



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2PXG  
Title : NMR Solution Structure of OmlA  
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We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
ShiftChecker : 2.23.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

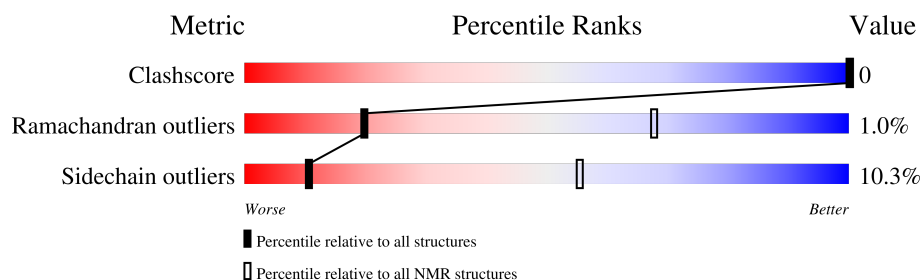
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 91%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	118	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 15 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:18-A:56, A:70-A:88 (58)	0.66	15
2	A:105-A:112 (8)	1.08	8

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 20
2	2, 7, 8, 10
3	3, 16
Single-model clusters	9; 18

### 3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1915 atoms, of which 954 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Outer membrane protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							Trace
1	A	118	Total	C	H	N	O	S		0
			1915	604	954	178	178	1		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

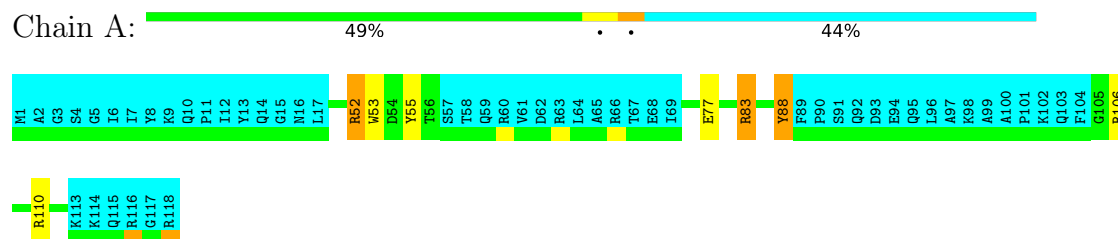
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q8PMB6
A	4	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q8PMB6

## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein

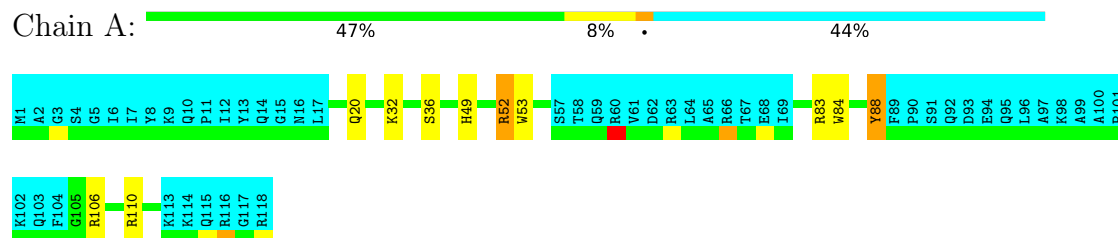


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

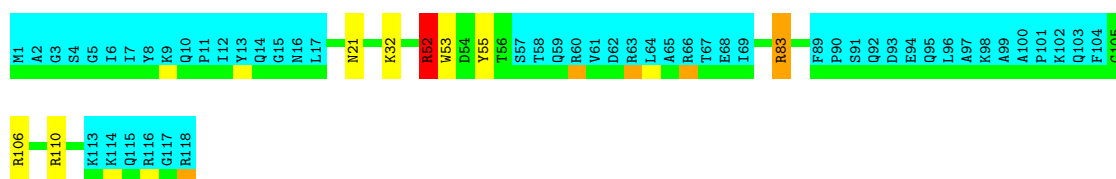
- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein

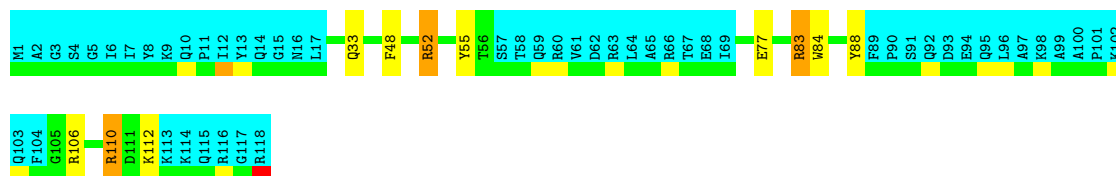




### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein

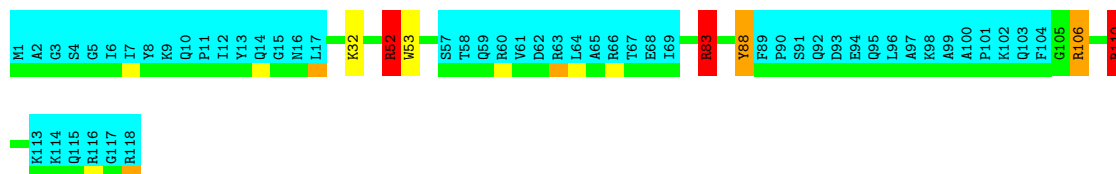
Chain A: 47% 7% 44%



### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein

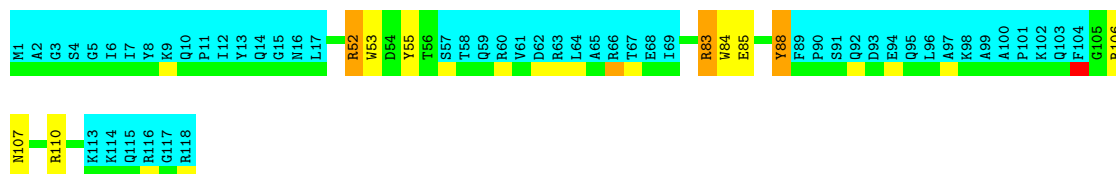
Chain A: 50% 4% 44%



### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

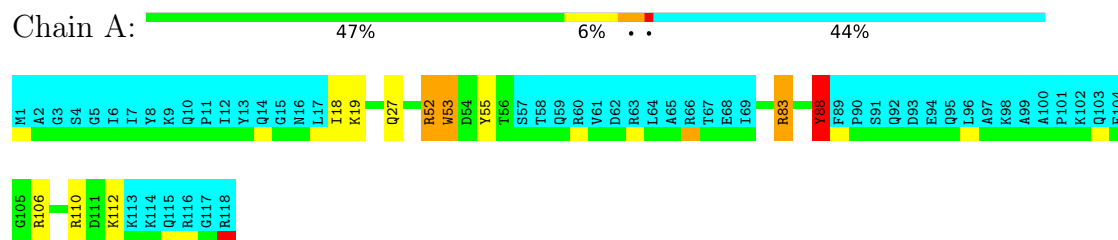
- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein

Chain A: 47% 6% 44%



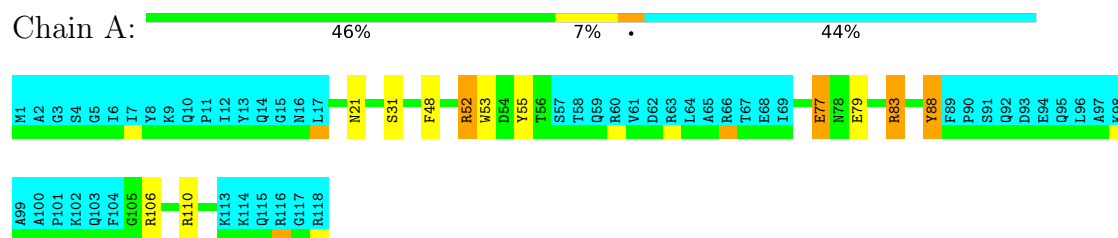
### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



