



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 15, 2020 – 11:55 am BST

PDB ID : 6NLI
Title : 1.90 Å resolution structure of WT BfrB from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* in complex with a protein-protein interaction inhibitor (analog 11)
Authors : Lovell, S.; Punchi-Hewage, A.; Battaile, K.P.; Yao, H.; Nammalwar, B.; Gnanasekaran, K.K.; Bunce, R.A.; Reitz, A.B.; Rivera, M.
Deposited on : 2019-01-08
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

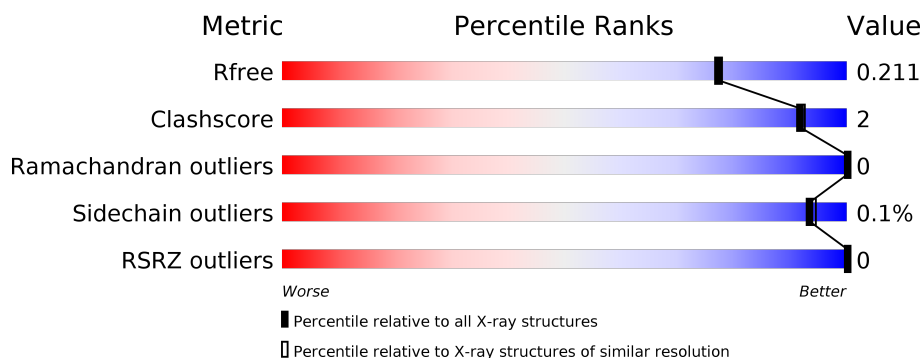
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	158	
1	B	158	
1	C	158	
1	D	158	
1	E	158	
1	F	158	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	G	158	<div><div></div><div>94%</div><div>5% .</div></div>
1	H	158	<div><div></div><div>96%</div><div>. .</div></div>
1	I	158	<div><div></div><div>96%</div><div>. .</div></div>
1	J	158	<div><div></div><div>96%</div><div>. .</div></div>
1	K	158	<div><div></div><div>97%</div><div>. .</div></div>
1	L	158	<div><div></div><div>97%</div><div>. .</div></div>

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 17392 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ferroxidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1267	804	213	243	7			
1	B	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			1273	807	217	242	7			
1	C	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1274	806	217	244	7			
1	D	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1277	808	218	244	7			
1	E	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1269	804	217	241	7			
1	F	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1272	806	214	245	7			
1	G	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			1274	808	218	241	7			
1	H	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1278	808	217	246	7			
1	I	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1270	805	214	244	7			
1	J	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1280	810	219	244	7			
1	K	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			1286	816	219	244	7			
1	L	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1281	811	219	244	7			

- Molecule 2 is FE (II) ION (three-letter code: FE2) (formula: Fe).

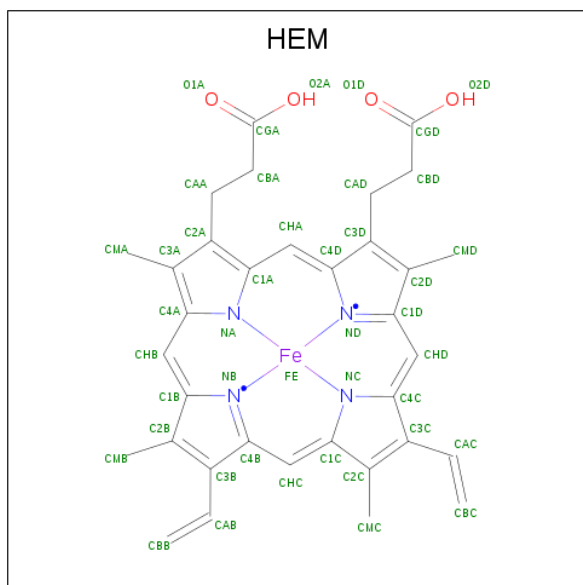
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		
2	A	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		

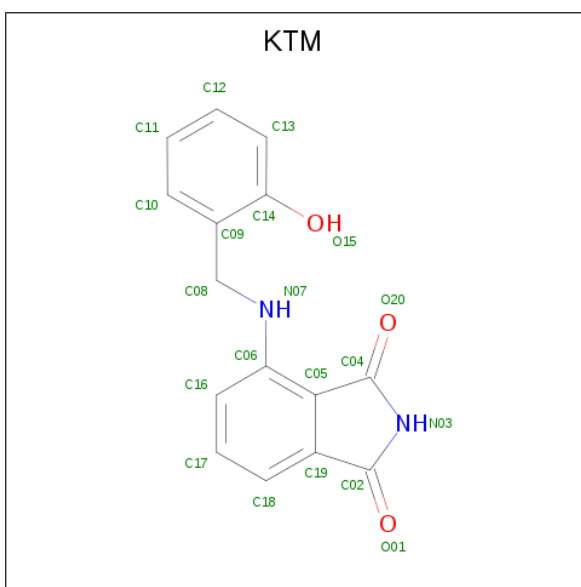
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	D	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	1
			40	30	4	6		
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	1
			40	30	4	6		
4	C	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			20	15	2	3		
4	D	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			20	15	2	3		
4	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0	1
			40	30	4	6		
4	G	1	Total	C	N	O	0	1
			40	30	4	6		
4	H	1	Total	C	N	O	0	1
			40	30	4	6		
4	I	1	Total	C	N	O	0	1
			40	30	4	6		
4	J	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			20	15	2	3		

- Molecule 5 is TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PG4) (formula: C₈H₁₈O₅).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	6	4		
5	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	7	4		
5	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	7	4		
5	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	6	4		
5	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			9	6	3		
5	E	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	8	5		
5	F	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	7	4		
5	F	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	7	4		
5	G	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	8	5		
5	H	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	7	4		
5	J	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	7	4		
5	K	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	7	4		
5	L	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	8	5		

- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	112	Total 112	O 112	0	0
6	B	98	Total 98	O 98	0	0
6	C	103	Total 103	O 103	0	0
6	D	110	Total 110	O 110	0	0
6	E	116	Total 116	O 116	0	0
6	F	105	Total 105	O 105	0	0
6	G	110	Total 110	O 110	0	0
6	H	113	Total 113	O 113	0	0
6	I	118	Total 118	O 118	0	0
6	J	143	Total 143	O 143	0	0
6	K	90	Total 90	O 90	0	0
6	L	81	Total 81	O 81	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain A:  95% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain B:  95% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain C:  96% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain D:  96% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain E:  94% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain F:  97% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain G: 94% 5% .



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain H: 96% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain I: 96% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain J: 96% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain K: 97% ..



- Molecule 1: Ferroxidase

Chain L: 97% ..



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	129.55Å 194.23Å 202.76Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.22 – 1.90 48.56 – 1.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (47.22-1.90) 100.0 (48.56-1.90)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.08 (at 1.90Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.166 , 0.205 0.174 , 0.211	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	9934 reflections (4.98%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	25.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.586	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.37 , 53.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	17392	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.76% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: KTM, PG4, FE2, HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.43	0/1291	0.52	0/1742
1	B	0.44	0/1300	0.52	0/1754
1	C	0.47	0/1298	0.58	0/1751
1	D	0.45	0/1301	0.53	0/1754
1	E	0.54	0/1293	0.56	0/1743
1	F	0.47	0/1296	0.53	0/1748
1	G	0.43	0/1301	0.53	0/1755
1	H	0.46	0/1302	0.55	0/1756
1	I	0.50	0/1294	0.57	0/1746
1	J	0.49	0/1304	0.54	0/1757
1	K	0.47	0/1314	0.58	0/1770
1	L	0.41	0/1305	0.53	0/1758
All	All	0.47	0/15599	0.55	0/21034

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1267	0	1223	5	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	1273	0	1234	5	0
1	C	1274	0	1234	3	0
1	D	1277	0	1243	4	0
1	E	1269	0	1240	6	0
1	F	1272	0	1232	2	0
1	G	1274	0	1238	6	0
1	H	1278	0	1238	4	0
1	I	1270	0	1224	4	0
1	J	1280	0	1252	4	0
1	K	1286	0	1261	2	0
1	L	1281	0	1254	1	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	86	0	60	2	0
3	C	43	0	30	0	0
3	D	43	0	30	2	0
3	E	43	0	30	1	0
3	F	43	0	30	0	0
3	J	43	0	30	2	0
3	L	43	0	30	0	0
4	A	40	0	0	2	0
4	B	40	0	0	2	0
4	C	20	0	0	1	0
4	D	20	0	0	1	0
4	E	40	0	0	2	0
4	G	40	0	0	2	0
4	H	40	0	0	2	0
4	I	40	0	0	2	0
4	J	20	0	0	1	0
5	A	10	0	13	0	0
5	B	11	0	13	0	0
5	C	11	0	13	0	0
5	D	19	0	21	0	0
5	E	13	0	18	0	0
5	F	22	0	26	0	0
5	G	13	0	18	1	0
5	H	11	0	13	0	0
5	J	11	0	13	0	0
5	K	11	0	13	0	0
5	L	13	0	18	0	0
6	A	112	0	0	1	1

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	B	98	0	0	0	0
6	C	103	0	0	1	0
6	D	110	0	0	2	0
6	E	116	0	0	2	0
6	F	105	0	0	1	0
6	G	110	0	0	0	1
6	H	113	0	0	1	0
6	I	118	0	0	1	0
6	J	143	0	0	1	0
6	K	90	0	0	1	0
6	L	81	0	0	1	0
All	All	17392	0	15292	49	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 49 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:110:GLN:OE1	6:E:301:HOH:O	2.12	0.68
1:I:130:HIS:NE2	6:I:302:HOH:O	2.28	0.66
1:C:130:HIS:NE2	6:C:301:HOH:O	2.30	0.64
1:D:153:HIS:NE2	6:D:301:HOH:O	2.29	0.64
1:L:72:GLN:OE1	6:L:301:HOH:O	2.15	0.64

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:308:HOH:O	6:G:348:HOH:O[3_554]	2.13	0.07

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	156/158 (99%)	155 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	157/158 (99%)	156 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	C	156/158 (99%)	155 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	D	156/158 (99%)	155 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	E	155/158 (98%)	154 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	F	156/158 (99%)	155 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	G	157/158 (99%)	157 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	H	156/158 (99%)	156 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	I	156/158 (99%)	155 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	J	156/158 (99%)	156 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	K	157/158 (99%)	156 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	L	156/158 (99%)	155 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	1874/1896 (99%)	1865 (100%)	9 (0%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	134/144 (93%)	134 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	135/144 (94%)	135 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	136/144 (94%)	136 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	137/144 (95%)	137 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	136/144 (94%)	136 (100%)	0	100	100
1	F	136/144 (94%)	136 (100%)	0	100	100
1	G	135/144 (94%)	135 (100%)	0	100	100
1	H	137/144 (95%)	137 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	I	134/144 (93%)	134 (100%)	0	100	100
1	J	138/144 (96%)	138 (100%)	0	100	100
1	K	139/144 (96%)	139 (100%)	0	100	100
1	L	138/144 (96%)	137 (99%)	1 (1%)	84	84
All	All	1635/1728 (95%)	1634 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	94

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	130	HIS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 39 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 36 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	HEM	C	201	1	27,50,50	1.84	4 (14%)	17,82,82	2.13	8 (47%)
5	PG4	F	203	-	10,10,12	0.50	0	9,9,11	0.35	0
3	HEM	F	201	1	27,50,50	1.83	4 (14%)	17,82,82	2.05	8 (47%)
5	PG4	F	202	-	10,10,12	0.51	0	9,9,11	0.27	0
5	PG4	D	205	-	8,8,12	0.53	0	7,7,11	0.26	0
5	PG4	L	202	-	12,12,12	0.50	0	11,11,11	0.44	0
4	KTM	J	202	-	22,22,22	1.98	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.22	4 (12%)
4	KTM	G	201[A]	-	22,22,22	1.78	6 (27%)	31,31,31	0.99	3 (9%)
4	KTM	D	203	-	22,22,22	1.84	7 (31%)	31,31,31	1.25	5 (16%)
4	KTM	G	201[B]	-	22,22,22	1.80	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.24	4 (12%)
5	PG4	J	203	-	10,10,12	0.55	0	9,9,11	0.46	0
5	PG4	K	201	-	10,10,12	0.52	0	9,9,11	0.33	0
5	PG4	H	202	-	10,10,12	0.51	0	9,9,11	0.28	0
4	KTM	B	202[B]	-	22,22,22	1.88	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.10	3 (9%)
4	KTM	B	202[A]	-	22,22,22	1.89	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.08	3 (9%)
3	HEM	D	202	1	27,50,50	1.73	4 (14%)	17,82,82	1.83	4 (23%)
5	PG4	B	203	-	10,10,12	0.48	0	9,9,11	0.25	0
4	KTM	C	202	-	22,22,22	1.88	5 (22%)	31,31,31	1.37	4 (12%)
4	KTM	E	202[A]	-	22,22,22	1.95	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.36	4 (12%)
3	HEM	J	201	1	27,50,50	1.63	4 (14%)	17,82,82	2.27	9 (52%)
5	PG4	G	202	-	12,12,12	0.46	0	11,11,11	0.52	0
4	KTM	E	202[B]	-	22,22,22	1.97	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.33	3 (9%)
3	HEM	L	201	1	27,50,50	1.86	5 (18%)	17,82,82	1.76	4 (23%)
4	KTM	A	203[A]	-	22,22,22	1.94	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.35	4 (12%)
5	PG4	E	203	-	12,12,12	0.47	0	11,11,11	0.52	0
4	KTM	A	203[B]	-	22,22,22	1.93	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.17	3 (9%)
5	PG4	A	204	-	9,9,12	0.47	0	8,8,11	0.46	0
3	HEM	E	201	1	27,50,50	1.70	6 (22%)	17,82,82	2.53	10 (58%)
3	HEM	A	202[A]	1	27,50,50	1.76	4 (14%)	17,82,82	1.97	5 (29%)
5	PG4	C	203	-	10,10,12	0.48	0	9,9,11	0.34	0
4	KTM	I	201[B]	-	22,22,22	1.91	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.09	3 (9%)
4	KTM	H	201[B]	-	22,22,22	1.75	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.08	3 (9%)
3	HEM	A	202[B]	1	27,50,50	1.81	5 (18%)	17,82,82	1.78	4 (23%)
4	KTM	H	201[A]	-	22,22,22	1.74	6 (27%)	31,31,31	1.12	3 (9%)
5	PG4	D	204	-	9,9,12	0.50	0	8,8,11	0.33	0
4	KTM	I	201[A]	-	22,22,22	1.82	5 (22%)	31,31,31	0.99	3 (9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HEM	C	201	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
5	PG4	F	203	-	-	2/8/8/10	-
3	HEM	F	201	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
5	PG4	F	202	-	-	0/8/8/10	-
5	PG4	D	205	-	-	2/6/6/10	-
5	PG4	L	202	-	-	2/10/10/10	-
4	KTM	J	202	-	-	1/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
4	KTM	G	201[A]	-	-	0/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
4	KTM	D	203	-	-	1/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
4	KTM	G	201[B]	-	-	2/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
5	PG4	J	203	-	-	0/8/8/10	-
5	PG4	K	201	-	-	1/8/8/10	-
5	PG4	H	202	-	-	0/8/8/10	-
4	KTM	B	202[B]	-	-	2/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
4	KTM	B	202[A]	-	-	0/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
3	HEM	D	202	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
5	PG4	B	203	-	-	0/8/8/10	-
4	KTM	C	202	-	-	1/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
4	KTM	E	202[A]	-	-	0/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
3	HEM	J	201	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
5	PG4	G	202	-	-	5/10/10/10	-
4	KTM	E	202[B]	-	-	2/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
3	HEM	L	201	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
4	KTM	A	203[A]	-	-	1/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
5	PG4	E	203	-	-	1/10/10/10	-
4	KTM	A	203[B]	-	-	2/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
5	PG4	A	204	-	-	1/7/7/10	-
3	HEM	E	201	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
3	HEM	A	202[A]	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
5	PG4	C	203	-	-	3/8/8/10	-
4	KTM	I	201[B]	-	-	2/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
4	KTM	H	201[B]	-	-	0/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
3	HEM	A	202[B]	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
4	KTM	H	201[A]	-	-	0/5/17/17	0/3/3/3
5	PG4	D	204	-	-	0/7/7/10	-
4	KTM	I	201[A]	-	-	0/5/17/17	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 125 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	F	201	HEM	C3B-C2B	-5.18	1.33	1.40
4	J	202	KTM	C04-N03	4.78	1.45	1.38
4	I	201[B]	KTM	C19-C02	4.64	1.55	1.48
4	E	202[B]	KTM	C04-N03	4.50	1.45	1.38
4	A	203[A]	KTM	C04-N03	4.48	1.45	1.38

The worst 5 of 104 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	C	202	KTM	C05-C06-N07	-4.88	115.54	121.32
4	E	202[B]	KTM	C04-N03-C02	-4.76	108.46	112.52
4	E	202[A]	KTM	C04-N03-C02	-4.69	108.52	112.52
4	A	203[A]	KTM	C04-N03-C02	-4.42	108.75	112.52
3	J	201	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	4.38	132.87	124.68

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 31 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	G	202	PG4	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	B	202[B]	KTM	C05-C06-N07-C08
4	E	202[B]	KTM	C05-C06-N07-C08
4	I	201[B]	KTM	C05-C06-N07-C08
4	I	201[B]	KTM	C16-C06-N07-C08

There are no ring outliers.

20 monomers are involved in 23 short contacts:

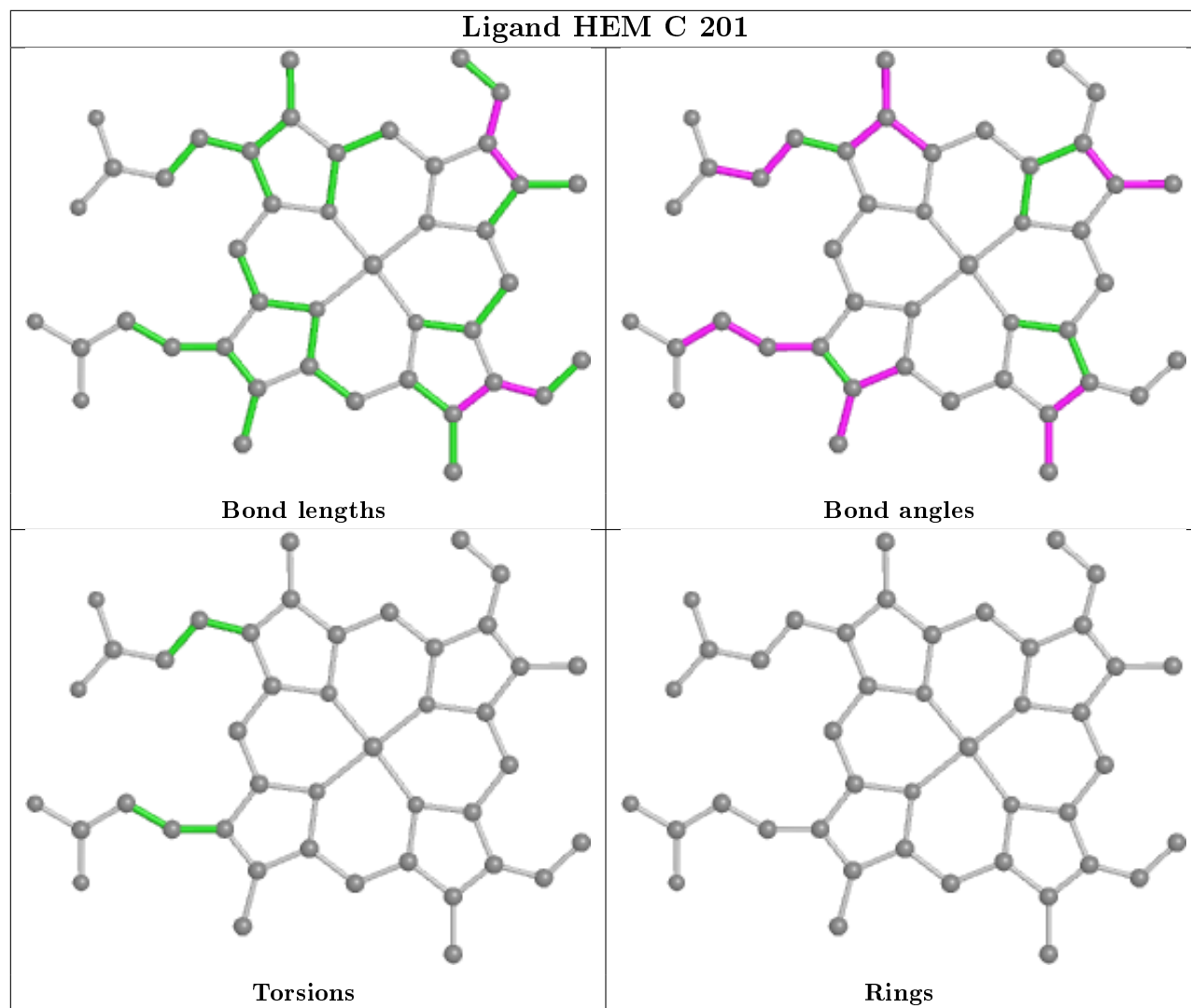
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	J	202	KTM	1	0
4	G	201[A]	KTM	1	0
4	D	203	KTM	1	0
4	G	201[B]	KTM	1	0
4	B	202[B]	KTM	1	0
4	B	202[A]	KTM	1	0
3	D	202	HEM	2	0
4	C	202	KTM	1	0
4	E	202[A]	KTM	1	0
3	J	201	HEM	2	0
5	G	202	PG4	1	0
4	E	202[B]	KTM	1	0
4	A	203[A]	KTM	1	0

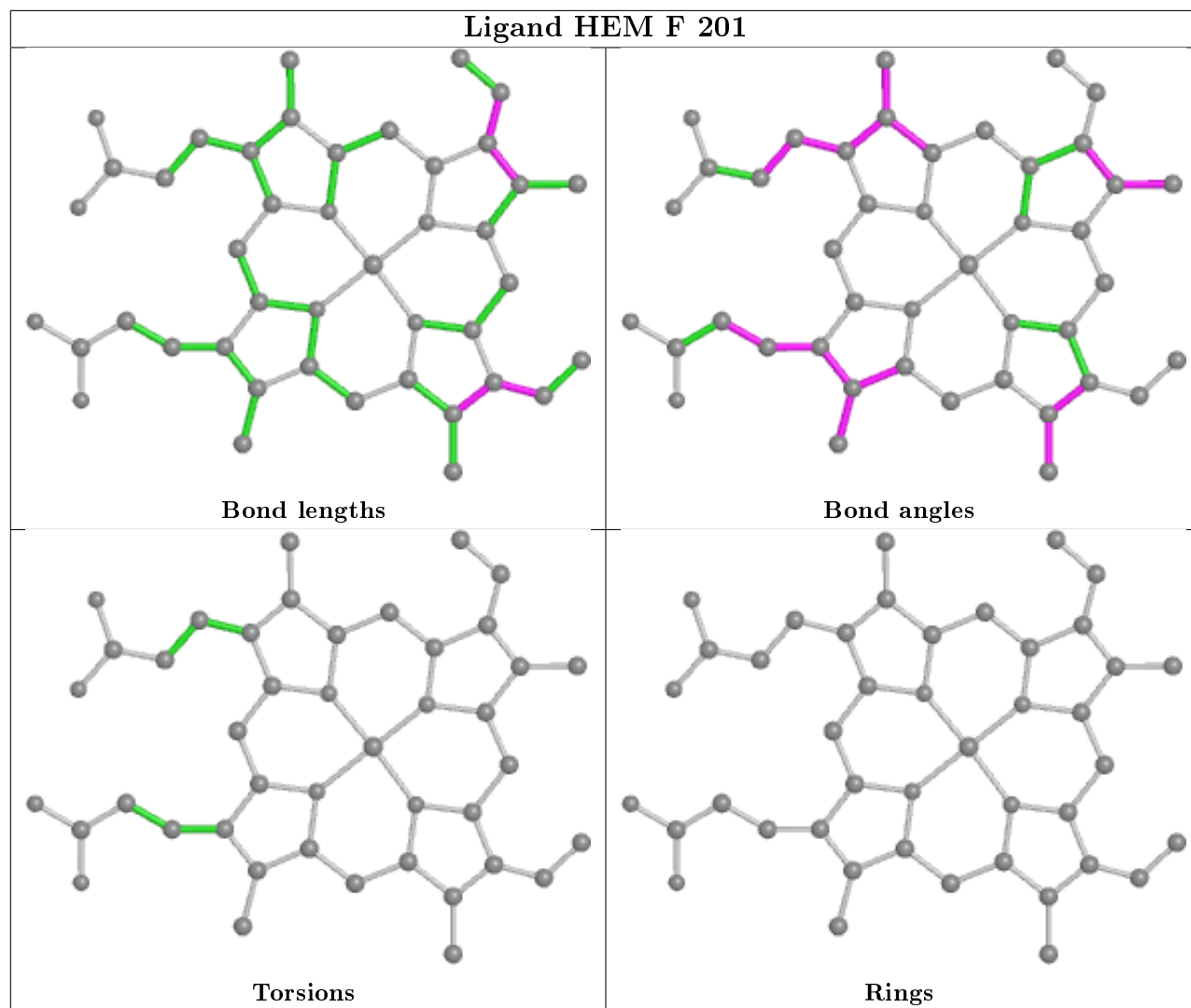
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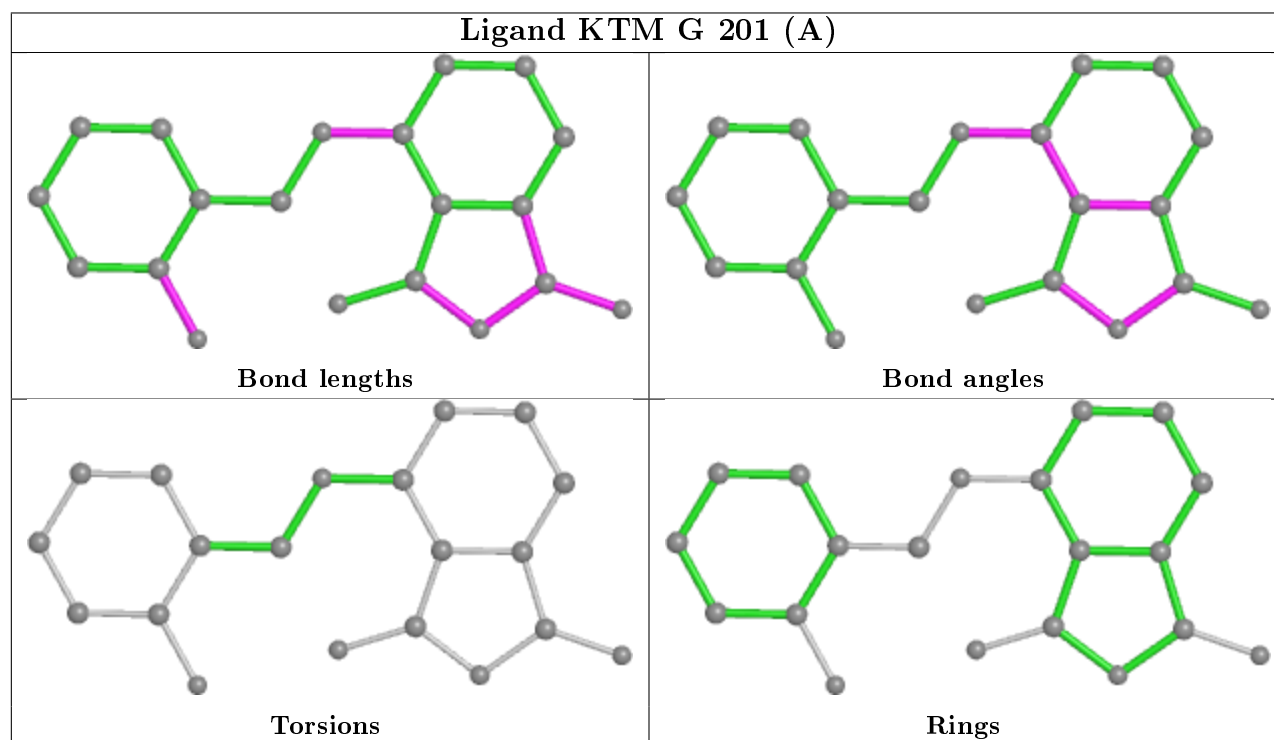
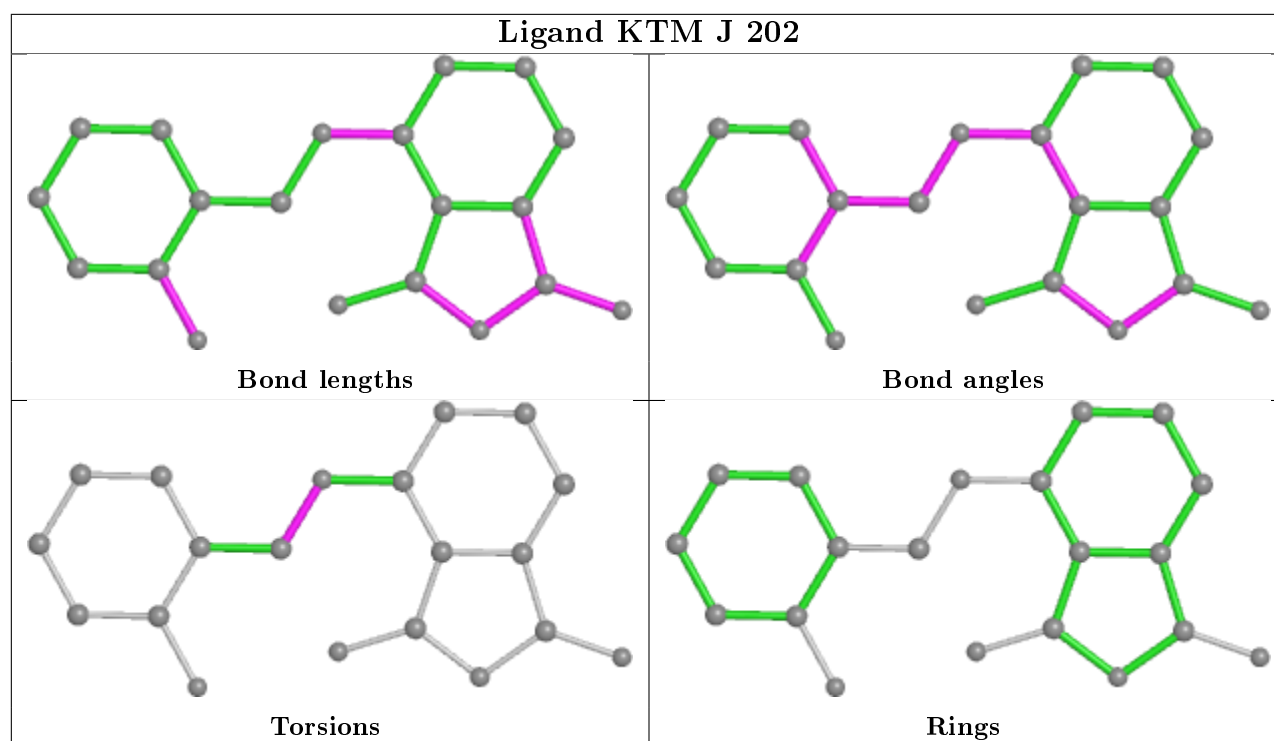
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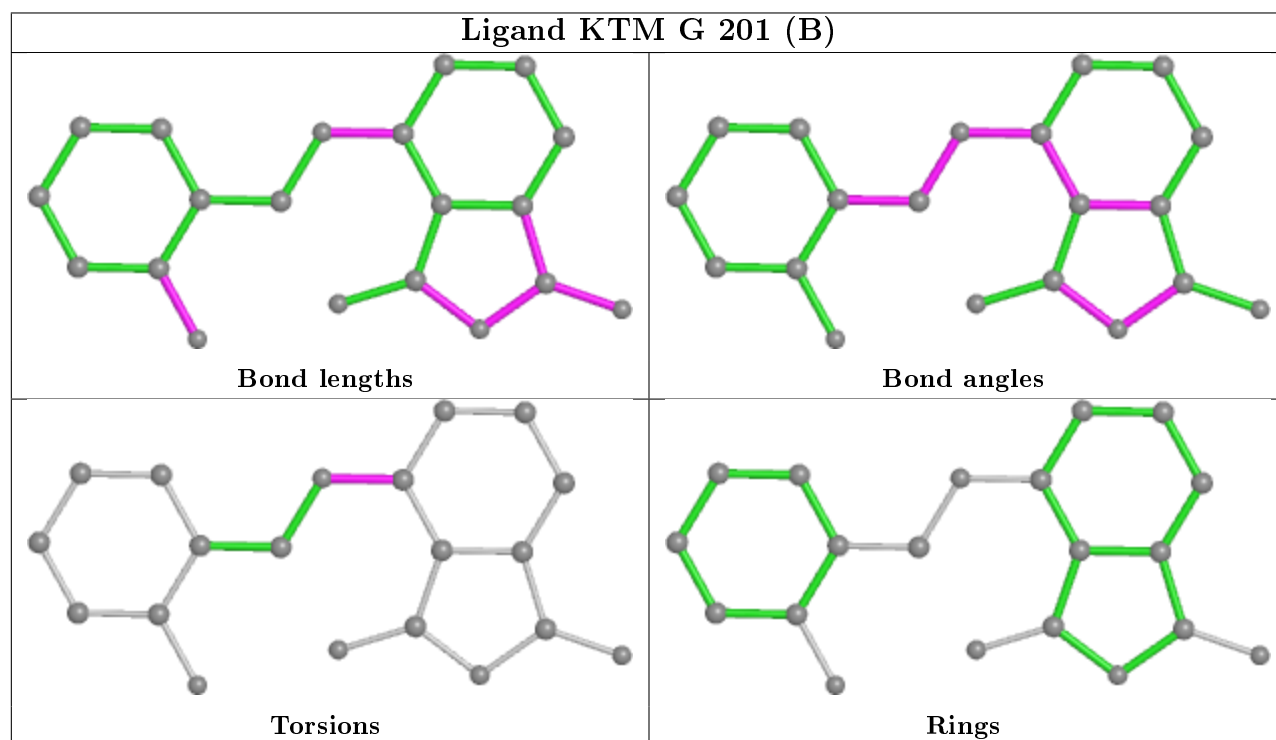
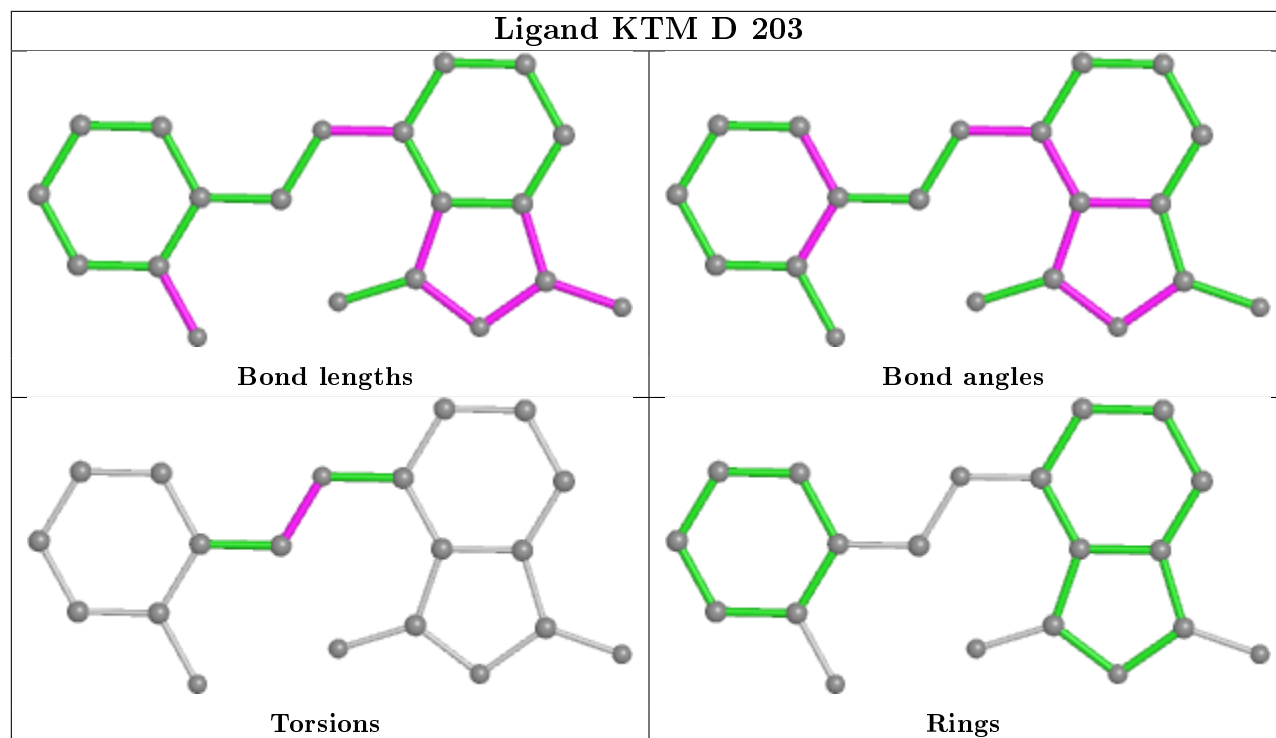
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	203[B]	KTM	1	0
3	E	201	HEM	1	0
4	I	201[B]	KTM	1	0
4	H	201[B]	KTM	1	0
3	A	202[B]	HEM	2	0
4	H	201[A]	KTM	1	0
4	I	201[A]	KTM	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

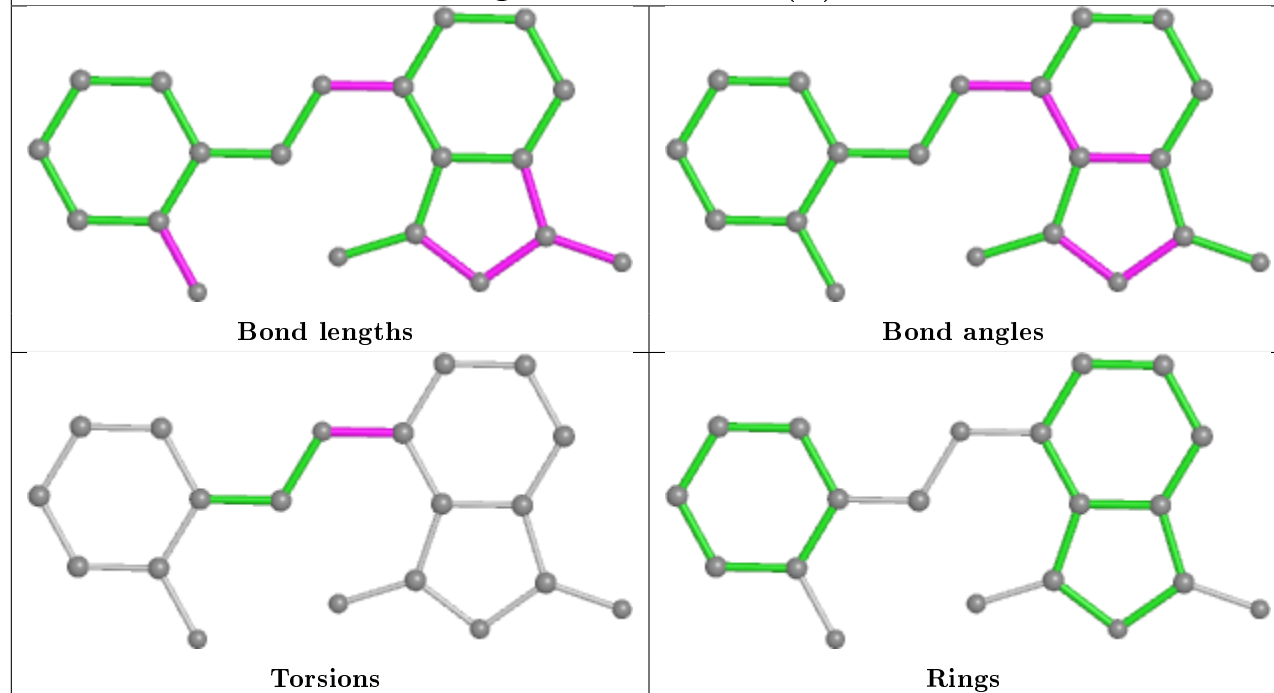




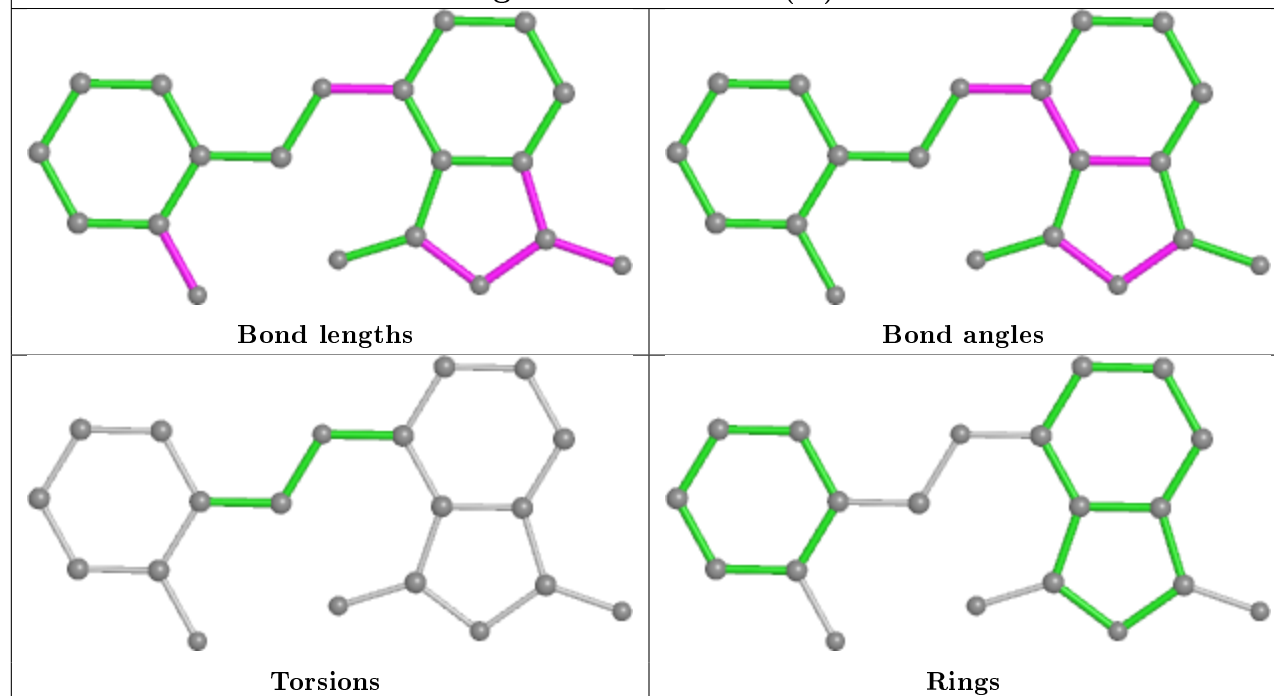


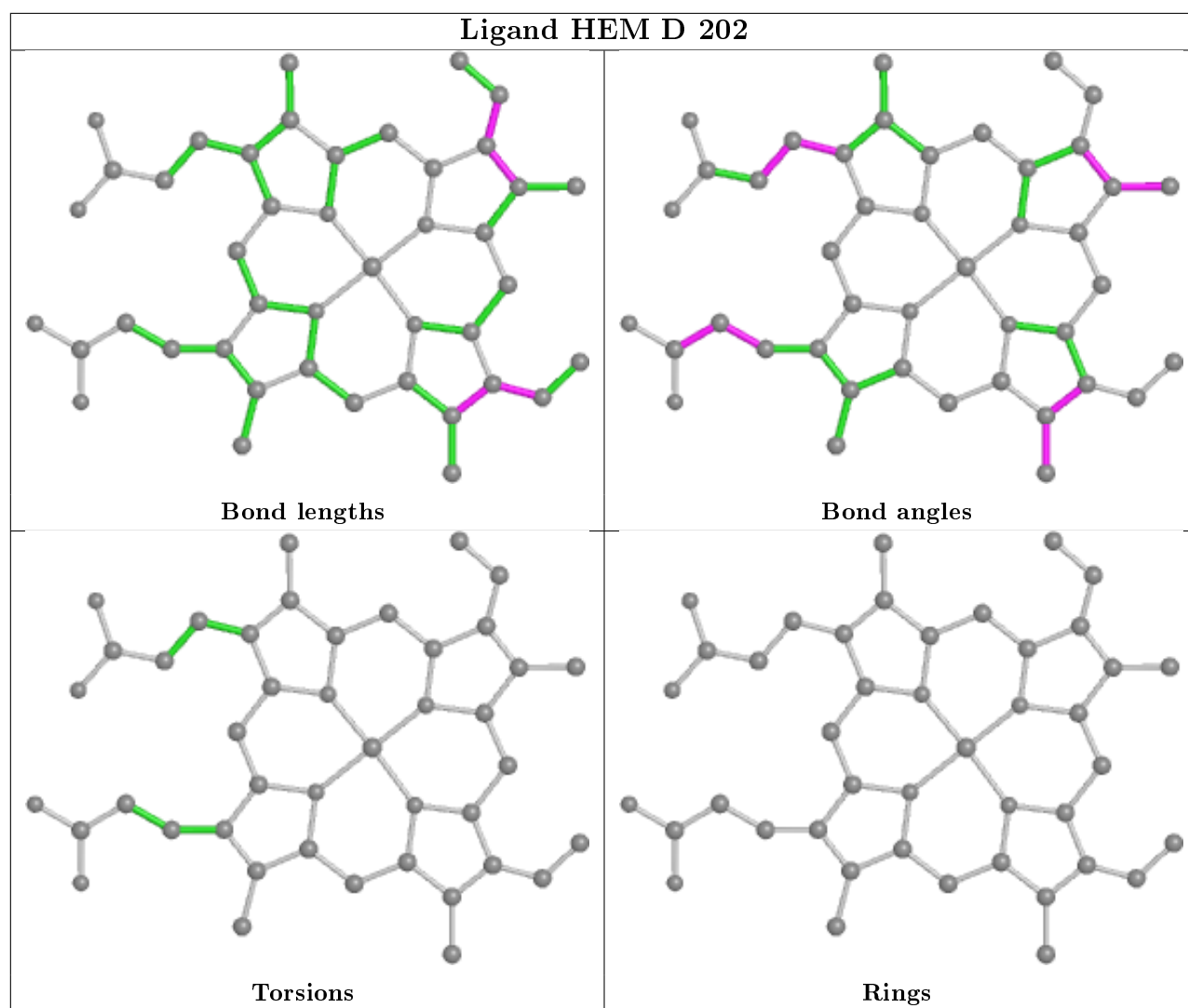


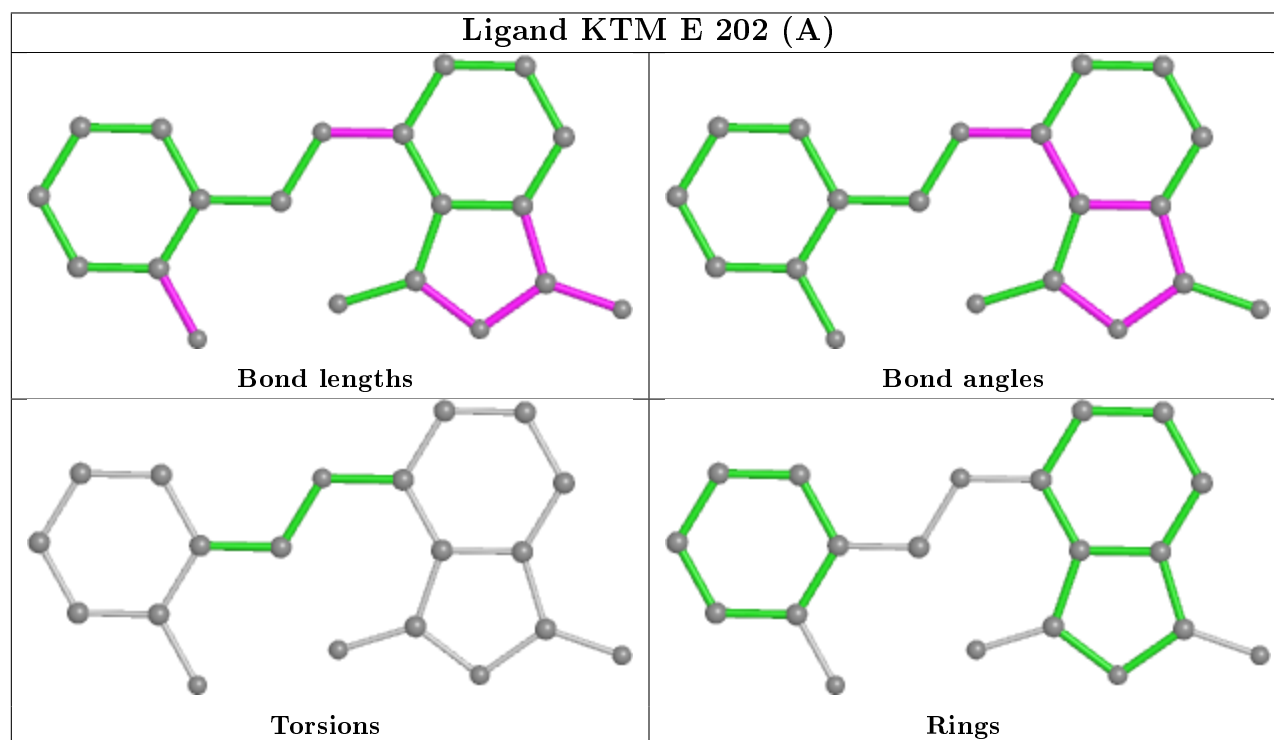
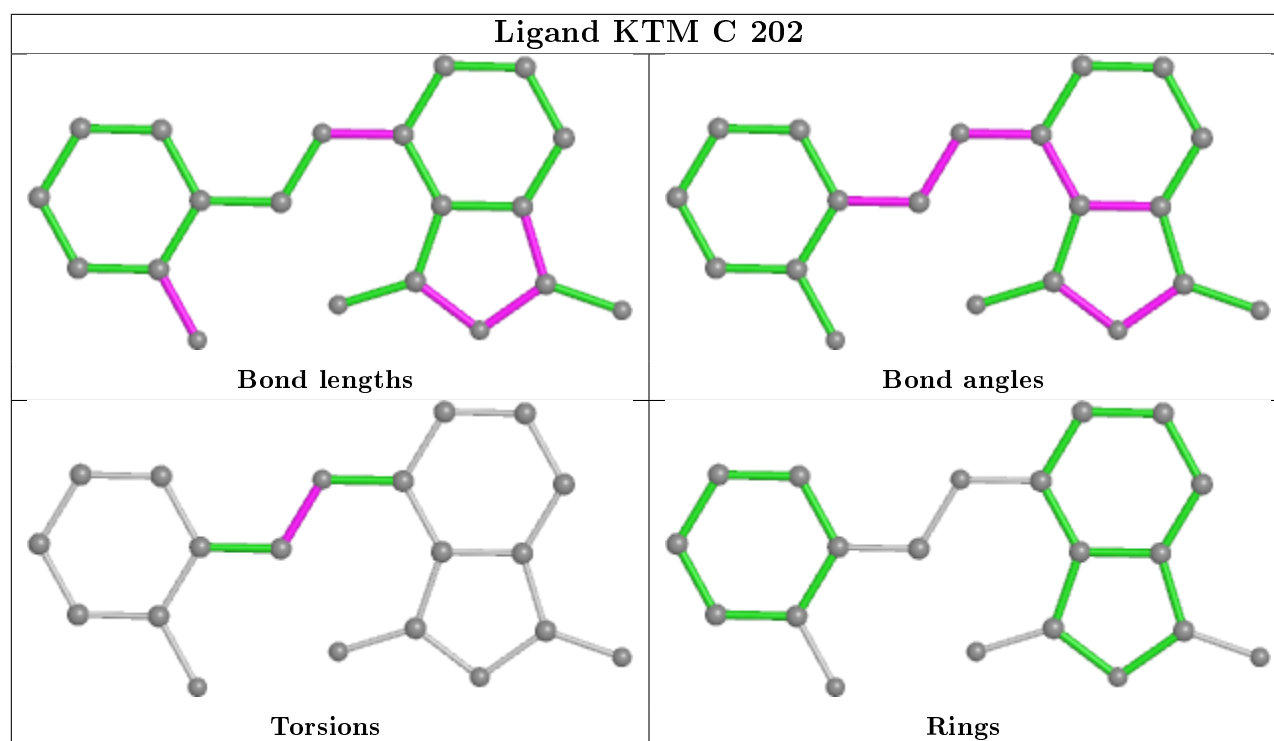
Ligand KTM B 202 (B)

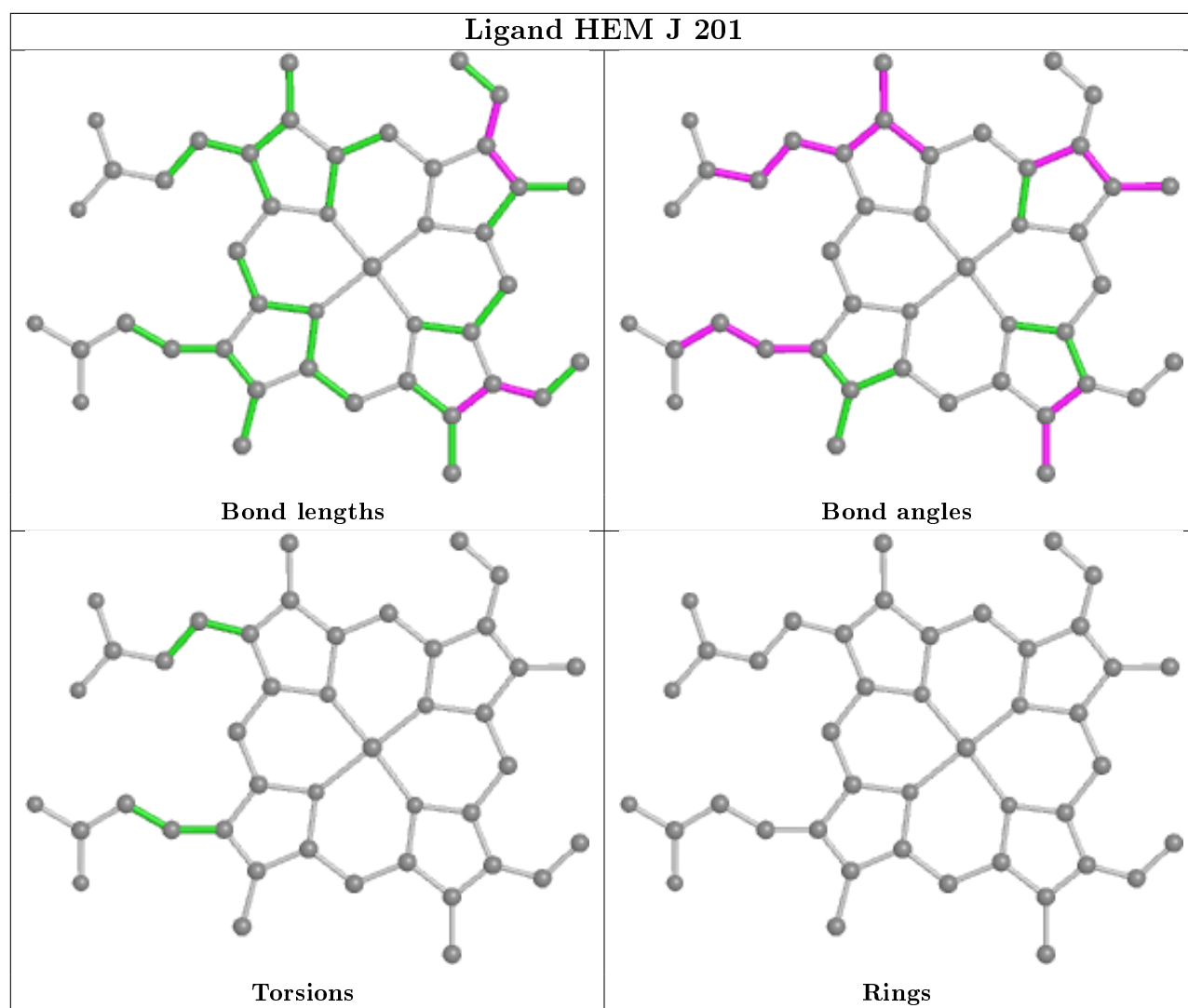


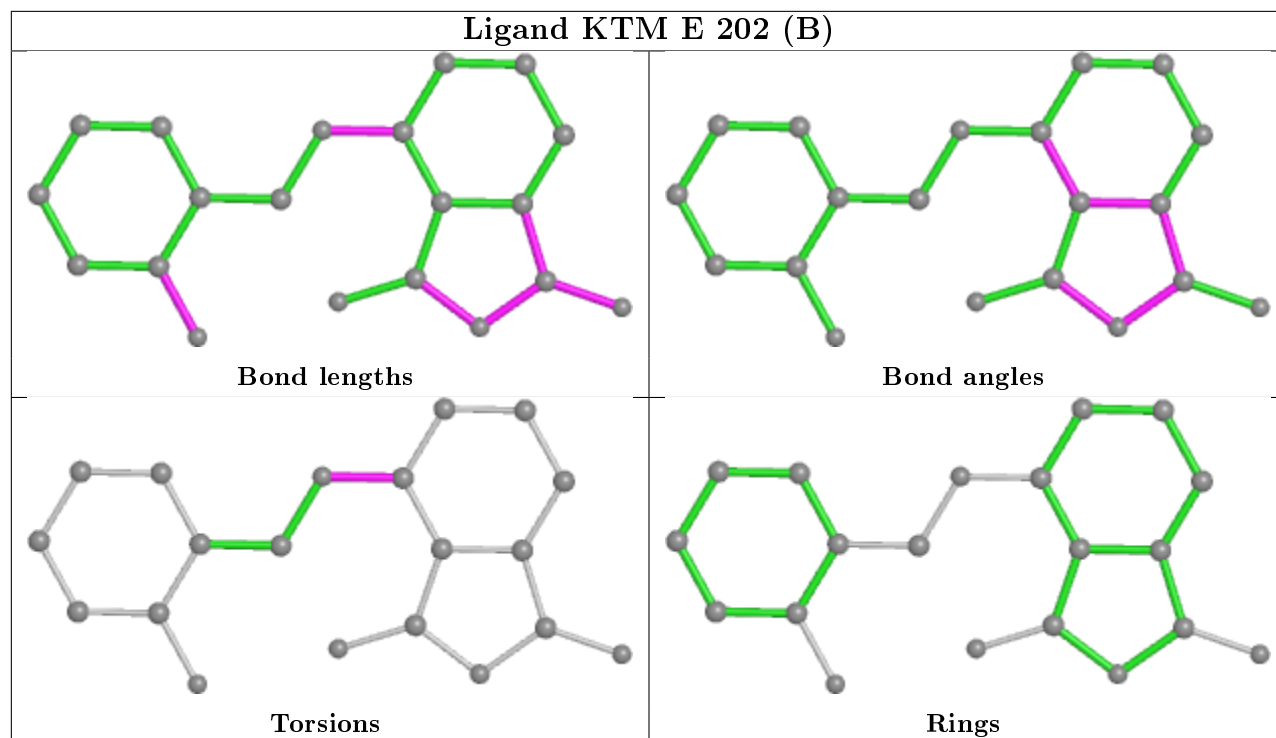
Ligand KTM B 202 (A)

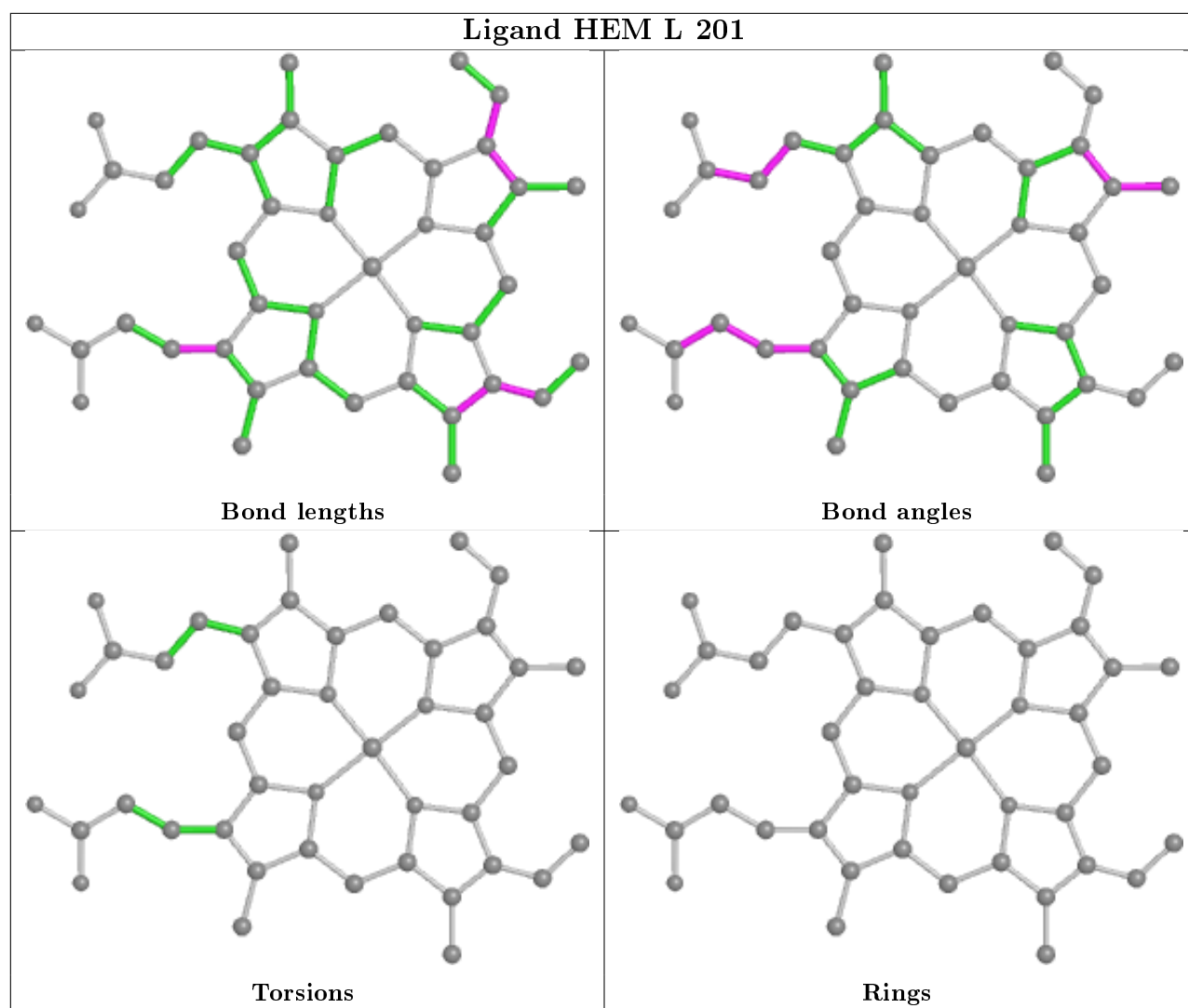




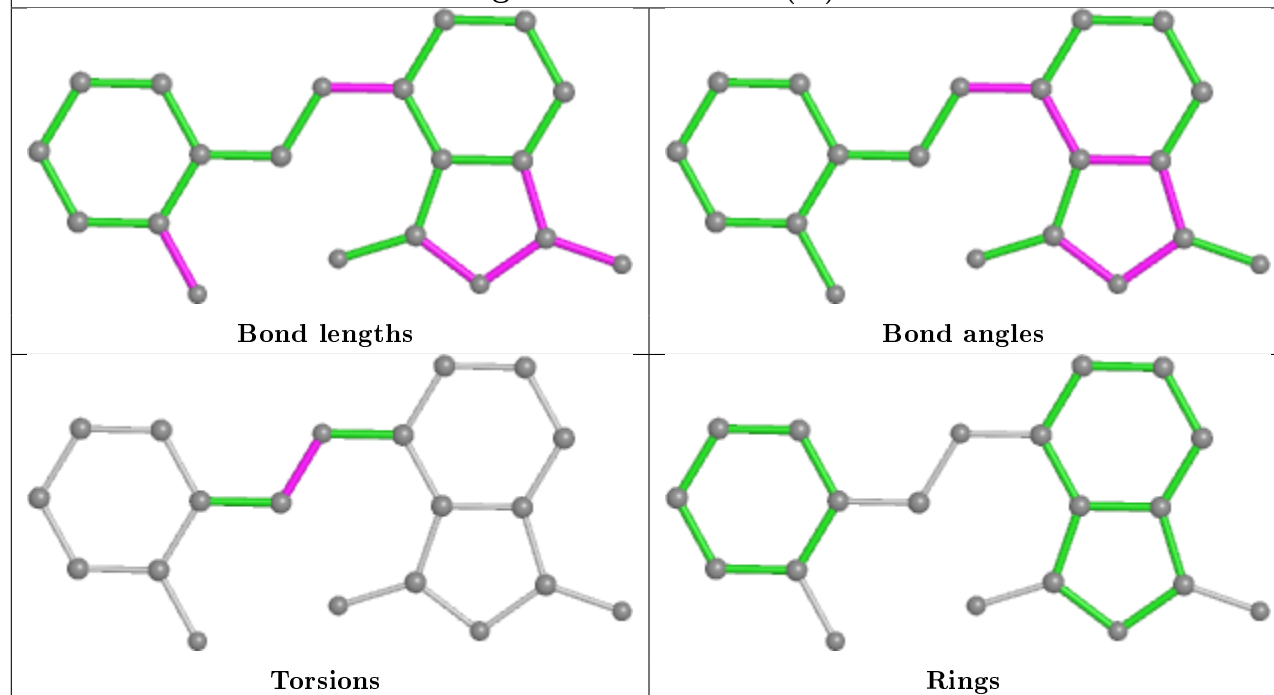




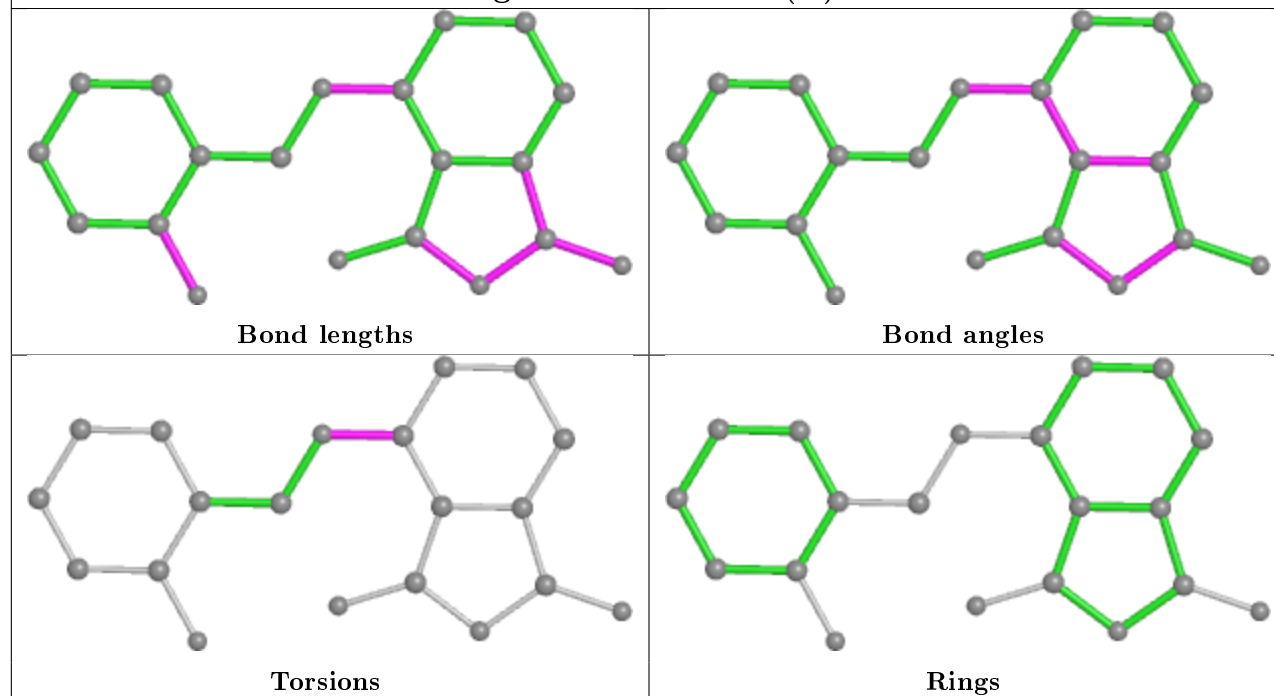


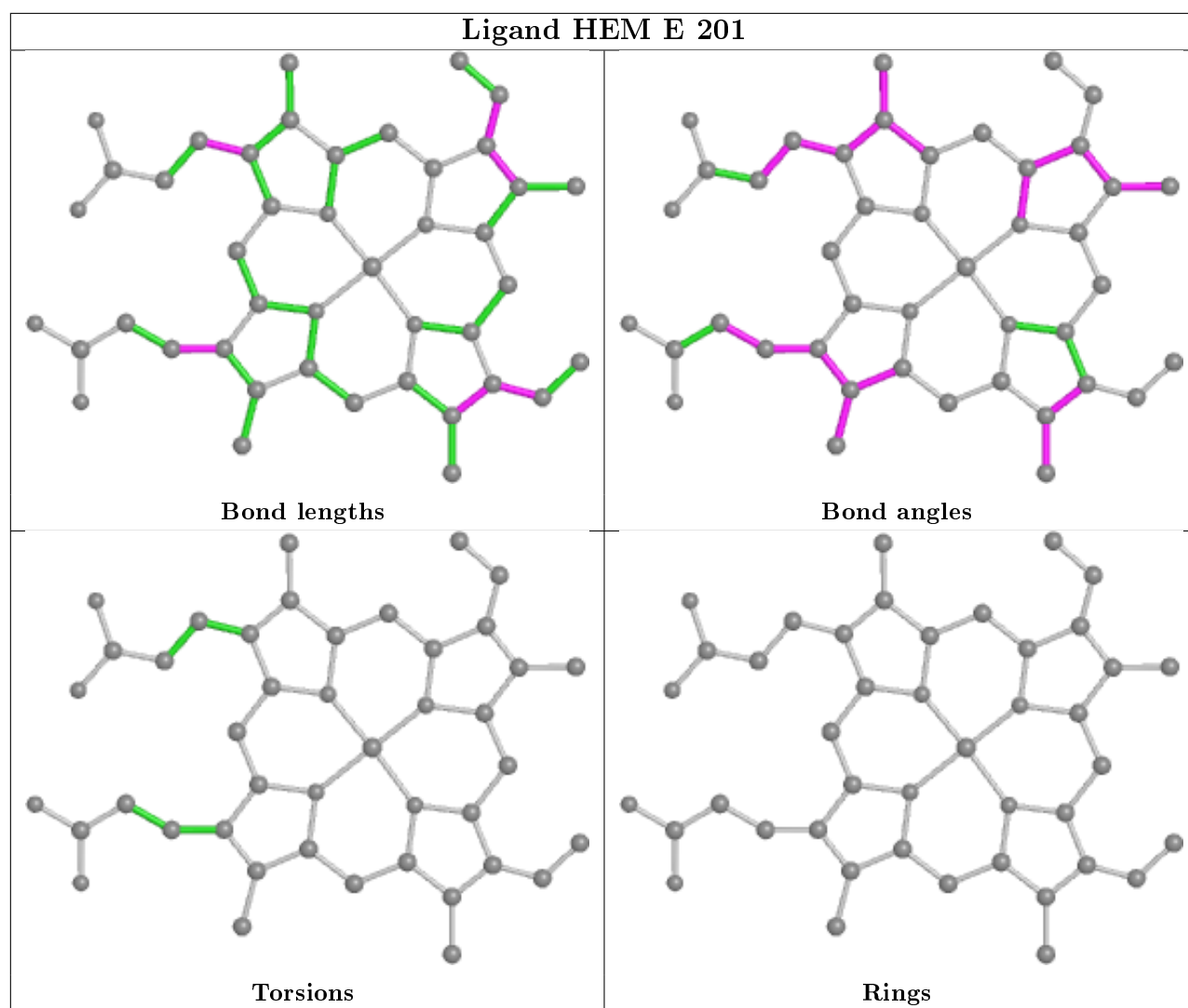


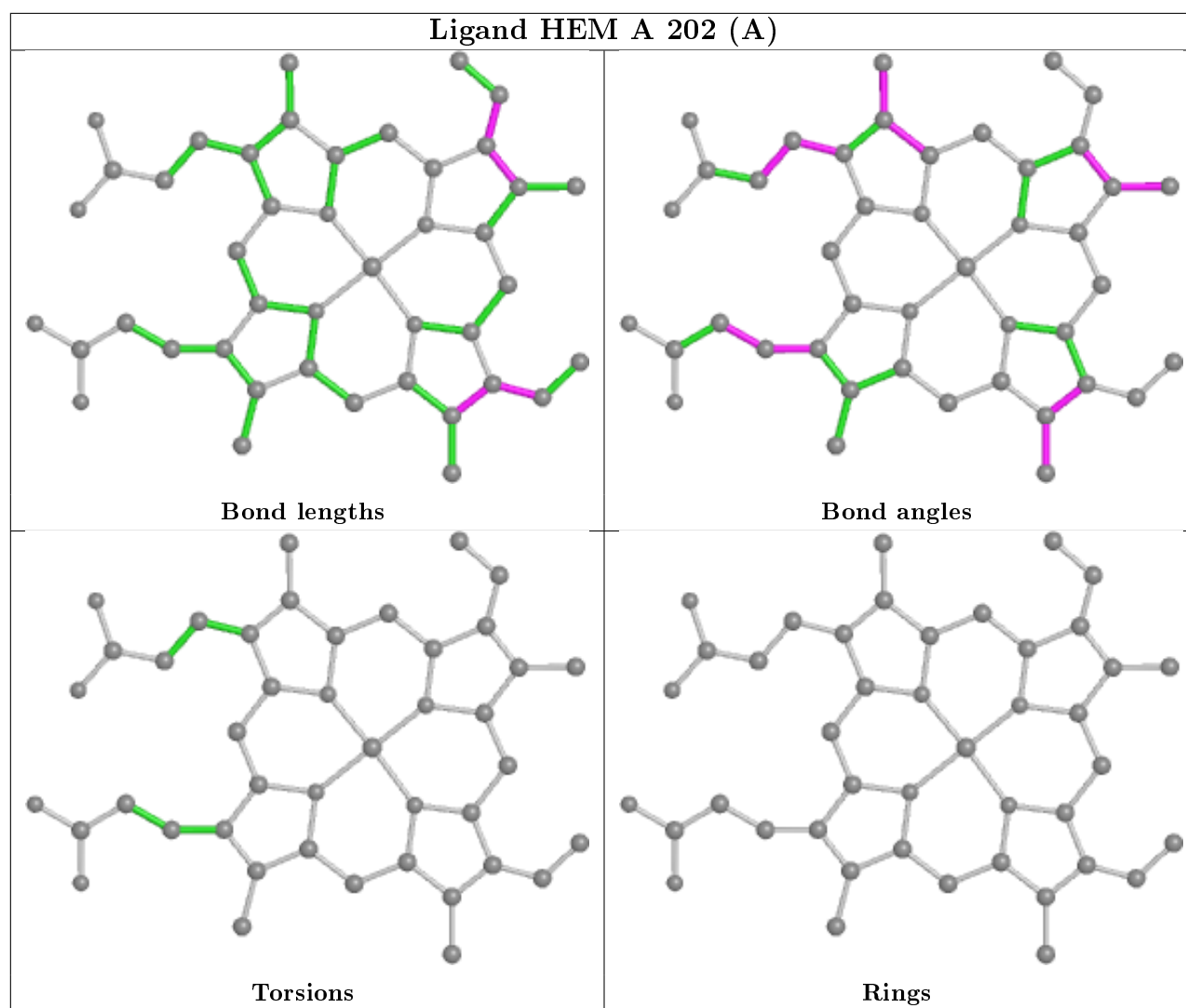
Ligand KTM A 203 (A)



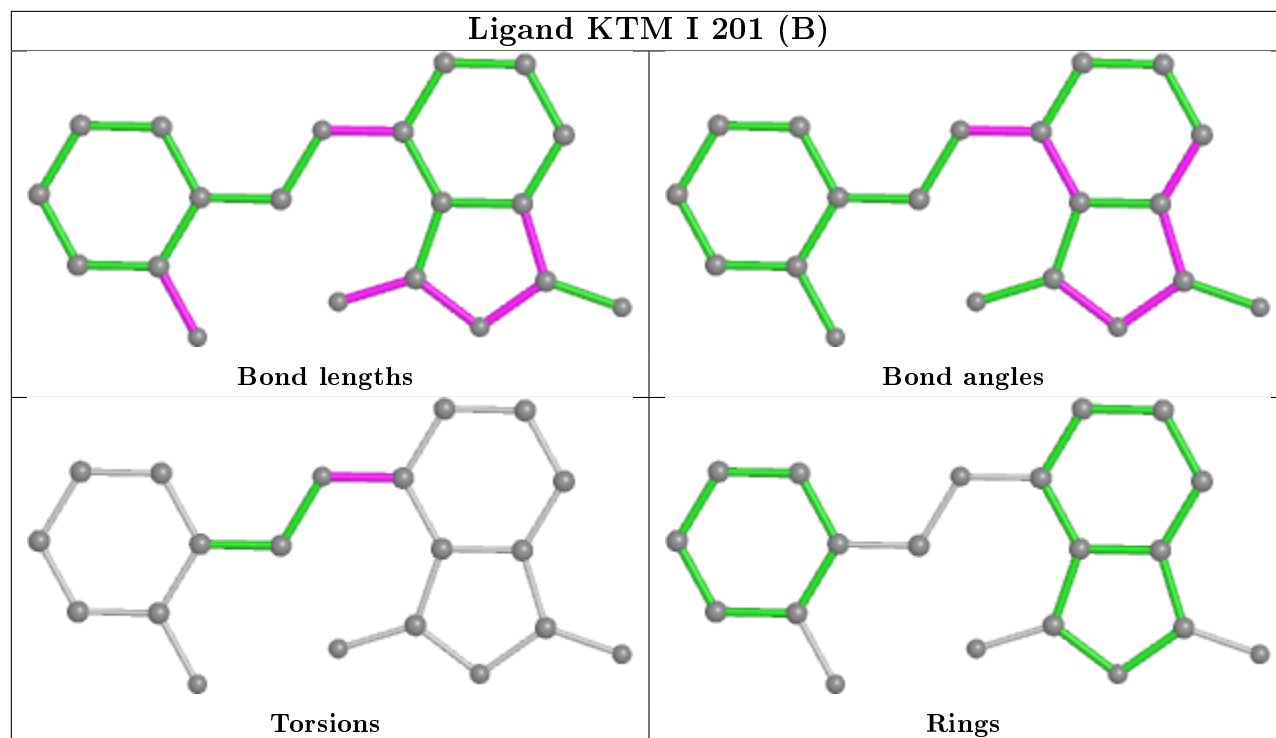
Ligand KTM A 203 (B)



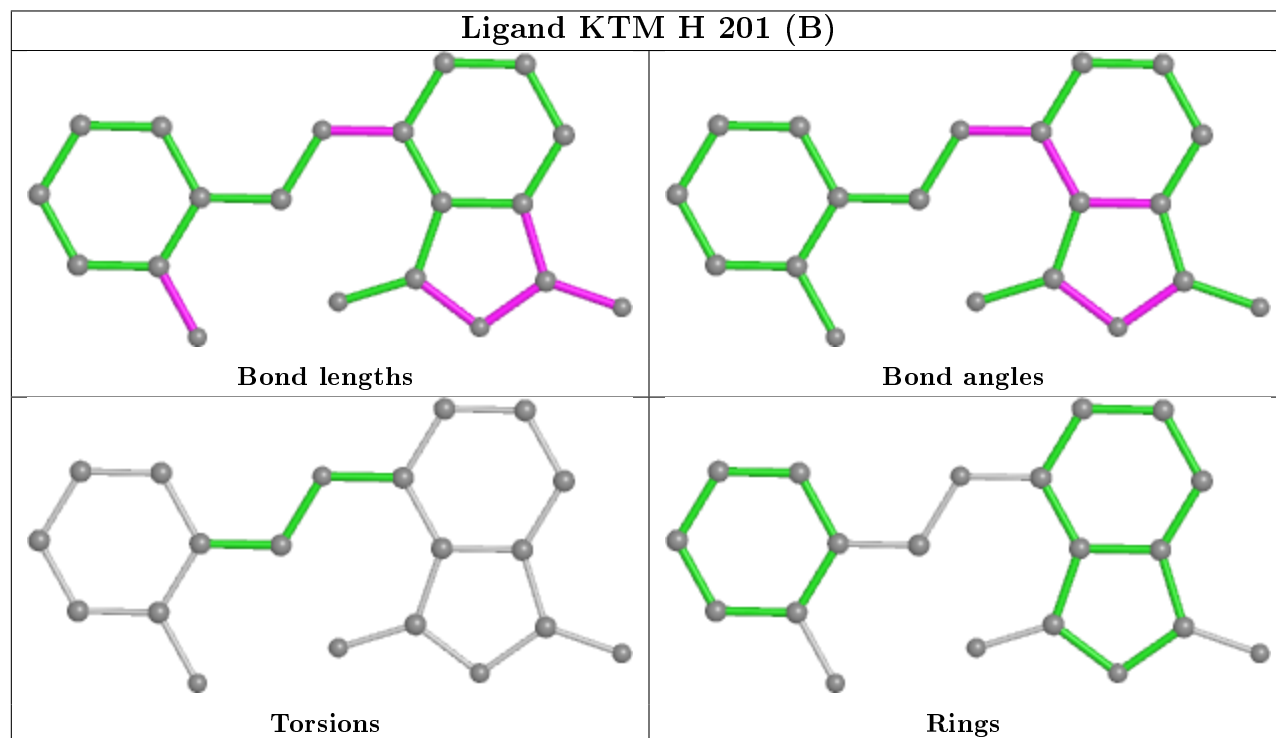




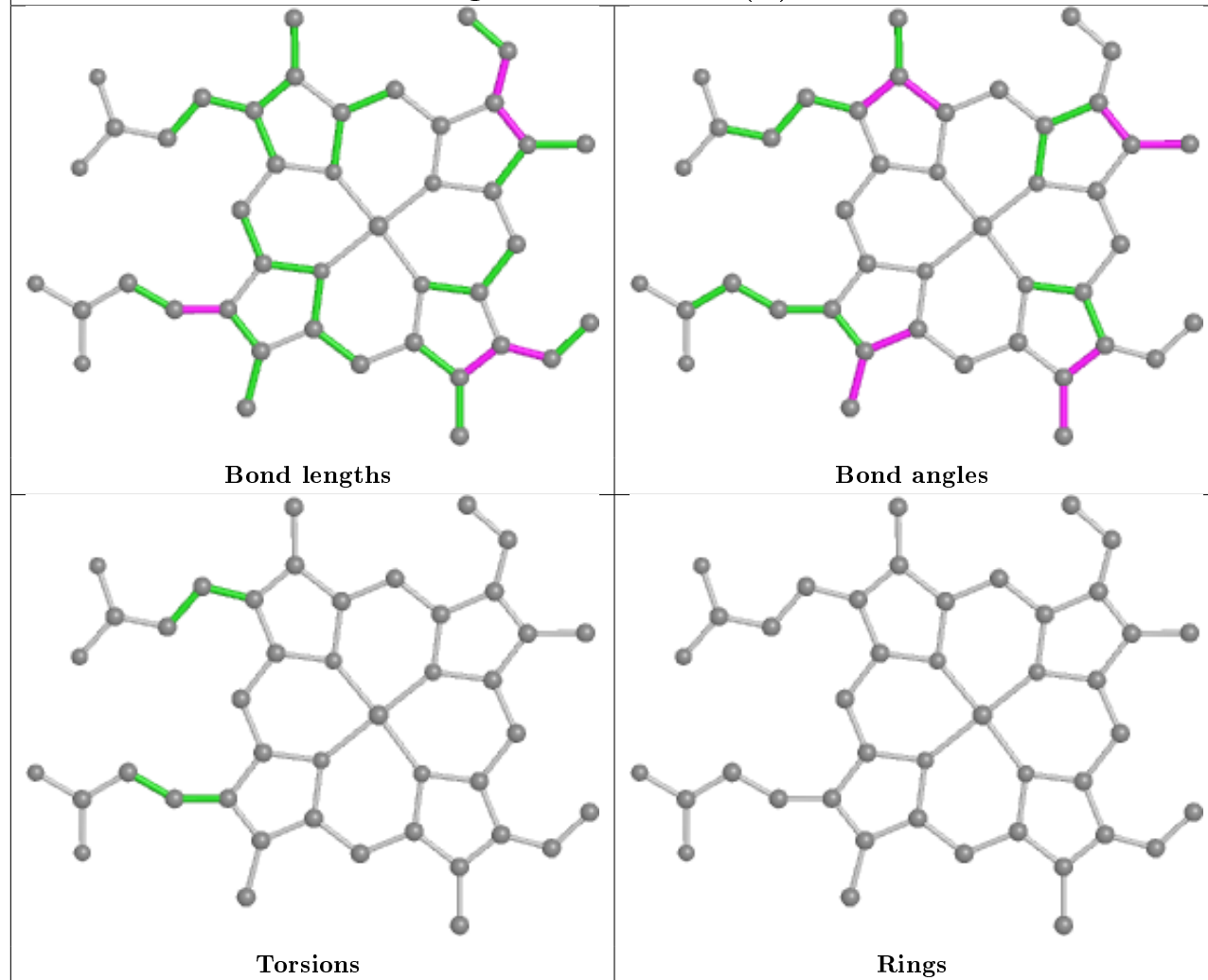
Ligand KTM I 201 (B)

