



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 31, 2020 – 11:41 am BST

PDB ID : 6N2M
Title : NMR solution structure of the homodimeric, autoinhibited state of the CARD9 CARD and first coiled-coil
Authors : Holliday, M.J.; Fairbrother, W.J.; Dueber, E.C.
Deposited on : 2018-11-13

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : 2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

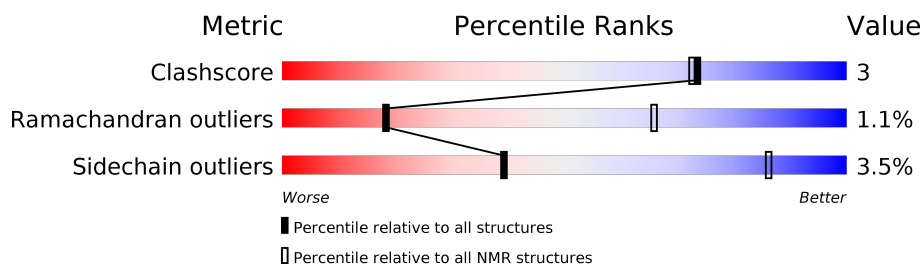
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 44%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	142	
1	B	142	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:8-A:50, A:56-A:140, B:7-B:50, B:56-B:140 (257)	0.67	6

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 20
2	18, 19

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4566 atoms, of which 2304 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	142	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2282	716	1152	187	222	5	
1	B	142	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2282	716	1152	187	222	5	

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H257
B	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H257

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

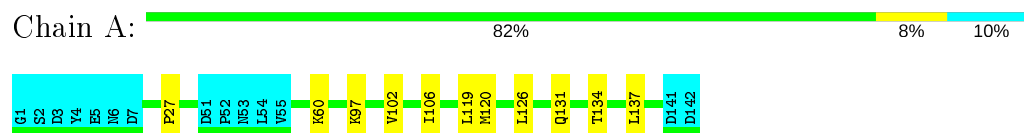
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
2	B	1	Total	Zn
			1	1
2	A	1	Total	Zn
			1	1

4 Residue-property plots

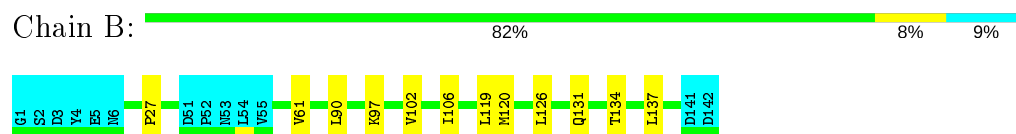
4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9



- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

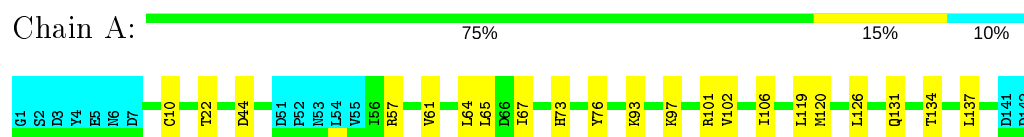


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

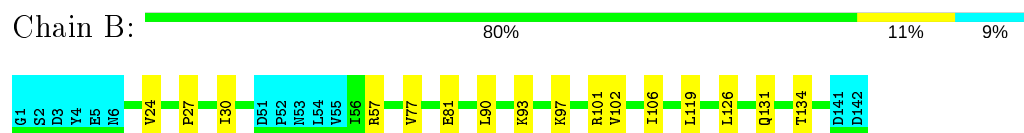
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

