



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 29, 2020 – 01:28 am BST

PDB ID : 2RVQ  
Title : Solution structure of the isolated histone H2A-H2B heterodimer  
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Deposited on : 2016-03-28

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)  
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
ShiftChecker : 2.11  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

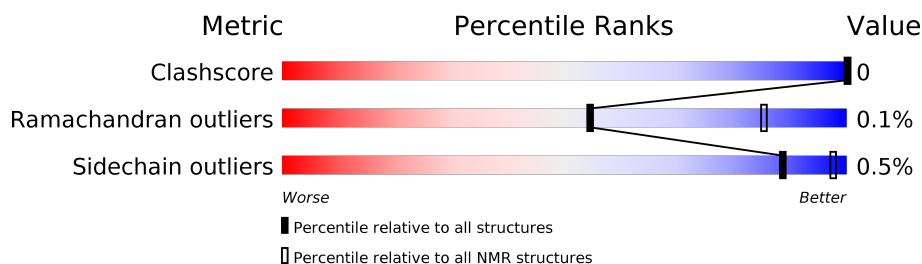
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 38%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	133	
2	D	129	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 10 models. Model 2 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	C:43-C:97, D:41-D:102 (117)	1.52	2
2	C:114-C:124 (11)	1.00	10

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9
2	2, 5, 7, 10

### 3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4141 atoms, of which 2138 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone H2A type 1-B/E.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	C	133	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2094	630	1083	204	176	1	

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	-3	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P04908
C	-2	PRO	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P04908
C	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P04908

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H2B type 1-J.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	D	129	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2047	622	1055	185	182	3	

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

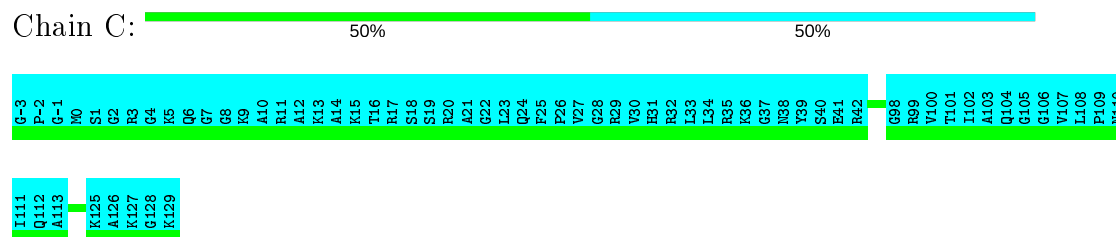
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	-3	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P06899
D	-2	PRO	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P06899
D	-1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P06899

## 4 Residue-property plots

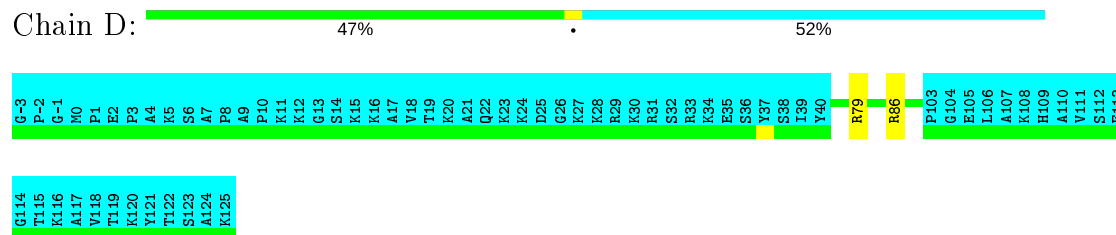
### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E



- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J

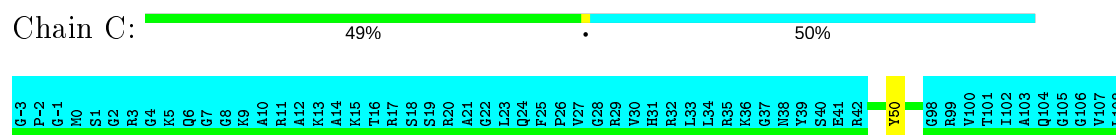


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

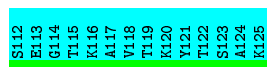
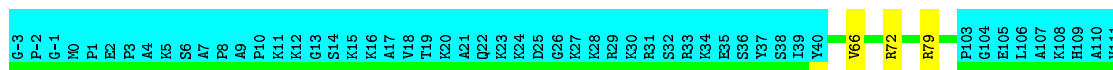
- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E





- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J

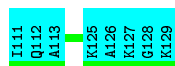
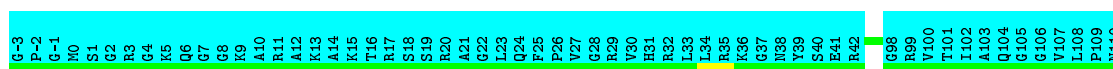
Chain D: 46% 52%



#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2 (medoid)

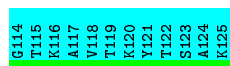
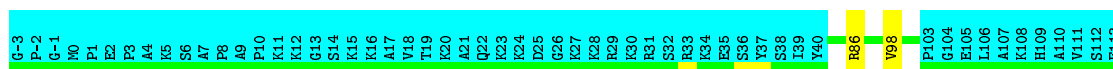
- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E

Chain C: 50% 50%



- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J

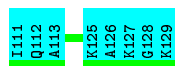
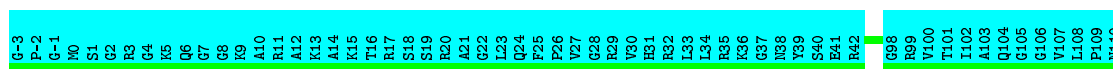
Chain D: 47% 52%



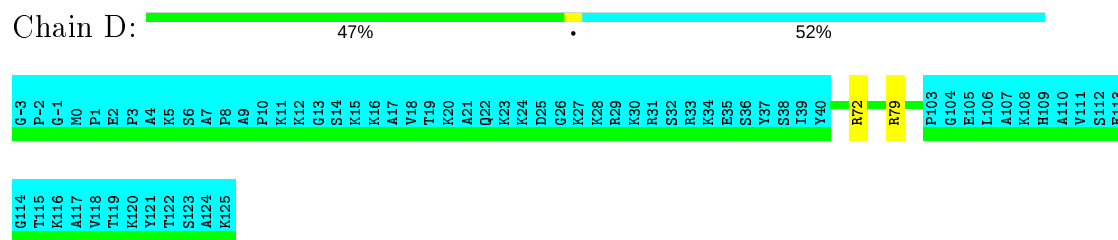
#### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E

