



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 28, 2020 – 11:42 pm BST

PDB ID : 2LVQ
Title : gp78CUE domain bound to the proximal ubiquitin of K48-linked diubiquitin
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Byrd, R.A.; Das, R.
Deposited on : 2012-07-09

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : 2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

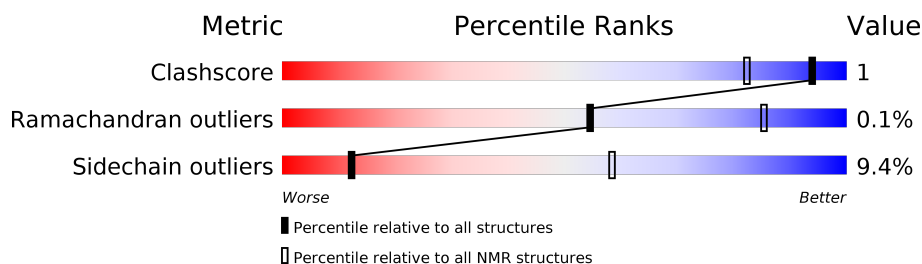
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 9%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	76	 87% 7% 7%
1	B	76	 86% 9% 5%
2	D	52	 79% 8% 13%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 24 models. Model 21 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:1-A:71 (71)	0.20	13
2	B:1-B:72, D:455-D:499 (117)	0.36	21

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16
2	21, 22, 23, 24
3	17, 18, 19, 20
4	5, 6, 7, 8

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3298 atoms, of which 1675 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ubiquitin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	76	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1231	378	629	105	118	1	
1	B	76	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1231	378	629	105	118	1	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR.

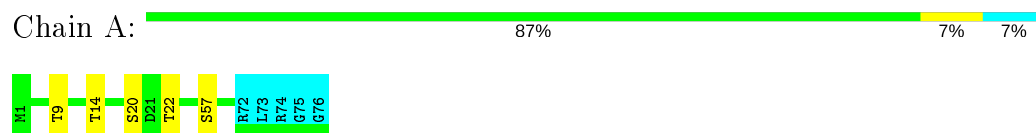
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	D	52	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			836	264	417	72	81	2	

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

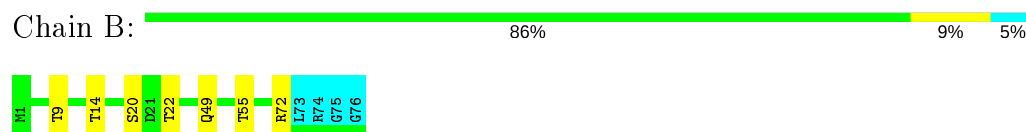
4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

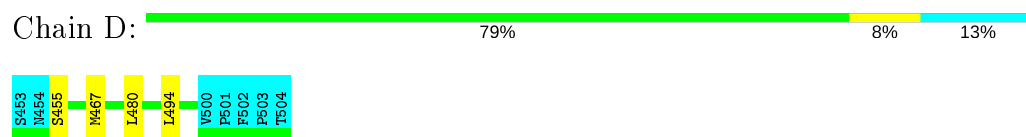
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

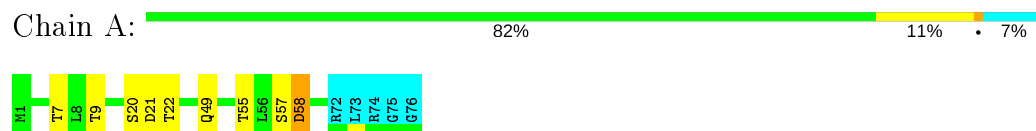


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

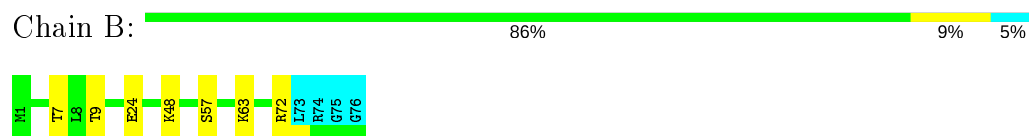
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

