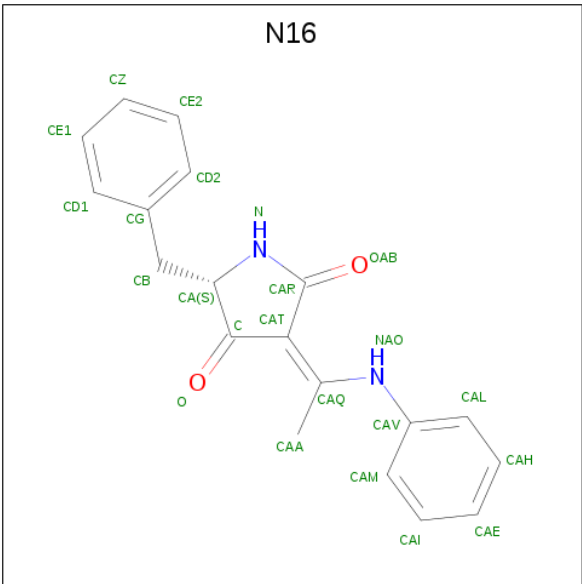
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	Mg		
			1	1	0	0
5	A	1	Total	Mg		
			1	1	0	0
5	C	1	Total	Mg		
			1	1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₅N₅O₁₁P₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	B	1	Total 28	C 10	N 5	O 11	P 2	0	0
6	D	1	Total 28	C 10	N 5	O 11	P 2	0	0

- Molecule 7 is (3Z,5S)-5-benzyl-3-[1-(phenylamino)ethylidene]pyrrolidine-2,4-dione (three-letter code: N16) (formula: C₁₉H₁₈N₂O₂).

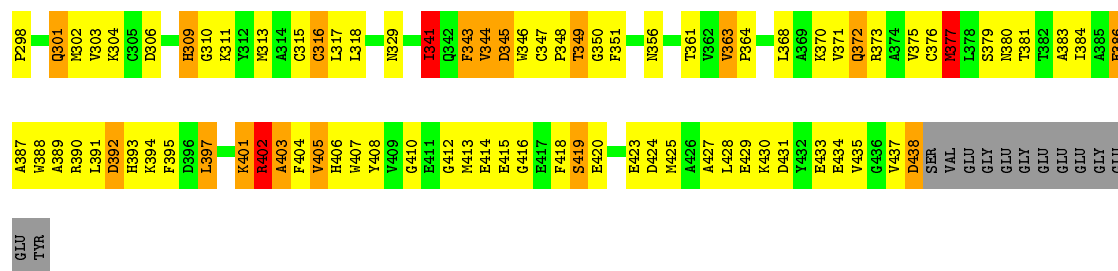


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			23	19	2	2		

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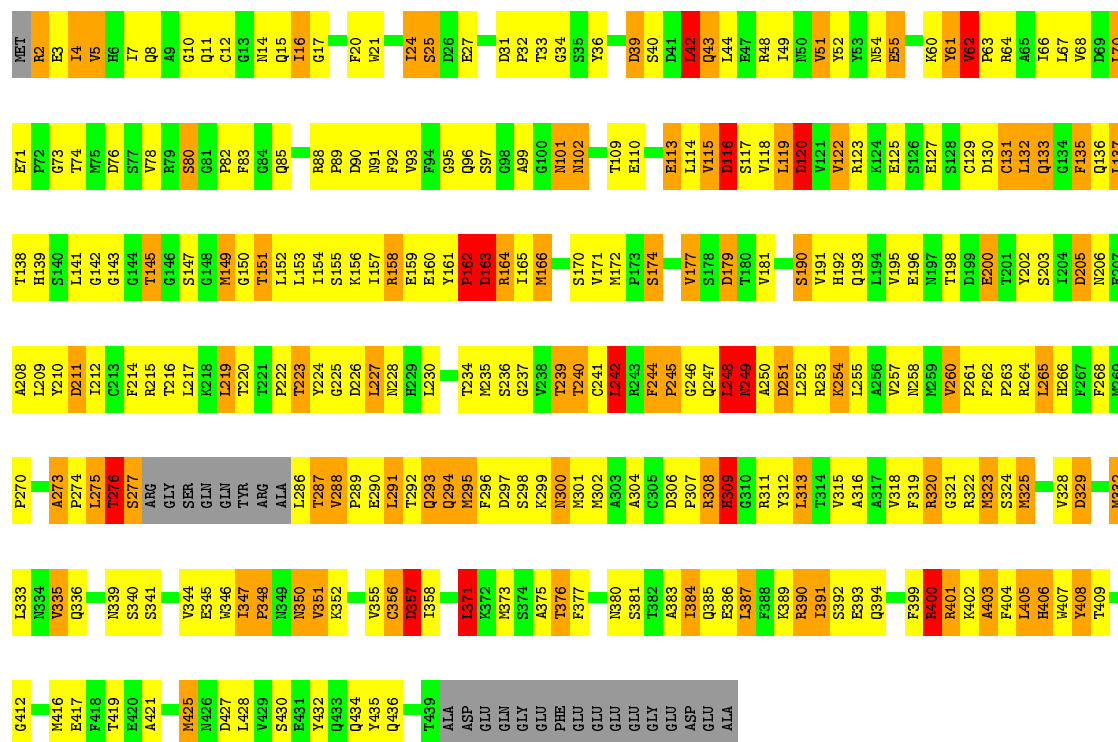
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
7	D	1	23	19	2	2	0	0



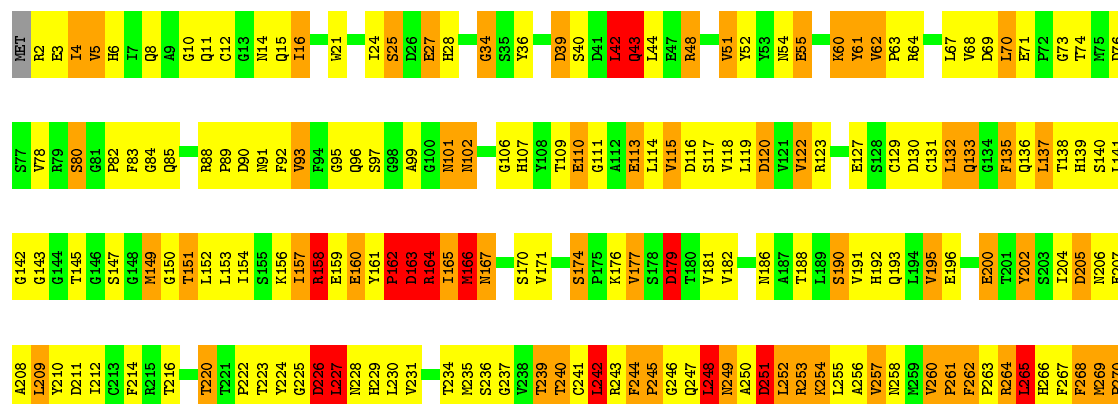
• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

