



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 28, 2020 – 11:53 pm BST

PDB ID : 2MPF
Title : Solution structure human HCN2 CNBD in the cAMP-unbound state
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Deposited on : 2014-05-16

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : 2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

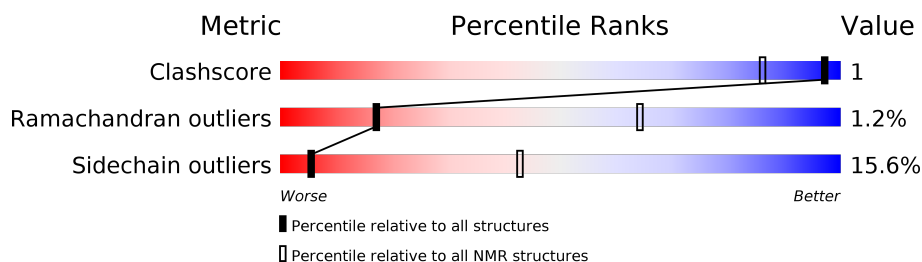
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 86%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	158	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 5 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:535-A:655 (121)	0.77	5

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 13, 14, 16
2	8, 15, 17, 18, 20
3	9, 10, 11, 19
Single-model clusters	7; 12

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2252 atoms, of which 1139 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	139	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2252	709	1139	195	200	9	

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

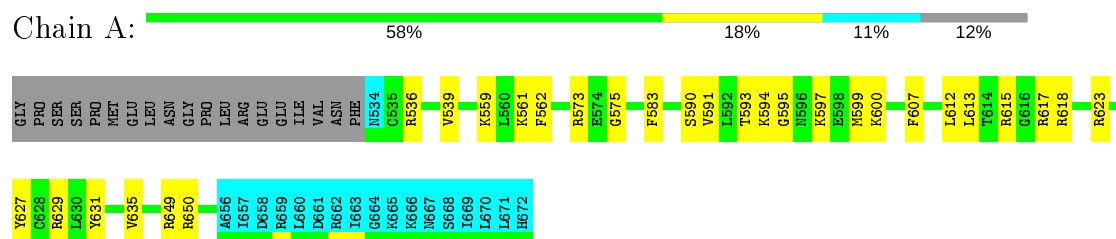
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	515	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9UL51
A	516	PRO	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9UL51
A	517	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9UL51
A	518	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9UL51
A	519	PRO	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9UL51
A	520	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9UL51

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2

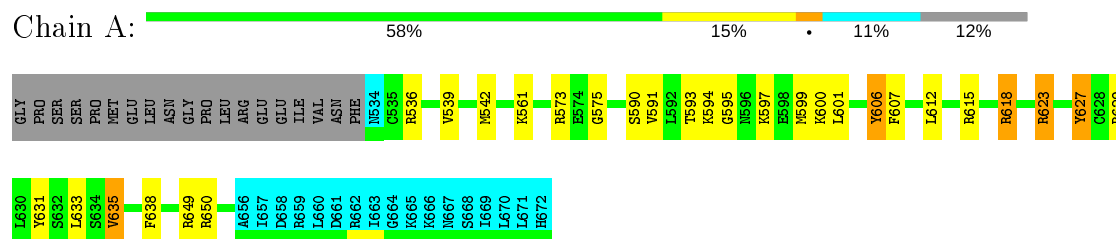


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

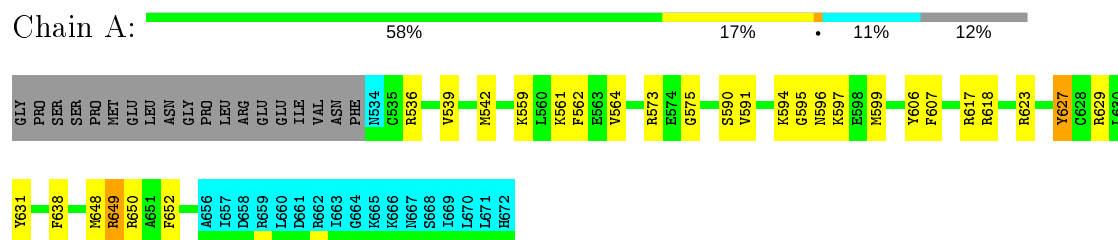
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