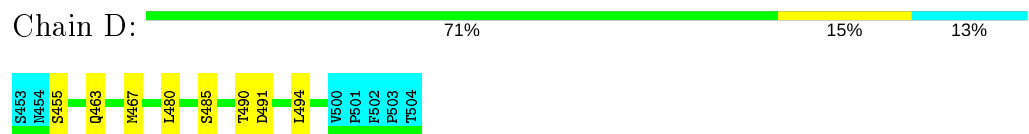
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

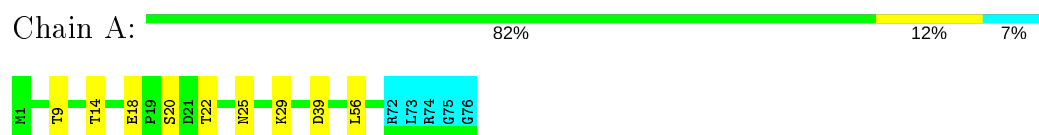


- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

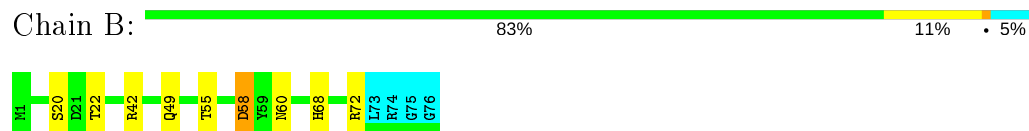


4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

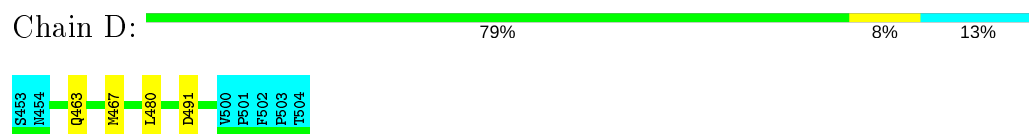
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

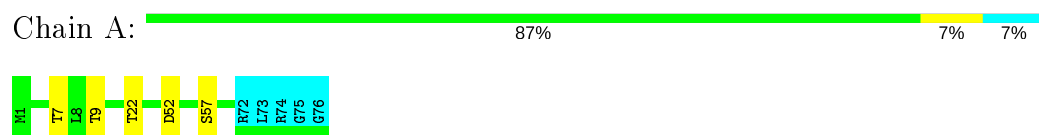


- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR




4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  84% 11% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

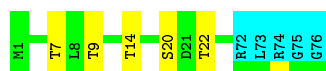
Chain D:  75% 12% 13%




4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

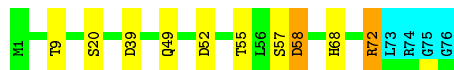
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  87% 7% 7%



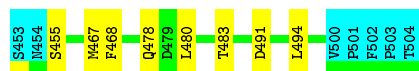
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  82% 11% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D:  71% 15% 13%




4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  88% 5% 7%



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  79% 13% 5%

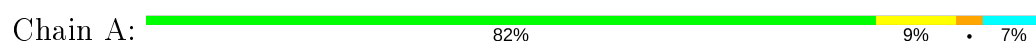


- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

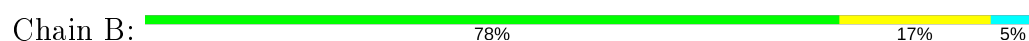


4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

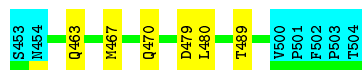
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

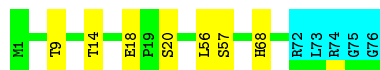
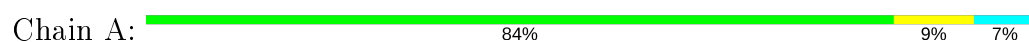


- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

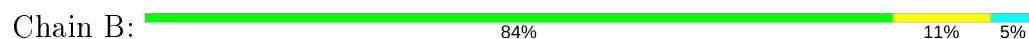


4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

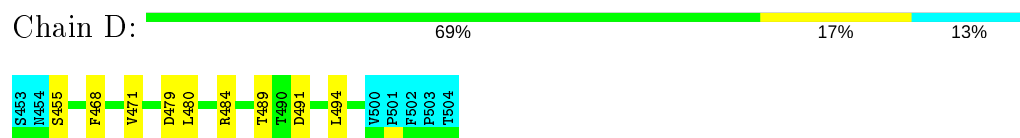
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

