



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 13, 2020 – 01:11 pm BST

PDB ID : 3P4O
Title : Crystal Structure of H2-Kb in complex with the mutant NP205-LCMV-V3A epitope YTAKYPNL, an 8-mer modified peptide from the LCMV
Authors : Gras, S.; Guillonneau, C.; Rossjohn, J.
Deposited on : 2010-10-06
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

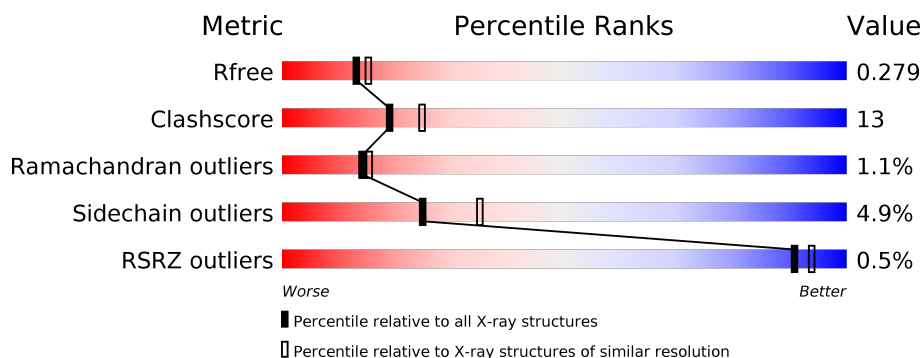
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	278	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>72%</div> <div>26%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
1	D	278	<div> <div>71%</div> <div>26%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
2	B	99	<div> <div>78%</div> <div>21%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
2	E	99	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>66%</div> <div>30%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
3	C	8	<div> <div>88%</div> <div>13%</div> </div>
3	F	8	<div> <div>50%</div> <div>38%</div> <div>13%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	ACE	E	101	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6773 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called H-2 class I histocompatibility antigen, K-B alpha chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	278	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2262	1428	397	427	10			
1	D	277	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2254	1423	396	426	9			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P01901
D	0	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P01901

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Beta-2-microglobulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	99	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			830	530	140	153	7			
2	E	99	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			821	524	138	152	7			

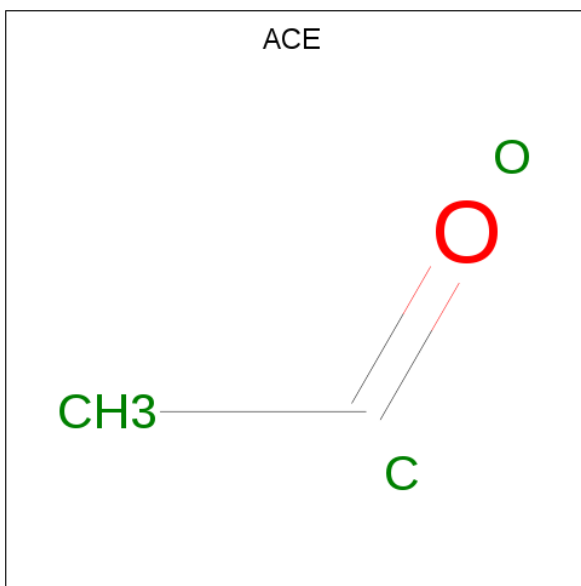
- Molecule 3 is a protein called NP205-LCMV epitope, YTAKYPNL.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	8	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			69	46	10	13			
3	F	8	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			69	46	10	13			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	3	ALA	VAL	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q91B91
F	3	ALA	VAL	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q91B91

- Molecule 4 is ACETYL GROUP (three-letter code: ACE) (formula: C_2H_4O).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	E	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			3	2	1		
4	E	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			3	2	1		

