



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 25, 2020 – 10:22 am BST

PDB ID : 4M3P  
Title : Betaine-Homocysteine S-Methyltransferase from Homo sapiens complexed with Homocysteine  
Authors : Koutmos, M.; Yamada, K.; Mladkova, J.; Paterova, J.; Diamond, C.E.; Tryon, K.; Jungwirth, P.; Garrow, T.A.; Jiracek, J.  
Deposited on : 2013-08-06  
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

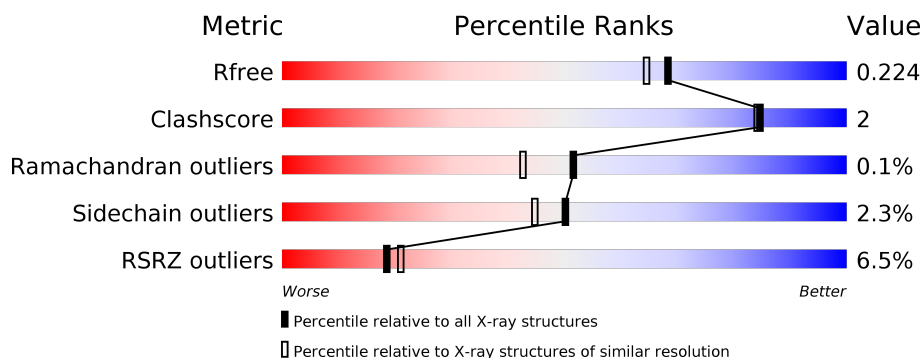
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	406	<div> <div>6%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>84%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>9%</div> </div> </div>
1	B	406	<div> <div>6%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>85%</div> <div>6%</div> <div>8%</div> </div> </div>
1	C	406	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>81%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>13%</div> </div> </div>
1	D	406	<div> <div>7%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>84%</div> <div>6%</div> <div>9%</div> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 23533 atoms, of which 11342 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Betaine--homocysteine S-methyltransferase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	370	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	2	0
			5750	1844	2853	501	537	15			
1	B	373	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5772	1853	2864	505	535	15			
1	C	355	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	1	0
			5517	1776	2738	480	508	15			
1	D	371	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5755	1851	2852	502	534	16			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	239	GLN	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q93088
B	239	GLN	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q93088
C	239	GLN	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q93088
D	239	GLN	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q93088

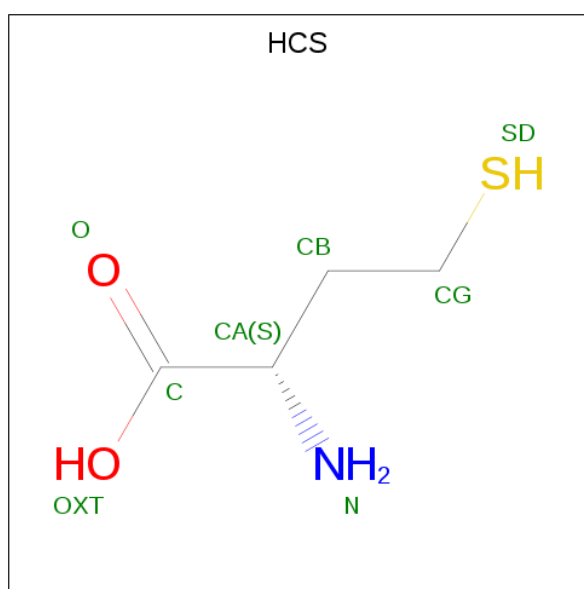
- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	A	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	D	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	C	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

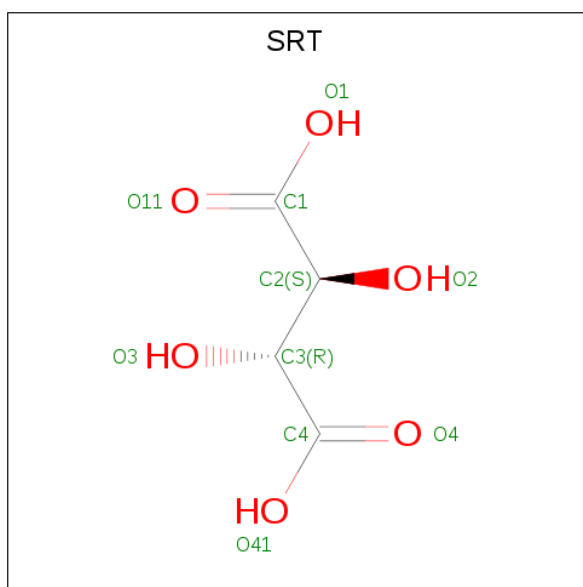
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
3	D	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
3	C	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is 2-AMINO-4-MERCAPTO-BUTYRIC ACID (three-letter code: HCS) (formula:  $C_4H_9NO_2S$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 15	C 4	H 7	N 1	O 2	S 1	0	0
4	B	1	Total 15	C 4	H 7	N 1	O 2	S 1	0	0
4	C	1	Total 15	C 4	H 7	N 1	O 2	S 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total 15	C 4	H 7	N 1	O 2	S 1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is S,R MESO-TARTARIC ACID (three-letter code: SRT) (formula:  $C_4H_6O_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			14	4	4	6		
5	D	1	Total	C	H	O	0	0
			13	4	3	6		

