



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Sep 9, 2021 – 12:38 PM EDT

PDB ID : 7KRU  
Title : Stimulating state of a truncated Hsp70 DnaK fused with a substrate peptide  
Authors : Wang, W.; Hendrickson, W.A.  
Deposited on : 2020-11-20  
Resolution : 1.82 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.23.1  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.1

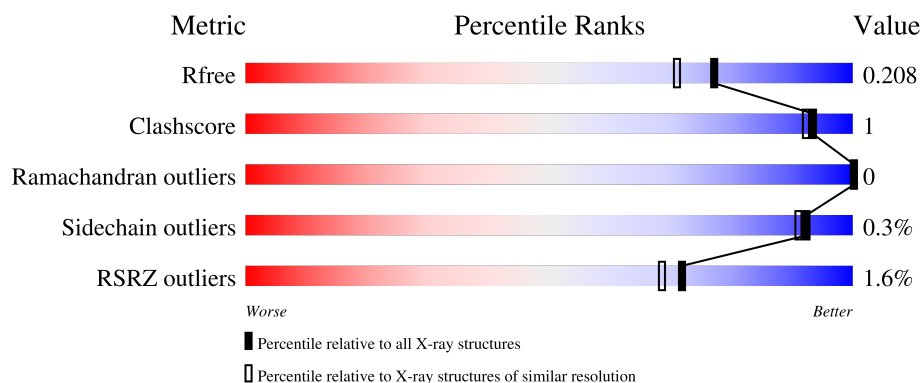
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

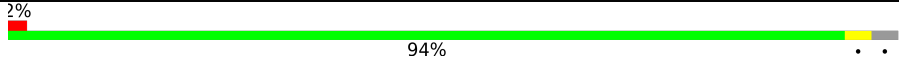
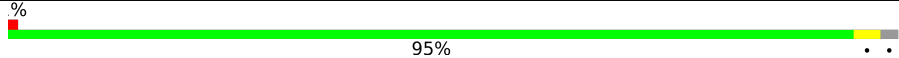
The reported resolution of this entry is 1.82 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	7484 (1.84-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	8401 (1.84-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	8290 (1.84-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	8290 (1.84-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7371 (1.84-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	552	
1	B	552	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 17549 atoms, of which 8419 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Chaperone protein DnaK fused with substrate peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	B	541	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	7	0
			8333	2576	4195	721	827	14			
1	A	538	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	8	0
			8298	2568	4176	714	826	14			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	199	ALA	THR	engineered mutation	UNP A0A6D2W465
A	199	ALA	THR	engineered mutation	UNP A0A6D2W465

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO<sub>4</sub>) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



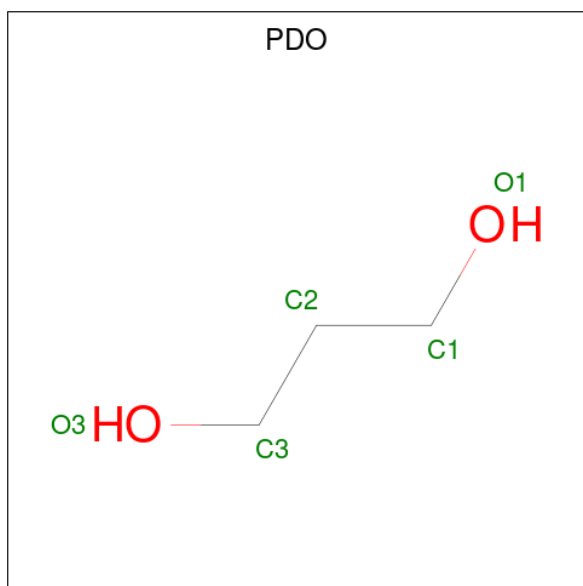
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 3 is 1,3-PROPANDIOL (three-letter code: PDO) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_2$ ).