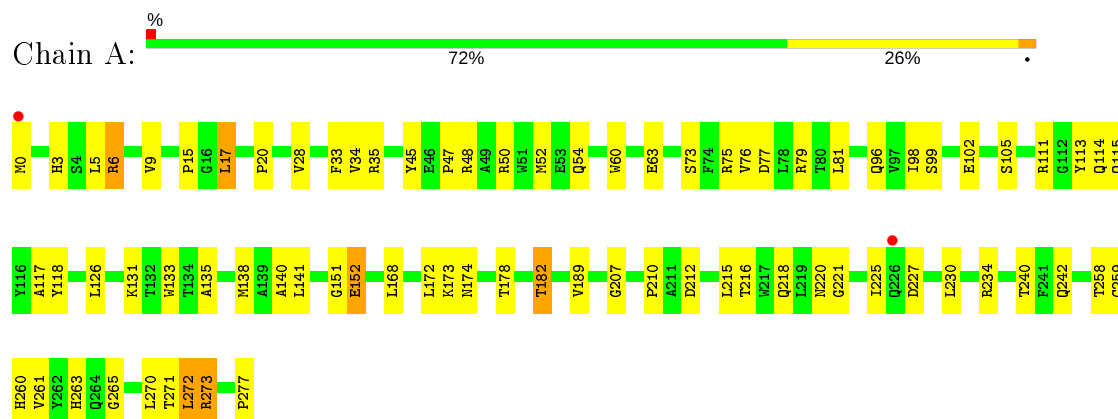
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	152	Total	O	0	0
			152	152		
5	B	81	Total	O	0	0
			81	81		
5	C	8	Total	O	0	0
			8	8		
5	D	150	Total	O	0	0
			150	150		
5	E	66	Total	O	0	0
			66	66		
5	F	5	Total	O	0	0
			5	5		

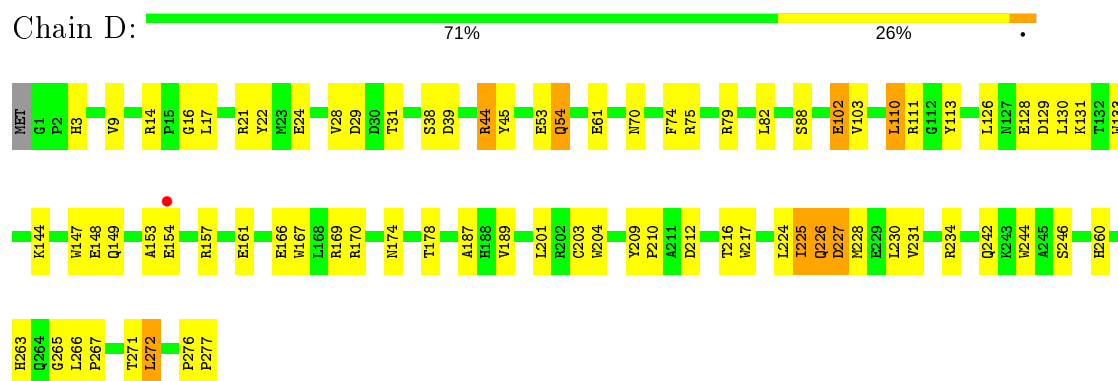
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

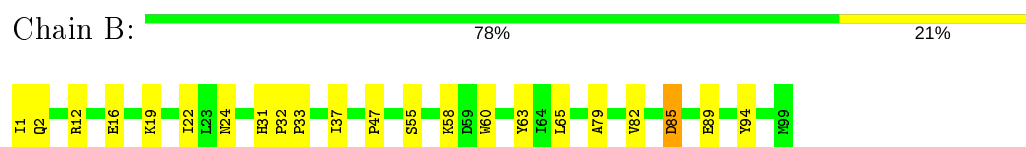
- Molecule 1: H-2 class I histocompatibility antigen, K-B alpha chain