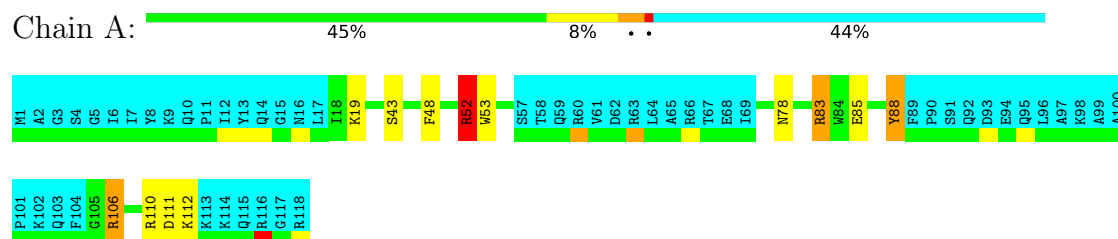
#### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



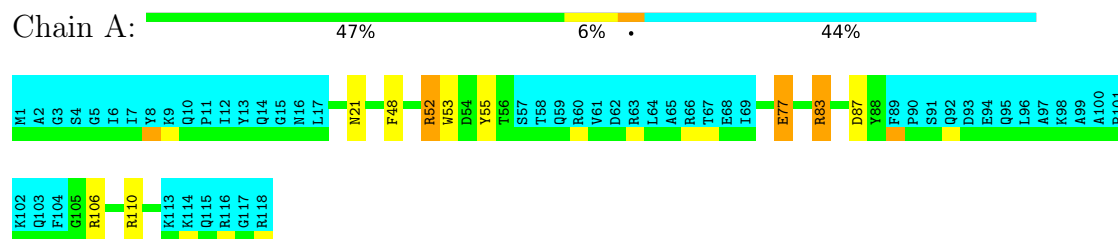
#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



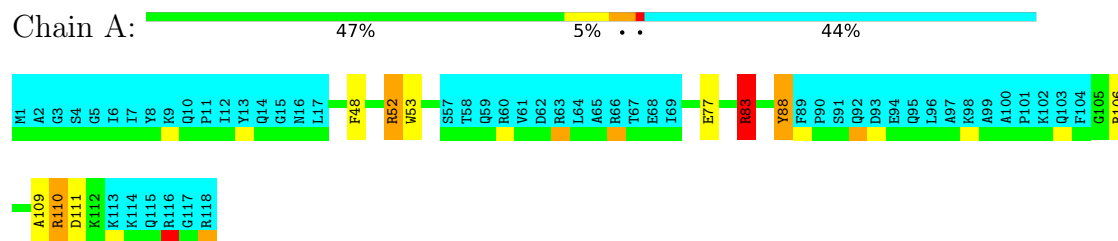
#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



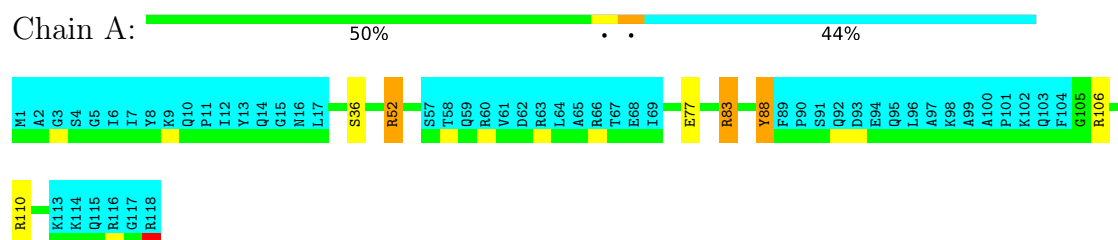
### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



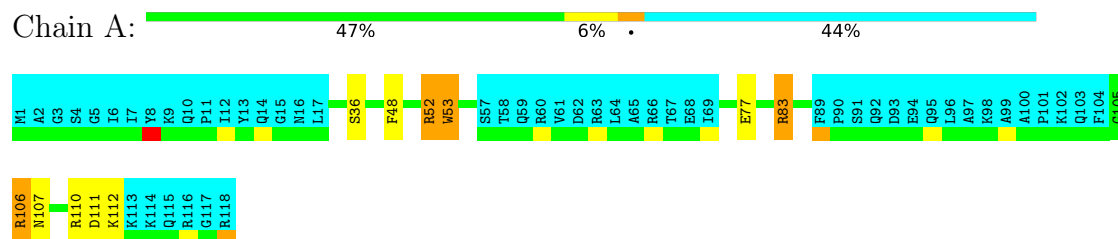
### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



