



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 8, 2020 – 07:01 AM BST

PDB ID : 3LDR
Title : Crystal structure of fructosyltransferase (D191A) from *A. japonicus* in complex with 1-Kestose
Authors : Chuankhayan, P.; Chen, C.J.; Chiang, C.M.
Deposited on : 2010-01-13
Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.13.1
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

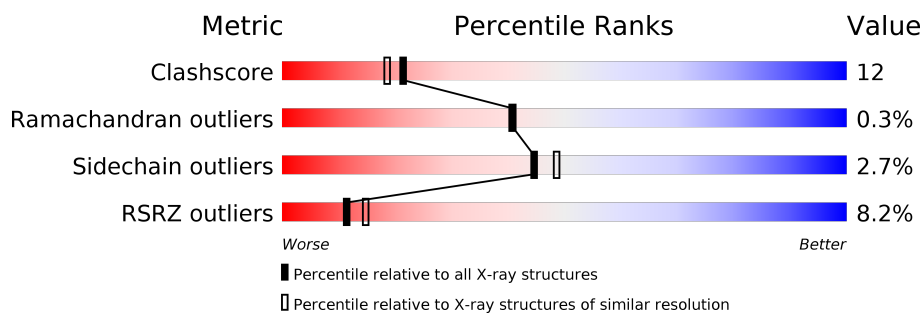
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	634	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>75%</div> <div>23%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
2	B	3	<div> <div>67%</div> <div>33%</div> </div>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5148 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Fructosyltransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	634	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4882	3090	824	965	3			

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	3	Total	C	O	0	0	0
			34	18	16			

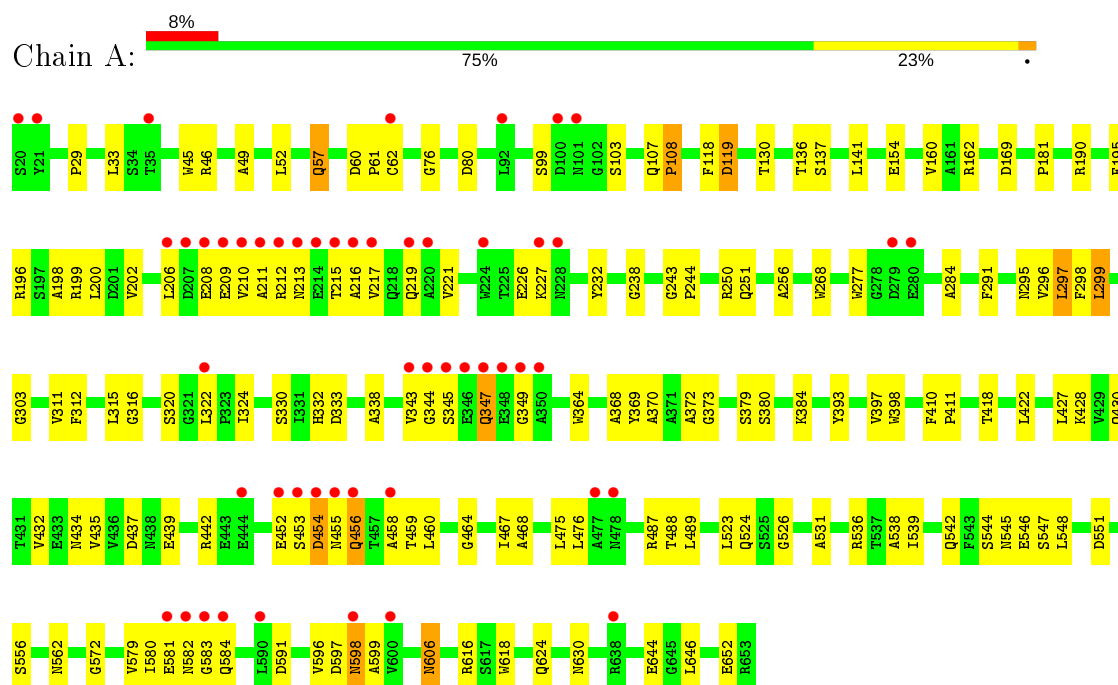
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	232	Total	O	0	0
			232	232		