Chain C: 50% 50%

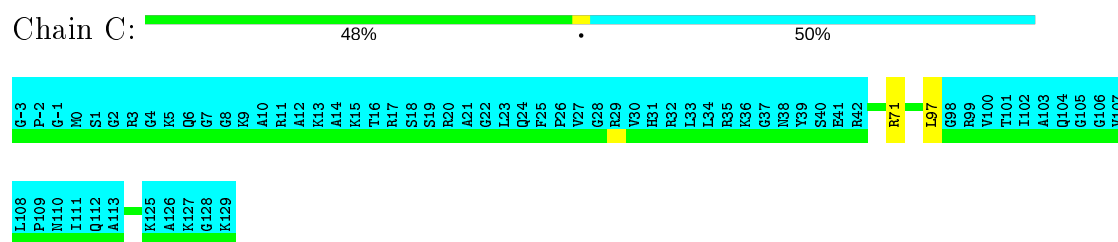


- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J

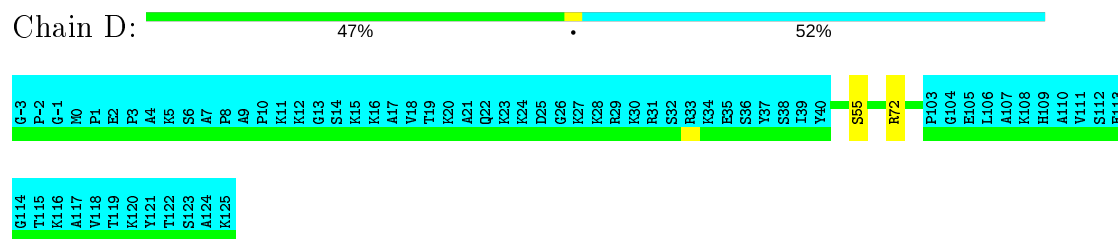


#### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E

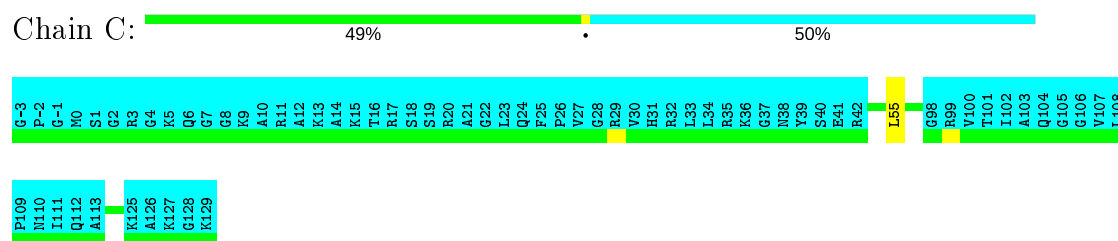


- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J

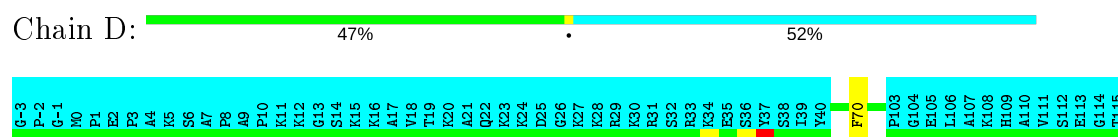


#### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E



- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J



K116  
A117  
V118  
T119  
K120  
Y121  
T122  
S123  
A124  
K125

#### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E

Chain C:  48% 50%

G-3 P-2 G-1 M0 S1 G2 R3 G4 K5 Q6 G7 G8 G9 A10 A11 A12 A13 A14 A15 A16 A17 S18 S19 S20 R21 A21 Q22 Q23 Q24 Q25 D26 D27 V27 G28 R29 V30 R31 R32 R33 R34 R35 R36 R37 R38 R39 S40 E41 R42 R71 G98 R99 V100 T101 I102 A103 G104 G105 G106 V107 L108

P109 N110 I111 Q112 A113 V114 K125 A126 K127 G128 K129

- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J

Chain D:  47% 52%

G-3 P-2 G-1 M0 P1 E2 P3 A4 K5 S6 A7 G8 A9 P10 K11 K12 K13 G14 S14 A14 K15 K16 A17 V18 V19 T19 R20 A21 Q22 Q23 Q24 Q25 D26 D27 V27 G28 R29 V30 R31 R32 R33 R34 R35 R36 R37 R38 R39 S40 E41 R42 R72 R86 P103 G104 E105 L106 A107 Q104 G105 H108 A110 V111 S112 E113

G114 T115 K116 A117 V118 T119 K120 Y121 T122 S123 A124 K125

#### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E

Chain C:  50% 50%

G-3 P-2 G-1 M0 S1 G2 R3 G4 K5 Q6 G7 G8 G9 A10 A11 A12 A13 A14 A15 A16 A17 S18 S19 S20 R21 A21 Q22 Q23 Q24 Q25 D26 D27 V27 G28 R29 V30 R31 R32 R33 R34 R35 R36 R37 R38 R39 S40 E41 R42 R71 G98 R99 V100 T101 I102 A103 G104 G105 G106 V107 L108 M110

