



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 15, 2020 – 05:09 pm BST

PDB ID : 3IX4
Title : LasR-TP1 complex
Authors : Zou, Y.; Nair, S.K.
Deposited on : 2009-09-03
Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

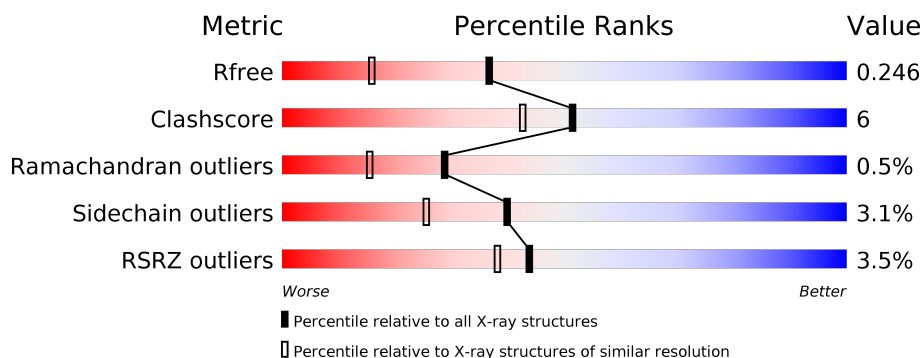
1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	173	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>84%</div> <div>10%</div> <div>6%</div> </div> </div>
1	B	173	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>86%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
1	C	173	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>92%</div> <div>5%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
1	D	173	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>83%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
1	E	173	<div> <div>0%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>86%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>• • 5%</div> </div> </div>
1	F	173	<div> <div>7%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>79%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	G	173	<div><div></div><div>2%</div><div>85%</div><div>12%</div><div></div><div></div></div>
1	H	173	<div><div></div><div>6%</div><div>85%</div><div>11%</div><div></div><div></div></div>

2 Entry composition

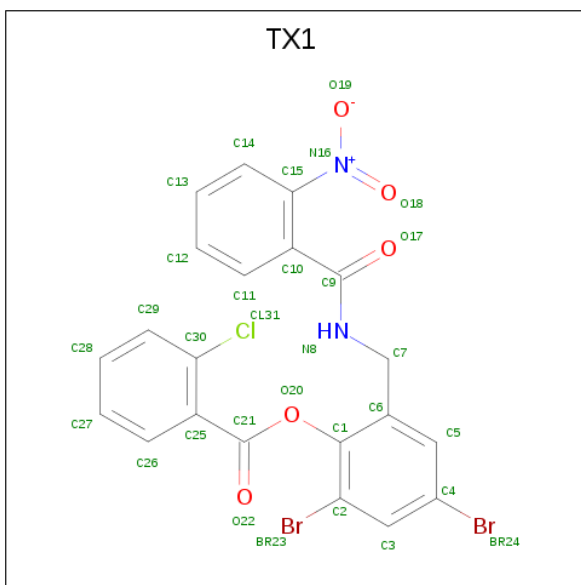
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12244 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcriptional activator protein lasR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	163	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1289	826	215	243	5			
1	B	166	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1312	841	218	248	5			
1	C	168	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1324	849	220	249	6			
1	D	166	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1311	841	218	247	5			
1	E	165	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1304	835	217	247	5			
1	F	166	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1312	841	218	248	5			
1	G	168	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1323	849	220	248	6			
1	H	168	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1324	849	220	249	6			

- Molecule 2 is 2,4-dibromo-6-({[(2-nitrophenyl)carbonyl]amino}methyl)phenyl 2-chlorobenzoate (three-letter code: TX1) (formula: C₂₁H₁₃Br₂ClN₂O₅).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 31	Br 2	C 21	Cl 1	N 2	O 5	0	0
2	B	1	Total 31	Br 2	C 21	Cl 1	N 2	O 5	0	0
2	C	1	Total 31	Br 2	C 21	Cl 1	N 2	O 5	0	0
2	D	1	Total 31	Br 2	C 21	Cl 1	N 2	O 5	0	0
2	E	1	Total 31	Br 2	C 21	Cl 1	N 2	O 5	0	0
2	F	1	Total 31	Br 2	C 21	Cl 1	N 2	O 5	0	0
2	G	1	Total 31	Br 2	C 21	Cl 1	N 2	O 5	0	0
2	H	1	Total 31	Br 2	C 21	Cl 1	N 2	O 5	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	159	Total O 159 159	0	0
3	B	198	Total O 198 198	0	0
3	C	150	Total O 150 150	0	0
3	D	219	Total O 219 219	0	0

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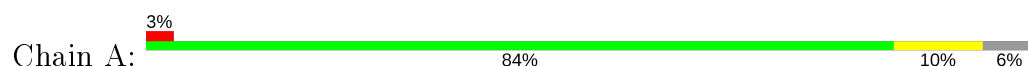
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	E	226	Total 226	O 226	0	0
3	F	166	Total 166	O 166	0	0
3	G	227	Total 227	O 227	0	0
3	H	152	Total 152	O 152	0	0

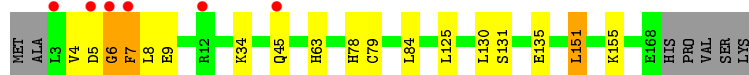
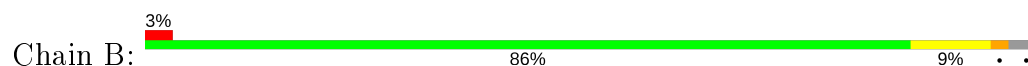
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Transcriptional activator protein lasR



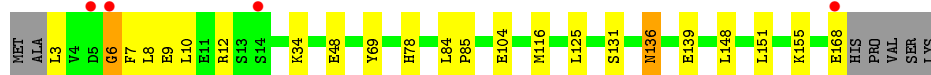
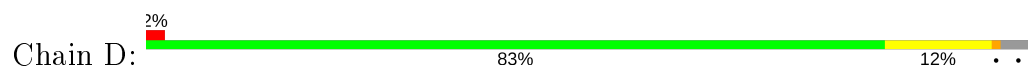
- Molecule 1: Transcriptional activator protein lasR



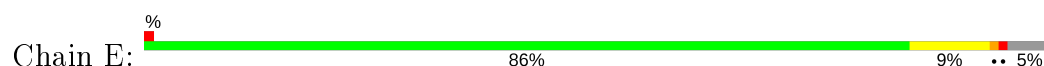
- Molecule 1: Transcriptional activator protein lasR



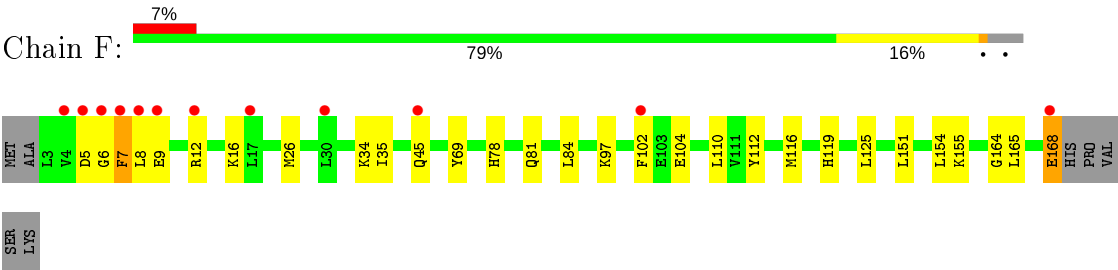
- Molecule 1: Transcriptional activator protein lasR



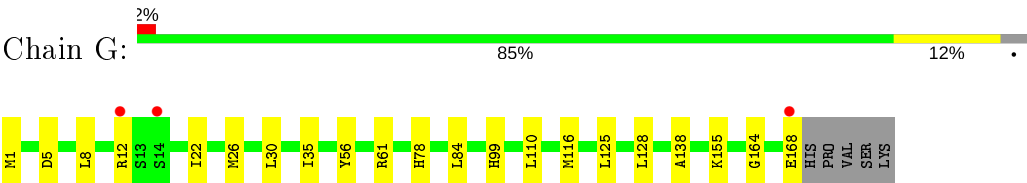
- Molecule 1: Transcriptional activator protein lasR



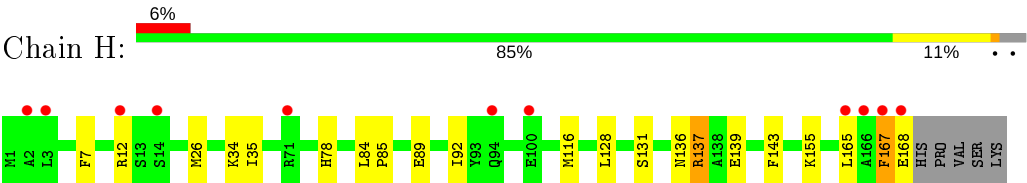
- Molecule 1: Transcriptional activator protein lasR



• Molecule 1: Transcriptional activator protein lasR



• Molecule 1: Transcriptional activator protein lasR



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	54.20 Å 84.55 Å 156.38 Å 90.00° 95.97° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	25.00 – 1.80 45.45 – 1.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.0 (25.00-1.80) 97.9 (45.45-1.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.05	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	4.36 (at 1.79 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.199 , 0.247 0.199 , 0.246	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	6405 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.668	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 48.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	12244	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 24.93 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 3.4908e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹ Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

² Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TX1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.39	0/1333	0.52	0/1805
1	B	0.39	0/1356	0.55	0/1837
1	C	0.37	0/1363	0.52	0/1846
1	D	0.40	0/1350	0.57	0/1829
1	E	0.39	0/1348	0.56	1/1826 (0.1%)
1	F	0.39	0/1356	0.54	0/1837
1	G	0.40	0/1357	0.55	0/1838
1	H	0.39	0/1363	0.52	0/1846
All	All	0.39	0/10826	0.54	1/14664 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	D	0	1
1	E	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	E	6	GLY	N-CA-C	6.11	128.37	113.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	D	6	GLY	Peptide
1	E	6	GLY	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1289	0	1243	15	0
1	B	1312	0	1267	19	0
1	C	1324	0	1283	3	0
1	D	1311	0	1266	15	0
1	E	1304	0	1256	8	0
1	F	1312	0	1267	23	0
1	G	1323	0	1282	15	0
1	H	1324	0	1283	17	0
2	A	31	0	13	1	0
2	B	31	0	13	0	0
2	C	31	0	13	2	0
2	D	31	0	13	1	0
2	E	31	0	13	1	0
2	F	31	0	13	2	0
2	G	31	0	13	2	0
2	H	31	0	13	1	0
3	A	159	0	0	3	0
3	B	198	0	0	4	0
3	C	150	0	0	1	0
3	D	219	0	0	4	0
3	E	226	0	0	2	0
3	F	166	0	0	8	0
3	G	227	0	0	5	0
3	H	152	0	0	1	0
All	All	12244	0	10251	117	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 117 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:125:LEU:HD11	3:B:1615:HOH:O	1.46	1.13
1:A:6:GLY:HA2	1:A:7:PHE:HB3	1.36	1.08
1:B:6:GLY:HA2	1:B:8:LEU:N	1.74	1.01
1:H:137:ARG:HG2	1:H:137:ARG:HH11	1.26	1.00
1:A:6:GLY:HA2	1:A:7:PHE:CB	1.93	0.99

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	163/173 (94%)	160 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	166/173 (96%)	161 (97%)	2 (1%)	3 (2%)	8	2
1	C	167/173 (96%)	166 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	D	165/173 (95%)	161 (98%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	25	12
1	E	165/173 (95%)	162 (98%)	2 (1%)	1 (1%)	25	12
1	F	166/173 (96%)	162 (98%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	25	12
1	G	166/173 (96%)	163 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	H	167/173 (96%)	164 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1325/1384 (96%)	1299 (98%)	20 (2%)	6 (0%)	29	15

5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	7	PHE
1	D	7	PHE
1	E	7	PHE
1	F	7	PHE
1	B	5	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	134/141 (95%)	130 (97%)	4 (3%)	41	27
1	B	137/141 (97%)	133 (97%)	4 (3%)	42	29
1	C	137/141 (97%)	132 (96%)	5 (4%)	35	20
1	D	136/141 (96%)	133 (98%)	3 (2%)	52	39
1	E	136/141 (96%)	133 (98%)	3 (2%)	52	39
1	F	137/141 (97%)	132 (96%)	5 (4%)	35	20
1	G	136/141 (96%)	132 (97%)	4 (3%)	42	29
1	H	137/141 (97%)	132 (96%)	5 (4%)	35	20
All	All	1090/1128 (97%)	1057 (97%)	33 (3%)	40	27

5 of 33 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	151	LEU
1	E	168	GLU
1	H	155	LYS
1	D	155	LYS
1	E	151	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 33 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	136	ASN
1	E	78	HIS
1	H	94	GLN
1	E	24	GLN
1	E	49	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
2	TX1	H	174	-	32,33,33	1.90	8 (25%)	42,46,46	1.19	3 (7%)
2	TX1	D	174	-	32,33,33	1.87	8 (25%)	42,46,46	1.09	1 (2%)
2	TX1	F	174	-	32,33,33	1.91	8 (25%)	42,46,46	1.12	3 (7%)
2	TX1	E	174	-	32,33,33	1.78	7 (21%)	42,46,46	1.02	1 (2%)
2	TX1	G	174	-	32,33,33	1.84	8 (25%)	42,46,46	1.12	4 (9%)
2	TX1	B	174	-	32,33,33	1.88	8 (25%)	42,46,46	1.15	3 (7%)
2	TX1	A	174	-	32,33,33	1.95	8 (25%)	42,46,46	1.13	3 (7%)
2	TX1	C	174	-	32,33,33	1.87	8 (25%)	42,46,46	1.17	3 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	TX1	H	174	-	-	3/19/21/21	0/3/3/3
2	TX1	D	174	-	-	3/19/21/21	0/3/3/3
2	TX1	F	174	-	-	8/19/21/21	0/3/3/3
2	TX1	E	174	-	-	6/19/21/21	0/3/3/3

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	TX1	G	174	-	-	4/19/21/21	0/3/3/3
2	TX1	B	174	-	-	3/19/21/21	0/3/3/3
2	TX1	A	174	-	-	3/19/21/21	0/3/3/3
2	TX1	C	174	-	-	8/19/21/21	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 63 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	174	TX1	C25-C30	6.74	1.48	1.39
2	H	174	TX1	C25-C30	6.70	1.48	1.39
2	B	174	TX1	C25-C30	6.58	1.48	1.39
2	D	174	TX1	C25-C30	6.54	1.48	1.39
2	F	174	TX1	C25-C30	6.52	1.48	1.39

The worst 5 of 21 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	H	174	TX1	C14-C15-N16	3.57	120.29	116.47
2	C	174	TX1	C14-C15-N16	3.50	120.22	116.47
2	B	174	TX1	C14-C15-N16	3.17	119.86	116.47
2	A	174	TX1	C14-C15-N16	3.03	119.71	116.47
2	D	174	TX1	C14-C15-N16	2.83	119.50	116.47

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 38 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	F	174	TX1	C10-C15-N16-O18
2	F	174	TX1	C14-C15-N16-O18
2	E	174	TX1	C10-C15-N16-O18
2	C	174	TX1	C10-C15-N16-O18
2	C	174	TX1	C14-C15-N16-O18

There are no ring outliers.