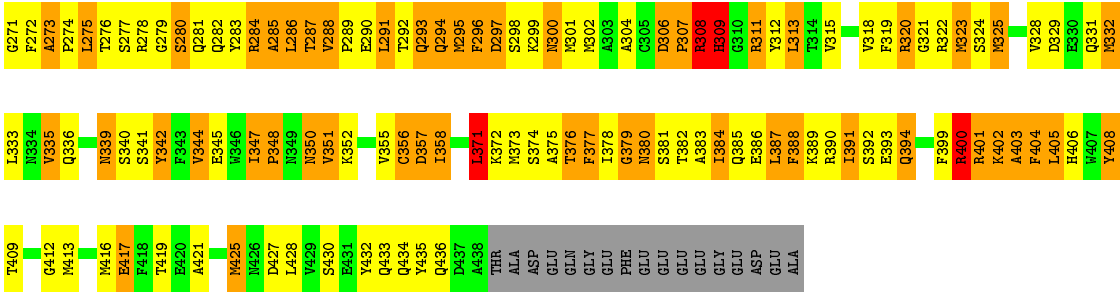
Chain B: 31% 42% 18% 6%



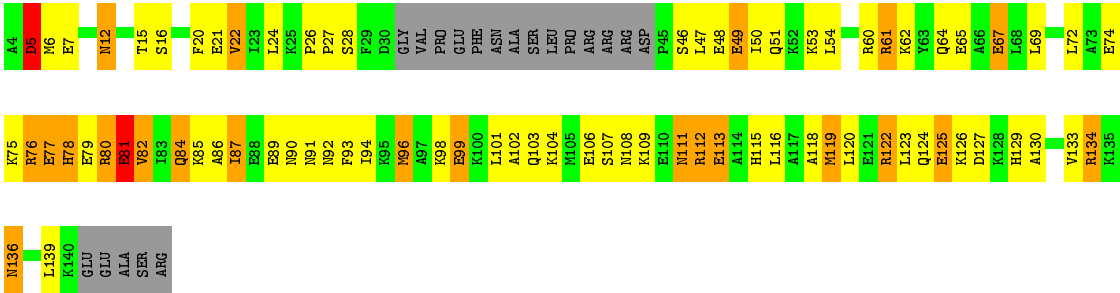
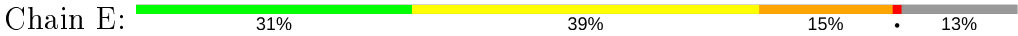
• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

Chain D: 27% 40% 24%





● Molecule 3: Stathmin-4



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	328.53 Å 328.53 Å 54.41 Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 3.70 48.55 – 3.70	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.8 (20.00-3.70) 98.4 (48.55-3.70)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.41 (at 3.67 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.24	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.209 , 0.264 0.264 , 0.297	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1852 reflections (5.11%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	152.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.181	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.28 , 0.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.39$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.21$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.127 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	14223	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.01% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GDP, GTP, MG, N16

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.69	0/3377	0.94	19/4593 (0.4%)
1	C	0.61	0/3360	0.91	13/4572 (0.3%)
2	B	0.71	0/3323	0.96	13/4512 (0.3%)
2	D	1.04	10/3370 (0.3%)	1.09	21/4574 (0.5%)
3	E	0.74	0/928	0.89	2/1243 (0.2%)
All	All	0.78	10/14358 (0.1%)	0.97	68/19494 (0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2
1	C	0	3
2	B	0	3
2	D	0	4
3	E	0	1
All	All	0	13

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	D	379	GLY	C-O	8.38	1.37	1.23
2	D	200	GLU	CD-OE1	7.45	1.33	1.25
2	D	388	PHE	CD2-CE2	6.74	1.52	1.39
2	D	269	MET	C-O	5.92	1.34	1.23
2	D	377	PHE	CG-CD1	5.81	1.47	1.38

The worst 5 of 68 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	308	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.29	125.44	120.30
2	D	297	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	8.41	125.87	118.30
1	A	248	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.58	132.74	115.30
1	A	397	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.52	132.59	115.30
2	D	164	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.50	116.55	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 13 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	143	GLY	Peptide
1	A	266	HIS	Peptide
2	B	162	PRO	Peptide
2	B	248	LEU	Peptide
2	B	249	ASN	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3300	0	3162	181	0
1	C	3286	0	3133	195	0
2	B	3251	0	3074	281	0
2	D	3297	0	3116	370	0
3	E	920	0	816	58	0
4	A	32	0	12	2	0
4	C	32	0	12	4	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
5	C	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	28	0	12	10	0
6	D	28	0	12	19	0
7	B	23	0	18	8	0
7	D	23	0	18	16	0
All	All	14223	0	13385	1033	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 37.

