



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 20, 2020 – 10:43 PM BST

PDB ID : 5IQF
Title : Aminoglycoside Phosphotransferase (2'')-Ia (CTD of APH(6')-Ie/APH(2'')-Ia)
in complex with GDP and Magnesium
Authors : Caldwell, S.J.; Berghuis, A.M.
Deposited on : 2016-03-10
Resolution : 2.35 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.13.1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

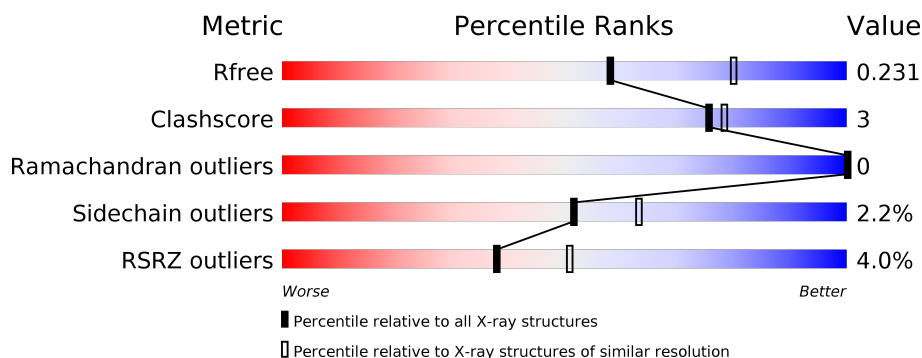
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1164 (2.36-2.36)
Clashscore	141614	1232 (2.36-2.36)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1211 (2.36-2.36)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1212 (2.36-2.36)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1150 (2.36-2.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	305	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>89%</div> <div>8%</div> <div>••</div> </div> </div>
1	B	305	<div> <div>5%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>89%</div> <div>8%</div> <div>•</div> </div> </div>
1	C	305	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>89%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>•</div> </div> </div>
1	D	305	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>92%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>•</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

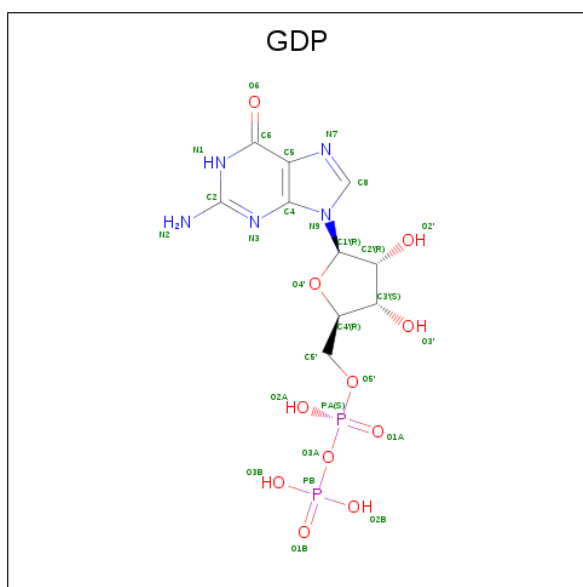
There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10902 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Bifunctional AAC/APH.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	298	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2442	1555	381	496	10			
1	B	296	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			2451	1564	379	498	10			
1	C	299	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			2474	1580	384	500	10			
1	D	301	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			2485	1584	388	503	10			

- Molecule 2 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{11}P_2$).



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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		
2	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	2	Total	Mg	0	0
			2	2		
3	A	2	Total	Mg	0	0
			2	2		
3	D	2	Total	Mg	0	0
			2	2		
3	C	2	Total	Mg	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		
4	A	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		
4	C	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 5 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C₃H₈O₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

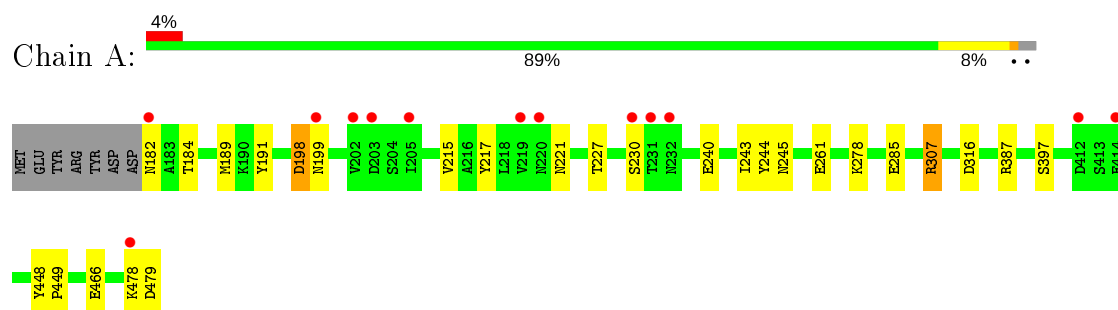
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	212	Total	O	0	0
			212	212		
6	B	246	Total	O	0	0
			246	246		
6	C	247	Total	O	0	0
			247	247		
6	D	216	Total	O	0	0
			216	216		