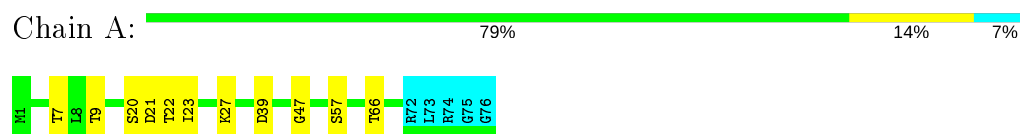


- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

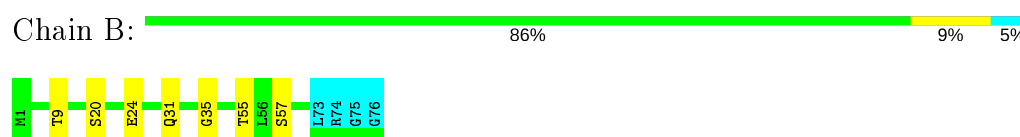


4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

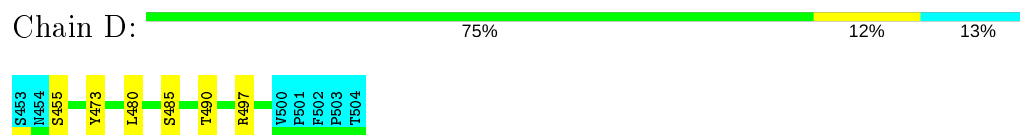
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

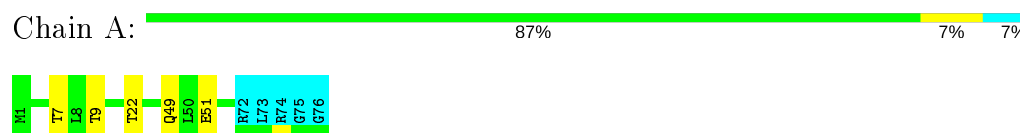


- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

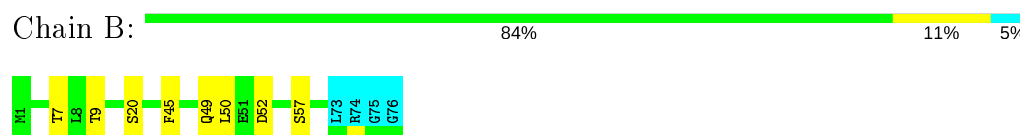


4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

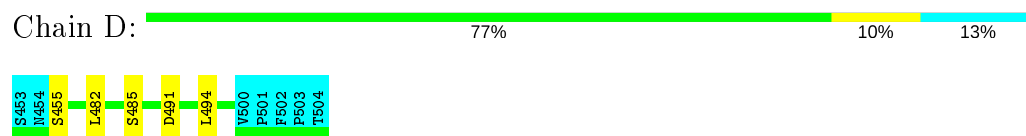
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

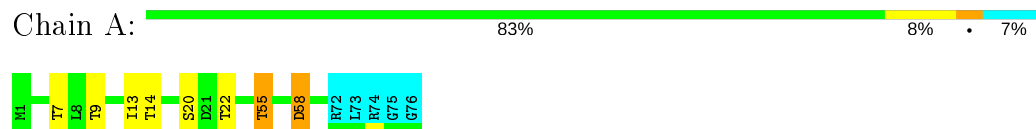


- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

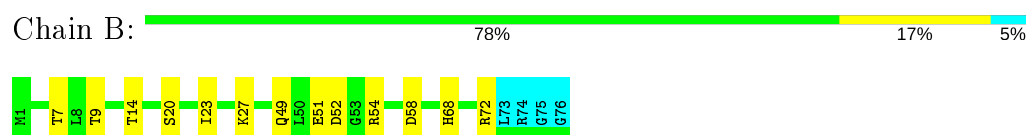


4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

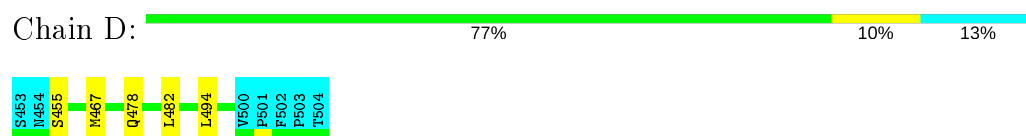
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