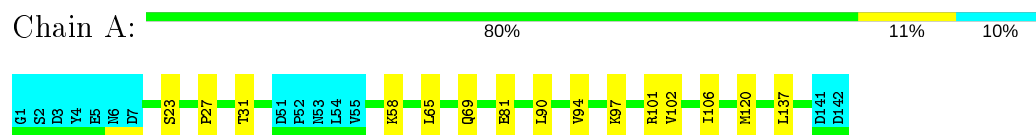


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

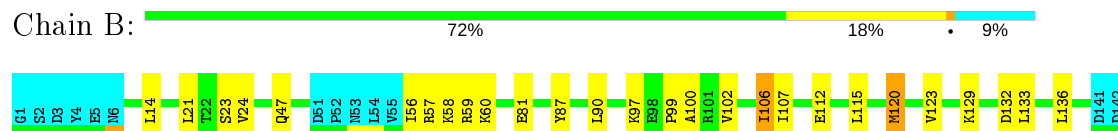


4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

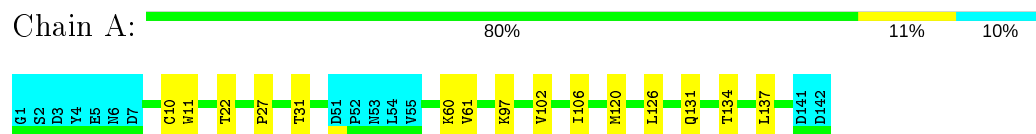


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

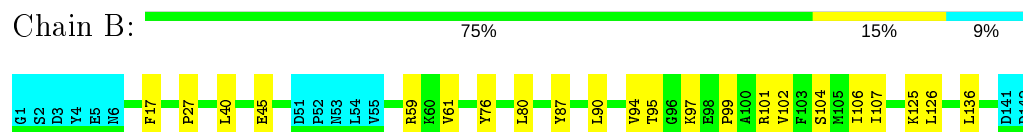


4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

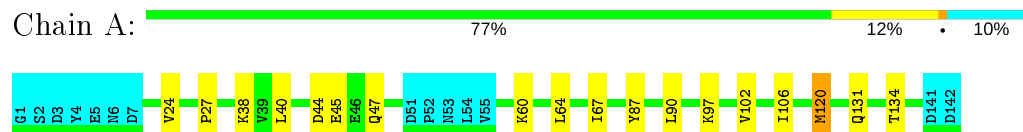


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

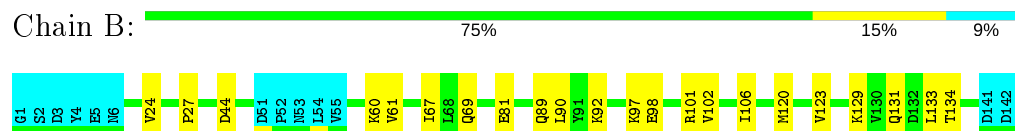


4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

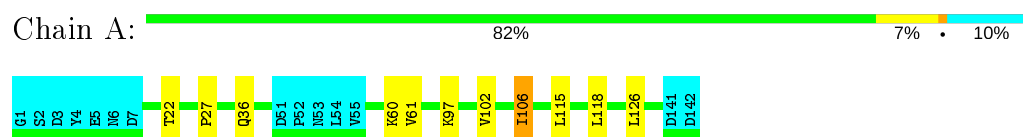


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

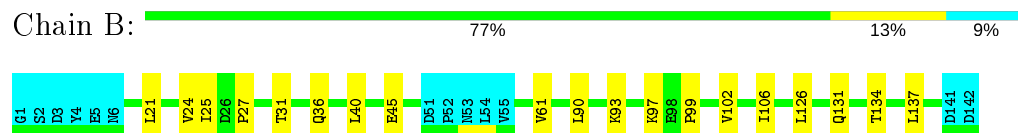


4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

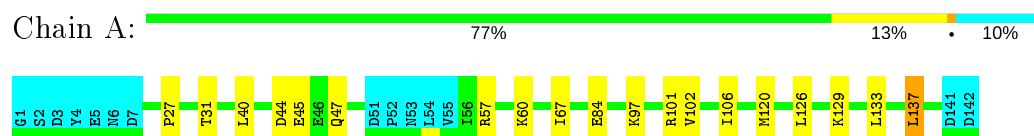


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

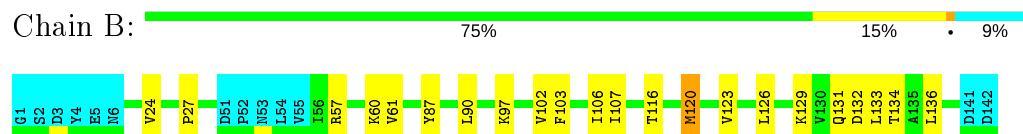


4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

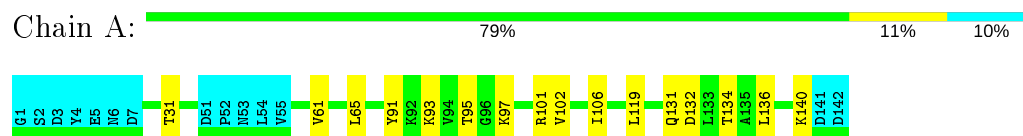


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

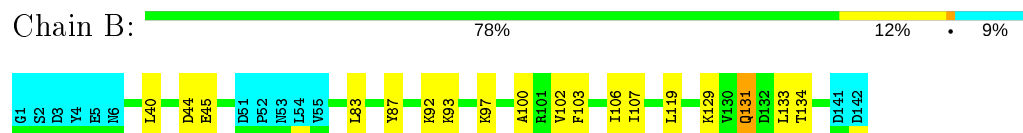