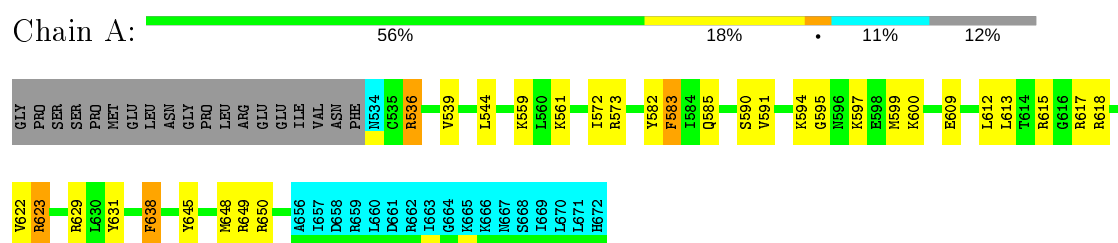
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



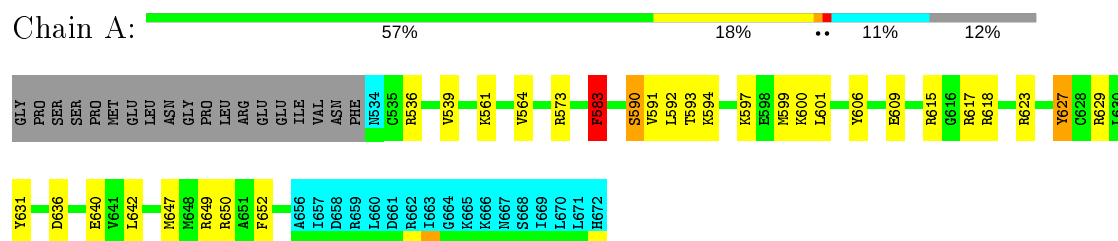
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



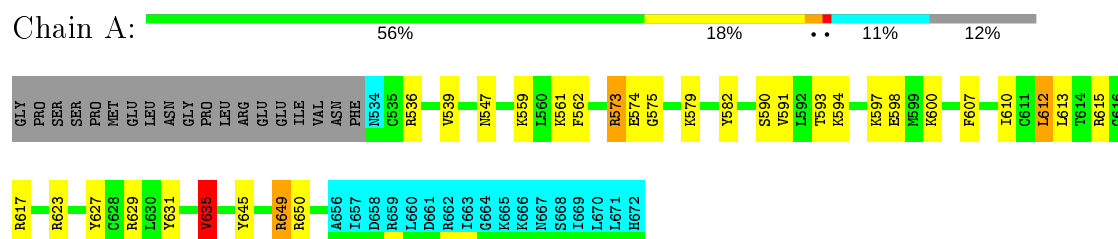
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



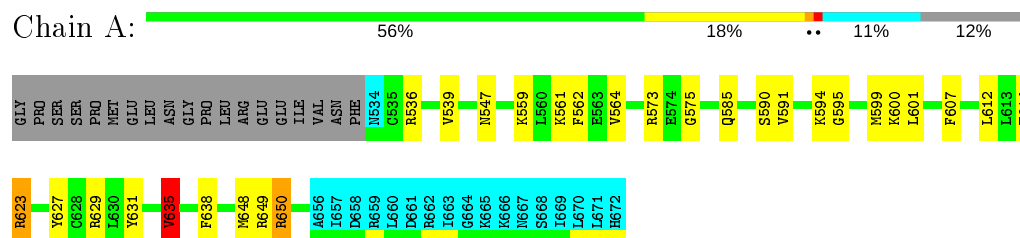
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



