



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 29, 2020 – 05:34 PM BST

PDB ID : 6KE9
Title : The Human Telomeric Nucleosome Displays Distinct Structural and Dynamic Properties
Authors : Soman, A.; Liew, C.W.; Teo, H.L.; Berezhnoy, N.; Korolev, N.; Rhodes, D.; Nordenskiöld, L.
Deposited on : 2019-07-04
Resolution : 2.22 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.13
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13

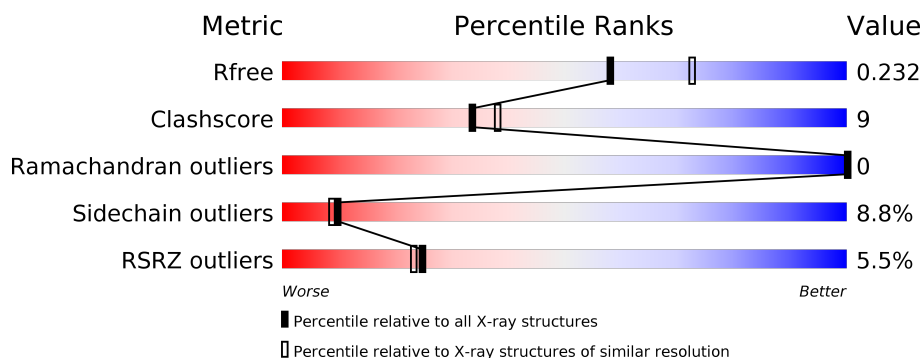
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.22 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5912 (2.24-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	6646 (2.24-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6543 (2.24-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6544 (2.24-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5797 (2.24-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	96	<div> <div>7%</div> <div>82% 11% 5% •</div> </div>
1	E	96	<div> <div>7%</div> <div>84% 15% •</div> </div>
2	B	87	<div> <div>0%</div> <div>84% 15% •</div> </div>
2	F	87	<div> <div>2%</div> <div>74% 14% • 10%</div> </div>
3	C	105	<div> <div>3%</div> <div>80% 17% ••</div> </div>
3	G	105	<div> <div>4%</div> <div>82% 13% 5%</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	D	95	<div><div></div><div>5%</div><div>78%</div><div>21%</div><div></div></div>
4	H	95	<div><div></div><div>2%</div><div>78%</div><div>17%</div><div></div></div>
5	I	145	<div><div></div><div>10%</div><div>59%</div><div>41%</div><div></div></div>
6	J	145	<div><div></div><div>13%</div><div>72%</div><div>26%</div><div></div></div>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11931 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone H3.1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	95	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			784	494	151	135	4			
1	E	96	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			790	497	152	137	4			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	87	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			703	442	142	118	1			
2	F	78	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			619	391	120	107	1			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone H2A type 1-B/E.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	103	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			796	502	155	139			
3	G	105	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			810	511	158	141			

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Histone H2B type 1-K.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	95	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			745	467	136	140	2			
4	H	94	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			735	461	134	138	2			

- Molecule 5 is a DNA chain called Human telomeric DNA (145-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	I	145	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			3061	1449	576	892	144			

- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called Human Telomeric DNA (145-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
6	J	145	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			2878	1380	510	844	144			

- Molecule 7 is MANGANESE (II) ION (three-letter code: MN) (formula: Mn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	I	4	Total	Mn	0	0
			4	4		


- Molecule 8 is water.

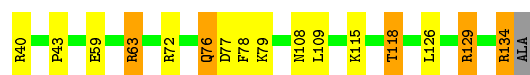
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	C	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		
8	D	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		
8	F	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		
8	G	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		
8	H	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

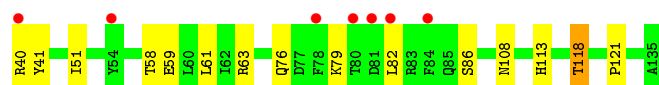
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.1

Chain A: 




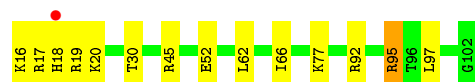
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.1

Chain E: 




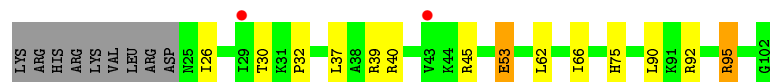
- Molecule 2: Histone H4

Chain B: 




- Molecule 2: Histone H4

Chain F: 