4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

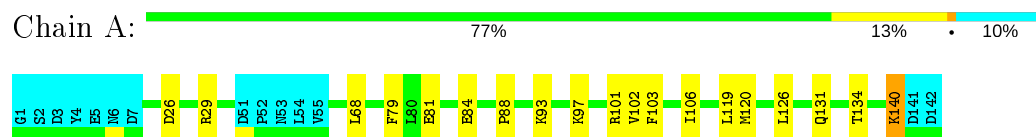


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

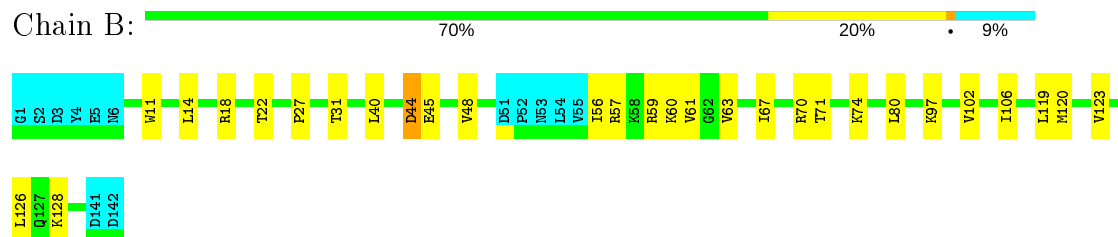


4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

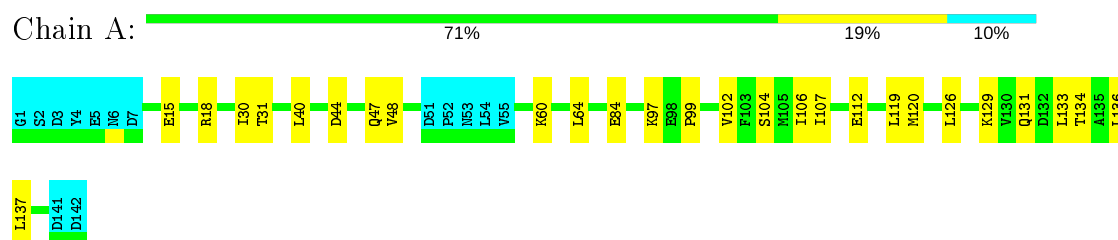


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

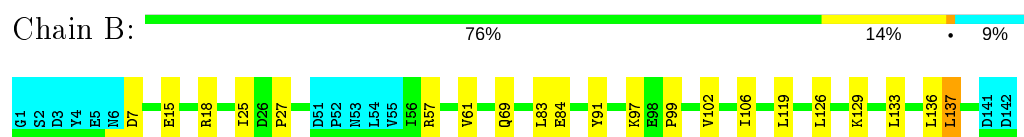


4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

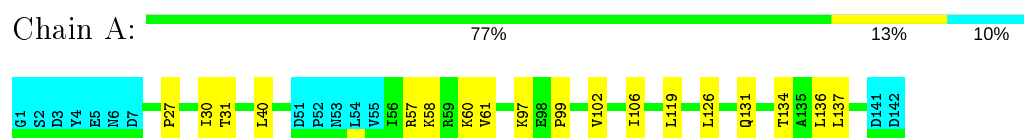


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

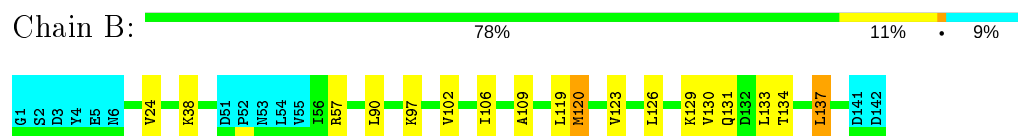


4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

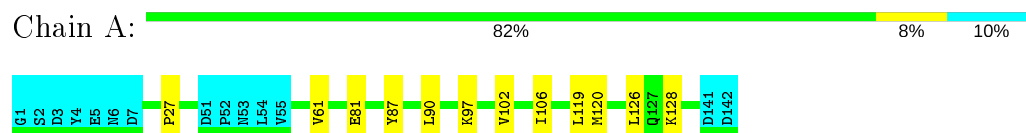


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

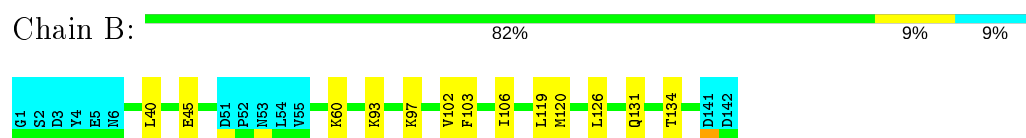


4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

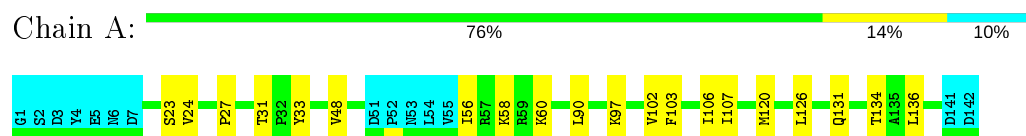


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

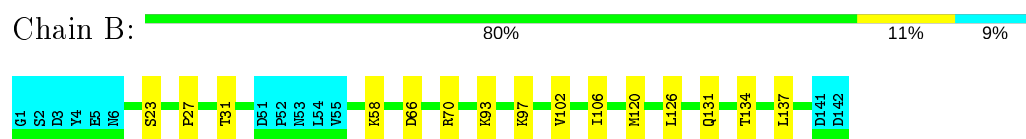


4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

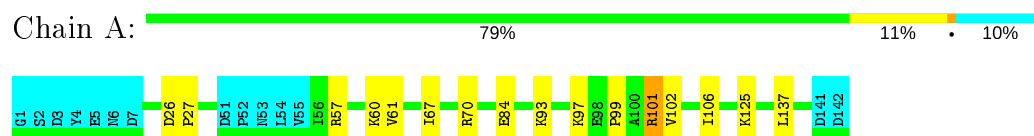


