



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 21, 2020 – 10:00 pm BST

PDB ID : 4IZJ
Title : Crystal structure of yellowtail ascites virus VP4 protease with a wild-type active site reveals acyl-enzyme complexes and product complexes.
Authors : Paetzel, M.; Chung, I.Y.W.
Deposited on : 2013-01-30
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

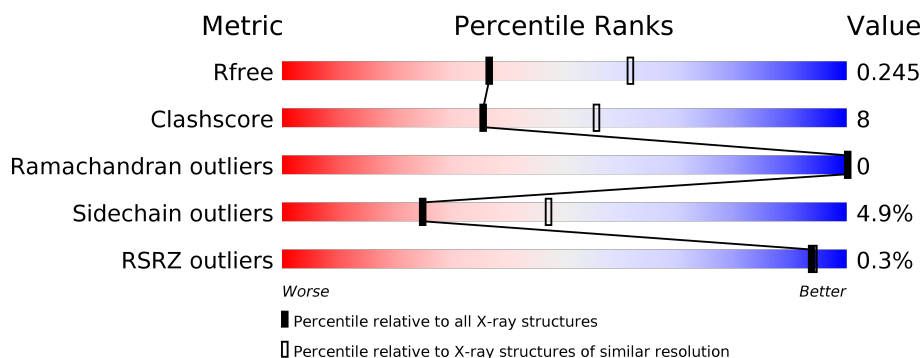
1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	210	<div> <div>74%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>• •</div> </div>
1	E	210	<div> <div>74%</div> <div>21%</div> <div>• •</div> </div>
2	B	210	<div> <div>80%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>•</div> </div>
2	C	210	<div> <div>76%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>• •</div> </div>
3	D	210	<div> <div>77%</div> <div>19%</div> <div>• •</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	BME	C	801	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7898 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Yellowtail Ascites Virus (YAV) VP4 protease.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	203	Total	C	N	O	S	4	0	0
			1521	965	251	297	8			
1	E	203	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1520	965	251	296	8			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	507	MET	-	INITIATING METHIONINE	UNP P89521
A	616	ASP	ASN	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P89521
E	507	MET	-	INITIATING METHIONINE	UNP P89521
E	616	ASP	ASN	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P89521

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Yellowtail Ascites Virus (YAV) VP4 protease.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	202	Total	C	N	O	S	9	0	0
			1516	963	250	295	8			
2	C	203	Total	C	N	O	S	4	0	0
			1520	965	251	296	8			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	507	MET	-	INITIATING METHIONINE	UNP P89521
B	616	ASP	ASN	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P89521
C	507	MET	-	INITIATING METHIONINE	UNP P89521
C	616	ASP	ASN	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P89521

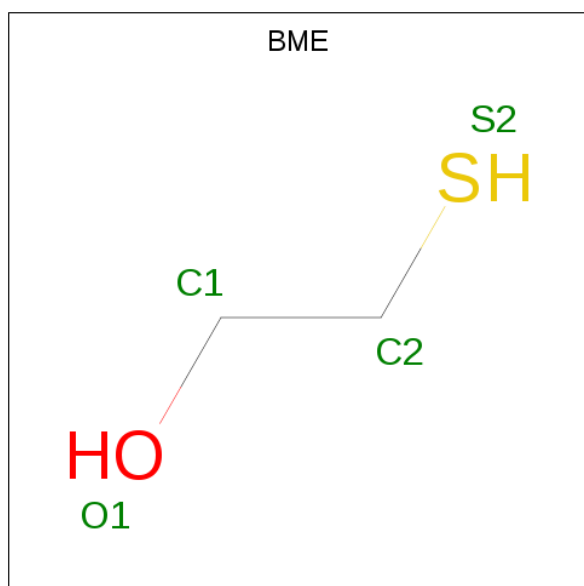
- Molecule 3 is a protein called Yellowtail Ascites Virus (YAV) VP4 protease.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	203	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1519	965	251	295	8			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	507	MET	-	INITIATING METHIONINE	UNP P89521
D	616	ASP	ASN	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P89521