I111 Q112 A113 K125 A126 K127 G128 K129

- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J

Chain D:  47% 52%

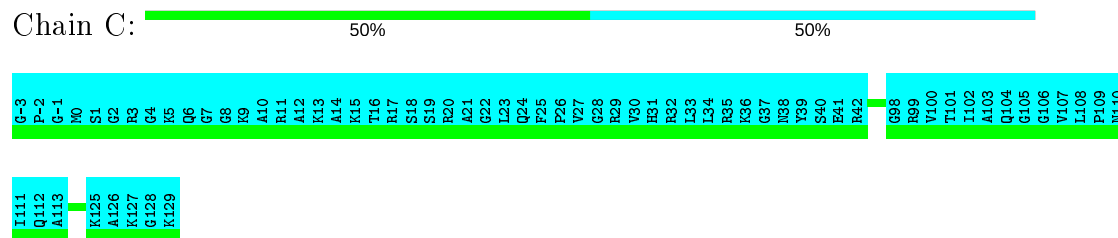
G-3 P-2 G-1 M0 P1 E2 P3 A4 K5 S6 A7 G8 A9 P10 K11 K12 K13 G14 S14 A14 K15 K16 A17 V18 V19 T19 R20 A21 Q22 Q23 Q24 Q25 D26 D27 V27 G28 R29 V30 R31 R32 R33 R34 R35 R36 R37 R38 R39 S40 E41 R42 R79 R86 P103 G104 E105 L106 A107 Q104 G105 H108 A110 V111 S112 E113