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

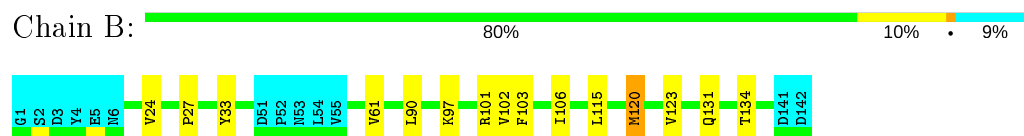


4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

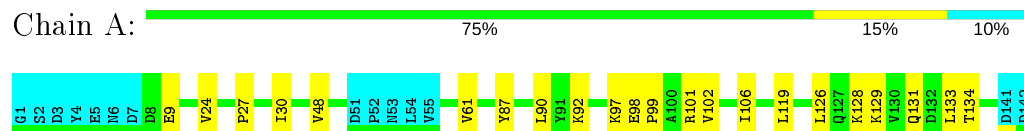


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

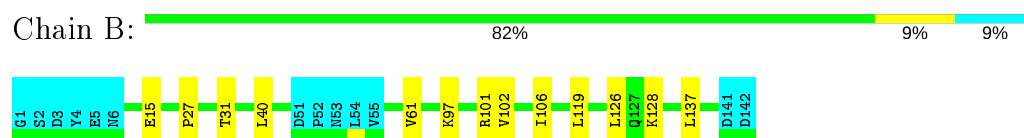


4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

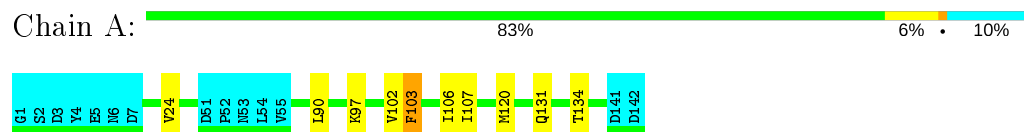


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

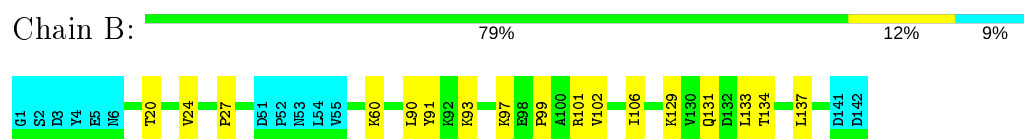


4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

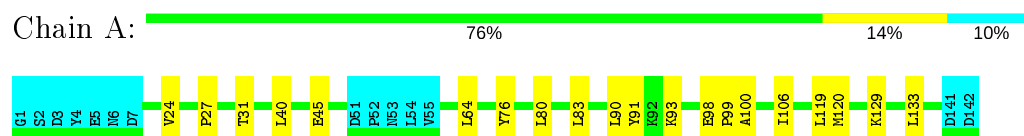


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

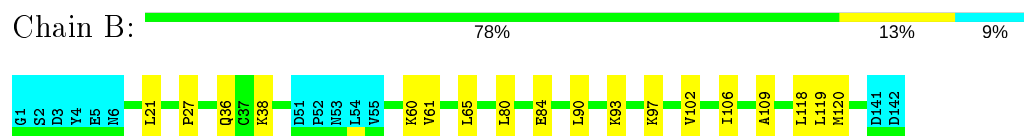


4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

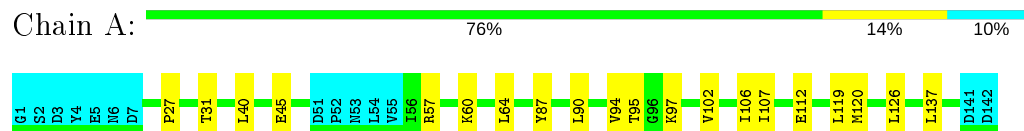


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

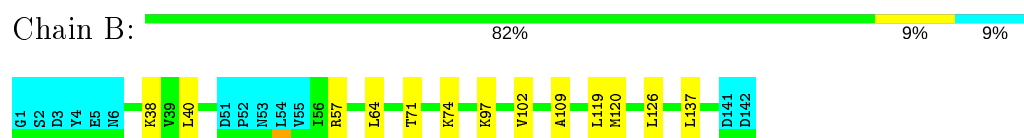


4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

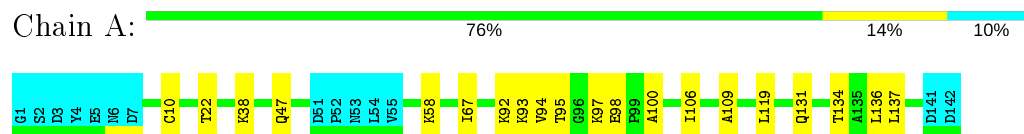


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

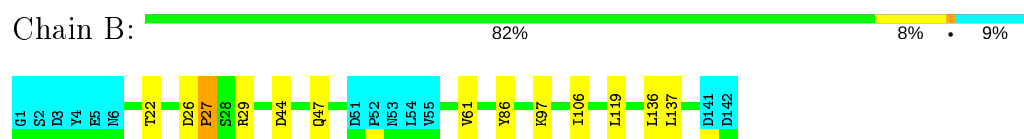


4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

