



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 15, 2020 – 08:05 pm BST

PDB ID : 6TSX  
Title : Crystal structure of horse L ferritin (HoLf) Fe(III)-loaded for 30 minutes  
Authors : Pozzi, C.; Ciambellotti, S.; Turano, P.; Mangani, S.  
Deposited on : 2019-12-21  
Resolution : 2.02 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.11  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

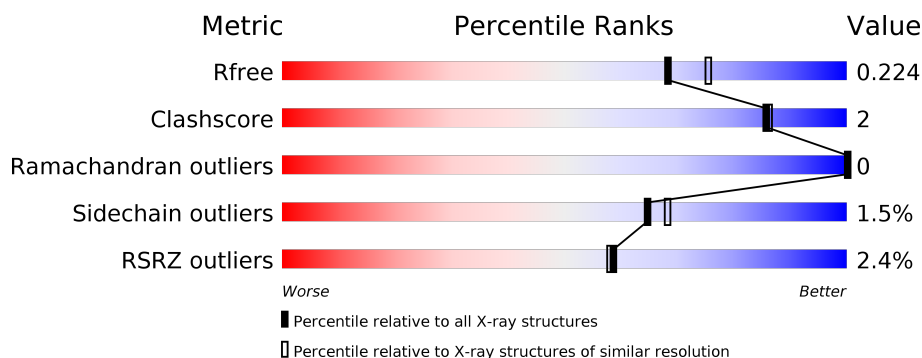
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.02 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	10434 (2.04-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	11643 (2.04-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	11493 (2.04-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	11492 (2.04-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	10220 (2.04-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	AAA	175	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>90%</div> <div>6%</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	FE	AAA	217	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2816 atoms, of which 1340 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ferritin light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	AAA	169	Total	C	H	N	O	S	67	1	0
			2696	858	1340	236	256	6			

- Molecule 2 is OXYGEN ATOM (three-letter code: O) (formula: O).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	AAA	4	Total	O	0	0
			4	4		

- Molecule 3 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by author).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	AAA	15	Total	Fe	0	2
			16	16		

- Molecule 4 is CADMIUM ION (three-letter code: CD) (formula: Cd).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	AAA	1	Total	Cd	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 5 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	AAA	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 6 is water.

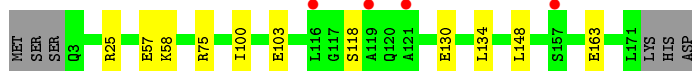
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	AAA	98	Total	O	0	0
			98	98		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $\text{RSRZ} > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Ferritin light chain

Chain AAA: 



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	F 4 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	181.24Å 181.24Å 181.24Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	54.71 – 2.02 54.65 – 2.02	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (54.71-2.02) 100.0 (54.65-2.02)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.09 (at 2.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0257	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.184 , 0.221 0.185 , 0.224	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	900 reflections (5.20%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	41.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.44 , 58.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	2816	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.50% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CME, CD, FE, O, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	AAA	0.51	0/1370	0.79	0/1845

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	AAA	1356	1340	1323	6	0
2	AAA	4	0	0	0	0
3	AAA	16	0	0	0	0
4	AAA	1	0	0	0	0
5	AAA	1	0	0	0	0
6	AAA	98	0	0	2	0
All	All	1476	1340	1323	6	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (6) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:AAA:25:ARG:HD2	6:AAA:355:HOH:O	1.74	0.86
1:AAA:58:LYS:NZ	1:AAA:103:GLU:OE1	2.40	0.54
1:AAA:163:GLU:HG2	6:AAA:380:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:AAA:130:GLU:HA	1:AAA:134:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.42
1:AAA:75:ARG:HA	1:AAA:75:ARG:HD3	1.93	0.42
1:AAA:100:ILE:HD12	1:AAA:148:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	AAA	167/175 (95%)	164 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	AAA	137/148 (93%)	135 (98%)	2 (2%)	65	68

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	AAA	57	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	AAA	118	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
1	CME	AAA	48	1,3	8,9,10	0.52	0	5,9,11	0.45	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CME	AAA	48	1,3	-	1/5/8/10	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	AAA	48	CME	SD-CE-CZ-OH

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 22 ligands modelled in this entry, 22 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	AAA	168/175 (96%)	0.31	4 (2%) 59 58	33, 42, 65, 80	0

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	AAA	119	ALA	2.9
1	AAA	121	ALA	2.6
1	AAA	157	SER	2.4
1	AAA	116	LEU	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	CME	AAA	48	10/11	0.98	0.11	34,39,93,93	1

