



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 26, 2020 – 02:26 am BST

PDB ID : 2QNJ
Title : Kinase and Ubiquitin-associated domains of MARK3/Par-1
Authors : Murphy, J.M.; Ceccarelli, D.F.J.; Sicheri, F.; Pawson, T.
Deposited on : 2007-07-18
Resolution : 2.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

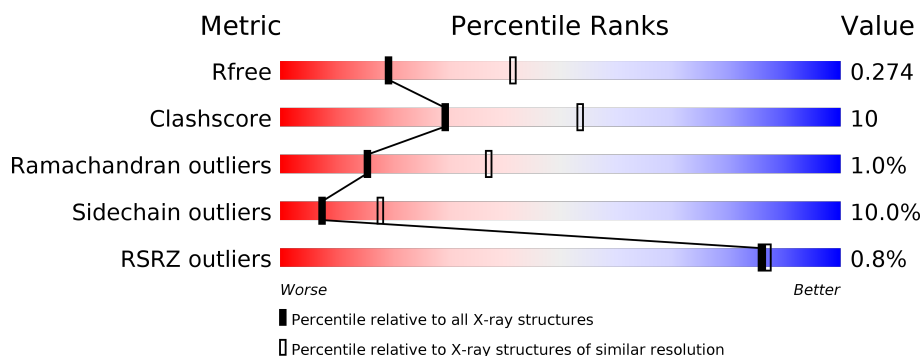
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2808 (2.70-2.70)
Clashscore	141614	3122 (2.70-2.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3069 (2.70-2.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3069 (2.70-2.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2737 (2.70-2.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	328	
1	B	328	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5075 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called MAP/microtubule affinity-regulating kinase 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	318	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2510	1607	428	462	13			
1	B	322	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2518	1611	426	468	13			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	43	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P27448
A	45	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P27448
A	46	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P27448
A	47	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P27448
B	43	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P27448
B	45	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P27448
B	46	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P27448
B	47	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P27448


- Molecule 2 is water.

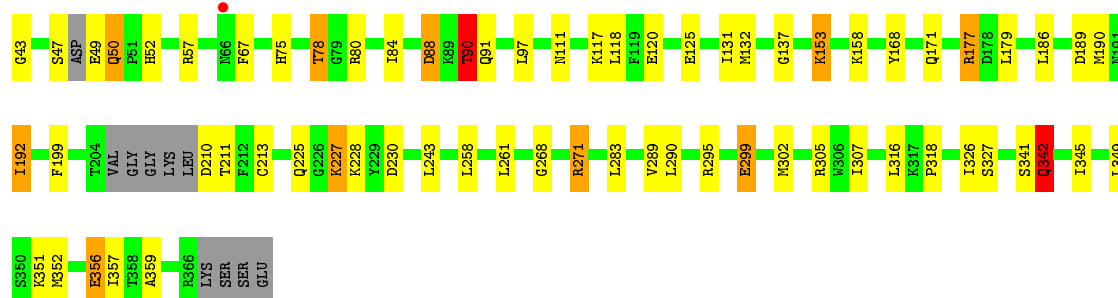
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	20	Total	O	0	0
			20	20		
2	B	27	Total	O	0	0
			27	27		

3 Residue-property plots


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

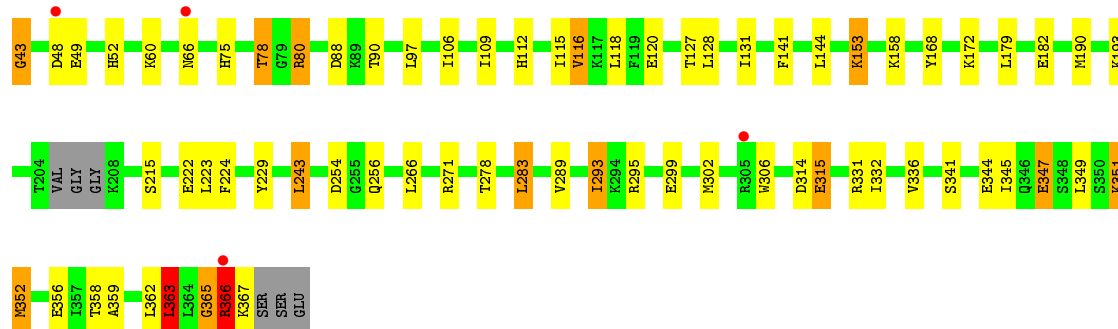
- Molecule 1: MAP/microtubule affinity-regulating kinase 3