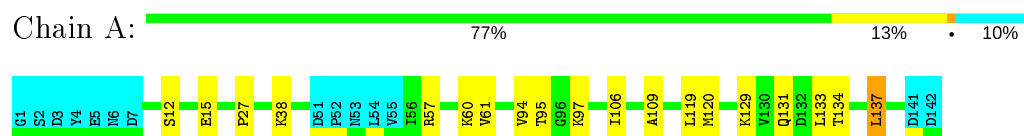


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

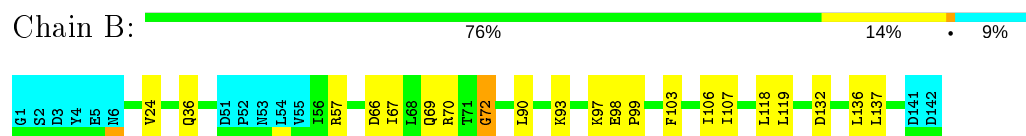


4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

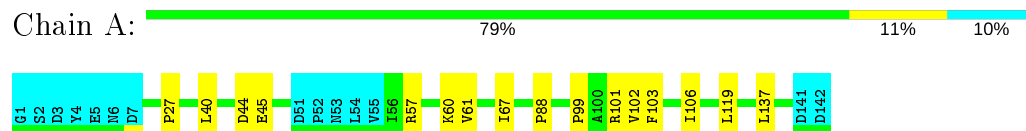


- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9

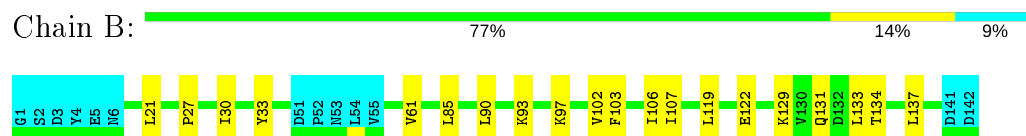


4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9



- Molecule 1: Caspase recruitment domain-containing protein 9



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.2
CYANA	refinement	3.97
CYANA	structure calculation	3.97

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	2458
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2458
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	44%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
ZN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	B	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.2
All	All	0	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	B	57	ARG	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1020	1068	1068	8±3
1	B	1028	1072	1073	8±3
All	All	41000	42800	42804	277