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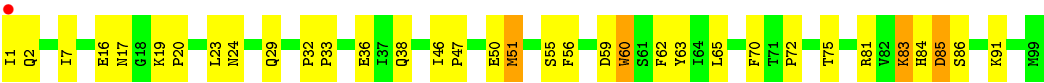


- Molecule 2: Beta-2-microglobulin

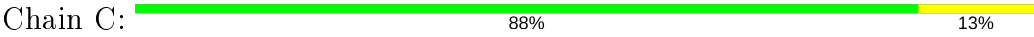


- Molecule 2: Beta-2-microglobulin

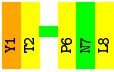




● Molecule 3: NP205-LCMV epitope, YTAKYPNL



● Molecule 3: NP205-LCMV epitope, YTAKYPNL



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	66.75Å 85.05Å 89.18Å 90.00° 111.33° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	61.69 – 2.30 83.07 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.3 (61.69-2.30) 100.0 (83.07-2.30)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.77 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC, PHENIX 1.6.1_357	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.202 , 0.275 0.215 , 0.279	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2081 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	27.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.659	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.29 , 37.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	6773	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 38.21 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 3.8175e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹ Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

² Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.38	0/2325	0.54	0/3159
1	D	0.41	0/2317	0.56	0/3149
2	B	0.42	0/856	0.57	0/1159
2	E	0.42	0/847	0.58	0/1148
3	C	0.38	0/71	0.54	0/95
3	F	0.42	0/71	0.54	0/95
All	All	0.40	0/6487	0.55	0/8805

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2262	0	2152	69	0
1	D	2254	0	2143	55	0
2	B	830	0	808	14	0
2	E	821	0	796	23	0
3	C	69	0	69	1	0
3	F	69	0	69	6	0
4	E	6	0	6	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	152	0	0	6	0
5	B	81	0	0	0	0
5	C	8	0	0	0	0
5	D	150	0	0	4	0
5	E	66	0	0	1	0
5	F	5	0	0	0	0
All	All	6773	0	6043	160	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (160) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:217:TRP:H	1:D:228:MET:HE1	1.36	0.90
1:A:75:ARG:HE	1:A:79:ARG:HH22	1.16	0.86
1:D:234:ARG:HE	1:D:242:GLN:HE21	1.24	0.85
2:E:16:GLU:HB2	2:E:19:LYS:HG2	1.60	0.83
1:D:234:ARG:HE	1:D:242:GLN:NE2	1.78	0.81
1:A:189:VAL:HG23	1:A:272:LEU:HD23	1.63	0.80
1:D:260:HIS:CD2	1:D:271:THR:HG22	2.18	0.78
2:E:36:GLU:HB2	2:E:83:LYS:HG2	1.67	0.76
1:A:99:SER:HB3	1:A:114:GLN:HG3	1.67	0.76
1:A:234:ARG:HE	1:A:242:GLN:HE21	1.32	0.76
1:A:230:LEU:HD12	1:A:230:LEU:O	1.86	0.75
2:E:7:ILE:HD12	2:E:91:LYS:HE3	1.71	0.71
1:A:215:LEU:HD22	1:A:261:VAL:HG22	1.75	0.69
1:A:15:PRO:O	1:A:17:LEU:HD13	1.93	0.69
1:D:154:GLU:HG3	1:D:157:ARG:HH12	1.60	0.67
1:A:234:ARG:HE	1:A:242:GLN:NE2	1.92	0.67
1:D:9:VAL:HG22	1:D:24:GLU:HG2	1.78	0.65
1:D:102:GLU:OE1	1:D:111:ARG:HD3	1.97	0.65
1:A:173:LYS:HD2	1:A:174:ASN:ND2	2.11	0.65
1:D:187:ALA:HA	1:D:204:TRP:O	1.97	0.64
1:D:16:GLY:O	1:D:17:LEU:HD12	1.98	0.64
1:D:189:VAL:HG23	1:D:272:LEU:CD2	2.28	0.64
1:A:102:GLU:OE2	1:A:111:ARG:HD3	1.97	0.64
1:A:77:ASP:HB3	3:F:8:LEU:HD12	1.78	0.63
1:A:20:PRO:HG2	1:A:75:ARG:HG3	1.79	0.63
2:B:12:ARG:CZ	2:B:22:ILE:HD12	2.28	0.62
1:A:258:THR:HG21	1:A:271:THR:HG23	1.82	0.61

