



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 26, 2021 – 06:36 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5IM8  
Title : Solution Structure of the Microtubule-Targeting COS Domain of MID1  
Authors : Wright, K.M.; Du, H.; Dagnachew, M.; Massiah, M.A.  
Deposited on : 2016-03-05

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
ShiftChecker : 2.23.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

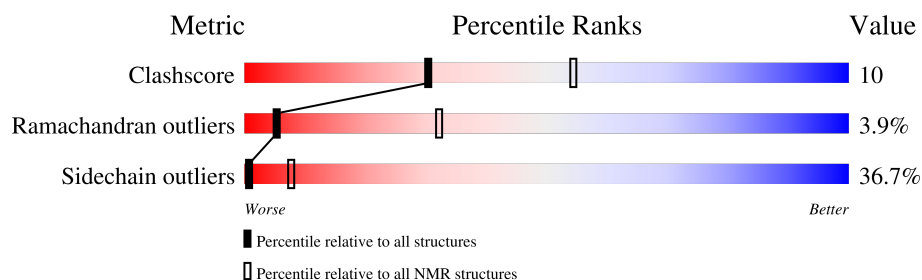
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 86%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	66	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 8 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:5-A:55 (51)	0.42	8

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 7 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 19
2	3, 5, 6, 7, 20
3	2, 13
Single-model clusters	1; 4; 9; 11; 15; 17; 18

### 3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 969 atoms, of which 484 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	60	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			969	306	484	81	96	2	

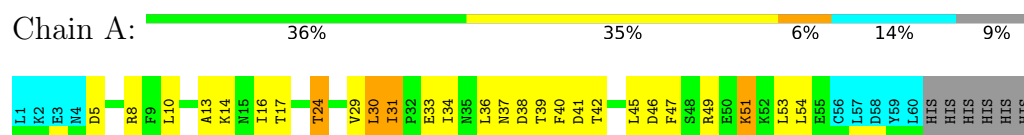
There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	61	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O15344
A	62	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O15344
A	63	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O15344
A	64	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O15344
A	65	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O15344
A	66	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O15344



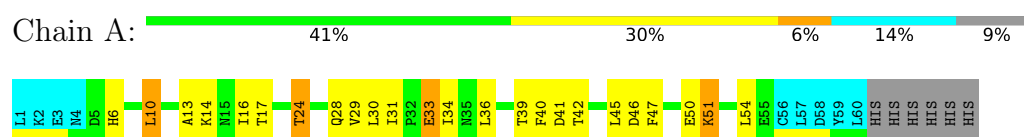
### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



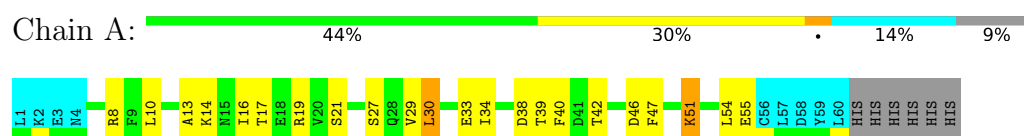
### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



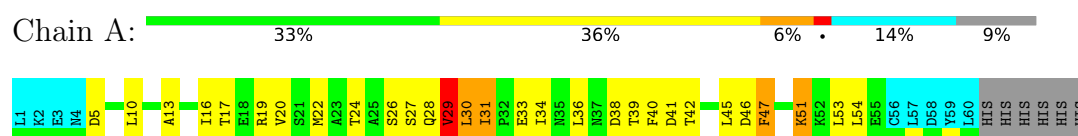
### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



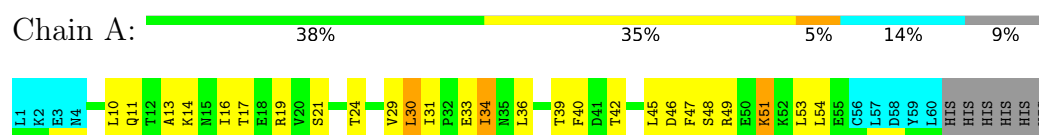
### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



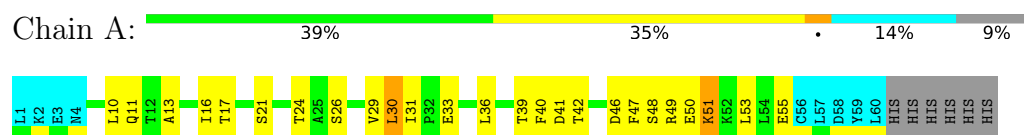
### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



