



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 21, 2020 – 04:30 AM BST

PDB ID : 6NGN  
Title : Structure of rat neuronal nitric oxide synthase heme domain in complex with (S)-6-(3-fluoro-5-(2-(pyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl)phenethyl)-4-methylpyridin-2-amine  
Authors : Li, H.; Poulos, T.L.  
Deposited on : 2018-12-21  
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.13.1  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

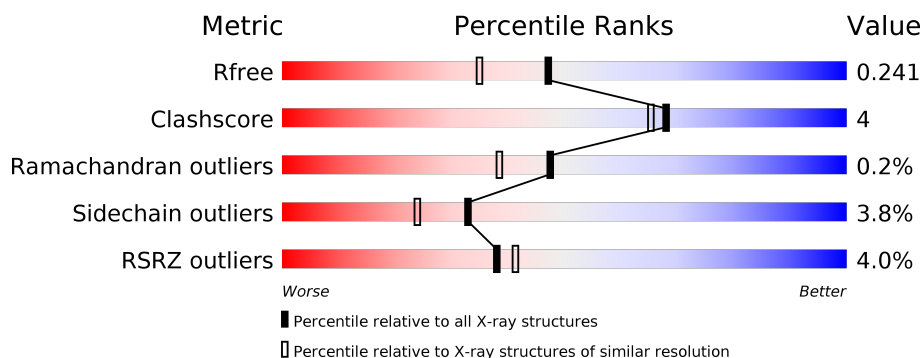
# 1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	422	<div> <div>6%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>83%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
1	B	422	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>90%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>•</div> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7127 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Nitric oxide synthase, brain.

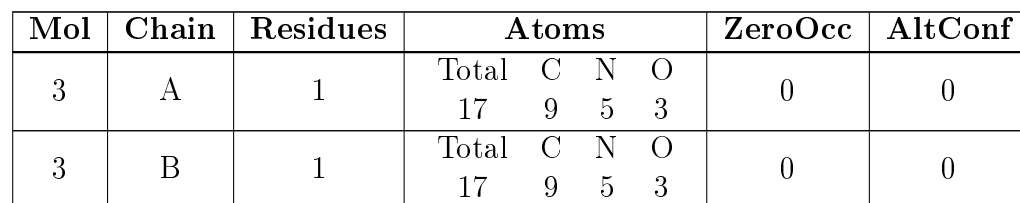
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	410	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			3343	2139	572	610	22			
1	B	411	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			3351	2144	574	611	22			

- Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula:  $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		
2	B	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		

- Molecule 3 is 5,6,7,8-TETRAHYDROBIOPTERIN (three-letter code: H4B) (formula:  $C_9H_{15}N_5O_3$ ).



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- Chemical structure of KL4, a fluorinated pyridine derivative. The structure features a central benzene ring (C11-C16) with a fluorine atom (F13) at C13. A 2-pyrrolidinyl group is attached at C15 via a methylene bridge (C17-C18), with the pyrrolidine ring carbons labeled C22(S), C23, C24, and C25, and nitrogen N21. A 3-amino-4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl)pyridin-2-yl group is attached at C11 via a methylene bridge (C10-C9), with the pyridine ring carbons labeled C03, C04, C05, C06, C08, and C09, and nitrogens N01 and N02.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	F	N	0	0
			24	20	1	3		



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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	C	F	N	0	0
			24	20	1	3		

- Molecule 5 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula:  $C_2H_3O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
5	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		

- Molecule 6 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula:  $Zn$ ).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	B	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

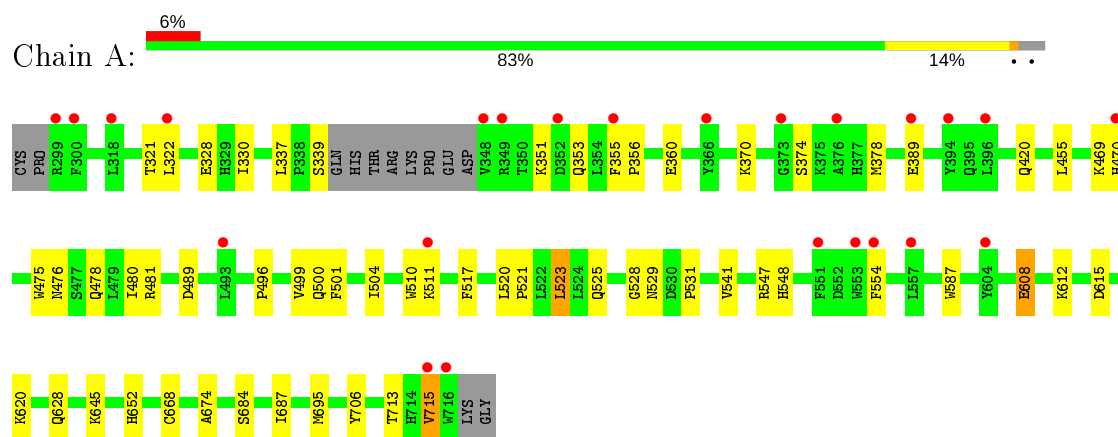
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	110	Total	O	0	0
			110	110		
7	B	146	Total	O	0	0
			146	146		