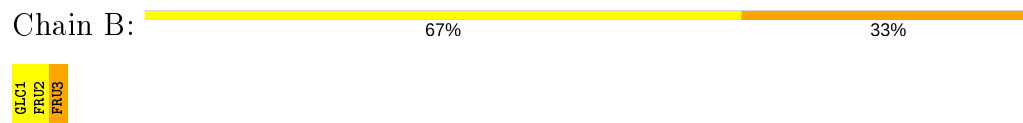
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Fructosyltransferase



• Molecule 2: beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	99.08 Å 110.43 Å 65.88 Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 2.10 25.46 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.4 (30.00-2.10) 91.8 (25.46-2.00)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.00 (at 1.99 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.215 , 0.255 0.213 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	29.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.509	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.37 , 47.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5148	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	36.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.69% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLC, FRU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.48	6/5013 (0.1%)	0.71	4/6856 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	243	GLY	C-N	5.76	1.45	1.34
1	A	303	GLY	C-N	-5.57	1.21	1.34
1	A	454	ASP	C-N	-5.57	1.21	1.34
1	A	108	PRO	C-N	5.39	1.42	1.33
1	A	476	LEU	C-N	5.35	1.46	1.34
1	A	547	SER	C-N	-5.23	1.22	1.34

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	456	GLN	O-C-N	-6.00	113.11	122.70
1	A	583	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.14	100.25	113.10
1	A	630	ASN	C-N-CA	-5.13	111.52	122.30
1	A	644	GLU	O-C-N	-5.08	114.56	123.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	238	GLY	Mainchain
1	A	596	VAL	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4882	0	4604	115	0
2	B	34	0	31	3	0
3	A	232	0	0	0	0
All	All	5148	0	4635	115	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (115) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:454:ASP:HB2	1:A:456:GLN:HE21	1.30	0.95
1:A:454:ASP:HB2	1:A:456:GLN:NE2	1.88	0.89
1:A:591:ASP:H	1:A:606:ASN:HD21	1.21	0.89
1:A:33:LEU:H	1:A:562:ASN:HD21	1.22	0.85
1:A:295:ASN:HD21	1:A:373:GLY:H	1.24	0.84
1:A:206:LEU:HB2	1:A:211:ALA:HB2	1.61	0.81
1:A:60:ASP:OD2	2:B:3:FRU:H11	1.81	0.80
1:A:62:CYS:O	1:A:76:GLY:HA3	1.82	0.79
1:A:591:ASP:H	1:A:606:ASN:ND2	1.80	0.79
1:A:606:ASN:N	1:A:606:ASN:HD22	1.83	0.77
1:A:345:SER:HB3	1:A:347:GLN:OE1	1.87	0.75
1:A:454:ASP:O	1:A:455:ASN:HB2	1.89	0.72
1:A:162:ARG:HG3	1:A:169:ASP:OD2	1.92	0.70
1:A:195:PHE:CE2	1:A:296:VAL:HG21	2.27	0.69
1:A:454:ASP:CB	1:A:456:GLN:HE21	2.05	0.67
1:A:49:ALA:N	1:A:597:ASP:OD2	2.24	0.67
1:A:99:SER:OG	1:A:103:SER:HA	1.94	0.66
1:A:62:CYS:O	1:A:76:GLY:CA	2.44	0.65
1:A:60:ASP:CG	2:B:3:FRU:H11	2.17	0.65