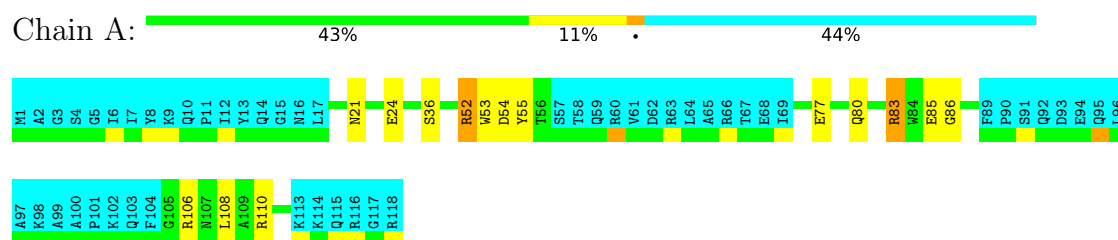
### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



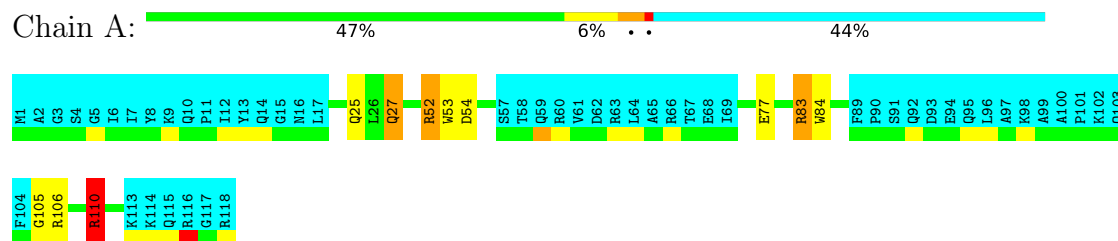
### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



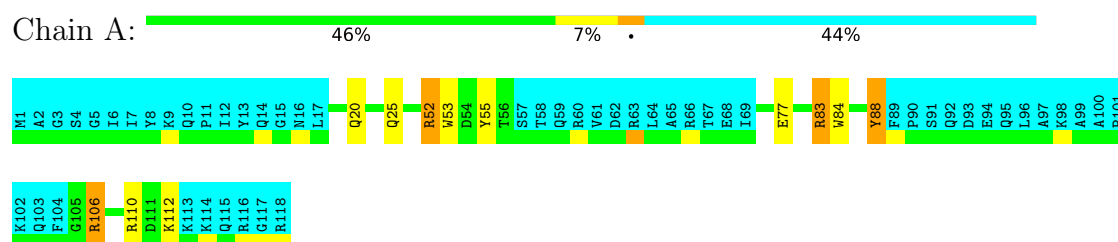
#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



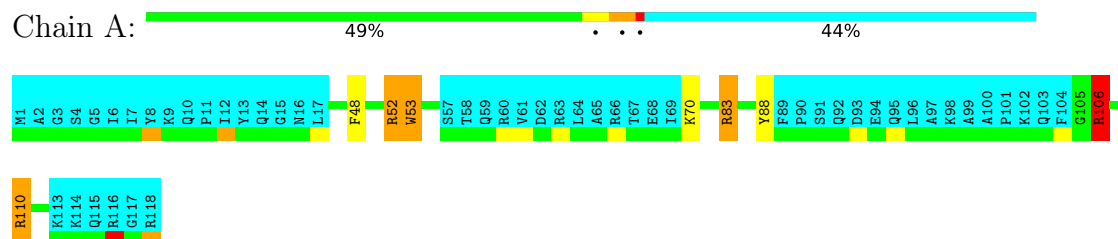
#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



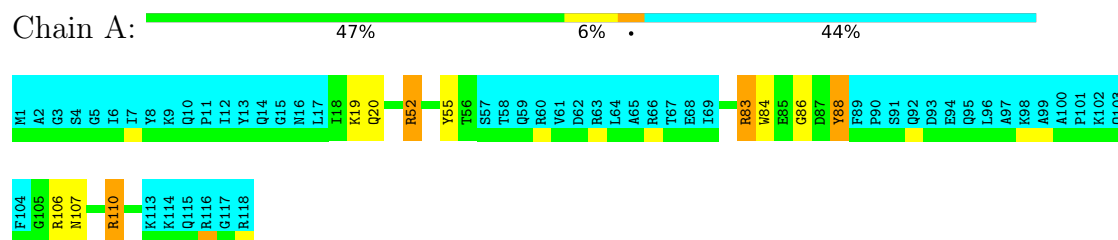
#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



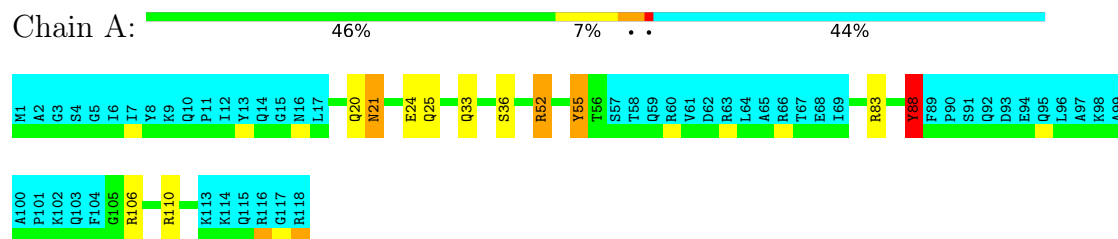
#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



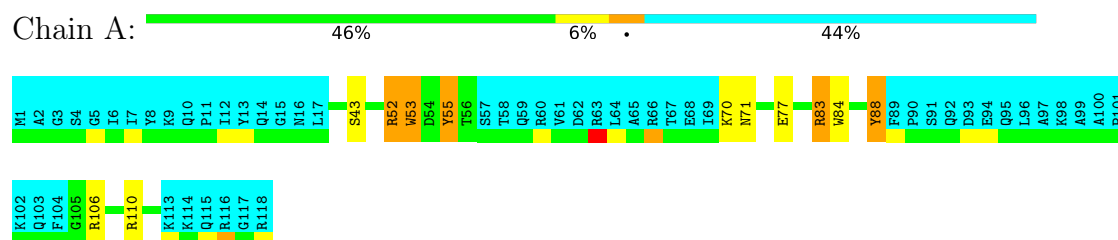
### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



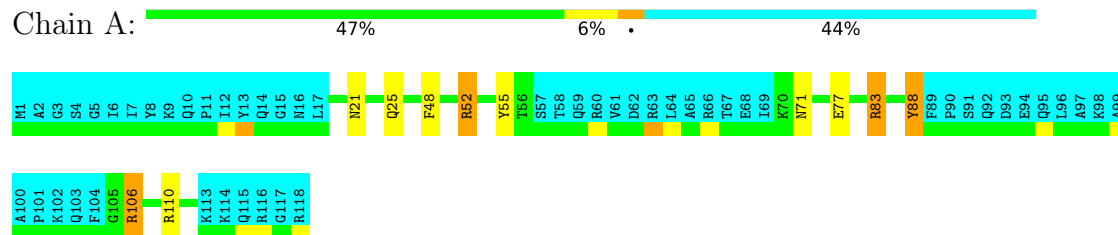
### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Outer membrane protein



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	structure solution	
Discover	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1512
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1512
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	91%

## 6 Model quality i

### 6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.07±0.01	0±0/558 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	1.49±0.04	9±2/757 ( 1.1± 0.3%)
All	All	1.07	0/11160 ( 0.0%)	1.49	172/15140 ( 1.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	2.2±1.2
All	All	0	44

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	88	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-10.22	114.87	121.00	6	11
1	A	110	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.90	125.25	120.30	6	20
1	A	52	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.85	125.22	120.30	9	20
1	A	106	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.64	125.12	120.30	13	20
1	A	83	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.29	124.95	120.30	14	20
1	A	88	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	8.92	126.35	121.00	18	10
1	A	55	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-8.87	115.68	121.00	19	5
1	A	52	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.85	115.88	120.30	16	13
1	A	55	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	8.25	125.95	121.00	19	4
1	A	106	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.46	116.57	120.30	5	3
1	A	110	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.77	116.92	120.30	15	7
1	A	53	TRP	CA-CB-CG	6.38	125.82	113.70	16	5
1	A	88	TYR	CA-CB-CG	6.37	125.51	113.40	1	3
1	A	55	TYR	CA-CB-CG	6.12	125.03	113.40	18	1
1	A	83	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.00	117.30	120.30	2	8