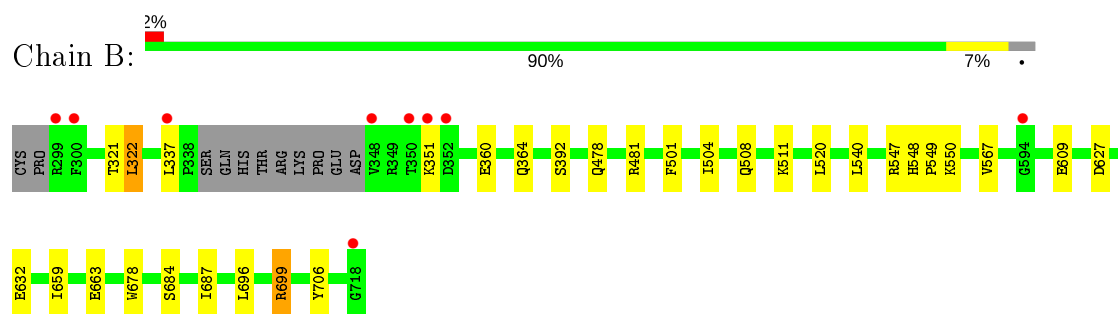
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Nitric oxide synthase, brain



- Molecule 1: Nitric oxide synthase, brain



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	52.21Å 111.86Å 165.02Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.36 – 1.90 49.36 – 1.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.9 (49.36-1.90) 98.7 (49.36-1.90)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.14	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.14	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.02 (at 1.90Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.11.1-2575_1496: ???)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.200 , 0.241 0.201 , 0.241	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3770 reflections (4.95%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.993	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 60.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	7127	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	70.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.90% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: KL4, HEM, ZN, H4B, ACT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.37	0/3442	0.50	0/4669
1	B	0.38	0/3450	0.52	0/4677
All	All	0.38	0/6892	0.51	0/9346

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3343	0	3258	32	0
1	B	3351	0	3269	17	0
2	A	43	0	30	3	0
2	B	43	0	30	5	0
3	A	17	0	15	0	0
3	B	17	0	15	0	0
4	A	24	0	0	0	0
4	B	24	0	0	2	0
5	A	4	0	3	0	0
5	B	4	0	3	0	0
6	B	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	110	0	0	5	0
7	B	146	0	0	1	0
All	All	7127	0	6623	51	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (51) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:523:LEU:HD22	1:A:531:PRO:HB2	1.56	0.86
1:B:706:TYR:OH	2:B:801:HEM:O2D	2.00	0.80
1:B:322:LEU:HD12	1:B:699:ARG:HG2	1.63	0.80
2:B:801:HEM:HBB2	2:B:801:HEM:HHC	1.63	0.79
2:A:801:HEM:HMC2	2:A:801:HEM:HBC2	1.73	0.68
1:B:364:GLN:OE1	7:B:901:HOH:O	2.12	0.68
1:A:668[B]:CYS:SG	7:A:1009:HOH:O	2.55	0.64
1:A:652:HIS:ND1	7:A:904:HOH:O	2.31	0.62
1:A:330:ILE:HD11	1:B:696:LEU:HD22	1.82	0.60
2:A:801:HEM:HHC	2:A:801:HEM:HBB2	1.84	0.58
1:A:478:GLN:HB2	1:A:481:ARG:HG3	1.89	0.55
1:B:567:VAL:HG21	4:B:803:KL4:C12	2.36	0.55
1:A:496:PRO:HA	1:A:499:VAL:HG23	1.88	0.55
1:A:517:PHE:O	7:A:901:HOH:O	2.18	0.55
1:B:478:GLN:HB2	1:B:481:ARG:HG3	1.90	0.53
1:A:475:TRP:HB2	1:A:523:LEU:HB3	1.93	0.51
2:B:801:HEM:HBD2	4:B:803:KL4:C13	2.41	0.49
1:A:500:GLN:O	1:A:504:ILE:HG13	2.14	0.48
1:A:548:HIS:HB2	1:A:554:PHE:CD1	2.49	0.47
1:A:608:GLU:HG3	7:A:955:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:608:GLU:H	1:A:608:GLU:HG2	1.42	0.47
1:A:674:ALA:HB3	1:A:695:MET:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:374:SER:O	1:A:378:MET:HG2	2.15	0.46
1:A:684:SER:HB3	1:A:687:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.46
1:A:510:TRP:CE2	1:A:521:PRO:HD3	2.51	0.46
1:A:628:GLN:NE2	1:B:632:GLU:OE2	2.49	0.45
1:A:355:PHE:N	1:A:356:PRO:HD2	2.32	0.45
1:B:548:HIS:CG	1:B:549:PRO:HD2	2.52	0.45
1:A:620:LYS:HB2	1:A:620:LYS:NZ	2.32	0.44
1:A:480:ILE:HD13	1:A:541:VAL:HG13	2.00	0.44
1:A:351:LYS:NZ	1:A:389:GLU:O	2.43	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:501:PHE:HD2	1:A:520:LEU:HD13	1.84	0.43
1:A:511:LYS:HB3	1:A:511:LYS:HE2	1.65	0.43
1:B:548:HIS:NE2	1:B:632:GLU:OE1	2.48	0.42
1:A:525:GLN:HE21	1:A:528:GLY:HA2	1.84	0.42
1:B:678:TRP:HZ3	2:B:801:HEM:HBA2	1.84	0.42
1:B:659:ILE:O	1:B:663:GLU:HG3	2.20	0.41
1:A:504:ILE:H	1:A:504:ILE:HG13	1.67	0.41
1:B:678:TRP:CZ3	2:B:801:HEM:HBA2	2.55	0.41
1:A:706:TYR:OH	2:A:801:HEM:O2D	2.22	0.41
1:A:455:LEU:HD12	1:A:587:TRP:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:B:504:ILE:O	1:B:508:GLN:HG2	2.20	0.41
1:A:370:LYS:HE3	1:A:370:LYS:HB2	1.72	0.41
1:B:699:ARG:HH11	1:B:699:ARG:HB2	1.84	0.41
1:A:420:GLN:HB3	7:A:963:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:511:LYS:HD3	1:B:511:LYS:HA	1.78	0.41
1:B:684:SER:HB3	1:B:687:ILE:HG12	2.03	0.41
1:A:501:PHE:CD2	1:A:520:LEU:HD13	2.57	0.40
1:A:321:THR:HG23	1:A:322:LEU:H	1.86	0.40
1:A:525:GLN:HG3	1:A:529:ASN:O	2.21	0.40
1:B:501:PHE:HD2	1:B:520:LEU:HD13	1.86	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	408/422 (97%)	384 (94%)	22 (5%)	2 (0%)	29	18
1	B	409/422 (97%)	394 (96%)	15 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	817/844 (97%)	778 (95%)	37 (4%)	2 (0%)	47	38