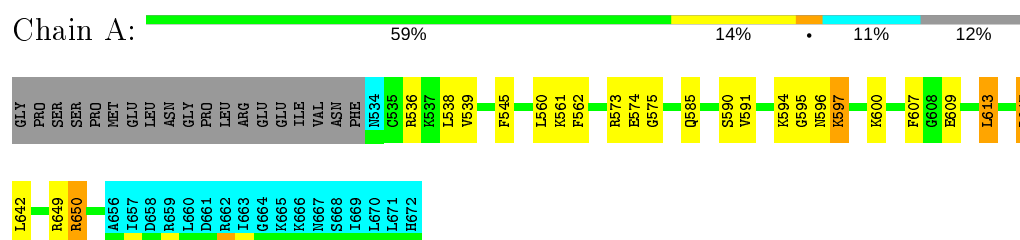
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



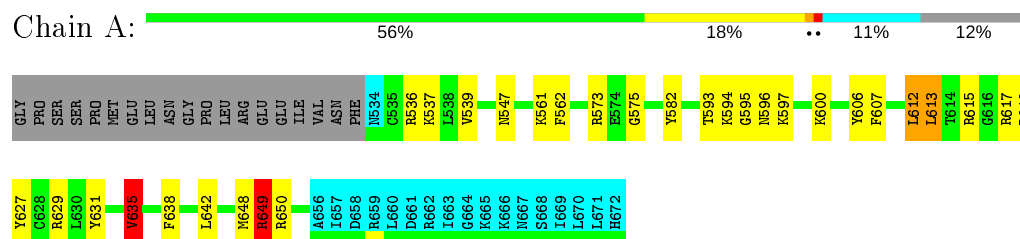
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

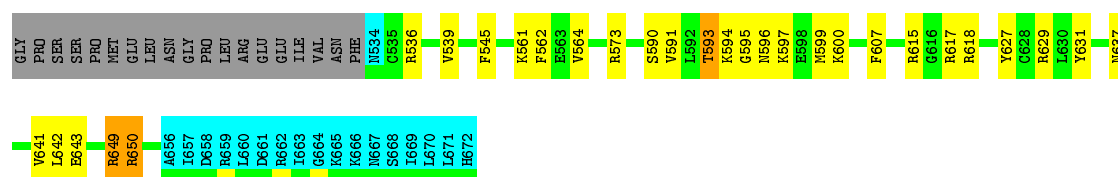
- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

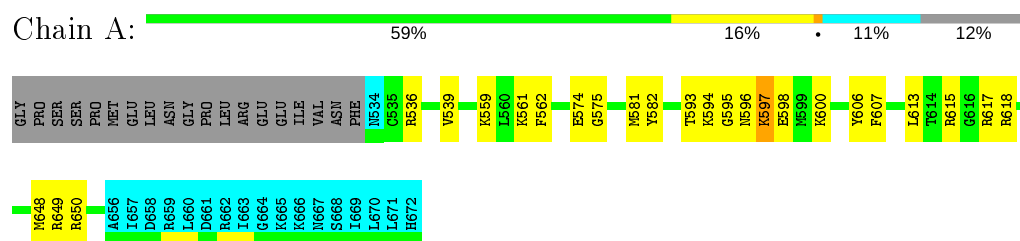
- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2





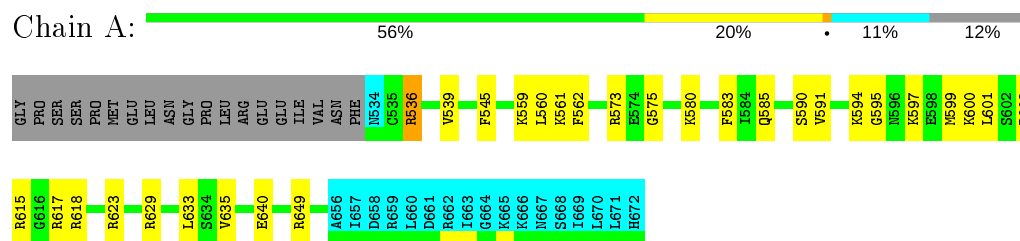
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



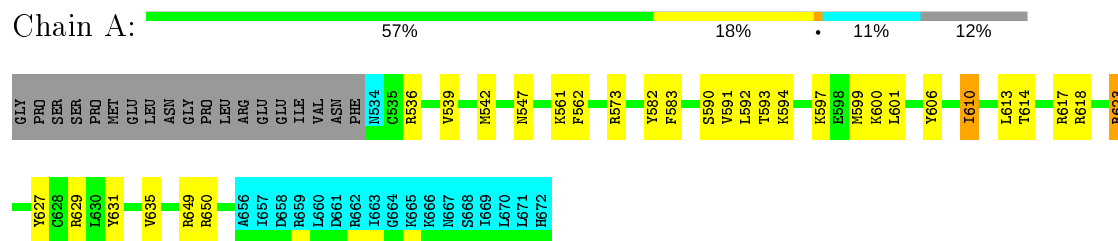
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

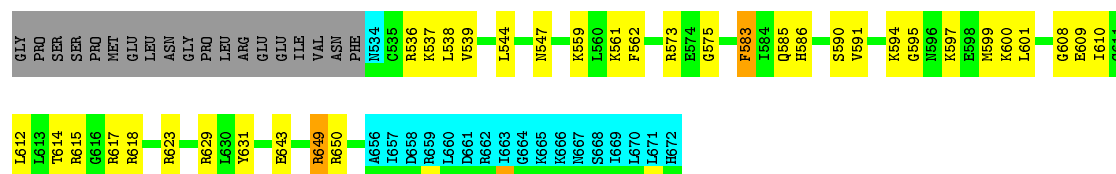
- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2

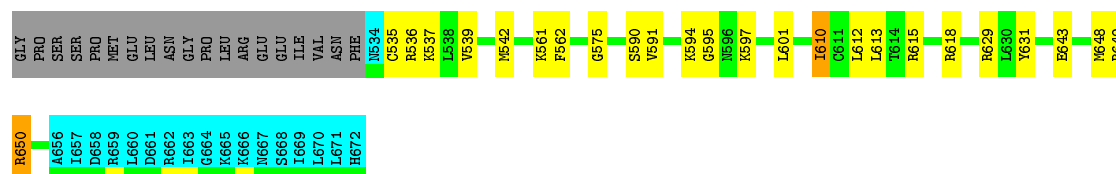
Chain A: 54% 22% 11% 12%



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2

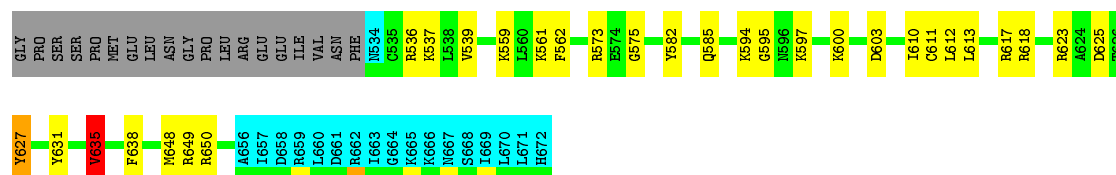
Chain A: 61% 15% 11% 12%



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2

Chain A: 58% 18% 11% 12%



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

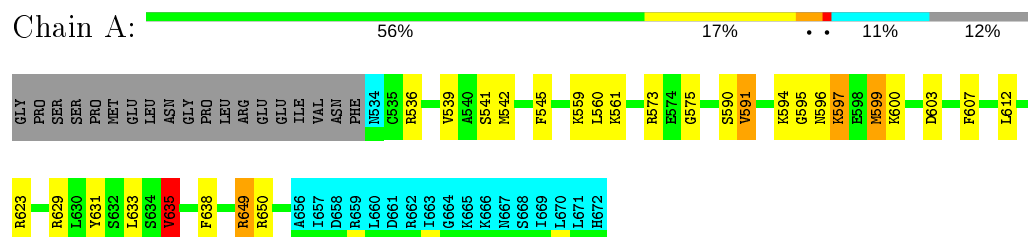
- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2

Chain A: 61% 14% 11% 12%



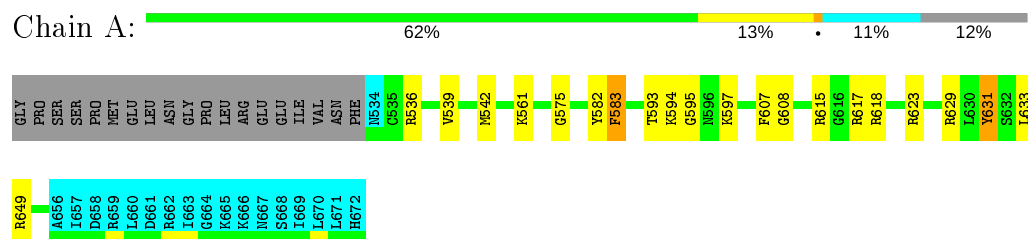
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



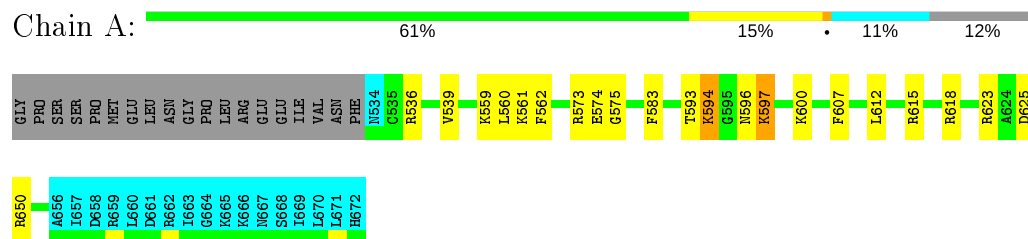
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



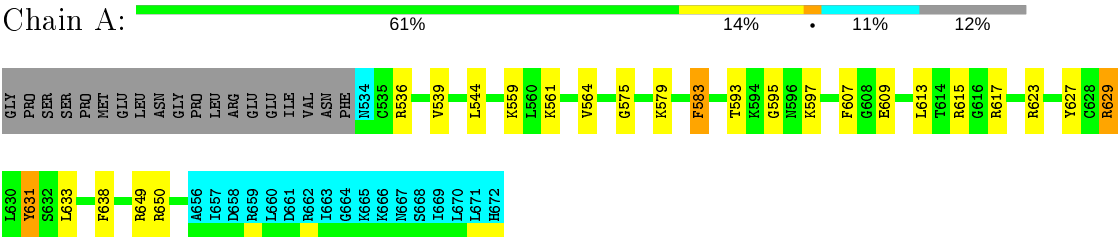
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Potassium/sodium hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated channel 2



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, molecular dynamics*.

Of the 500 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
AMBER	refinement	12
CANDID	structure solution	
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 6 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1886
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1886
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	86%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

COVALENT-GEOMETRY INFOmissingINFO

5.1 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	968	981	981	1±1
All	All	19360	19620	19620	22

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:612:LEU:HD23	1:A:635:VAL:HG22	0.62	1.71	17	6
1:A:637:ASN:O	1:A:641:VAL:HG12	0.57	2.00	18	2
1:A:564:VAL:HG11	1:A:627:TYR:CE1	0.48	2.42	9	5
1:A:613:LEU:H	1:A:613:LEU:HD13	0.45	1.72	8	1
1:A:596:ASN:CA	1:A:597:LYS:HE3	0.45	2.42	7	3
1:A:596:ASN:HA	1:A:597:LYS:HE3	0.43	1.88	10	1
1:A:591:VAL:HG12	1:A:599:MET:C	0.43	2.33	17	1
1:A:591:VAL:HG12	1:A:599:MET:O	0.43	2.14	17	1
1:A:583:PHE:CE1	1:A:631:TYR:CE2	0.41	3.08	4	1
1:A:560:LEU:HD23	1:A:561:LYS:N	0.41	2.30	17	1

5.2 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.2.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	121/158 (77%)	115±1 (95±1%)	4±1 (3±1%)	2±1 (1±1%)	17	64
All	All	2420/3160 (77%)	2307 (95%)	83 (3%)	30 (1%)	17	64

All 8 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	575	GLY	15
1	A	610	ILE	5
1	A	612	LEU	4
1	A	609	GLU	2
1	A	594	LYS	1
1	A	608	GLY	1
1	A	611	CYS	1
1	A	535	CYS	1

5.2.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	106/139 (76%)	90±3 (84±3%)	17±3 (16±3%)	5	43
All	All	2120/2780 (76%)	1790 (84%)	330 (16%)	5	43

All 57 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	539	VAL	20
1	A	594	LYS	19
1	A	597	LYS	19
1	A	561	LYS	19
1	A	600	LYS	16
1	A	631	TYR	15
1	A	562	PHE	14
1	A	559	LYS	12
1	A	607	PHE	11
1	A	613	LEU	10
1	A	593	THR	10
1	A	638	PHE	9
1	A	583	PHE	8
1	A	648	MET	8
1	A	623	ARG	7
1	A	627	TYR	7
1	A	635	VAL	7
1	A	601	LEU	7
1	A	649	ARG	7
1	A	585	GLN	7
1	A	542	MET	6
1	A	582	TYR	5
1	A	625	ASP	5
1	A	547	ASN	5
1	A	650	ARG	5
1	A	633	LEU	5
1	A	573	ARG	4
1	A	537	LYS	4
1	A	642	LEU	4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	574	GLU	4
1	A	614	THR	3
1	A	609	GLU	3
1	A	538	LEU	3
1	A	560	LEU	3
1	A	596	ASN	3
1	A	603	ASP	3
1	A	544	LEU	3
1	A	643	GLU	3
1	A	606	TYR	2
1	A	640	GLU	2
1	A	536	ARG	2
1	A	598	GLU	2
1	A	612	LEU	2
1	A	592	LEU	2
1	A	579	LYS	2
1	A	629	ARG	2
1	A	586	HIS	1
1	A	581	MET	1
1	A	636	ASP	1
1	A	615	ARG	1
1	A	634	SER	1
1	A	590	SER	1
1	A	617	ARG	1
1	A	652	PHE	1
1	A	580	LYS	1
1	A	541	SER	1
1	A	618	ARG	1

5.2.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.3 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.4 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.5 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.6 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

5.7 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 86% for the well-defined parts and 83% for the entire structure.

6.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

6.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1886
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1886
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

6.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	152	0.06 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	142	0.11 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	131	0.15 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	139	0.52 ± 0.51	None needed (imprecise)

6.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 86%, i.e. 1312 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1530. 18 out of 21 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	568/597 (95%)	232/238 (97%)	224/242 (93%)	112/117 (96%)
Sidechain	681/806 (84%)	419/474 (88%)	254/290 (88%)	8/42 (19%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	63/127 (50%)	63/68 (93%)	0/58 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	1312/1530 (86%)	714/780 (92%)	478/590 (81%)	120/160 (75%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 1479 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1773. 21 out of 24 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	636/687 (93%)	260/274 (95%)	251/278 (90%)	125/135 (93%)
Sidechain	779/952 (82%)	478/559 (86%)	293/341 (86%)	8/52 (15%)
Aromatic	64/134 (48%)	64/72 (89%)	0/60 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	1479/1773 (83%)	802/905 (89%)	544/679 (80%)	133/189 (70%)

6.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	582	TYR	HB3	0.61	4.75 – 0.95	-5.9
1	A	571	ILE	HG13	-1.10	3.26 – -0.84	-5.6

6.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