### 6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands ⓘ

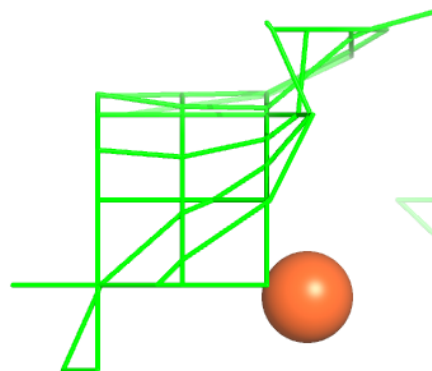
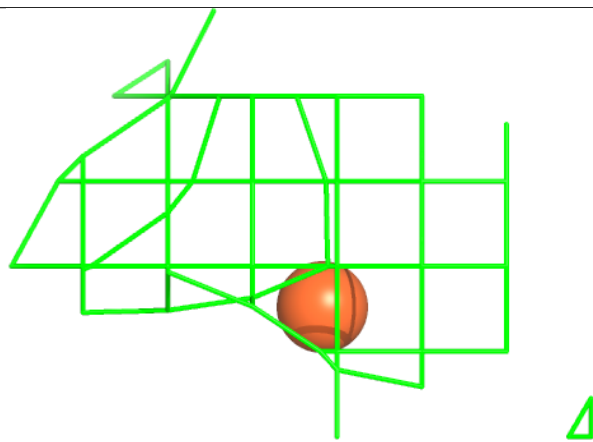
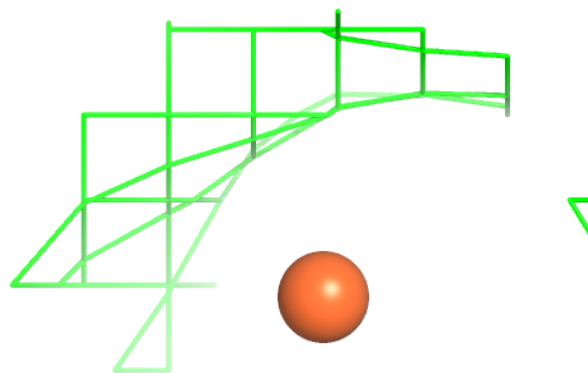
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	FE	AAA	217	1/1	0.73	0.49	73,73,73,73	1
3	FE	AAA	211	1/1	0.78	0.17	98,98,98,98	1
2	O	AAA	203	1/1	0.80	0.09	44,44,44,44	1
2	O	AAA	204	1/1	0.84	0.46	66,66,66,66	1
3	FE	AAA	218	1/1	0.84	0.56	82,82,82,82	1
3	FE	AAA	210	1/1	0.85	0.10	78,78,78,78	1
3	FE	AAA	220	1/1	0.85	0.22	116,116,116,116	1
3	FE	AAA	213[B]	1/1	0.87	0.48	64,64,64,64	1
3	FE	AAA	213[A]	1/1	0.87	0.48	55,55,55,55	1
3	FE	AAA	216	1/1	0.88	0.28	66,66,66,66	1
3	FE	AAA	219	1/1	0.89	0.57	60,60,60,60	1
3	FE	AAA	212	1/1	0.89	0.26	69,69,69,69	1
5	CL	AAA	221	1/1	0.91	0.21	82,82,82,82	0
3	FE	AAA	214[A]	1/1	0.92	0.56	56,56,56,56	1
3	FE	AAA	208	1/1	0.92	0.05	105,105,105,105	0
2	O	AAA	201	1/1	0.93	0.05	54,54,54,54	0
4	CD	AAA	215	1/1	0.93	0.19	43,43,43,43	1
3	FE	AAA	207	1/1	0.93	0.05	117,117,117,117	1
3	FE	AAA	209	1/1	0.94	0.06	87,87,87,87	0
2	O	AAA	202	1/1	0.97	0.05	67,67,67,67	0
3	FE	AAA	205	1/1	0.98	0.04	91,91,91,91	0
3	FE	AAA	206	1/1	0.98	0.07	68,68,68,68	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

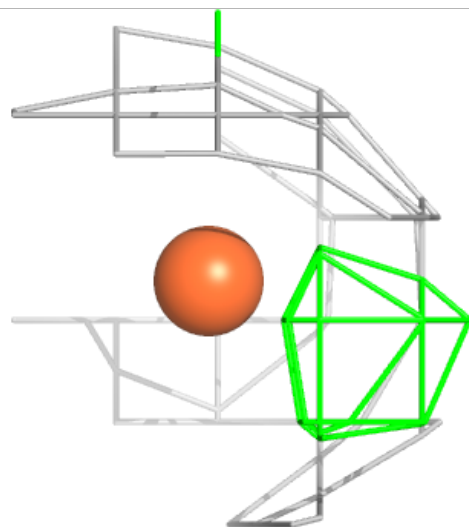
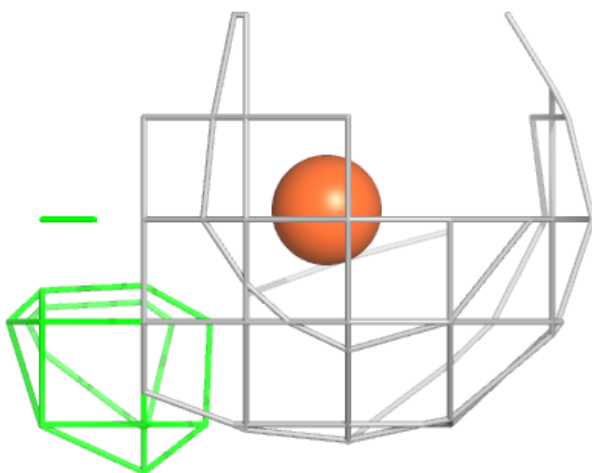
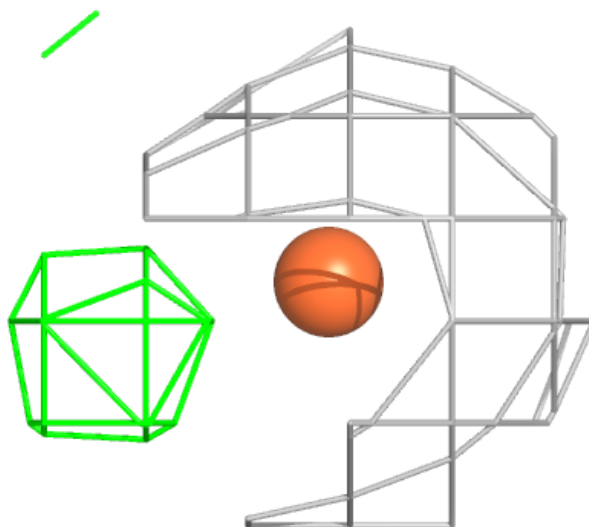
**Electron density around FE AAA 217:**

$2mF_o - DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o - DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



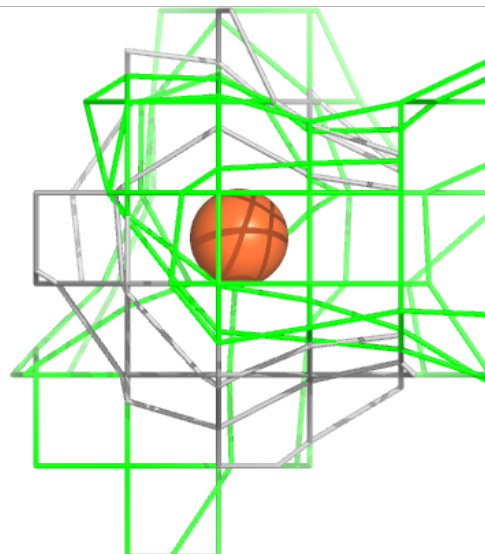
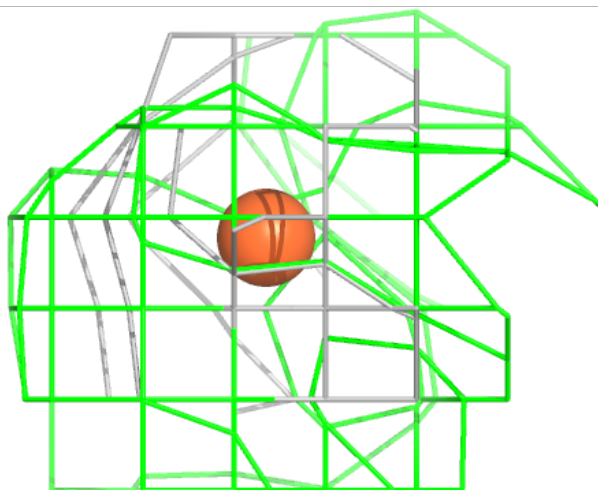
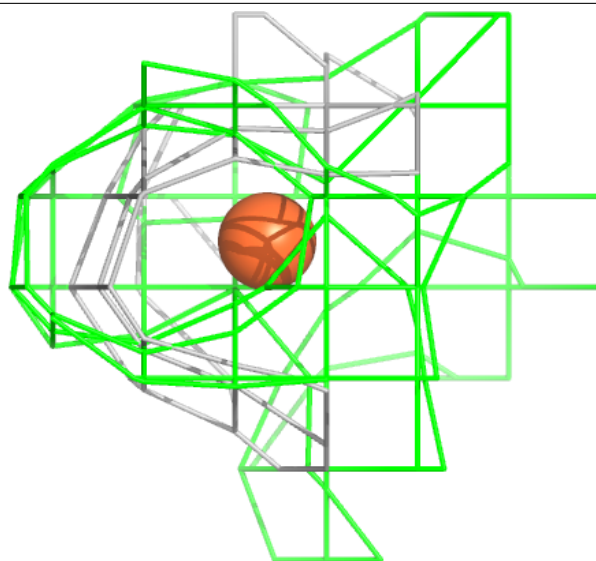
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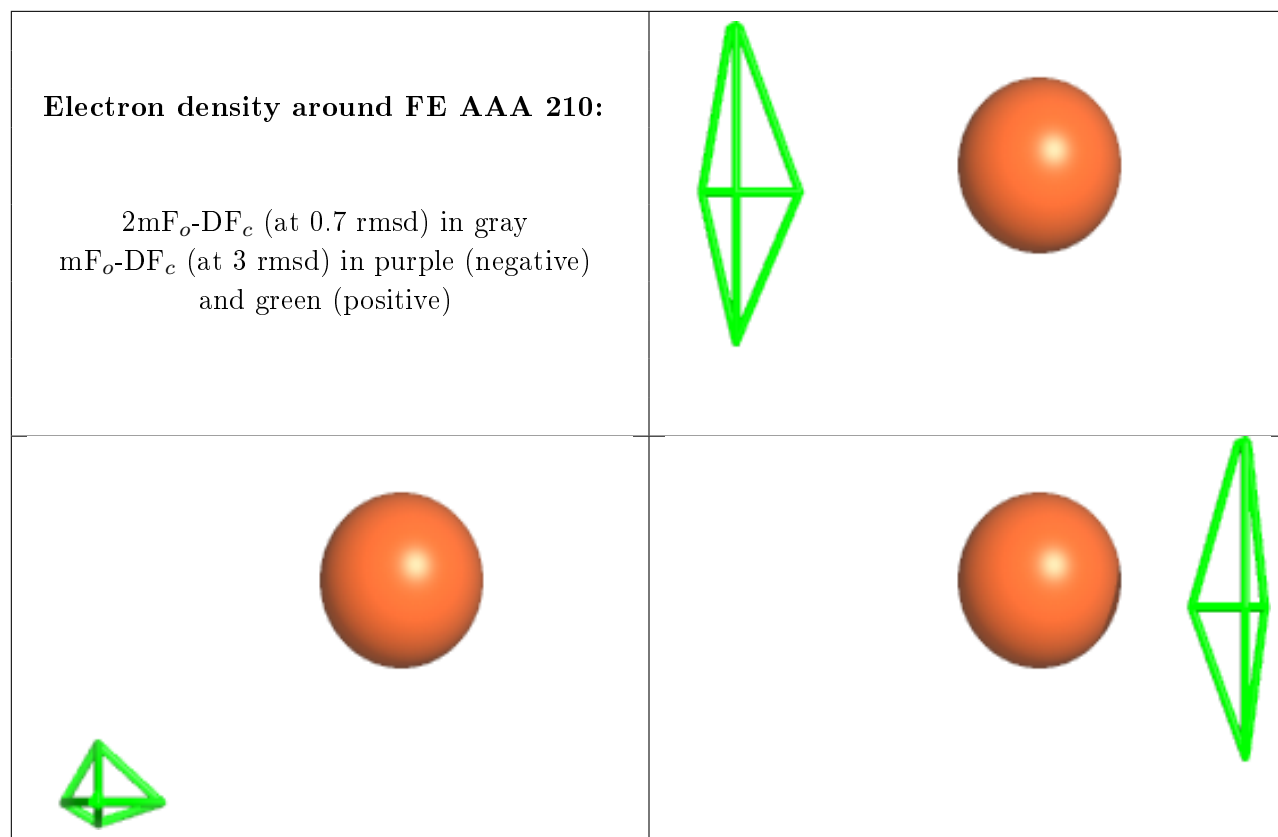
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and green (positive)



**Electron density around FE AAA 218:**

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and green (positive)

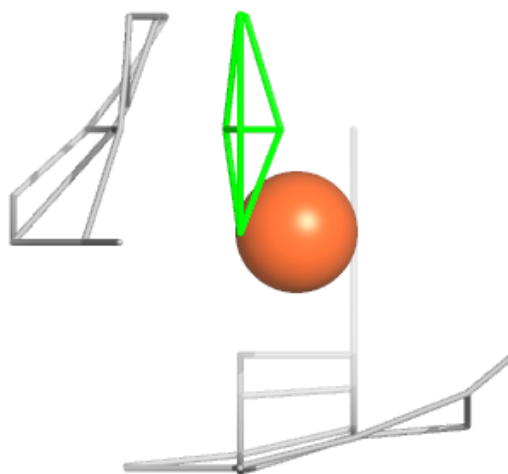
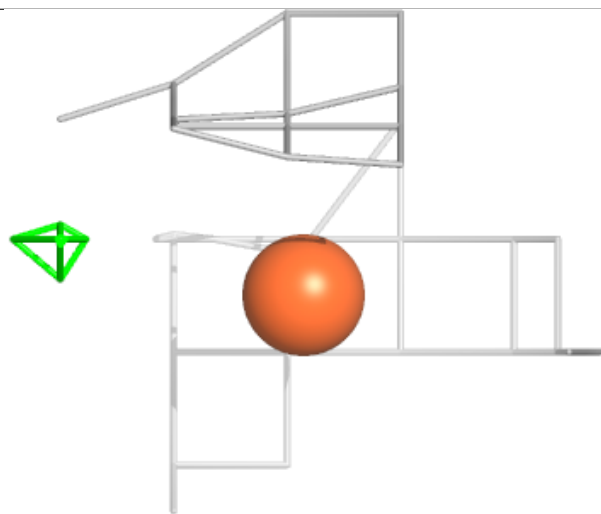
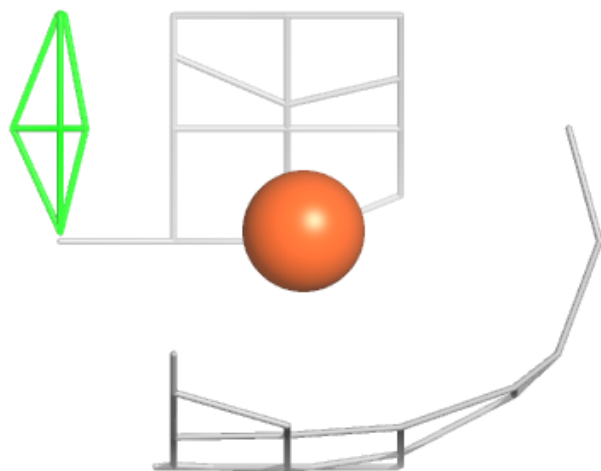






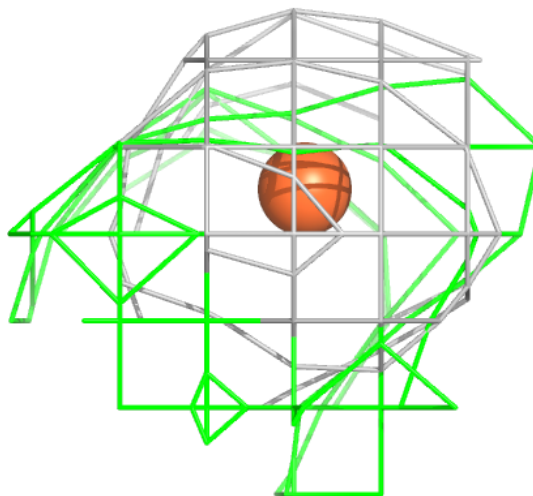
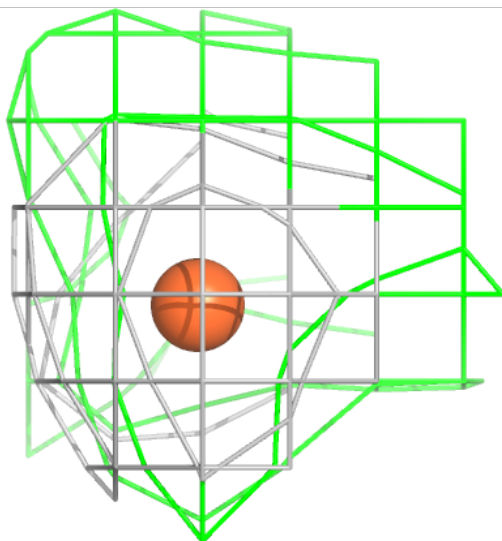
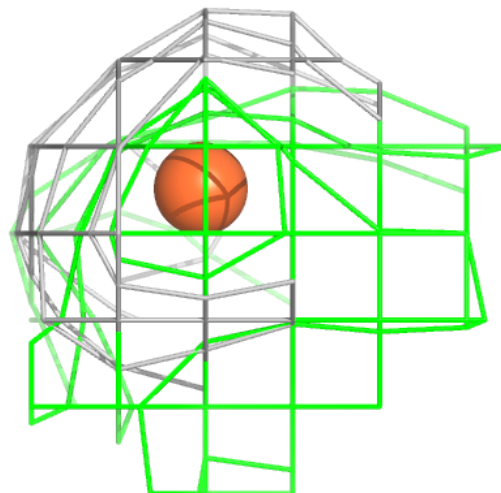
**Electron density around FE AAA 220:**

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and green (positive)



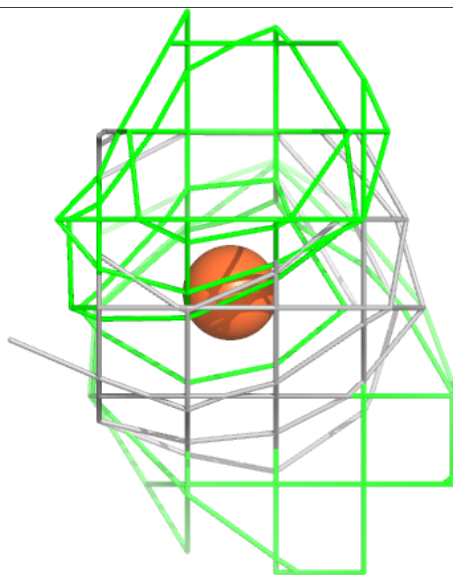
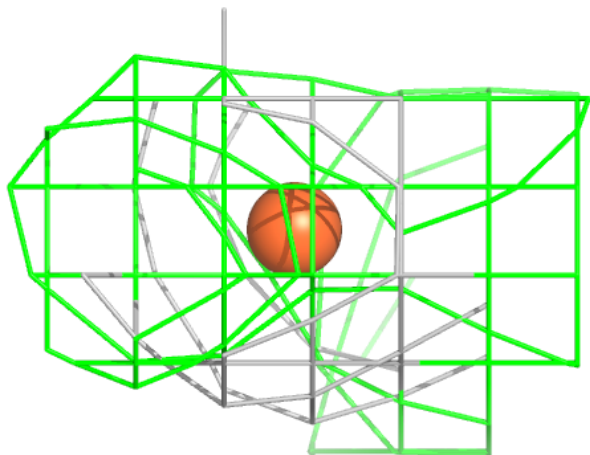
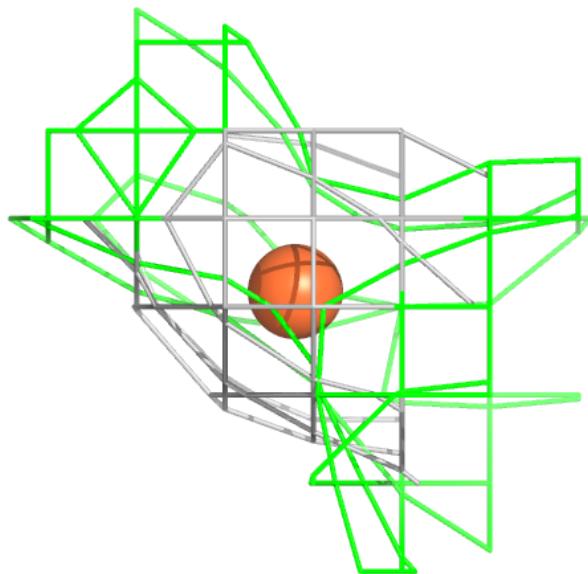
**Electron density around FE AAA 213 (B):**

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and green (positive)



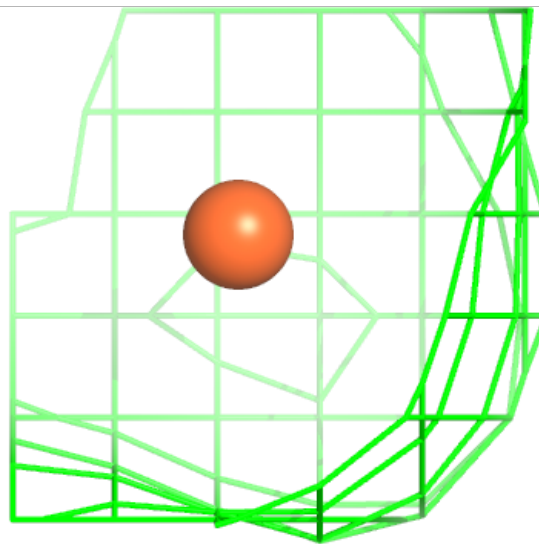
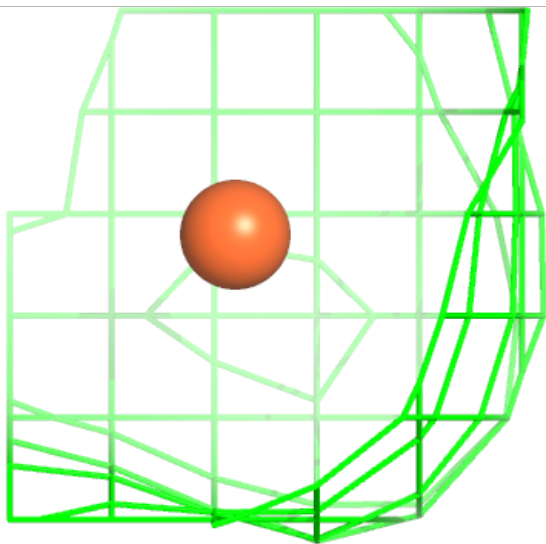
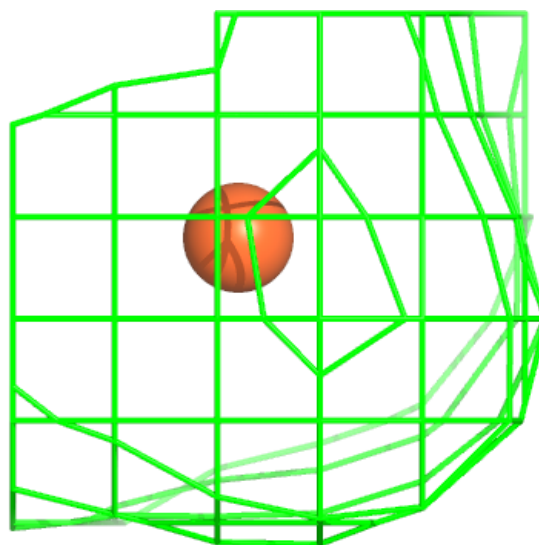
**Electron density around FE AAA 213 (A):**

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and green (positive)



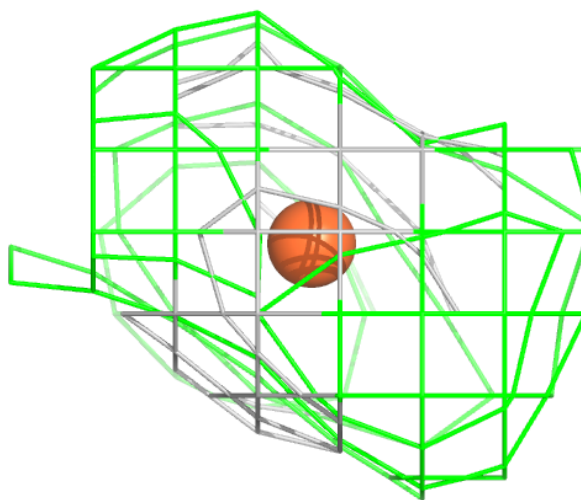
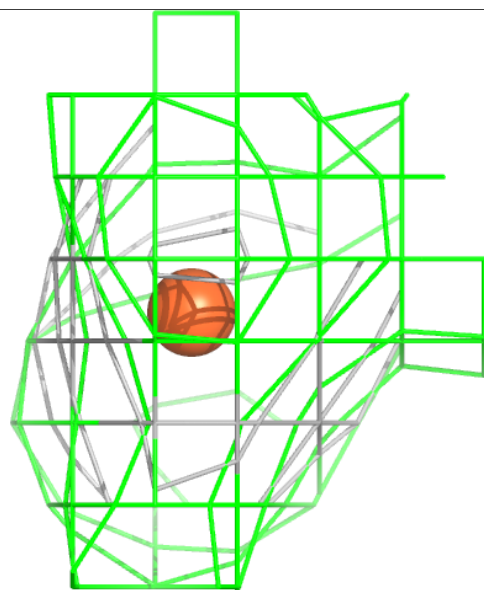
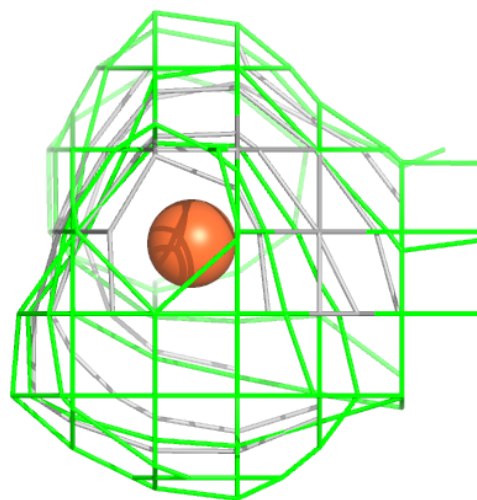
**Electron density around FE AAA 216:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



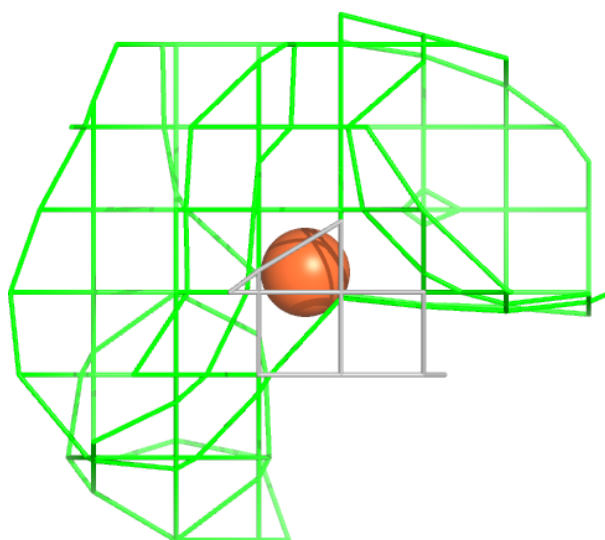
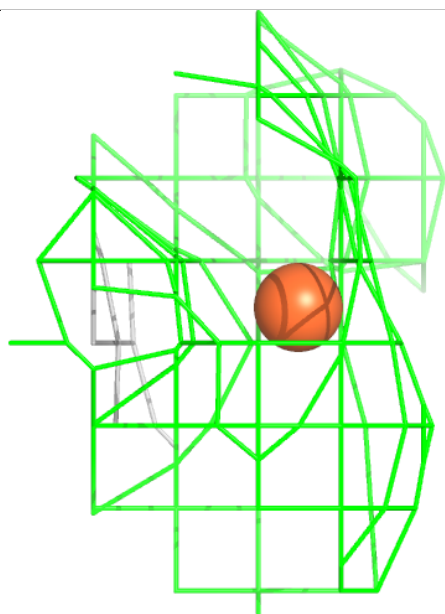
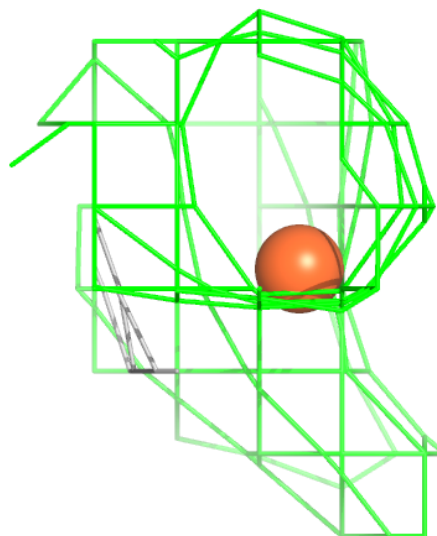
**Electron density around FE AAA 219:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



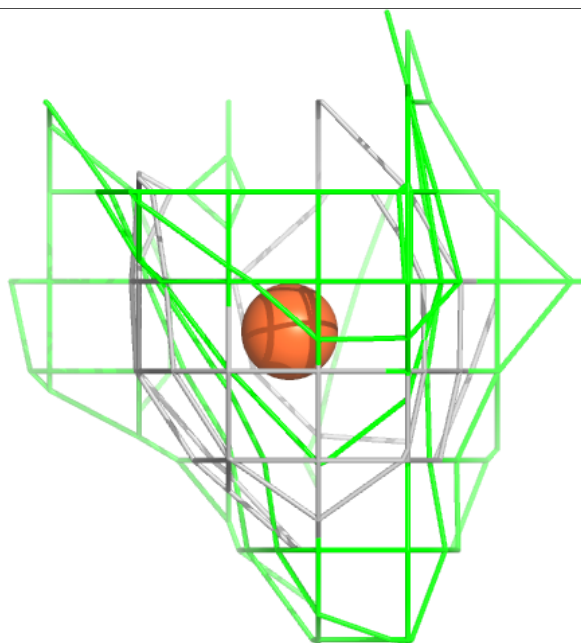
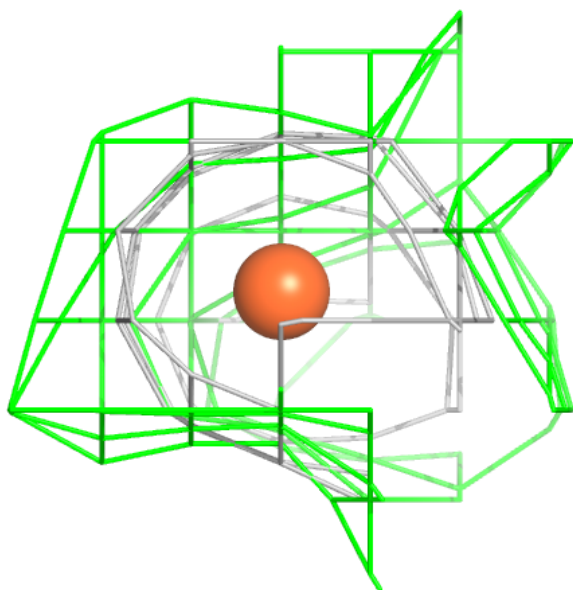
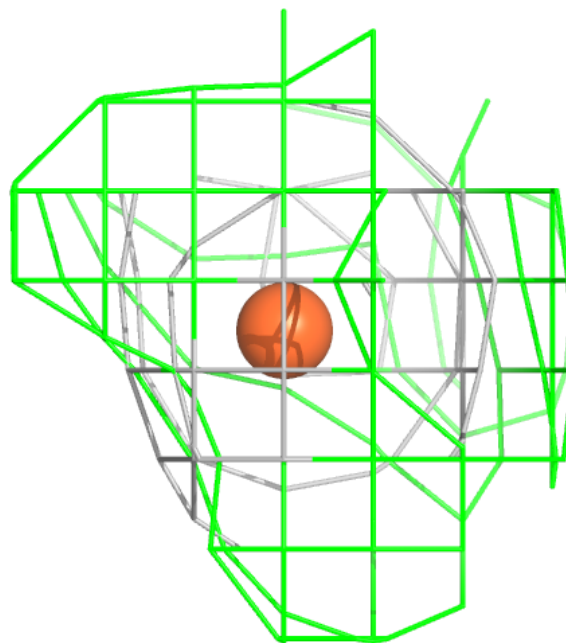
**Electron density around FE AAA 212:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



