



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 29, 2020 – 12:59 am BST

PDB ID : 2R28
Title : The complex Structure of Calmodulin Bound to a Calcineurin Peptide
Authors : Ye, Q.; Zheng, J.; Jia, Z.
Deposited on : 2007-08-24
Resolution : 1.86 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

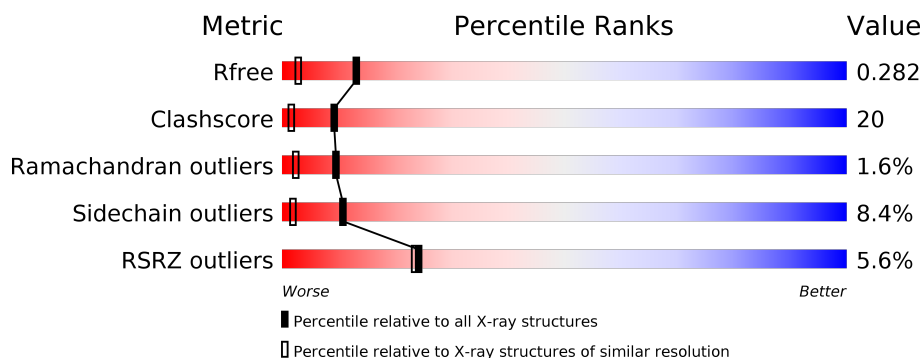
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.86 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	149	
1	B	149	
2	C	25	
2	D	25	

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2803 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Calmodulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	143	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1126	690	181	246	9			
1	B	144	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1134	696	182	247	9			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2B catalytic subunit alpha isoform.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	15	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			123	79	27	16	1			
2	D	19	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			154	98	32	23	1			

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	4	Total	Ca	0	0
			4	4		
3	A	4	Total	Ca	0	0
			4	4		

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	138	Total	O	0	0
			138	138		
4	C	5	Total	O	0	0
			5	5		
4	B	112	Total	O	0	0
			112	112		

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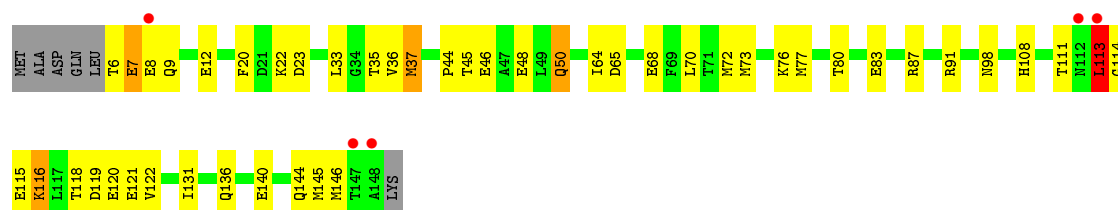
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	D	3	Total	O	0	0
			3	3		

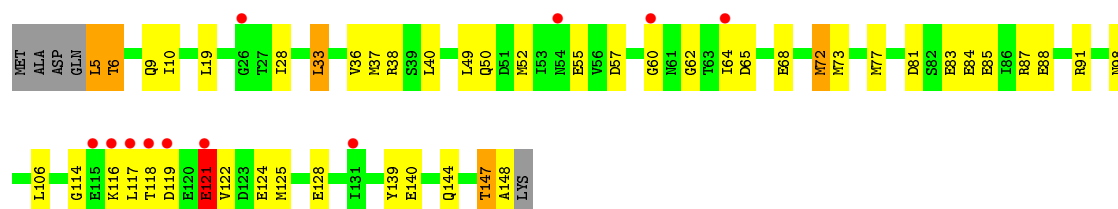
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

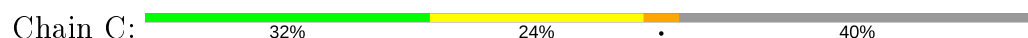
- Molecule 1: Calmodulin



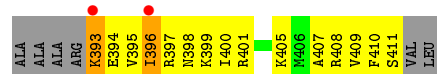
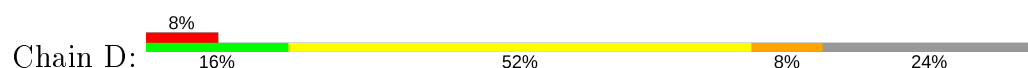
- Molecule 1: Calmodulin



- Molecule 2: Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2B catalytic subunit alpha isoform



- Molecule 2: Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2B catalytic subunit alpha isoform



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	120.70 Å 43.20 Å 70.90 Å 90.00° 109.90° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	66.67 – 1.86 28.46 – 1.85	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (66.67-1.86) 93.7 (28.46-1.85)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.37 (at 1.85 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.0	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.230 , 0.280 0.238 , 0.282	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1397 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	32.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.027	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 53.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	2803	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	39.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.04% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.99	0/1138	0.93	2/1528 (0.1%)
1	B	0.82	0/1146	0.90	2/1539 (0.1%)
2	C	0.64	0/123	0.77	0/160
2	D	0.68	0/154	0.81	0/201
All	All	0.89	0/2561	0.90	4/3428 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	72	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.83	90.88	100.20
1	A	113	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.53	128.01	115.30
1	B	33	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.49	127.93	115.30
1	A	23	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.11	122.90	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	118	THR	Peptide
1	B	121	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1126	0	1052	42	0
1	B	1134	0	1063	42	0
2	C	123	0	143	12	0
2	D	154	0	176	20	0
3	A	4	0	0	0	0
3	B	4	0	0	0	0
4	A	138	0	0	13	0
4	B	112	0	0	11	0
4	C	5	0	0	1	0
4	D	3	0	0	2	0
All	All	2803	0	2434	99	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 20.

All (99) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:91:ARG:HB2	4:B:1080:HOH:O	1.46	1.17
1:A:140:GLU:HG2	4:A:1056:HOH:O	1.47	1.14
1:A:8:GLU:HA	4:A:1116:HOH:O	1.54	1.03
1:A:108:HIS:HB2	4:A:1118:HOH:O	1.61	0.98
4:A:1114:HOH:O	2:D:399:LYS:HD3	1.63	0.97
1:A:140:GLU:HG2	4:A:1019:HOH:O	1.66	0.96
2:D:407:ALA:O	2:D:411:SER:HB3	1.63	0.96
1:B:38:ARG:NH1	4:B:1074:HOH:O	1.99	0.94
1:A:73:MET:HG3	4:A:1117:HOH:O	1.76	0.86
1:A:118:THR:HG21	4:A:1096:HOH:O	1.77	0.83
1:A:7:GLU:HG3	1:A:9:GLN:HG3	1.61	0.81
2:D:393:LYS:HD2	2:D:394:GLU:H	1.46	0.80
1:A:77:MET:SD	4:A:1132:HOH:O	2.44	0.75
1:B:84:GLU:HG2	4:B:1042:HOH:O	1.87	0.73
2:C:410:PHE:HZ	1:B:73:MET:HE3	1.54	0.72
1:B:84:GLU:OE1	2:D:408:ARG:NH2	2.22	0.72
1:A:45:THR:HG23	1:A:48:GLU:H	1.56	0.71

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:C:410:PHE:HZ	1:B:73:MET:CE	2.04	0.71
1:A:73:MET:CE	2:D:410:PHE:HZ	2.04	0.71
1:A:46:GLU:O	1:A:50:GLN:HG2	1.92	0.70
2:D:405:LYS:NZ	4:D:414:HOH:O	2.09	0.70
1:A:73:MET:HE3	2:D:410:PHE:HZ	1.56	0.69
1:A:20:PHE:HA	1:A:36:VAL:HG21	1.75	0.68
1:B:73:MET:HG3	4:B:1083:HOH:O	1.92	0.68
1:B:121:GLU:HG2	1:B:124:GLU:HB3	1.76	0.67
1:A:140:GLU:CG	4:A:1019:HOH:O	2.33	0.64
2:D:405:LYS:CE	4:D:414:HOH:O	2.45	0.63
1:B:5:LEU:HD12	1:B:9:GLN:NE2	2.15	0.62
1:B:85:GLU:OE1	4:B:1071:HOH:O	2.16	0.60
1:A:115:GLU:HA	1:A:115:GLU:OE1	2.01	0.60
2:D:395:VAL:O	2:D:398:ASN:HB2	2.01	0.59
2:C:410:PHE:CZ	1:B:73:MET:HE3	2.36	0.59
1:A:145:MET:SD	1:A:146:MET:CE	2.91	0.58
1:A:146:MET:HE3	2:C:400:ILE:HG21	1.85	0.58
1:A:22:LYS:HE3	1:A:35:THR:HG21	1.87	0.57
1:B:88:GLU:HG3	1:B:91:ARG:HH11	1.71	0.56
2:D:397:ARG:O	2:D:401:ARG:HG3	2.05	0.56
1:B:88:GLU:HG2	2:D:407:ALA:CB	2.36	0.55
1:A:145:MET:SD	1:A:146:MET:HE2	2.47	0.55
1:B:33:LEU:HB3	1:B:49:LEU:HD22	1.89	0.55
1:B:140:GLU:HG3	4:B:1019:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
2:C:408:ARG:C	2:C:408:ARG:HD3	2.28	0.55
1:B:91:ARG:CG	4:B:1080:HOH:O	2.54	0.54
1:A:37:MET:HG2	1:A:44:PRO:HG3	1.89	0.54
2:C:410:PHE:CZ	1:B:73:MET:CE	2.86	0.54
2:C:402:ALA:HA	2:C:405:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.53
1:B:28:ILE:HB	1:B:64:ILE:HB	1.90	0.53
1:B:65:ASP:OD1	1:B:68:GLU:HG3	2.09	0.52
1:B:116:LYS:HG3	1:B:116:LYS:O	2.10	0.51
1:B:5:LEU:O	1:B:9:GLN:OE1	2.28	0.51
2:C:408:ARG:NH1	4:C:416:HOH:O	2.44	0.49
1:A:45:THR:CG2	1:A:48:GLU:H	2.25	0.49
1:A:87:ARG:HD3	4:A:1073:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
2:C:408:ARG:NH2	2:D:408:ARG:HH22	2.11	0.48
1:A:131:ILE:HD11	4:A:1121:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:B:114:GLY:C	1:B:116:LYS:H	2.18	0.47
1:B:88:GLU:HG2	2:D:407:ALA:HB1	1.97	0.47
1:B:117:LEU:HB2	1:B:125:MET:HE1	1.97	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:77:MET:HE2	4:B:1091:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
2:D:393:LYS:CD	2:D:394:GLU:H	2.19	0.46
1:A:118:THR:HG23	1:A:121:GLU:H	1.80	0.46
1:B:36:VAL:O	1:B:40:LEU:HG	2.15	0.46
2:D:396:ILE:O	2:D:400:ILE:HG13	2.16	0.46
1:A:145:MET:SD	1:A:146:MET:HE1	2.55	0.46
1:A:73:MET:CE	2:D:410:PHE:CZ	2.91	0.46
1:B:139:TYR:OH	4:B:1064:HOH:O	2.12	0.46
1:B:121:GLU:HA	4:B:1060:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:65:ASP:OD1	1:A:68:GLU:HG3	2.16	0.45
1:A:119:ASP:HA	1:A:122:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.45
1:B:121:GLU:O	1:B:121:GLU:HG2	2.16	0.44
2:C:410:PHE:HZ	1:B:73:MET:HE1	1.82	0.44
1:B:88:GLU:HG2	2:D:407:ALA:HB3	2.00	0.44
1:A:113:LEU:O	4:A:1095:HOH:O	2.21	0.44
1:A:9:GLN:O	1:A:12:GLU:HB2	2.18	0.43
2:C:408:ARG:HH21	2:D:408:ARG:HH22	1.66	0.43
1:B:6:THR:O	1:B:10:ILE:HG12	2.18	0.43
4:B:1071:HOH:O	2:D:408:ARG:NE	2.51	0.43
1:A:80:THR:HA	1:A:83:GLU:HG2	2.00	0.43
2:C:408:ARG:NH2	1:B:81:ASP:OD2	2.45	0.43
1:A:118:THR:HG23	1:A:120:GLU:N	2.34	0.43
1:B:72:MET:HG2	1:B:73:MET:CE	2.48	0.43
1:A:6:THR:O	1:A:9:GLN:OE1	2.37	0.43
1:A:145:MET:CE	1:A:146:MET:HE2	2.50	0.42
1:A:118:THR:CG2	1:A:121:GLU:H	2.32	0.42
1:A:87:ARG:HB2	1:A:87:ARG:NH2	2.35	0.42
1:B:124:GLU:OE1	1:B:128:GLU:OE1	2.37	0.42
1:B:147:THR:O	1:B:148:ALA:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:A:22:LYS:HD2	1:A:35:THR:HG21	2.00	0.42
1:A:64:ILE:CD1	1:A:72:MET:CE	2.98	0.42
1:B:57:ASP:OD1	1:B:62:GLY:N	2.50	0.42
1:B:83:GLU:OE2	1:B:87:ARG:NH2	2.53	0.42
1:A:76:LYS:HB3	2:D:409:VAL:CG1	2.49	0.42
1:B:73:MET:O	1:B:77:MET:HG3	2.21	0.41
1:A:111:THR:O	1:A:114:GLY:N	2.44	0.41
1:B:106:LEU:HG	1:B:122:VAL:HG13	2.03	0.41
1:A:116:LYS:HD2	1:A:116:LYS:HA	1.65	0.41
1:B:5:LEU:O	1:B:9:GLN:HB2	2.21	0.41
1:A:131:ILE:CD1	4:A:1121:HOH:O	2.68	0.40
1:B:52:MET:HE2	1:B:72:MET:HE2	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	141/149 (95%)	133 (94%)	7 (5%)	1 (1%)	22	9
1	B	142/149 (95%)	131 (92%)	7 (5%)	4 (3%)	5	0
2	C	13/25 (52%)	13 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	D	17/25 (68%)	17 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	313/348 (90%)	294 (94%)	14 (4%)	5 (2%)	9	2

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	60	GLY
1	B	6	THR
1	B	121	GLU
1	B	119	ASP
1	A	7	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	122/127 (96%)	112 (92%)	10 (8%)	11	2
1	B	123/127 (97%)	115 (94%)	8 (6%)	17	4
2	C	12/19 (63%)	9 (75%)	3 (25%)	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	D	16/19 (84%)	14 (88%)	2 (12%)	4	0
All	All	273/292 (94%)	250 (92%)	23 (8%)	11	2

All (23) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	33	LEU
1	A	37	MET
1	A	50	GLN
1	A	70	LEU
1	A	91	ARG
1	A	98	ASN
1	A	113	LEU
1	A	116	LYS
1	A	136	GLN
1	A	144	GLN
2	C	396	ILE
2	C	401	ARG
2	C	408	ARG
1	B	5	LEU
1	B	19	LEU
1	B	37	MET
1	B	50	GLN
1	B	55	GLU
1	B	98	ASN
1	B	144	GLN
1	B	147	THR
2	D	393	LYS
2	D	396	ILE

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	43	ASN
1	A	98	ASN
1	A	144	GLN
1	B	50	GLN
1	B	98	ASN
1	B	112	ASN
1	B	136	GLN
1	B	144	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	143/149 (95%)	0.32	5 (3%) 44 41	21, 33, 51, 61	0
1	B	144/149 (96%)	0.61	11 (7%) 13 13	22, 40, 64, 78	0
2	C	15/25 (60%)	0.85	0 100 100	33, 44, 54, 55	0
2	D	19/25 (76%)	1.12	2 (10%) 6 6	30, 45, 65, 67	0
All	All	321/348 (92%)	0.52	18 (5%) 24 23	21, 36, 59, 78	0

All (18) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	117	LEU	9.1
2	D	393	LYS	4.4
1	B	60	GLY	4.3
1	B	116	LYS	4.1
1	A	147	THR	4.1
1	A	148	ALA	3.7
1	A	113	LEU	3.5
1	B	115	GLU	3.2
1	B	118	THR	2.9
2	D	396	ILE	2.9
1	A	112	ASN	2.6
1	B	121	GLU	2.5
1	B	64	ILE	2.4
1	B	54	ASN	2.4
1	B	26	GLY	2.1
1	B	119	ASP	2.1
1	A	8	GLU	2.0
1	B	131	ILE	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
3	CA	B	1002	1/1	0.90	0.06	42,42,42,42	0
3	CA	B	1001	1/1	0.92	0.07	50,50,50,50	0
3	CA	A	1002	1/1	0.97	0.05	30,30,30,30	0
3	CA	A	1004	1/1	0.99	0.09	21,21,21,21	0
3	CA	B	1004	1/1	0.99	0.10	22,22,22,22	0
3	CA	A	1001	1/1	0.99	0.09	26,26,26,26	0
3	CA	A	1003	1/1	1.00	0.09	23,23,23,23	0
3	CA	B	1003	1/1	1.00	0.08	24,24,24,24	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.