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:273:ARG:HG2	1:A:273:ARG:HH11	1.66	0.61
1:D:111:ARG:HA	5:D:371:HOH:O	2.00	0.60
1:A:63:GLU:CD	3:F:1:TYR:HB2	2.22	0.60
1:A:218:GLN:OE1	1:A:221:GLY:HA2	2.01	0.60
1:A:258:THR:CG2	1:A:271:THR:HG23	2.31	0.59
1:A:35:ARG:HB3	1:A:48:ARG:HD3	1.84	0.59
1:A:75:ARG:HE	1:A:79:ARG:NH2	1.95	0.59
1:A:263:HIS:CD2	1:A:265:GLY:H	2.20	0.59
1:A:216:THR:OG1	1:A:260:HIS:HB2	2.03	0.59
2:E:85:ASP:OD1	2:E:85:ASP:N	2.33	0.59
1:A:220:ASN:HB2	5:A:372:HOH:O	2.03	0.58
1:A:81:LEU:HD12	1:A:118:TYR:CD1	2.39	0.58
1:A:6:ARG:HD3	1:A:113:TYR:OH	2.02	0.58
1:A:259:CYS:HB3	1:A:272:LEU:HD22	1.86	0.58
1:A:98:ILE:HG22	1:A:113:TYR:HE1	1.67	0.57
1:A:52:MET:HE2	1:A:52:MET:HA	1.84	0.57
1:A:230:LEU:C	1:A:230:LEU:HD12	2.25	0.57
1:D:216:THR:OG1	1:D:260:HIS:HB2	2.04	0.57
1:A:273:ARG:NH1	5:A:411:HOH:O	2.38	0.56
1:A:210:PRO:O	1:A:263:HIS:HE1	1.89	0.56
1:A:54:GLN:NE2	1:A:174:ASN:HB3	2.20	0.56
1:A:79:ARG:HD2	5:A:344:HOH:O	2.06	0.56
1:D:129:ASP:O	1:D:130:LEU:HB2	2.06	0.56
2:E:36:GLU:HB2	2:E:83:LYS:CG	2.35	0.55
1:A:277:PRO:HB3	5:A:438:HOH:O	2.04	0.55
1:D:102:GLU:HG3	1:D:111:ARG:HB3	1.89	0.55
1:A:272:LEU:HD13	1:A:272:LEU:N	2.21	0.55
1:D:44:ARG:HH22	1:D:61:GLU:CD	2.11	0.55
1:A:189:VAL:HG23	1:A:272:LEU:CD2	2.36	0.54
1:A:28:VAL:HG23	1:A:33:PHE:CD1	2.42	0.54
1:A:17:LEU:N	1:A:17:LEU:CD1	2.71	0.54
1:A:273:ARG:HG2	1:A:273:ARG:NH1	2.21	0.53
1:D:225:ILE:O	1:D:226:GLN:O	2.26	0.53
1:A:117:ALA:HB2	2:B:60:TRP:CE2	2.44	0.53
2:E:2:GLN:HG2	2:E:32:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.53
1:A:102:GLU:HG3	1:A:111:ARG:HB3	1.90	0.53
1:D:226:GLN:HG3	1:D:227:ASP:OD1	2.09	0.53
1:D:157:ARG:O	1:D:161:GLU:HG2	2.09	0.52
1:A:63:GLU:OE1	3:F:2:THR:HG22	2.09	0.52
1:A:73:SER:O	1:A:76:VAL:HB	2.09	0.52
2:B:37:ILE:HG12	2:B:82:VAL:HG22	1.92	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:50:GLU:O	2:E:51:MET:HE2	2.11	0.51
2:B:32:PRO:HB2	2:B:33:PRO:HD2	1.92	0.51
1:A:5:LEU:HB2	1:A:168:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.51
1:A:52:MET:HA	1:A:52:MET:CE	2.40	0.51
1:D:217:TRP:N	1:D:228:MET:HE1	2.15	0.51
1:D:148:GLU:HA	5:D:406:HOH:O	2.11	0.50
1:A:135:ALA:HB1	1:A:140:ALA:HB3	1.93	0.50
