



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 30, 2020 – 11:08 AM BST

PDB ID : 3MMX  
Title : Bacillus anthracis NadD (baNadD) in complex with compound 1\_02\_3  
Authors : Huang, N.; Zhang, H.  
Deposited on : 2010-04-20  
Resolution : 2.55 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.13  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13

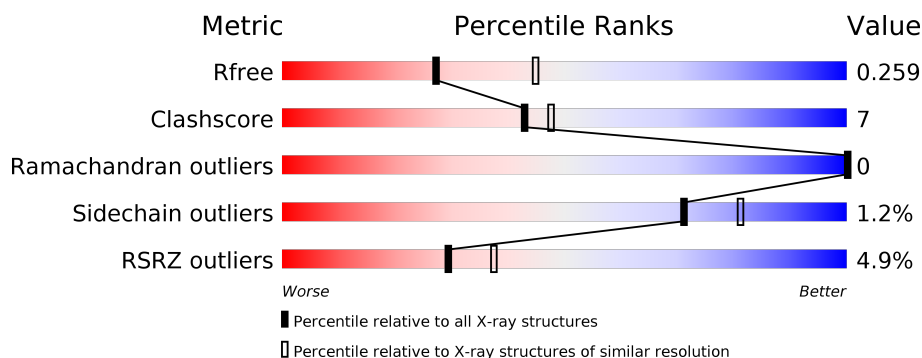
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.55 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1279 (2.58-2.54)
Clashscore	141614	1327 (2.58-2.54)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1312 (2.58-2.54)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1312 (2.58-2.54)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1269 (2.58-2.54)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	191	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>79%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>6%</div> </div> </div>
1	B	191	<div> <div>5%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>85%</div> <div>14%</div> <div></div> </div> </div>
1	C	191	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>77%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>6%</div> </div> </div>
1	D	191	<div> <div>5%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>81%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>5%</div> </div> </div>
1	E	191	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>81%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>5%</div> </div> </div>
1	F	191	<div> <div>5%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>78%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>8%</div> </div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	G	191	
1	H	191	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	KJZ	B	191	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12172 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	180	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1479	964	238	271	6			
1	B	188	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1544	1005	253	280	6			
1	C	180	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1479	966	237	270	6			
1	D	182	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1494	975	240	273	6			
1	E	181	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1486	971	238	271	6			
1	F	175	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1440	941	228	265	6			
1	G	172	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1417	926	225	261	5			
1	H	175	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1439	942	228	263	6			

There are 16 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
A	0	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
B	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
B	0	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
C	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
C	0	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
D	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
D	0	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
E	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
E	0	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
F	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
F	0	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
G	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6

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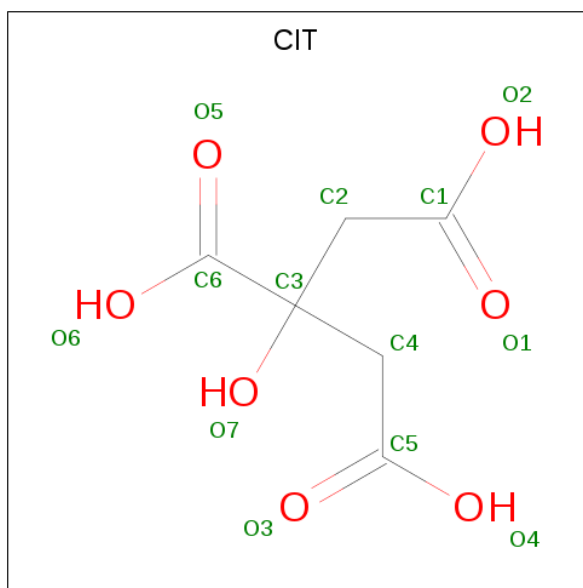
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
G	0	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
H	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6
H	0	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP C3L5T6

- Molecule 2 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

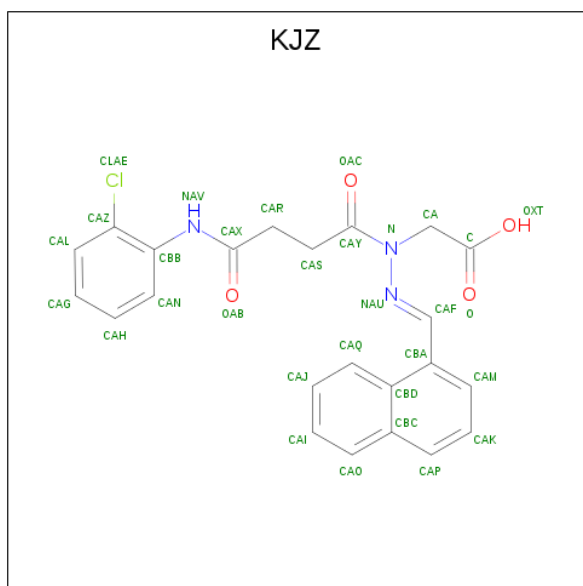
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	G	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	D	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	E	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	H	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	C	2	Total K 2 2	0	0
2	A	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
2	F	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is CITRIC ACID (three-letter code: CIT) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>7</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		
3	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		
3	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		
3	E	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		
3	F	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		
3	G	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		
3	H	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		