- Molecule 4 is BETA-MERCAPTOETHANOL (three-letter code: BME) (formula: C₂H₆OS).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		
4	B	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		
4	B	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		
4	C	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		
4	D	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		
4	E	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		

- Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 6 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

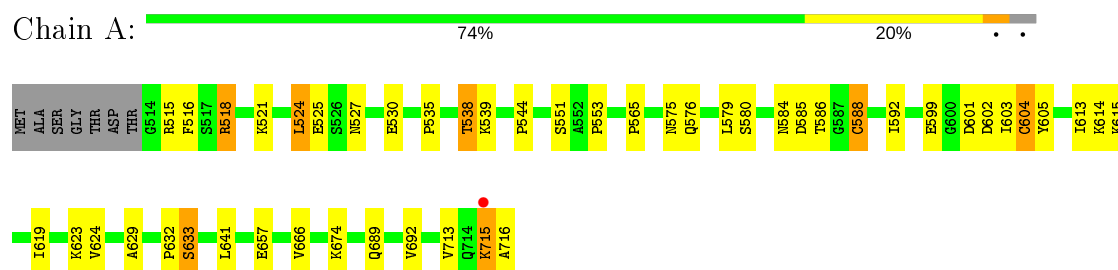
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	50	Total	O	0	0
			50	50		
7	B	67	Total	O	0	0
			67	67		
7	C	46	Total	O	0	0
			46	46		
7	D	28	Total	O	0	0
			28	28		
7	E	80	Total	O	0	0
			80	80		

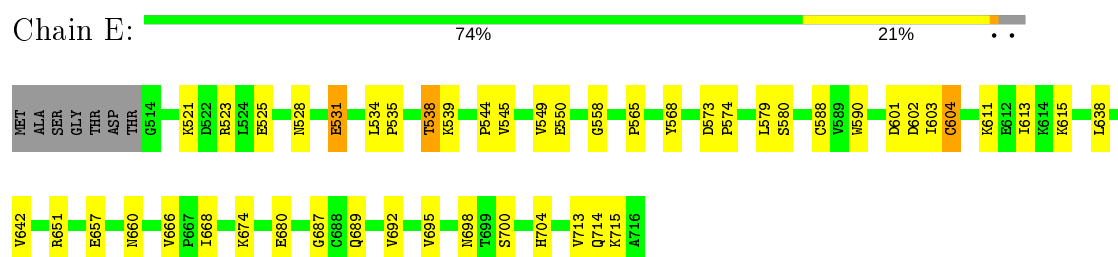
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

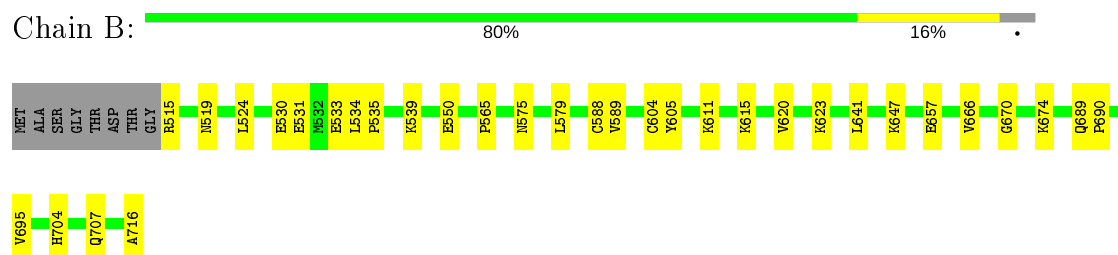
- Molecule 1: Yellowtail Ascites Virus (YAV) VP4 protease