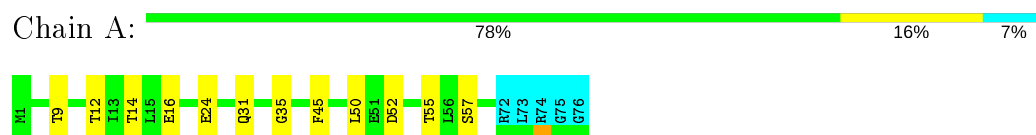


- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

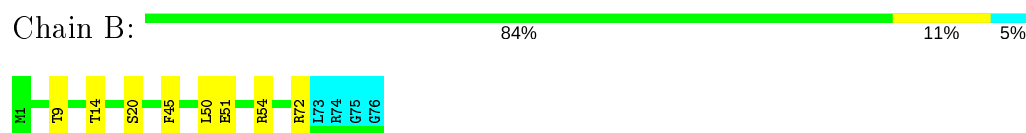


4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

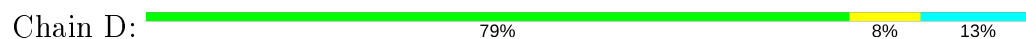
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

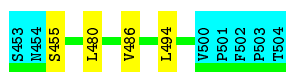


- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR





4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A: 80% 9% 7%



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B: 83% 12% 5%



- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D: 79% 8% 13%



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

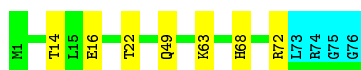
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A: 86% 8% 7%



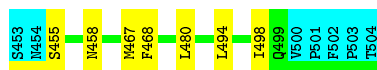
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B: 86% 9% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D: 73% 13% 13%




4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  83% 11% 7%



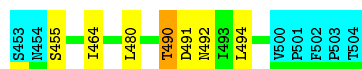
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  83% 11% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D:  73% 12% 13%




4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  87% 7% 7%




- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  83% 12% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

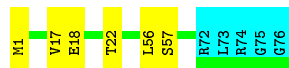
Chain D:  79% 8% 13%




4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  86% 8% 7%



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  83% 11% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D:  77% 8% 13%




4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

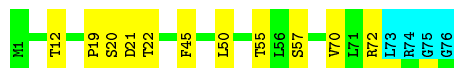
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  84% 9% 7%




- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  80% 14% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D:  79% 6% 13%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

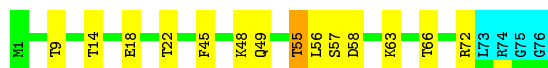
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  86% 8% 7%




- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  76% 17% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D:  79% 8% 13%




4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  83% 11% 7%



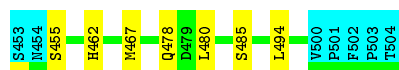
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  84% 11% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D:  73% 13% 13%



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  88% 5% 7%



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  80% 14% 5%




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D:  73% 13% 13%




4.2.21 Score per residue for model 21 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  87% 7% 7%



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  82% 13% 5%



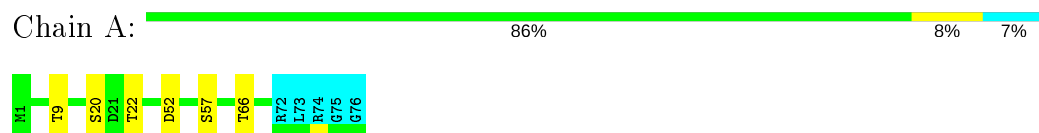
- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D:  77% 10% 13%

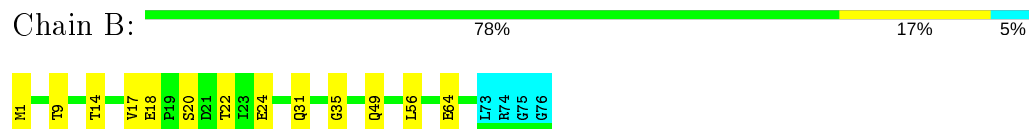


4.2.22 Score per residue for model 22

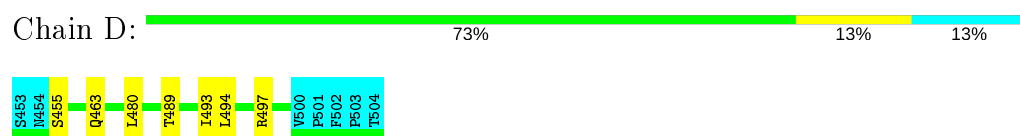
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