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	53	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	-5.60	103.96	109.00	19	15
1	A	88	TYR	N-CA-C	5.47	125.77	111.00	18	1
1	A	84	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	-5.36	104.18	109.00	14	6

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	55	TYR	Sidechain	8
1	A	77	GLU	Peptide	8
1	A	52	ARG	Sidechain	4
1	A	110	ARG	Sidechain,Peptide	3
1	A	88	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	83	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	106	ARG	Peptide,Sidechain	2
1	A	54	ASP	Peptide	2
1	A	86	GLY	Peptide	2
1	A	84	TRP	Peptide	1
1	A	18	ILE	Peptide	1
1	A	112	LYS	Peptide	1
1	A	78	ASN	Peptide	1
1	A	111	ASP	Peptide	1
1	A	87	ASP	Peptide	1
1	A	109	ALA	Peptide	1
1	A	20	GLN	Peptide	1
1	A	19	LYS	Peptide	1
1	A	71	ASN	Peptide	1

## 6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	544	522	522	0±0
All	All	10880	10440	10440	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:31:SER:OG	1:A:79:GLU:OE2	0.40	2.34	7	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	66/118 (56%)	49±2 (74±4%)	16±2 (25±4%)	1±1 (1±1%)	20	68
All	All	1320/2360 (56%)	979 (74%)	328 (25%)	13 (1%)	20	68

All 7 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	21	ASN	5
1	A	43	SER	2
1	A	88	TYR	2
1	A	107	ASN	1
1	A	85	GLU	1
1	A	27	GLN	1
1	A	105	GLY	1

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	58/101 (57%)	52±2 (90±3%)	6±2 (10±3%)	11	55

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	1160/2020 (57%)	1040 (90%)	120 (10%)	11 55

All 27 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	52	ARG	19
1	A	83	ARG	18
1	A	88	TYR	14
1	A	48	PHE	8
1	A	36	SER	5
1	A	77	GLU	5
1	A	110	ARG	5
1	A	106	ARG	5
1	A	112	LYS	4
1	A	53	TRP	4
1	A	25	GLN	4
1	A	20	GLN	3
1	A	32	LYS	3
1	A	33	GLN	2
1	A	85	GLU	2
1	A	19	LYS	2
1	A	27	GLN	2
1	A	111	ASP	2
1	A	107	ASN	2
1	A	21	ASN	2
1	A	24	GLU	2
1	A	70	LYS	2
1	A	49	HIS	1
1	A	80	GLN	1
1	A	108	LEU	1
1	A	55	TYR	1
1	A	71	ASN	1

### 6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 91% for the well-defined parts and 90% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1512
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1512
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	6

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	118	$0.51 \pm 0.11$	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	110	$0.63 \pm 0.11$	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}'$	111	$-0.42 \pm 0.10$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{15}\text{N}$	111	$-1.28 \pm 0.42$	Should be applied

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 91%, i.e. 778 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 856. 10 out of 10 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	321/324 (99%)	129/129 (100%)	129/132 (98%)	63/63 (100%)
Sidechain	383/449 (85%)	234/264 (89%)	134/157 (85%)	15/28 (54%)

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	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Aromatic	74/83 (89%)	38/44 (86%)	34/36 (94%)	2/3 (67%)
Overall	778/856 (91%)	401/437 (92%)	297/325 (91%)	80/94 (85%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 90%, i.e. 1385 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1541. 14 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Backbone	569/578 (98%)	229/230 (100%)	229/236 (97%)	111/112 (99%)
Sidechain	718/846 (85%)	442/501 (88%)	250/289 (87%)	26/56 (46%)
Aromatic	98/117 (84%)	50/62 (81%)	46/52 (88%)	2/3 (67%)
Overall	1385/1541 (90%)	721/793 (91%)	525/577 (91%)	139/171 (81%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	60	ARG	NE	124.66	92.63 – 76.73	25.1
1	A	52	ARG	NE	113.74	92.63 – 76.73	18.3
1	A	110	ARG	NE	111.15	92.63 – 76.73	16.7
1	A	118	ARG	NE	111.15	92.63 – 76.73	16.7
1	A	63	ARG	NE	110.76	92.63 – 76.73	16.4
1	A	83	ARG	NE	109.76	92.63 – 76.73	15.8

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