- Molecule 4 is [(2E)-1-{4-[(2-chlorophenyl)amino]-4-oxobutanoyl}-2-(naphthalen-1-ylmethylene)hydrazino]acetic acid (three-letter code: KJZ) (formula: C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	C	Cl	N	O	0
			31	23	1	3	4	0
4	D	1	Total	C	Cl	N	O	0
			31	23	1	3	4	0

- Molecule 5 is DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE (three-letter code: DMS) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>OS).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	D	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		
5	E	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		
5	F	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		
5	H	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		

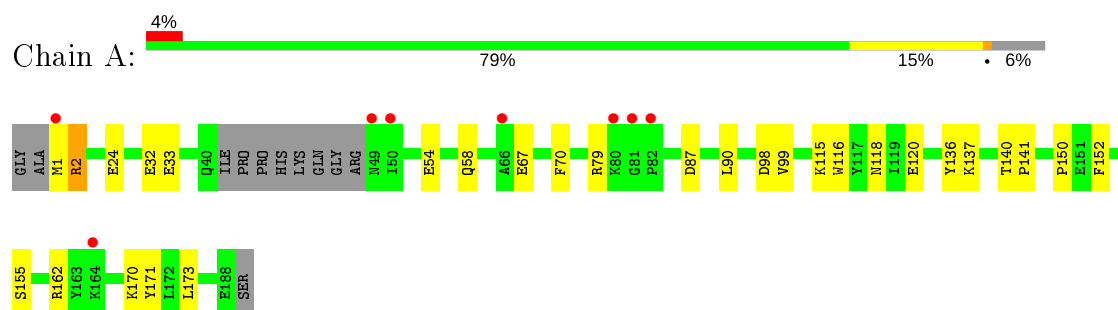
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	54	Total	O	0	0
			54	54		
6	B	35	Total	O	0	0
			35	35		
6	C	22	Total	O	0	0
			22	22		
6	D	19	Total	O	0	0
			19	19		
6	E	32	Total	O	0	0
			32	32		
6	F	18	Total	O	0	0
			18	18		
6	G	16	Total	O	0	0
			16	16		
6	H	7	Total	O	0	0
			7	7		

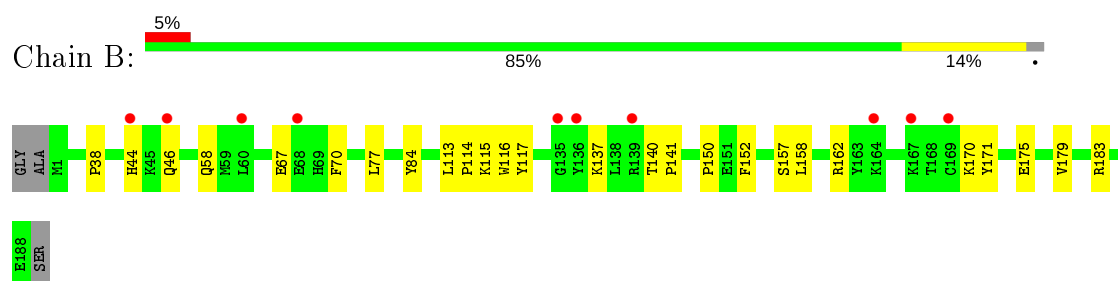
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

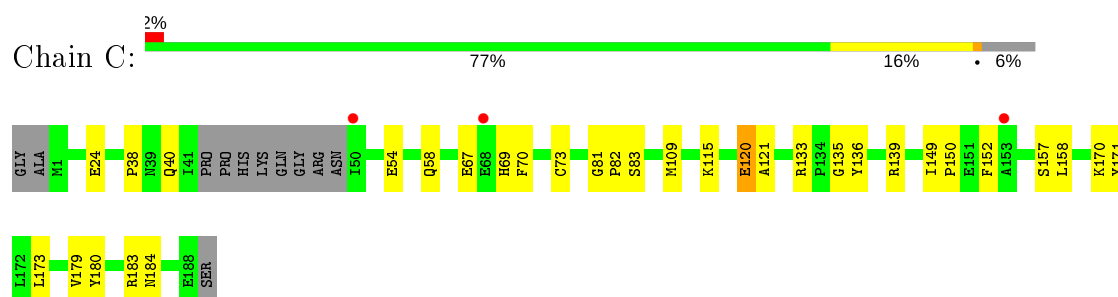
- Molecule 1: nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase



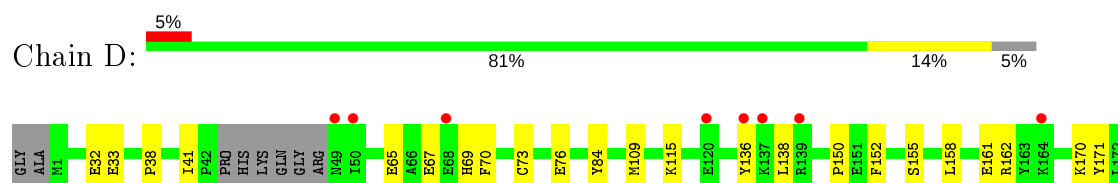
- Molecule 1: nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase



- Molecule 1: nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase



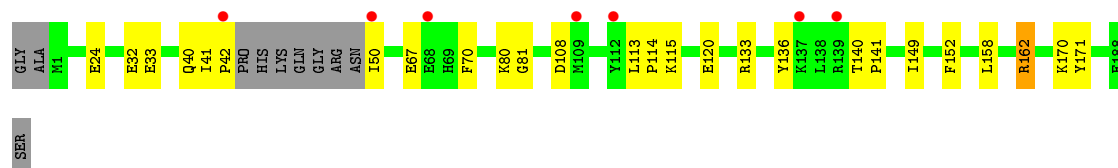
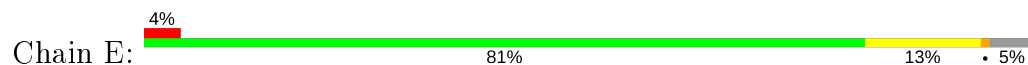
- Molecule 1: nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase



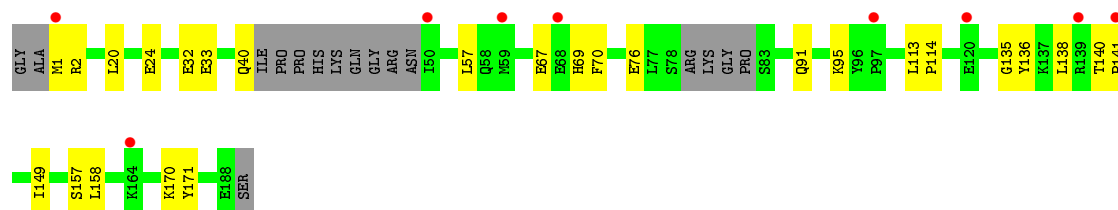
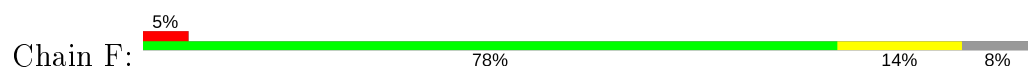




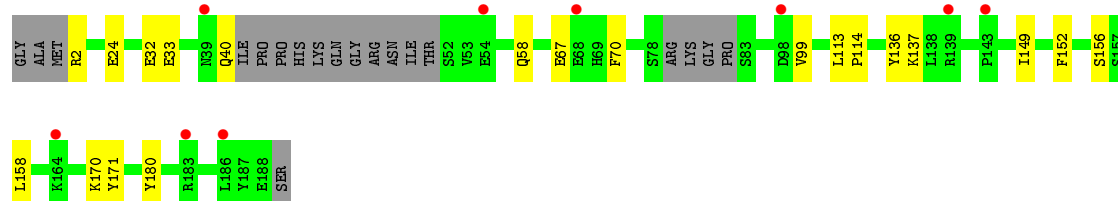
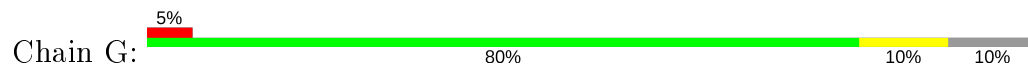
- Molecule 1: nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase



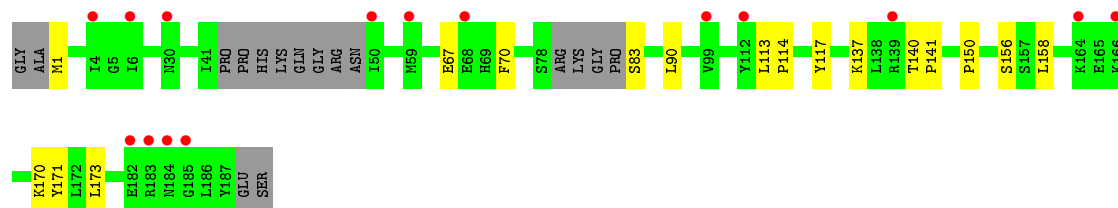
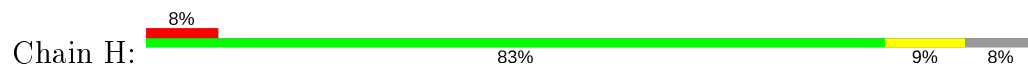
- Molecule 1: nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase



- Molecule 1: nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase



- Molecule 1: nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	295.15Å 46.45Å 114.95Å 90.00° 91.42° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	18.93 – 2.55 18.93 – 2.55	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (18.93-2.55) 99.8 (18.93-2.55)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.26 (at 2.56Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.5_2)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.221 , 0.263 0.213 , 0.259	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2619 reflections (5.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	49.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.053	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 42.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.009 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	12172	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	60.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.83% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: KJZ, K, DMS, CIT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.55	0/1517	0.59	0/2058
1	B	0.49	0/1586	0.56	0/2153
1	C	0.49	0/1517	0.58	0/2058
1	D	0.47	0/1533	0.56	0/2081
1	E	0.53	0/1525	0.57	1/2070 (0.0%)
1	F	0.43	0/1476	0.54	0/2002
1	G	0.40	0/1453	0.51	0/1971
1	H	0.40	0/1475	0.52	0/2001
All	All	0.47	0/12082	0.55	1/16394 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	E	162	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.04	117.78	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1479	0	1480	24	0
1	B	1544	0	1550	24	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	1479	0	1485	33	0
1	D	1494	0	1498	22	0
1	E	1486	0	1492	21	0
1	F	1440	0	1437	20	0
1	G	1417	0	1407	14	0
1	H	1439	0	1442	17	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	2	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
2	E	1	0	0	0	0
2	F	1	0	0	0	0
2	G	1	0	0	0	0
2	H	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	13	0	5	1	0
3	B	13	0	5	1	0
3	C	13	0	5	2	0
3	D	13	0	5	1	0
3	E	13	0	5	0	0
3	F	13	0	5	1	0
3	G	13	0	5	2	0
3	H	13	0	5	2	0
4	B	31	0	19	14	0
4	D	31	0	19	8	0
5	D	4	0	6	0	0
5	E	4	0	6	2	0
5	F	4	0	6	0	0
5	H	4	0	6	1	0
6	A	54	0	0	0	0
6	B	35	0	0	0	0
6	C	22	0	0	1	0
6	D	19	0	0	1	0
6	E	32	0	0	1	0
6	F	18	0	0	0	0
6	G	16	0	0	1	0
6	H	7	0	0	0	0
All	All	12172	0	11893	161	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 161 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:90:LEU:HD23	1:H:117:TYR:OH	1.63	0.96
1:C:40:GLN:HG2	1:C:81:GLY:O	1.76	0.86
1:D:84:TYR:HD2	4:D:191:KJZ:HA	1.46	0.80
1:D:32:GLU:HG2	1:D:33:GLU:HG3	1.64	0.79
4:B:191:KJZ:HAK	1:C:109:MET:CE	2.13	0.79

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	176/191 (92%)	173 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	186/191 (97%)	181 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	176/191 (92%)	171 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	178/191 (93%)	173 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
1	E	177/191 (93%)	174 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	F	169/191 (88%)	164 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
1	G	166/191 (87%)	163 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	H	169/191 (88%)	165 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1397/1528 (91%)	1364 (98%)	33 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	163/171 (95%)	161 (99%)	2 (1%)	71	81
1	B	170/171 (99%)	168 (99%)	2 (1%)	71	81
1	C	163/171 (95%)	160 (98%)	3 (2%)	59	73
1	D	165/171 (96%)	162 (98%)	3 (2%)	59	73
1	E	164/171 (96%)	162 (99%)	2 (1%)	71	81
1	F	159/171 (93%)	159 (100%)	0	100	100
1	G	156/171 (91%)	155 (99%)	1 (1%)	86	92
1	H	159/171 (93%)	157 (99%)	2 (1%)	69	80
All	All	1299/1368 (95%)	1284 (99%)	15 (1%)	71	81