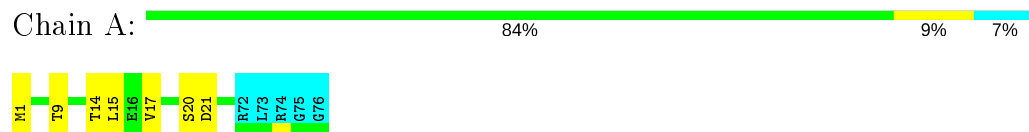


- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

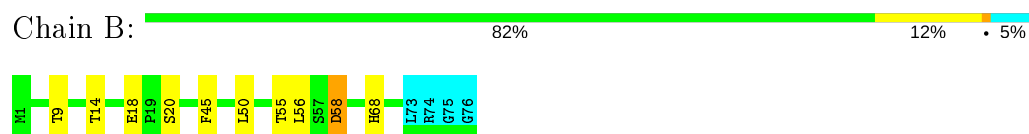


4.2.23 Score per residue for model 23

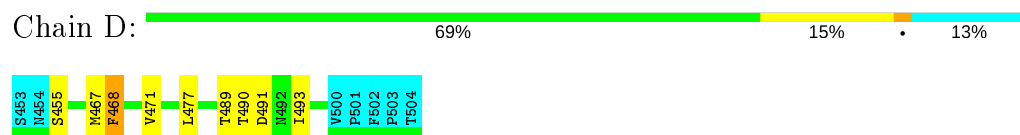
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin



- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin




- Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR




4.2.24 Score per residue for model 24

● Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain A:  86% 8% 7%



● Molecule 1: Ubiquitin

Chain B:  79% 16% 5%



● Molecule 2: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase AMFR

Chain D:  71% 15% 13%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 24 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	structure solution	
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	222
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	222
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	9%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	563	586	586	1±1
1	B	574	599	599	2±1
2	D	365	365	365	1±1
All	All	36048	37200	37200	90

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:B:70:VAL:HG13	2:D:490:THR:HB	0.67	1.67	17	1
1:B:1:MET:SD	1:B:63:LYS:HA	0.64	2.32	6	1
1:B:45:PHE:HB3	1:B:50:LEU:HD21	0.56	1.75	20	5
1:A:55:THR:O	1:A:58:ASP:HB2	0.53	2.03	10	4
1:B:68:HIS:CD2	2:D:467:MET:HA	0.50	2.41	3	11
1:A:23:ILE:O	1:A:27:LYS:HG2	0.50	2.07	8	2
1:B:72:ARG:HB2	2:D:491:ASP:OD1	0.49	2.07	7	2
1:B:1:MET:HG2	1:B:17:VAL:O	0.49	2.08	22	2
1:A:4:PHE:O	1:A:66:THR:HA	0.47	2.09	14	2
1:A:18:GLU:O	1:A:56:LEU:HD12	0.47	2.10	13	4
1:B:18:GLU:O	1:B:21:ASP:HB2	0.47	2.10	16	1
2:D:468:PHE:O	2:D:471:VAL:HG12	0.47	2.09	5	4