1:D:130:LEU:HB3	1:D:157:ARG:HG3	1.93	0.50
1:D:144:LYS:HE3	1:D:148:GLU:OE2	2.11	0.50
1:D:189:VAL:HG23	1:D:272:LEU:HD23	1.94	0.50
1:D:128:GLU:HA	1:D:128:GLU:OE2	2.11	0.49
1:D:231:VAL:HG13	1:D:244:TRP:CZ2	2.47	0.49
2:B:24:ASN:HB3	2:B:65:LEU:HD11	1.95	0.49
2:E:1:ILE:O	2:E:1:ILE:HG13	2.13	0.48
1:D:203:CYS:HB2	1:D:217:TRP:CZ2	2.49	0.48
1:D:54:GLN:HE22	1:D:174:ASN:HB3	1.79	0.48
1:D:263:HIS:CD2	1:D:265:GLY:H	2.31	0.47
1:D:54:GLN:NE2	1:D:174:ASN:HB3	2.29	0.47
2:E:56:PHE:HB3	2:E:62:PHE:CD2	2.50	0.47
1:D:70:ASN:O	1:D:74:PHE:HD2	1.97	0.47
1:A:173:LYS:HD2	1:A:174:ASN:HD22	1.78	0.47
2:B:85:ASP:N	2:B:85:ASP:OD1	2.35	0.47
1:A:63:GLU:OE1	3:F:1:TYR:HB2	2.14	0.47
2:E:29:GLN:HG2	5:E:290:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:261:VAL:HB	1:A:270:LEU:HB2	1.97	0.46
2:B:12:ARG:NH1	2:B:22:ILE:HD12	2.30	0.46
2:E:17:ASN:HA	2:E:72:PRO:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:111:ARG:NH1	1:A:113:TYR:CD2	2.83	0.46
1:A:263:HIS:HD2	1:A:265:GLY:H	1.63	0.46
1:D:14:ARG:HE	1:D:21:ARG:HG3	1.79	0.46
1:A:0:MET:HG3	1:A:3:HIS:NE2	2.31	0.46
1:D:225:ILE:HG22	1:D:226:GLN:N	2.30	0.46
2:E:19:LYS:HG3	2:E:19:LYS:O	2.14	0.46
1:D:144:LYS:O	1:D:148:GLU:HG3	2.16	0.46
2:B:16:GLU:OE2	2:B:19:LYS:HE2	2.15	0.46
1:D:79:ARG:NH1	1:D:82:LEU:CD1	2.79	0.46
1:A:0:MET:HG2	1:A:105:SER:CB	2.45	0.45
2:E:23:LEU:HB2	2:E:70:PHE:CD1	2.51	0.45
1:D:276:PRO:HA	1:D:277:PRO:HD3	1.77	0.45
1:D:210:PRO:O	1:D:263:HIS:HE1	2.01	0.44
1:A:17:LEU:N	1:A:17:LEU:HD12	2.32	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:14:ARG:NE	1:D:21:ARG:HG3	2.33	0.43
2:E:55:SER:HB2	2:E:63:TYR:CZ	2.53	0.43
1:A:54:GLN:HE22	1:A:174:ASN:HB3	1.82	0.43
1:D:167:TRP:CE3	1:D:170:ARG:HD3	2.52	0.43
1:D:54:GLN:HG3	1:D:54:GLN:H	1.52	0.43
2:E:84:HIS:CE1	2:E:86:SER:HB3	2.54	0.43
5:A:398:HOH:O	2:B:58:LYS:HE3	2.17	0.43
1:A:215:LEU:CD2	1:A:261:VAL:HG22	2.46	0.43
1:D:131:LYS:HA	1:D:153:ALA:HB1	2.00	0.43
2:B:2:GLN:HG2	2:B:32:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.43
1:D:3:HIS:HA	1:D:29:ASP:OD1	2.19	0.43
2:E:24:ASN:HB3	2:E:65:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.43
1:A:207:GLY:HA2	1:A:240:THR:OG1	2.19	0.42