Chain A: 



- Molecule 1: MAP/microtubule affinity-regulating kinase 3

Chain B: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	62.67Å 112.54Å 117.21Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 2.70 29.30 – 2.69	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (30.00-2.70) 99.5 (29.30-2.69)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.64 (at 2.68Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.215 , 0.279 0.211 , 0.274	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1213 reflections (5.15%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	48.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.476	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 36.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.012 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5075	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	35.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.47% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.68	0/2557	0.77	0/3452
1	B	0.69	0/2565	0.82	3/3466 (0.1%)
All	All	0.68	0/5122	0.79	3/6918 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	43	GLY	N-CA-C	-10.57	86.69	113.10
1	B	365	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.60	96.59	113.10
1	B	363	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.04	129.21	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2510	0	2482	44	2
1	B	2518	0	2476	52	2
2	A	20	0	0	1	0
2	B	27	0	0	0	0
All	All	5075	0	4958	95	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (95) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:43:GLY:N	1:B:52:HIS:HE2	1.31	1.26
1:B:75:HIS:HD2	1:B:78:THR:HB	1.28	0.97
1:B:43:GLY:N	1:B:52:HIS:NE2	2.15	0.93
1:B:256:GLN:HE21	1:B:256:GLN:HA	1.33	0.92
1:B:75:HIS:CD2	1:B:78:THR:HB	2.08	0.87
1:A:289:VAL:HB	1:A:295:ARG:HG2	1.56	0.85
1:A:78:THR:HG23	1:A:80:ARG:HD3	1.60	0.84
1:A:75:HIS:HD2	1:A:78:THR:HB	1.46	0.81
1:A:75:HIS:CD2	1:A:78:THR:HB	2.18	0.79
1:A:75:HIS:HD2	1:A:78:THR:CG2	2.00	0.75
1:B:256:GLN:NE2	1:B:256:GLN:HA	2.01	0.74
1:B:299:GLU:HA	1:B:302:MET:CE	2.19	0.72
1:A:153:LYS:HD2	1:A:153:LYS:H	1.54	0.71
1:A:111:ASN:HD22	1:A:117:LYS:HD3	1.56	0.70
1:B:78:THR:CG2	1:B:80:ARG:HG2	2.21	0.70
1:B:43:GLY:O	1:B:52:HIS:NE2	2.25	0.69
1:B:78:THR:HG23	1:B:80:ARG:HG2	1.74	0.68
1:A:302:MET:HE1	1:A:318:PRO:HG3	1.75	0.67
1:A:75:HIS:HD2	1:A:78:THR:CB	2.06	0.67
1:A:177:ARG:HD2	1:A:230:ASP:HA	1.75	0.67
1:A:67:PHE:HA	1:A:91:GLN:NE2	2.08	0.67
1:B:179:LEU:H	1:B:179:LEU:HD22	1.60	0.66
1:B:88:ASP:OD1	1:B:90:THR:HB	1.96	0.66
1:A:120:GLU:HB2	1:A:359:ALA:HB2	1.79	0.64
1:B:158:LYS:HE3	1:B:190:MET:O	1.98	0.64
1:B:299:GLU:HA	1:B:302:MET:HE2	1.80	0.64
1:A:177:ARG:HH11	1:A:230:ASP:HB3	1.63	0.62
1:B:341:SER:OG	1:B:344:GLU:HG2	1.99	0.62
1:B:75:HIS:HD2	1:B:78:THR:CB	2.09	0.61
1:B:43:GLY:O	1:B:52:HIS:CD2	2.55	0.60
1:A:67:PHE:HA	1:A:91:GLN:HE22	1.67	0.59
1:B:224:PHE:HB2	1:B:266:LEU:HD21	1.84	0.59
1:B:289:VAL:HB	1:B:295:ARG:HG2	1.85	0.58
1:A:177:ARG:HH11	1:A:230:ASP:CB	2.18	0.57
1:B:131:ILE:HD12	1:B:131:ILE:N	2.20	0.56
1:A:302:MET:HE3	1:A:318:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.55
1:B:120:GLU:HB2	1:B:359:ALA:HB2	1.86	0.55
1:B:366:ARG:CB	1:B:367:LYS:HA	2.37	0.54
1:A:88:ASP:OD1	1:A:90:THR:HB	2.08	0.54
1:B:112:HIS:HB3	1:B:115:ILE:HD12	1.91	0.53

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:168:TYR:O	1:A:171:GLN:HG2	2.08	0.53
1:A:345:ILE:HA	1:A:357:ILE:HG21	1.91	0.53
1:B:362:LEU:O	1:B:365:GLY:HA2	2.10	0.52
1:B:283:LEU:HD12	1:B:306:TRP:CE3	2.44	0.52
1:A:168:TYR:HA	1:A:171:GLN:HG2	1.91	0.52
1:B:106:ILE:HA	1:B:109:ILE:HD12	1.92	0.51
1:B:365:GLY:HA3	1:B:366:ARG:C	2.31	0.50
1:A:75:HIS:CD2	1:A:78:THR:CG2	2.89	0.50
1:B:222:GLU:OE2	1:B:295:ARG:NH2	2.45	0.50
1:A:47:SER:O	1:A:49:GLU:N	2.45	0.49
1:B:222:GLU:CD	1:B:295:ARG:HH22	2.15	0.49
1:A:78:THR:CG2	1:A:80:ARG:H	2.25	0.49
1:A:153:LYS:N	1:A:153:LYS:HD2	2.26	0.49
1:A:50:GLN:O	1:A:57:ARG:HD2	2.12	0.49
1:B:299:GLU:HA	1:B:302:MET:HE3	1.91	0.49
1:A:177:ARG:NH1	1:A:230:ASP:HB3	2.28	0.48
1:A:299:GLU:HA	1:A:302:MET:HE2	1.96	0.48
1:A:351:LYS:O	1:A:352:MET:HB3	2.14	0.48
1:B:352:MET:CE	1:B:358:THR:HG21	2.44	0.48
1:B:131:ILE:CD1	1:B:131:ILE:N	2.77	0.47
1:B:366:ARG:NE	1:B:366:ARG:HA	2.29	0.47
1:A:271:ARG:NH1	1:B:172:LYS:O	2.48	0.46
1:A:97:LEU:HA	1:A:97:LEU:HD12	1.79	0.46
1:B:127:THR:HG22	1:B:128:LEU:N	2.31	0.46
1:A:158:LYS:HB3	1:A:192:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.46
1:B:78:THR:HG22	1:B:80:ARG:H	1.81	0.45
1:B:347:GLU:O	1:B:351:LYS:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:B:141:PHE:HA	1:B:144:LEU:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:B:153:LYS:HD2	1:B:153:LYS:H	1.82	0.44
1:A:302:MET:HG2	1:A:316:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.44
1:A:227:LYS:HB3	1:A:228:LYS:H	1.62	0.44
1:B:243:LEU:HD11	1:B:283:LEU:HD13	1.99	0.44
1:A:199:PHE:CD2	1:A:199:PHE:N	2.85	0.43
1:A:351:LYS:O	1:A:352:MET:CB	2.64	0.43
1:A:78:THR:HG22	1:A:80:ARG:H	1.82	0.43
1:B:356:GLU:HG2	1:B:356:GLU:H	1.61	0.43
1:A:268:GLY:HA3	1:A:290:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.43
1:A:189:ASP:O	1:A:190:MET:HB2	2.19	0.43
1:B:116:VAL:HG12	1:B:193:LYS:HB3	2.01	0.43
1:B:359:ALA:O	1:B:363:LEU:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:B:223:LEU:HB2	1:B:229:TYR:CE2	2.53	0.43

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:356:GLU:HG2	1:A:356:GLU:H	1.54	0.43
1:B:332:ILE:O	1:B:336:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.43
1:B:366:ARG:HB3	1:B:367:LYS:HA	2.00	0.42
1:A:158:LYS:HB3	1:A:192:ILE:CD1	2.49	0.42
1:A:299:GLU:HG2	1:A:299:GLU:H	1.48	0.42
1:A:342:GLN:HB3	2:A:387:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:293:ILE:H	1:B:293:ILE:HG13	1.62	0.42
1:A:84:ILE:HD13	1:A:131:ILE:HG13	2.02	0.42
1:A:137:GLY:N	1:A:186:LEU:O	2.53	0.42
1:B:341:SER:O	1:B:345:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.41
1:B:168:TYR:CE1	1:B:172:LYS:HE2	2.56	0.41
1:B:112:HIS:CB	1:B:115:ILE:HD12	2.50	0.41
1:B:352:MET:HE3	1:B:358:THR:HG21	2.02	0.40
1:B:314:ASP:O	1:B:315:GLU:C	2.58	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:43:GLY:O	1:B:43:GLY:N[3_555]	1.68	0.52
1:A:52:HIS:NE2	1:B:43:GLY:N[3_555]	1.96	0.24

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	312/328 (95%)	291 (93%)	17 (5%)	4 (1%)	12	30
1	B	318/328 (97%)	303 (95%)	13 (4%)	2 (1%)	25	50
All	All	630/656 (96%)	594 (94%)	30 (5%)	6 (1%)	15	37

All (6) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	90	THR
1	A	227	LYS
1	A	342	GLN
1	B	66	ASN
1	B	366	ARG
1	A	88	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	265/289 (92%)	237 (89%)	28 (11%)	6	15
1	B	264/289 (91%)	239 (90%)	25 (10%)	8	20
All	All	529/578 (92%)	476 (90%)	53 (10%)	7	18

All (53) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	50	GLN
1	A	78	THR
1	A	90	THR
1	A	118	LEU
1	A	125	GLU
1	A	132	MET
1	A	153	LYS
1	A	177	ARG
1	A	179	LEU
1	A	192	ILE
1	A	210	ASP
1	A	211	THR
1	A	213	CYS
1	A	225	GLN
1	A	243	LEU
1	A	258	LEU
1	A	261	LEU
1	A	271	ARG

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	283	LEU
1	A	299	GLU
1	A	305	ARG
1	A	307	ILE
1	A	326	ILE
1	A	327	SER
1	A	341	SER
1	A	342	GLN
1	A	349	LEU
1	A	356	GLU
1	B	48	ASP
1	B	49	GLU
1	B	60	LYS
1	B	78	THR
1	B	80	ARG
1	B	97	LEU
1	B	116	VAL
1	B	118	LEU
1	B	153	LYS
1	B	182	GLU
1	B	215	SER
1	B	243	LEU
1	B	254	ASP
1	B	271	ARG
1	B	278	THR
1	B	283	LEU
1	B	293	ILE
1	B	315	GLU
1	B	331	ARG
1	B	347	GLU
1	B	349	LEU
1	B	351	LYS
1	B	352	MET
1	B	363	LEU
1	B	366	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	50	GLN
1	A	75	HIS
1	A	91	GLN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	111	ASN
1	B	75	HIS
1	B	256	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	318/328 (96%)	-0.30	1 (0%) 94 95	25, 36, 44, 54	0
1	B	322/328 (98%)	-0.21	4 (1%) 79 80	13, 35, 44, 57	0
All	All	640/656 (97%)	-0.26	5 (0%) 86 87	13, 36, 44, 57	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	66	ASN	3.0
1	B	48	ASP	3.0
1	B	305	ARG	2.9
1	B	366	ARG	2.4
1	A	66	ASN	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.