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:379:SER:O	1:A:384:LYS:HE2	1.98	0.64
1:A:33:LEU:H	1:A:562:ASN:ND2	1.95	0.63
1:A:46:ARG:O	1:A:598:ASN:ND2	2.21	0.63
1:A:475:LEU:HD22	1:A:646:LEU:HD22	1.82	0.62
1:A:606:ASN:HD22	1:A:606:ASN:H	1.46	0.62
1:A:216:ALA:HA	1:A:219:GLN:OE1	2.01	0.60
1:A:130:THR:OG1	1:A:160:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.60
1:A:196:ARG:HD3	1:A:226:GLU:OE2	2.03	0.59
1:A:410:PHE:CG	1:A:411:PRO:HD2	2.38	0.59
1:A:410:PHE:CD1	1:A:411:PRO:HD2	2.37	0.59
1:A:312:PHE:CE1	1:A:338:ALA:HB2	2.39	0.58
1:A:580:ILE:HA	1:A:584:GLN:O	2.02	0.58
1:A:582:ASN:C	1:A:584:GLN:H	2.07	0.58
1:A:452:GLU:O	1:A:458:ALA:HB1	2.04	0.58
1:A:295:ASN:ND2	1:A:373:GLY:H	1.96	0.57
1:A:315:LEU:N	1:A:315:LEU:HD23	2.20	0.57
1:A:435:VAL:HA	1:A:579:VAL:HG12	1.87	0.57
1:A:320:SER:HA	1:A:330:SER:OG	2.06	0.56
1:A:295:ASN:ND2	1:A:393:TYR:OH	2.39	0.55
1:A:60:ASP:OD1	2:B:3:FRU:H11	2.07	0.55
1:A:536:ARG:HH11	1:A:536:ARG:HG3	1.72	0.55
1:A:582:ASN:C	1:A:584:GLN:N	2.58	0.55
1:A:345:SER:HB3	1:A:347:GLN:CD	2.26	0.55
1:A:297:LEU:HD12	1:A:297:LEU:N	2.22	0.54
1:A:488:THR:O	1:A:489:LEU:HD23	2.07	0.54
1:A:99:SER:O	1:A:103:SER:HB2	2.08	0.54
1:A:591:ASP:N	1:A:606:ASN:HD21	2.01	0.53
1:A:298:PHE:CE1	1:A:311:VAL:HG22	2.43	0.53
1:A:523:LEU:HD23	1:A:523:LEU:C	2.29	0.53
1:A:439:GLU:H	1:A:439:GLU:CD	2.12	0.53
1:A:202:VAL:HG21	1:A:221:VAL:HG22	1.91	0.53
1:A:208:GLU:O	1:A:212:ARG:HG2	2.08	0.52
1:A:536:ARG:NH1	1:A:536:ARG:HG3	2.23	0.52
1:A:380:SER:O	1:A:384:LYS:HG3	2.09	0.52
1:A:487:ARG:HD3	1:A:489:LEU:HD21	1.92	0.52
1:A:199:ARG:HH11	1:A:199:ARG:HG3	1.74	0.52
1:A:45:TRP:CE2	1:A:616:ARG:HB3	2.45	0.51
1:A:538:ALA:HB3	1:A:551:ASP:HB3	1.92	0.51
1:A:251:GLN:OE1	1:A:256:ALA:HA	2.10	0.51
1:A:556:SER:HB2	1:A:616:ARG:O	2.11	0.51
1:A:332:HIS:HB3	1:A:369:TYR:CD2	2.47	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:57:GLN:HB2	1:A:418:THR:HB	1.93	0.50
1:A:437:ASP:OD2	1:A:442:ARG:NH2	2.37	0.49
1:A:368:ALA:O	1:A:369:TYR:HB2	2.11	0.49
1:A:213:ASN:ND2	1:A:216:ALA:H	2.10	0.48
1:A:397:VAL:HB	1:A:422:LEU:HD12	1.94	0.48
1:A:199:ARG:NH1	1:A:199:ARG:HG3	2.28	0.48
1:A:154:GLU:OE2	1:A:190:ARG:HD3	2.14	0.48
1:A:454:ASP:CB	1:A:456:GLN:NE2	2.69	0.47
1:A:202:VAL:HG11	1:A:217:VAL:HG13	1.96	0.47
1:A:62:CYS:H	1:A:76:GLY:C	2.16	0.47
1:A:531:ALA:O	1:A:624:GLN:HB2	2.15	0.46
1:A:277:TRP:HB3	1:A:284:ALA:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:297:LEU:CD1	1:A:297:LEU:N	2.78	0.46
1:A:299:LEU:HG	1:A:428:LYS:HA	1.97	0.46
1:A:597:ASP:O	1:A:598:ASN:CB	2.60	0.46
1:A:250:ARG:O	1:A:251:GLN:C	2.54	0.45
1:A:118:PHE:HB2	1:A:136:THR:HB	1.97	0.45
1:A:62:CYS:N	1:A:76:GLY:O	2.43	0.45
1:A:206:LEU:CB	1:A:211:ALA:HB2	2.42	0.45
1:A:57:GLN:HG3	1:A:80:ASP:HA	1.98	0.45
1:A:213:ASN:HD22	1:A:215:THR:HB	1.82	0.45
1:A:343:VAL:HG12	1:A:344:GLY:N	2.32	0.45
1:A:198:ALA:HB1	1:A:221:VAL:HG13	1.99	0.44
1:A:452:GLU:HG2	1:A:459:THR:HB	1.99	0.44
1:A:347:GLN:C	1:A:349:GLY:H	2.20	0.44
1:A:453:SER:HB2	1:A:458:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:A:61:PRO:HD3	1:A:398:TRP:HB2	2.00	0.44
1:A:467:ILE:O	1:A:468:ALA:C	2.56	0.44
1:A:545:ASN:O	1:A:546:GLU:C	2.57	0.43
1:A:244:PRO:HB2	1:A:291:PHE:CD1	2.53	0.43
1:A:322:LEU:HD23	1:A:324:ILE:HG13	2.01	0.43
1:A:195:PHE:CE1	1:A:296:VAL:HG11	2.53	0.43
1:A:119:ASP:OD1	1:A:119:ASP:N	2.51	0.43
1:A:215:THR:O	1:A:219:GLN:HG3	2.19	0.43
1:A:364:TRP:CE3	1:A:572:GLY:HA2	2.54	0.43
1:A:200:LEU:HB3	1:A:232:TYR:CZ	2.55	0.42
1:A:202:VAL:CG1	1:A:217:VAL:HG13	2.49	0.42
1:A:29:PRO:HB3	1:A:618:TRP:CD2	2.55	0.42
1:A:298:PHE:HE1	1:A:311:VAL:HG22	1.83	0.42
1:A:523:LEU:HD23	1:A:524:GLN:N	2.35	0.42
1:A:434:ASN:ND2	1:A:434:ASN:N	2.65	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:542:GLN:HG2	1:A:544:SER:OG	2.20	0.41
1:A:430:GLN:HB2	1:A:464:GLY:CA	2.50	0.41
1:A:107:GLN:HB3	1:A:108:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.41
1:A:141:LEU:HA	1:A:141:LEU:HD23	1.95	0.41
1:A:210:VAL:O	1:A:210:VAL:HG12	2.21	0.41
1:A:45:TRP:HB3	1:A:599:ALA:CB	2.50	0.41
1:A:316:GLY:HA2	1:A:333:ASP:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:61:PRO:O	1:A:372:ALA:CB	2.69	0.41
1:A:432:VAL:HB	1:A:460:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.40
1:A:162:ARG:HG3	1:A:169:ASP:CG	2.42	0.40
1:A:369:TYR:CD1	1:A:370:ALA:N	2.90	0.40
1:A:526:GLY:HA3	1:A:539:ILE:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:548:LEU:HD23	1:A:548:LEU:HA	1.85	0.40
1:A:312:PHE:CD1	1:A:338:ALA:HB2	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	632/634 (100%)	591 (94%)	39 (6%)	2 (0%)	41	41