The worst 5 of 1033 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:E:119:MET:CE	3:E:119:MET:SD	2.02	1.47
3:E:96:MET:CE	3:E:96:MET:SD	2.05	1.44
2:D:140:SER:CB	6:D:600:GDP:H5'	1.59	1.31
2:D:387:LEU:O	2:D:390:ARG:HG2	1.31	1.26
2:D:273:ALA:HB3	2:D:274:PRO:HD3	1.16	1.14

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	424/451 (94%)	324 (76%)	72 (17%)	28 (7%)	1	16
1	C	423/451 (94%)	337 (80%)	54 (13%)	32 (8%)	1	13
2	B	416/445 (94%)	302 (73%)	80 (19%)	34 (8%)	1	11
2	D	425/445 (96%)	291 (68%)	88 (21%)	46 (11%)	0	6
3	E	119/142 (84%)	73 (61%)	30 (25%)	16 (13%)	0	4
All	All	1807/1934 (93%)	1327 (73%)	324 (18%)	156 (9%)	1	10

5 of 156 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	72	PRO
1	A	73	THR
1	A	112	LYS
1	A	265	ILE
1	A	341	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	346/378 (92%)	243 (70%)	103 (30%)	0	2
1	C	344/378 (91%)	234 (68%)	110 (32%)	0	1
2	B	350/383 (91%)	224 (64%)	126 (36%)	0	0
2	D	353/383 (92%)	224 (64%)	129 (36%)	0	0
3	E	82/126 (65%)	41 (50%)	41 (50%)	0	0
All	All	1475/1648 (90%)	966 (66%)	509 (34%)	0	1

5 of 509 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	11	GLN
1	C	211	ASP
3	E	15	THR
1	C	38	SER
1	C	119	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 75 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	385	GLN
1	C	102	ASN
2	D	406	HIS
2	B	406	HIS
1	C	85	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
4	GTP	A	600	-	26,34,34	1.08	2 (7%)	33,54,54	1.74	5 (15%)
4	GTP	C	600	-	26,34,34	1.06	1 (3%)	33,54,54	2.11	7 (21%)
6	GDP	D	600	-	24,30,30	1.08	1 (4%)	31,47,47	2.14	6 (19%)
7	N16	B	700	-	24,25,25	1.38	3 (12%)	28,34,34	1.36	4 (14%)
7	N16	D	700	-	24,25,25	1.94	6 (25%)	28,34,34	1.91	7 (25%)
6	GDP	B	600	-	24,30,30	1.08	1 (4%)	31,47,47	1.91	6 (19%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GTP	A	600	-	-	7/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	GTP	C	600	-	-	9/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
6	GDP	D	600	-	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
7	N16	B	700	-	-	1/12/28/28	0/3/3/3
7	N16	D	700	-	-	3/12/28/28	0/3/3/3
6	GDP	B	600	-	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 14 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	B	700	N16	CAV-NAO	-4.74	1.32	1.41
7	D	700	N16	CAV-NAO	-4.08	1.33	1.41
6	D	600	GDP	C6-N1	3.83	1.39	1.33
7	D	700	N16	CB-CG	3.77	1.60	1.51
7	D	700	N16	CAA-CAQ	3.49	1.55	1.49

The worst 5 of 35 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	D	600	GDP	N3-C2-N1	-6.87	118.06	127.22
4	C	600	GTP	N3-C2-N1	-6.14	119.03	127.22
6	D	600	GDP	C2-N3-C4	5.63	121.79	115.36
6	B	600	GDP	N3-C2-N1	-5.61	119.75	127.22
7	D	700	N16	CB-CA-N	-5.47	107.59	113.95

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 24 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	600	GTP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
4	C	600	GTP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
6	D	600	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
6	B	600	GDP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
6	B	600	GDP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

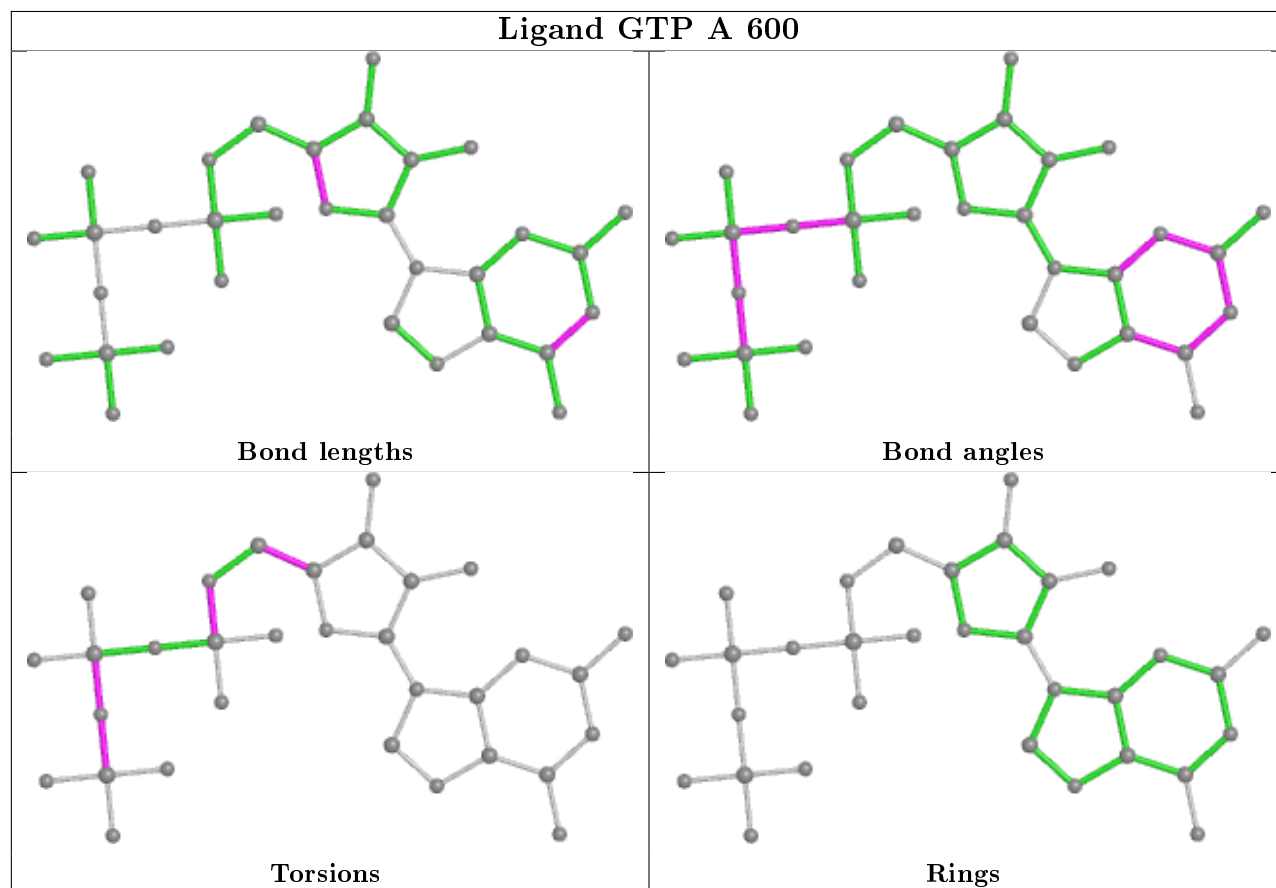
There are no ring outliers.