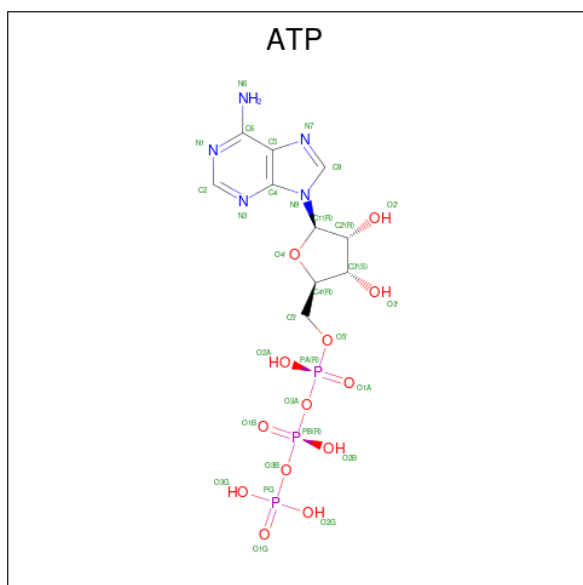


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			13	3	8	2		
3	A	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			13	3	8	2		

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total 43	C 10	H 12	N 5	O 13	P 3	0	0
5	A	1	Total 43	C 10	H 12	N 5	O 13	P 3	0	0

- Molecule 6 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			14	3	8	3		

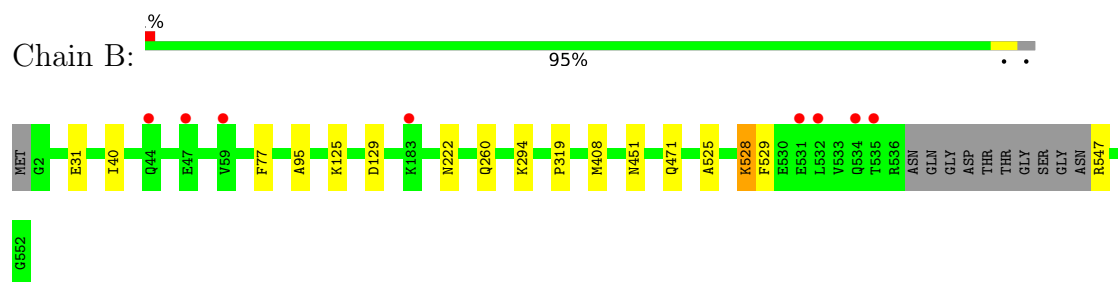
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	B	375	Total	O	0	0
			375	375		
7	A	370	Total	O	0	0
			370	370		

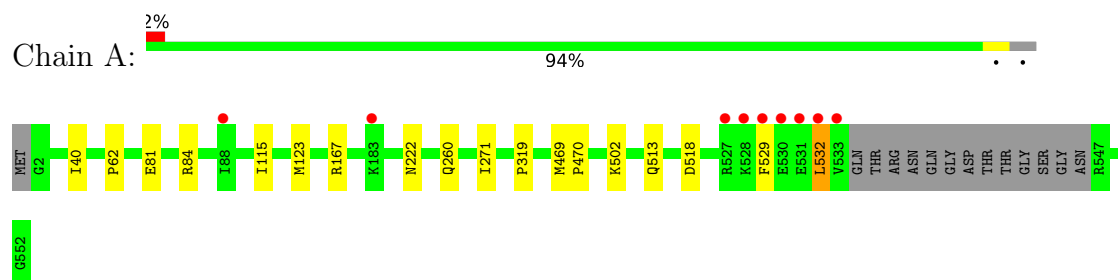
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Chaperone protein DnaK fused with substrate peptide