G114 T115 K116 A117 V118 T119 K120 Y121 T122 S123 A124 K125

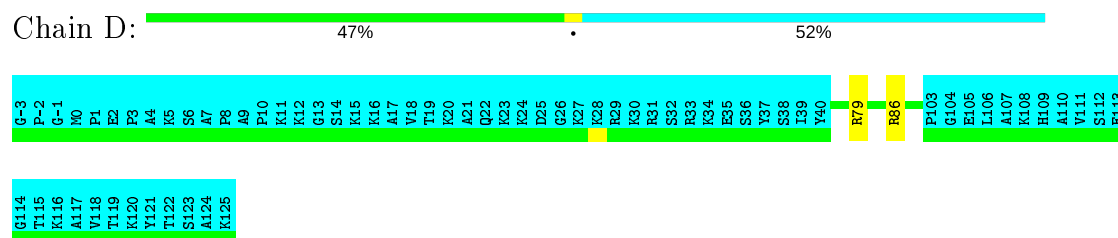


### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E

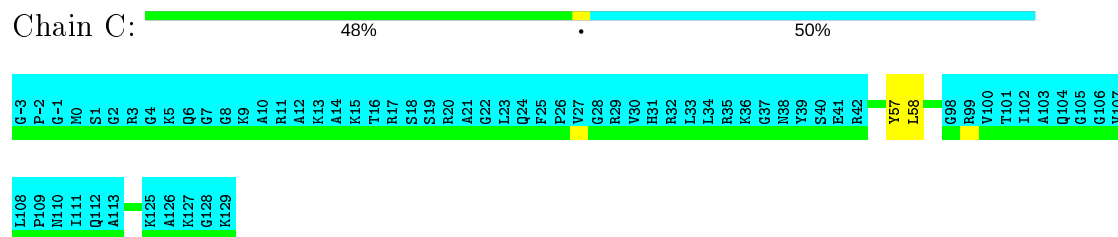


- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J

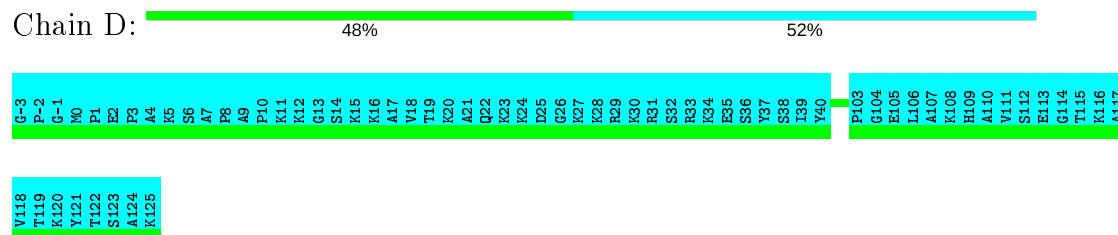


### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E



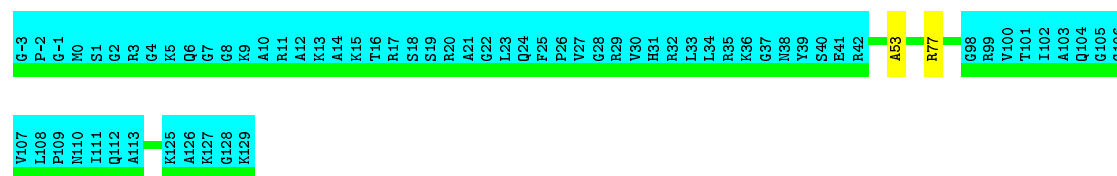
- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J



### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

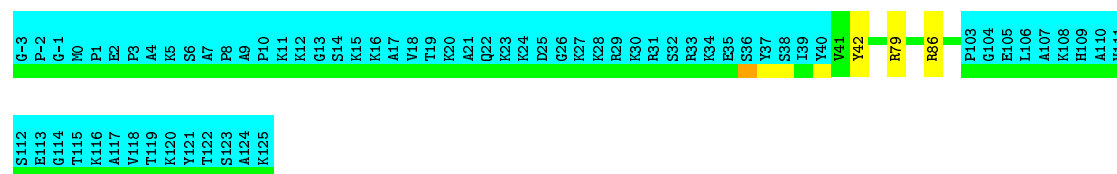
- Molecule 1: Histone H2A type 1-B/E

Chain C: 



- Molecule 2: Histone H2B type 1-J

Chain D:  46% . 52%



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *CS-Rosetta-AbinitioRelax*, *CS-Rosetta-FloppyTail*.

Of the 10000 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CS-Rosetta	geometry optimization	
CS-Rosetta	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 6 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	1221
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1221
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	38%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

COVALENT-GEOMETRY INFOmissingINFO

### 5.1 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	C	515	545	545	0±0
2	D	489	510	510	0±0
All	All	10040	10550	10550	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:C:55:LEU:HD13	2:D:70:PHE:CD1	0.45	2.45	5	1

## 5.2 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.2.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	66/133 (50%)	65±1 (98±2%)	1±1 (2±2%)	0±0 (0±0%)	50	82
2	D	62/129 (48%)	62±1 (99±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1280/2620 (49%)	1260 (98%)	19 (1%)	1 (0%)	54	85

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	C	114	VAL	1

### 5.2.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	54/101 (53%)	54±0 (100±1%)	0±0 (0±1%)	91	98
2	D	54/106 (51%)	54±0 (99±1%)	0±0 (1±1%)	86	97
All	All	1080/2070 (52%)	1075 (100%)	5 (0%)	89	97

All 5 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	C	58	LEU	1
2	D	66	VAL	1
2	D	98	VAL	1
1	C	97	LEU	1
2	D	55	SER	1

### 5.2.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.3 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.4 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.5 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.6 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

### 5.7 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 38% for the well-defined parts and 37% for the entire structure.