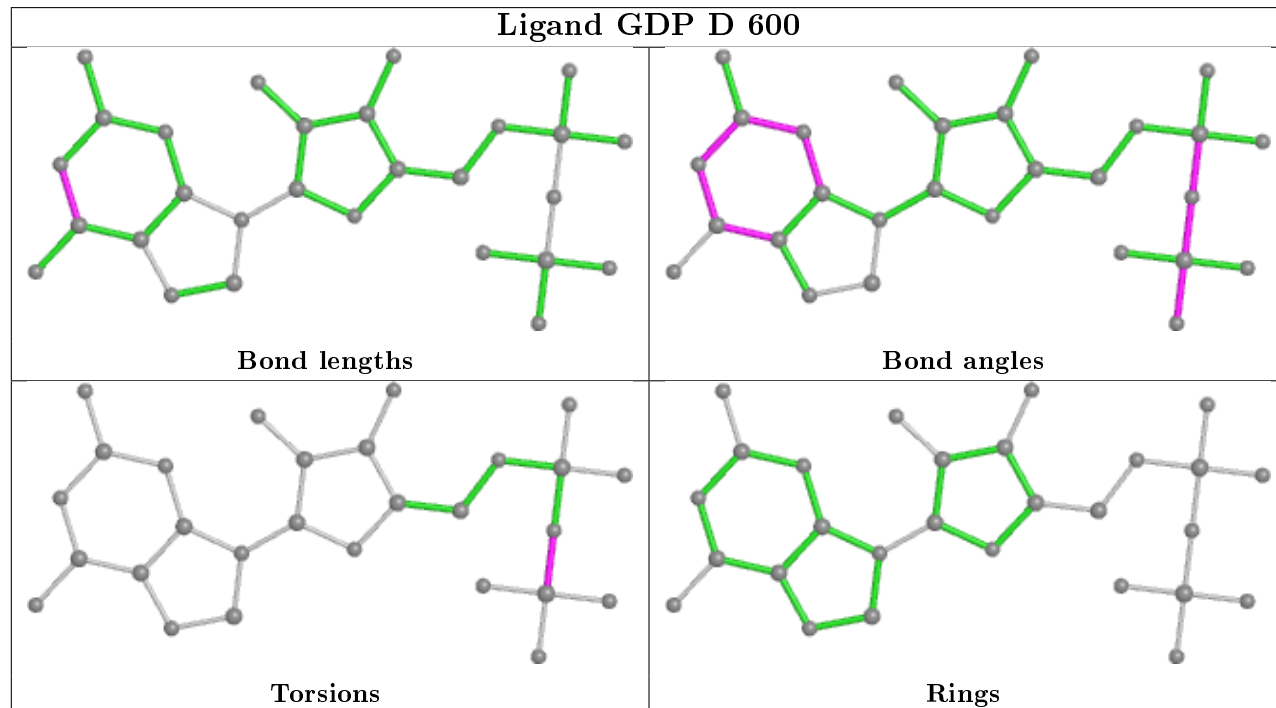
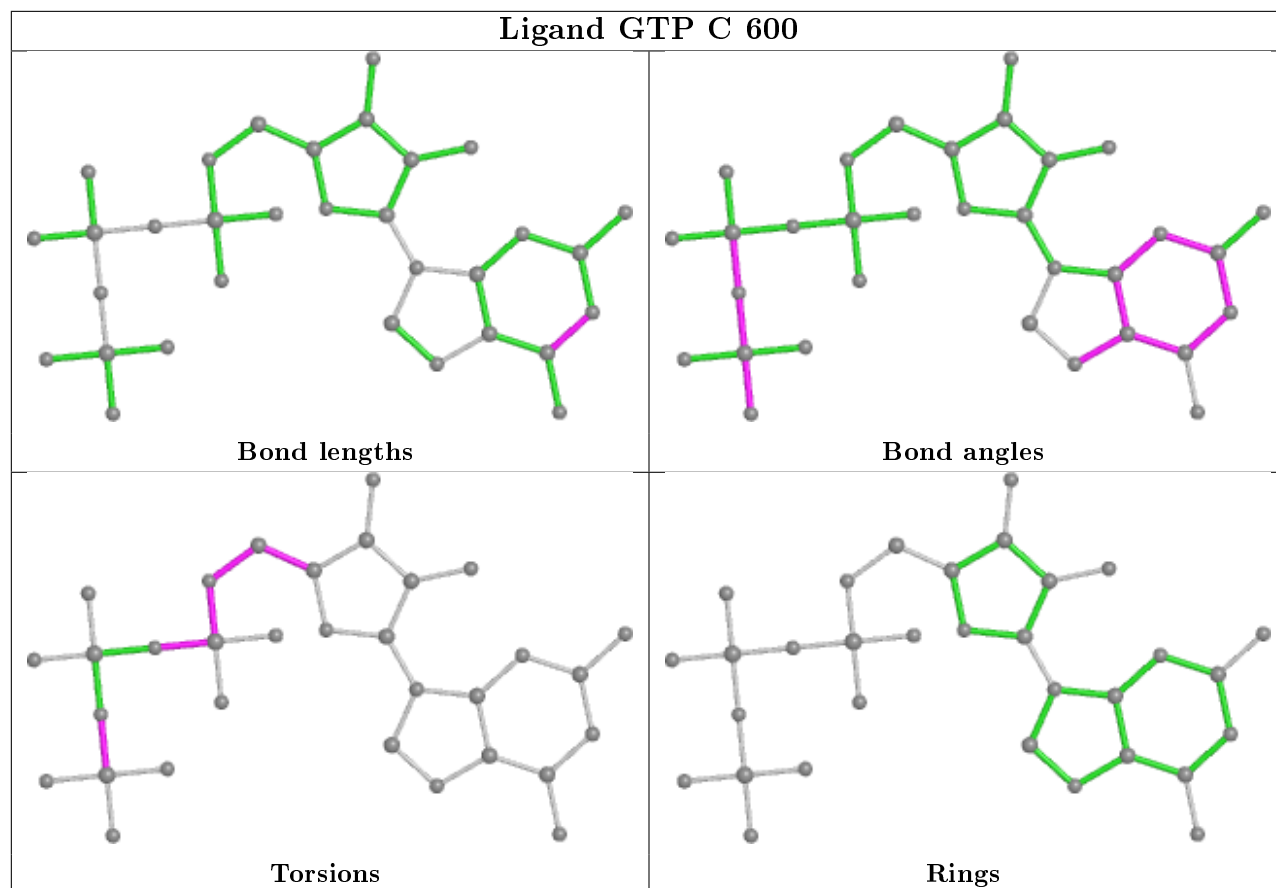
6 monomers are involved in 59 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	600	GTP	2	0
4	C	600	GTP	4	0
6	D	600	GDP	19	0
7	B	700	N16	8	0
7	D	700	N16	16	0
6	B	600	GDP	10	0