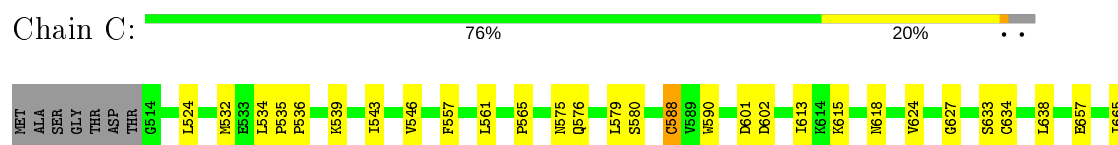
- Molecule 1: Yellowtail Ascites Virus (YAV) VP4 protease



- Molecule 2: Yellowtail Ascites Virus (YAV) VP4 protease

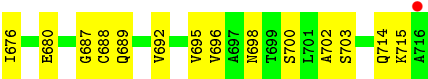


- Molecule 2: Yellowtail Ascites Virus (YAV) VP4 protease





● Molecule 3: Yellowtail Ascites Virus (YAV) VP4 protease



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	41.61Å 64.33Å 187.74Å 90.00° 95.80° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	64.30 – 2.50 62.26 – 2.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.9 (64.30-2.50) 95.6 (62.26-2.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.30 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.178 , 0.244 0.179 , 0.245	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1669 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	29.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.210	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 36.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.039 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	7898	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.93% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, CSO, MG, BME

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.37	0/1537	0.40	0/2091
1	E	0.39	1/1536 (0.1%)	0.42	1/2091 (0.0%)
2	B	0.34	0/1540	0.38	0/2097
2	C	0.39	1/1544 (0.1%)	0.42	1/2102 (0.0%)
3	D	0.37	0/1543	0.41	0/2102
All	All	0.37	2/7700 (0.0%)	0.41	2/10483 (0.0%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	C	590	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.17	1.47	1.41
1	E	590	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.15	1.47	1.41

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	E	660	ASN	CB-CA-C	-5.73	98.93	110.40
2	C	715	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.33	96.62	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1521	0	1515	30	0
1	E	1520	0	1515	26	0
2	B	1516	0	1513	22	0
2	C	1520	0	1514	33	0
3	D	1519	0	1514	30	0
4	A	4	0	6	1	0
4	B	8	0	12	0	0
4	C	4	0	6	5	0
4	D	4	0	6	0	0
4	E	4	0	6	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	D	6	0	8	1	0
7	A	50	0	0	1	0
7	B	67	0	0	1	0
7	C	46	0	0	1	0
7	D	28	0	0	0	0
7	E	80	0	0	1	0
All	All	7898	0	7615	123	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (123) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:531:GLU:OE2	1:E:611:LYS:HE2	1.72	0.90
3:D:517:SER:HB2	3:D:555:GLU:HG2	1.58	0.86
3:D:575:ASN:HD21	1:E:695:VAL:H	1.25	0.85
2:B:579:LEU:HD11	2:B:588:CYS:HB2	1.59	0.81
3:D:544:PRO:HD3	3:D:653:VAL:HG12	1.65	0.78
1:A:632:PRO:HB2	1:A:657:GLU:HG3	1.65	0.78
2:C:689:GLN:O	2:C:692:VAL:HG22	1.86	0.75
2:C:579:LEU:HD11	2:C:588:CYS:HB2	1.69	0.74
2:C:575:ASN:HD21	3:D:695:VAL:H	1.34	0.74
1:A:575:ASN:HD21	2:B:695:VAL:H	1.34	0.73
1:A:579:LEU:HD11	1:A:588:CYS:HB2	1.68	0.73
3:D:579:LEU:HD11	3:D:588:CYS:HB2	1.71	0.72
7:A:949:HOH:O	2:B:704:HIS:HE1	1.75	0.69
2:B:575:ASN:HD21	2:C:695:VAL:H	1.37	0.69
1:A:538:THR:HG22	1:A:539:LYS:N	2.05	0.68
1:A:535:PRO:HD2	4:A:801:BME:H22	1.77	0.67
2:C:657:GLU:HB3	2:C:666:VAL:HB	1.79	0.65