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:D:479:ASP:HB3	2:D:489:THR:HG23	0.47	1.86	6	2
1:B:55:THR:O	1:B:58:ASP:HB2	0.46	2.11	18	5
1:B:18:GLU:O	1:B:56:LEU:HD12	0.46	2.11	5	5
1:B:38:PRO:HA	1:B:41:GLN:CD	0.46	2.31	5	1
2:D:463:GLN:O	2:D:467:MET:HG2	0.46	2.11	5	3
1:A:18:GLU:O	1:A:21:ASP:HB2	0.45	2.10	6	3
2:D:480:LEU:O	2:D:484:ARG:HG3	0.45	2.11	16	1
2:D:491:ASP:O	2:D:495:GLU:HG2	0.45	2.11	17	1
1:B:72:ARG:HG3	2:D:491:ASP:OD1	0.45	2.12	1	1
2:D:489:THR:O	2:D:493:ILE:HG13	0.44	2.12	22	2
1:B:31:GLN:O	1:B:35:GLY:HA2	0.44	2.12	8	5
1:A:1:MET:HG2	1:A:17:VAL:O	0.44	2.11	16	3
1:B:44:ILE:HG21	2:D:468:PHE:CZ	0.44	2.48	20	1
1:B:23:ILE:O	1:B:27:LYS:HG2	0.44	2.13	10	1
1:A:25:ASN:O	1:A:29:LYS:HG3	0.43	2.13	2	1
1:B:51:GLU:HB2	1:B:54:ARG:CG	0.43	2.44	24	2
1:A:51:GLU:HB2	1:A:54:ARG:CG	0.42	2.44	19	1
1:B:45:PHE:O	1:B:48:LYS:HE3	0.42	2.14	18	1
1:A:31:GLN:O	1:A:35:GLY:HA2	0.41	2.15	11	1
1:B:28:ALA:O	1:B:31:GLN:HG2	0.41	2.16	5	1
1:B:72:ARG:HG3	2:D:491:ASP:OD2	0.41	2.16	2	1
1:B:72:ARG:HA	2:D:491:ASP:CG	0.41	2.36	4	1
1:B:4:PHE:O	1:B:66:THR:HA	0.41	2.15	24	1
2:D:464:ILE:HG23	2:D:490:THR:HG23	0.41	1.93	14	1
1:B:72:ARG:HE	2:D:491:ASP:CG	0.41	2.19	5	1
1:A:22:THR:O	1:A:26:VAL:HG23	0.41	2.16	12	1
1:A:45:PHE:HB3	1:A:50:LEU:HD21	0.40	1.93	11	1
1:B:19:PRO:O	1:B:55:THR:HB	0.40	2.17	17	1
1:A:47:GLY:HA2	2:D:473:TYR:HB3	0.40	1.94	8	1
1:B:51:GLU:HB2	1:B:54:ARG:HG2	0.40	1.94	11	1

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	70/76 (92%)	68±1 (97±2%)	2±1 (3±2%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
1	B	71/76 (93%)	70±1 (98±1%)	1±1 (2±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
2	D	45/52 (87%)	43±2 (95±4%)	2±2 (5±4%)	0±0 (0±1%)	44	80
All	All	4464/4896 (91%)	4331 (97%)	130 (3%)	3 (0%)	54	85

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	D	496	GLY	3

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	65/68 (96%)	60±2 (92±2%)	5±2 (8±2%)	15	62
1	B	66/68 (97%)	59±1 (90±2%)	7±1 (10±2%)	11	56
2	D	42/49 (86%)	38±1 (90±3%)	4±1 (10±3%)	11	56
All	All	4152/4440 (94%)	3763 (91%)	389 (9%)	12	58

All 69 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	D	455	SER	22
1	B	9	THR	20
2	D	480	LEU	20
1	A	9	THR	20
1	A	20	SER	18
1	B	20	SER	17
1	B	72	ARG	16
1	A	22	THR	16
1	B	49	GLN	16
1	B	14	THR	15
2	D	494	LEU	15
1	A	57	SER	14
1	B	22	THR	13