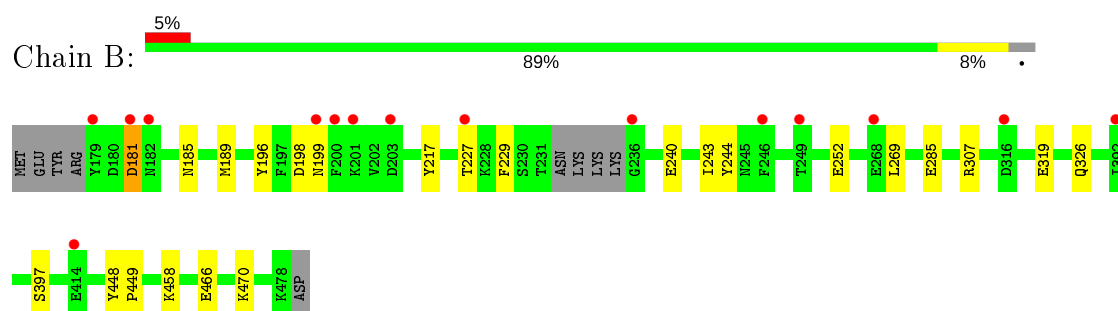
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

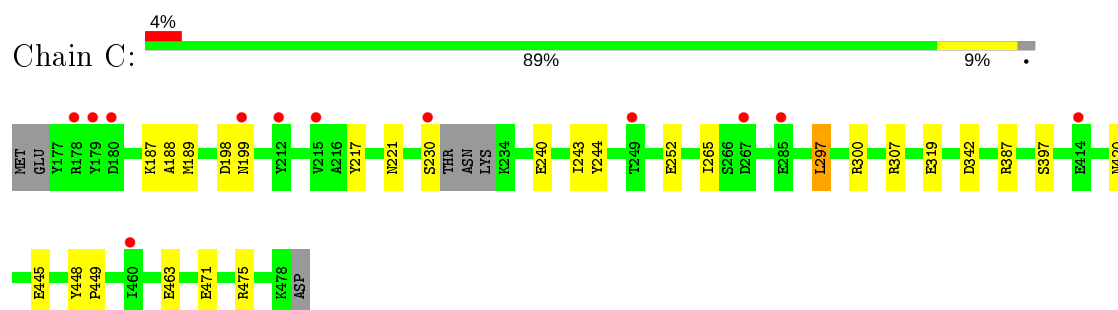
- Molecule 1: Bifunctional AAC/APH



- Molecule 1: Bifunctional AAC/APH

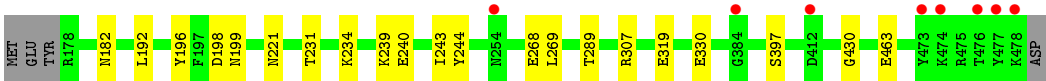


- Molecule 1: Bifunctional AAC/APH



- Molecule 1: Bifunctional AAC/APH





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.45Å 99.08Å 92.35Å 90.00° 105.18° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	89.13 – 2.35 32.75 – 2.35	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (89.13-2.35) 100.0 (32.75-2.35)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.14	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.56 (at 2.34Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0073	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.180 , 0.228 0.185 , 0.231	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3318 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	39.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.124	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.38 , 52.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.014 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	10902	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	50.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.46% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GDP, GOL, MG, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.70	0/2485	0.79	1/3352 (0.0%)
1	B	0.67	0/2501	0.74	0/3375
1	C	0.70	0/2525	0.80	0/3407
1	D	0.67	0/2537	0.75	0/3424
All	All	0.68	0/10048	0.77	1/13558 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	387	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.53	117.54	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2442	0	2344	20	0
1	B	2451	0	2352	20	0
1	C	2474	0	2367	18	0
1	D	2485	0	2381	13	0
2	A	28	0	12	0	0
2	B	28	0	12	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	C	28	0	12	0	0
2	D	28	0	12	0	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
3	B	2	0	0	0	0
3	C	2	0	0	0	0
3	D	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	C	1	0	0	0	0
5	D	6	0	8	0	0
6	A	212	0	0	3	0
6	B	246	0	0	3	0
6	C	247	0	0	6	0
6	D	216	0	0	3	0
All	All	10902	0	9500	61	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (61) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:297:LEU:HG	1:C:387:ARG:HH21	1.39	0.87
6:A:1062:HOH:O	1:D:198:ASP:HB2	1.79	0.83
1:D:289:THR:OG1	6:D:1188:HOH:O	1.97	0.83
1:A:184:THR:HB	1:B:185:ASN:HB2	1.63	0.80
1:C:463:GLU:OE2	6:C:1001:HOH:O	2.00	0.78
1:B:189:MET:SD	1:B:227:THR:HG21	2.23	0.78
1:C:297:LEU:HG	1:C:387:ARG:NH2	2.02	0.73
1:D:307[A]:ARG:NH2	6:D:1005:HOH:O	1.99	0.70
1:C:342:ASP:HB3	6:C:1075:HOH:O	1.93	0.69
1:A:278:LYS:HE2	6:A:1085:HOH:O	1.95	0.66
1:C:420[A]:ASN:OD1	6:C:1201:HOH:O	2.12	0.66
1:A:191:TYR:CZ	1:B:196:TYR:OH	2.49	0.62
1:A:184:THR:HG21	1:B:217:TYR:OH	2.02	0.59
1:A:215:VAL:HG23	1:A:217:TYR:CE2	2.38	0.58
1:B:196:TYR:HE2	1:B:269:LEU:HD21	1.68	0.57