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	489	ASP
1	A	715	VAL

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	368/377 (98%)	352 (96%)	16 (4%)	29	19
1	B	368/377 (98%)	356 (97%)	12 (3%)	38	29
All	All	736/754 (98%)	708 (96%)	28 (4%)	33	24

All (28) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	328	GLU
1	A	337	LEU
1	A	339	SER
1	A	353	GLN
1	A	360	GLU
1	A	469	LYS
1	A	470	HIS
1	A	476	ASN
1	A	523	LEU
1	A	547	ARG
1	A	608	GLU
1	A	612	LYS
1	A	615	ASP
1	A	645	LYS
1	A	713	THR
1	A	715	VAL
1	B	321	THR
1	B	322	LEU
1	B	337	LEU
1	B	351	LYS
1	B	360	GLU
1	B	392	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	540	LEU
1	B	547	ARG
1	B	550	LYS
1	B	609	GLU
1	B	627	ASP
1	B	699	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	H4B	B	802	-	16,18,18	0.87	0	11,26,26	2.49	5 (45%)
2	HEM	A	801	1	27,50,50	1.84	6 (22%)	17,82,82	1.91	5 (29%)
3	H4B	A	802	-	16,18,18	0.82	0	11,26,26	2.59	6 (54%)
5	ACT	B	804	-	1,3,3	1.19	0	0,3,3	0.00	-

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	ACT	A	804	-	1,3,3	1.41	0	0,3,3	0.00	-
4	KL4	B	803	-	25,26,26	0.44	0	32,35,35	1.37	4 (12%)
4	KL4	A	803	-	25,26,26	0.46	0	32,35,35	1.40	5 (15%)
2	HEM	B	801	1	27,50,50	1.97	5 (18%)	17,82,82	1.47	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	H4B	B	802	-	-	0/8/17/17	0/2/2/2
2	HEM	A	801	1	-	5/6/54/54	-
3	H4B	A	802	-	-	0/8/17/17	0/2/2/2
4	KL4	B	803	-	-	3/10/17/17	0/3/3/3
4	KL4	A	803	-	-	2/10/17/17	0/3/3/3
2	HEM	B	801	1	-	1/6/54/54	-

All (11) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	801	HEM	C3B-C2B	-4.45	1.34	1.40
2	A	801	HEM	C3B-C2B	-4.38	1.34	1.40
2	A	801	HEM	C3B-CAB	3.72	1.55	1.47
2	B	801	HEM	C3C-C2C	-3.68	1.35	1.40
2	A	801	HEM	C3C-CAC	3.62	1.55	1.47
2	B	801	HEM	C3B-CAB	3.58	1.55	1.47
2	B	801	HEM	C3C-CAC	3.45	1.54	1.47
2	A	801	HEM	C3C-C2C	-3.33	1.35	1.40
2	B	801	HEM	CAA-C2A	2.20	1.55	1.52
2	A	801	HEM	CAA-C2A	2.13	1.55	1.52
2	A	801	HEM	CMC-C2C	2.05	1.56	1.51

All (28) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	802	H4B	C4-C4A-C8A	5.11	119.11	114.57
3	B	802	H4B	C4-C4A-C8A	4.74	118.78	114.57
4	B	803	KL4	C02-N01-C06	4.19	121.28	118.10
4	A	803	KL4	C02-N01-C06	4.02	121.15	118.10
3	A	802	H4B	C4-N3-C2	3.41	121.35	115.93

