



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 21, 2020 – 05:38 PM BST

PDB ID : 3IUW  
Title : Crystal structure of Activating signal cointegrator (NP\_814290.1) from EN-TEROCOCCUS FAECALIS V583 at 1.58 Å resolution  
Authors : Joint Center for Structural Genomics (JCSG)  
Deposited on : 2009-08-31  
Resolution : 1.58 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.13.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13.1



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	CAC	A	83	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1672 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

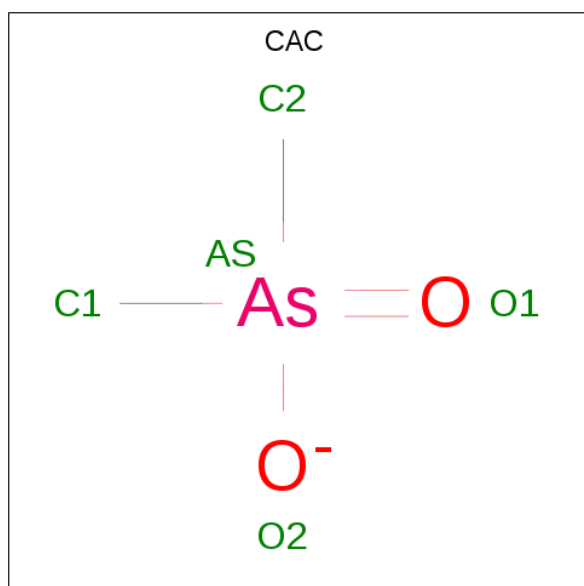
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Activating signal cointegrator.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	79	Total	C	N	O	S	Se	0	11	0
			762	482	127	149	1	3			
1	B	80	Total	C	N	O	S	Se	0	6	0
			712	450	120	137	2	3			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	GLY	-	leader sequence	UNP Q8KUB7
B	0	GLY	-	leader sequence	UNP Q8KUB7

- Molecule 2 is CACODYLATE ION (three-letter code: CAC) (formula:  $C_2H_6AsO_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	As	C	O	0	0
			5	1	2	2		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	As	C	O	0	0
			5	1	2	2		

- Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

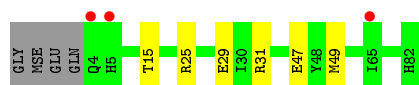
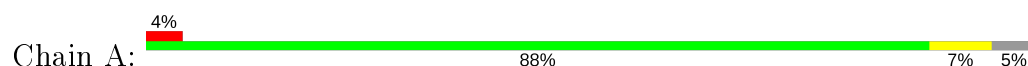
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	102	Total	O	0	1
			102	102		
4	B	81	Total	O	0	0
			81	81		

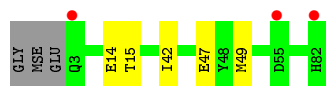
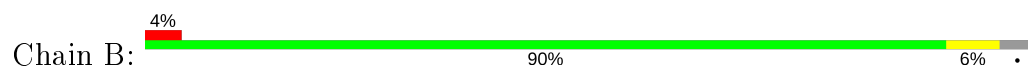
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Activating signal cointegrator



- Molecule 1: Activating signal cointegrator



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	76.02Å 76.02Å 65.94Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.48 – 1.58 29.48 – 1.58	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (29.48-1.58) 99.8 (29.48-1.58)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.22 (at 1.58Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019, PHENIX	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.185 , 0.222 0.196 , 0.228	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1538 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	23.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.342	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 53.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.026 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	1672	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CAC, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.69	0/772	0.80	1/1032 (0.1%)
1	B	0.81	0/722	0.82	0/968
All	All	0.75	0/1494	0.81	1/2000 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	25	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.52	123.06	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	762	0	733	10	0
1	B	712	0	678	4	0
2	A	5	0	0	4	0
2	B	5	0	0	0	0
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	A	102	0	0	0	0
4	B	81	0	0	1	0
All	All	1672	0	1411	14	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 14 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:15[B]:THR:HG22	1:A:47:GLU:OE2	1.78	0.82
1:A:29[B]:GLU:OE1	2:A:83:CAC:AS	2.73	0.67
1:B:15[B]:THR:H	1:B:49[B]:MSE:SE	2.30	0.65
1:B:15[A]:THR:HG22	1:B:47:GLU:OE2	1.97	0.65
1:A:29[B]:GLU:OE2	2:A:83:CAC:C1	2.47	0.61

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	88/83 (106%)	88 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	B	84/83 (101%)	83 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	172/166 (104%)	171 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	83/72 (115%)	83 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	76/72 (106%)	76 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	159/144 (110%)	159 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	CAC	B	1083	-	0,4,4	0.00	-	0,6,6	0.00	-
2	CAC	A	83	-	0,4,4	0.00	-	0,6,6	0.00	-
3	SO4	A	84	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.44	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	83	CAC	4	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	77/83 (92%)	0.15	3 (3%) 39 40	24, 29, 36, 53	0
1	B	78/83 (93%)	0.14	3 (3%) 40 41	22, 29, 40, 50	0
All	All	155/166 (93%)	0.14	6 (3%) 39 40	22, 29, 39, 53	0

The worst 5 of 6 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	4	GLN	5.6
1	B	3	GLN	2.9
1	A	5	HIS	2.9
1	B	55	ASP	2.3
1	B	82	HIS	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	SO4	A	84	5/5	0.87	0.15	41,56,64,69	0
2	CAC	A	83	5/5	0.97	0.19	24,29,35,36	5
2	CAC	B	1083	5/5	0.99	0.06	23,24,25,26	5

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.