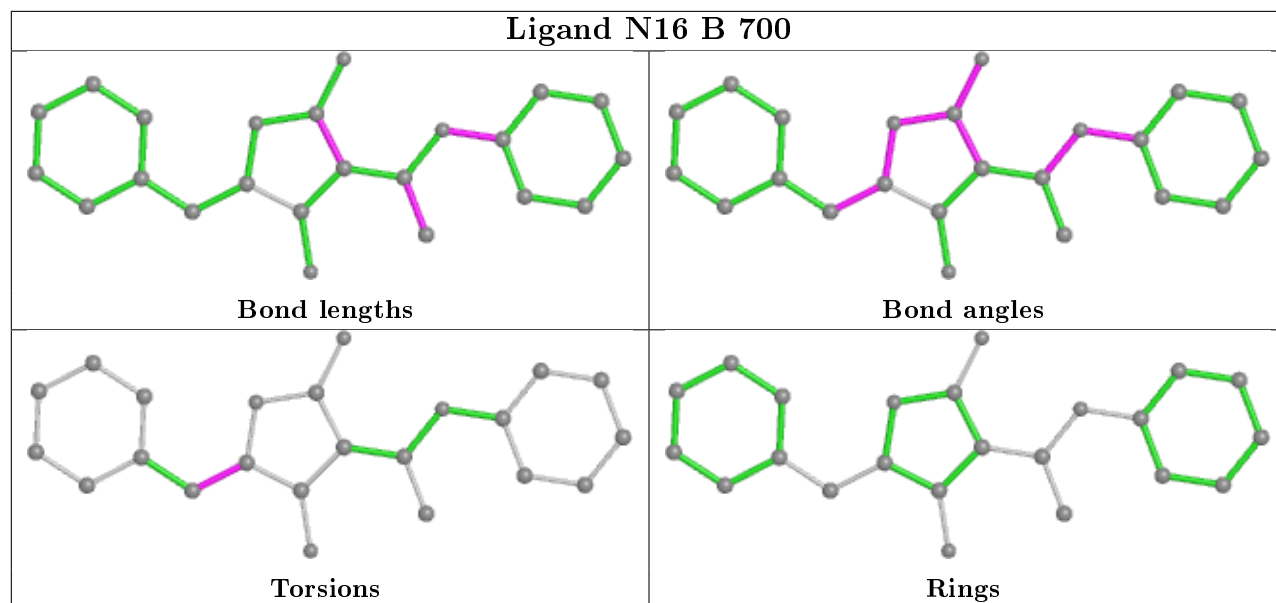
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier.

Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

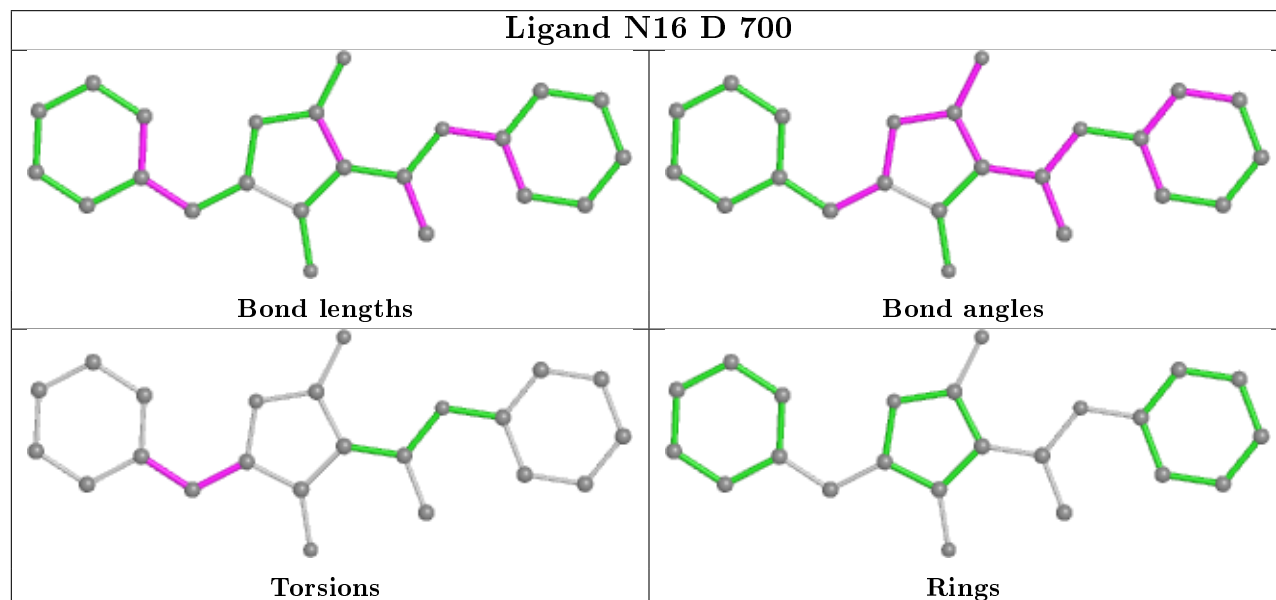


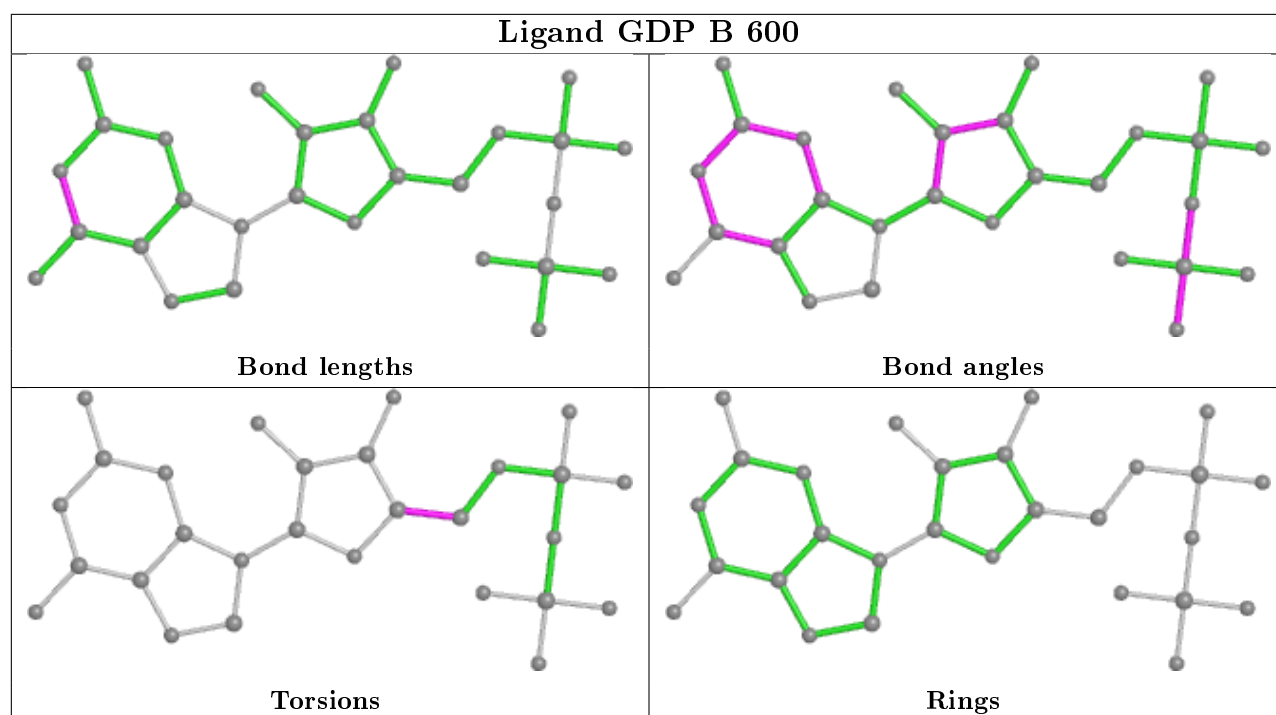


Ligand N16 B 700



Ligand N16 D 700





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

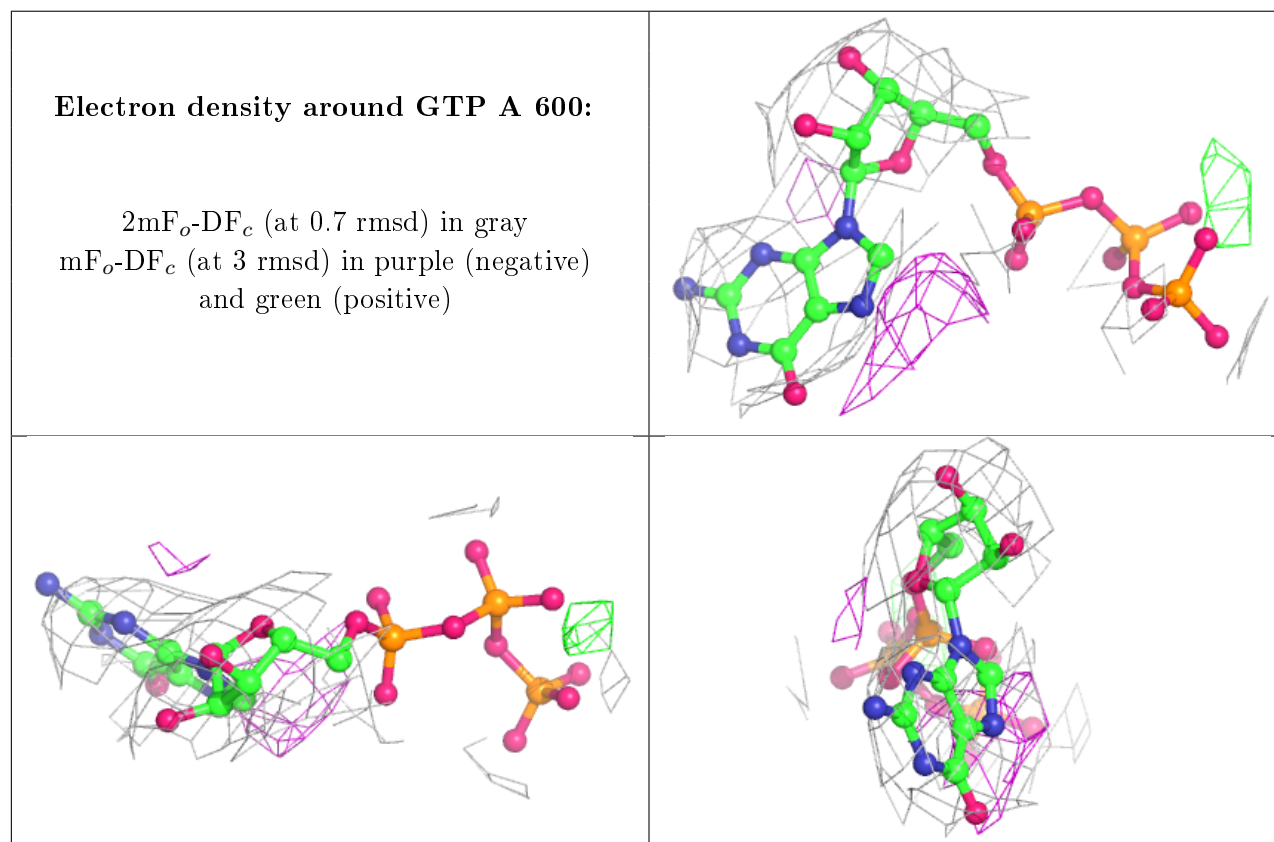
6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