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:515:ARG:HG2	1:A:516:PHE:H	1.62	0.65
1:A:689:GLN:O	1:A:692:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.65
2:C:575:ASN:ND2	3:D:695:VAL:H	1.95	0.64
2:C:671:VAL:HG12	7:C:905:HOH:O	1.98	0.62
1:E:579:LEU:HD11	1:E:588:CYS:HB2	1.80	0.62
2:C:524:LEU:HB3	4:C:801:BME:H22	1.80	0.62
3:D:616:ASP:OD1	3:D:616:ASP:C	2.39	0.62
3:D:584:ASN:O	3:D:586:THR:HG23	2.01	0.61
3:D:544:PRO:HD3	3:D:653:VAL:CG1	2.32	0.60
1:A:657:GLU:HB3	1:A:666:VAL:HB	1.86	0.58
2:B:530:GLU:OE1	2:B:623:LYS:HE3	2.03	0.58
2:C:665:ILE:HD12	2:C:696:VAL:HG23	1.86	0.58
1:E:568:TYR:HE1	7:E:946:HOH:O	1.85	0.58
2:B:531:GLU:OE2	2:B:611:LYS:HE2	2.04	0.57
2:C:557:PHE:HZ	4:C:801:BME:H21	1.70	0.56
1:A:515:ARG:HG2	1:A:516:PHE:N	2.19	0.56
1:A:713:VAL:HG11	1:A:715:LYS:HD3	1.87	0.55
1:E:534:LEU:HB3	1:E:535:PRO:HD2	1.89	0.55
3:D:575:ASN:ND2	1:E:695:VAL:H	2.01	0.55
3:D:665:ILE:CG2	3:D:688:CYS:HB3	2.37	0.54
1:A:518:ARG:HB2	1:A:518:ARG:CZ	2.37	0.54
2:B:550:GLU:HG3	2:C:710:ALA:HB3	1.90	0.54
2:C:601:ASP:O	2:C:602:ASP:HB2	2.08	0.54
2:C:713:VAL:HG11	2:C:715:LYS:HE3	1.88	0.54
3:D:698:ASN:OD1	3:D:700:SER:HB2	2.08	0.53
1:E:544:PRO:HB2	1:E:674:LYS:HG2	1.91	0.53
2:B:657:GLU:HB3	2:B:666:VAL:HB	1.90	0.53
3:D:536:PRO:HD3	3:D:618:ASN:OD1	2.08	0.53
3:D:575:ASN:HD21	1:E:695:VAL:N	2.03	0.52
3:D:613:ILE:HD12	3:D:619:ILE:HG22	1.91	0.52
1:A:539:LYS:O	1:A:565:PRO:HD3	2.10	0.52
1:A:521:LYS:O	1:A:525:GLU:HG3	2.10	0.52
3:D:665:ILE:HG22	3:D:688:CYS:SG	2.50	0.52
2:C:524:LEU:CB	4:C:801:BME:H22	2.39	0.52
1:A:613:ILE:O	1:A:613:ILE:HG23	2.10	0.51
3:D:568:TYR:HB3	3:D:571:LEU:HD12	1.92	0.51
1:E:521:LYS:HE2	1:E:680:GLU:OE2	2.11	0.51
1:E:603:ILE:HG22	1:E:604:CYS:O	2.11	0.51
2:B:539:LYS:O	2:B:565:PRO:HD3	2.11	0.51
1:E:538:THR:HG22	1:E:539:LYS:N	2.25	0.51
1:A:713:VAL:HG11	1:A:715:LYS:CD	2.40	0.51