1:A:245:ASN:ND2	6:A:968:HOH:O	2.35	0.56
1:B:229:PHE:HB3	6:B:1015:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:B:326:GLN:HG2	6:B:1425:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:D:240:GLU:HG2	1:D:244:TYR:CE2	2.44	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:240:GLU:HG2	1:C:244:TYR:CE2	2.44	0.52
1:A:215:VAL:CG2	1:A:217:TYR:CE2	2.92	0.52
1:A:184:THR:HB	1:B:185:ASN:CB	2.36	0.51
1:A:316:ASP:HA	1:C:265:ILE:HB	1.93	0.51
1:B:196:TYR:CE2	1:B:269:LEU:CD2	2.95	0.50
1:B:196:TYR:HE2	1:B:269:LEU:CD2	2.25	0.50
1:B:240:GLU:HG2	1:B:244:TYR:CE2	2.46	0.50
1:A:198:ASP:CB	6:D:1418:HOH:O	2.60	0.49
1:A:240:GLU:HG2	1:A:244:TYR:CE2	2.47	0.49
1:D:196:TYR:OH	1:D:269:LEU:HD22	2.12	0.49
1:D:307[B]:ARG:NH2	1:D:430:GLY:O	2.46	0.48
1:A:243:ILE:HD13	1:A:397:SER:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:C:187:LYS:HE3	1:D:268:GLU:O	2.14	0.47
1:C:300:ARG:NH2	6:C:1582:HOH:O	2.48	0.47
1:D:243:ILE:HD13	1:D:397:SER:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:A:189:MET:SD	1:A:227:THR:HG21	2.55	0.46
1:D:198:ASP:O	1:D:199:ASN:HB2	2.15	0.46
1:B:198:ASP:O	1:B:199:ASN:HB2	2.16	0.46
1:C:243:ILE:HD13	1:C:397:SER:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:A:182:ASN:HB2	1:B:181:ASP:CG	2.36	0.46
1:C:198:ASP:O	1:C:199:ASN:HB2	2.15	0.46
1:C:189:MET:HG2	1:C:217:TYR:CD2	2.51	0.46
1:A:261:GLU:O	1:D:199:ASN:ND2	2.49	0.45
1:A:189:MET:HG2	1:A:217:TYR:CD2	2.51	0.45
1:B:243:ILE:HD13	1:B:397:SER:HB2	1.97	0.45
1:C:448:TYR:HB3	1:C:449:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.45
1:B:458:LYS:NZ	6:B:1156:HOH:O	2.39	0.44
1:B:196:TYR:CE2	1:B:269:LEU:HD21	2.50	0.44
1:A:198:ASP:O	1:A:199:ASN:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:B:196:TYR:OH	1:B:269:LEU:HD23	2.19	0.43
1:D:234:LYS:NZ	1:D:330:GLU:OE1	2.48	0.43
1:A:448:TYR:HB3	1:A:449:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.42
1:D:231:THR:OG1	1:D:231:THR:O	2.37	0.42
1:C:475:ARG:NE	6:C:1194:HOH:O	2.33	0.42
1:C:445:GLU:HG2	1:C:475:ARG:NH2	2.33	0.42
1:A:307:ARG:HA	1:A:307:ARG:HD3	1.85	0.42
1:C:471:GLU:OE2	1:C:475:ARG:NH1	2.53	0.41
1:A:182:ASN:CB	1:B:181:ASP:HB3	2.50	0.41
1:B:448:TYR:HB3	1:B:449:PRO:HD3	2.04	0.40
1:C:188:ALA:HB2	1:D:192:LEU:HD11	2.04	0.40
1:B:466:GLU:HG2	1:B:470:LYS:NZ	2.36	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:300:ARG:HD2	6:C:1386:HOH:O	2.20	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	296/305 (97%)	286 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	294/305 (96%)	285 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	297/305 (97%)	286 (96%)	11 (4%)	0	100	100
1	D	301/305 (99%)	291 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1188/1220 (97%)	1148 (97%)	40 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	270/281 (96%)	262 (97%)	8 (3%)	41	50
1	B	273/281 (97%)	268 (98%)	5 (2%)	59	70
1	C	273/281 (97%)	266 (97%)	7 (3%)	46	56
1	D	275/281 (98%)	270 (98%)	5 (2%)	59	70

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	1091/1124 (97%)	1066 (98%)	25 (2%)	52 61