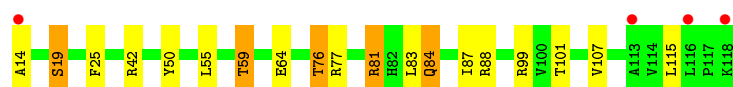
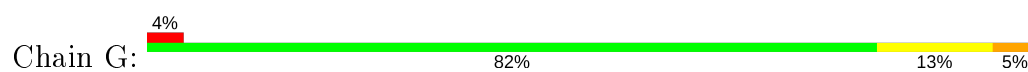


- Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1-B/E

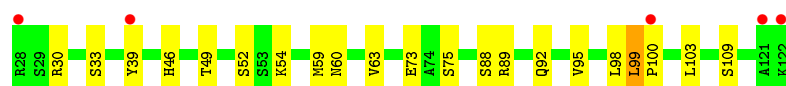
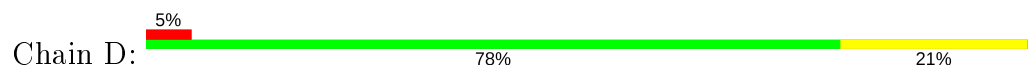
Chain C: 



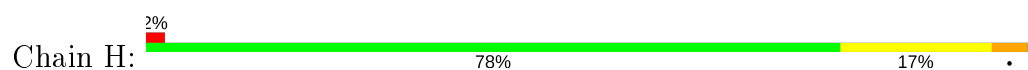
- Molecule 3: Histone H2A type 1-B/E



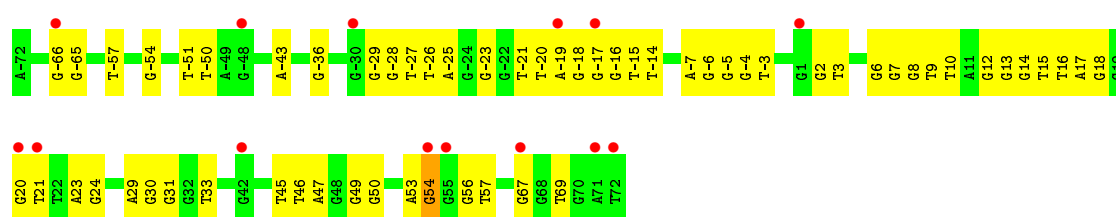
- Molecule 4: Histone H2B type 1-K



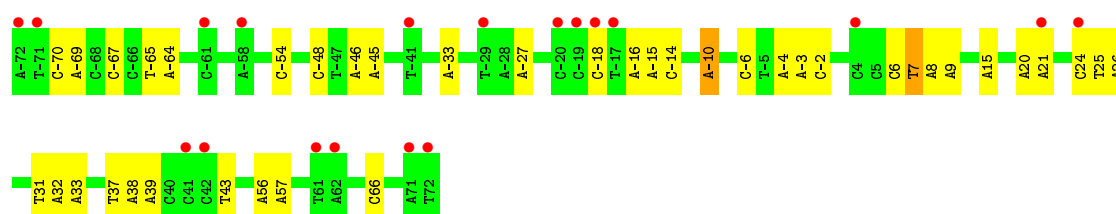
- Molecule 4: Histone H2B type 1-K



- Molecule 5: Human telomeric DNA (145-MER)



- Molecule 6: Human Telomeric DNA (145-MER)



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	106.13Å 109.32Å 176.97Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	42.01 – 2.22 42.01 – 2.22	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	42.1 (42.01-2.22) 42.7 (42.01-2.22)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.40 (at 2.22Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.10.3	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.204 , 0.230 0.222 , 0.232	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2158 reflections (4.95%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	58.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.089	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.27 , 71.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.016 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	11931	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	128.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.39% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.57	0/794	0.85	2/1064 (0.2%)
1	E	0.50	0/800	0.69	0/1071
2	B	0.54	0/711	0.83	2/948 (0.2%)
2	F	0.47	0/626	0.71	0/837
3	C	0.52	0/806	0.71	0/1089
3	G	0.58	0/820	0.78	0/1107
4	D	0.53	0/756	0.68	0/1014
4	H	0.75	2/746 (0.3%)	0.82	3/1003 (0.3%)
5	I	0.90	3/3445 (0.1%)	0.90	2/5345 (0.0%)
6	J	1.10	3/3217 (0.1%)	0.95	1/4934 (0.0%)
All	All	0.82	8/12721 (0.1%)	0.86	10/18412 (0.1%)