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	802	H4B	C4-N3-C2	3.35	121.26	115.93
3	A	802	H4B	N3-C2-N1	-3.35	120.17	125.42
2	A	801	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	-3.26	107.20	112.67
3	B	802	H4B	N3-C2-N1	-3.17	120.44	125.42
4	A	803	KL4	C08-C06-N01	3.14	120.63	115.95
2	A	801	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	3.01	118.03	112.48
3	B	802	H4B	C4-C4A-N5	2.84	121.51	119.12
3	A	802	H4B	C2-N1-C8A	2.79	120.79	114.54
4	A	803	KL4	C05-C06-N01	-2.76	119.97	122.90
2	A	801	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	2.70	129.73	124.68
2	A	801	HEM	CMD-C2D-C1D	-2.69	124.32	128.46
2	B	801	HEM	CMD-C2D-C1D	-2.69	124.33	128.46
4	B	803	KL4	C05-C06-N01	-2.62	120.12	122.90
3	B	802	H4B	C2-N1-C8A	2.60	120.36	114.54
4	B	803	KL4	C08-C06-N01	2.52	119.71	115.95
4	B	803	KL4	C14-C13-C12	-2.46	120.42	123.52
3	A	802	H4B	C4-C4A-N5	2.41	121.15	119.12
2	B	801	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	2.33	129.03	124.68
4	A	803	KL4	C14-C13-C12	-2.32	120.59	123.52
4	A	803	KL4	C09-C08-C06	-2.12	108.24	112.99
2	A	801	HEM	C3C-C4C-NC	-2.06	107.05	110.94
2	B	801	HEM	C4A-C3A-C2A	2.03	108.41	107.00
3	A	802	H4B	N2-C2-N3	2.02	120.39	117.25

There are no chirality outliers.

All (11) torsion outliers are listed below:

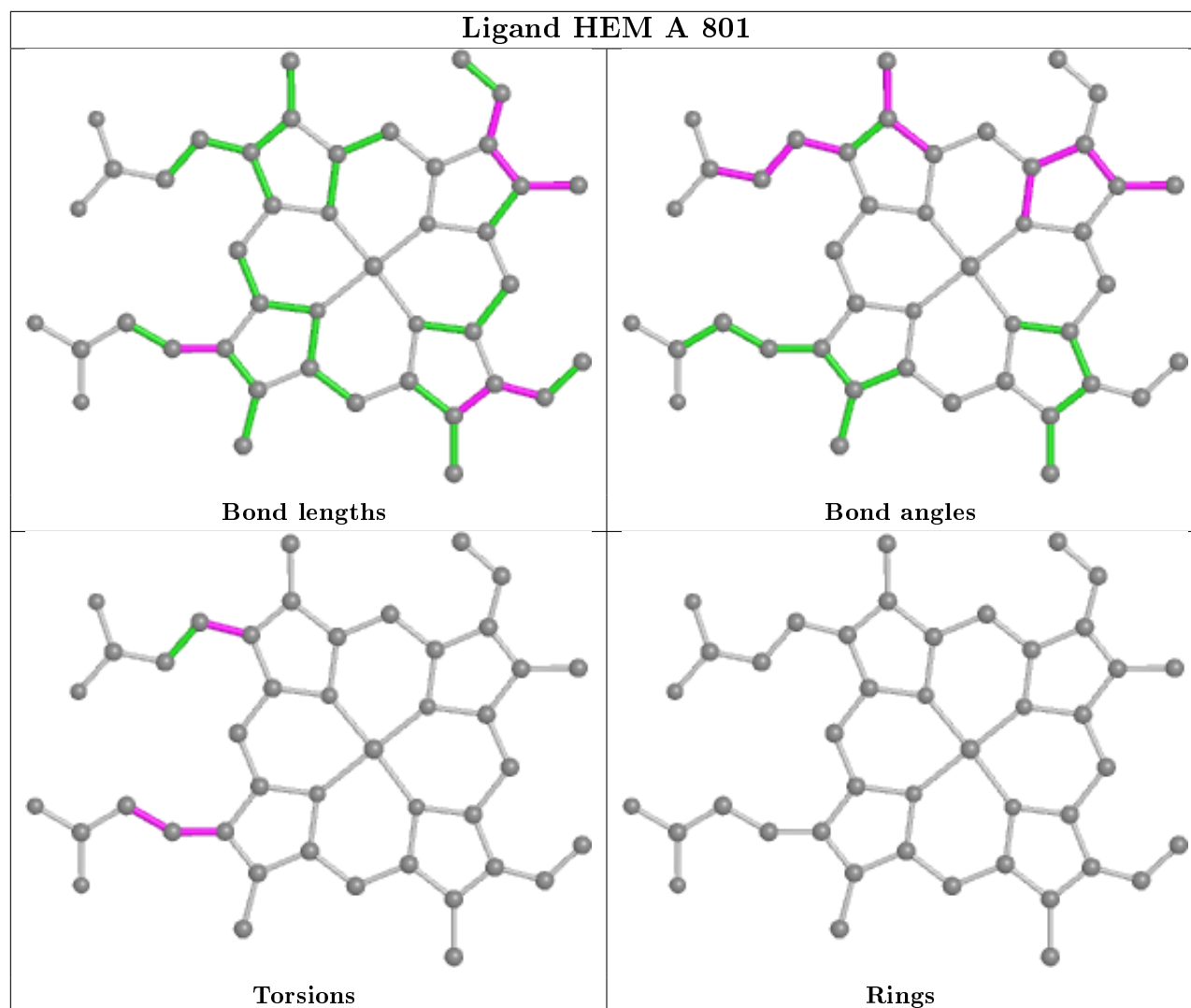
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	801	HEM	C1A-C2A-CAA-CBA
2	A	801	HEM	C2A-CAA-CBA-CGA
2	A	801	HEM	C2D-C3D-CAD-CBD
2	A	801	HEM	C4D-C3D-CAD-CBD
4	B	803	KL4	C06-C08-C09-C11
4	B	803	KL4	C15-C17-C18-C22
4	A	803	KL4	C06-C08-C09-C11
2	B	801	HEM	C2A-CAA-CBA-CGA
4	A	803	KL4	C15-C17-C18-C22
4	B	803	KL4	C17-C18-C22-N21
2	A	801	HEM	C3A-C2A-CAA-CBA

There are no ring outliers.