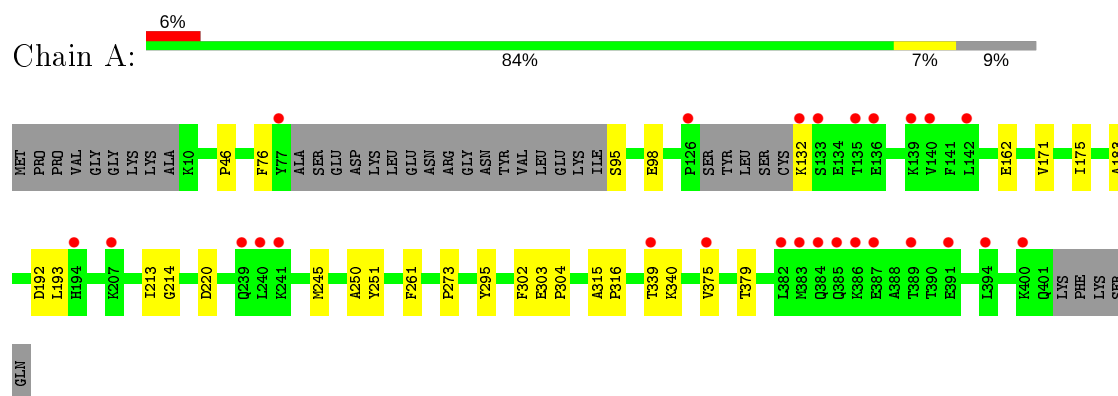
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	174	Total	O	0	0
			174	174		
6	B	141	Total	O	0	0
			141	141		
6	C	182	Total	O	0	0
			182	182		
6	D	147	Total	O	0	0
			147	147		

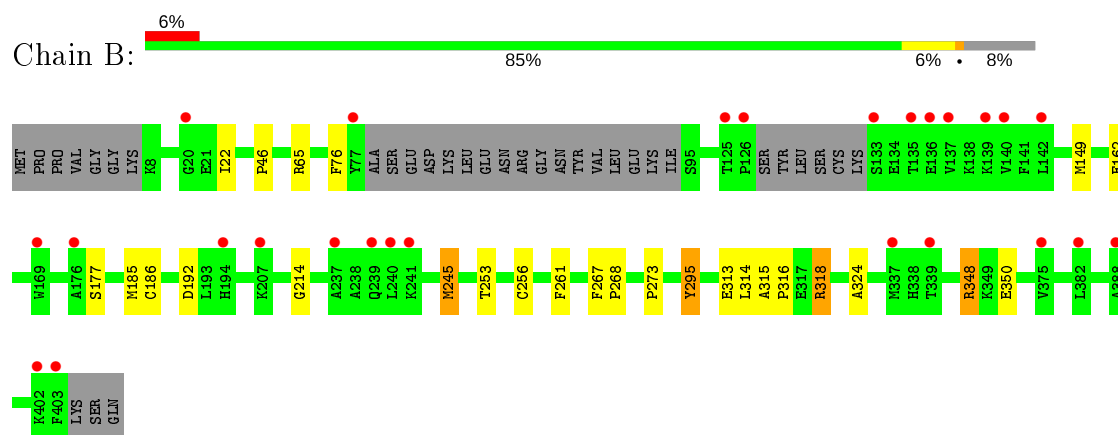
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