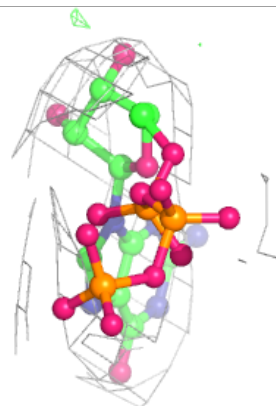
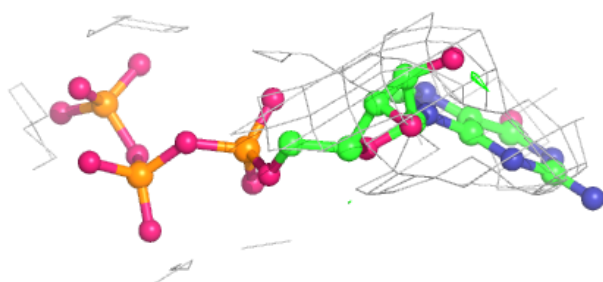
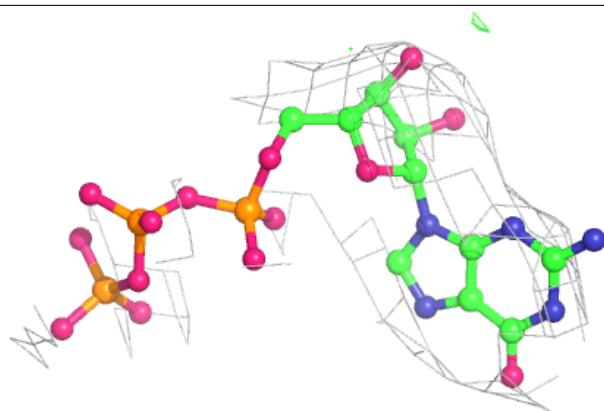
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

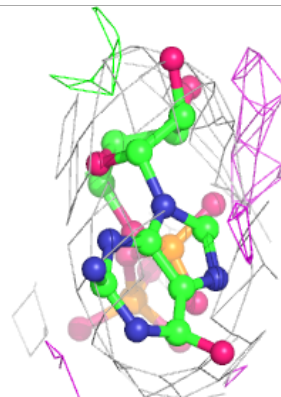
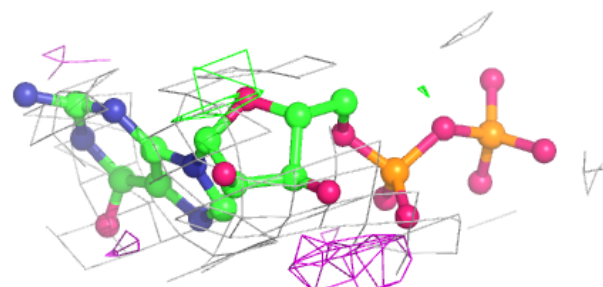
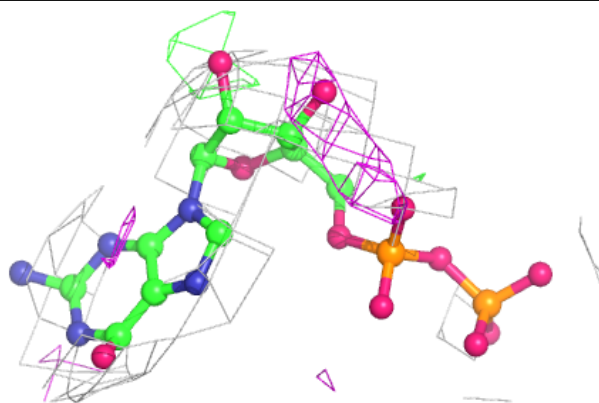


Electron density around GTP C 600:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

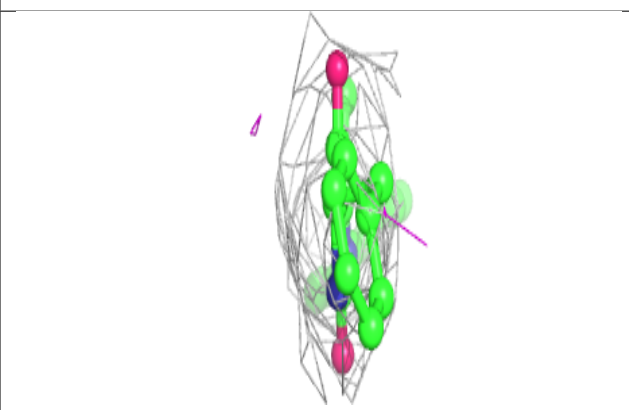
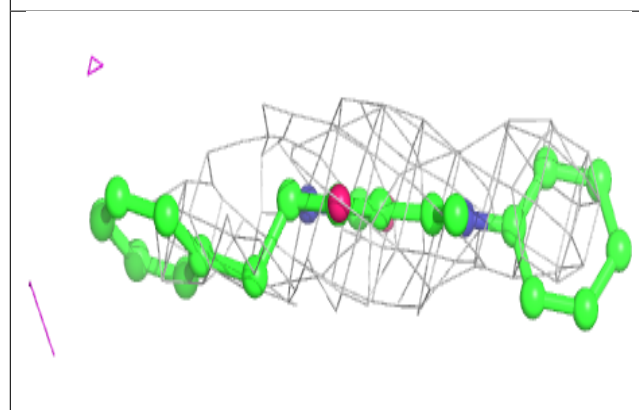
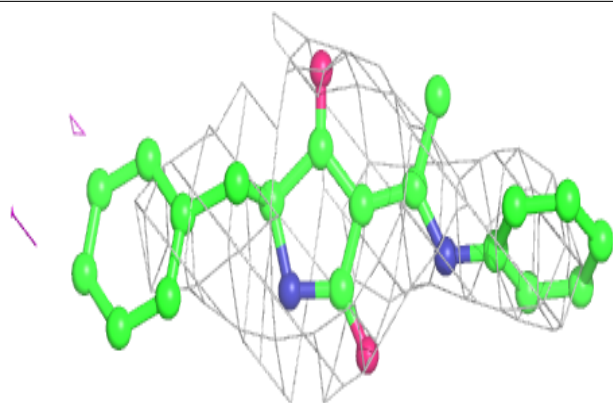
**Electron density around GDP D 600:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

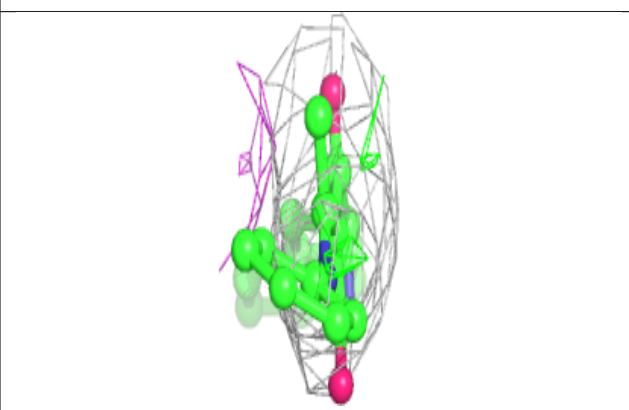
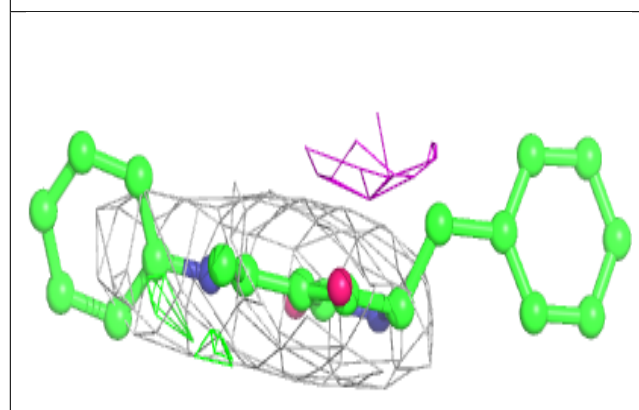
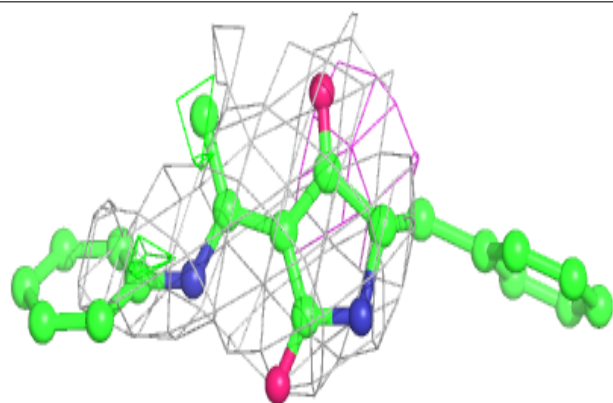


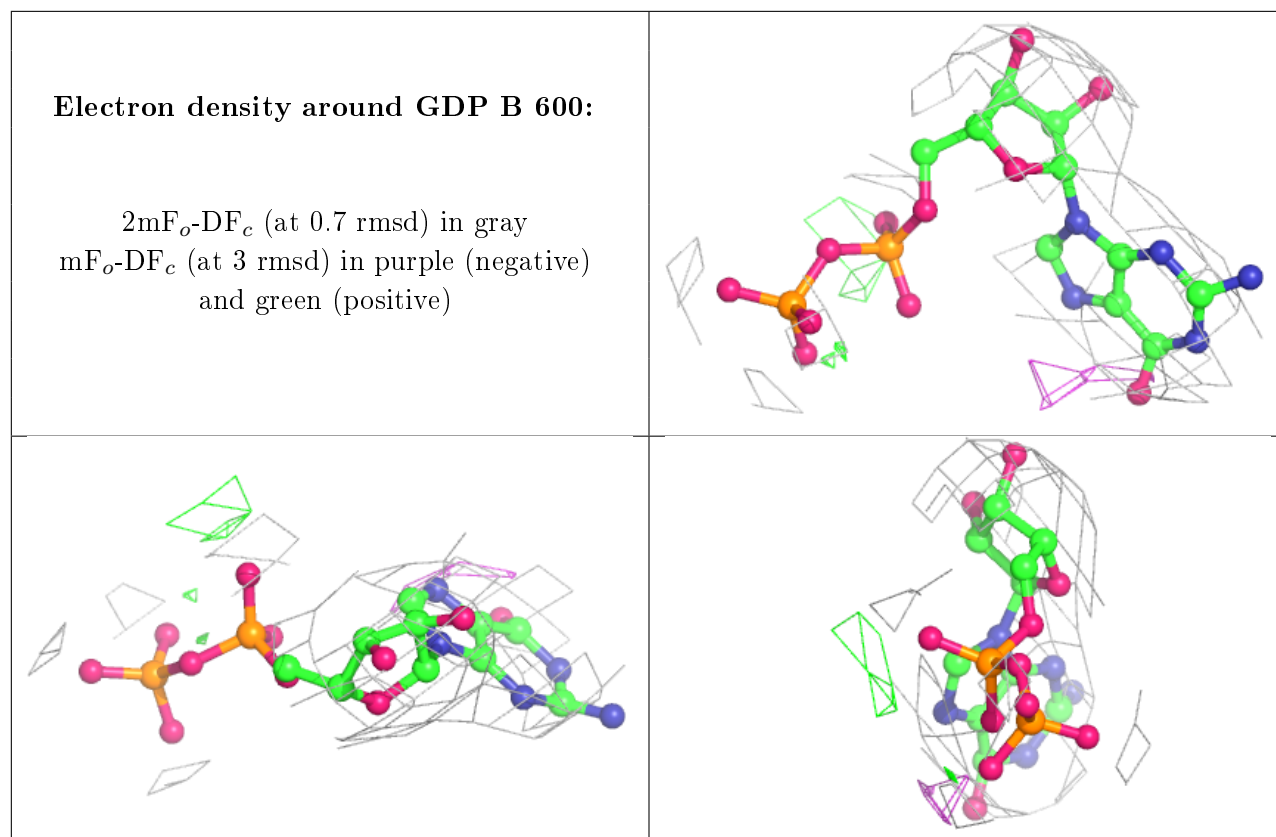
Electron density around N16 B 700:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around N16 D 700:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.