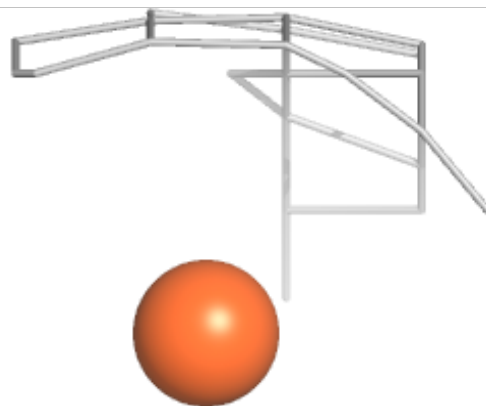
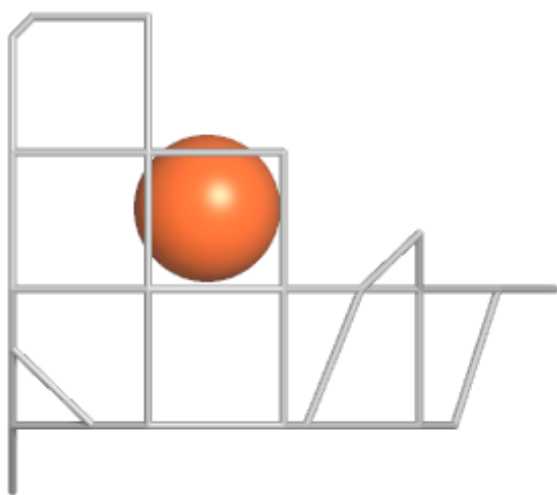
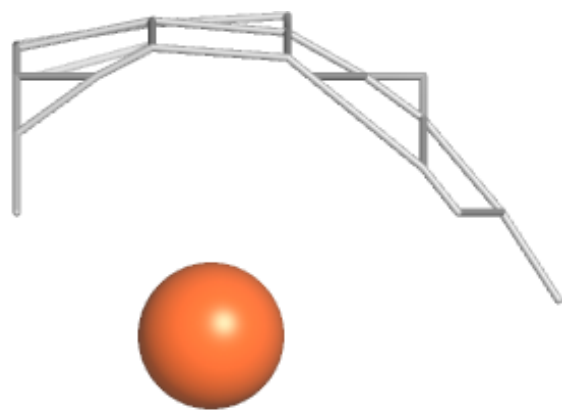
**Electron density around FE AAA 214 (A):**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around FE AAA 208:**

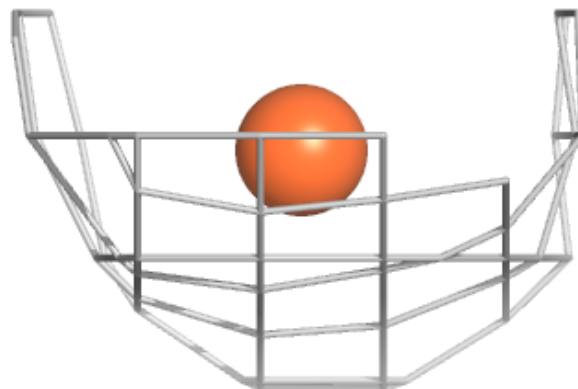
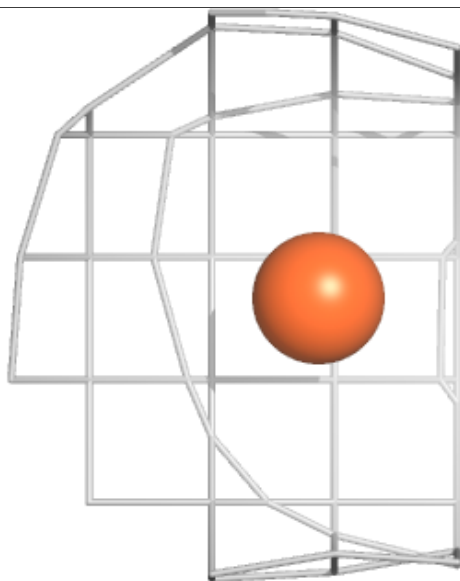
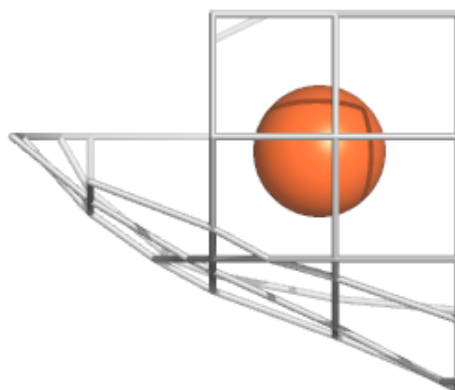
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





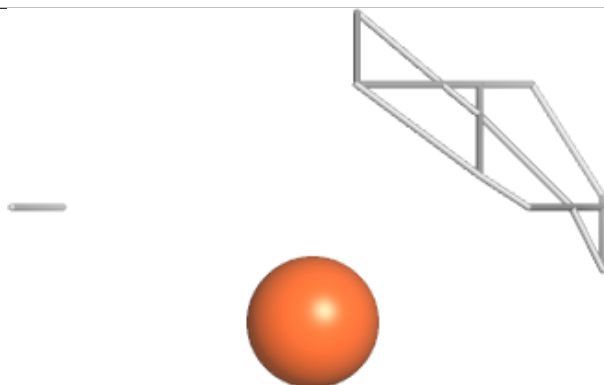
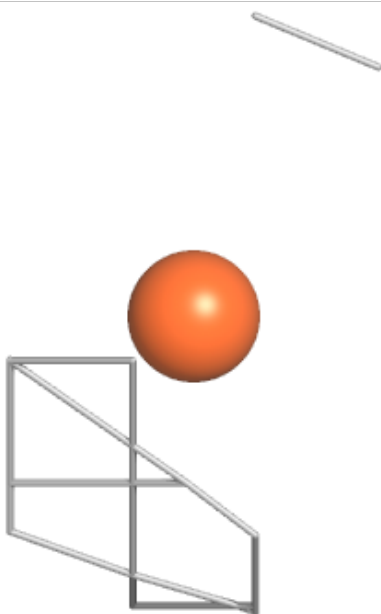
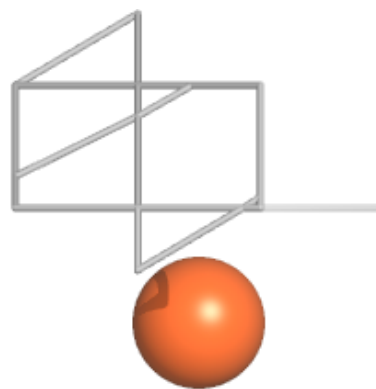
**Electron density around FE AAA 207:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