7 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

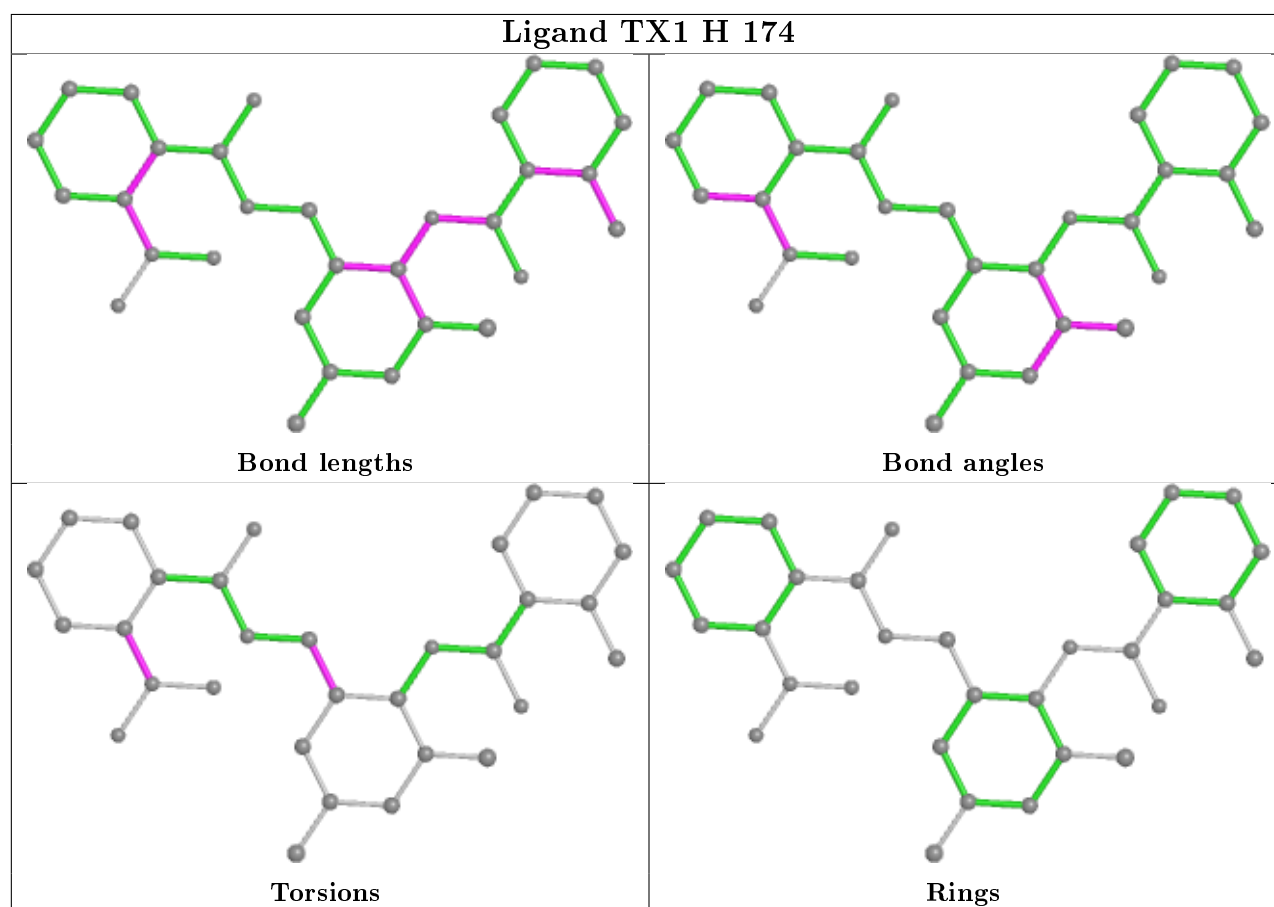
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	H	174	TX1	1	0
2	D	174	TX1	1	0
2	F	174	TX1	2	0

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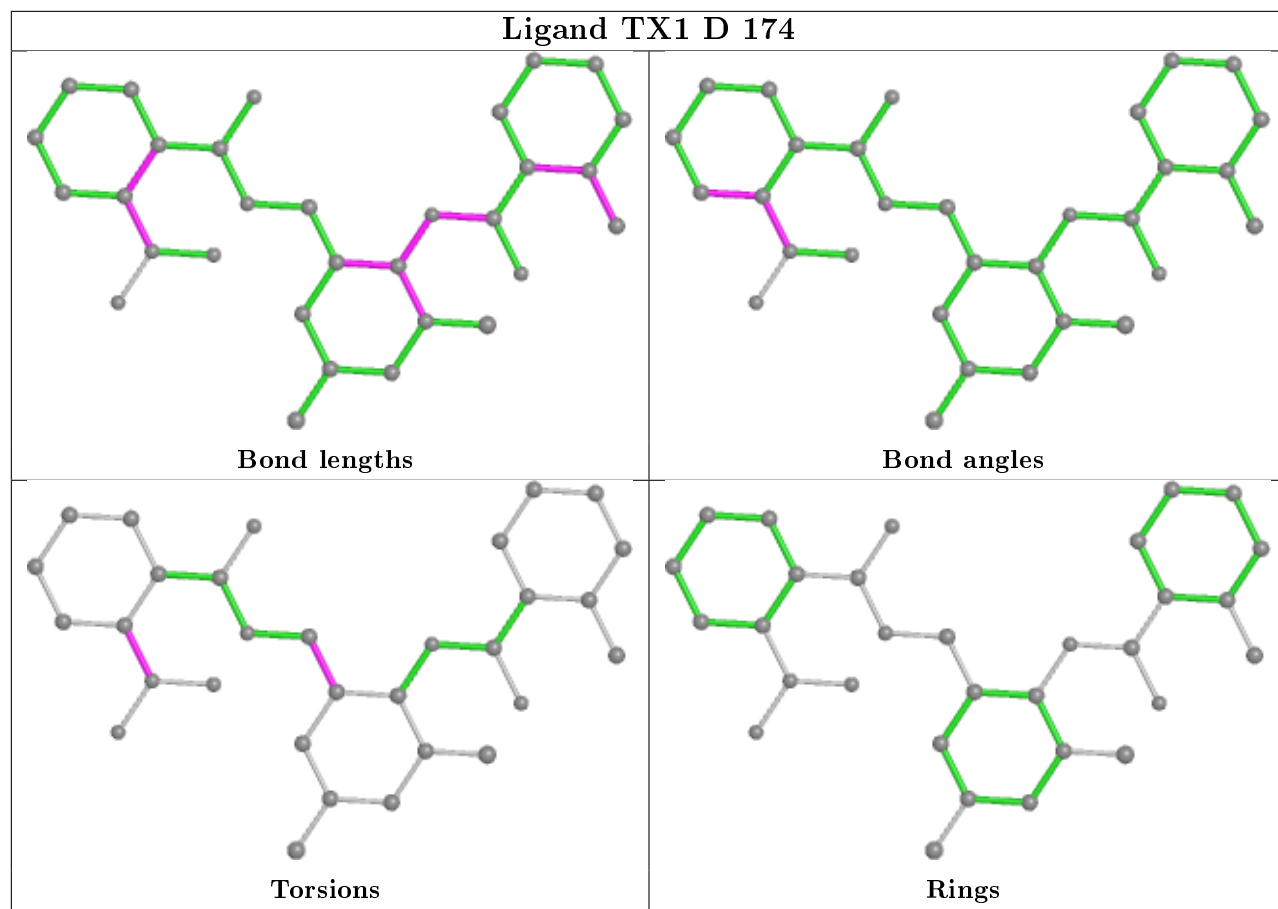
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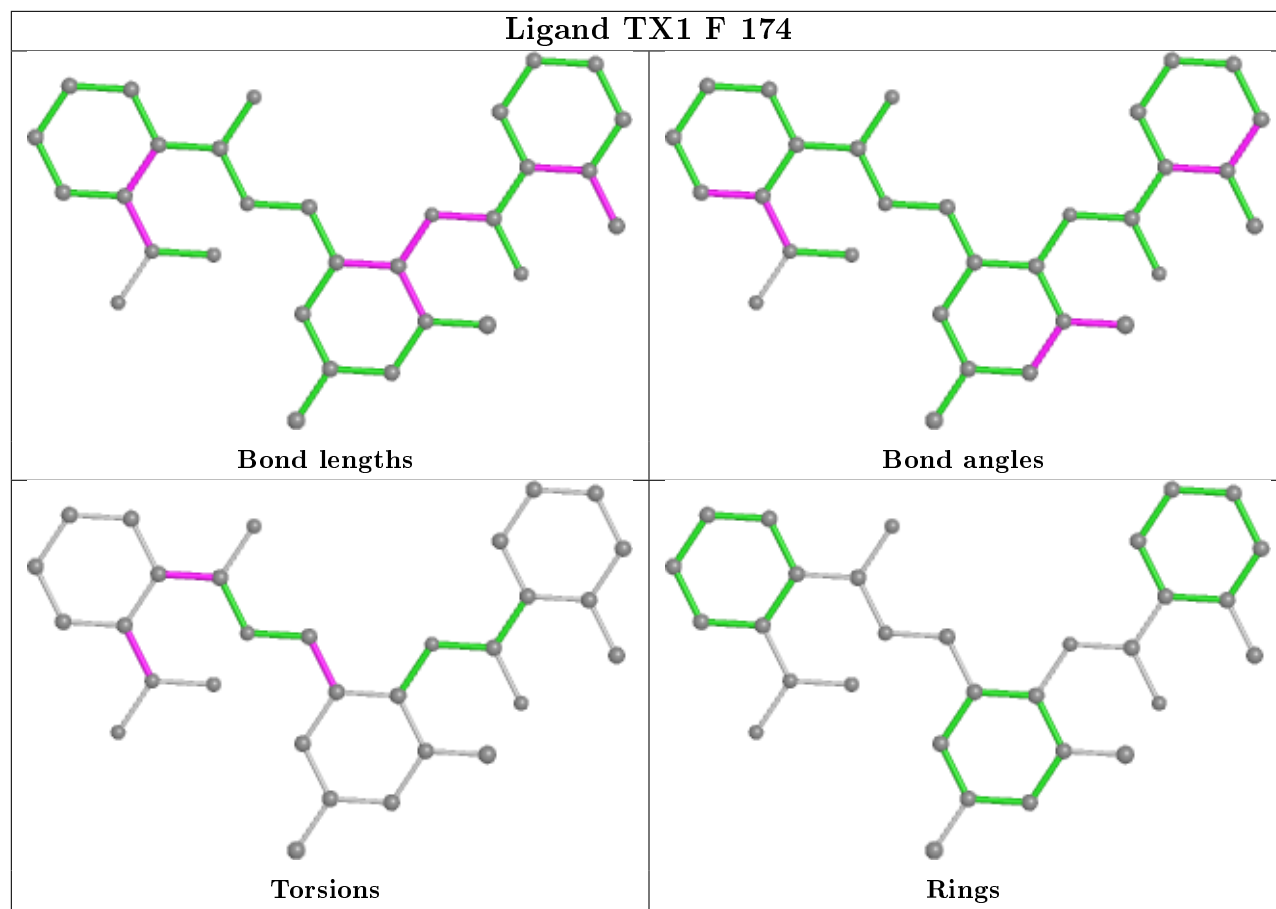
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	E	174	TX1	1	0
2	G	174	TX1	2	0
2	A	174	TX1	1	0
2	C	174	TX1	2	0

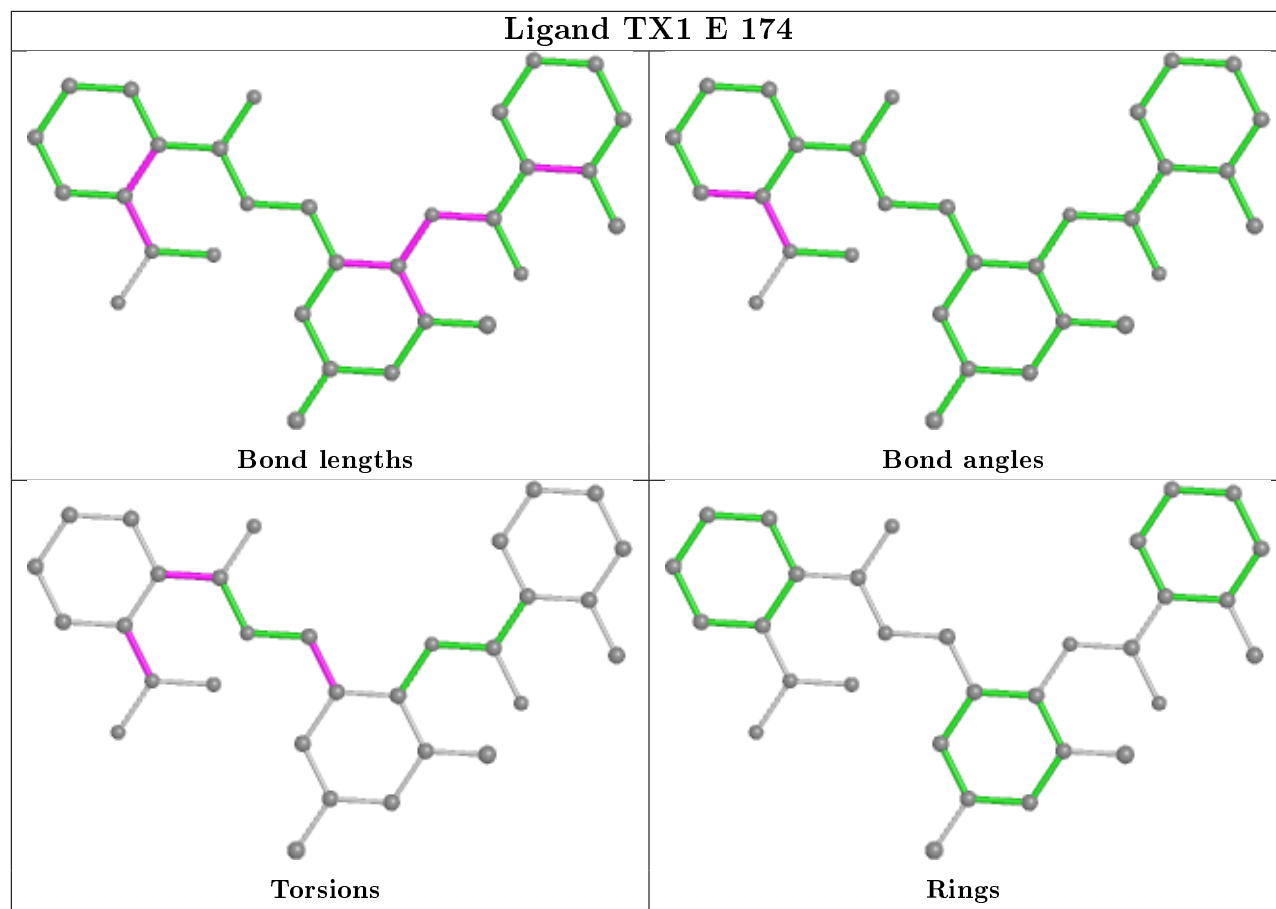
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



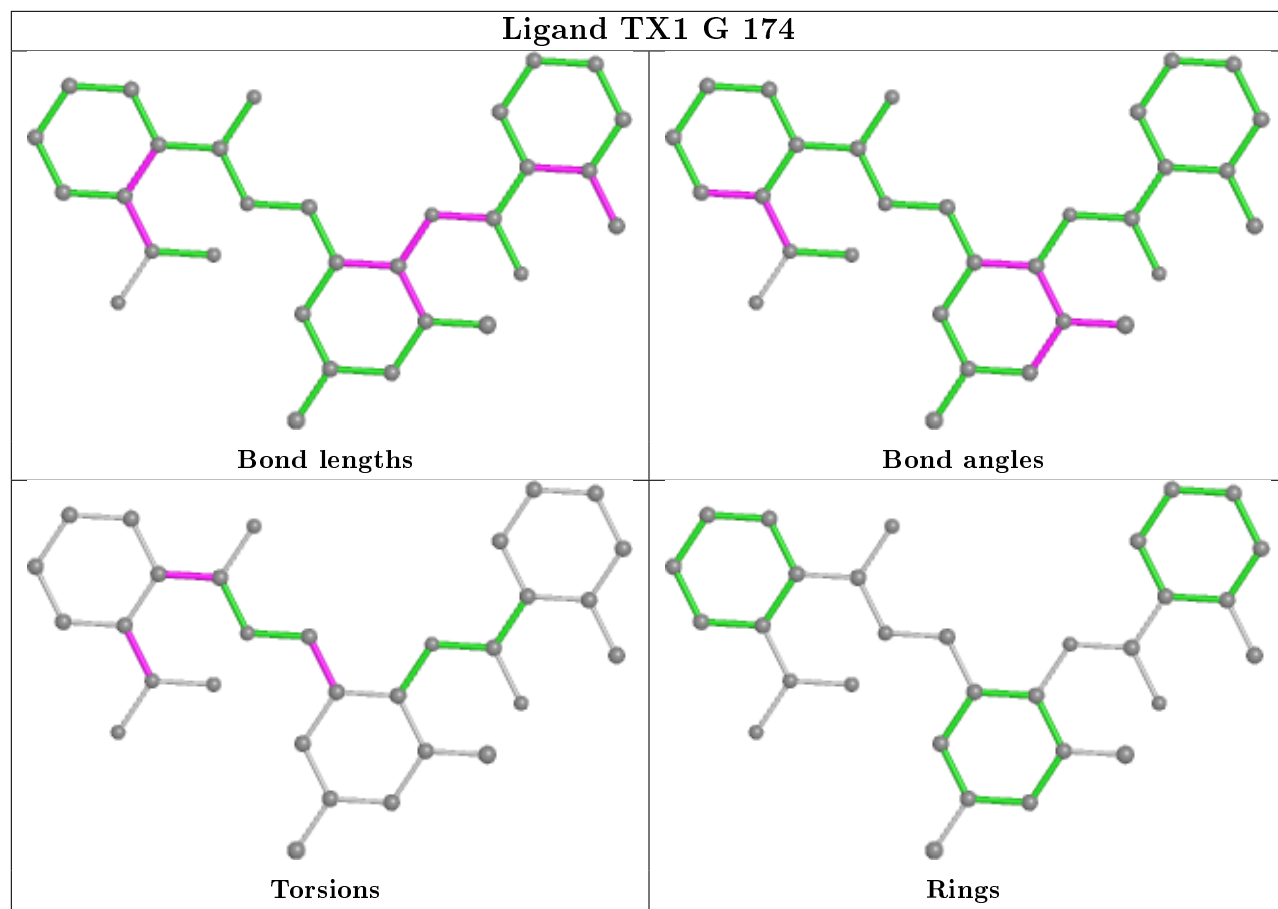
Ligand TX1 D 174

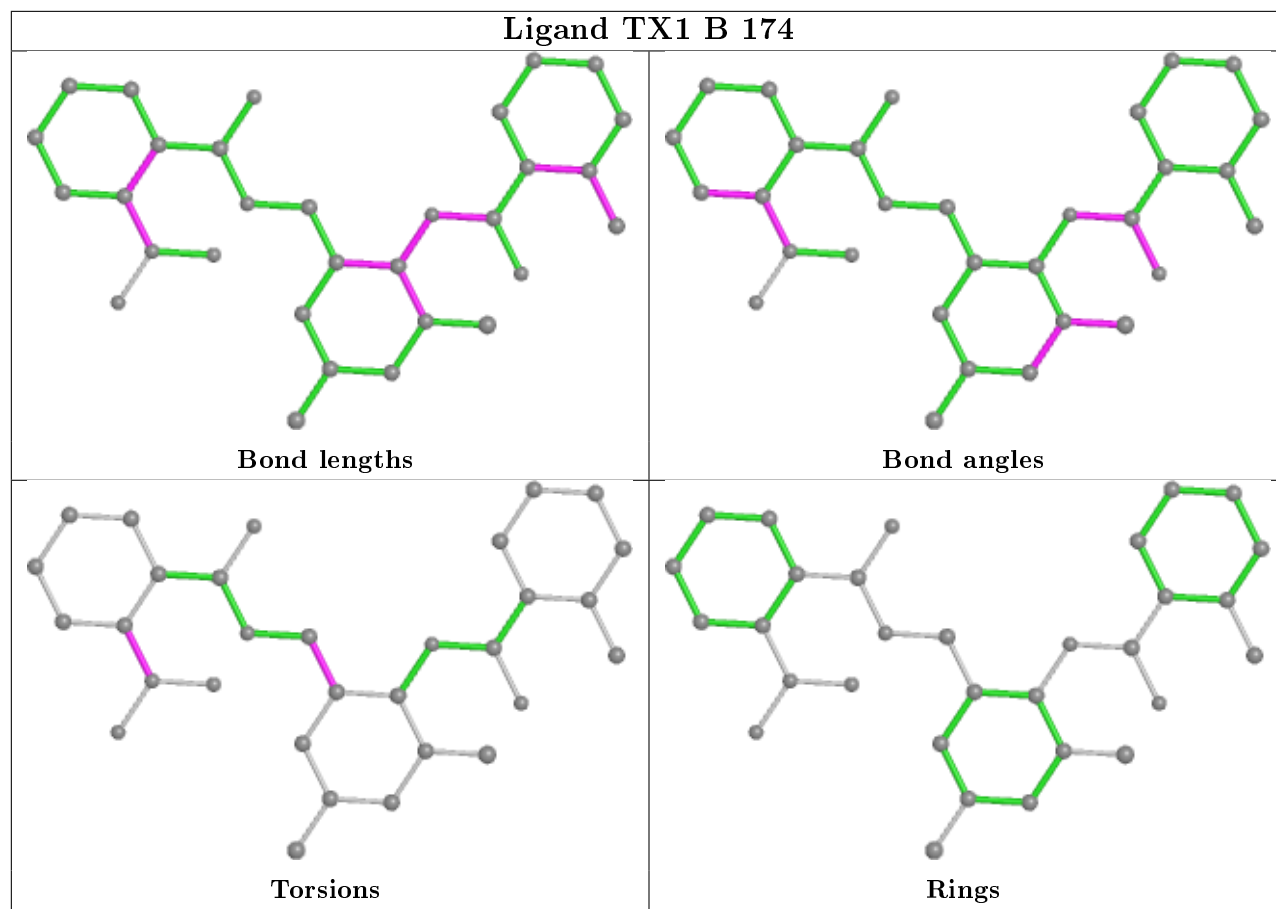




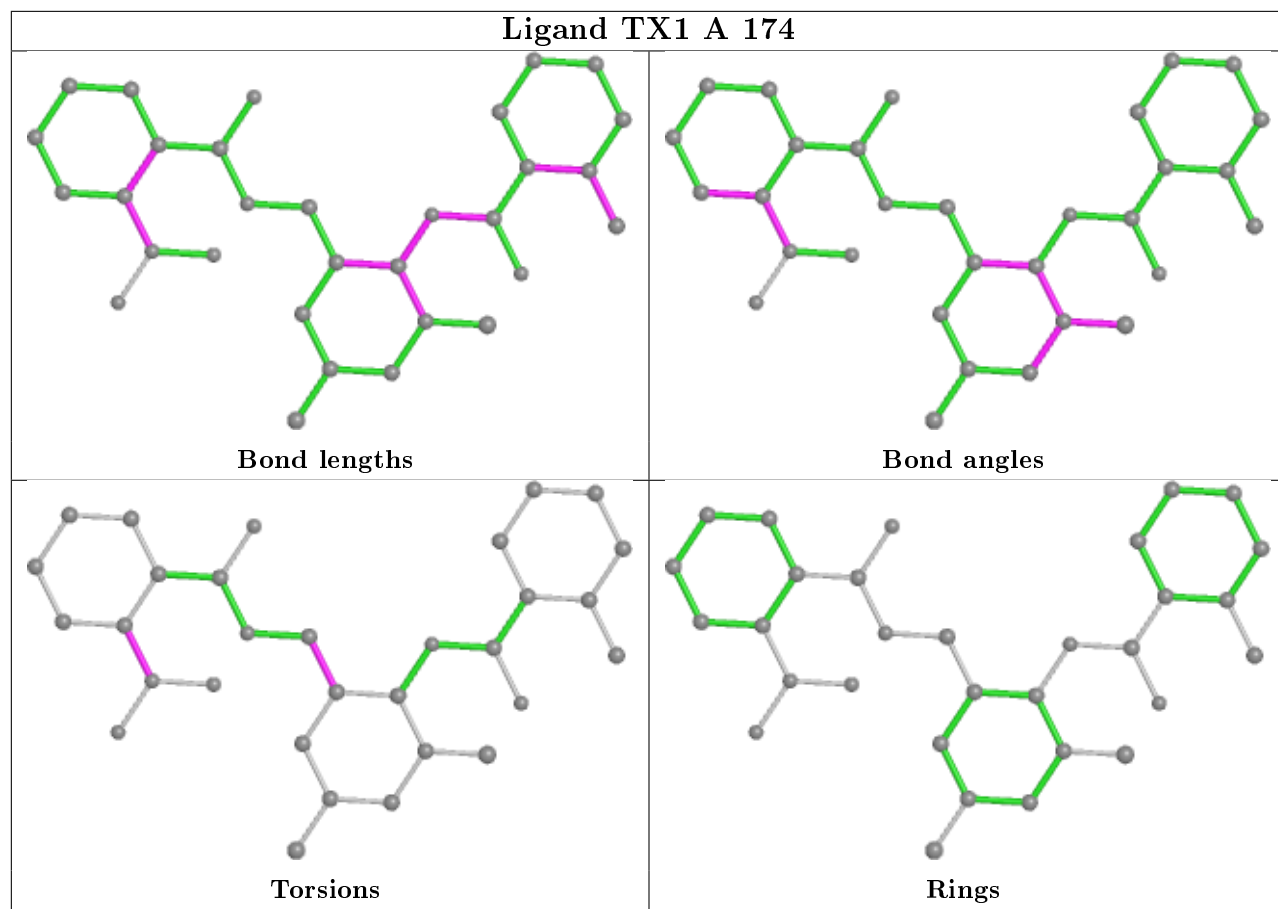


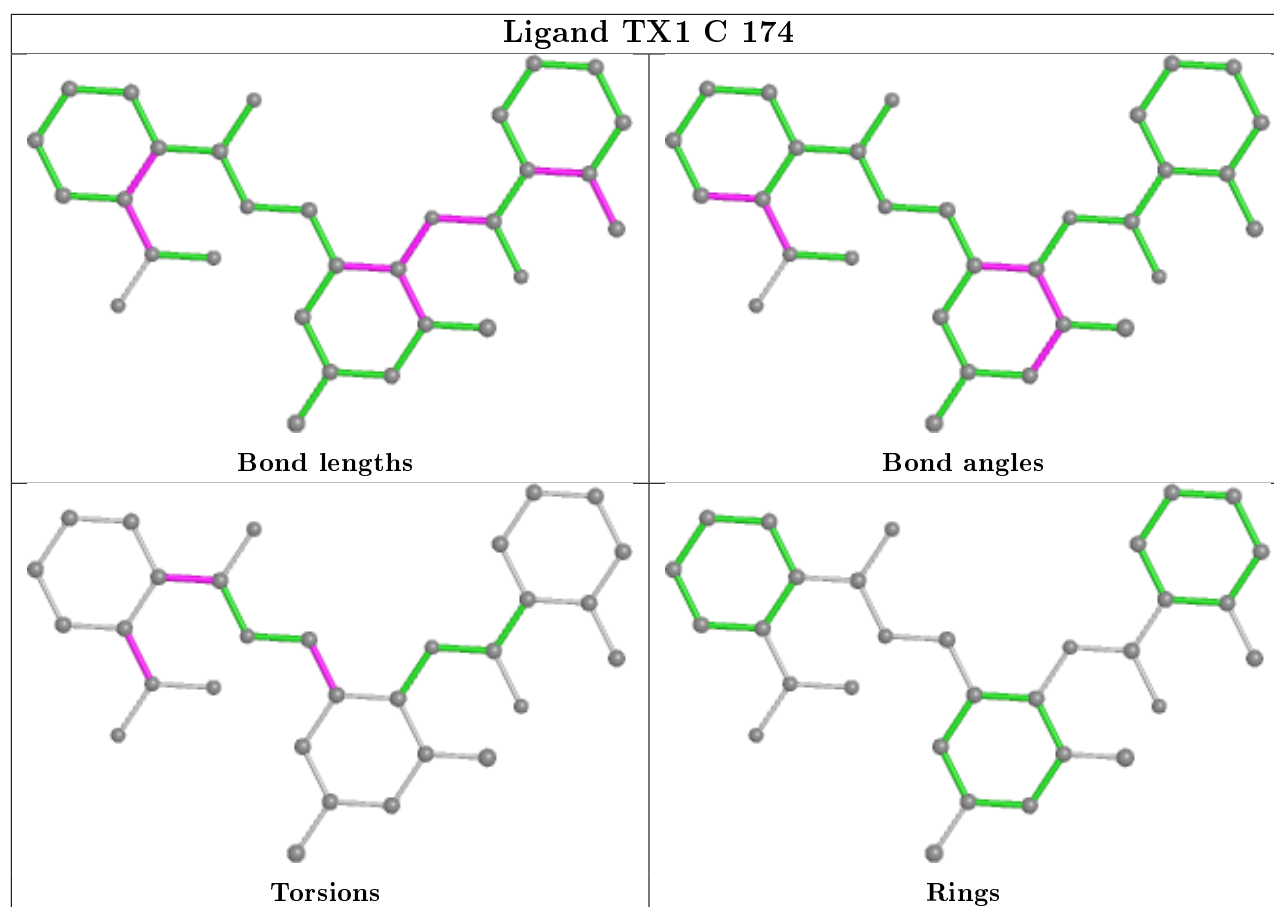
Ligand TX1 G 174





Ligand TX1 A 174





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ > 2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q < 0.9
1	A	163/173 (94%)	0.12	5 (3%) 49 43	13, 21, 37, 49	0
1	B	166/173 (95%)	-0.04	6 (3%) 42 37	11, 18, 33, 46	0
1	C	168/173 (97%)	0.04	4 (2%) 59 54	13, 24, 37, 41	0
1	D	166/173 (95%)	-0.05	4 (2%) 59 54	9, 17, 26, 36	0
1	E	165/173 (95%)	-0.11	2 (1%) 79 76	10, 18, 28, 36	0
1	F	166/173 (95%)	0.22	12 (7%) 15 12	12, 21, 43, 50	0
1	G	168/173 (97%)	0.02	3 (1%) 68 64	10, 18, 31, 40	0
1	H	168/173 (97%)	0.22	11 (6%) 18 15	13, 22, 37, 42	0
All	All	1330/1384 (96%)	0.05	47 (3%) 44 38	9, 20, 35, 50	0

The worst 5 of 47 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	F	5	ASP	6.6
1	A	8	LEU	6.4
1	H	168	GLU	5.9
1	B	5	ASP	5.0
1	F	6	GLY	4.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

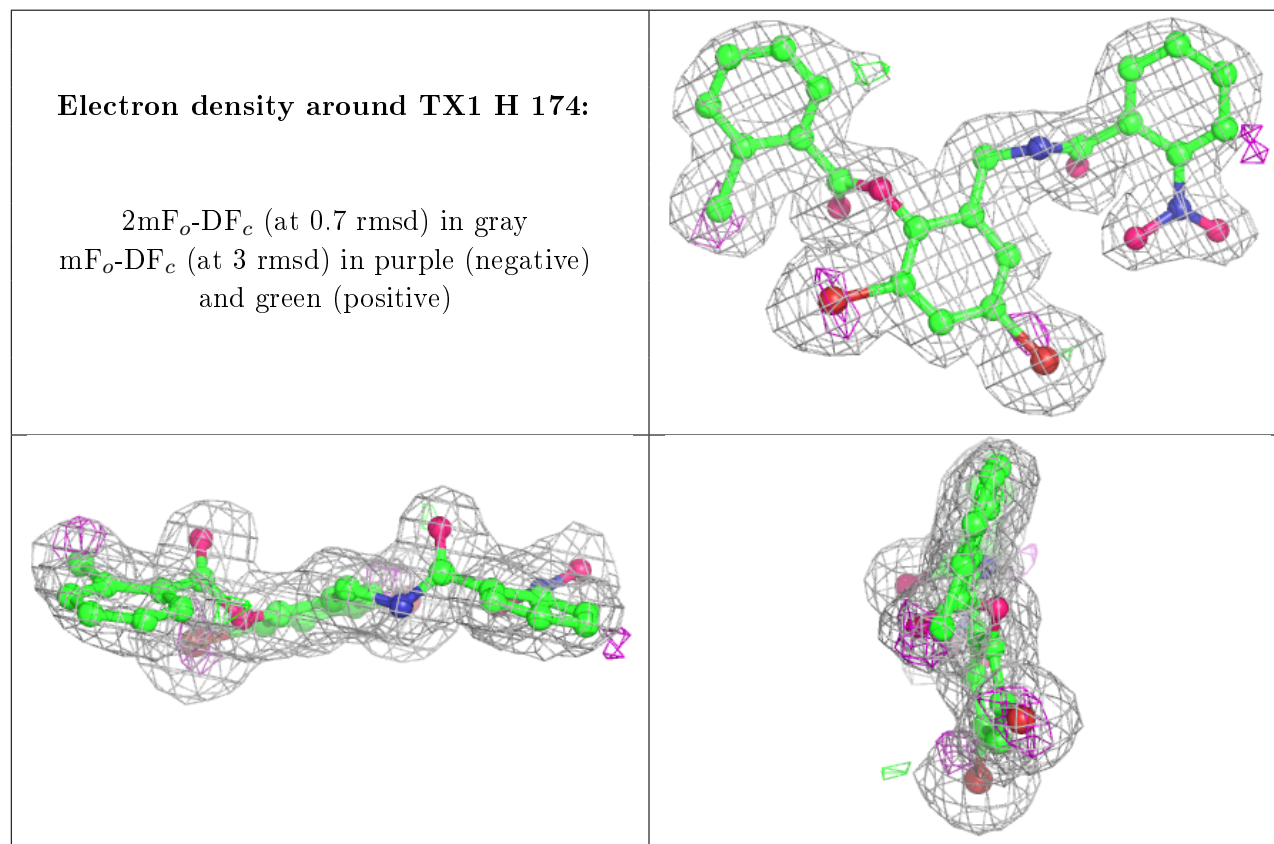
There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

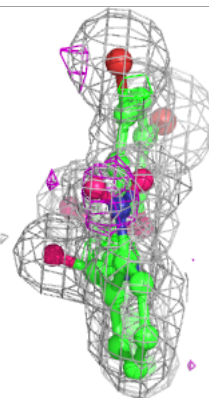
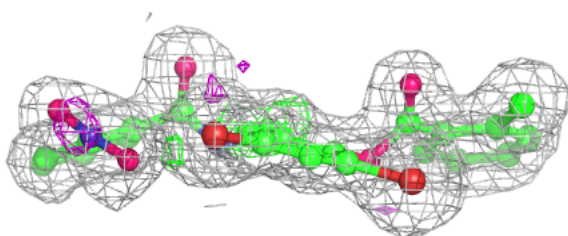
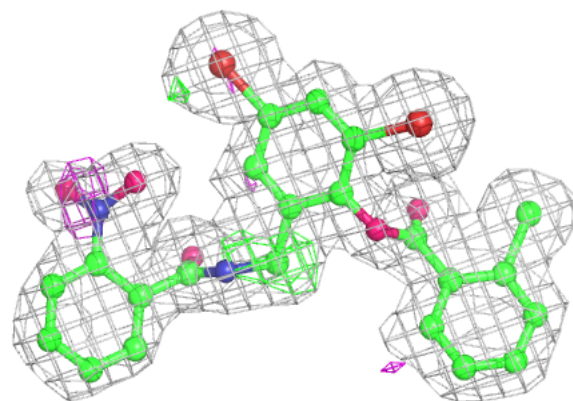
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	TX1	H	174	31/31	0.98	0.10	17,21,24,24	0
2	TX1	F	174	31/31	0.98	0.10	17,20,22,24	0
2	TX1	C	174	31/31	0.98	0.09	18,21,23,24	0
2	TX1	E	174	31/31	0.99	0.09	14,17,19,22	0
2	TX1	G	174	31/31	0.99	0.08	12,15,18,19	0
2	TX1	B	174	31/31	0.99	0.09	15,16,19,20	0
2	TX1	A	174	31/31	0.99	0.08	17,20,23,25	0
2	TX1	D	174	31/31	0.99	0.08	13,15,18,20	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

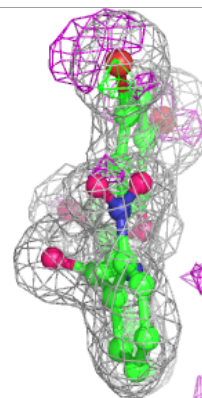
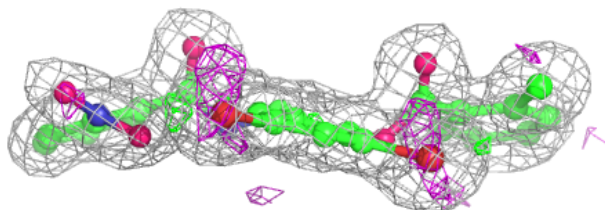
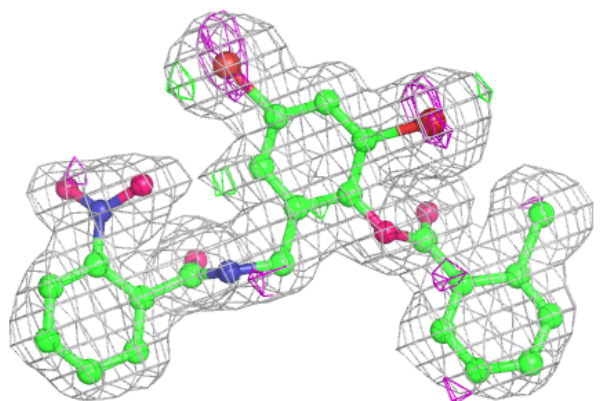


Electron density around TX1 F 174:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

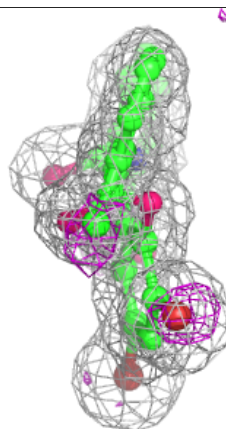
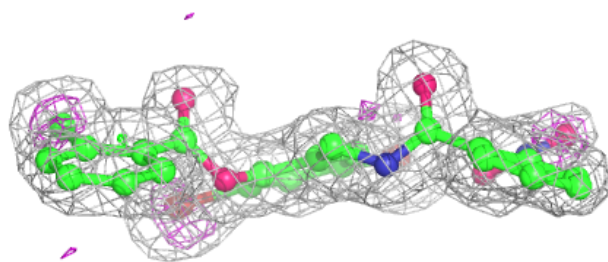
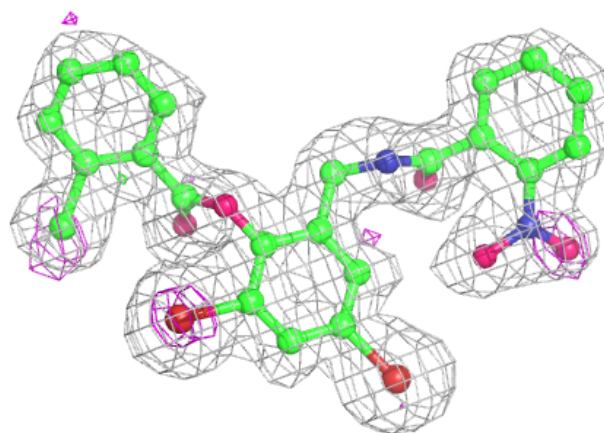
**Electron density around TX1 C 174:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

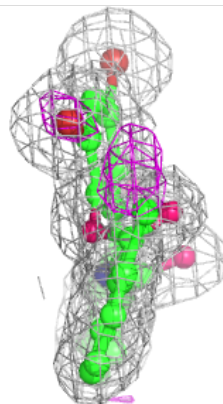
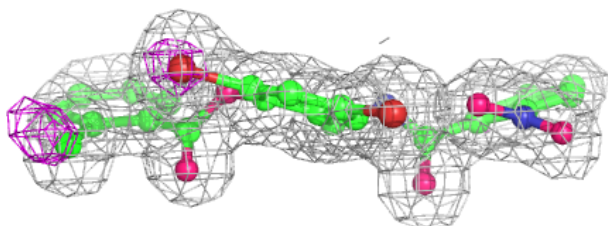
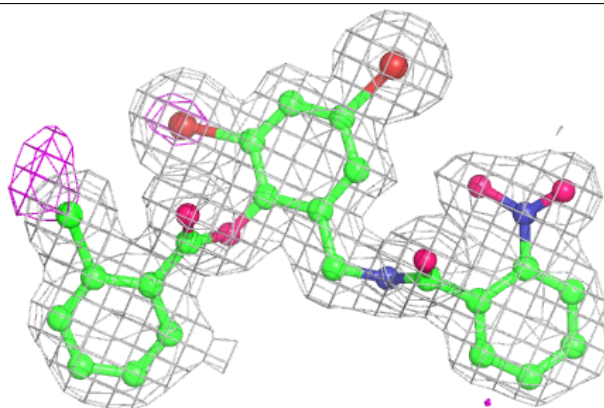


Electron density around TX1 E 174:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

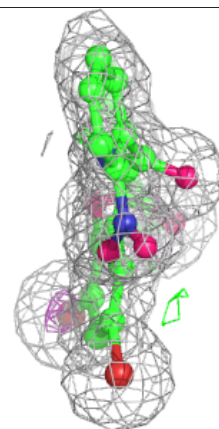
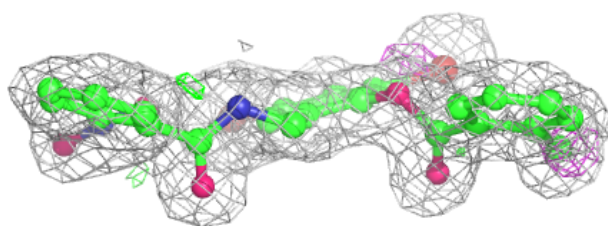
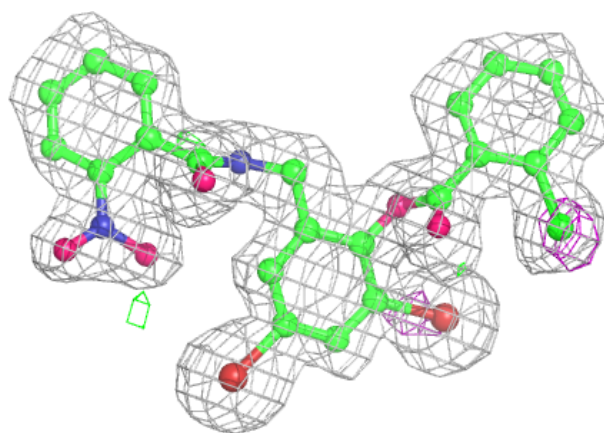
**Electron density around TX1 G 174:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



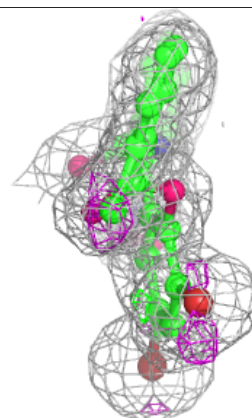
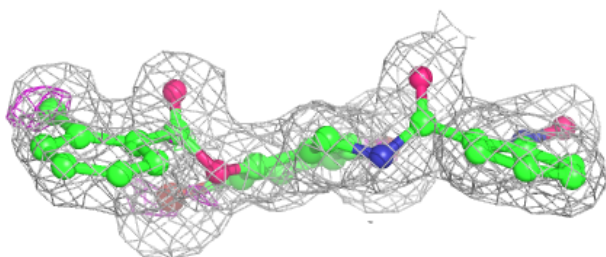
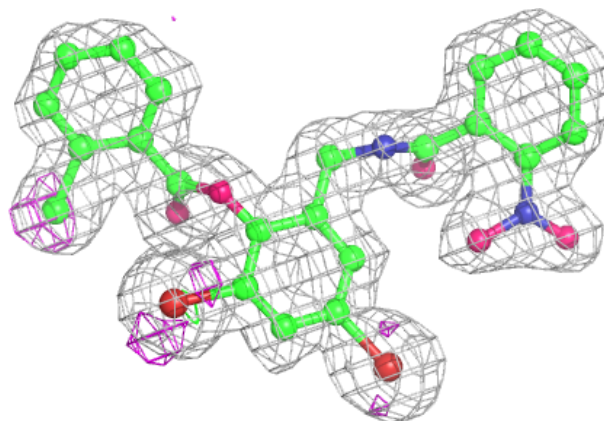
Electron density around TX1 B 174:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

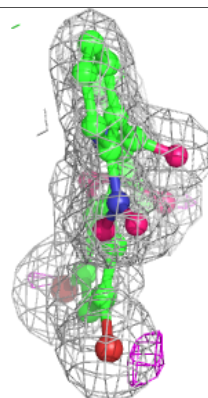
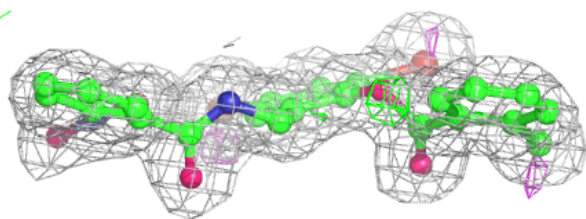
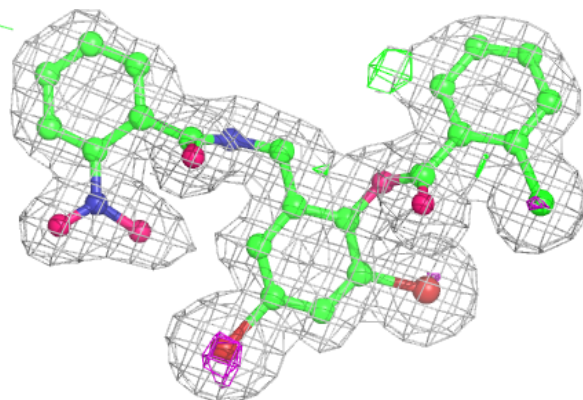


Electron density around TX1 A 174:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around TX1 D 174:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.