- Molecule 1: Chaperone protein DnaK fused with substrate peptide



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	98.52Å 98.52Å 384.75Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.86 – 1.82 49.26 – 1.76	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (48.86-1.82) 86.3 (49.26-1.76)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.26	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	0.26 (at 1.76Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.18.2_3874	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.178 , 0.208 0.178 , 0.208	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2000 reflections (1.81%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.067	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.41 , 44.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	17549	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 33.99 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 7.3287e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PDO, GOL, MG, SO4, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.36	0/4195	0.55	1/5671 (0.0%)
1	B	0.36	0/4214	0.54	0/5696
All	All	0.36	0/8409	0.55	1/11367 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	123	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.72	91.05	100.20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4122	4176	4163	12	0
1	B	4138	4195	4170	11	0
2	A	15	0	0	0	0
2	B	30	0	0	0	0
3	A	5	8	8	0	0
3	B	5	8	8	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	31	12	12	0	0
5	B	31	12	12	0	0
6	A	6	8	8	0	0
7	A	370	0	0	6	1
7	B	375	0	0	2	0
All	All	9130	8419	8381	23	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 23 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:471:GLN:OE1	1:B:547:ARG:NH1	2.22	0.72
1:B:260:GLN:NE2	7:B:701:HOH:O	2.19	0.65
1:A:271:ILE:O	7:A:701:HOH:O	2.14	0.65
1:A:529:PHE:O	1:A:532:LEU:CD1	2.52	0.57
1:A:518[B]:ASP:OD2	7:A:702:HOH:O	2.18	0.55

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:A:871:HOH:O	7:A:916:HOH:O[6_544]	2.16	0.04

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	542/552 (98%)	539 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	544/552 (99%)	539 (99%)	5 (1%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
All	All	1086/1104 (98%)	1078 (99%)	8 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	448/452 (99%)	446 (100%)	2 (0%)	91	89
1	B	451/452 (100%)	450 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	92
All	All	899/904 (99%)	896 (100%)	3 (0%)	92	91

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	528	LYS
1	A	167	ARG
1	A	532	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 14 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	SO4	B	603	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.07	0
2	SO4	A	602	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.12	0
5	ATP	B	609	4	26,33,33	0.95	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.31	3 (9%)
3	PDO	B	607	-	4,4,4	0.42	0	3,3,3	0.31	0
2	SO4	B	606	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.07	0
5	ATP	A	607	4	26,33,33	0.84	1 (3%)	31,52,52	1.36	4 (12%)
2	SO4	B	601	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.12	0
2	SO4	B	602	-	4,4,4	0.12	0	6,6,6	0.07	0
2	SO4	A	603	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.07	0
3	PDO	A	604	-	4,4,4	0.35	0	3,3,3	0.35	0
2	SO4	A	601	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.10	0
2	SO4	B	605	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.09	0
2	SO4	B	604	-	4,4,4	0.16	0	6,6,6	0.05	0
6	GOL	A	605	-	5,5,5	1.00	0	5,5,5	0.97	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	ATP	B	609	4	-	0/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
3	PDO	B	607	-	-	0/2/2/2	-
5	ATP	A	607	4	-	0/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
3	PDO	A	604	-	-	2/2/2/2	-
6	GOL	A	605	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	B	609	ATP	O4'-C1'	2.12	1.44	1.41

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	607	ATP	C5-C4	2.02	1.46	1.40

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	607	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-3.76	122.80	128.68
5	B	609	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-3.38	123.40	128.68
5	A	607	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-2.76	123.36	132.83
5	B	609	ATP	C1'-N9-C4	-2.73	121.85	126.64
5	A	607	ATP	C2-N1-C6	2.38	122.83	118.75

There are no chirality outliers.

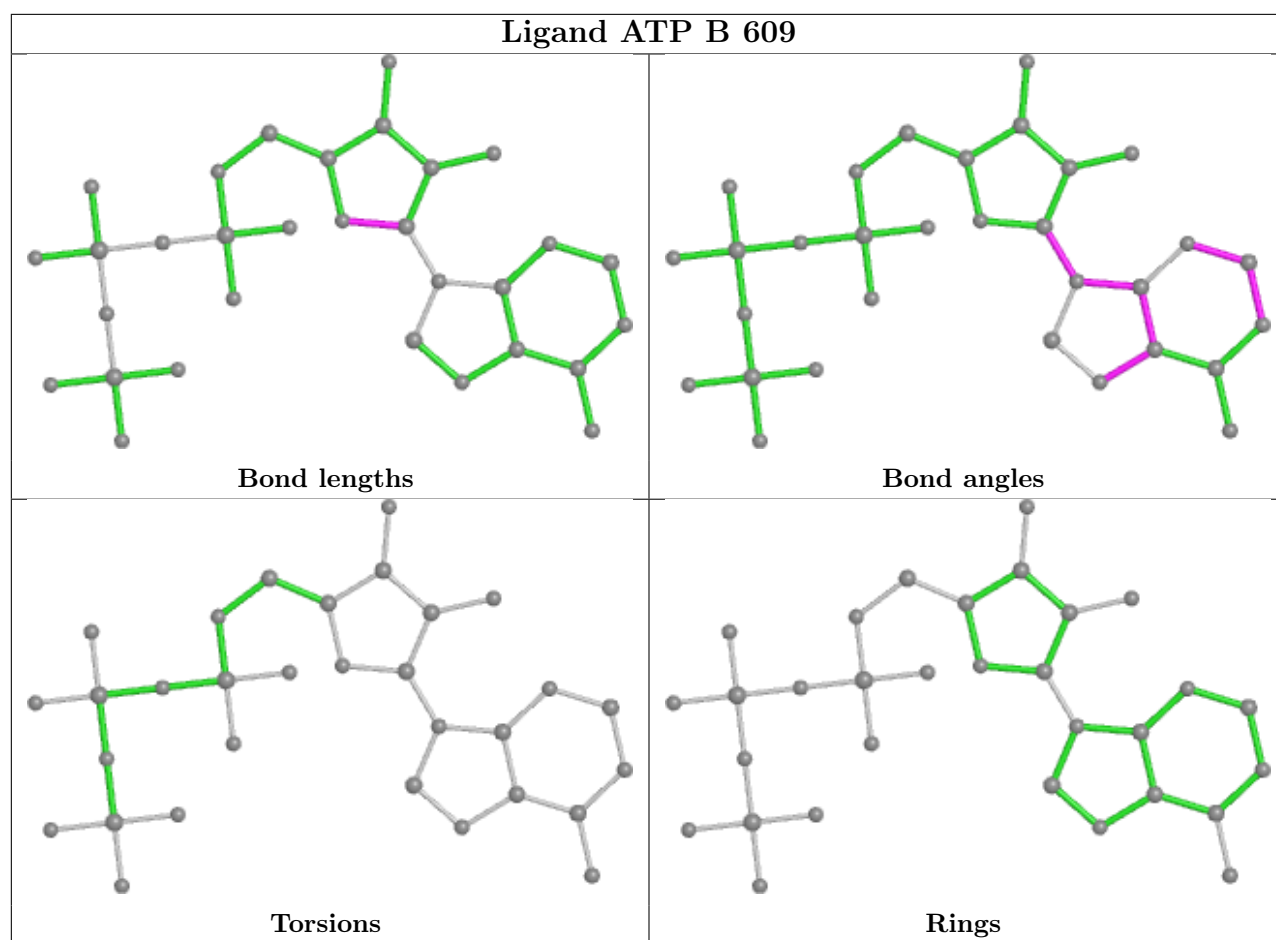
All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

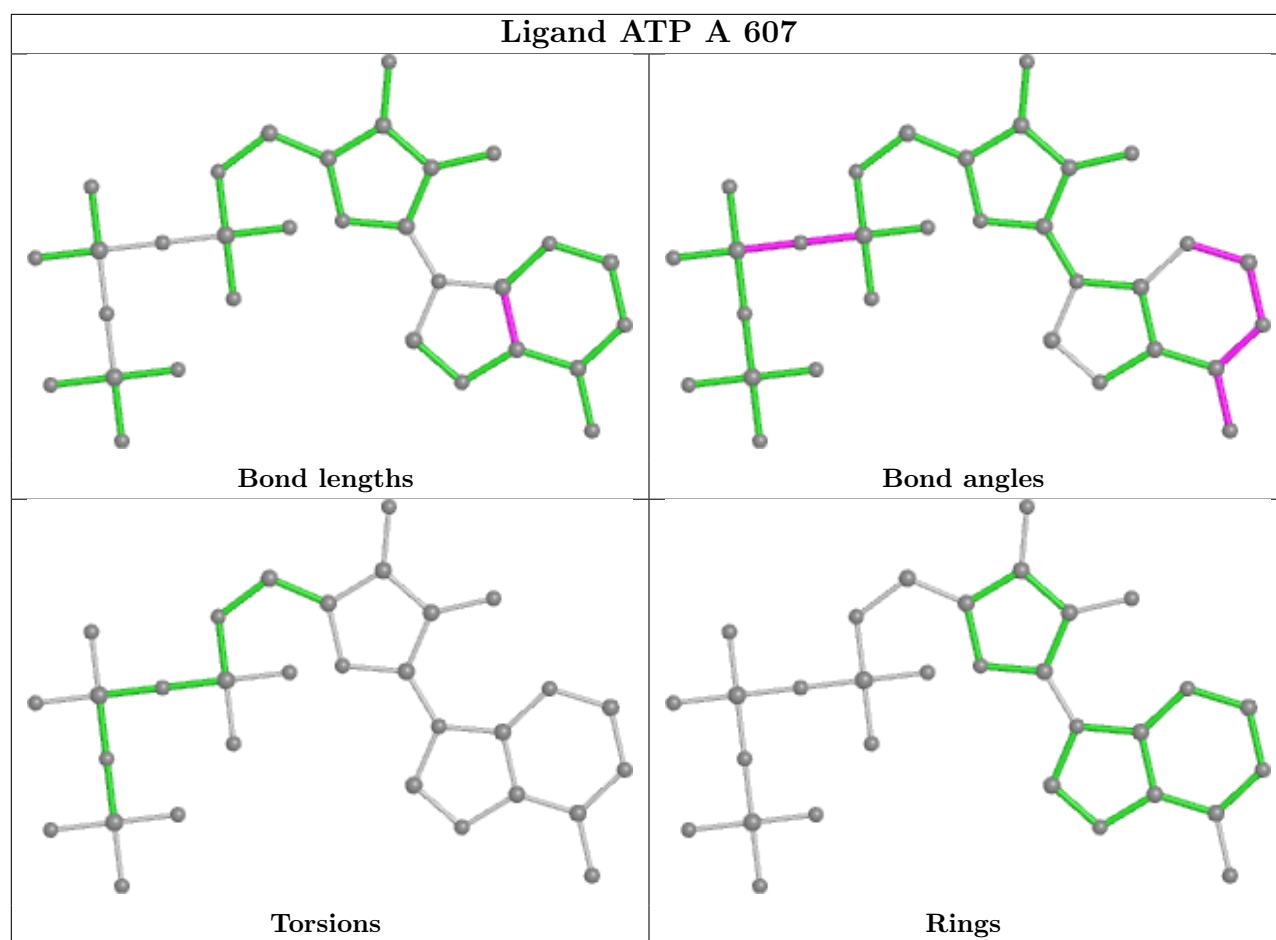
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	604	PDO	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	604	PDO	C1-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	538/552 (97%)	-0.42	9 (1%) 70 66	21, 34, 62, 104	0
1	B	541/552 (98%)	-0.41	8 (1%) 73 70	21, 33, 67, 109	2 (0%)
All	All	1079/1104 (97%)	-0.41	17 (1%) 72 68	21, 34, 66, 109	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 17 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	532	LEU	6.9
1	A	533	VAL	4.5
1	B	534	GLN	3.5
1	B	183	LYS	3.1
1	B	535	THR	2.8

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

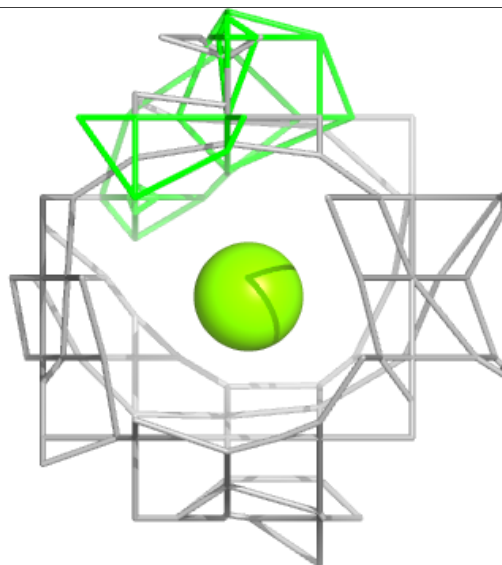
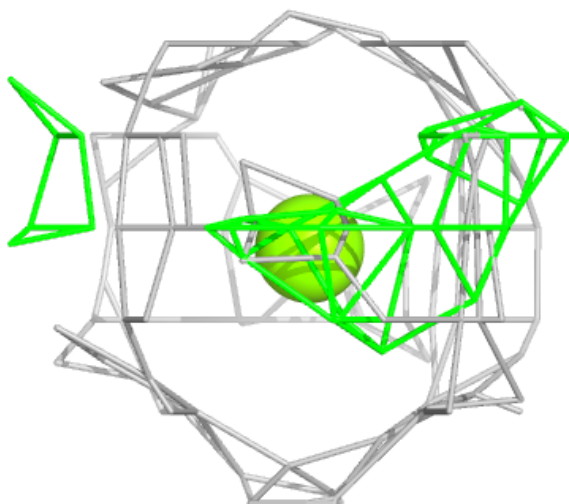
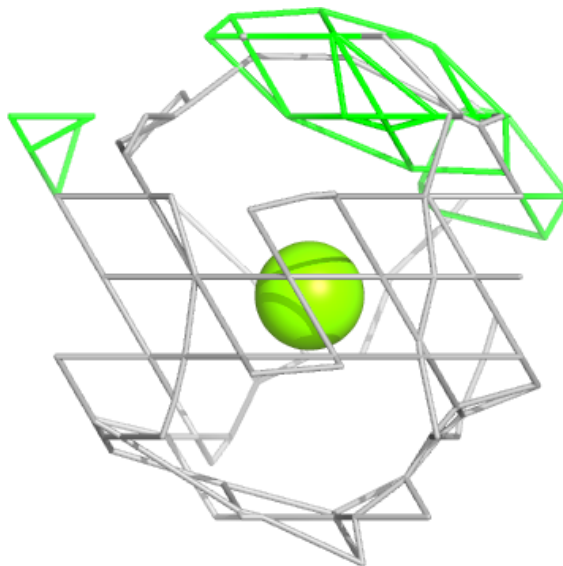


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	SO4	A	603	5/5	0.69	0.28	121,133,140,157	0
2	SO4	B	605	5/5	0.71	0.40	131,153,168,186	0
3	PDO	B	607	5/5	0.75	0.17	34,55,76,76	0
6	GOL	A	605	6/6	0.83	0.16	48,99,124,124	0
2	SO4	B	603	5/5	0.86	0.22	111,118,134,150	0
3	PDO	A	604	5/5	0.87	0.24	42,76,123,123	0
2	SO4	A	601	5/5	0.90	0.19	46,56,71,85	5
2	SO4	B	602	5/5	0.94	0.12	30,44,49,50	5
2	SO4	B	606	5/5	0.95	0.21	64,65,74,76	5
2	SO4	B	604	5/5	0.97	0.10	72,79,82,82	0
4	MG	A	606	1/1	0.97	0.12	22,22,22,22	0
2	SO4	A	602	5/5	0.97	0.09	59,67,76,81	0
5	ATP	A	607	31/31	0.98	0.10	20,25,34,38	0
4	MG	B	608	1/1	0.98	0.05	26,26,26,26	0
2	SO4	B	601	5/5	0.99	0.10	29,33,41,44	5
5	ATP	B	609	31/31	0.99	0.10	21,25,30,38	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

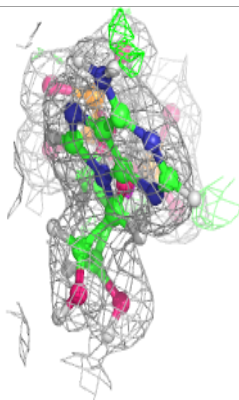
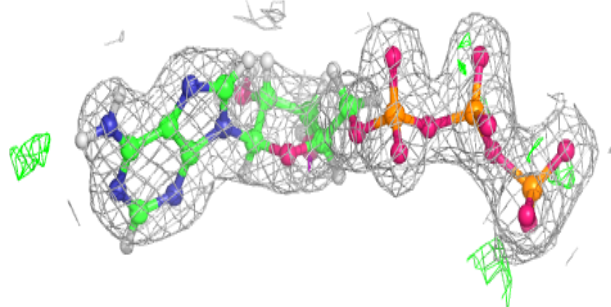
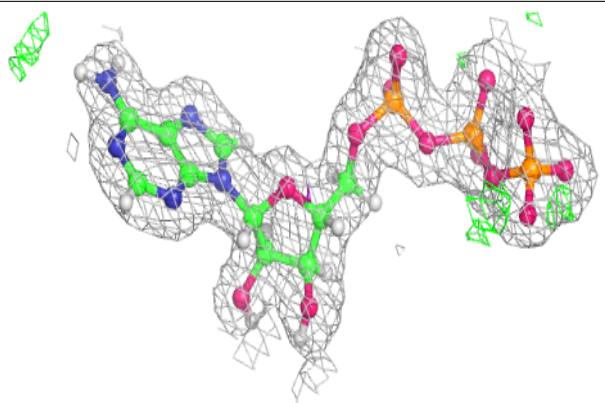
**Electron density around MG A 606:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



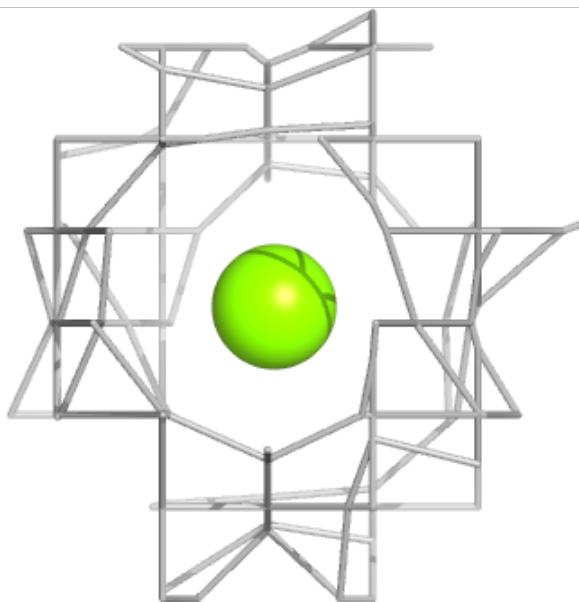
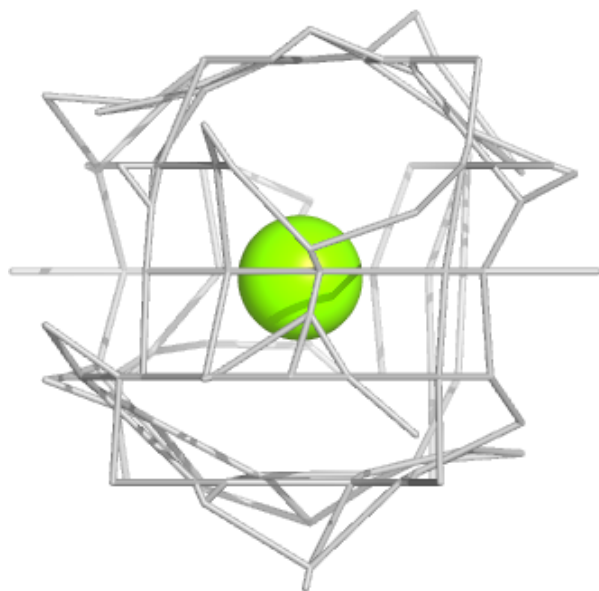
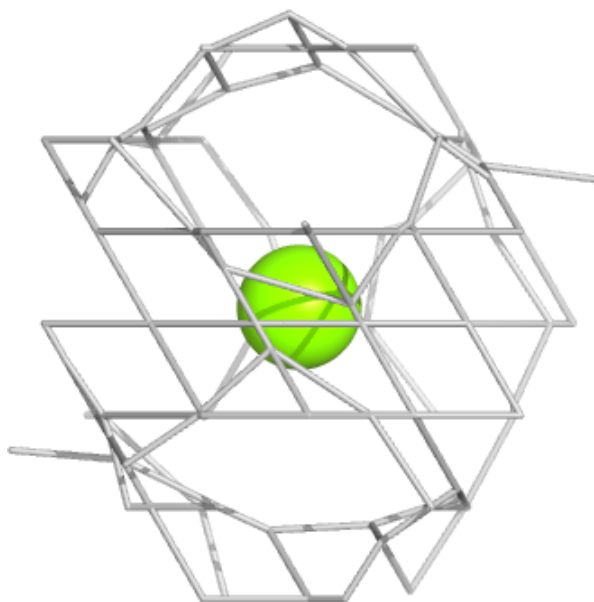
**Electron density around ATP A 607:**

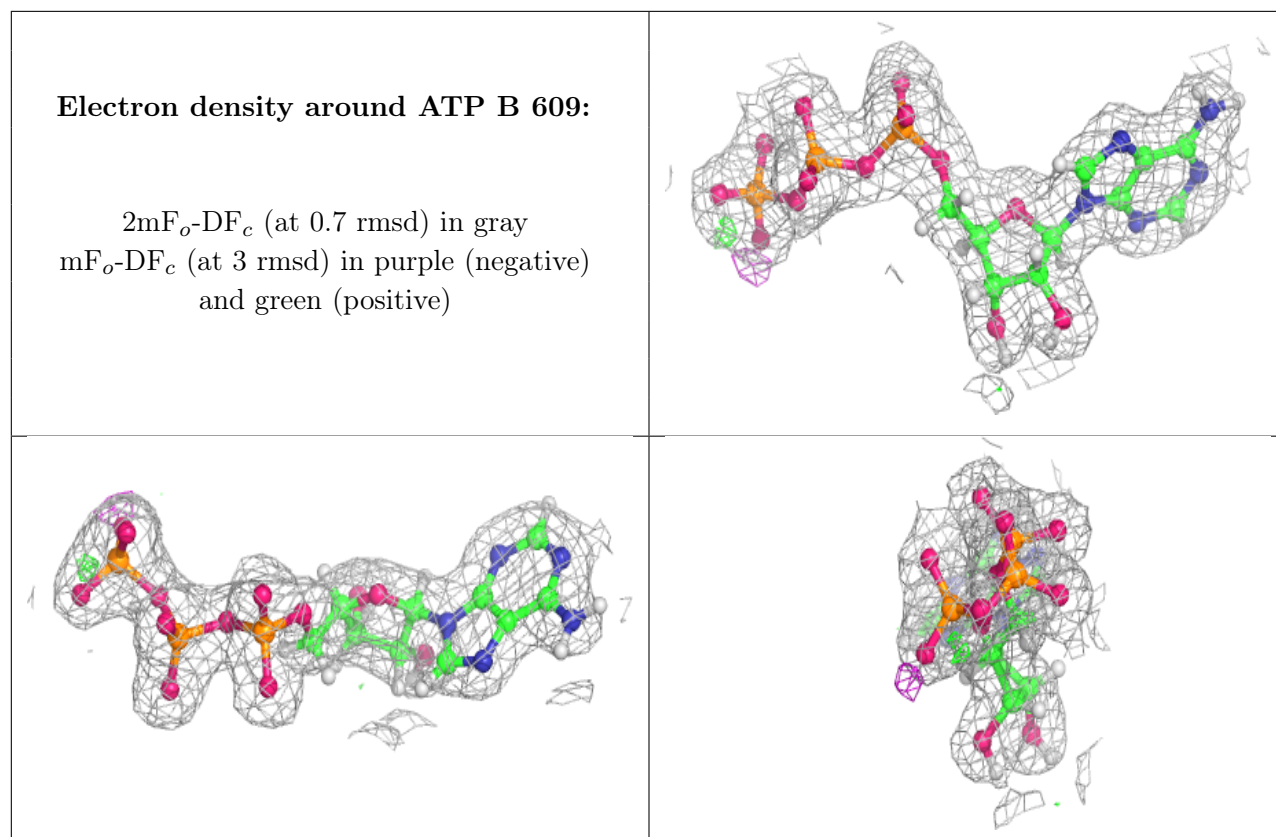
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around MG B 608:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.