All (25) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	198	ASP
1	A	221	ASN
1	A	230	SER
1	A	285	GLU
1	A	307	ARG
1	A	466	GLU
1	A	478	LYS
1	A	479	ASP
1	B	181	ASP
1	B	252	GLU
1	B	285	GLU
1	B	307	ARG
1	B	319	GLU
1	C	221	ASN
1	C	230	SER
1	C	252	GLU
1	C	297	LEU
1	C	307[A]	ARG
1	C	307[B]	ARG
1	C	319	GLU
1	D	182	ASN
1	D	221	ASN
1	D	239	LYS
1	D	319	GLU
1	D	463	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	245	ASN
1	A	341	ASN
1	A	467	ASN
1	B	467	ASN
1	C	296	ASN
1	C	341	ASN
1	D	295	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	296	ASN
1	D	326	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 11 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
2	GDP	C	500	3	24,30,30	1.31	2 (8%)	31,47,47	1.72	7 (22%)
2	GDP	B	500	3	24,30,30	1.23	2 (8%)	31,47,47	2.07	9 (29%)
2	GDP	A	500	3	24,30,30	1.14	1 (4%)	31,47,47	2.14	12 (38%)
2	GDP	D	500	3	24,30,30	1.41	2 (8%)	31,47,47	2.11	9 (29%)
5	GOL	D	807	-	5,5,5	0.27	0	5,5,5	0.61	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GDP	C	500	3	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
2	GDP	B	500	3	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
2	GDP	A	500	3	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
2	GDP	D	500	3	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	GOL	D	807	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	D	500	GDP	C6-C5	5.43	1.50	1.41
2	B	500	GDP	C6-C5	4.50	1.49	1.41
2	C	500	GDP	C6-C5	3.90	1.48	1.41
2	A	500	GDP	C6-C5	3.29	1.47	1.41
2	C	500	GDP	C5-C4	2.72	1.48	1.40
2	D	500	GDP	C5-C4	2.57	1.47	1.40
2	B	500	GDP	C5-C4	2.14	1.46	1.40

All (37) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	500	GDP	C2-N3-C4	5.56	121.71	115.36
2	D	500	GDP	C6-C5-C4	-5.11	115.92	120.80
2	A	500	GDP	C5-C6-N1	-4.80	116.87	123.43
2	A	500	GDP	C2-N3-C4	4.70	120.72	115.36
2	C	500	GDP	C6-C5-C4	-4.60	116.41	120.80
2	D	500	GDP	C5-C6-N1	-4.55	117.21	123.43
2	B	500	GDP	C6-C5-C4	-4.54	116.47	120.80
2	D	500	GDP	C6-N1-C2	4.50	123.07	115.93
2	A	500	GDP	C6-N1-C2	4.02	122.32	115.93
2	A	500	GDP	N3-C2-N1	-3.88	122.05	127.22
2	C	500	GDP	C5-C6-N1	-3.61	118.49	123.43
2	B	500	GDP	C5-C6-N1	-3.56	118.56	123.43
2	D	500	GDP	O3B-PB-O2B	3.50	121.03	107.64
2	D	500	GDP	C4-C5-N7	-3.42	105.84	109.40
2	B	500	GDP	C6-N1-C2	3.33	121.22	115.93
2	C	500	GDP	C2-N3-C4	3.31	119.13	115.36
2	A	500	GDP	C6-C5-C4	-3.24	117.70	120.80
2	C	500	GDP	C6-N1-C2	3.24	121.07	115.93
2	B	500	GDP	N3-C2-N1	-3.18	122.98	127.22
2	D	500	GDP	C1'-N9-C4	-3.06	121.26	126.64
2	B	500	GDP	O5'-PA-O1A	-2.92	97.67	109.07
2	D	500	GDP	O5'-PA-O1A	-2.90	97.73	109.07
2	A	500	GDP	O3B-PB-O3A	2.53	113.13	104.64

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	500	GDP	PA-O3A-PB	-2.50	124.24	132.83
2	A	500	GDP	PA-O3A-PB	-2.49	124.27	132.83
2	C	500	GDP	O2B-PB-O1B	2.48	120.40	110.68
2	D	500	GDP	C2-N3-C4	2.48	118.18	115.36
2	B	500	GDP	O3B-PB-O2B	2.46	117.03	107.64
2	A	500	GDP	O3A-PB-O1B	-2.44	97.63	111.19
2	C	500	GDP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-2.37	103.47	106.93
2	A	500	GDP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.36	104.52	100.98
2	B	500	GDP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.28	104.41	100.98
2	A	500	GDP	O3B-PB-O2B	2.19	116.02	107.64
2	A	500	GDP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-2.13	103.82	106.93
2	B	500	GDP	C4-C5-N7	-2.09	107.22	109.40
2	A	500	GDP	N2-C2-N1	2.08	120.49	117.25
2	C	500	GDP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.06	104.09	100.98

There are no chirality outliers.

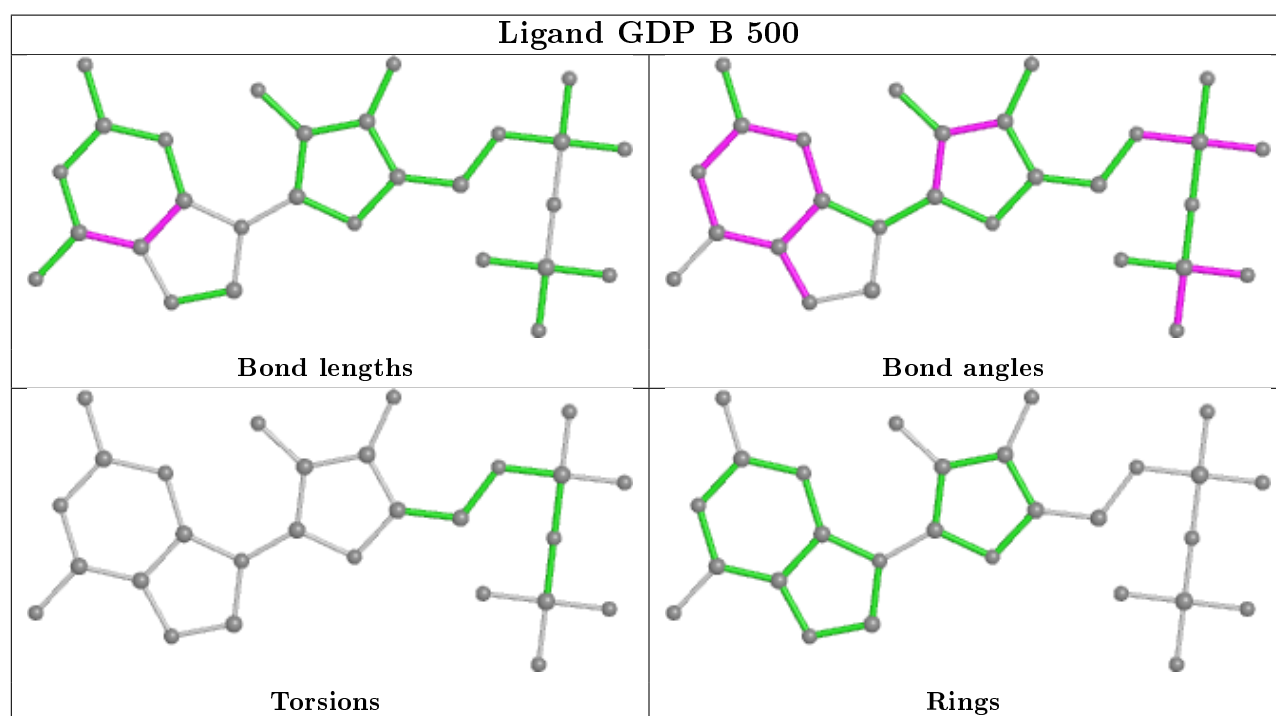
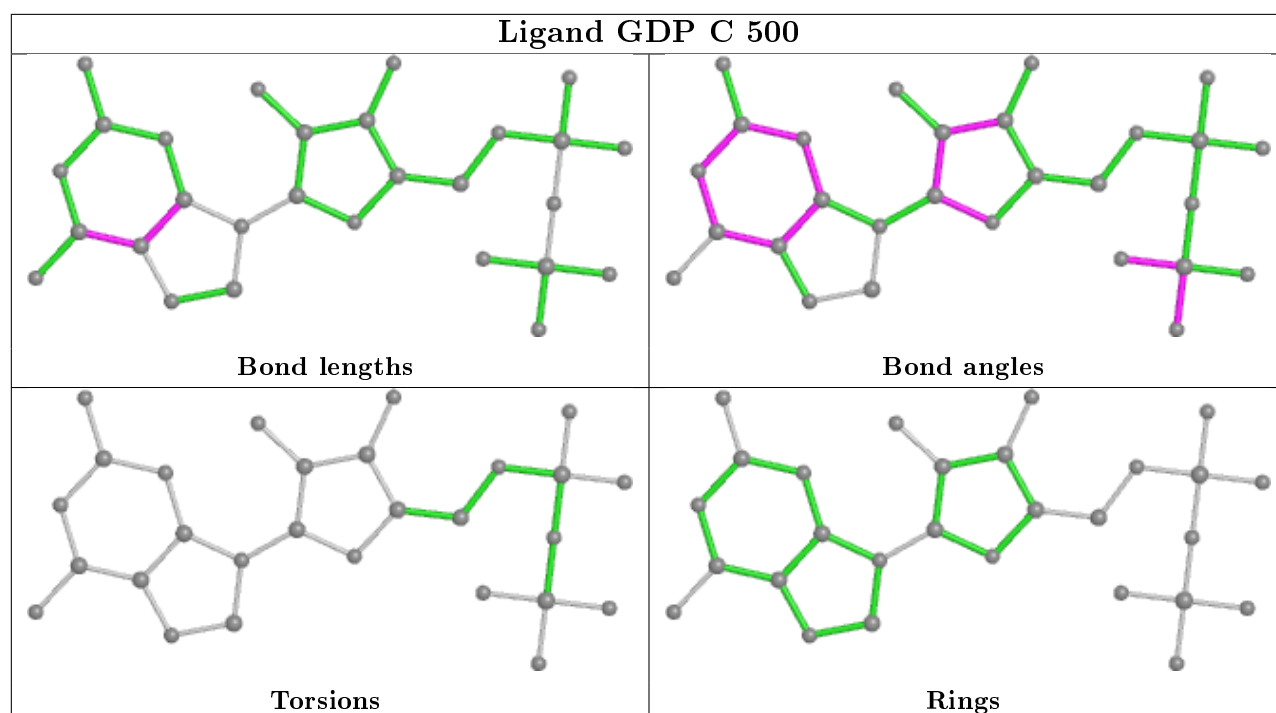
All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