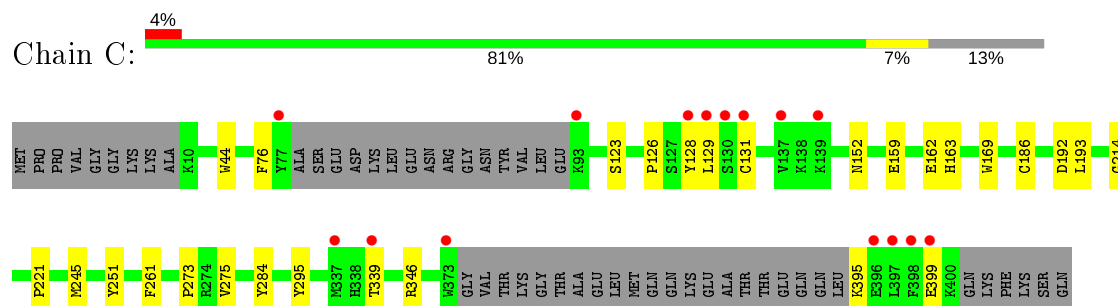
#### • Molecule 1: Betaine--homocysteine S-methyltransferase 1



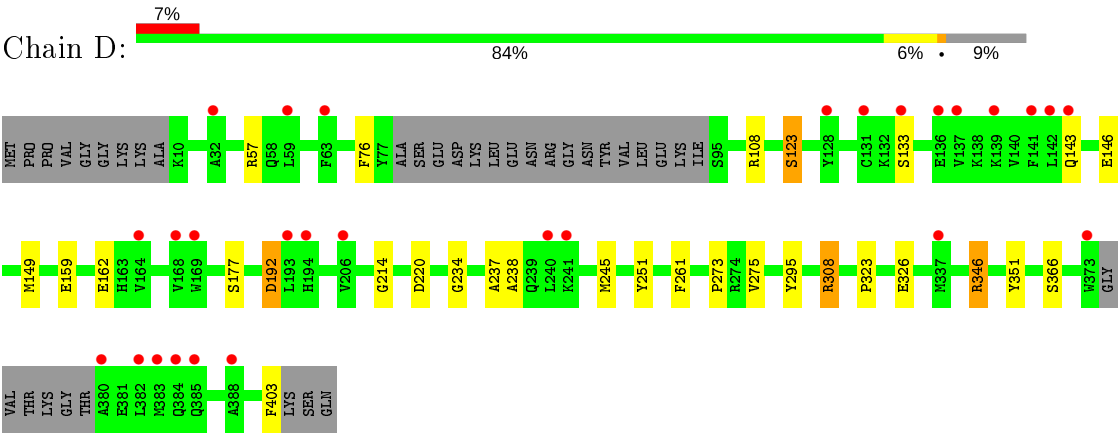
#### • Molecule 1: Betaine--homocysteine S-methyltransferase 1



#### • Molecule 1: Betaine--homocysteine S-methyltransferase 1



● Molecule 1: Betaine--homocysteine S-methyltransferase 1



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	86.10 Å 102.62 Å 96.23 Å 90.00° 101.76° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.22 – 1.90 45.06 – 1.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.0 (45.22-1.90) 99.0 (45.06-1.90)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.07	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.24 (at 1.89 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.180 , 0.219 0.188 , 0.224	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	6476 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.540	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.43 , 44.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	23533	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.81% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HCS, ZN, K, SRT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	0.61	0/2972	0.67	0/4018
1	B	0.62	0/2978	0.69	1/4025 (0.0%)
1	C	0.67	2/2852 (0.1%)	0.72	1/3857 (0.0%)
1	D	0.63	0/2974	0.75	8/4020 (0.2%)
All	All	0.63	2/11776 (0.0%)	0.71	10/15920 (0.1%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	169	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.12	1.47	1.41
1	C	44	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.05	1.47	1.41

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	D	308	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.36	114.62	120.30
1	D	308	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.65	125.12	120.30
1	D	346	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.85	124.73	120.30
1	D	346	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.17	116.72	120.30
1	D	108	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.87	117.37	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2897	2853	2853	13	0
1	B	2908	2864	2863	14	0
1	C	2779	2738	2738	12	0
1	D	2903	2852	2851	15	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	8	7	7	0	0
4	B	8	7	7	0	0
4	C	8	7	7	0	0
4	D	8	7	7	0	0
5	B	10	4	4	0	0
5	D	10	3	3	0	0
6	A	174	0	0	1	0
6	B	141	0	0	1	0
6	C	182	0	0	1	0
6	D	147	0	0	2	0
All	All	12191	11342	11340	52	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 52 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:323:PRO:O	1:D:326:GLU:HG2	1.73	0.86
1:C:152:ASN:HB2	6:C:780:HOH:O	2.01	0.59
1:B:313:GLU:O	6:B:715:HOH:O	2.17	0.57
1:C:126:PRO:HG2	1:C:129:LEU:HD12	1.87	0.57
1:B:22:ILE:HB	1:B:318:ARG:HD3	1.87	0.56