### 6.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 6.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	614
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	614
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 6.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	128	$0.03 \pm 0.08$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	112	$1.07 \pm 0.12$	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}'$	128	$-0.39 \pm 0.12$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{15}\text{N}$	123	$-0.66 \pm 0.25$	Should be applied

#### 6.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 20%, i.e. 320 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1613. 0 out of 26 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	257/632 (41%)	63/252 (25%)	131/256 (51%)	63/124 (51%)
Sidechain	63/896 (7%)	0/521 (0%)	63/329 (19%)	0/46 (0%)

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	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Aromatic	0/85 (0%)	0/46 (0%)	0/34 (0%)	0/5 (0%)
Overall	320/1613 (20%)	63/819 (8%)	194/619 (31%)	63/175 (36%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 19%, i.e. 614 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3272. 0 out of 38 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	502/1284 (39%)	123/511 (24%)	256/524 (49%)	123/249 (49%)
Sidechain	112/1848 (6%)	0/1094 (0%)	112/641 (17%)	0/113 (0%)
Aromatic	0/140 (0%)	0/75 (0%)	0/58 (0%)	0/7 (0%)
Overall	614/3272 (19%)	123/1680 (7%)	368/1223 (30%)	123/369 (33%)

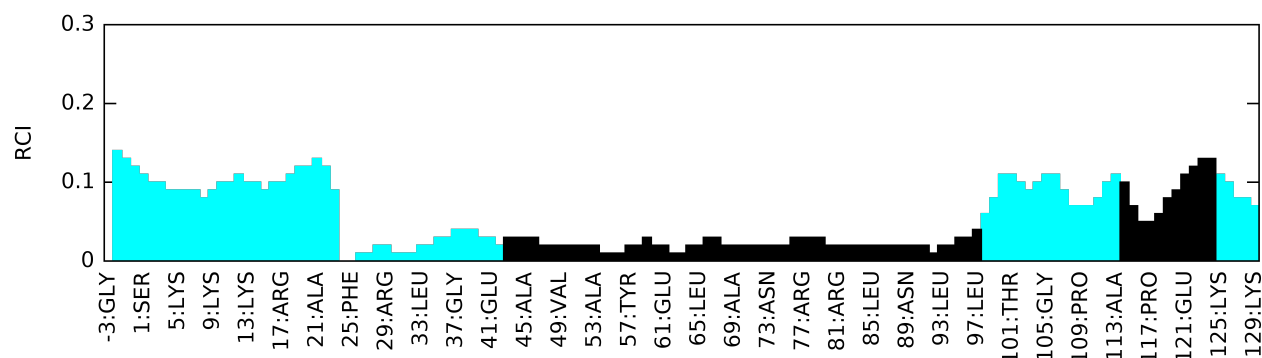
#### 6.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 6.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain C:



## 6.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: input\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_2*

### 6.2.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	607
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	607
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

### 6.2.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	126	$0.01 \pm 0.08$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	117	$0.95 \pm 0.11$	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}'$	125	$-0.37 \pm 0.09$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{15}\text{N}$	119	$-0.58 \pm 0.24$	Should be applied

### 6.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 19%, i.e. 299 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1613. 0 out of 26 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	241/632 (38%)	60/252 (24%)	122/256 (48%)	59/124 (48%)
Sidechain	58/896 (6%)	0/521 (0%)	58/329 (18%)	0/46 (0%)
Aromatic	0/85 (0%)	0/46 (0%)	0/34 (0%)	0/5 (0%)
Overall	299/1613 (19%)	60/819 (7%)	180/619 (29%)	59/175 (34%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 19%, i.e. 607 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3272. 0 out of 38 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	490/1284 (38%)	120/511 (23%)	251/524 (48%)	119/249 (48%)

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	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Sidechain	117/1848 (6%)	0/1094 (0%)	117/641 (18%)	0/113 (0%)
Aromatic	0/140 (0%)	0/75 (0%)	0/58 (0%)	0/7 (0%)
Overall	607/3272 (19%)	120/1680 (7%)	368/1223 (30%)	119/369 (32%)

## 6.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

## 6.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain D:

