



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 13, 2020 – 12:10 am BST

PDB ID : 1QO0  
Title : Amide receptor of the amidase operon of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (AmiC) complexed with the negative regulator AmiR.  
Authors : Pearl, L.H.; O'Hara, B.P.; Roe, S.M.  
Deposited on : 1999-10-26  
Resolution : 2.25 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

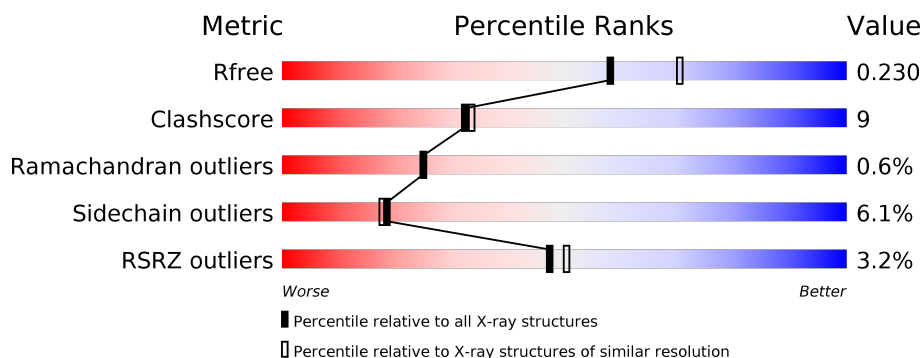
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1377 (2.26-2.26)
Clashscore	141614	1487 (2.26-2.26)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1449 (2.26-2.26)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1450 (2.26-2.26)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1356 (2.26-2.26)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	385	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>73%</div> <div>19%</div> <div>• • •</div> </div> </div>
1	B	385	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>69%</div> <div>23%</div> <div>• • •</div> </div> </div>
2	D	196	<div> <div>5%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>74%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>• • •</div> </div> </div>
2	E	196	<div> <div>6%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>73%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>• • •</div> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9661 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called AMIC.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	373	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2943	1852	530	552	9			
1	B	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2944	1853	531	551	9			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	27	GLN	HIS	conflict	UNP P27017
A	28	ARG	ALA	conflict	UNP P27017
B	27	GLN	HIS	conflict	UNP P27017
B	28	ARG	ALA	conflict	UNP P27017

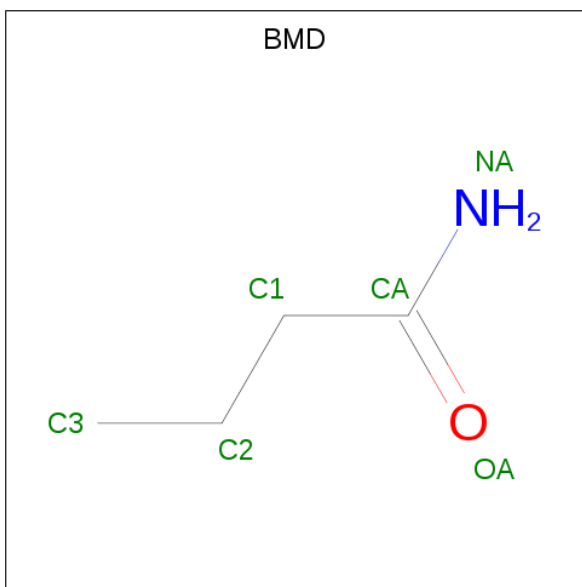
- Molecule 2 is a protein called AMIR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	D	189	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1440	910	262	263	5			
2	E	194	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1471	925	264	276	6			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	64	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P10932
E	64	ARG	GLY	conflict	UNP P10932

- Molecule 3 is BUTYRAMIDE (three-letter code: BMD) (formula: C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			6	4	1	1		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			6	4	1	1		

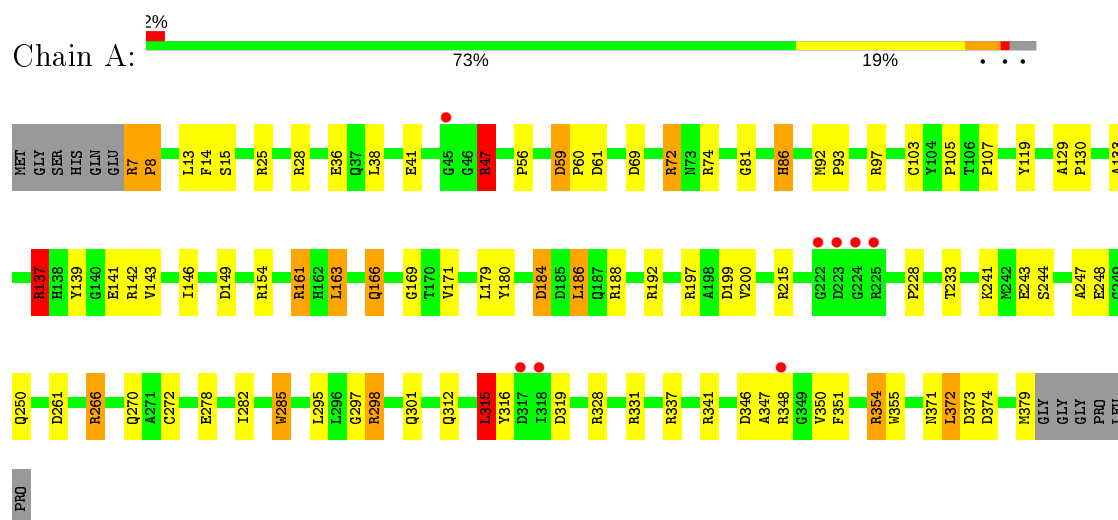
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	304	Total	O	0	0
			304	304		
4	B	238	Total	O	0	0
			238	238		
4	D	143	Total	O	0	0
			143	143		
4	E	166	Total	O	0	0
			166	166		

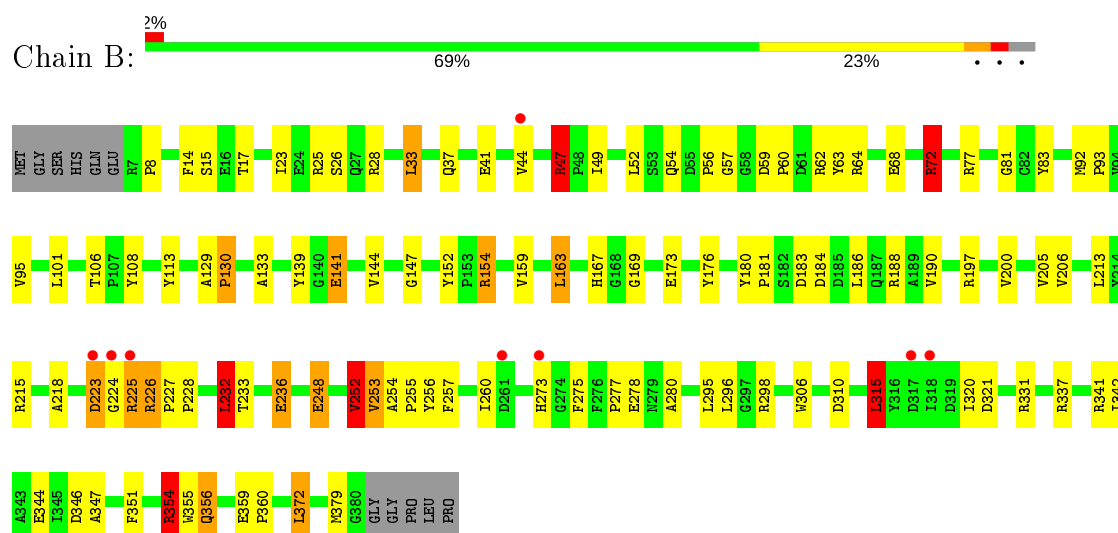
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

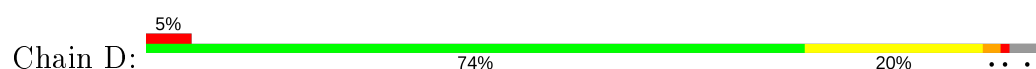
#### • Molecule 1: AMIC

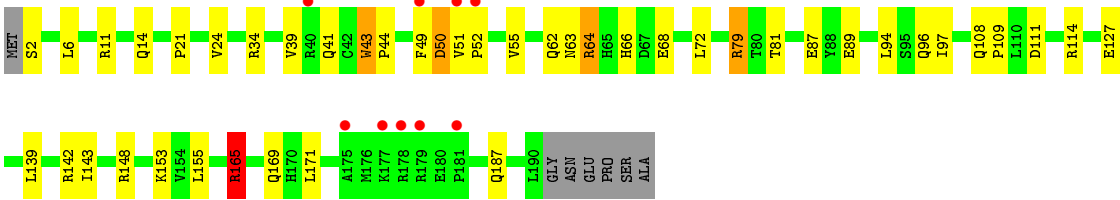


#### • Molecule 1: AMIC

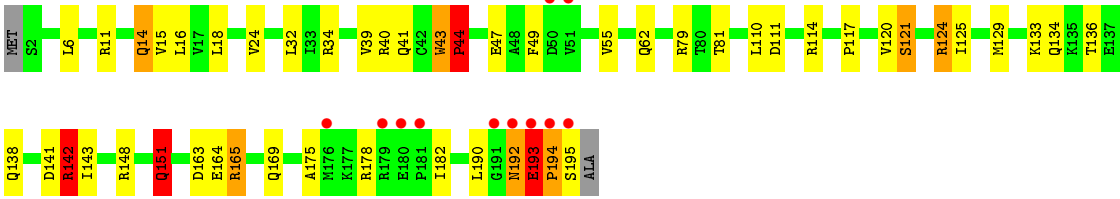


#### • Molecule 2: AMIR





● Molecule 2: AMIR



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	308.44Å 67.15Å 76.41Å 90.00° 103.33° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 2.25 33.57 – 2.25	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	83.0 (20.00-2.25) 83.5 (33.57-2.25)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.05	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	4.74 (at 2.24Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.186 , 0.256 0.171 , 0.230	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3059 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.946	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 64.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.021 for -h-2*k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	9661	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.03% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:  
BMD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.61	0/3018	1.66	55/4114 (1.3%)
1	B	0.53	0/3019	1.43	36/4115 (0.9%)
2	D	0.55	0/1465	1.38	18/1999 (0.9%)
2	E	0.55	0/1497	1.51	25/2044 (1.2%)
All	All	0.57	0/8999	1.51	134/12272 (1.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2
2	D	0	2
2	E	0	3
All	All	0	7

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 134 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	72	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	25.22	158.91	123.60
1	A	97	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	20.50	152.30	123.60
2	E	192	ASN	CA-CB-CG	15.31	147.09	113.40
1	A	215	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	14.86	144.40	123.60
2	E	114	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.60	113.50	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	7	ARG	Mainchain,Peptide
2	D	43	TRP	Mainchain,Peptide
2	E	193	GLU	Mainchain
2	E	43	TRP	Mainchain,Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2943	0	2836	34	0
1	B	2944	0	2837	62	0
2	D	1440	0	1448	27	0
2	E	1471	0	1457	33	0
3	A	6	0	9	1	0
3	B	6	0	9	0	0
4	A	304	0	0	1	0
4	B	238	0	0	5	0
4	D	143	0	0	5	0
4	E	166	0	0	6	0
All	All	9661	0	8596	153	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 153 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:165:ARG:HD2	2:D:165:ARG:H	1.31	0.95
2:E:192:ASN:HB2	2:E:194:PRO:HB3	1.46	0.94
2:E:192:ASN:CB	2:E:194:PRO:HB3	2.07	0.83
1:B:253:VAL:HG23	1:B:342:ILE:HG12	1.62	0.80
2:E:151:GLN:HG2	2:E:190:LEU:HD11	1.64	0.79

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	371/385 (96%)	361 (97%)	9 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	46
1	B	372/385 (97%)	356 (96%)	14 (4%)	2 (0%)	29	29
2	D	187/196 (95%)	179 (96%)	7 (4%)	1 (0%)	29	29
2	E	192/196 (98%)	179 (93%)	10 (5%)	3 (2%)	9	5
All	All	1122/1162 (97%)	1075 (96%)	40 (4%)	7 (1%)	25	25

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	50	ASP
2	E	178	ARG
2	E	194	PRO
1	B	275	PHE
2	E	44	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	306/315 (97%)	289 (94%)	17 (6%)	21	21
1	B	305/315 (97%)	279 (92%)	26 (8%)	10	9
2	D	153/169 (90%)	148 (97%)	5 (3%)	38	46
2	E	157/169 (93%)	149 (95%)	8 (5%)	24	25
All	All	921/968 (95%)	865 (94%)	56 (6%)	18	18

5 of 56 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	130	PRO
1	B	226	ARG
2	E	121	SER
1	B	141	GLU
1	B	183	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 16 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	356	GLN
2	D	14	GLN
2	E	14	GLN
1	B	312	GLN
2	E	150	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	BMD	B	500	-	5,5,5	0.52	0	4,5,5	1.00	0
3	BMD	A	400	-	5,5,5	0.65	0	4,5,5	1.11	1 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	BMD	B	500	-	-	0/3/3/3	-
3	BMD	A	400	-	-	0/3/3/3	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	400	BMD	C1-CA-NA	-2.14	109.85	116.51

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	400	BMD	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	373/385 (96%)	-0.19	8 (2%) 63 66	8, 20, 43, 67	0
1	B	374/385 (97%)	-0.15	8 (2%) 63 66	13, 31, 53, 77	0
2	D	189/196 (96%)	0.07	9 (4%) 30 33	13, 28, 69, 98	0
2	E	194/196 (98%)	-0.04	11 (5%) 23 25	11, 26, 72, 95	0
All	All	1130/1162 (97%)	-0.11	36 (3%) 47 50	8, 26, 60, 98	0

The worst 5 of 36 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	E	192	ASN	8.3
2	E	193	GLU	6.9
1	B	317	ASP	4.8
2	E	194	PRO	4.5
2	E	191	GLY	4.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	BMD	B	500	6/6	0.98	0.23	16,19,20,22	0
3	BMD	A	400	6/6	0.99	0.20	6,9,13,16	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.