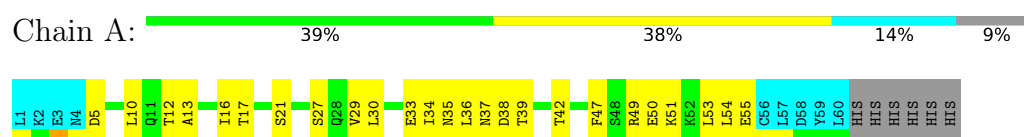
#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



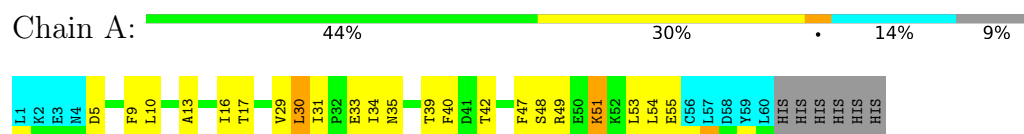
#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



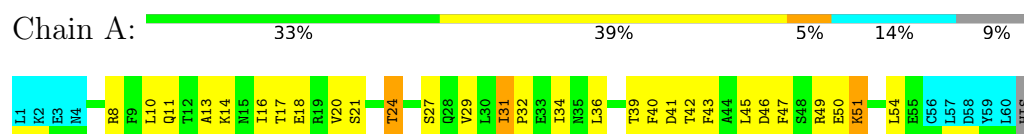
#### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



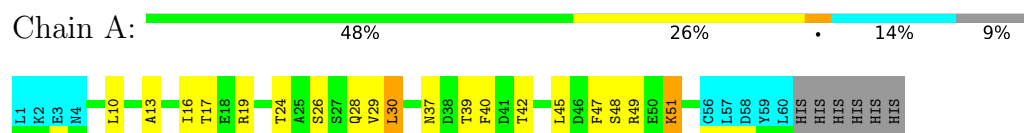
#### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



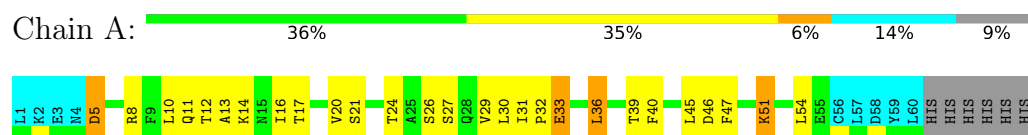
#### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



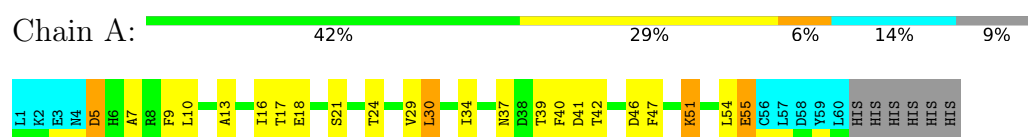
### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



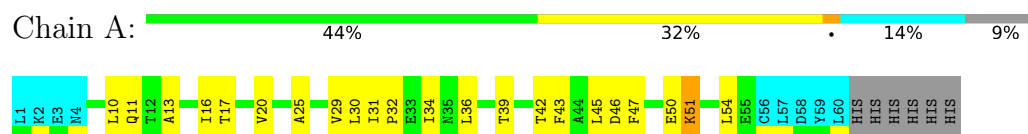
### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



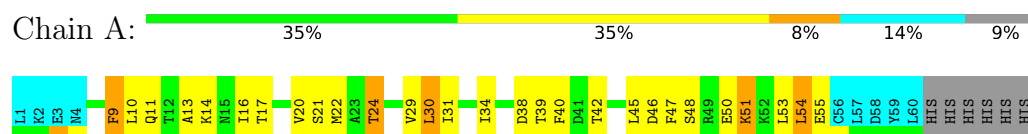
### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



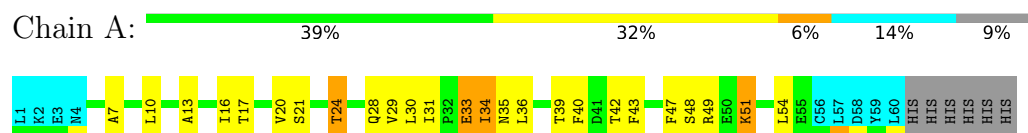
### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

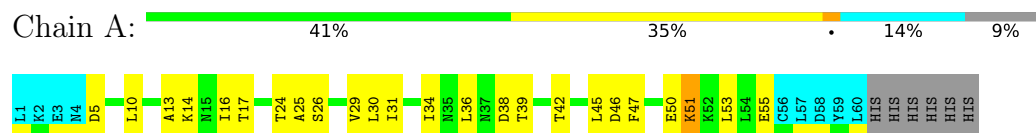
- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1





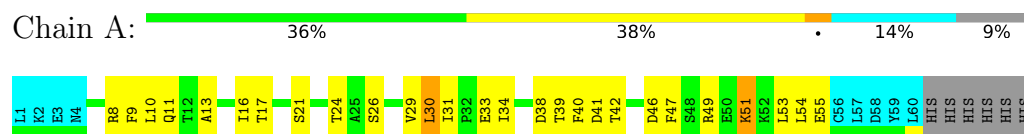
### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



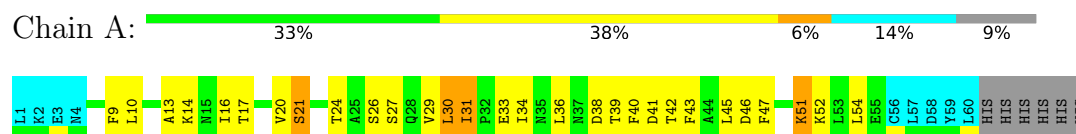
### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Midline-1



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 60 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	662
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	662
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	86%

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	409	408	408	8±3
All	All	8180	8160	8160	161

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:13:ALA:HB2	1:A:54:LEU:HD22	0.85	1.44	16	4
1:A:13:ALA:HB1	1:A:51:LYS:HG2	0.73	1.61	8	4
1:A:13:ALA:HB1	1:A:51:LYS:HD2	0.65	1.68	18	13
1:A:13:ALA:HA	1:A:16:ILE:HD12	0.65	1.69	8	20
1:A:24:THR:HG21	1:A:40:PHE:CD1	0.65	2.27	16	6
1:A:13:ALA:HB1	1:A:51:LYS:CG	0.64	2.22	20	6
1:A:30:LEU:HD11	1:A:40:PHE:CZ	0.62	2.29	5	10
1:A:31:ILE:O	1:A:36:LEU:HD22	0.61	1.95	6	8
1:A:13:ALA:HB1	1:A:51:LYS:HG3	0.58	1.75	1	4
1:A:13:ALA:HB2	1:A:54:LEU:CD2	0.58	2.24	16	1
1:A:33:GLU:HG3	1:A:34:ILE:HG22	0.58	1.73	17	1
1:A:54:LEU:O	1:A:54:LEU:HD13	0.58	1.99	20	3
1:A:29:VAL:O	1:A:36:LEU:HD21	0.57	2.00	4	1
1:A:33:GLU:HG2	1:A:34:ILE:HG23	0.56	1.77	10	1

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:24:THR:HG21	1:A:40:PHE:CE1	0.55	2.36	4	6
1:A:30:LEU:HD11	1:A:40:PHE:CE2	0.54	2.37	12	4
1:A:33:GLU:HB3	1:A:34:ILE:HD12	0.54	1.79	1	1
1:A:13:ALA:HB1	1:A:51:LYS:CD	0.54	2.33	7	7
1:A:31:ILE:C	1:A:36:LEU:HD22	0.54	2.23	13	2
1:A:54:LEU:HD23	1:A:55:GLU:N	0.53	2.19	10	4
1:A:29:VAL:HA	1:A:36:LEU:HD11	0.52	1.81	17	2
1:A:28:GLN:O	1:A:29:VAL:HG13	0.51	2.04	6	1
1:A:54:LEU:HD13	1:A:54:LEU:C	0.51	2.25	17	11
1:A:29:VAL:O	1:A:36:LEU:HD13	0.51	2.06	18	1
1:A:31:ILE:O	1:A:36:LEU:HD13	0.50	2.06	2	5
1:A:6:HIS:NE2	1:A:10:LEU:HD12	0.50	2.22	4	1
1:A:32:PRO:N	1:A:36:LEU:HD12	0.49	2.22	15	1
1:A:25:ALA:CB	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	0.49	2.37	15	1
1:A:29:VAL:C	1:A:36:LEU:HD21	0.49	2.28	1	1
1:A:24:THR:HG22	1:A:29:VAL:HB	0.48	1.84	17	1
1:A:25:ALA:HA	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	0.48	1.86	1	1
1:A:20:VAL:HG23	1:A:43:PHE:CE1	0.48	2.43	11	4
1:A:24:THR:HB	1:A:30:LEU:HD11	0.47	1.87	4	2
1:A:25:ALA:HB2	1:A:30:LEU:HD22	0.46	1.87	15	1
1:A:25:ALA:HA	1:A:30:LEU:HD13	0.46	1.88	18	1
1:A:31:ILE:HD12	1:A:32:PRO:O	0.45	2.11	13	1
1:A:12:THR:HG22	1:A:16:ILE:HD11	0.45	1.88	9	2
1:A:9:PHE:O	1:A:54:LEU:HD21	0.45	2.12	16	1
1:A:36:LEU:HD13	1:A:36:LEU:C	0.43	2.34	9	1
1:A:29:VAL:HG22	1:A:36:LEU:HD11	0.43	1.89	4	1
1:A:24:THR:HG22	1:A:29:VAL:CG1	0.42	2.43	4	1
1:A:54:LEU:O	1:A:54:LEU:HD22	0.42	2.14	17	1
1:A:20:VAL:HG13	1:A:21:SER:N	0.42	2.30	16	4
1:A:33:GLU:C	1:A:34:ILE:HD12	0.41	2.35	1	1
1:A:29:VAL:CA	1:A:36:LEU:HD11	0.41	2.45	17	1
1:A:36:LEU:O	1:A:36:LEU:HD23	0.41	2.14	1	1
1:A:32:PRO:CA	1:A:36:LEU:HD12	0.41	2.46	15	1
1:A:54:LEU:C	1:A:54:LEU:HD13	0.41	2.36	4	2
1:A:54:LEU:HD13	1:A:55:GLU:N	0.41	2.30	9	1
1:A:32:PRO:HA	1:A:36:LEU:HD22	0.40	1.93	11	1
1:A:20:VAL:HG21	1:A:47:PHE:CD2	0.40	2.52	6	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	51/66 (77%)	44±2 (85±3%)	5±2 (11±3%)	2±1 (4±1%)	5	32
All	All	1020/1320 (77%)	872 (85%)	108 (11%)	40 (4%)	5	32

All 5 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	29	VAL	16
1	A	34	ILE	15
1	A	33	GLU	4
1	A	5	ASP	3
1	A	35	ASN	2

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	46/61 (75%)	29±3 (63±6%)	17±3 (37±6%)	1	8
All	All	920/1220 (75%)	582 (63%)	338 (37%)	1	8

All 38 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	10	LEU	20
1	A	17	THR	20
1	A	39	THR	20
1	A	47	PHE	20
1	A	51	LYS	20

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	42	THR	19
1	A	24	THR	16
1	A	46	ASP	16
1	A	45	LEU	12
1	A	30	LEU	12
1	A	33	GLU	11
1	A	14	LYS	10
1	A	21	SER	10
1	A	38	ASP	10
1	A	31	ILE	10
1	A	49	ARG	10
1	A	53	LEU	10
1	A	41	ASP	9
1	A	11	GLN	8
1	A	50	GLU	8
1	A	26	SER	8
1	A	5	ASP	7
1	A	9	PHE	6
1	A	8	ARG	6
1	A	27	SER	6
1	A	48	SER	6
1	A	55	GLU	5
1	A	37	ASN	4
1	A	19	ARG	4
1	A	22	MET	3
1	A	28	GLN	3
1	A	36	LEU	2
1	A	18	GLU	2
1	A	29	VAL	1
1	A	34	ILE	1
1	A	35	ASN	1
1	A	54	LEU	1
1	A	52	LYS	1

### 6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 86% for the well-defined parts and 77% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *NMRSTAR\_COS\_2.txt*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	662
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	662
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	54	$-0.24 \pm 0.19$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	54	$0.14 \pm 0.10$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	52	$-0.03 \pm 0.18$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{15}\text{N}$	52	$0.23 \pm 0.35$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 86%, i.e. 553 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 641. 6 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	250/253 (99%)	101/101 (100%)	100/102 (98%)	49/50 (98%)
Sidechain	270/345 (78%)	172/200 (86%)	98/128 (77%)	0/17 (0%)

*Continued on next page...*



Continued from previous page...

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Aromatic	33/43 (77%)	17/24 (71%)	16/18 (89%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	553/641 (86%)	290/325 (89%)	214/248 (86%)	49/68 (72%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 77%, i.e. 586 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 758. 6 out of 11 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	265/298 (89%)	107/119 (90%)	106/120 (88%)	52/59 (88%)
Sidechain	288/409 (70%)	184/237 (78%)	104/153 (68%)	0/19 (0%)
Aromatic	33/51 (65%)	17/28 (61%)	16/22 (73%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	586/758 (77%)	308/384 (80%)	226/295 (77%)	52/79 (66%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