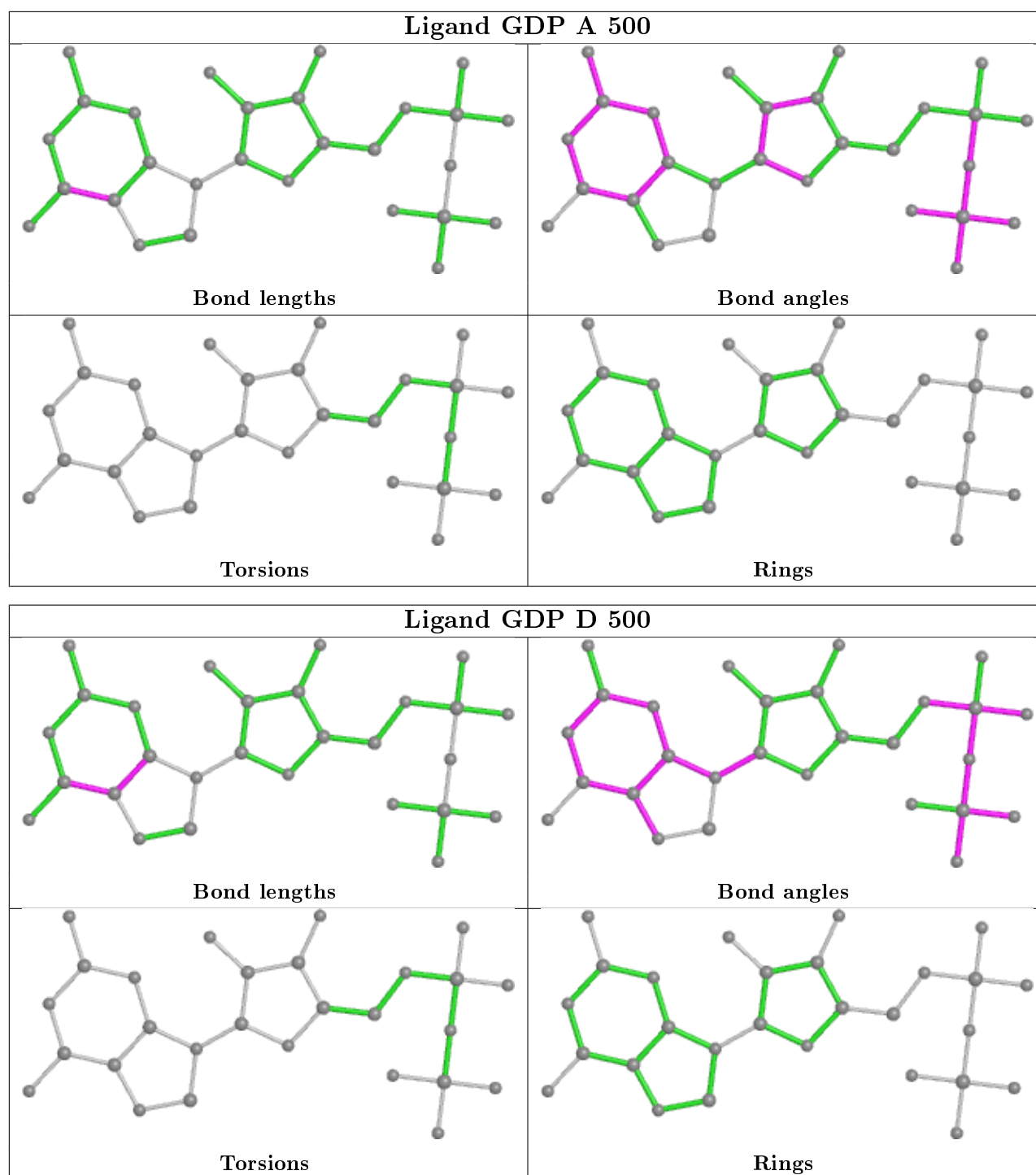
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	D	807	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	D	807	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	298/305 (97%)	0.20	13 (4%)	34 46	29, 49, 82, 110	0
1	B	296/305 (97%)	0.22	15 (5%)	28 40	31, 49, 71, 96	0
1	C	299/305 (98%)	0.13	12 (4%)	38 51	25, 45, 74, 102	0
1	D	301/305 (98%)	0.09	8 (2%)	54 64	31, 46, 68, 108	0
All	All	1194/1220 (97%)	0.16	48 (4%)	38 51	25, 47, 76, 110	0