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:D:689:GLN:O	3:D:692:VAL:HG22	2.11	0.51
2:B:589:VAL:HG13	2:B:605:TYR:HB2	1.92	0.50
1:A:592:ILE:HD13	1:A:629:ALA:HB3	1.93	0.50
2:B:704:HIS:HD2	7:B:905:HOH:O	1.94	0.49
2:B:533:GLU:HG3	2:B:620:VAL:HG22	1.94	0.48
1:A:633:SER:HB3	2:B:716:ALA:OXT	2.12	0.48
3:D:524:LEU:HD22	1:E:704:HIS:NE2	2.27	0.48
1:A:603:ILE:CG2	1:A:604:CYS:N	2.77	0.48
2:C:576:GLN:NE2	2:C:624:VAL:O	2.46	0.47
1:A:544:PRO:HB2	1:A:674:LYS:HG2	1.96	0.47
1:E:613:ILE:HD11	1:E:651:ARG:CZ	2.45	0.47
3:D:569:PRO:HG3	3:D:590:TRP:CE2	2.49	0.47
2:C:575:ASN:HD21	3:D:695:VAL:N	2.08	0.46
1:E:613:ILE:HD11	1:E:651:ARG:NH2	2.30	0.46
3:D:523:ARG:HD2	6:D:801:GOL:H11	1.98	0.46
3:D:665:ILE:CD1	3:D:696:VAL:HG23	2.45	0.46
2:B:605:TYR:CE1	2:B:641:LEU:HD21	2.51	0.46
2:C:557:PHE:CZ	4:C:801:BME:H21	2.50	0.46
1:E:601:ASP:O	1:E:602:ASP:HB2	2.15	0.46
2:C:627:GLY:O	3:D:714:GLN:NE2	2.47	0.45
2:C:668:ILE:HD13	2:C:674:LYS:NZ	2.30	0.45
1:E:638:LEU:O	1:E:642:VAL:HG13	2.16	0.45
2:B:550:GLU:HG3	2:C:710:ALA:CB	2.45	0.45
2:C:546:VAL:O	3:D:714:GLN:HA	2.16	0.45
2:B:524:LEU:HD22	2:C:704:HIS:NE2	2.32	0.45
1:E:657:GLU:HB3	1:E:666:VAL:HB	1.97	0.45
2:C:687:GLY:O	2:C:695:VAL:HA	2.16	0.45
3:D:687:GLY:O	3:D:695:VAL:HA	2.17	0.45
2:C:557:PHE:HZ	4:C:801:BME:C2	2.30	0.44
2:C:534:LEU:HB3	2:C:535:PRO:HD2	1.99	0.44
2:B:670:GLY:O	2:B:674:LYS:HG3	2.19	0.43
3:D:676:ILE:O	3:D:680:GLU:HG3	2.18	0.43
1:E:525:GLU:O	1:E:528:ASN:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:A:551:SER:C	1:A:553:PRO:HD3	2.39	0.43
3:D:547:HIS:CE1	1:E:714:GLN:HE21	2.37	0.43
2:B:534:LEU:HB3	2:B:535:PRO:HD2	2.01	0.43
2:C:536:PRO:HD3	2:C:618:ASN:OD1	2.17	0.43
1:E:687:GLY:O	1:E:695:VAL:HA	2.18	0.43
2:C:579:LEU:CD1	2:C:588:CYS:HB2	2.45	0.43
1:E:539:LYS:O	1:E:565:PRO:HD3	2.18	0.42
3:D:696:VAL:HG11	3:D:702:ALA:HA	2.00	0.42

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:601:ASP:O	1:A:602:ASP:HB2	2.18	0.42
1:A:605:TYR:CE2	1:A:641:LEU:HD21	2.54	0.42
2:C:532:MET:HE2	2:C:534:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.42
2:C:634:CSO:OD	2:C:638:LEU:HD12	2.19	0.42
1:A:530:GLU:OE1	1:A:623:LYS:NZ	2.50	0.42
2:C:543:ILE:HD11	2:C:561:LEU:HD12	2.03	0.41
1:A:524:LEU:O	1:A:527:ASN:HB2	2.21	0.41
2:C:633:SER:HA	2:C:668:ILE:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:A:576:GLN:NE2	1:A:624:VAL:O	2.45	0.41
1:E:545:VAL:O	1:E:558:GLY:HA2	2.20	0.41
2:C:715:LYS:O	2:C:716:ALA:C	2.58	0.41
2:B:605:TYR:CD1	2:B:641:LEU:HD21	2.56	0.41
1:E:689:GLN:O	1:E:692:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.41
3:D:641:LEU:HA	3:D:645:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.40
1:A:524:LEU:HD22	2:B:704:HIS:NE2	2.36	0.40
1:A:613:ILE:HD12	1:A:619:ILE:HG22	2.04	0.40
1:A:633:SER:HB3	2:B:716:ALA:C	2.42	0.40
1:A:715:LYS:O	1:A:716:ALA:OXT	2.39	0.40
2:C:539:LYS:O	2:C:565:PRO:HD3	2.21	0.40
1:E:573:ASP:CG	1:E:574:PRO:HD2	2.42	0.40
1:E:668:ILE:C	1:E:668:ILE:HD12	2.41	0.40
1:E:698:ASN:OD1	1:E:700:SER:HB2	2.21	0.40
1:A:586:THR:HG21	1:A:599:GLU:HG2	2.03	0.40
2:B:689:GLN:HB2	2:B:690:PRO:HD2	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	199/210 (95%)	187 (94%)	12 (6%)	0	100 100

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	E	199/210 (95%)	191 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
2	B	199/210 (95%)	185 (93%)	14 (7%)	0	100	100
2	C	200/210 (95%)	194 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
3	D	200/210 (95%)	191 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	997/1050 (95%)	948 (95%)	49 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	167/172 (97%)	155 (93%)	12 (7%)	14	28
1	E	167/172 (97%)	157 (94%)	10 (6%)	19	37
2	B	168/173 (97%)	162 (96%)	6 (4%)	35	61
2	C	168/173 (97%)	164 (98%)	4 (2%)	49	74
3	D	168/173 (97%)	159 (95%)	9 (5%)	22	42
All	All	838/863 (97%)	797 (95%)	41 (5%)	25	47

All (41) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	518	ARG
1	A	524	LEU
1	A	538	THR
1	A	580	SER
1	A	584	ASN
1	A	585	ASP
1	A	588	CYS
1	A	604	CYS
1	A	614	LYS
1	A	615	LYS

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	633	SER
1	A	715	LYS
2	B	515	ARG
2	B	519	ASN
2	B	604	CYS
2	B	615	LYS
2	B	647	LYS
2	B	707	GLN
2	C	580	SER
2	C	588	CYS
2	C	613	ILE
2	C	615	LYS
3	D	523	ARG
3	D	580	SER
3	D	588	CYS
3	D	604	CYS
3	D	615	LYS
3	D	616	ASP
3	D	660	ASN
3	D	703	SER
3	D	715	LYS
1	E	523	ARG
1	E	531	GLU
1	E	538	THR
1	E	549	VAL
1	E	550	GLU
1	E	580	SER
1	E	604	CYS
1	E	615	LYS
1	E	713	VAL
1	E	715	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	575	ASN
1	A	704	HIS
2	B	575	ASN
2	B	704	HIS
2	B	707	GLN
2	C	575	ASN
3	D	575	ASN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	D	704	HIS
1	E	519	ASN
1	E	714	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

7 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	CSO	C	634	2	3,6,7	0.62	0	0,6,8	0.00	-
1	CSO	A	634	1	3,6,7	0.61	0	0,6,8	0.00	-
1	CSO	E	634	1	3,6,7	0.64	0	0,6,8	0.00	-
3	CSO	D	669	3	3,6,7	0.61	0	0,6,8	0.00	-
1	CSO	A	669	1	3,6,7	0.62	0	0,6,8	0.00	-
1	CSO	E	669	1	3,6,7	0.62	0	0,6,8	0.00	-
2	CSO	B	634	2	3,6,7	0.58	0	0,6,8	0.00	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CSO	C	634	2	-	0/1/5/7	-
1	CSO	A	634	1	-	1/1/5/7	-
1	CSO	E	634	1	-	0/1/5/7	-
3	CSO	D	669	3	-	0/1/5/7	-
1	CSO	A	669	1	-	0/1/5/7	-
1	CSO	E	669	1	-	0/1/5/7	-

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CSO	B	634	2	-	0/1/5/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	634	CSO	N-CA-CB-SG

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	C	634	CSO	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	BME	D	802	-	3,3,3	0.31	0	1,2,2	0.33	0
4	BME	A	801	-	3,3,3	0.30	0	1,2,2	0.37	0
4	BME	C	801	-	3,3,3	0.30	0	1,2,2	0.38	0
4	BME	E	801	-	3,3,3	0.32	0	1,2,2	0.33	0
6	GOL	D	801	-	5,5,5	0.26	0	5,5,5	0.29	0
4	BME	B	801	-	3,3,3	0.32	0	1,2,2	0.35	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	BME	B	802	-	3,3,3	0.33	0	1,2,2	0.29	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	BME	D	802	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	BME	A	801	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	BME	C	801	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	BME	E	801	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
6	GOL	D	801	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
4	BME	B	801	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	BME	B	802	-	-	0/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	802	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2
4	A	801	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2
4	C	801	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2
4	B	801	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2
6	D	801	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
6	D	801	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
6	D	801	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
6	D	801	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	801	BME	1	0
4	C	801	BME	5	0
6	D	801	GOL	1	0

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	201/210 (95%)	-0.45	1 (0%) 91 91	14, 22, 37, 51	6 (2%)
1	E	201/210 (95%)	-0.47	0 100 100	14, 22, 37, 44	3 (1%)
2	B	201/210 (95%)	-0.53	0 100 100	13, 20, 37, 51	4 (1%)
2	C	202/210 (96%)	-0.44	1 (0%) 91 91	17, 26, 43, 59	6 (2%)
3	D	202/210 (96%)	-0.30	1 (0%) 91 91	17, 32, 53, 77	4 (1%)
All	All	1007/1050 (95%)	-0.44	3 (0%) 94 94	13, 24, 44, 77	23 (2%)

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	C	716	ALA	4.1
1	A	715	LYS	2.6
3	D	716	ALA	2.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	CSO	D	669	7/8	0.91	0.13	40,45,47,50	0
1	CSO	A	669	7/8	0.95	0.09	30,34,41,45	0
1	CSO	E	669	7/8	0.95	0.09	24,25,29,34	0
2	CSO	B	634	7/8	0.95	0.12	17,19,28,31	0
1	CSO	A	634	7/8	0.97	0.14	23,25,36,39	0
1	CSO	E	634	7/8	0.97	0.11	16,19,29,33	0
2	CSO	C	634	7/8	0.97	0.12	24,24,31,32	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
4	BME	B	801	4/4	0.77	0.19	52,54,62,70	0
4	BME	B	802	4/4	0.84	0.31	43,46,47,50	0
6	GOL	D	801	6/6	0.86	0.16	51,53,56,56	0
4	BME	D	802	4/4	0.90	0.12	58,59,63,64	0
4	BME	A	801	4/4	0.92	0.12	45,46,49,59	0
5	MG	A	802	1/1	0.94	0.12	33,33,33,33	0
4	BME	E	801	4/4	0.95	0.14	56,57,60,61	0
4	BME	C	801	4/4	0.97	0.31	32,36,36,41	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.