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:B:27:PRO:HD3	1:B:61:VAL:HG22	0.64	1.70	20	9
1:B:40:LEU:HD21	1:B:45:GLU:HB3	0.60	1.73	7	5
1:A:40:LEU:HD21	1:A:45:GLU:HB3	0.60	1.74	20	5
1:A:119:LEU:HD21	1:B:120:MET:SD	0.58	2.39	8	1
1:A:120:MET:SD	1:B:101:ARG:HD3	0.57	2.38	4	1
1:A:27:PRO:HD3	1:A:61:VAL:HG22	0.57	1.77	20	6
1:A:126:LEU:HB3	1:B:126:LEU:HB3	0.56	1.78	11	11
1:A:84:GLU:HB3	1:A:101:ARG:HG2	0.56	1.77	8	1
1:A:131:GLN:HA	1:A:134:THR:HG22	0.55	1.78	4	12
1:B:23:SER:HA	1:B:58:LYS:HD2	0.55	1.77	12	2
1:B:24:VAL:HG11	1:B:90:LEU:HD21	0.55	1.78	10	9
1:A:24:VAL:HG11	1:A:90:LEU:HD21	0.54	1.80	14	5
1:A:119:LEU:HB3	1:B:119:LEU:HB3	0.54	1.77	8	12
1:A:47:GLN:NE2	1:A:48:VAL:HG13	0.54	2.18	9	1
1:B:131:GLN:HA	1:B:134:THR:HG22	0.54	1.78	15	11
1:A:27:PRO:HB2	1:A:48:VAL:HG11	0.54	1.78	14	1
1:A:27:PRO:HA	1:A:30:ILE:HG12	0.53	1.80	10	2
1:A:106:ILE:HD12	1:A:115:LEU:HD13	0.52	1.82	5	1
1:A:30:ILE:HD11	1:A:64:LEU:HD21	0.52	1.81	9	1
1:A:57:ARG:HA	1:A:60:LYS:HG2	0.52	1.80	10	1
1:A:22:THR:HB	1:A:58:LYS:HA	0.52	1.81	18	1
1:B:44:ASP:HB3	1:B:67:ILE:HG21	0.51	1.80	8	1
1:B:27:PRO:HG2	1:B:60:LYS:HG2	0.51	1.82	15	1
1:B:27:PRO:HA	1:B:30:ILE:HG12	0.51	1.82	20	2
1:A:101:ARG:NH1	1:B:120:MET:SD	0.51	2.84	2	1
1:A:136:LEU:HB2	1:B:137:LEU:HD11	0.50	1.83	9	4
1:B:21:LEU:HD23	1:B:90:LEU:HD12	0.50	1.82	20	2
1:A:36:GLN:NE2	1:A:118:LEU:HD13	0.50	2.22	5	1
1:A:107:ILE:HG13	1:A:112:GLU:HG2	0.50	1.82	9	1
1:B:17:PHE:HB2	1:B:94:VAL:HG12	0.50	1.82	3	1
1:A:88:PRO:HB3	1:A:101:ARG:HH12	0.50	1.67	20	1
1:A:23:SER:HA	1:A:58:LYS:HD2	0.50	1.83	12	2
1:A:64:LEU:HA	1:A:67:ILE:HD12	0.50	1.84	1	2
1:A:27:PRO:O	1:A:31:THR:HG23	0.49	2.08	3	6
1:B:22:THR:HG22	1:B:61:VAL:HB	0.49	1.85	18	1
1:A:10:CYS:SG	1:A:73:HIS:HA	0.49	2.48	1	1
1:A:44:ASP:HB3	1:A:67:ILE:HD13	0.49	1.84	1	2
1:A:107:ILE:HG13	1:A:112:GLU:HG3	0.49	1.84	17	1
1:B:87:TYR:HB3	1:B:90:LEU:HD23	0.48	1.84	3	3
1:A:87:TYR:HB3	1:A:90:LEU:HD23	0.48	1.84	4	4
1:A:27:PRO:HG2	1:A:60:LYS:HG2	0.48	1.85	3	2
1:B:99:PRO:HG2	1:B:101:ARG:HG3	0.48	1.84	3	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:48:VAL:HA	1:A:60:LYS:HD2	0.48	1.85	9	1
1:B:92:LYS:HE3	1:B:98:GLU:HA	0.48	1.84	4	1
1:A:84:GLU:HG2	1:A:101:ARG:NH2	0.48	2.24	13	1
1:A:12:SER:HA	1:A:15:GLU:HG2	0.47	1.85	19	1
1:A:137:LEU:HD11	1:B:136:LEU:HB2	0.47	1.85	6	6
1:B:71:THR:HB	1:B:74:LYS:HB2	0.47	1.86	8	2
1:B:66:ASP:O	1:B:70:ARG:HG3	0.47	2.10	12	1
1:A:27:PRO:HB3	1:A:64:LEU:HD22	0.47	1.86	17	2
1:A:47:GLN:HE22	1:A:67:ILE:HD11	0.47	1.70	18	1
1:A:26:ASP:HB2	1:A:57:ARG:HH21	0.47	1.69	13	1
1:B:44:ASP:HA	1:B:47:GLN:HE21	0.47	1.70	18	1
1:A:22:THR:HG22	1:A:61:VAL:HB	0.46	1.86	5	1
1:A:31:THR:HG22	1:A:40:LEU:HD11	0.46	1.86	16	3
1:A:94:VAL:HG23	1:A:95:THR:HG23	0.46	1.87	19	3
1:B:77:VAL:O	1:B:81:GLU:HG2	0.46	2.10	1	1
1:A:44:ASP:HB2	1:A:67:ILE:HD13	0.46	1.87	6	2
1:A:120:MET:SD	1:B:101:ARG:NH1	0.46	2.89	4	1
1:A:101:ARG:NH2	1:B:120:MET:SD	0.46	2.87	6	1
1:A:104:SER:HA	1:A:107:ILE:HB	0.46	1.88	9	1
1:B:26:ASP:O	1:B:29:ARG:HG2	0.46	2.11	18	1
1:A:22:THR:HA	1:A:61:VAL:HB	0.45	1.88	1	2
1:A:15:GLU:HA	1:A:18:ARG:HG3	0.45	1.87	9	1
1:B:91:TYR:CE2	1:B:99:PRO:HA	0.45	2.47	9	2
1:B:27:PRO:HD2	1:B:60:LYS:HE2	0.45	1.88	16	1
1:B:40:LEU:HD12	1:B:64:LEU:HD11	0.45	1.87	17	1
1:A:134:THR:HB	1:B:133:LEU:HD13	0.45	1.88	4	1
1:A:48:VAL:HA	1:A:60:LYS:HD3	0.45	1.88	12	1
1:A:57:ARG:HA	1:A:60:LYS:HB3	0.45	1.89	13	3
1:B:129:LYS:O	1:B:133:LEU:HG	0.45	2.12	10	8
1:B:104:SER:HA	1:B:107:ILE:HB	0.44	1.89	3	1
1:B:25:ILE:HG12	1:B:83:LEU:HD11	0.44	1.88	9	1
1:A:26:ASP:O	1:A:29:ARG:HG2	0.44	2.12	8	1
1:A:68:LEU:HD13	1:A:79:PHE:HB2	0.44	1.89	8	1
1:B:36:GLN:HG3	1:B:118:LEU:HD21	0.44	1.88	16	2
1:B:76:TYR:O	1:B:80:LEU:HG	0.44	2.13	3	1
1:B:67:ILE:O	1:B:70:ARG:HG2	0.44	2.13	19	2
1:B:116:THR:O	1:B:120:MET:HB2	0.44	2.13	6	1
1:B:94:VAL:HG23	1:B:95:THR:HG23	0.44	1.89	3	1
1:A:57:ARG:HA	1:A:60:LYS:HE2	0.44	1.89	6	1
1:A:91:TYR:O	1:A:95:THR:HG22	0.43	2.12	7	1
1:B:48:VAL:HG22	1:B:63:VAL:HG23	0.43	1.90	8	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:B:22:THR:HA	1:B:61:VAL:HB	0.43	1.89	8	1
1:B:107:ILE:HD12	1:B:112:GLU:HA	0.43	1.90	2	1
1:B:14:LEU:HD21	1:B:80:LEU:HD21	0.43	1.90	8	1
1:B:56:ILE:O	1:B:59:ARG:HG2	0.43	2.14	2	1
1:B:89:GLN:HG3	1:B:90:LEU:HD22	0.43	1.89	4	1
1:B:15:GLU:HA	1:B:18:ARG:HG3	0.43	1.90	9	1
1:A:10:CYS:SG	1:A:76:TYR:CD1	0.43	3.11	1	1
1:A:92:LYS:HG2	1:A:98:GLU:HA	0.43	1.90	14	1
1:A:38:LYS:HG2	1:A:109:ALA:HB1	0.43	1.91	18	2
1:A:129:LYS:O	1:A:133:LEU:HG	0.43	2.14	14	5
1:B:27:PRO:O	1:B:31:THR:HG23	0.43	2.13	12	2
1:A:10:CYS:SG	1:A:11:TRP:N	0.43	2.91	3	1
1:B:57:ARG:HA	1:B:60:LYS:HE2	0.43	1.90	2	1
1:B:98:GLU:HB2	1:B:99:PRO:HD3	0.43	1.90	19	1
1:B:57:ARG:O	1:B:61:VAL:HG23	0.43	2.12	9	1
1:B:38:LYS:HG2	1:B:109:ALA:HB1	0.43	1.90	16	3
1:B:120:MET:O	1:B:123:VAL:HG22	0.42	2.14	4	6
1:B:103:PHE:O	1:B:107:ILE:HG12	0.42	2.14	6	4
1:A:88:PRO:HG3	1:A:101:ARG:HH21	0.42	1.74	8	1
1:B:80:LEU:O	1:B:84:GLU:HG3	0.42	2.13	16	1
1:A:27:PRO:HG2	1:A:60:LYS:HB3	0.42	1.91	4	1
1:A:44:ASP:O	1:A:48:VAL:HG22	0.42	2.14	9	1
1:A:61:VAL:O	1:A:65:LEU:HG	0.42	2.15	7	2
1:B:20:THR:HG21	1:B:93:LYS:NZ	0.42	2.29	15	1
1:A:84:GLU:HG3	1:A:99:PRO:HG3	0.42	1.90	9	1
1:A:92:LYS:HE3	1:A:98:GLU:HG3	0.42	1.92	18	1
1:A:120:MET:HG2	1:B:101:ARG:HD2	0.42	1.90	1	1
1:A:90:LEU:O	1:A:94:VAL:HG13	0.41	2.15	2	1
1:B:31:THR:HG22	1:B:40:LEU:HD11	0.41	1.92	5	2
1:B:57:ARG:HA	1:B:60:LYS:HD2	0.41	1.92	8	1
1:B:44:ASP:HB3	1:B:67:ILE:HD13	0.41	1.92	4	1
1:B:61:VAL:O	1:B:65:LEU:HG	0.41	2.15	16	1
1:B:126:LEU:O	1:B:130:VAL:HG23	0.41	2.15	10	1
1:A:76:TYR:O	1:A:80:LEU:HG	0.41	2.16	16	1
1:B:103:PHE:HD2	1:B:115:LEU:HD21	0.41	1.75	13	1
1:B:85:LEU:HD21	1:B:122:GLU:HG2	0.41	1.93	20	1
1:B:14:LEU:HB3	1:B:21:LEU:HD11	0.41	1.93	2	1
1:A:44:ASP:HA	1:A:47:GLN:HG2	0.41	1.90	6	1
1:B:132:ASP:O	1:B:136:LEU:HG	0.41	2.15	6	2
1:A:98:GLU:HB2	1:A:99:PRO:HD3	0.41	1.92	16	1
1:B:125:LYS:HE2	1:B:125:LYS:HA	0.41	1.91	3	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:132:ASP:O	1:A:136:LEU:HG	0.41	2.15	7	1
1:A:103:PHE:O	1:A:107:ILE:HG12	0.41	2.15	12	2
1:B:106:ILE:HD12	1:B:115:LEU:HD13	0.41	1.92	2	1
1:A:65:LEU:O	1:A:69:GLN:HG3	0.41	2.16	2	1
1:B:83:LEU:HG	1:B:87:TYR:HB2	0.41	1.93	7	1
1:A:91:TYR:CE2	1:A:100:ALA:HB2	0.41	2.51	16	1
1:A:83:LEU:HB3	1:A:91:TYR:HB2	0.41	1.93	16	1
1:B:11:TRP:HB3	1:B:18:ARG:NH1	0.40	2.31	8	1
1:A:27:PRO:HD2	1:A:60:LYS:HE3	0.40	1.93	10	1
1:A:67:ILE:O	1:A:70:ARG:HB3	0.40	2.17	13	1
1:B:21:LEU:HA	1:B:25:ILE:HD13	0.40	1.93	5	1
1:B:66:ASP:HA	1:B:69:GLN:HG2	0.40	1.93	19	1

