



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 13, 2020 – 12:12 am BST

PDB ID : 6J0Q  
Title : Crystal structure of P domain from GI.11 swine norovirus  
Authors : Chen, Y.  
Deposited on : 2018-12-25  
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

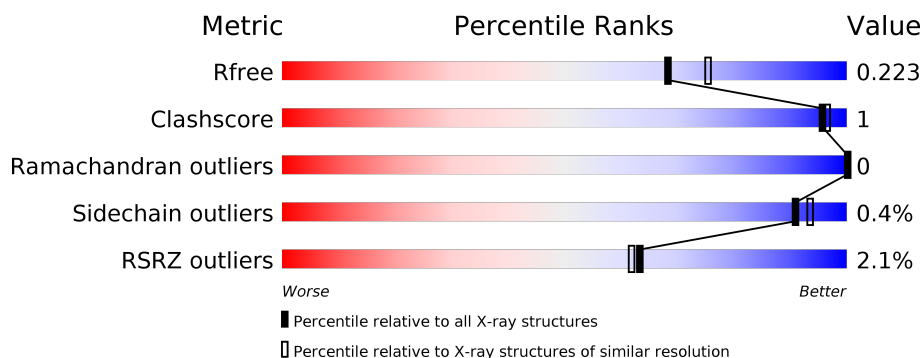
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	321	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>94%</div> <div></div> </div> <div></div> </div>
1	B	321	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>92%</div> <div></div> </div> <div></div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5329 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called VP1 capsid protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	307	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2367	1505	407	446	9			
1	B	308	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2374	1509	408	448	9			

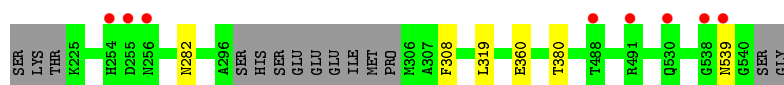
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	293	Total	O	0	0
			293	293		
2	B	295	Total	O	0	0
			295	295		

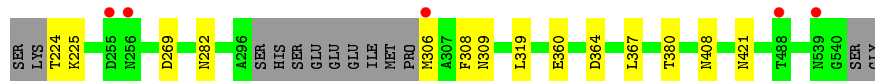
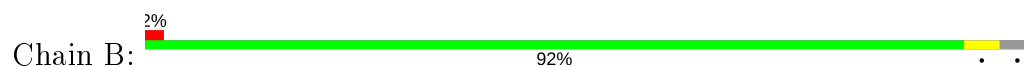
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: VP1 capsid protein



- Molecule 1: VP1 capsid protein



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	76.24Å 76.24Å 241.80Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.00 49.24 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.7 (50.00-2.00) 99.7 (49.24-2.00)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.14	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	7.29 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.180 , 0.216 0.188 , 0.223	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2497 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	21.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.414	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 46.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.47$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5329	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 25.14 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 3.3525e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup> Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup> Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.40	0/2431	0.61	0/3320
1	B	0.40	0/2438	0.61	1/3330 (0.0%)
All	All	0.40	0/4869	0.61	1/6650 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	269	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.38	123.14	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2367	0	2281	4	0
1	B	2374	0	2288	7	0
2	A	293	0	0	1	0
2	B	295	0	0	2	0
All	All	5329	0	4569	10	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (10) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:360:GLU:HG3	1:B:360:GLU:HG3	1.70	0.73
1:B:282:ASN:HB3	1:B:319:LEU:HD13	1.74	0.69
1:A:282:ASN:HB3	1:A:319:LEU:HD13	1.75	0.68
1:B:408:ASN:OD1	2:B:601:HOH:O	2.16	0.59
1:A:308:PHE:HB3	1:A:380:THR:HG22	1.93	0.50
1:B:308:PHE:HB3	1:B:380:THR:HG22	1.94	0.48
1:B:306:MET:HG3	1:B:309:ASN:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:B:421:ASN:ND2	2:B:609:HOH:O	2.48	0.43
1:A:539:ASN:ND2	2:A:611:HOH:O	2.52	0.43
1:B:364:ASP:HB3	1:B:367:LEU:HG	2.02	0.42

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	303/321 (94%)	298 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	304/321 (95%)	299 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	607/642 (94%)	597 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	258/271 (95%)	258 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	259/271 (96%)	257 (99%)	2 (1%)	81	86
All	All	517/542 (95%)	515 (100%)	2 (0%)	91	93

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	224	THR
1	B	225	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	260	GLN
1	A	273	GLN
1	A	539	ASN
1	B	273	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	307/321 (95%)	-0.40	8 (2%) 56 54	15, 20, 36, 61	0
1	B	308/321 (95%)	-0.44	5 (1%) 72 70	15, 20, 37, 60	0
All	All	615/642 (95%)	-0.42	13 (2%) 63 62	15, 20, 37, 61	0

All (13) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	491	ARG	5.0
1	B	306	MET	4.5
1	B	256	ASN	3.9
1	A	530	GLN	3.6
1	A	255	ASP	3.0
1	B	255	ASP	3.0
1	A	488	THR	3.0
1	B	488	THR	3.0
1	A	539	ASN	2.9
1	A	254	HIS	2.8
1	A	538	GLY	2.7
1	B	539	ASN	2.3
1	A	256	ASN	2.3

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.