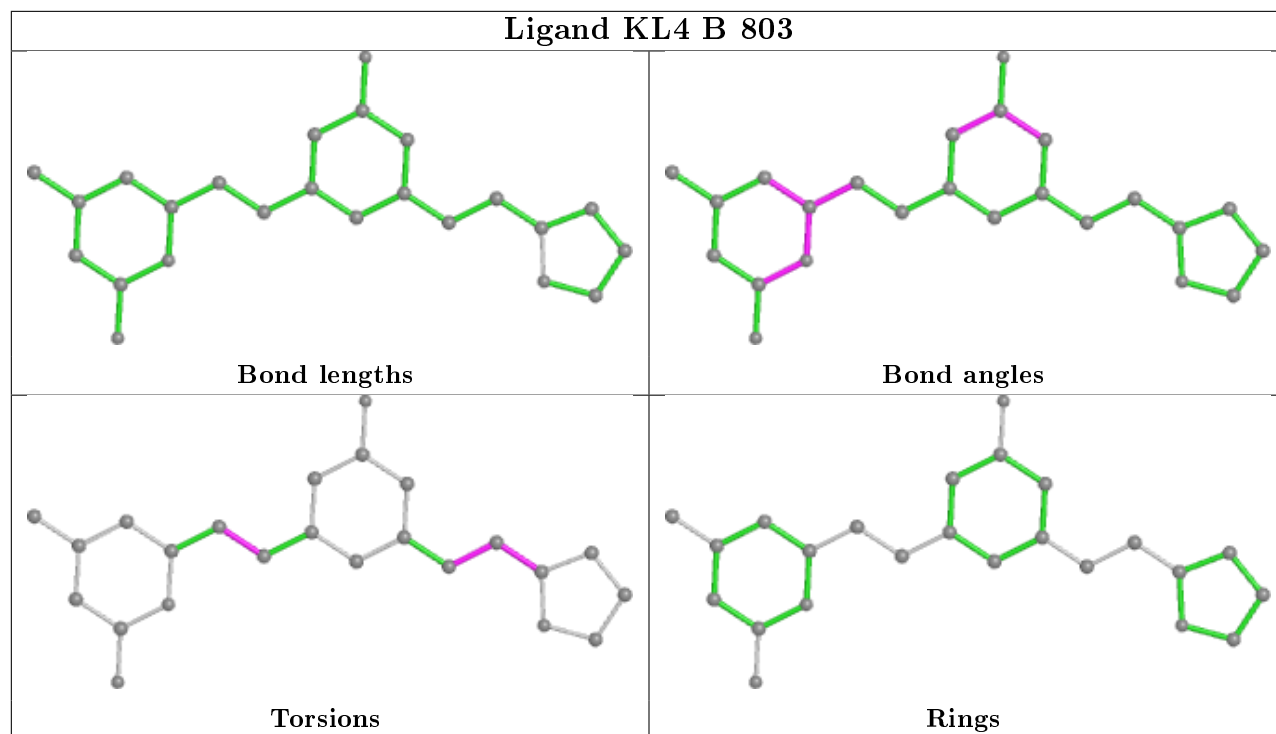
3 monomers are involved in 9 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	801	HEM	3	0
4	B	803	KL4	2	0
2	B	801	HEM	5	0

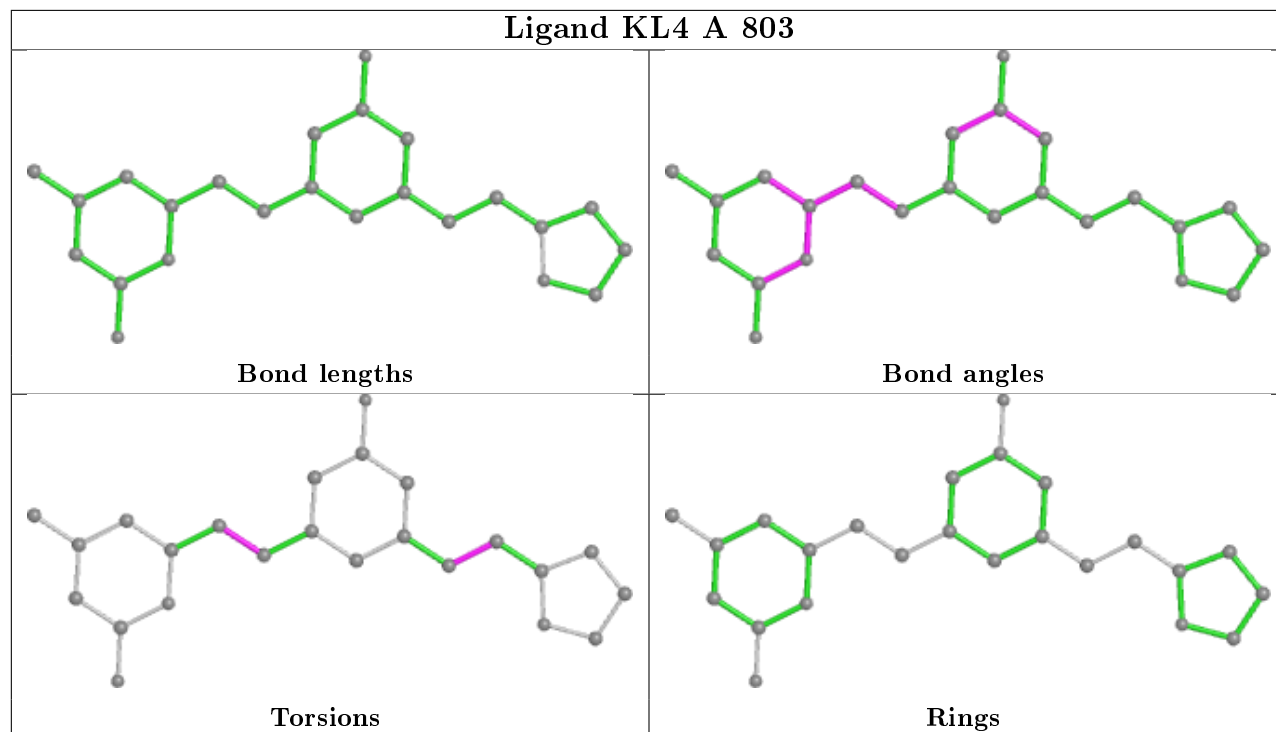
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



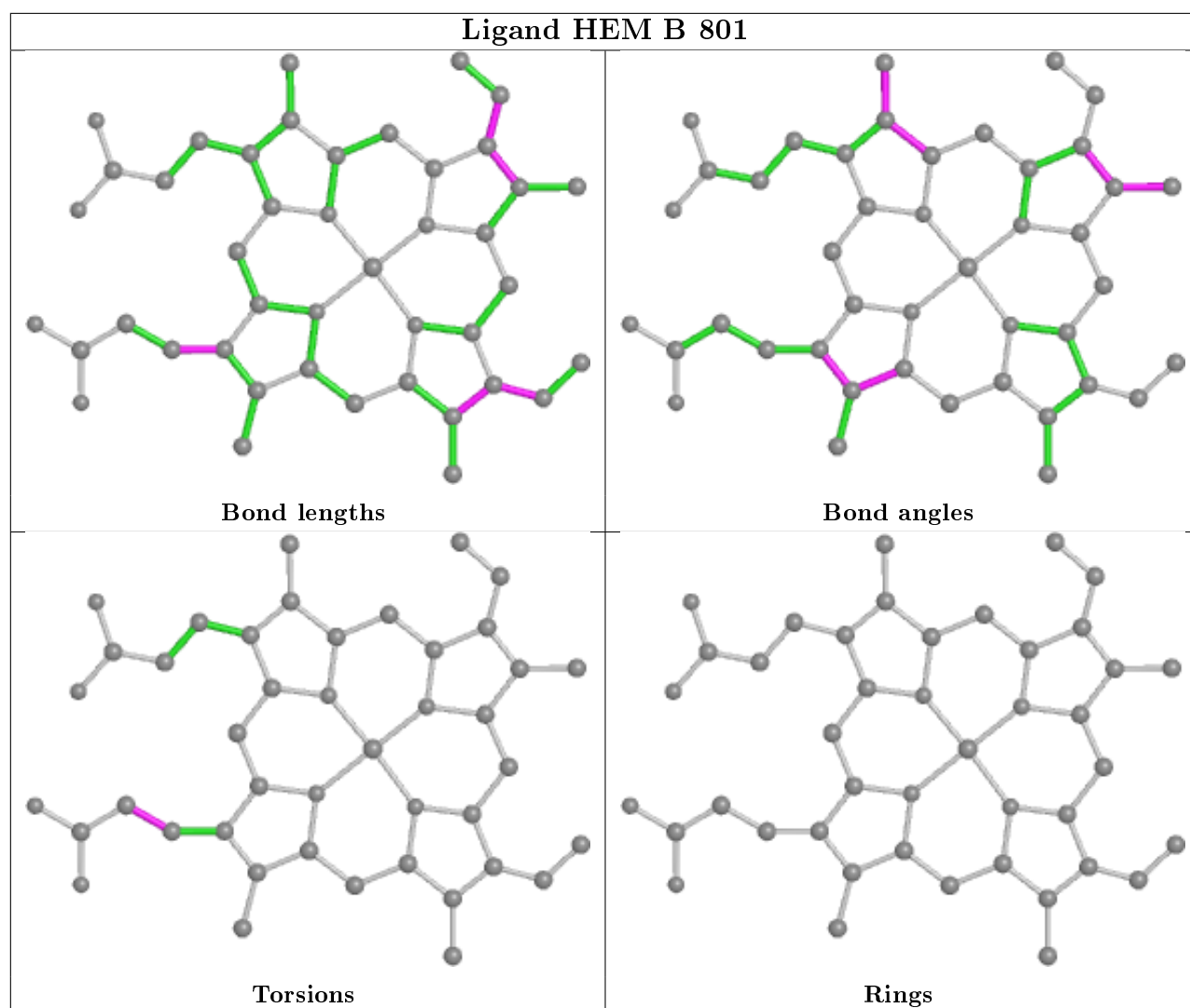
## Ligand KL4 B 803



## Ligand KL4 A 803







## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	410/422 (97%)	0.49	24 (5%) 22 25	42, 72, 126, 158	0
1	B	411/422 (97%)	0.29	9 (2%) 62 64	38, 60, 97, 138	0
All	All	821/844 (97%)	0.39	33 (4%) 38 41	38, 65, 118, 158	0

All (33) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	348	VAL	6.4
1	A	349	ARG	6.1
1	B	300	PHE	5.8
1	A	554	PHE	5.2
1	B	350	THR	5.2
1	A	348	VAL	5.0
1	A	373	GLY	4.5
1	A	551	PHE	3.4
1	A	493	LEU	3.1
1	A	322	LEU	3.1
1	B	718	GLY	3.0
1	B	352	ASP	2.8
1	A	355	PHE	2.8
1	A	376	ALA	2.8
1	A	553	TRP	2.7
1	A	300	PHE	2.7
1	A	715	VAL	2.5
1	A	318	LEU	2.5
1	A	366	TYR	2.4
1	A	394	TYR	2.4
1	A	604	TYR	2.4
1	B	351	LYS	2.4
1	A	299	ARG	2.3
1	A	470	HIS	2.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	511	LYS	2.3
1	B	594	GLY	2.2
1	A	716	TRP	2.2
1	B	299	ARG	2.2
1	A	389	GLU	2.2
1	A	396	LEU	2.1
1	A	352	ASP	2.0
1	A	557	LEU	2.0
1	B	337	LEU	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

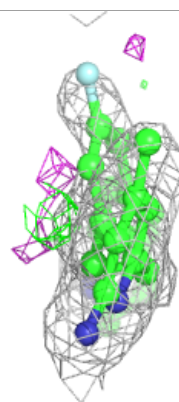
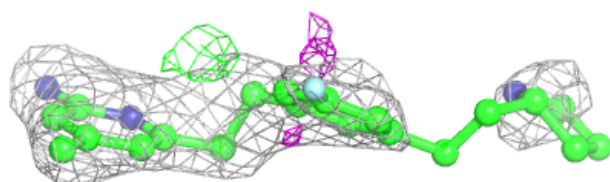
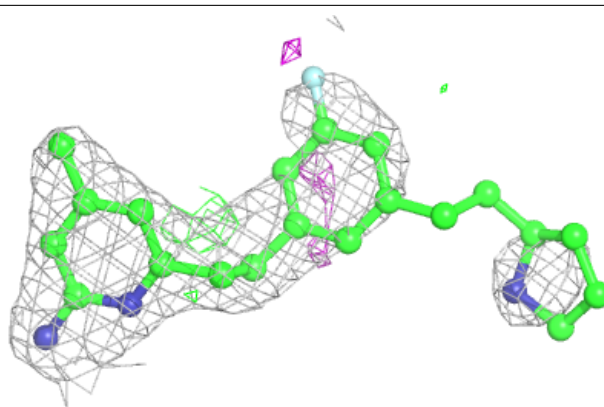
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
5	ACT	A	804	4/4	0.90	0.27	93,95,96,96	0
4	KL4	B	803	24/24	0.90	0.23	46,91,122,122	0
4	KL4	A	803	24/24	0.90	0.18	46,76,119,119	0
3	H4B	A	802	17/17	0.91	0.13	46,57,66,66	0
5	ACT	B	804	4/4	0.92	0.16	74,90,95,98	0
3	H4B	B	802	17/17	0.94	0.12	48,58,62,63	0
2	HEM	A	801	43/43	0.98	0.11	37,50,66,83	0
2	HEM	B	801	43/43	0.98	0.15	39,49,76,84	0
6	ZN	B	805	1/1	0.99	0.12	52,52,52,52	0

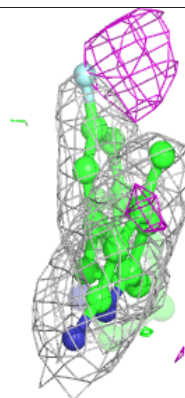
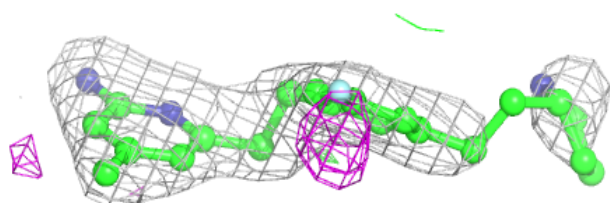
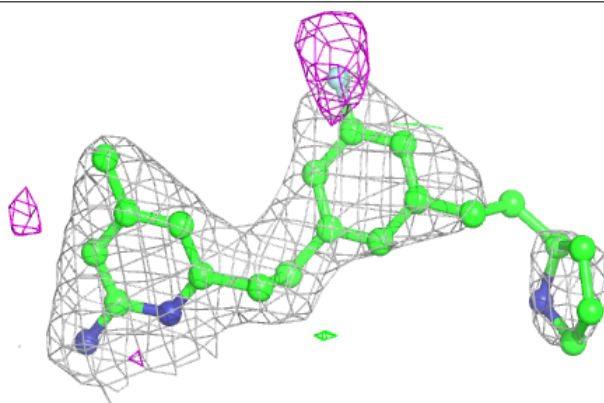
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around KL4 B 803:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