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	366/406 (90%)	353 (96%)	12 (3%)	1 (0%)	41	31
1	B	367/406 (90%)	358 (98%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	31
1	C	350/406 (86%)	338 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	365/406 (90%)	356 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1448/1624 (89%)	1405 (97%)	41 (3%)	2 (0%)	51	43

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	46	PRO
1	A	46	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	300/329 (91%)	295 (98%)	5 (2%)	60	57
1	B	299/329 (91%)	292 (98%)	7 (2%)	50	45
1	C	288/329 (88%)	280 (97%)	8 (3%)	43	36
1	D	300/329 (91%)	293 (98%)	7 (2%)	50	45
All	All	1187/1316 (90%)	1160 (98%)	27 (2%)	50	45

5 of 27 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	76	PHE
1	C	261	PHE
1	D	261	PHE
1	C	131	CYS
1	A	295	TYR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 14 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	HCS	A	703	2	3,7,7	1.12	0	2,8,8	3.20	1 (50%)
4	HCS	C	503	2	3,7,7	1.91	1 (33%)	2,8,8	2.90	1 (50%)
4	HCS	D	504	2	3,7,7	0.91	0	2,8,8	4.53	1 (50%)
4	HCS	B	504	2	3,7,7	0.97	0	2,8,8	5.19	1 (50%)
5	SRT	D	501	-	3,9,9	2.51	2 (66%)	6,12,12	1.78	2 (33%)
5	SRT	B	501	-	3,9,9	1.38	1 (33%)	6,12,12	2.25	2 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	HCS	A	703	2	-	0/3/7/7	-
4	HCS	C	503	2	-	0/3/7/7	-
4	HCS	D	504	2	-	0/3/7/7	-
4	HCS	B	504	2	-	0/3/7/7	-
5	SRT	D	501	-	-	4/4/12/12	-
5	SRT	B	501	-	-	4/4/12/12	-

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	D	501	SRT	O2-C2	-3.63	1.35	1.42
4	C	503	HCS	CG-SD	2.33	1.89	1.80
5	D	501	SRT	O3-C3	-2.31	1.38	1.42
5	B	501	SRT	O3-C3	-2.21	1.38	1.42

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	B	504	HCS	CB-CG-SD	-7.13	106.31	113.74
4	D	504	HCS	CB-CG-SD	-6.19	107.30	113.74
4	A	703	HCS	CB-CG-SD	-4.30	109.27	113.74
5	B	501	SRT	C4-C3-C2	-3.88	104.75	113.11
4	C	503	HCS	CB-CG-SD	-3.75	109.84	113.74

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	D	501	SRT	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	B	501	SRT	C1-C2-C3-O3
5	B	501	SRT	C1-C2-C3-C4
5	B	501	SRT	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	D	501	SRT	O2-C2-C3-C4

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	370/406 (91%)	0.28	26 (7%) 16 18	18, 30, 57, 76	0
1	B	373/406 (91%)	0.35	26 (6%) 16 18	19, 35, 59, 71	0
1	C	355/406 (87%)	0.24	15 (4%) 36 39	16, 26, 52, 82	0
1	D	371/406 (91%)	0.42	28 (7%) 14 15	18, 33, 59, 74	0
All	All	1469/1624 (90%)	0.33	95 (6%) 18 21	16, 30, 57, 82	0

The worst 5 of 95 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	77	TYR	6.6
1	C	396	GLU	5.7
1	C	129	LEU	5.5
1	A	126	PRO	5.4
1	B	403	PHE	5.2

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
5	SRT	B	501	10/10	0.86	0.13	31,40,45,45	0
5	SRT	D	501	10/10	0.92	0.14	28,35,37,40	0
4	HCS	A	703	8/8	0.95	0.11	32,33,36,36	0
4	HCS	D	504	8/8	0.95	0.11	34,38,40,41	0
4	HCS	B	504	8/8	0.96	0.08	31,36,36,38	0
4	HCS	C	503	8/8	0.98	0.08	23,26,27,27	0
2	ZN	D	502	1/1	0.99	0.08	32,32,32,32	0
3	K	A	702	1/1	0.99	0.09	23,23,23,23	0
3	K	D	503	1/1	0.99	0.16	26,26,26,26	0
3	K	B	503	1/1	1.00	0.08	27,27,27,27	0
3	K	C	502	1/1	1.00	0.10	20,20,20,20	0
2	ZN	C	501	1/1	1.00	0.10	25,25,25,25	0
2	ZN	B	502	1/1	1.00	0.09	32,32,32,32	0
2	ZN	A	701	1/1	1.00	0.09	31,31,31,31	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.