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	14	THR	13
1	A	7	THR	11
1	B	57	SER	11
1	B	52	ASP	8
1	B	55	THR	6
1	A	21	ASP	5
2	D	478	GLN	5
2	D	485	SER	5
2	D	490	THR	5
1	B	7	THR	5
2	D	468	PHE	5
1	A	55	THR	4
1	B	58	ASP	4
1	A	39	ASP	4
1	B	12	THR	4
1	A	52	ASP	4
1	B	63	LYS	4
2	D	482	LEU	4
2	D	463	GLN	3
2	D	492	ASN	3
1	A	58	ASP	3
1	B	24	GLU	3
1	A	49	GLN	3
1	B	39	ASP	3
2	D	497	ARG	2
1	B	48	LYS	2
1	A	66	THR	2
1	A	51	GLU	2
2	D	484	ARG	2
1	A	68	HIS	2
1	A	24	GLU	2
1	B	21	ASP	2
1	B	60	ASN	2
1	B	42	ARG	2
2	D	477	LEU	1
1	A	12	THR	1
2	D	491	ASP	1
2	D	483	THR	1
2	D	462	HIS	1
1	A	16	GLU	1
1	B	16	GLU	1
2	D	486	VAL	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	D	467	MET	1
1	B	66	THR	1
1	A	13	ILE	1
1	A	62	GLN	1
2	D	470	GLN	1
1	B	64	GLU	1
1	B	41	GLN	1
2	D	469	PRO	1
2	D	498	ILE	1
1	B	69	LEU	1
2	D	495	GLU	1
1	A	15	LEU	1
1	B	51	GLU	1
1	A	43	LEU	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 9% for the well-defined parts and 9% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *ProximalUb_amides_in_gp78-K48Ub2*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	132
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	132
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	66	0.53 ± 0.57	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 5%, i.e. 124 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2384. 0 out of 33 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	124/924 (13%)	62/368 (17%)	0/376 (0%)	62/180 (34%)
Sidechain	0/1363 (0%)	0/792 (0%)	0/511 (0%)	0/60 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	0/97 (0%)	0/53 (0%)	0/40 (0%)	0/4 (0%)
Overall	124/2384 (5%)	62/1213 (5%)	0/927 (0%)	62/244 (25%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 5%, i.e. 132 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2582. 0 out of 36 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	132/1000 (13%)	66/398 (17%)	0/408 (0%)	66/194 (34%)
Sidechain	0/1476 (0%)	0/860 (0%)	0/546 (0%)	0/70 (0%)
Aromatic	0/106 (0%)	0/58 (0%)	0/44 (0%)	0/4 (0%)
Overall	132/2582 (5%)	66/1316 (5%)	0/998 (0%)	66/268 (25%)

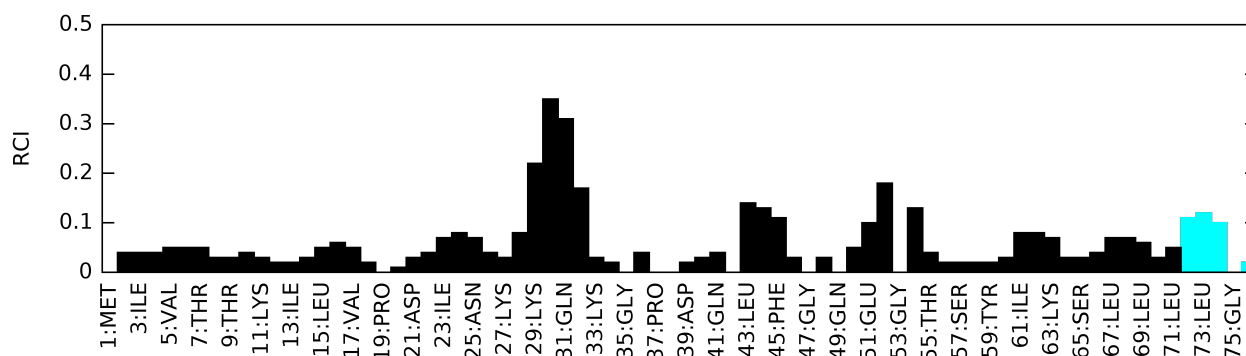
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *gp78CUE_amides_in_gp78-K48Ub2*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	90
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	90
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	45	1.56 ± 0.43	Should be applied

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 4%, i.e. 84 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2384. 0 out of 33 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	84/924 (9%)	42/368 (11%)	0/376 (0%)	42/180 (23%)
Sidechain	0/1363 (0%)	0/792 (0%)	0/511 (0%)	0/60 (0%)
Aromatic	0/97 (0%)	0/53 (0%)	0/40 (0%)	0/4 (0%)
Overall	84/2384 (4%)	42/1213 (3%)	0/927 (0%)	42/244 (17%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 3%, i.e. 90 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2582. 0 out of 36 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	90/1000 (9%)	45/398 (11%)	0/408 (0%)	45/194 (23%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Sidechain	0/1476 (0%)	0/860 (0%)	0/546 (0%)	0/70 (0%)
Aromatic	0/106 (0%)	0/58 (0%)	0/44 (0%)	0/4 (0%)
Overall	90/2582 (3%)	45/1316 (3%)	0/998 (0%)	45/268 (17%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain D:

