



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 19, 2022 – 03:31 pm BST

PDB ID : 7Q2O
Title : Beta-lactoglobulin mutant FAW (I56F/L39A/M107W) in complex with desipramine (FAW-DSM#1)
Authors : Loch, J.I.; Barciszewski, J.; Lewinski, K.
Deposited on : 2021-10-25
Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.28.1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0267
CCP4 : 7.1.010 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.28.1

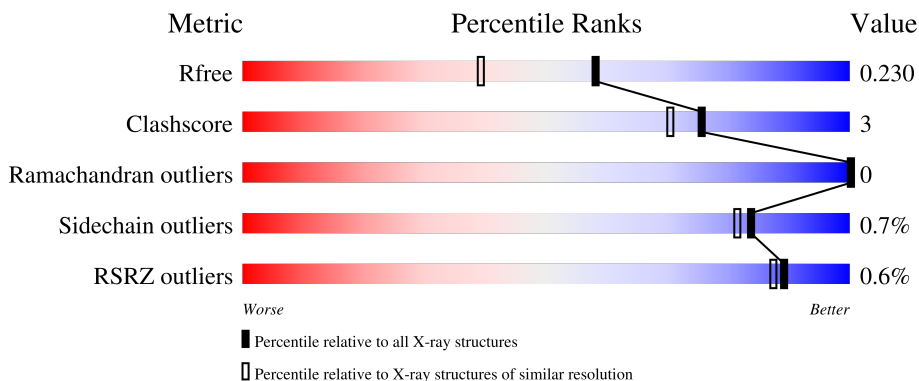
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	AAA	162	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>87%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
1	BBB	162	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>89%</div> <div>.</div> <div>6%</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2700 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-lactoglobulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	AAA	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1247	798	202	239	8			
1	BBB	152	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1205	772	195	231	7			

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

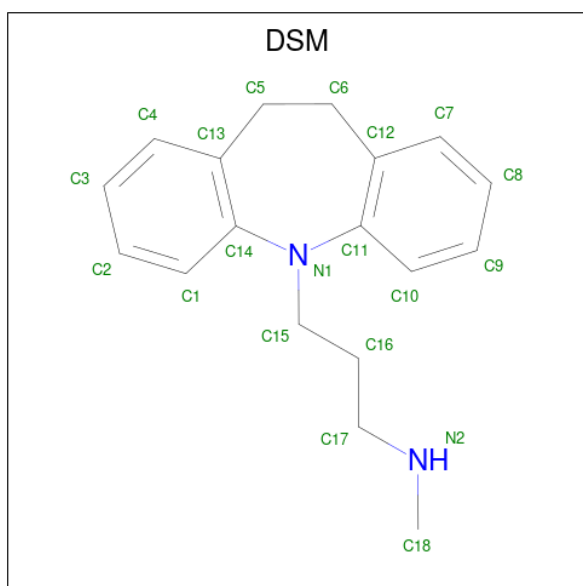
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
AAA	1	ALA	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
AAA	2	SER	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
AAA	39	ALA	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
AAA	56	PHE	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
AAA	107	TRP	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	1	ALA	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	2	SER	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	39	ALA	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	56	PHE	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	107	TRP	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P02754

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	AAA	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 3 is 3-(10,11-DIHYDRO-5H-DIBENZO[B,F]AZEPIN-5-YL)-N-METHYLPROPA N-1-AMINE (three-letter code: DSM) (formula: C₁₈H₂₂N₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	AAA	1	Total	C	N	0	0
			20	18	2		
3	AAA	1	Total	C	N	0	0
			20	18	2		

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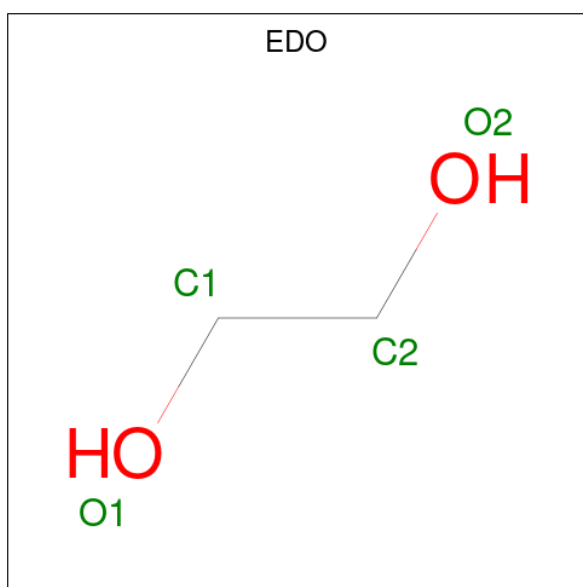
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	AAA	1	Total	C	N	0	0
			20	18	2		
3	BBB	1	Total	C	N	0	0
			20	18	2		

- Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	AAA	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 5 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: C₂H₆O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	AAA	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
5	BBB	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		

- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	AAA	92	Total	O	0	0
			92	92		
6	BBB	62	Total	O	0	0
			62	62		

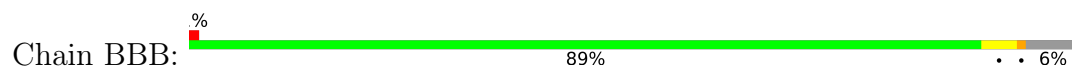
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Beta-lactoglobulin



- Molecule 1: Beta-lactoglobulin



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	55.67Å 70.14Å 179.02Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.45 – 1.80 45.45 – 1.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.2 (45.45-1.80) 99.2 (45.45-1.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.14 (at 1.79Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.183 , 0.221 0.193 , 0.230	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1000 reflections (3.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	31.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.247	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	(Not available) , (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	2700	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	46.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.59% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, SO4, DSM, EDO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	AAA	0.72	0/1275	0.86	0/1722
1	BBB	0.73	0/1227	0.88	0/1658
All	All	0.72	0/2502	0.87	0/3380

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	AAA	1247	0	1261	10	0
1	BBB	1205	0	1206	5	0
2	AAA	5	0	0	0	0
3	AAA	60	0	66	5	0
3	BBB	20	0	22	0	0
4	AAA	1	0	0	0	0
5	AAA	4	0	6	0	0
5	BBB	4	0	6	0	0
6	AAA	92	0	0	0	0
6	BBB	62	0	0	0	0
All	All	2700	0	2567	16	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 16 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:AAA:21:SER:O	1:AAA:161:HIS:HE1	1.86	0.59
1:BBB:88:ASN:O	1:BBB:88:ASN:OD1	2.20	0.58
1:AAA:90:ASN:OD1	3:AAA:203:DSM:H52	2.04	0.56
1:AAA:61:TRP:CZ3	1:AAA:162:ILE:HD11	2.43	0.54
1:AAA:84:ILE:HD11	3:AAA:203:DSM:H61	1.90	0.54

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	AAA	154/162 (95%)	152 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	BBB	146/162 (90%)	143 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	300/324 (93%)	295 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	AAA	138/141 (98%)	137 (99%)	1 (1%)	84	81
1	BBB	132/141 (94%)	131 (99%)	1 (1%)	81	78
All	All	270/282 (96%)	268 (99%)	2 (1%)	84	81

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	AAA	60	LYS
1	BBB	88	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	SO4	AAA	201	-	4,4,4	0.35	0	6,6,6	0.12	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	EDO	BBB	301	-	3,3,3	0.62	0	2,2,2	0.65	0
3	DSM	BBB	302	-	22,22,22	0.29	0	29,29,29	0.91	0
3	DSM	AAA	203	-	22,22,22	0.33	0	29,29,29	0.73	0
3	DSM	AAA	205	-	22,22,22	0.21	0	29,29,29	0.69	0
5	EDO	AAA	206	-	3,3,3	0.37	0	2,2,2	0.37	0
3	DSM	AAA	202	-	22,22,22	0.25	0	29,29,29	0.70	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	EDO	BBB	301	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
3	DSM	BBB	302	-	-	2/5/18/18	0/3/3/3
3	DSM	AAA	203	-	-	2/5/18/18	0/3/3/3
5	EDO	AAA	206	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
3	DSM	AAA	205	-	-	2/5/18/18	0/2/3/3
3	DSM	AAA	202	-	-	4/5/18/18	0/3/3/3

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 12 torsion outliers are listed below:

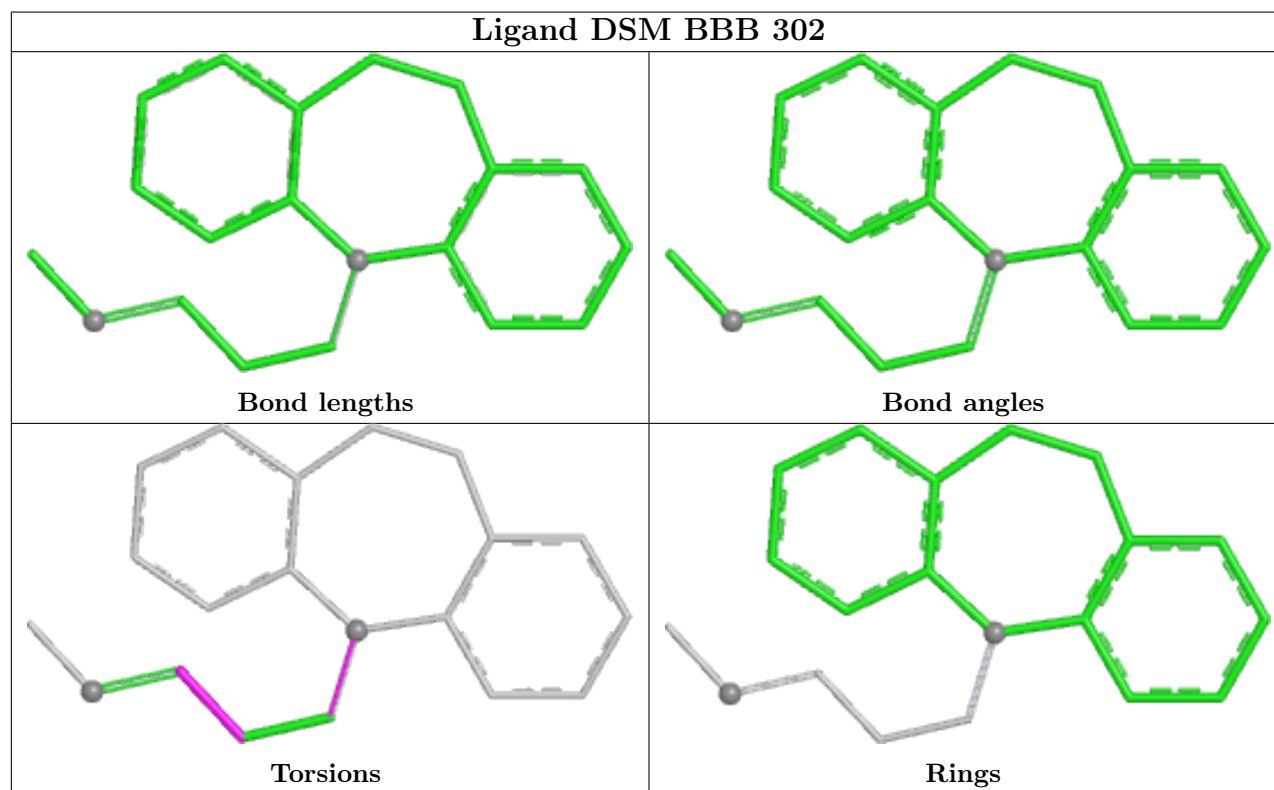
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	AAA	203	DSM	C16-C17-N2-C18
3	BBB	302	DSM	C16-C15-N1-C11
3	AAA	202	DSM	C15-C16-C17-N2
3	AAA	203	DSM	C15-C16-C17-N2
3	AAA	205	DSM	N1-C15-C16-C17

There are no ring outliers.

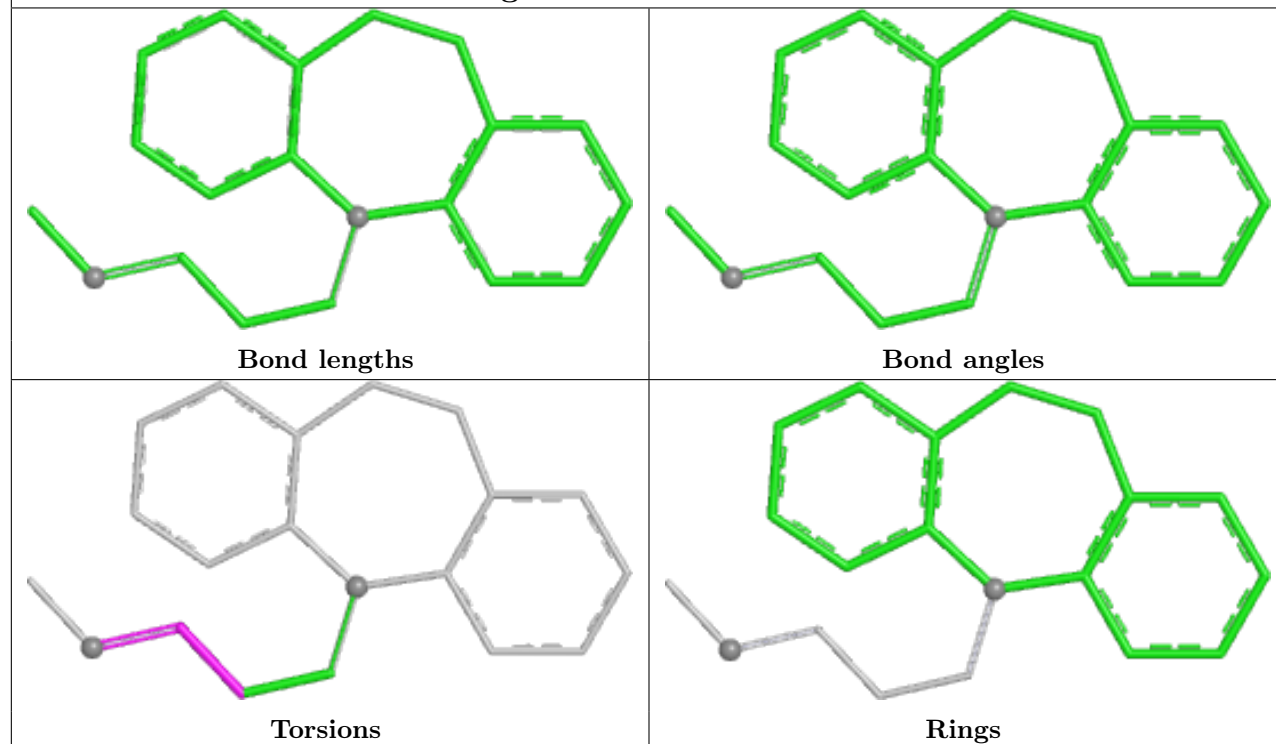
3 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	AAA	203	DSM	3	0
3	AAA	205	DSM	1	0
3	AAA	202	DSM	1	0

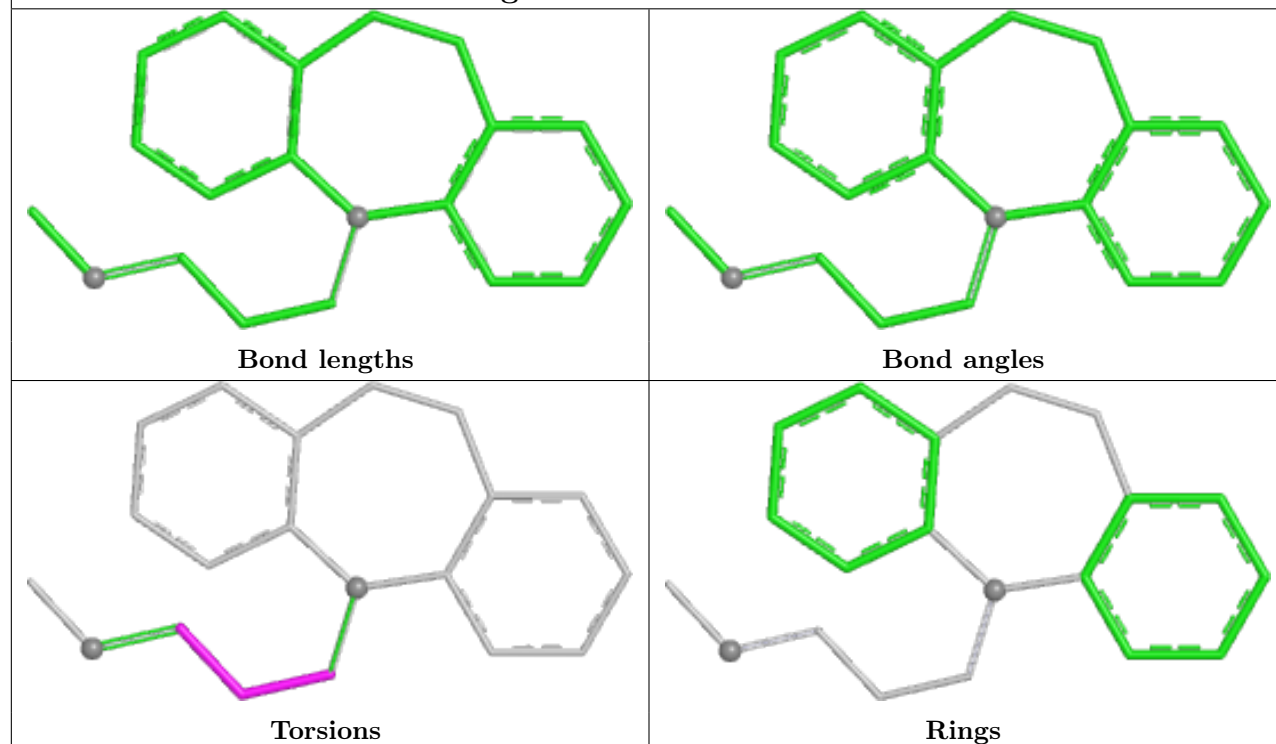
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

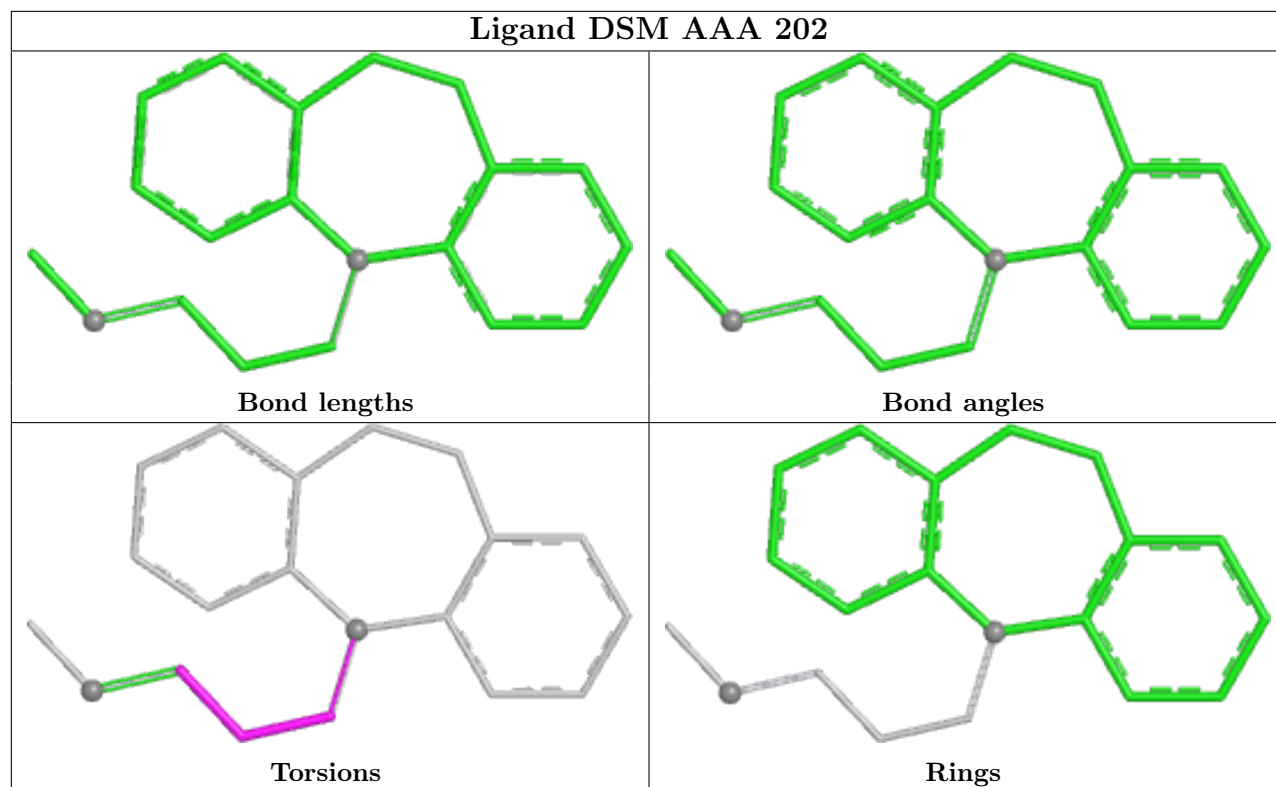


Ligand DSM AAA 203



Ligand DSM AAA 205





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	AAA	156/162 (96%)	-0.46	1 (0%) 89 87	25, 38, 77, 112	0
1	BBB	152/162 (93%)	-0.35	1 (0%) 87 86	26, 41, 75, 120	0
All	All	308/324 (95%)	-0.40	2 (0%) 89 87	25, 39, 76, 120	0

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	BBB	111	ALA	2.7
1	AAA	77	LYS	2.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
5	EDO	BBB	301	4/4	0.84	0.15	48,54,55,62	0
3	DSM	AAA	205	20/20	0.89	0.15	32,60,95,109	20
3	DSM	BBB	302	20/20	0.92	0.15	33,47,114,133	0

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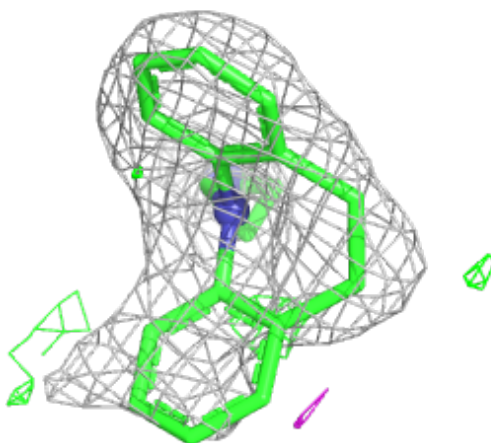
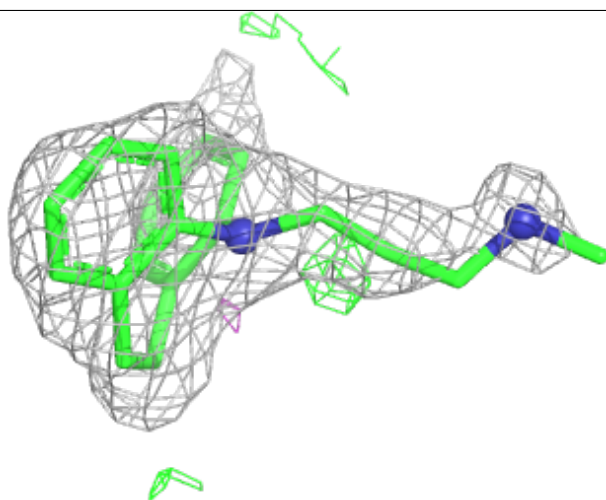
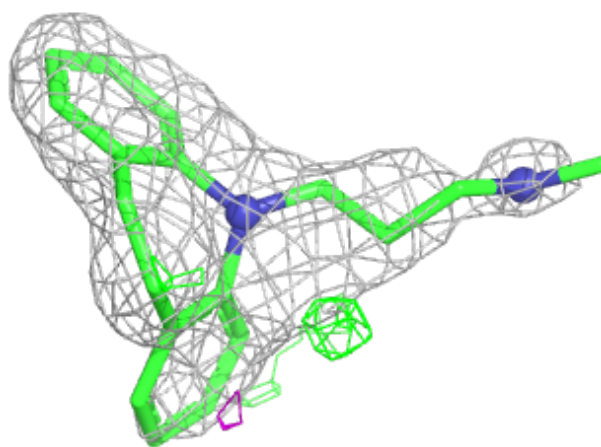
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
3	DSM	AAA	203	20/20	0.93	0.14	27,47,82,93	0
5	EDO	AAA	206	4/4	0.94	0.13	53,58,66,67	0
3	DSM	AAA	202	20/20	0.94	0.12	33,52,87,90	0
4	CL	AAA	204	1/1	0.95	0.09	56,56,56,56	0
2	SO4	AAA	201	5/5	0.98	0.10	33,39,45,47	5

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

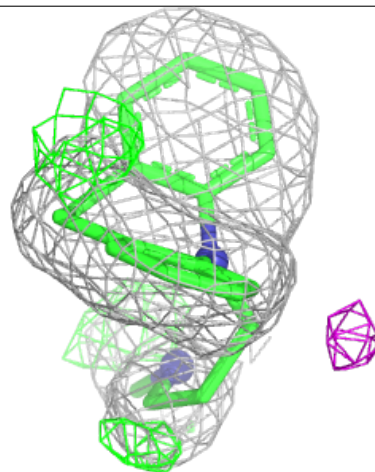
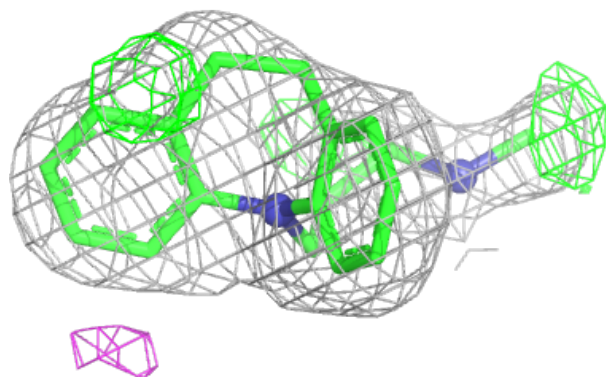
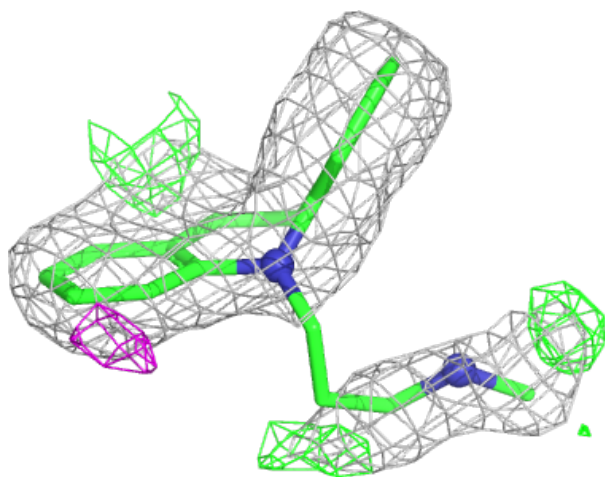
Electron density around DSM AAA 205:

2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



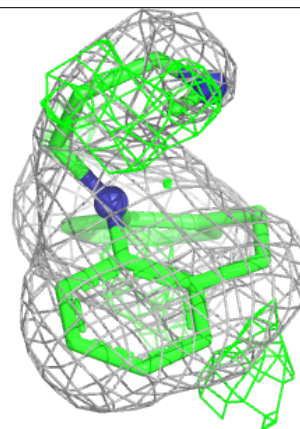
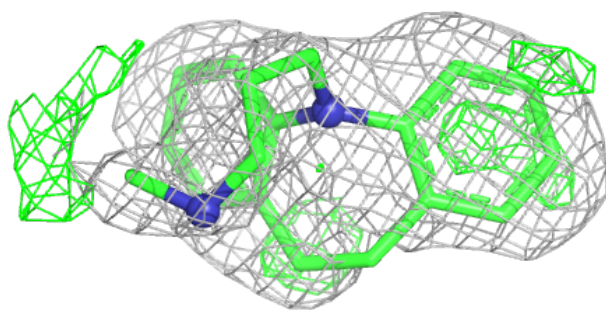
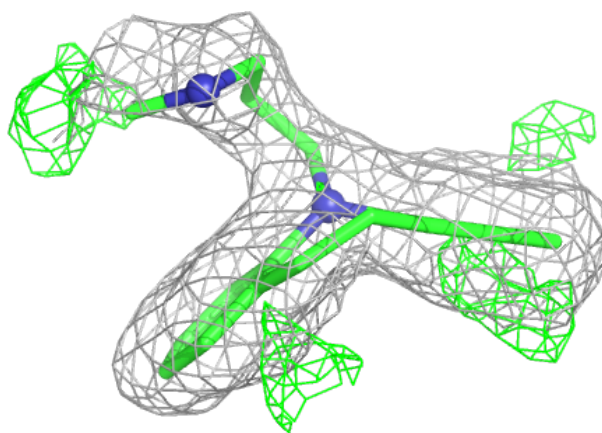
Electron density around DSM BBB 302:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



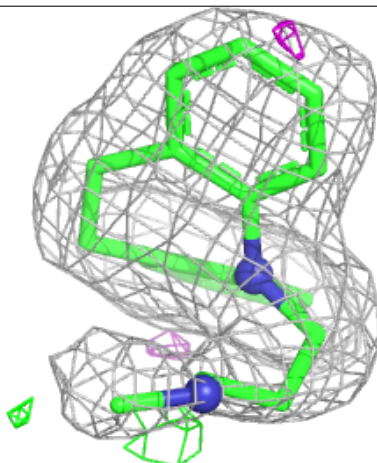
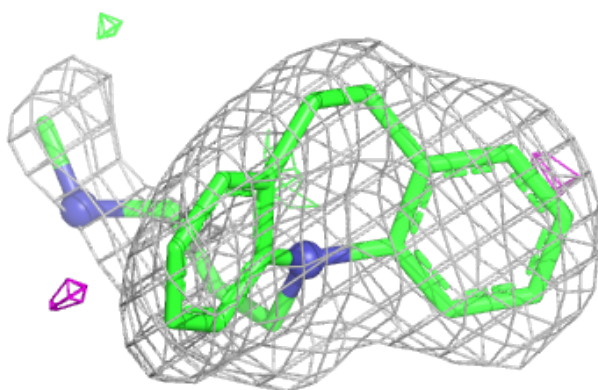
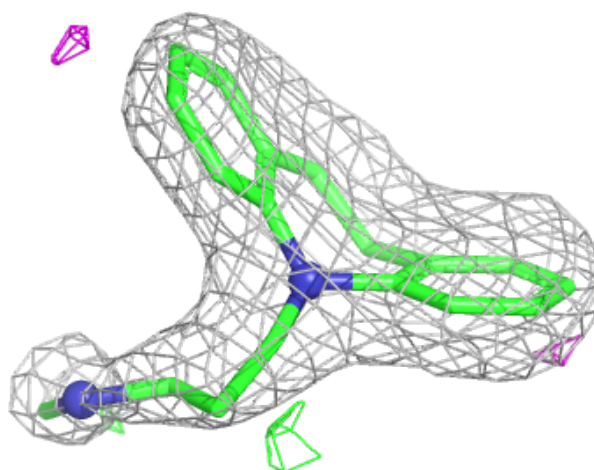
Electron density around DSM AAA 203:

$2mF_o - DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 $mF_o - DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around DSM AAA 202:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.