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	227	LYS
1	A	598	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	516/516 (100%)	502 (97%)	14 (3%)	44	48

All (14) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	52	LEU
1	A	57	GLN
1	A	119	ASP
1	A	137	SER
1	A	181	PRO
1	A	209	GLU
1	A	268	TRP
1	A	297	LEU
1	A	299	LEU
1	A	347	GLN
1	A	427	LEU
1	A	581	GLU
1	A	606	ASN
1	A	652	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	57	GLN
1	A	107	GLN
1	A	156	GLN
1	A	213	ASN
1	A	295	ASN
1	A	434	ASN
1	A	456	GLN
1	A	511	GLN
1	A	562	ASN
1	A	606	ASN
1	A	639	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
2	GLC	B	1	2	11,11,12	1.49	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.09	1 (6%)
2	FRU	B	2	2	11,12,12	1.91	2 (18%)	10,18,18	5.35	3 (30%)
2	FRU	B	3	2	11,11,12	1.12	1 (9%)	15,15,18	1.14	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLC	B	1	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FRU	B	2	2	-	5/5/24/24	0/1/1/1
2	FRU	B	3	2	-	2/4/20/24	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	2	FRU	O2-C2	4.93	1.49	1.40
2	B	2	FRU	O1-C1	3.24	1.53	1.42
2	B	1	GLC	C1-C2	2.92	1.58	1.52

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	3	FRU	C4-C3	2.44	1.60	1.53
2	B	1	GLC	O5-C1	2.33	1.47	1.43

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	2	FRU	O1-C1-C2	15.82	145.51	111.86
2	B	2	FRU	O6-C6-C5	4.92	128.15	111.29
2	B	2	FRU	C6-C5-C4	-2.47	109.14	115.09
2	B	1	GLC	C1-C2-C3	-2.33	106.80	109.67
2	B	3	FRU	C3-C4-C5	-2.01	98.75	102.64

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

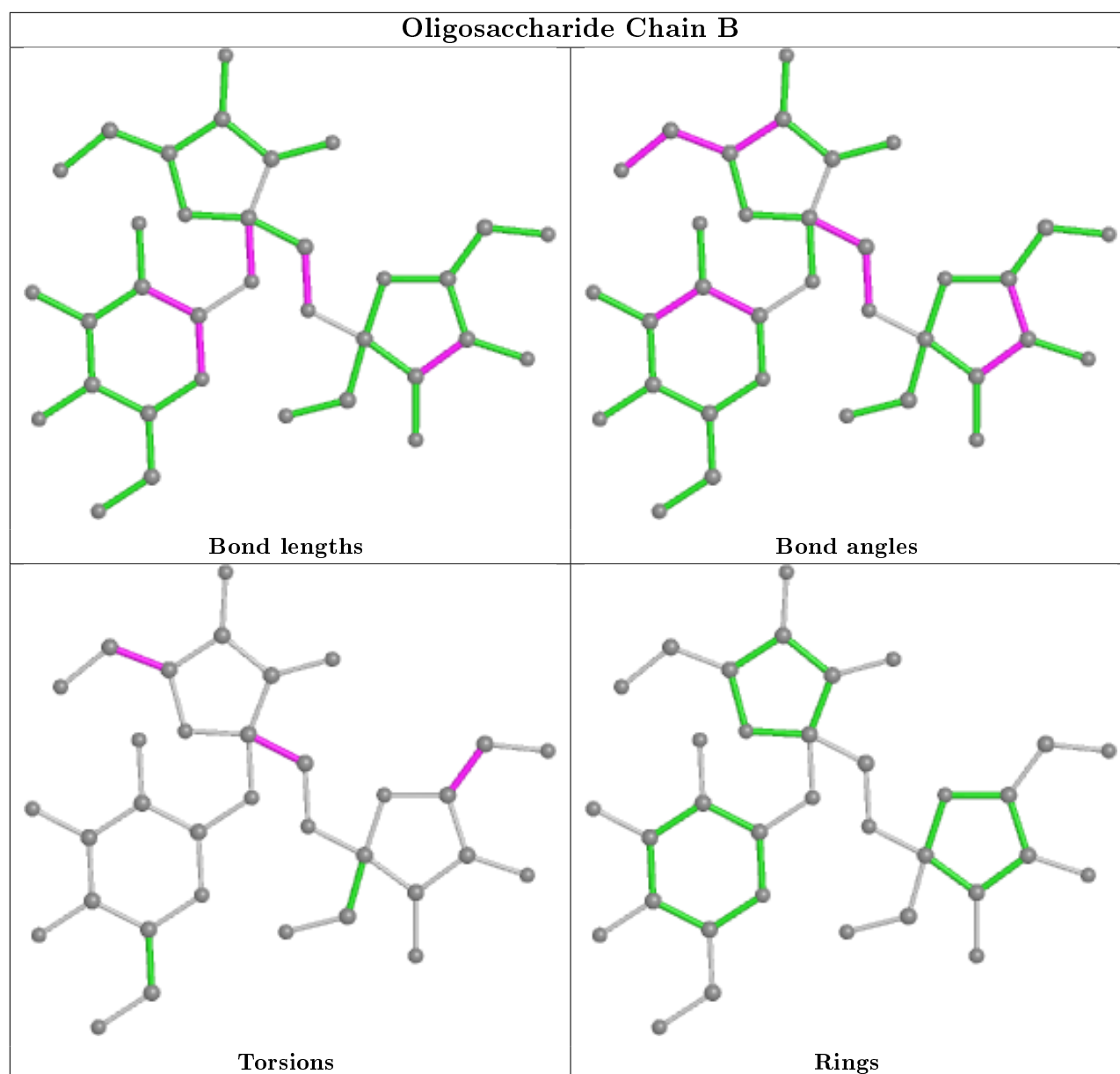
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	2	FRU	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	B	2	FRU	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	B	2	FRU	O1-C1-C2-O5
2	B	2	FRU	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	2	FRU	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	3	FRU	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	3	FRU	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	3	FRU	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	634/634 (100%)	0.35	52 (8%)	11 15	20, 32, 65, 102	0