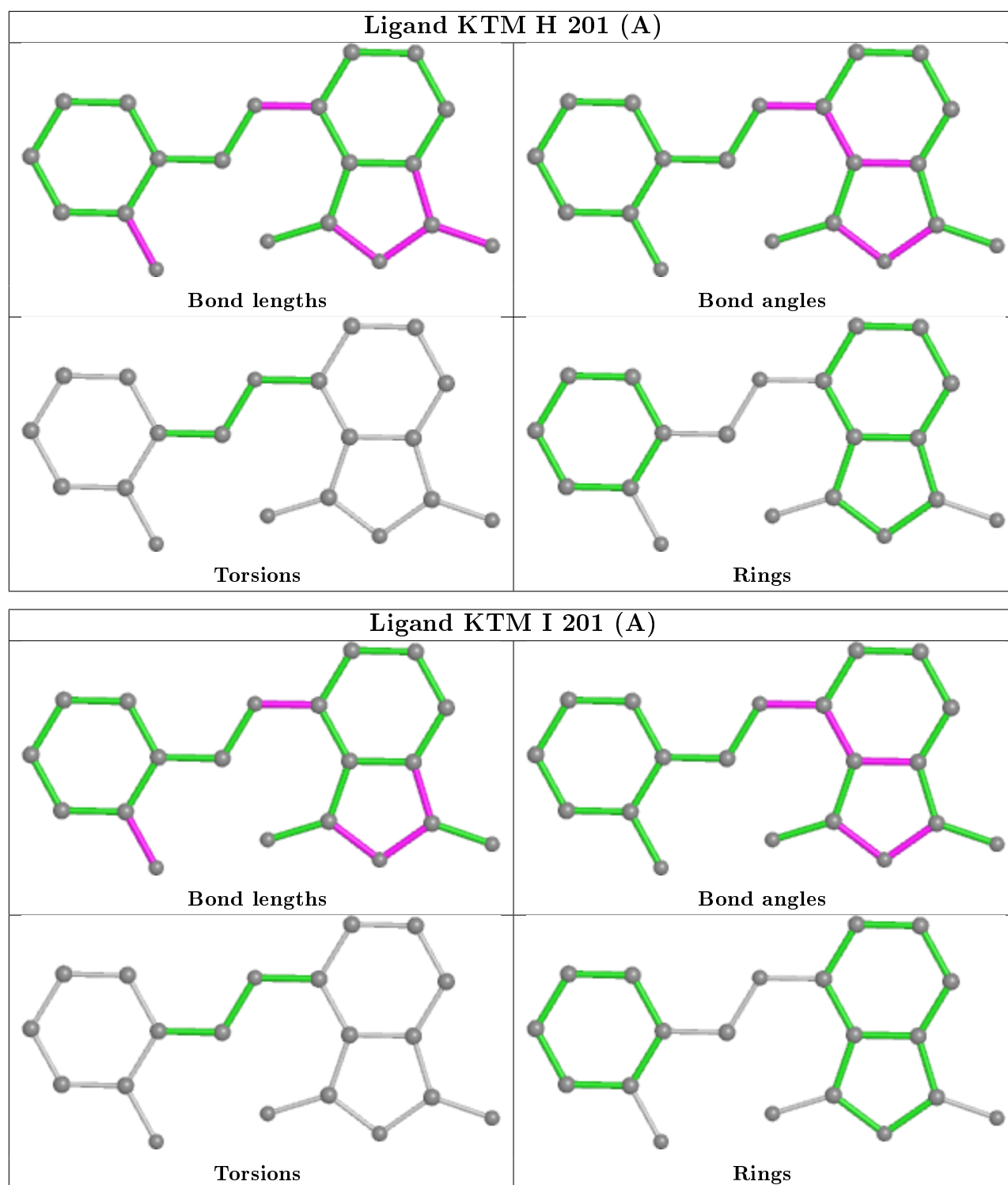


Ligand KTM H 201 (B)



Ligand HEM A 202 (B)





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	156/158 (98%)	-0.44	0 100 100	21, 28, 39, 58	0
1	B	156/158 (98%)	-0.26	0 100 100	23, 30, 41, 59	0
1	C	156/158 (98%)	-0.50	0 100 100	21, 27, 38, 66	0
1	D	156/158 (98%)	-0.28	0 100 100	22, 28, 40, 61	0
1	E	156/158 (98%)	-0.38	0 100 100	21, 27, 37, 61	0
1	F	156/158 (98%)	-0.47	0 100 100	22, 26, 37, 63	0
1	G	156/158 (98%)	-0.45	0 100 100	19, 27, 37, 54	0
1	H	156/158 (98%)	-0.51	0 100 100	20, 25, 37, 62	0
1	I	156/158 (98%)	-0.45	0 100 100	19, 24, 35, 64	0
1	J	156/158 (98%)	-0.50	0 100 100	18, 23, 34, 57	0
1	K	156/158 (98%)	-0.45	0 100 100	21, 26, 37, 59	0
1	L	156/158 (98%)	-0.33	0 100 100	26, 33, 44, 73	0
All	All	1872/1896 (98%)	-0.42	0 100 100	18, 27, 39, 73	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	KTM	A	203[A]	20/20	0.76	0.31	44,52,60,60	20
4	KTM	A	203[B]	20/20	0.76	0.31	40,51,60,60	20
4	KTM	G	201[B]	20/20	0.79	0.28	33,46,56,57	20
4	KTM	J	202	20/20	0.79	0.28	35,54,70,73	0
4	KTM	G	201[A]	20/20	0.79	0.28	39,46,56,57	20
4	KTM	I	201[B]	20/20	0.80	0.33	32,52,58,59	20
4	KTM	I	201[A]	20/20	0.80	0.33	32,51,59,59	20
4	KTM	B	202[B]	20/20	0.81	0.34	37,44,56,59	20
4	KTM	B	202[A]	20/20	0.81	0.34	37,44,58,58	20
4	KTM	D	203	20/20	0.82	0.28	40,58,78,79	0
4	KTM	H	201[B]	20/20	0.82	0.27	32,43,60,62	20
4	KTM	H	201[A]	20/20	0.82	0.27	33,43,60,61	20
4	KTM	C	202	20/20	0.82	0.30	34,51,77,78	0
5	PG4	B	203	11/13	0.84	0.16	34,47,54,68	0
4	KTM	E	202[A]	20/20	0.85	0.28	44,50,58,61	20
4	KTM	E	202[B]	20/20	0.85	0.28	42,50,58,60	20
5	PG4	D	205	9/13	0.86	0.18	44,51,63,67	0
5	PG4	D	204	10/13	0.87	0.14	39,44,54,57	0
5	PG4	C	203	11/13	0.90	0.16	39,47,53,55	0
5	PG4	F	203	11/13	0.90	0.13	32,39,51,52	0
5	PG4	L	202	13/13	0.91	0.13	37,44,56,57	0
5	PG4	J	203	11/13	0.91	0.14	28,36,51,52	0
5	PG4	E	203	13/13	0.92	0.15	35,46,58,59	0
5	PG4	G	202	13/13	0.92	0.14	37,48,56,62	0
5	PG4	A	204	10/13	0.92	0.15	37,42,60,61	0
5	PG4	K	201	11/13	0.92	0.13	37,45,56,57	0
5	PG4	F	202	11/13	0.92	0.11	34,40,51,53	0
5	PG4	H	202	11/13	0.94	0.12	38,43,51,52	0
3	HEM	D	202	43/43	0.96	0.12	24,27,37,42	43
3	HEM	L	201	43/43	0.96	0.12	26,33,44,45	43
3	HEM	A	202[A]	43/43	0.97	0.12	20,26,35,38	43
3	HEM	A	202[B]	43/43	0.97	0.12	22,26,36,41	43
3	HEM	C	201	43/43	0.97	0.10	20,26,43,53	0
3	HEM	J	201	43/43	0.97	0.10	18,22,42,51	0
3	HEM	E	201	43/43	0.97	0.10	22,28,45,52	0
3	HEM	F	201	43/43	0.98	0.09	20,25,44,50	0
2	FE2	B	201	1/1	0.98	0.09	25,25,25,25	0

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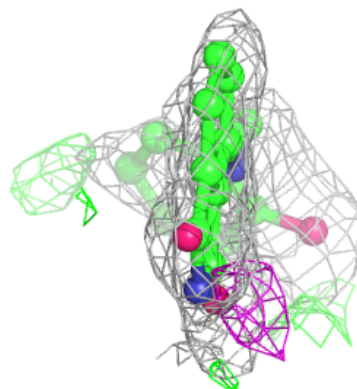
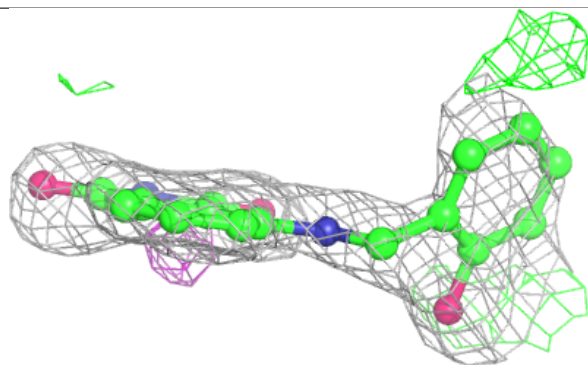
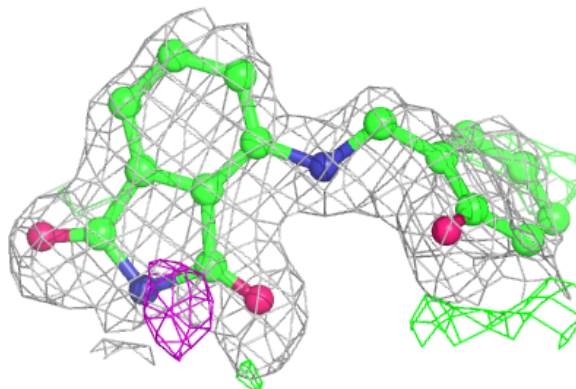
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	FE2	D	201	1/1	0.99	0.10	21,21,21,21	0
2	FE2	A	201	1/1	1.00	0.09	20,20,20,20	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

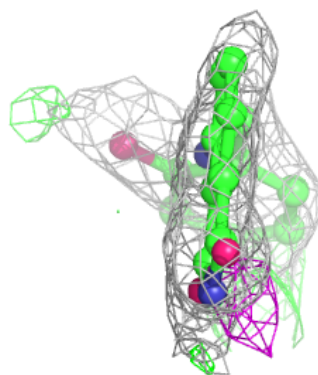
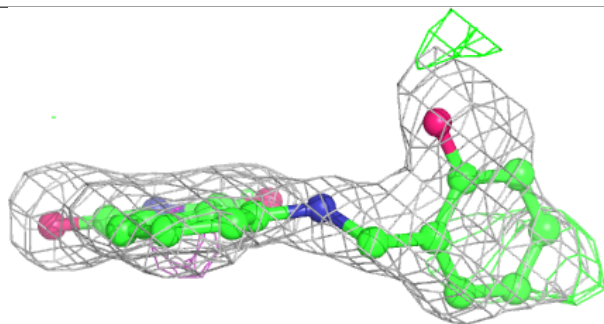
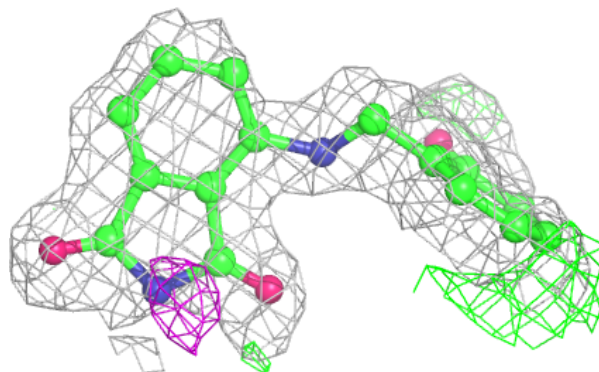
Electron density around KTM A 203 (A):

2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

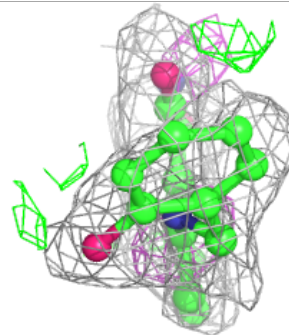
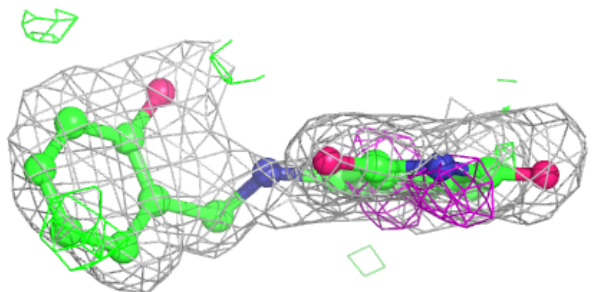
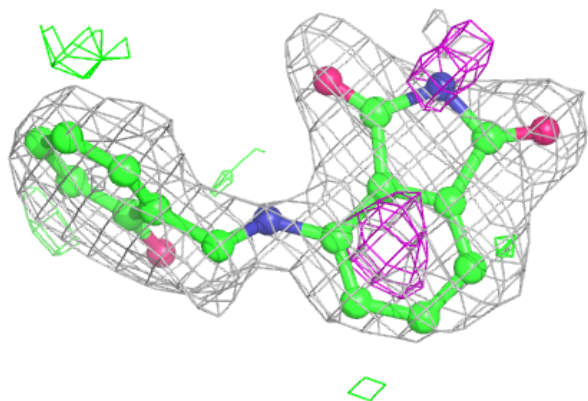


Electron density around KTM A 203 (B):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

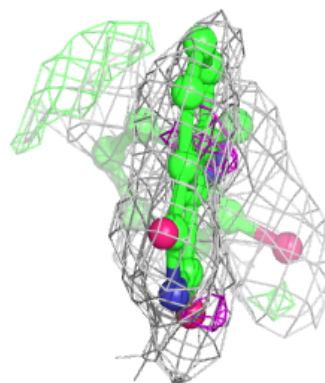
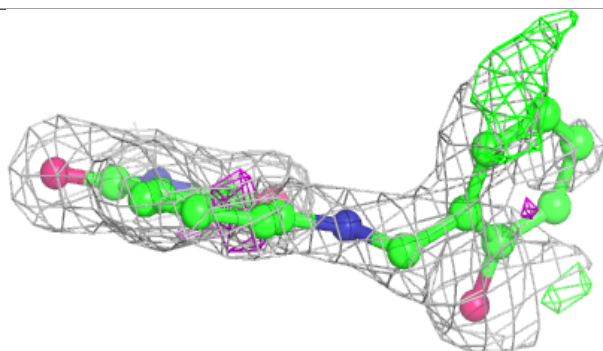
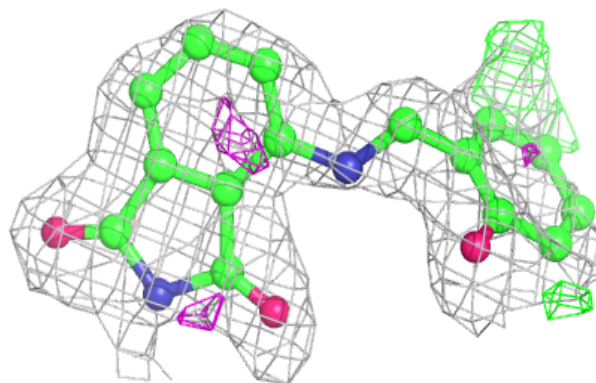
**Electron density around KTM G 201 (B):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

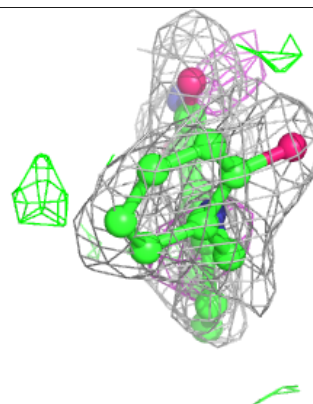
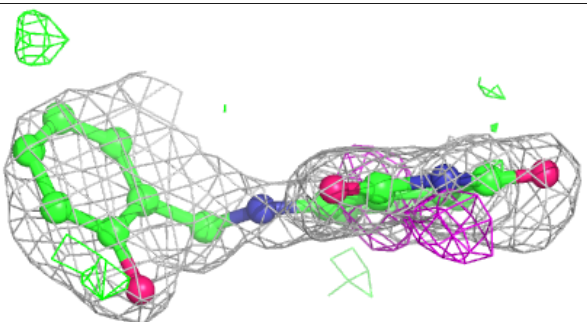
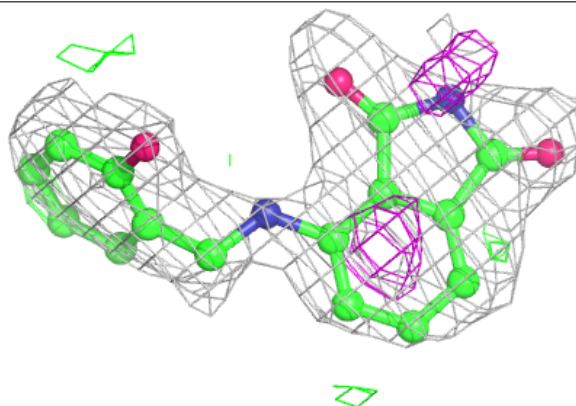


Electron density around KTM J 202:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

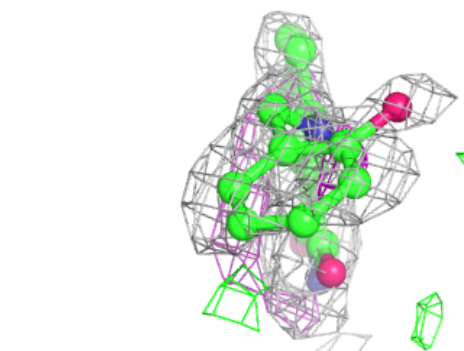
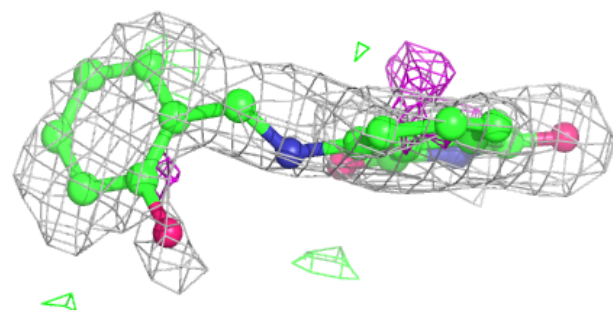
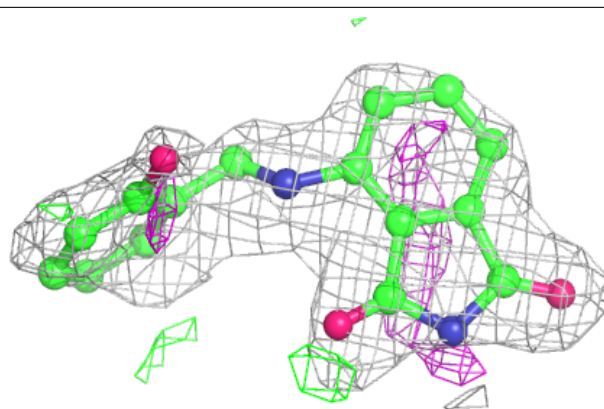
**Electron density around KTM G 201 (A):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

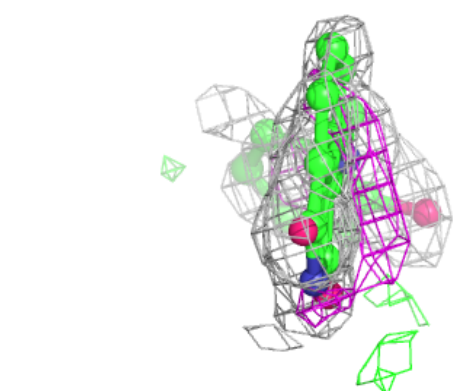
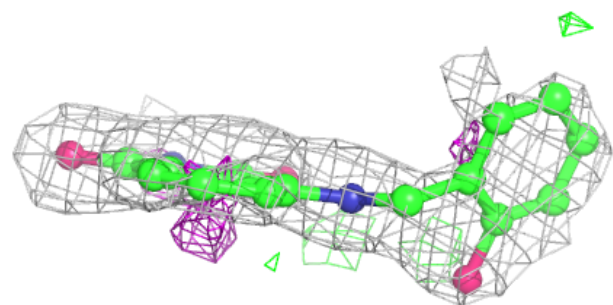
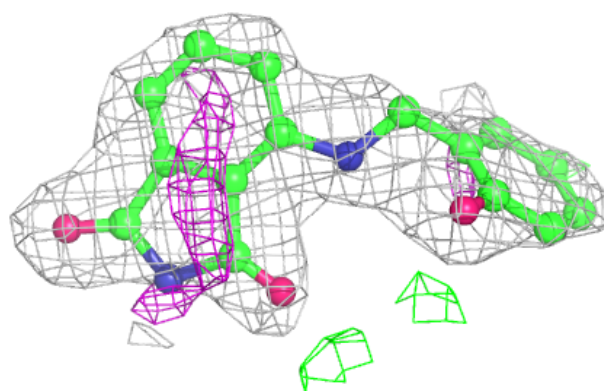


Electron density around KTM I 201 (B):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

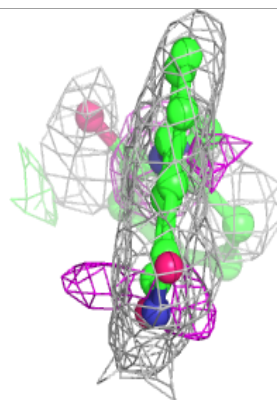
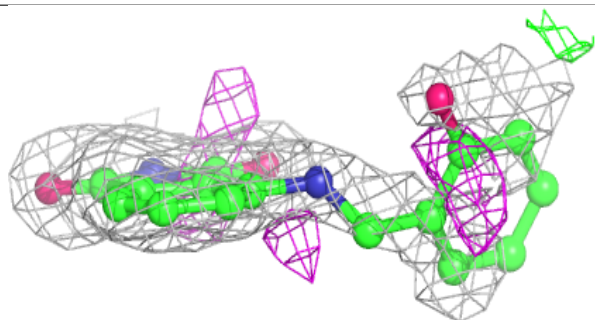
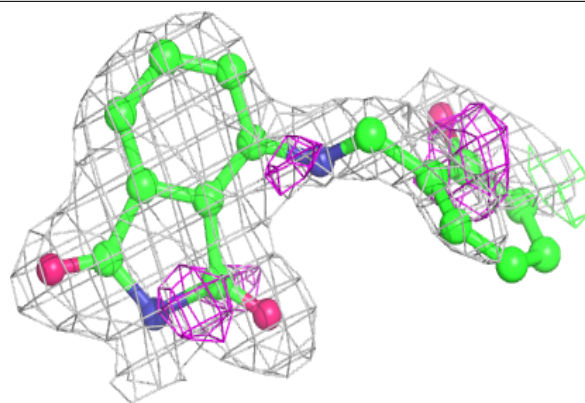
**Electron density around KTM I 201 (A):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

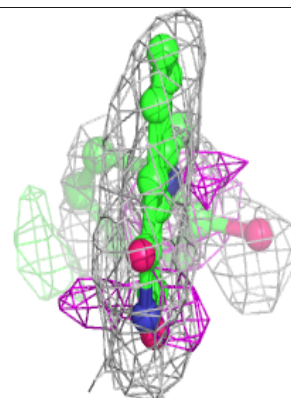
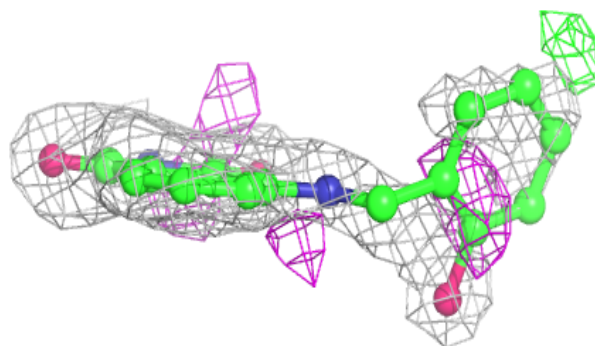
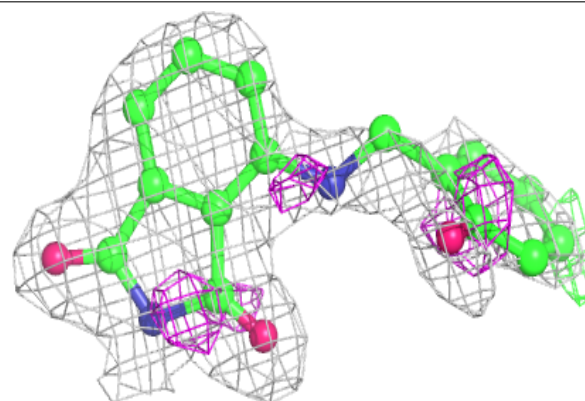


Electron density around KTM B 202 (B):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

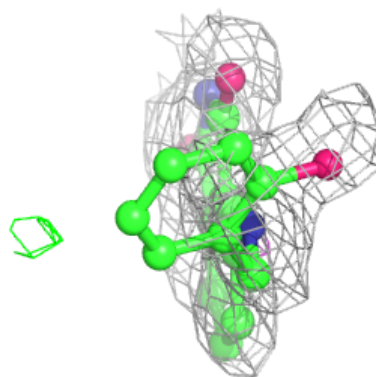
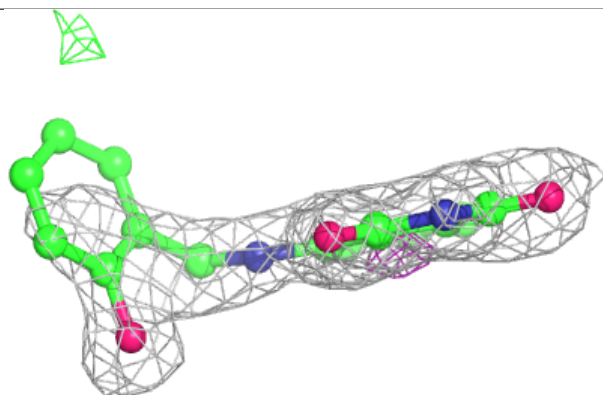
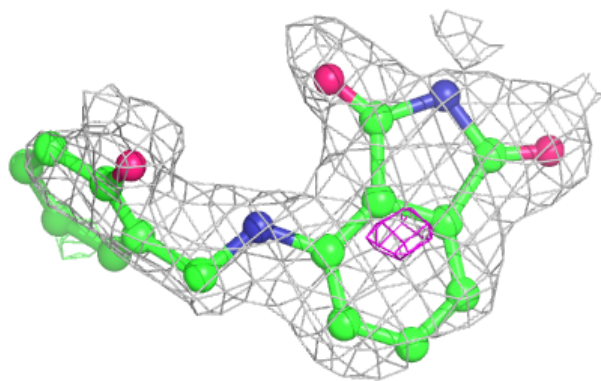
**Electron density around KTM B 202 (A):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

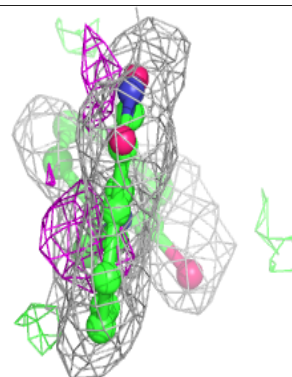
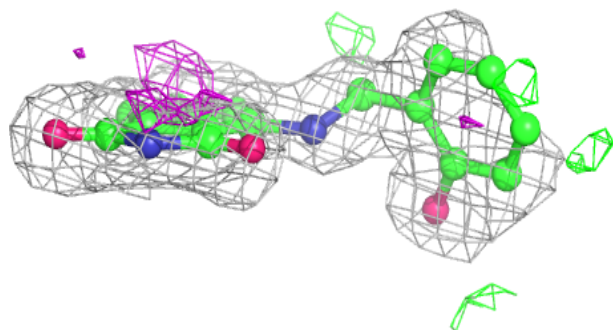
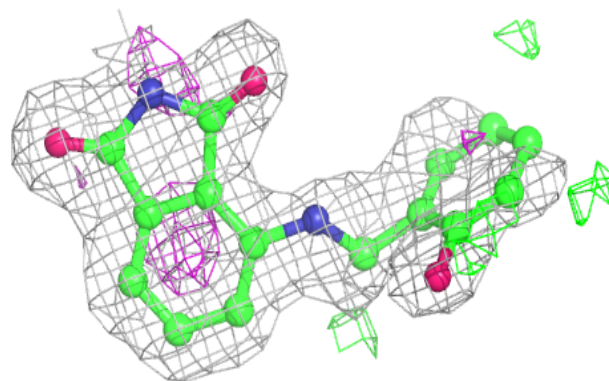


Electron density around KTM D 203:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

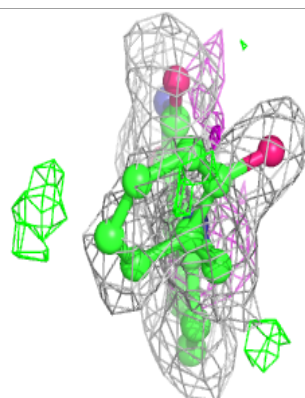
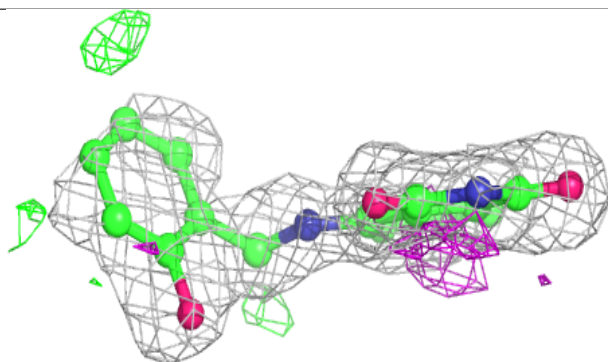
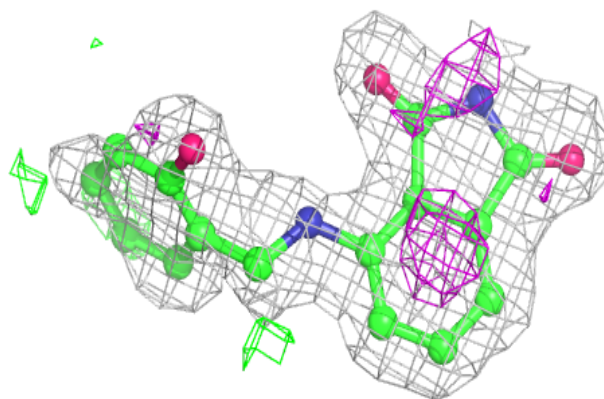
**Electron density around KTM H 201 (B):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

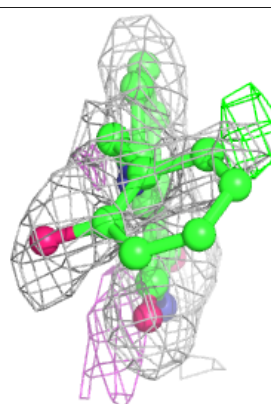
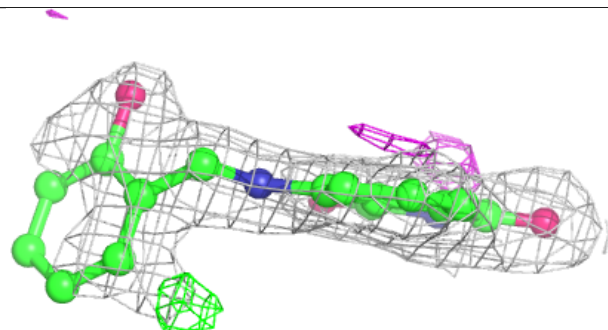
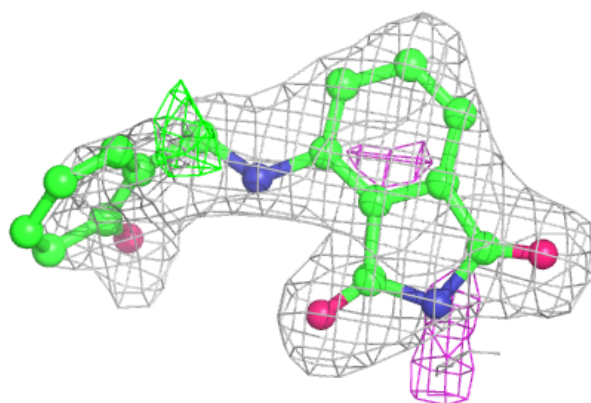


Electron density around KTM H 201 (A):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

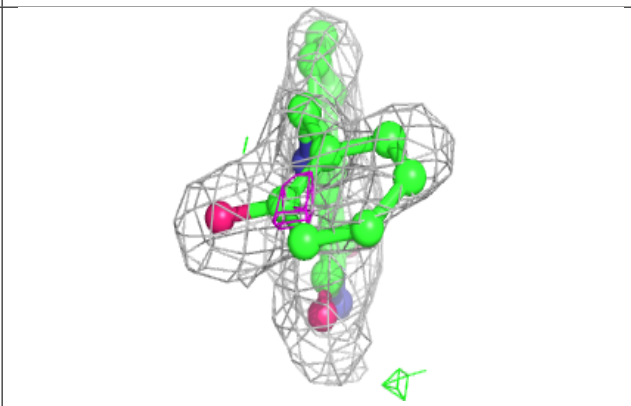
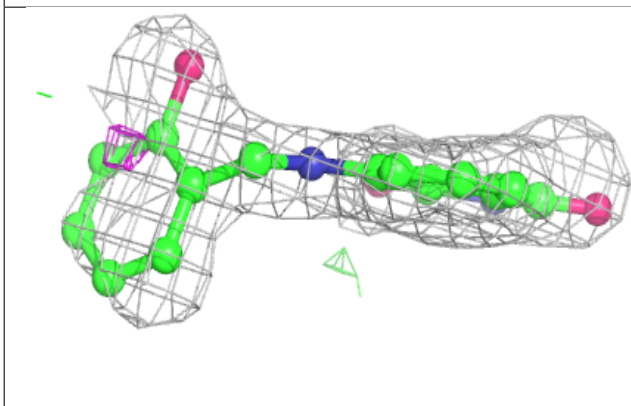
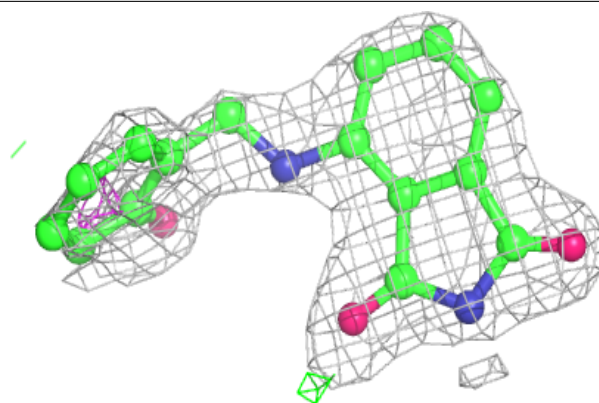
**Electron density around KTM C 202:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

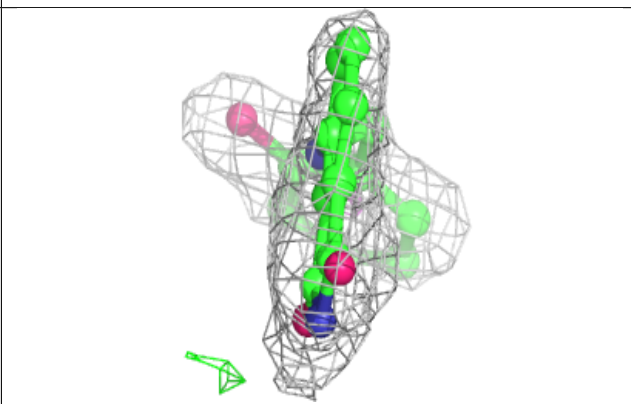
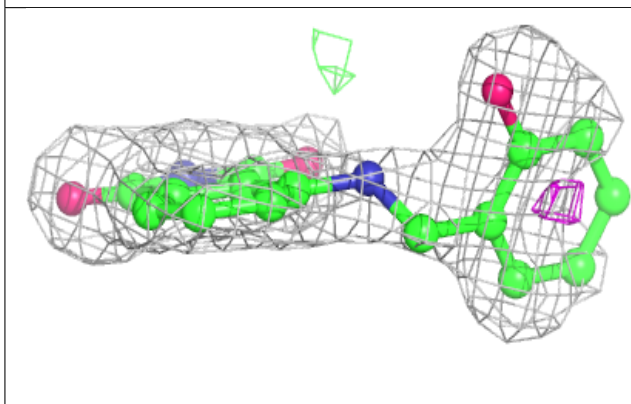
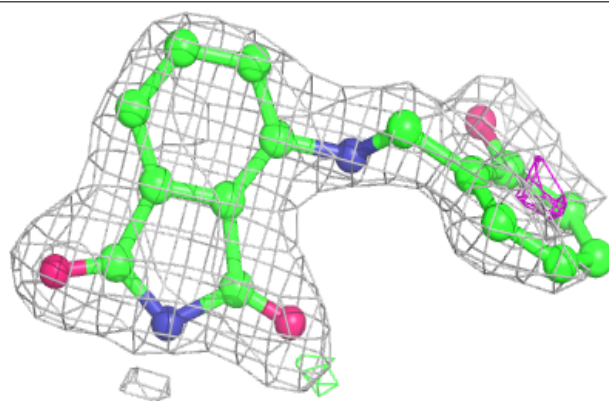