2:B:79:ALA:HB2	2:B:94:TYR:CD1	2.54	0.42
1:D:79:ARG:NH1	5:D:338:HOH:O	2.52	0.42
2:E:33:PRO:HB3	2:E:62:PHE:CE1	2.54	0.42
1:D:201:LEU:O	1:D:246:SER:HA	2.19	0.42
2:B:55:SER:HB2	2:B:63:TYR:CZ	2.54	0.42
2:B:1:ILE:HG13	2:B:2:GLN:N	2.34	0.42
2:E:59:ASP:O	2:E:60:TRP:HB2	2.19	0.42
1:A:9:VAL:O	1:A:96:GLN:HA	2.20	0.42
2:E:81:ARG:HG2	2:E:83:LYS:HE2	2.01	0.42
1:A:63:GLU:OE2	3:F:1:TYR:HB2	2.20	0.42
1:D:28:VAL:O	1:D:31:THR:HB	2.20	0.42
1:D:110:LEU:HA	1:D:110:LEU:HD12	1.80	0.42
1:D:126:LEU:HB2	1:D:133:TRP:CZ3	2.54	0.42
1:D:209:TYR:HA	1:D:210:PRO:C	2.40	0.42
1:A:131:LYS:HB2	1:A:131:LYS:HE3	1.78	0.41
1:A:50:ARG:NH2	5:A:390:HOH:O	2.52	0.41
2:E:19:LYS:HA	2:E:20:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.41
1:A:152:GLU:OE2	3:F:6:PRO:HB3	2.20	0.41
1:A:98:ILE:HG22	1:A:113:TYR:CE1	2.52	0.41
3:C:8:LEU:HD23	1:D:147:TRP:CZ2	2.56	0.41
1:D:79:ARG:NH1	1:D:82:LEU:HD11	2.35	0.41
2:B:31:HIS:ND1	2:B:32:PRO:HA	2.35	0.41
1:D:266:LEU:HA	1:D:267:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.41
1:A:172:LEU:HA	1:A:172:LEU:HD23	1.91	0.41
2:E:51:MET:HB2	2:E:51:MET:HE3	1.82	0.41
1:A:138:MET:HA	1:A:141:LEU:HD12	2.02	0.41
1:A:182:THR:HG21	1:A:265:GLY:HA2	2.02	0.41
1:A:33:PHE:CD2	1:A:34:VAL:HG13	2.56	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:102:GLU:CG	1:D:111:ARG:HB3	2.50	0.41
2:E:46:ILE:HA	2:E:47:PRO:HD3	1.81	0.41
1:D:169:ARG:NH2	5:D:314:HOH:O	2.38	0.40
1:A:272:LEU:N	1:A:272:LEU:CD1	2.84	0.40
1:D:224:LEU:HB2	1:D:228:MET:HE2	2.02	0.40
1:A:47:PRO:HD3	1:A:60:TRP:CH2	2.56	0.40
1:D:22:TYR:HB3	1:D:38:SER:HB3	2.03	0.40
2:E:38:GLN:HG3	2:E:81:ARG:HB3	2.02	0.40
1:A:126:LEU:HD13	1:A:133:TRP:CZ3	2.56	0.40
1:D:113:TYR:CD1	1:D:113:TYR:N	2.90	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	276/278 (99%)	261 (95%)	12 (4%)	3 (1%)	14	15
1	D	275/278 (99%)	257 (94%)	15 (6%)	3 (1%)	14	15
2	B	98/99 (99%)	94 (96%)	3 (3%)	1 (1%)	15	17
2	E	97/99 (98%)	94 (97%)	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	15	17
3	C	6/8 (75%)	6 (100%)	0	0	100	100
3	F	6/8 (75%)	6 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	758/770 (98%)	718 (95%)	32 (4%)	8 (1%)	14	15

All (8) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	226	GLN
1	A	151	GLY

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	227	ASP
1	D	227	ASP
1	D	225	ILE
2	E	60	TRP
1	A	225	ILE
2	B	47	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	236/236 (100%)	226 (96%)	10 (4%)	30	42
1	D	235/236 (100%)	219 (93%)	16 (7%)	16	21
2	B	95/94 (101%)	93 (98%)	2 (2%)	53	70
2	E	94/94 (100%)	90 (96%)	4 (4%)	29	40
3	C	7/7 (100%)	7 (100%)	0	100	100
3	F	7/7 (100%)	6 (86%)	1 (14%)	3	3
All	All	674/674 (100%)	641 (95%)	33 (5%)	25	35

All (33) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	6	ARG
1	A	17	LEU
1	A	45	TYR
1	A	115	GLN
1	A	152	GLU
1	A	178	THR
1	A	182	THR
1	A	212	ASP
1	A	272	LEU
1	A	273	ARG
2	B	85	ASP
2	B	89	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	39	ASP
1	D	44	ARG
1	D	45	TYR
1	D	53	GLU
1	D	54	GLN
1	D	75	ARG
1	D	88	SER
1	D	102	GLU
1	D	103	VAL
1	D	110	LEU
1	D	149	GLN
1	D	166	GLU
1	D	178	THR
1	D	212	ASP
1	D	230	LEU
1	D	272	LEU
2	E	51	MET
2	E	75	THR
2	E	83	LYS
2	E	85	ASP
3	F	1	TYR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (19) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	65	GLN
1	A	174	ASN
1	A	242	GLN
1	A	260	HIS
1	A	263	HIS
2	B	8	GLN
2	B	67	HIS
3	C	7	ASN
1	D	87	GLN
1	D	218	GLN
1	D	226	GLN
1	D	242	GLN
1	D	255	GLN
1	D	260	HIS
1	D	263	HIS
2	E	8	GLN
2	E	13	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	E	29	GLN
2	E	38	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	ACE	E	100	-	1,2,2	0.98	0	1,1,1	0.04	0
4	ACE	E	101	-	1,2,2	0.94	0	1,1,1	0.07	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	278/278 (100%)	-0.00	2 (0%) 87 91	11, 31, 51, 70	0
1	D	277/278 (99%)	-0.10	1 (0%) 92 95	12, 28, 49, 67	0
2	B	99/99 (100%)	-0.23	0 100 100	13, 22, 36, 50	0
2	E	99/99 (100%)	-0.23	1 (1%) 82 86	13, 24, 38, 46	0
3	C	8/8 (100%)	-0.25	0 100 100	22, 25, 28, 35	0
3	F	8/8 (100%)	0.07	0 100 100	25, 33, 37, 39	0
All	All	769/770 (99%)	-0.10	4 (0%) 91 94	11, 26, 49, 70	0

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	226	GLN	4.0
1	A	0	MET	3.7
2	E	1	ILE	2.3
1	D	154	GLU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	ACE	E	101	3/3	0.70	0.50	44,44,47,51	0
4	ACE	E	100	3/3	0.90	0.19	19,19,26,33	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.