All (52) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	21	TYR	8.7
1	A	20	SER	8.5
1	A	211	ALA	8.3
1	A	349	GLY	7.3
1	A	212	ARG	5.9
1	A	346	GLU	5.8
1	A	345	SER	5.8
1	A	348	GLU	5.4
1	A	213	ASN	5.3
1	A	347	GLN	5.2
1	A	207	ASP	5.1
1	A	581	GLU	5.0
1	A	279	ASP	4.6
1	A	208	GLU	4.6
1	A	455	ASN	4.1
1	A	344	GLY	4.0
1	A	217	VAL	3.9
1	A	209	GLU	3.9
1	A	214	GLU	3.9
1	A	478	ASN	3.9
1	A	216	ALA	3.6
1	A	456	GLN	3.5
1	A	215	THR	3.5
1	A	210	VAL	3.5
1	A	227	LYS	3.5
1	A	453	SER	3.3
1	A	582	ASN	3.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	343	VAL	3.3
1	A	228	ASN	3.3
1	A	206	LEU	3.3
1	A	280	GLU	3.2
1	A	322	LEU	3.2
1	A	62	CYS	3.1
1	A	590	LEU	3.1
1	A	454	ASP	3.1
1	A	584	GLN	3.0
1	A	452	GLU	2.9
1	A	101	ASN	2.8
1	A	598	ASN	2.7
1	A	219	GLN	2.7
1	A	583	GLY	2.6
1	A	458	ALA	2.5
1	A	444	GLU	2.4
1	A	350	ALA	2.3
1	A	638	ARG	2.2
1	A	600	VAL	2.2
1	A	100	ASP	2.2
1	A	35	THR	2.1
1	A	220	ALA	2.1
1	A	92	LEU	2.1
1	A	224	TRP	2.1
1	A	477	ALA	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