5 of 15 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	152	PHE
1	D	41	ILE
1	G	152	PHE
1	C	120	GLU
1	E	152	PHE

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	69	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 23 ligands modelled in this entry, 9 are monoatomic - leaving 14 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	CIT	E	191	-	3,12,12	1.37	0	3,17,17	0.77	0
3	CIT	G	191	-	3,12,12	1.28	0	3,17,17	0.97	0
3	CIT	C	192	-	3,12,12	1.24	0	3,17,17	1.54	0
3	CIT	D	192	-	3,12,12	0.94	0	3,17,17	1.26	1 (33%)
4	KJZ	D	191	-	30,33,33	2.82	16 (53%)	38,44,44	3.07	6 (15%)
3	CIT	F	191	-	3,12,12	1.28	1 (33%)	3,17,17	1.10	0
5	DMS	H	192	-	3,3,3	2.80	1 (33%)	3,3,3	0.83	0
3	CIT	H	191	-	3,12,12	1.22	0	3,17,17	2.26	1 (33%)
5	DMS	F	192	-	3,3,3	2.80	1 (33%)	3,3,3	0.88	0
5	DMS	E	192	-	3,3,3	2.59	1 (33%)	3,3,3	0.56	0
4	KJZ	B	191	-	30,33,33	2.82	16 (53%)	38,44,44	2.93	7 (18%)
3	CIT	B	192	-	3,12,12	1.35	1 (33%)	3,17,17	1.08	0
3	CIT	A	191	-	3,12,12	1.19	0	3,17,17	1.43	1 (33%)
5	DMS	D	193	-	3,3,3	2.73	1 (33%)	3,3,3	0.97	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	CIT	E	191	-	-	2/6/16/16	-
3	CIT	G	191	-	-	3/6/16/16	-
3	CIT	C	192	-	-	6/6/16/16	-
4	KJZ	D	191	-	-	12/20/22/22	0/3/3/3
3	CIT	F	191	-	-	6/6/16/16	-
4	KJZ	B	191	-	-	9/20/22/22	0/3/3/3

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	CIT	H	191	-	-	4/6/16/16	-
3	CIT	B	192	-	-	1/6/16/16	-
3	CIT	D	192	-	-	6/6/16/16	-
3	CIT	A	191	-	-	3/6/16/16	-

The worst 5 of 38 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	B	191	KJZ	OAC-CAY	6.10	1.36	1.23
4	D	191	KJZ	OAB-CAX	5.58	1.34	1.23
4	D	191	KJZ	OAC-CAY	5.43	1.35	1.23
4	D	191	KJZ	CAK-CAP	5.26	1.48	1.36
4	B	191	KJZ	OAB-CAX	5.17	1.33	1.23

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	D	191	KJZ	OAC-CAY-N	15.45	136.82	120.18
4	B	191	KJZ	OAC-CAY-N	12.52	133.66	120.18
4	B	191	KJZ	OAB-CAX-CAR	-6.39	110.33	122.02
4	B	191	KJZ	CAY-N-NAU	6.20	119.81	116.84
4	D	191	KJZ	OAB-CAX-NAV	5.89	134.38	123.63

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 52 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	191	KJZ	CA-N-NAU-CAF
4	D	191	KJZ	CAY-N-NAU-CAF
4	D	191	KJZ	CAS-CAY-N-NAU
4	D	191	KJZ	NAU-CAF-CBA-CAM
4	D	191	KJZ	NAU-CAF-CBA-CBD

There are no ring outliers.

11 monomers are involved in 35 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	G	191	CIT	2	0
3	C	192	CIT	2	0
3	D	192	CIT	1	0