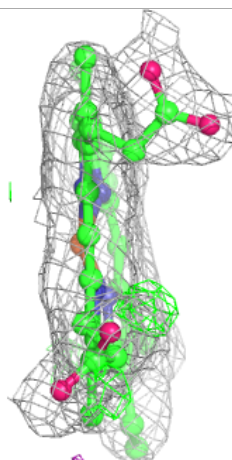
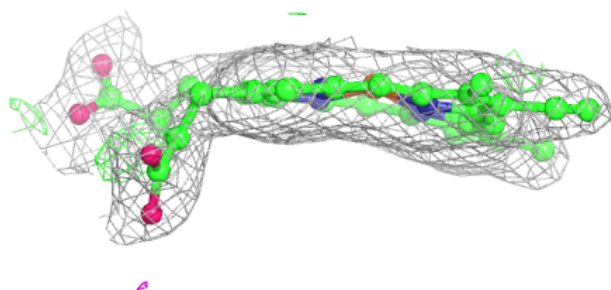
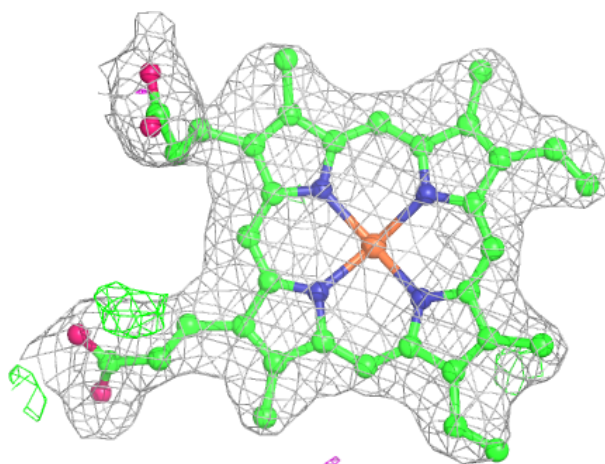
**Electron density around KL4 A 803:**

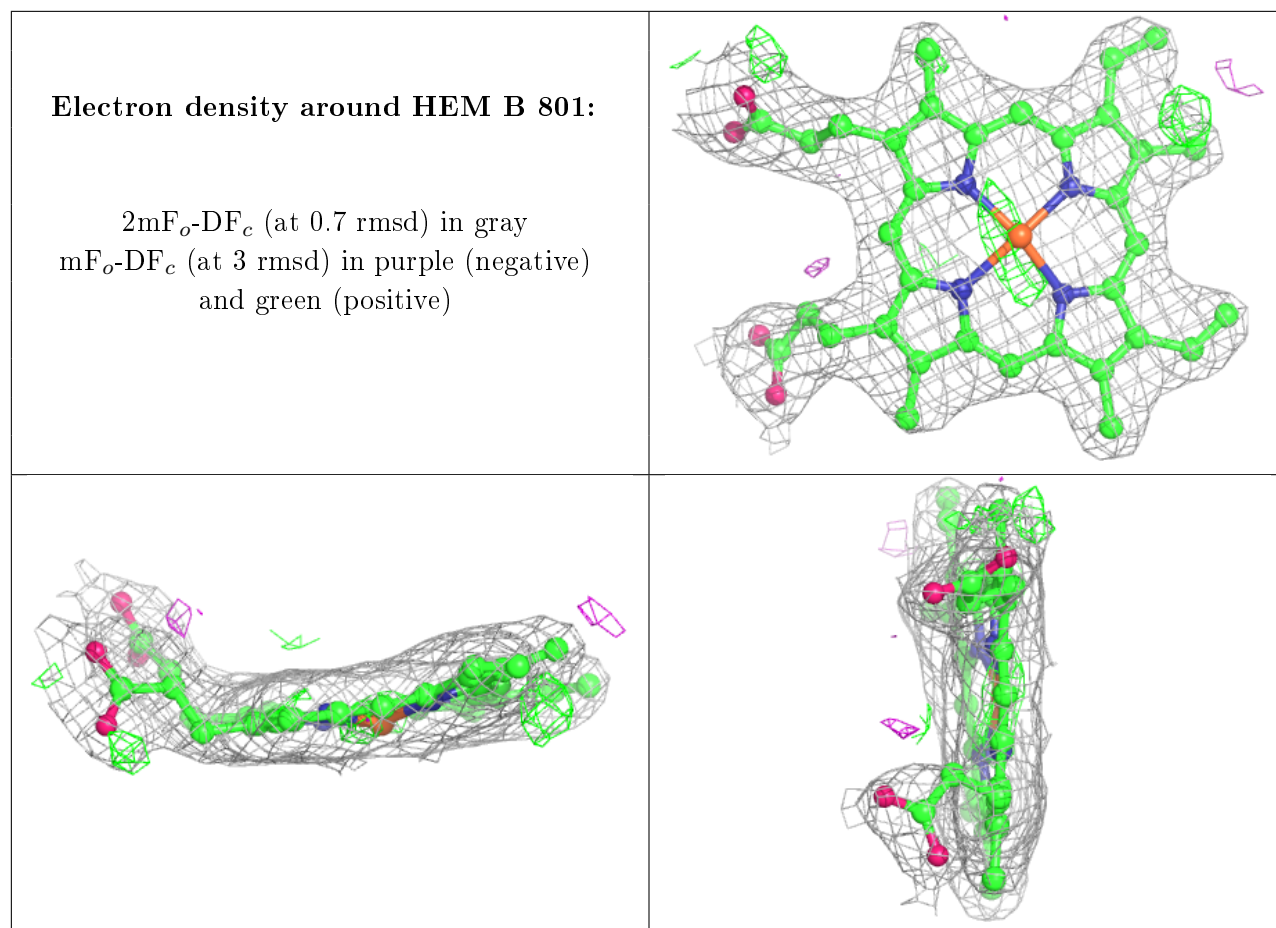
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around HEM A 801:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.