All (48) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	179	TYR	5.6
1	B	199	ASN	4.9
1	C	460	ILE	4.7
1	A	232	ASN	4.6
1	A	202	VAL	3.9
1	D	478	LYS	3.9
1	D	477	TYR	3.6
1	A	231	THR	3.6
1	A	199	ASN	3.5
1	C	178	ARG	3.4
1	B	249	THR	3.3
1	A	182	ASN	3.2
1	C	212	TYR	3.2
1	A	220	ASN	3.2
1	C	267	ASP	3.2
1	B	201	LYS	3.0
1	D	473	TYR	2.9
1	A	203	ASP	2.9
1	B	200	PHE	2.9
1	D	384	GLY	2.9
1	B	316	ASP	2.9

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	414	GLU	2.8
1	C	285	GLU	2.7
1	B	181	ASP	2.6
1	C	249	THR	2.5
1	D	476	THR	2.5
1	A	412	ASP	2.5
1	B	268	GLU	2.5
1	D	474	LYS	2.5
1	A	205	ILE	2.5
1	C	199	ASN	2.4
1	B	246	PHE	2.4
1	D	412	ASP	2.3
1	C	215	VAL	2.3
1	A	478	LYS	2.3
1	C	180	ASP	2.3
1	B	227	THR	2.2
1	B	236	GLY	2.2
1	A	230	SER	2.2
1	B	203	ASP	2.2
1	B	414	GLU	2.2
1	C	230	SER	2.1
1	A	414	GLU	2.1
1	C	179	TYR	2.1
1	B	182	ASN	2.1
1	D	254	ASN	2.1
1	A	219	VAL	2.1
1	B	392	ILE	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

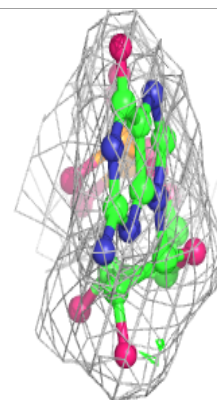
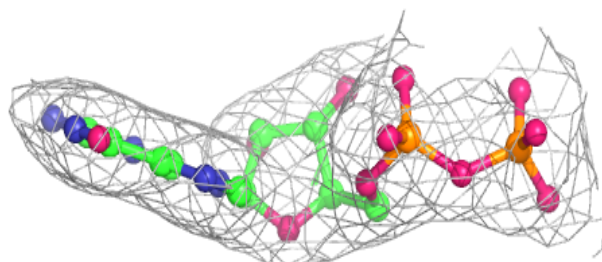
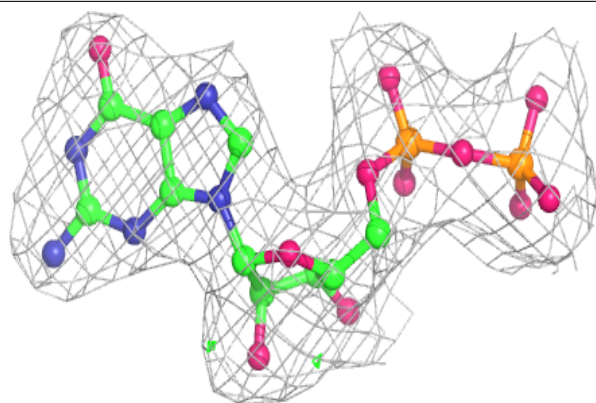
median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	CL	B	802	1/1	0.82	0.15	85,85,85,85	0
5	GOL	D	807	6/6	0.92	0.23	60,62,63,71	0
3	MG	B	702	1/1	0.94	0.18	42,42,42,42	0
4	CL	C	802	1/1	0.94	0.20	71,71,71,71	0
2	GDP	B	500	28/28	0.96	0.16	42,45,47,49	0
3	MG	B	700	1/1	0.96	0.12	43,43,43,43	0
3	MG	D	700	1/1	0.97	0.07	29,29,29,29	0
3	MG	A	702	1/1	0.97	0.08	37,37,37,37	0
3	MG	A	700	1/1	0.97	0.12	44,44,44,44	0
3	MG	C	700	1/1	0.98	0.20	37,37,37,37	0
4	CL	A	802	1/1	0.98	0.12	65,65,65,65	0
2	GDP	D	500	28/28	0.98	0.11	30,37,41,46	0
2	GDP	C	500	28/28	0.98	0.16	31,34,37,38	0
3	MG	D	702	1/1	0.99	0.11	33,33,33,33	0
3	MG	C	702	1/1	0.99	0.15	37,37,37,37	0
2	GDP	A	500	28/28	0.99	0.11	38,40,43,45	0

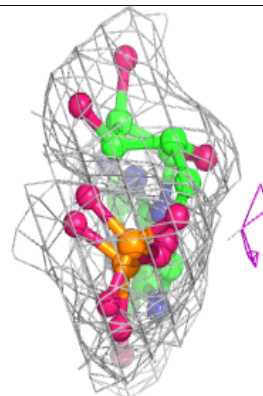
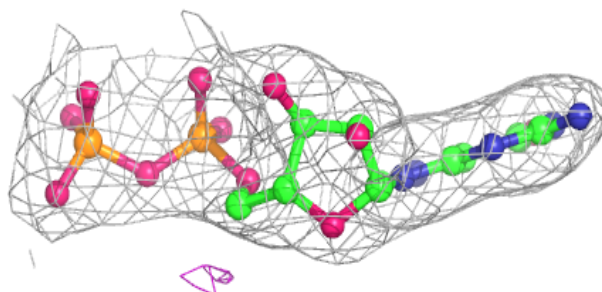
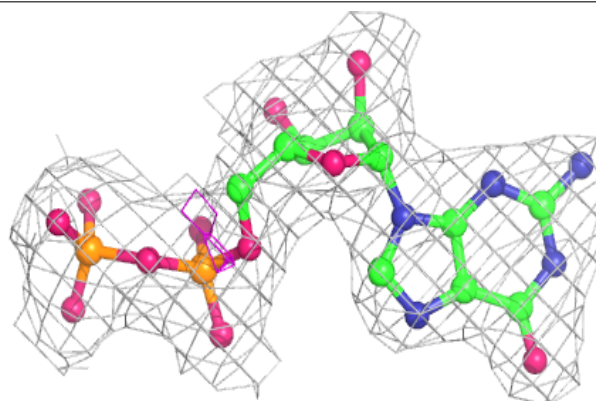
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around GDP B 500:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

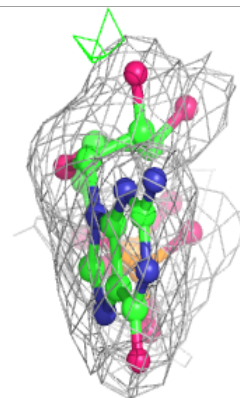
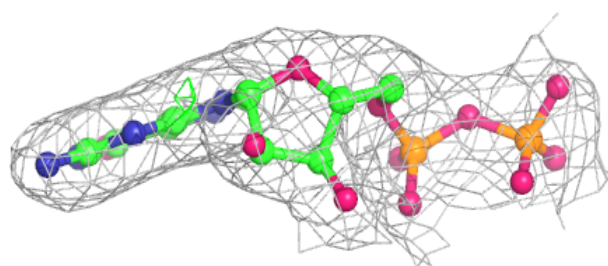
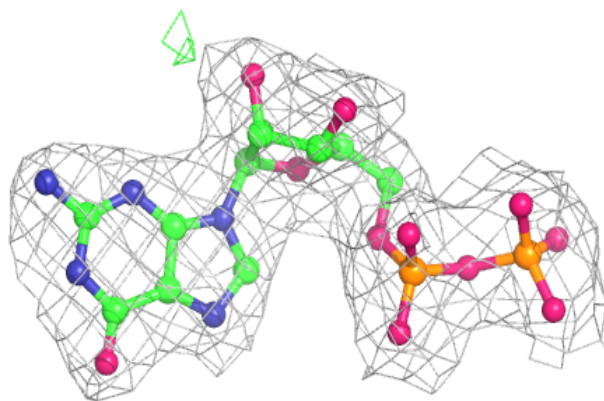
**Electron density around GDP D 500:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

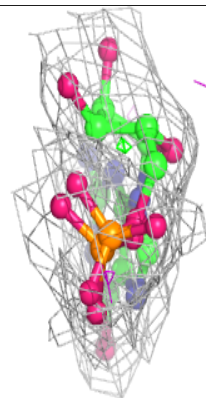
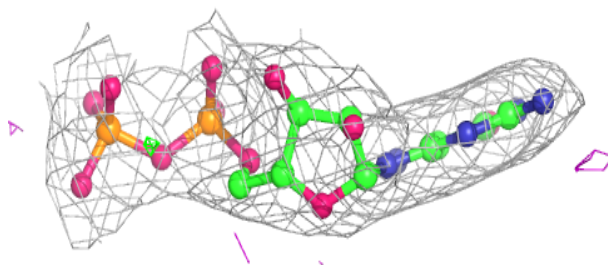
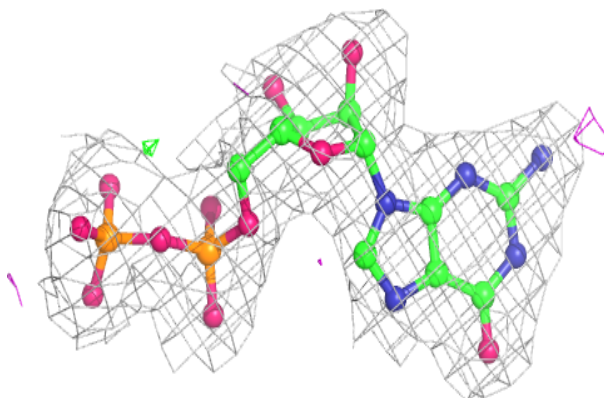


Electron density around GDP C 500:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around GDP A 500:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.