



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2LQN
Title : Solution structure of CRKL
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

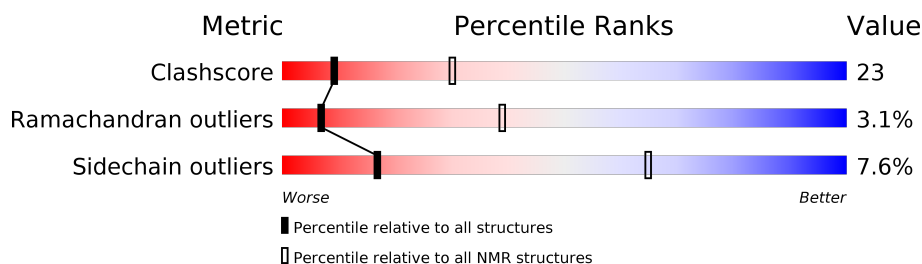
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 60%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	303	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 20 models. Model 14 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:3-A:104, A:125-A:181 (159)	0.51	14
2	A:237-A:296 (60)	0.47	18

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 4 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 8, 10, 16, 18
2	5, 7, 15
3	9, 11, 14
4	19, 20
5	2, 3
Single-model clusters	6; 12; 13; 17

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 4710 atoms, of which 2326 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Crk-like protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	303	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			4710	1504	2326	419	453	8	

Q234	Q235	P237	Y238	A240	R246	C249	A250	A257	Y279	I280	I283	D295	P296	Q297	I298	P299	F300	E301	I302	E303
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5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 400 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 6 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2154
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2154
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	60%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

COVALENT-GEOMETRY INFOmissingINFO

5.1 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1776	1759	1754	80±7
All	All	35520	35180	35080	1610

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 23.

5 of 591 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:142:LEU:HD11	1:A:165:ASN:HB2	1.06	1.26	13	18
1:A:128:VAL:HG22	1:A:180:LYS:HG3	1.04	1.25	2	13
1:A:173:ILE:HD13	1:A:178:VAL:HG11	1.02	1.31	6	7
1:A:94:ASP:HA	1:A:154:GLU:HB3	1.01	1.31	4	5
1:A:152:ILE:HD13	1:A:163:ALA:HB2	1.01	1.30	1	20

5.2 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.2.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	219/303 (72%)	185±4 (85±2%)	27±4 (12±2%)	7±2 (3±1%)	7	39
All	All	4380/6060 (72%)	3704 (85%)	542 (12%)	134 (3%)	7	39

5 of 39 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	126	GLU	19
1	A	147	GLY	11
1	A	181	LEU	8
1	A	165	ASN	8
1	A	125	LEU	7

5.2.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	193/262 (74%)	178±3 (92±1%)	15±3 (8±1%)	17	65
All	All	3860/5240 (74%)	3568 (92%)	292 (8%)	17	65

5 of 81 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	146	LYS	17
1	A	148	GLU	14
1	A	57	ARG	13
1	A	256	LEU	12
1	A	138	ASP	12

5.2.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.3 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.4 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.5 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.6 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

5.7 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 60% for the well-defined parts and 55% for the entire structure.

6.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

6.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2154
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2154
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	17

6.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	267	0.14 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	242	0.20 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	211	0.06 ± 0.06	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	232	0.11 ± 0.37	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

6.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 60%, i.e. 1684 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2809. 0 out of 34 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	903/1065 (85%)	338/423 (80%)	380/438 (87%)	185/204 (91%)
Sidechain	781/1485 (53%)	448/877 (51%)	333/531 (63%)	0/77 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	0/259 (0%)	0/135 (0%)	0/110 (0%)	0/14 (0%)
Overall	1684/2809 (60%)	786/1435 (55%)	713/1079 (66%)	185/295 (63%)

6.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	1	MET	H1	19.97	11.26 – 5.26	19.5
1	A	32	ARG	HH21	1.64	9.06 – 4.56	-11.5
1	A	21	ARG	CD	51.74	47.57 – 38.77	9.7
1	A	231	PRO	CD	42.81	55.31 – 45.41	-7.6
1	A	11	ARG	CB	43.01	39.81 – 21.51	6.8
1	A	206	ALA	CA	40.20	63.07 – 43.27	-6.6
1	A	101	PRO	CA	53.31	71.13 – 55.53	-6.4
1	A	201	PRO	CA	53.89	71.13 – 55.53	-6.0
1	A	269	MET	HG3	0.14	4.30 – 0.50	-5.9
1	A	85	LEU	HD23	-0.73	2.14 – -0.66	-5.3
1	A	85	LEU	HD22	-0.73	2.14 – -0.66	-5.3
1	A	85	LEU	HD21	-0.73	2.14 – -0.66	-5.3
1	A	11	ARG	HA	1.94	6.59 – 1.99	-5.1
1	A	84	LEU	HA	1.92	6.66 – 1.96	-5.1
1	A	93	LEU	HD22	-0.68	2.14 – -0.66	-5.1
1	A	93	LEU	HD21	-0.68	2.14 – -0.66	-5.1
1	A	93	LEU	HD23	-0.68	2.14 – -0.66	-5.1

6.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