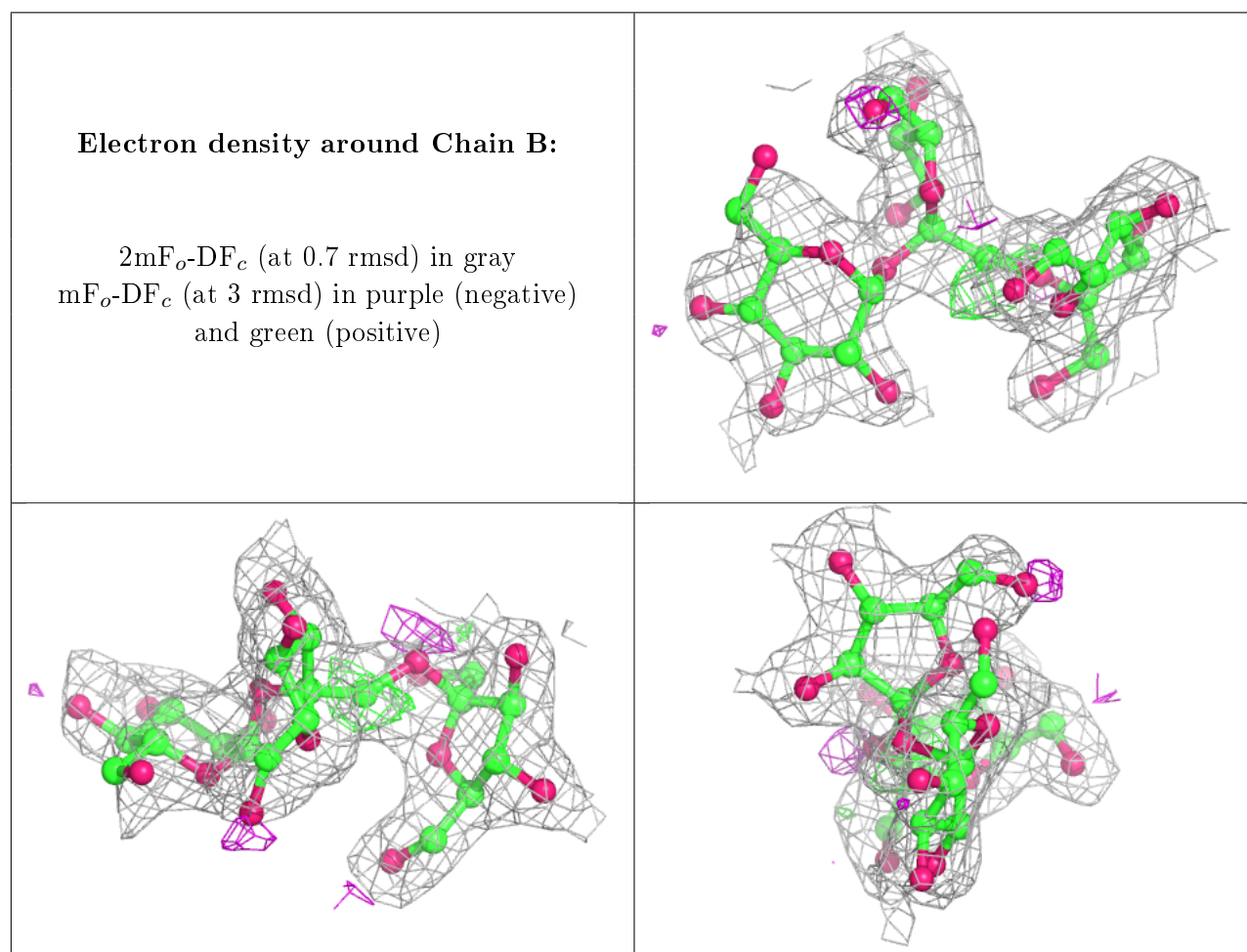
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	FRU	B	2	12/12	0.83	0.17	27,34,41,44	0
2	GLC	B	1	11/12	0.84	0.20	47,50,54,58	0
2	FRU	B	3	11/12	0.94	0.11	34,35,37,39	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.