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	H	100	PRO	N-CA	12.69	1.68	1.47
6	J	-27	DA	O3'-P	-7.95	1.51	1.61
5	I	-7	DA	O3'-P	-6.37	1.53	1.61
5	I	-36	DG	O3'-P	-6.37	1.53	1.61
4	H	99	LEU	C-N	5.39	1.44	1.34

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	78	PHE	CB-CA-C	-8.59	93.22	110.40
4	H	100	PRO	CA-N-CD	-7.52	100.98	111.50
4	H	100	PRO	N-CA-C	-7.26	93.23	112.10
2	B	18	HIS	CB-CA-C	-7.19	96.02	110.40
1	A	77	ASP	CB-CA-C	7.13	124.67	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	784	0	824	17	0
1	E	790	0	829	21	0
2	B	703	0	755	8	0
2	F	619	0	659	17	0
3	C	796	0	848	12	0
3	G	810	0	866	15	0
4	D	745	0	769	17	0
4	H	735	0	756	16	0
5	I	3061	0	1646	91	0
6	J	2878	0	1622	54	0
7	I	4	0	0	0	0
8	C	1	0	0	0	0
8	D	2	0	0	0	0
8	F	1	0	0	0	0
8	G	1	0	0	0	0
8	H	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	11931	0	9574	179	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 179 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:H:100:PRO:CA	4:H:100:PRO:N	1.68	1.42
5:I:17:DA:C2	6:J:-16:DA:H2	1.49	1.30
5:I:17:DA:H2	6:J:-16:DA:C2	1.67	1.13
4:D:100:PRO:HD2	4:D:103:LEU:HB2	1.39	1.04
5:I:17:DA:C2	6:J:-16:DA:C2	2.42	1.04

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	93/96 (97%)	89 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
1	E	94/96 (98%)	93 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
2	B	85/87 (98%)	84 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
2	F	76/87 (87%)	74 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
3	C	101/105 (96%)	99 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
3	G	103/105 (98%)	100 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	93/95 (98%)	91 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
4	H	92/95 (97%)	90 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	737/766 (96%)	720 (98%)	17 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	83/83 (100%)	74 (89%)	9 (11%)	6	5
1	E	83/83 (100%)	78 (94%)	5 (6%)	19	21
2	B	72/72 (100%)	65 (90%)	7 (10%)	8	6
2	F	63/72 (88%)	59 (94%)	4 (6%)	18	19
3	C	82/83 (99%)	76 (93%)	6 (7%)	14	14
3	G	83/83 (100%)	76 (92%)	7 (8%)	11	10

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
4	D	81/81 (100%)	72 (89%)	9 (11%)	6	5
4	H	80/81 (99%)	72 (90%)	8 (10%)	7	6
All	All	627/638 (98%)	572 (91%)	55 (9%)	10	9

5 of 55 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	39	TYR
4	D	109	SER
4	H	88	SER
4	D	54	LYS
4	D	88	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	60	ASN
4	D	92	GLN
3	G	84	GLN
3	C	110	ASN
2	F	64	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	95/96 (98%)	0.17	0 100 100	28, 63, 120, 158	0
1	E	96/96 (100%)	0.49	7 (7%) 15 13	46, 91, 146, 190	0
2	B	87/87 (100%)	0.30	1 (1%) 80 79	24, 56, 101, 165	0
2	F	78/87 (89%)	0.26	2 (2%) 56 54	43, 74, 118, 123	0
3	C	103/105 (98%)	0.12	3 (2%) 51 49	46, 79, 137, 182	0
3	G	105/105 (100%)	0.41	4 (3%) 40 38	22, 57, 117, 179	0
4	D	95/95 (100%)	0.25	5 (5%) 26 24	27, 68, 141, 182	0
4	H	94/95 (98%)	0.30	2 (2%) 63 61	25, 56, 101, 150	0
5	I	145/145 (100%)	0.82	14 (9%) 7 6	127, 183, 237, 249	0
6	J	145/145 (100%)	0.71	19 (13%) 3 2	122, 182, 230, 245	0
All	All	1043/1056 (98%)	0.42	57 (5%) 25 23	22, 86, 202, 249	0

The worst 5 of 57 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	G	14	ALA	14.4
3	G	116	LEU	6.8
3	G	118	LYS	6.6
4	D	122	LYS	6.0
6	J	-19	DC	5.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
7	MN	I	101	1/1	0.82	0.06	137,137,137,137	0
7	MN	I	103	1/1	0.87	0.20	154,154,154,154	0
7	MN	I	102	1/1	0.92	0.11	136,136,136,136	0
7	MN	I	104	1/1	0.98	0.06	140,140,140,140	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.