Electron density around KTM E 202 (A):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

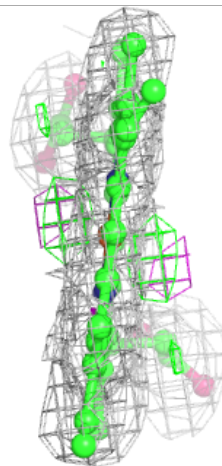
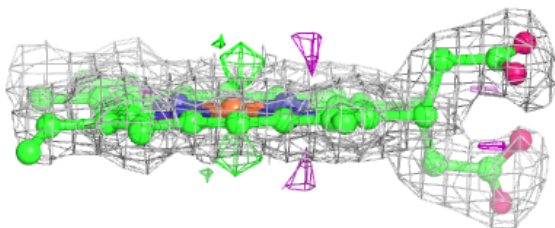
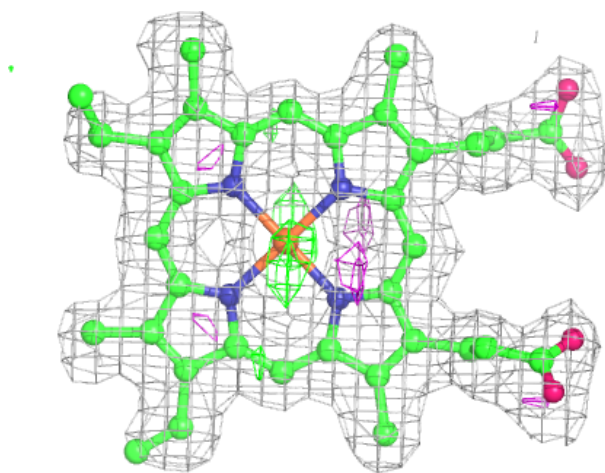
**Electron density around KTM E 202 (B):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



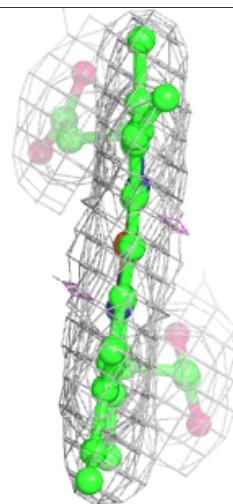
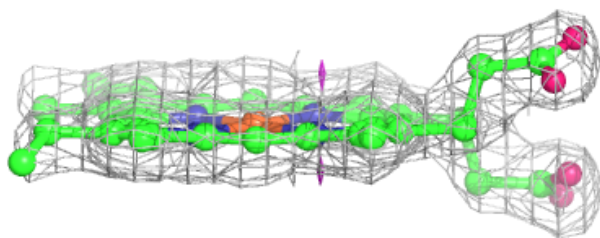
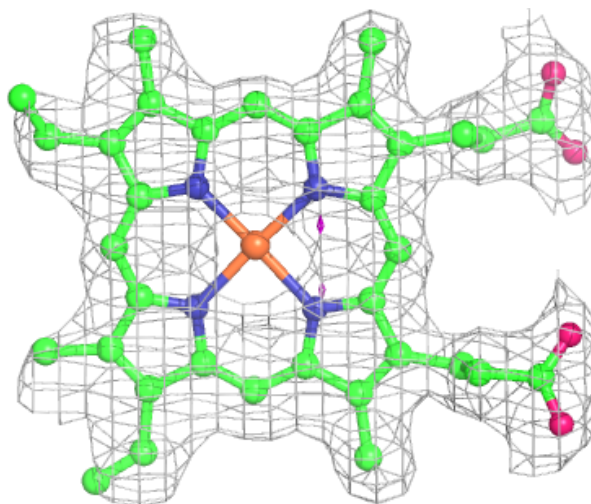
Electron density around HEM D 202:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



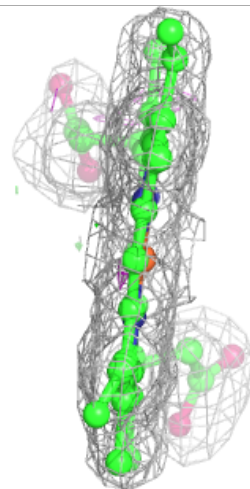
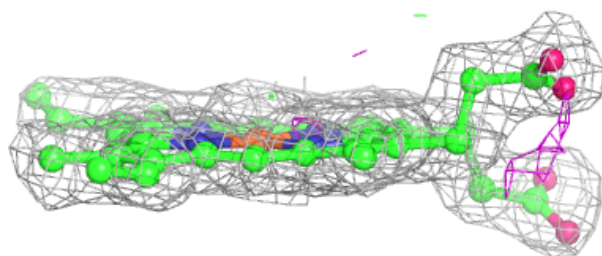
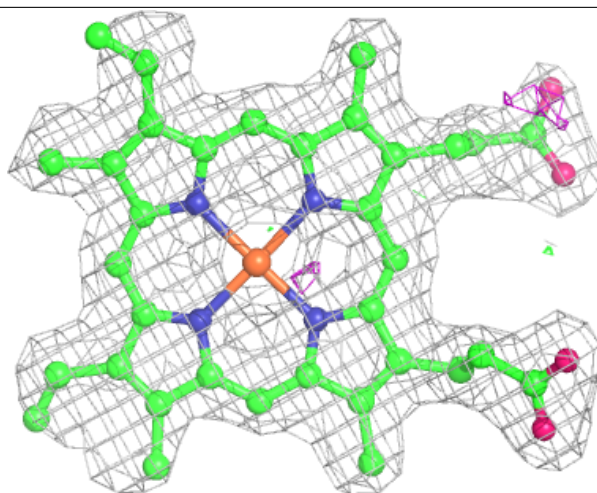
Electron density around HEM L 201:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



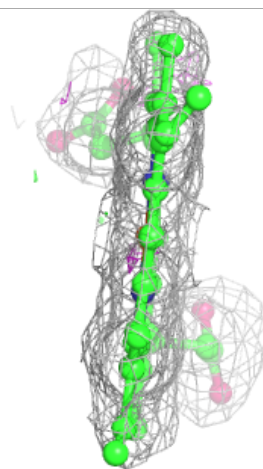
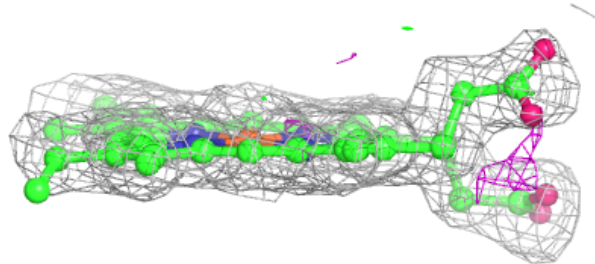
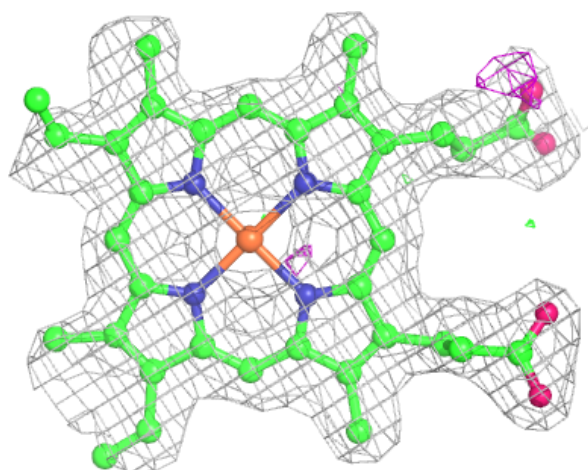
Electron density around HEM A 202 (A):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



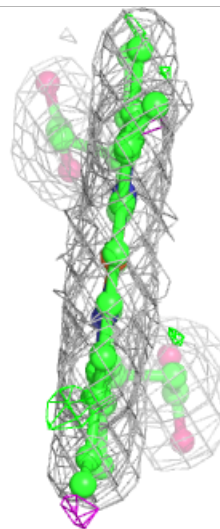
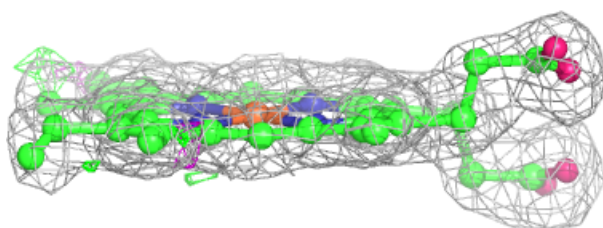
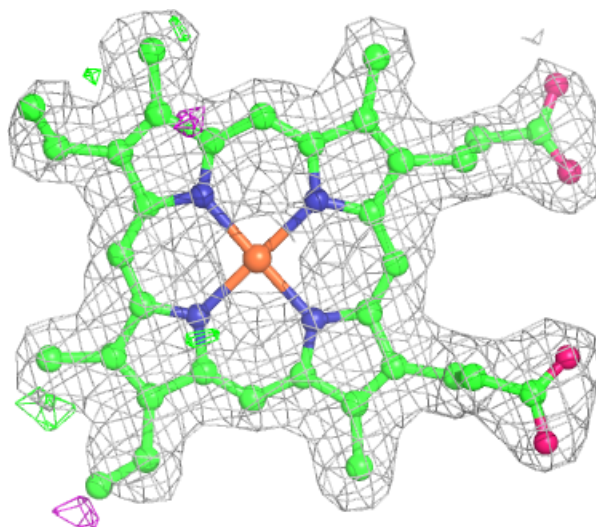
Electron density around HEM A 202 (B):

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



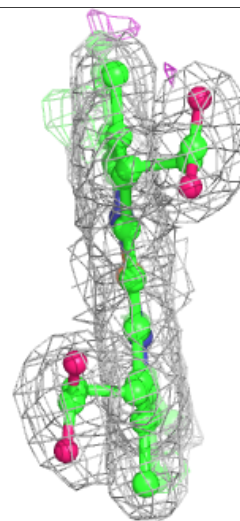
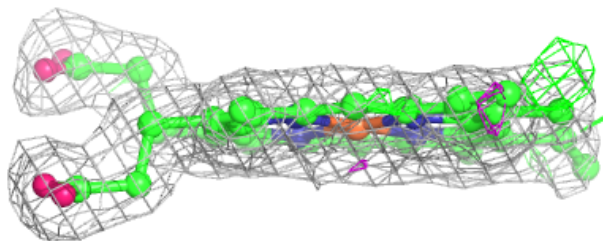
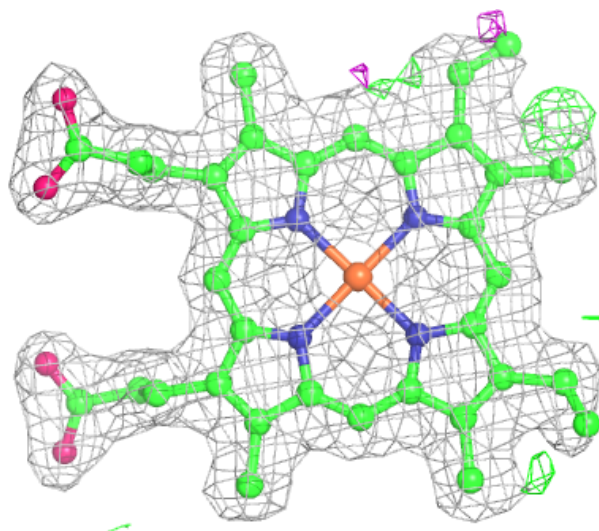
Electron density around HEM C 201:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



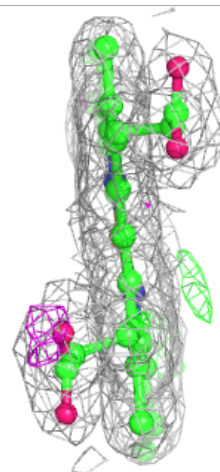
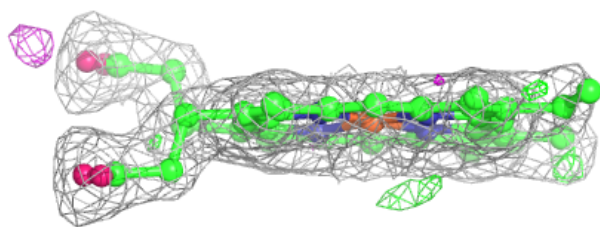
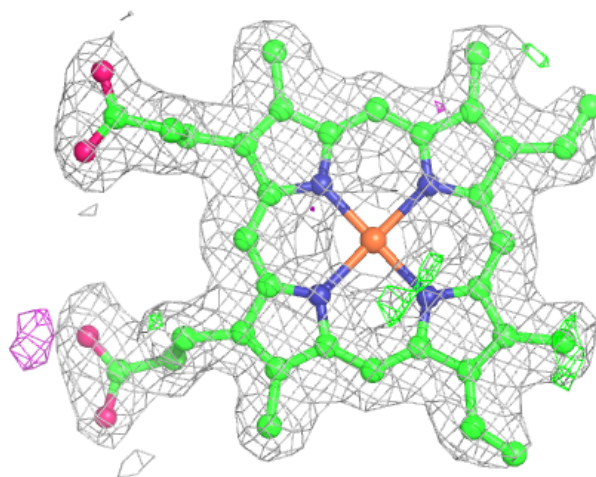
Electron density around HEM J 201:

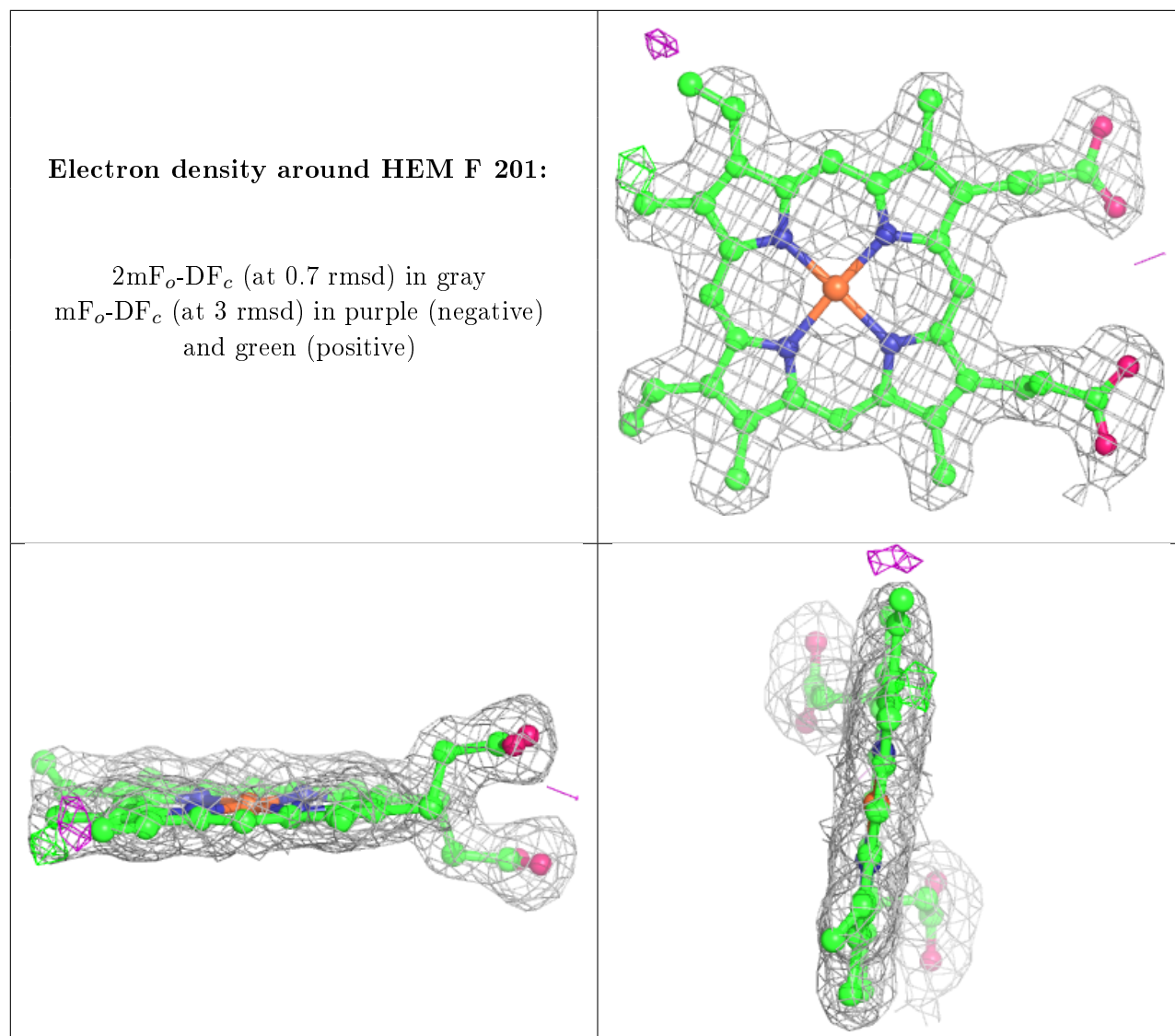
$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around HEM E 201:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.