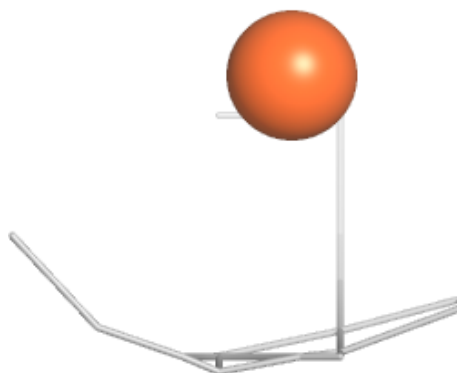
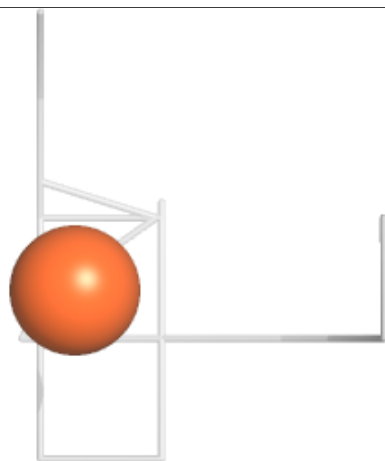
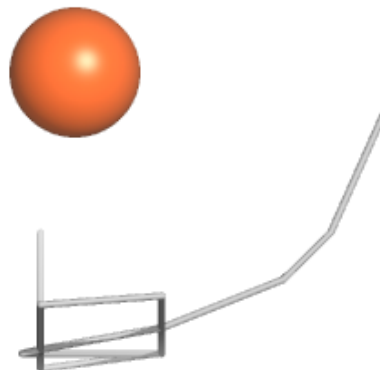
**Electron density around FE AAA 209:**

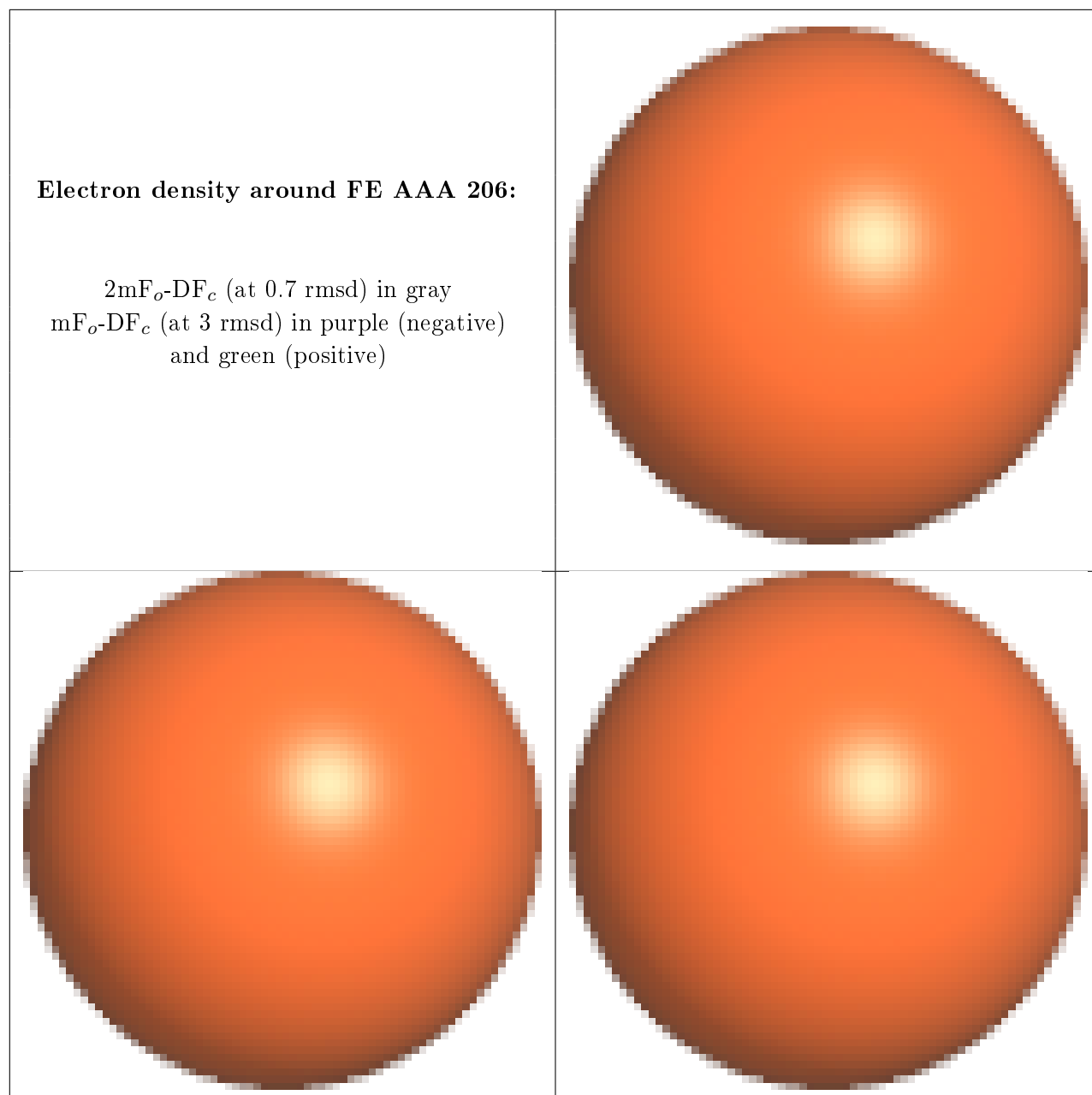
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around FE AAA 205:**

$2mF_o - DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o - DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.