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	128/142 (90%)	121±2 (94±1%)	6±2 (5±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	18	66
1	B	129/142 (91%)	121±2 (94±2%)	6±2 (5±2%)	1±1 (1±0%)	18	66
All	All	5140/5680 (90%)	4840 (94%)	244 (5%)	56 (1%)	18	66

All 14 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	B	102	VAL	18
1	A	102	VAL	17
1	A	99	PRO	4
1	A	103	PHE	3
1	B	101	ARG	2
1	B	100	ALA	2
1	B	99	PRO	2
1	A	101	ARG	2
1	A	100	ALA	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	B	27	PRO	1
1	B	7	ASP	1
1	B	72	GLY	1
1	B	103	PHE	1
1	A	140	LYS	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	117/130 (90%)	113±1 (97±1%)	4±1 (3±1%)	40	87
1	B	118/130 (91%)	114±1 (96±1%)	4±1 (4±1%)	38	86
All	All	4700/5200 (90%)	4534 (96%)	166 (4%)	39	86

All 39 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	106	ILE	20
1	B	97	LYS	20
1	B	106	ILE	19
1	A	97	LYS	18
1	A	120	MET	12
1	B	120	MET	8
1	B	93	LYS	8
1	B	137	LEU	8
1	A	137	LEU	7
1	A	93	LYS	6
1	A	81	GLU	3
1	B	44	ASP	2
1	B	81	GLU	2
1	B	33	TYR	2
1	B	128	LYS	2
1	B	59	ARG	2
1	A	128	LYS	2
1	B	69	GLN	2
1	A	101	ARG	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	B	57	ARG	2
1	B	132	ASP	1
1	A	38	LYS	1
1	B	101	ARG	1
1	B	36	GLN	1
1	B	86	TYR	1
1	B	47	GLN	1
1	A	31	THR	1
1	A	9	GLU	1
1	A	33	TYR	1
1	B	15	GLU	1
1	A	84	GLU	1
1	A	58	LYS	1
1	A	140	LYS	1
1	A	57	ARG	1
1	B	84	GLU	1
1	A	125	LYS	1
1	B	92	LYS	1
1	A	47	GLN	1
1	B	131	GLN	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 44% for the well-defined parts and 44% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	694
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	694
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	136	-0.25 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	122	0.97 ± 0.07	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}'$	133	-0.50 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	129	0.90 ± 0.36	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 19%, i.e. 629 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3259. 0 out of 62 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	483/1265 (38%)	120/504 (24%)	244/514 (47%)	119/247 (48%)
Sidechain	117/1822 (6%)	5/1064 (0%)	112/678 (17%)	0/80 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	29/172 (17%)	17/90 (19%)	11/78 (14%)	1/4 (25%)
Overall	629/3259 (19%)	142/1658 (9%)	367/1270 (29%)	120/331 (36%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 19%, i.e. 689 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3544. 0 out of 66 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	528/1396 (38%)	130/556 (23%)	269/568 (47%)	129/272 (47%)
Sidechain	128/1960 (7%)	5/1142 (0%)	123/734 (17%)	0/84 (0%)
Aromatic	33/188 (18%)	19/98 (19%)	13/86 (15%)	1/4 (25%)
Overall	689/3544 (19%)	154/1796 (9%)	405/1388 (29%)	130/360 (36%)

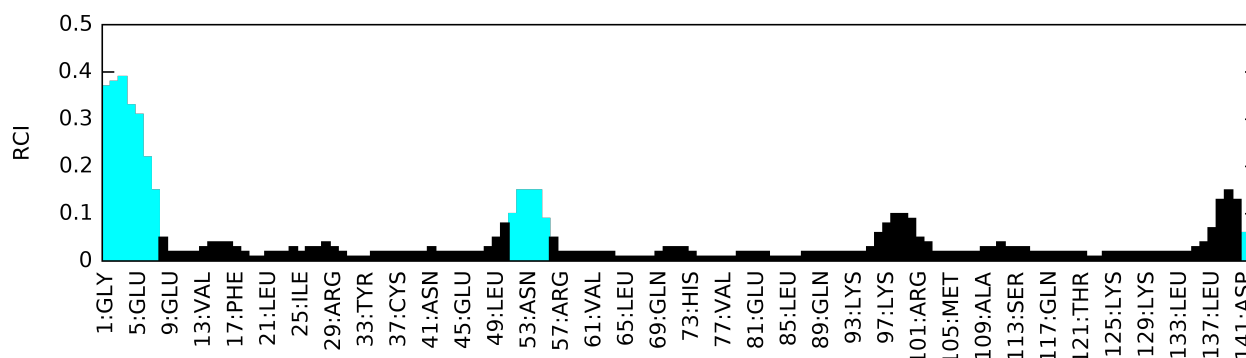
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1_2*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1764
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1764
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	142	-0.77 ± 0.06	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	130	0.03 ± 0.07	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	132	-0.53 ± 0.15	Should be applied
^{15}N	129	0.76 ± 0.27	Should be applied

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 44%, i.e. 1421 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3259. 31 out of 62 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	604/1265 (48%)	237/504 (47%)	248/514 (48%)	119/247 (48%)
Sidechain	734/1822 (40%)	441/1064 (41%)	285/678 (42%)	8/80 (10%)
Aromatic	83/172 (48%)	43/90 (48%)	39/78 (50%)	1/4 (25%)
Overall	1421/3259 (44%)	721/1658 (43%)	572/1270 (45%)	128/331 (39%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 44%, i.e. 1551 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3544. 33 out of 66 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	664/1396 (48%)	261/556 (47%)	274/568 (48%)	129/272 (47%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Sidechain	796/1960 (41%)	481/1142 (42%)	305/734 (42%)	10/84 (12%)
Aromatic	91/188 (48%)	47/98 (48%)	43/86 (50%)	1/4 (25%)
Overall	1551/3544 (44%)	789/1796 (44%)	622/1388 (45%)	140/360 (39%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	88	PRO	CB	50.08	37.79 – 25.89	15.3
1	A	84	GLU	HG2	0.40	3.33 – 1.23	-9.0

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