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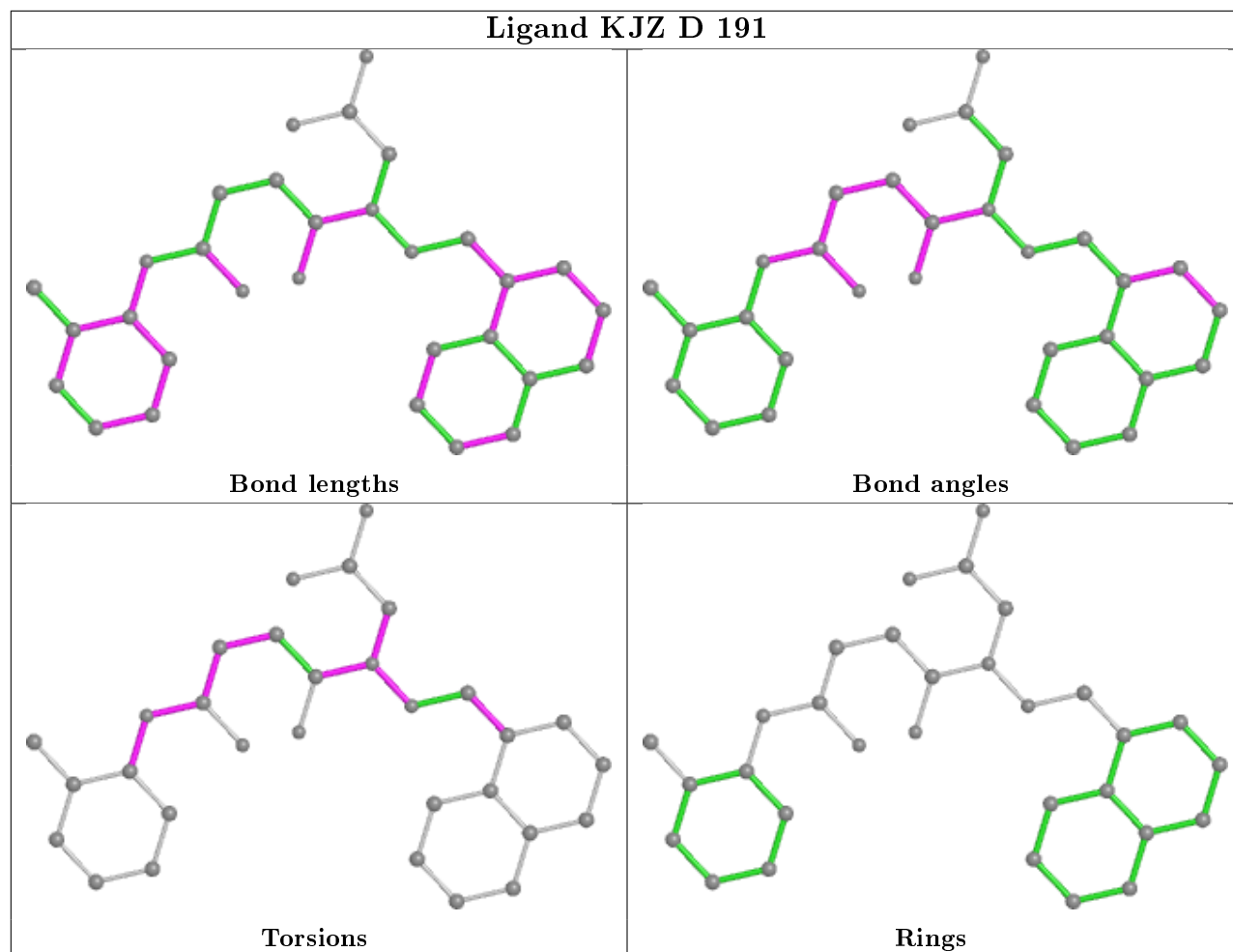


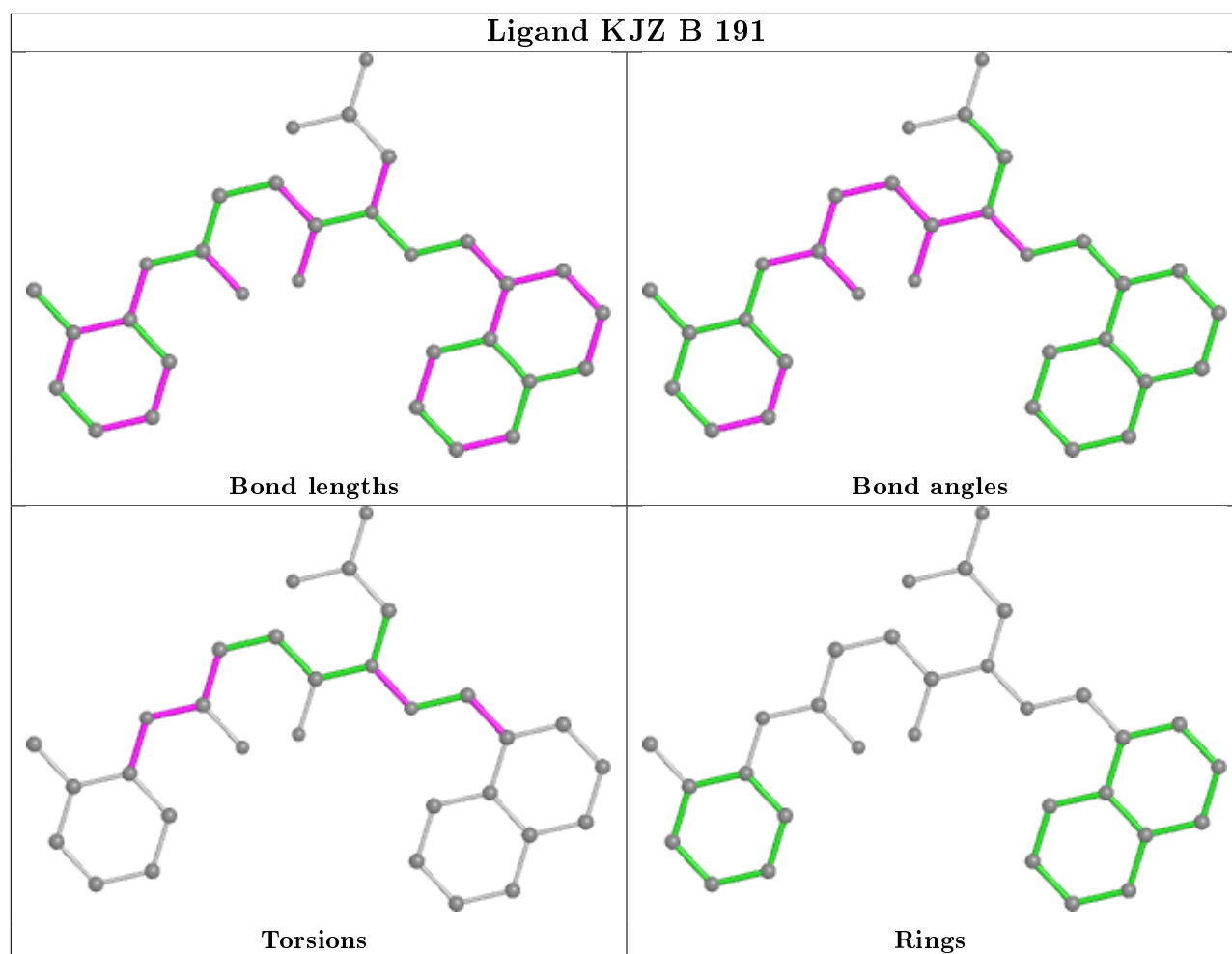
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	D	191	KJZ	8	0
3	F	191	CIT	1	0
5	H	192	DMS	1	0
3	H	191	CIT	2	0
5	E	192	DMS	2	0
4	B	191	KJZ	14	0
3	B	192	CIT	1	0
3	A	191	CIT	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

## Ligand KJZ D 191





## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	180/191 (94%)	-0.00	8 (4%) 34 43	21, 43, 81, 108	0
1	B	188/191 (98%)	0.20	10 (5%) 26 33	28, 51, 97, 142	0
1	C	180/191 (94%)	0.05	3 (1%) 70 77	28, 51, 85, 113	0
1	D	182/191 (95%)	0.18	9 (4%) 29 37	26, 55, 93, 118	0
1	E	181/191 (94%)	0.14	7 (3%) 39 48	22, 48, 91, 127	0
1	F	175/191 (91%)	0.36	9 (5%) 28 35	30, 63, 112, 154	0
1	G	172/191 (90%)	0.37	9 (5%) 27 34	38, 66, 100, 136	0
1	H	175/191 (91%)	0.57	15 (8%) 10 14	39, 70, 107, 169	0
All	All	1433/1528 (93%)	0.23	70 (4%) 29 37	21, 55, 100, 169	0

The worst 5 of 70 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	G	164	LYS	5.9
1	B	139	ARG	5.4
1	F	141	PRO	4.3
1	H	139	ARG	4.2
1	C	50	ILE	4.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands ⓘ

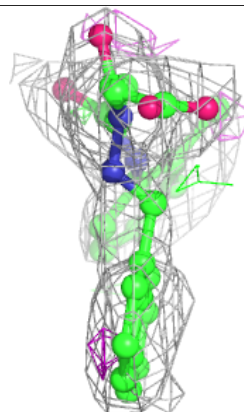
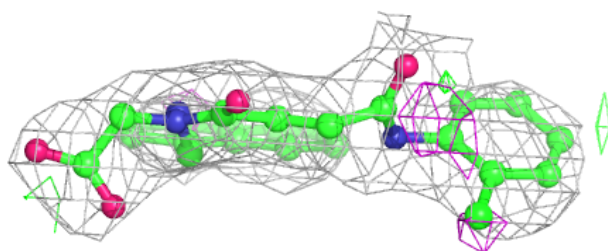
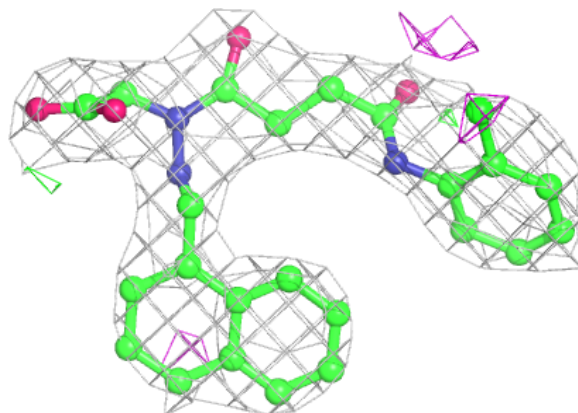
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	CIT	F	191	13/13	0.74	0.26	95,96,98,98	0
2	K	B	190	1/1	0.81	0.11	59,59,59,59	0
2	K	H	190	1/1	0.81	0.12	65,65,65,65	0
3	CIT	G	191	13/13	0.81	0.30	74,77,80,80	0
3	CIT	D	192	13/13	0.81	0.30	74,79,80,82	0
4	KJZ	D	191	31/31	0.83	0.21	53,54,74,80	0
3	CIT	E	191	13/13	0.83	0.24	64,69,72,73	0
3	CIT	H	191	13/13	0.87	0.29	60,63,64,65	0
5	DMS	F	192	4/4	0.88	0.24	68,68,68,68	0
3	CIT	B	192	13/13	0.89	0.25	54,60,62,62	0
2	K	C	191	1/1	0.90	0.17	74,74,74,74	0
2	K	E	190	1/1	0.91	0.06	39,39,39,39	0
3	CIT	A	191	13/13	0.91	0.26	62,70,71,72	0
5	DMS	D	193	4/4	0.91	0.17	64,64,65,65	0
2	K	D	190	1/1	0.91	0.06	50,50,50,50	0
4	KJZ	B	191	31/31	0.92	0.17	36,39,52,60	0
2	K	F	190	1/1	0.94	0.07	47,47,47,47	0
2	K	A	190	1/1	0.95	0.06	36,36,36,36	0
2	K	G	190	1/1	0.95	0.12	65,65,65,65	0
5	DMS	H	192	4/4	0.95	0.14	59,59,60,60	0
3	CIT	C	192	13/13	0.95	0.27	64,65,67,67	0
2	K	C	190	1/1	0.97	0.05	39,39,39,39	0
5	DMS	E	192	4/4	0.98	0.14	23,34,64,89	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

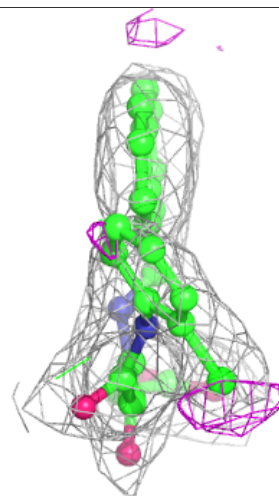
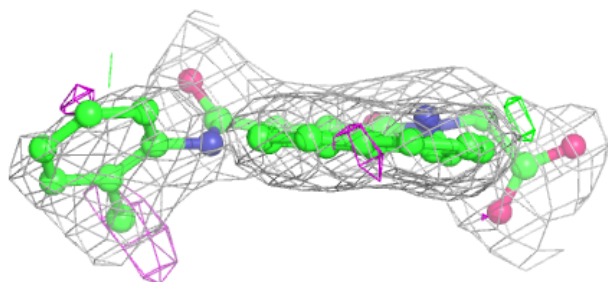
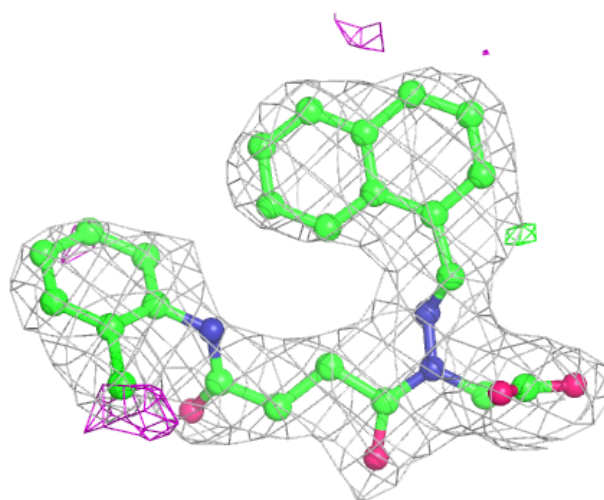
**Electron density around KJZ D 191:**

$2mF_o - DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o - DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around KJZ B 191:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.