



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 26, 2020 – 04:53 am BST

PDB ID : 3UHA  
Title : Crystal Structure of Saccharopine Dehydrogenase from *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* complexed with NAD.  
Authors : Cook, P.F.; Kumar, V.P.; Thomas, L.M.; West, A.H.; Bobyk, K.D.  
Deposited on : 2011-11-03  
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.11  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

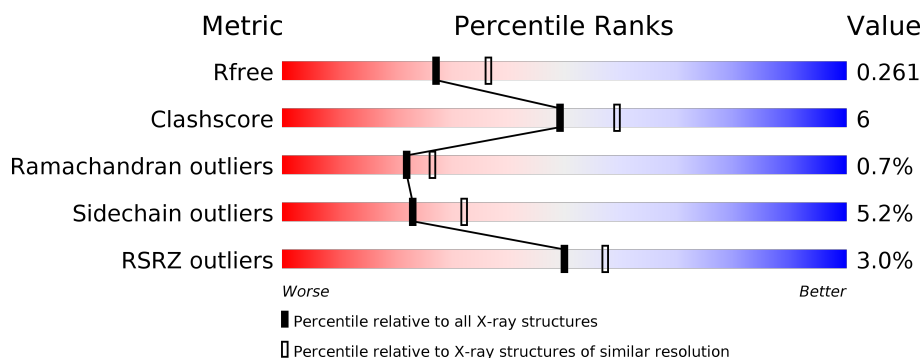
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	373	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>80%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
1	B	373	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>81%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5872 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

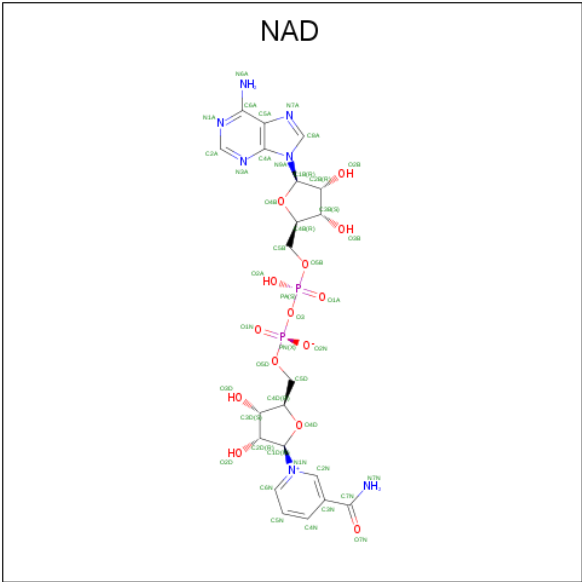
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Saccharopine dehydrogenase [NAD+, L-lysine-forming].

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	365	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2864	1840	500	518	6			
1	B	365	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2864	1840	500	518	6			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	205	SER	CYS	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P38998
B	205	SER	CYS	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P38998

- Molecule 2 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>27</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>14</sub>P<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			44	21	7	14	2		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			44	21	7	14	2		

- Molecule 3 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		

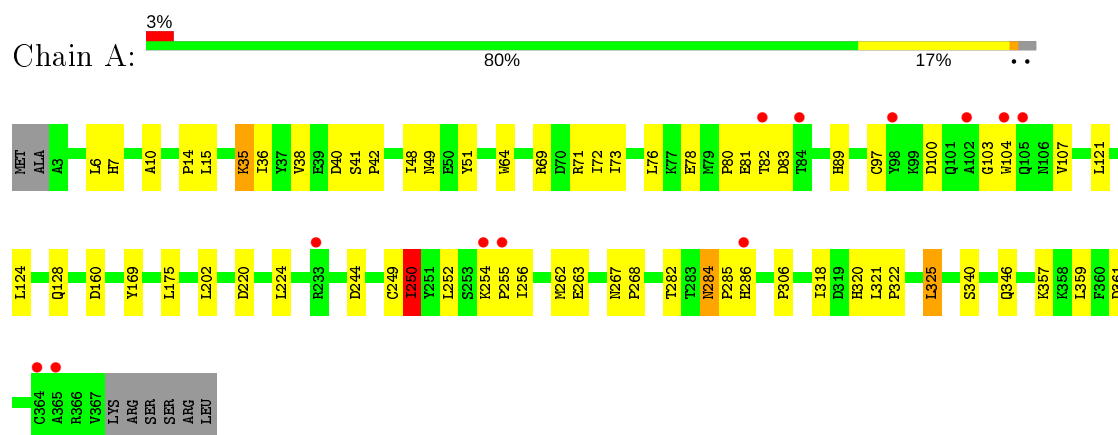
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	24	Total	O	0	0
			24	24		
4	B	31	Total	O	0	0
			31	31		

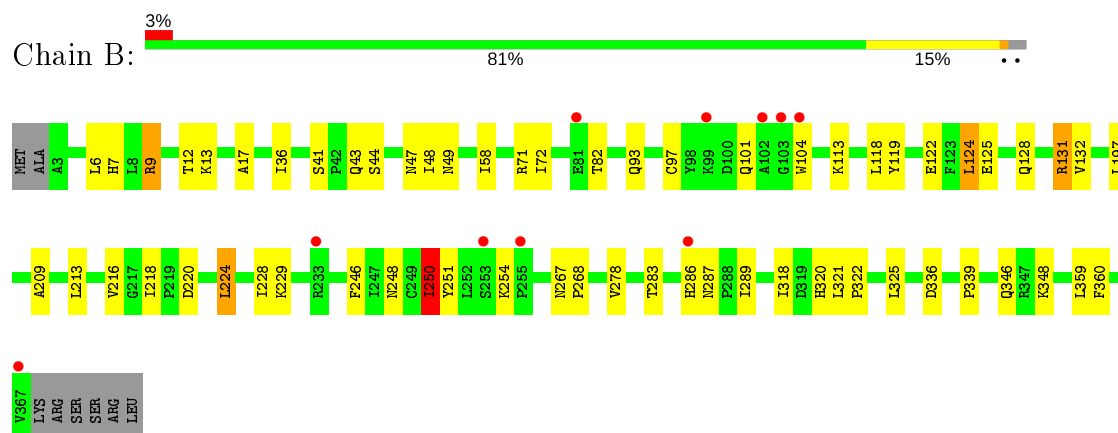
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Saccharopine dehydrogenase [NAD<sup>+</sup>, L-lysine-forming]



- Molecule 1: Saccharopine dehydrogenase [NAD<sup>+</sup>, L-lysine-forming]



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	64.01Å 104.45Å 69.08Å 90.00° 116.60° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	32.64 – 2.30 32.64 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.8 (32.64-2.30) 97.8 (32.64-2.30)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.12	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.70 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.207 , 0.270 0.205 , 0.261	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1756 reflections (4.97%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	27.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.025	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 30.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.032 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5872	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.16% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAD, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.89	0/2938	0.89	3/4000 (0.1%)
1	B	0.91	1/2938 (0.0%)	0.88	4/4000 (0.1%)
All	All	0.90	1/5876 (0.0%)	0.89	7/8000 (0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	119	TYR	CD1-CE1	-5.59	1.30	1.39

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	76	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-6.88	99.30	111.00
1	B	250	ILE	CG1-CB-CG2	-6.23	97.69	111.40
1	A	252	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.80	128.65	115.30
1	B	197	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-5.65	101.39	111.00
1	B	124	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-5.36	101.90	111.00
1	A	325	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.03	126.87	115.30
1	B	224	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.02	126.84	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2864	0	2898	34	0
1	B	2864	0	2898	40	0
2	A	44	0	26	0	0
2	B	44	0	26	3	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	24	0	0	2	0
4	B	31	0	0	1	0
All	All	5872	0	5848	69	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (69) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:249:CYS:O	1:A:250:ILE:HB	1.35	1.09
1:A:249:CYS:O	1:A:250:ILE:CB	2.12	0.90
1:A:284:ASN:HD22	1:A:286:HIS:H	1.22	0.83
1:A:220:ASP:H	1:B:346:GLN:HE22	1.23	0.83
1:B:9:ARG:HH21	1:B:93:GLN:HE21	1.33	0.75
1:B:9:ARG:NH2	1:B:93:GLN:HE21	1.85	0.74
1:B:47:ASN:HD22	1:B:49:ASN:H	1.36	0.74
1:A:284:ASN:ND2	1:A:286:HIS:H	1.86	0.74
1:A:285:PRO:HA	4:A:395:HOH:O	1.89	0.72
1:A:346:GLN:HE22	1:B:220:ASP:H	1.37	0.70
1:B:248:ASN:OD1	1:B:250:ILE:HG22	1.95	0.66
1:B:267:ASN:OD1	1:B:268:PRO:HD2	1.94	0.66
1:B:48:ILE:HD11	1:B:58:ILE:HD12	1.79	0.64
1:B:9:ARG:NH2	1:B:93:GLN:NE2	2.46	0.63
1:A:169:TYR:CE1	1:A:175:LEU:HD13	2.34	0.62
1:B:7:HIS:HD2	1:B:71:ARG:HH11	1.47	0.60
1:A:220:ASP:H	1:B:346:GLN:NE2	1.97	0.59
1:A:97:CYS:HB2	1:A:104:TRP:HB2	1.85	0.58
1:A:250:ILE:O	1:A:250:ILE:HG22	2.04	0.56
1:A:35:LYS:HD3	4:A:398:HOH:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:40:ASP:HA	1:A:48:ILE:HD13	1.87	0.56
1:B:47:ASN:ND2	1:B:49:ASN:H	2.03	0.55
1:A:357:LYS:NZ	1:A:361:ASP:OD1	2.40	0.54
1:B:209:ALA:O	1:B:213:LEU:HG	2.08	0.54
1:B:118:LEU:HB3	1:B:360:PHE:CD1	2.43	0.54
1:B:7:HIS:CD2	1:B:71:ARG:HH11	2.26	0.53
1:A:318:ILE:HG22	1:A:320:HIS:H	1.74	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:250:ILE:HG12	1:B:251:TYR:N	2.24	0.52
1:A:6:LEU:HB2	1:A:36:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.51
1:A:7:HIS:CD2	1:A:71:ARG:HH11	2.29	0.50
1:B:216:VAL:O	1:B:216:VAL:CG1	2.59	0.50
1:B:101:GLN:HA	4:B:404:HOH:O	2.11	0.49
1:B:278:VAL:O	2:B:374:NAD:H2N	2.12	0.49
1:A:6:LEU:HD23	1:A:72:ILE:HB	1.94	0.49
1:A:103:GLY:O	1:A:107:VAL:HG23	2.13	0.49
1:B:250:ILE:HG13	2:B:374:NAD:N7A	2.29	0.48
1:A:202:LEU:HD21	1:B:128:GLN:NE2	2.29	0.48
1:B:321:LEU:N	1:B:322:PRO:CD	2.76	0.48
1:B:13:LYS:O	1:B:43:GLN:NE2	2.41	0.48
1:B:97:CYS:HB2	1:B:104:TRP:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:B:6:LEU:HB2	1:B:36:ILE:HD13	1.96	0.47
1:B:229:LYS:HA	1:B:229:LYS:HD3	1.74	0.47
1:A:255:PRO:O	1:A:286:HIS:HB3	2.16	0.45
1:B:122:GLU:O	1:B:131:ARG:HD2	2.17	0.45
1:A:284:ASN:HD22	1:A:286:HIS:N	2.01	0.45
1:A:124:LEU:HD23	1:A:124:LEU:HA	1.76	0.44
1:A:80:PRO:HG2	1:A:83:ASP:OD2	2.17	0.44
1:B:318:ILE:HG22	1:B:320:HIS:H	1.81	0.44
1:B:250:ILE:HG13	2:B:374:NAD:C5A	2.47	0.44
1:B:47:ASN:HD22	1:B:49:ASN:HB2	1.82	0.44
1:B:47:ASN:ND2	1:B:49:ASN:HB2	2.33	0.43
1:B:6:LEU:HD23	1:B:72:ILE:HB	2.01	0.43
1:B:131:ARG:HH11	1:B:131:ARG:HD3	1.70	0.43
1:B:246:PHE:HE2	1:B:289:ILE:HG21	1.84	0.42
1:B:336:ASP:O	1:B:339:PRO:HD2	2.19	0.42
1:A:267:ASN:OD1	1:A:268:PRO:HD2	2.19	0.42
1:B:286:HIS:O	1:B:287:ASN:C	2.57	0.42
1:A:10:ALA:CB	1:A:41:SER:HB2	2.50	0.42
1:A:14:PRO:O	1:A:15:LEU:HB2	2.19	0.42
1:A:346:GLN:HE22	1:B:220:ASP:N	2.13	0.42
1:A:262:MET:CE	1:A:306:PRO:O	2.67	0.42
1:B:124:LEU:HD12	1:B:124:LEU:HA	1.76	0.42
1:A:254:LYS:HG2	1:A:255:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.42
1:A:38:VAL:HG21	1:A:51:TYR:CD1	2.55	0.42
1:B:17:ALA:HA	1:B:43:GLN:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:64:TRP:HB2	1:A:73:ILE:HD12	2.02	0.41
1:A:321:LEU:N	1:A:322:PRO:CD	2.84	0.41
1:A:69:ARG:HA	1:A:89:HIS:CD2	2.56	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:41:SER:HB3	1:B:44:SER:HB3	2.01	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	363/373 (97%)	345 (95%)	14 (4%)	4 (1%)	14	15
1	B	363/373 (97%)	351 (97%)	11 (3%)	1 (0%)	41	50
All	All	726/746 (97%)	696 (96%)	25 (3%)	5 (1%)	22	26

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	250	ILE
1	A	256	ILE
1	A	121	LEU
1	A	78	GLU
1	B	254	LYS

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	308/315 (98%)	291 (94%)	17 (6%)	21	30
1	B	308/315 (98%)	293 (95%)	15 (5%)	25	35
All	All	616/630 (98%)	584 (95%)	32 (5%)	23	32

All (32) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	35	LYS
1	A	42	PRO
1	A	49	ASN
1	A	81	GLU
1	A	82	THR
1	A	100	ASP
1	A	128	GLN
1	A	160	ASP
1	A	224	LEU
1	A	244	ASP
1	A	250	ILE
1	A	263	GLU
1	A	282	THR
1	A	284	ASN
1	A	325	LEU
1	A	340	SER
1	A	359	LEU
1	B	9	ARG
1	B	12	THR
1	B	82	THR
1	B	113	LYS
1	B	125	GLU
1	B	131	ARG
1	B	132	VAL
1	B	218	ILE
1	B	224	LEU
1	B	228	ILE
1	B	250	ILE
1	B	283	THR
1	B	325	LEU
1	B	348	LYS
1	B	359	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (15) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	7	HIS
1	A	93	GLN
1	A	128	GLN
1	A	248	ASN
1	A	284	ASN
1	A	346	GLN
1	A	363	HIS
1	B	7	HIS
1	B	47	ASN
1	B	93	GLN
1	B	106	ASN
1	B	128	GLN
1	B	214	HIS
1	B	299	ASN
1	B	346	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAD	A	374	-	42,48,48	1.26	4 (9%)	50,73,73	1.64	11 (22%)
2	NAD	B	374	-	42,48,48	1.15	2 (4%)	50,73,73	1.84	11 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAD	A	374	-	-	6/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
2	NAD	B	374	-	-	8/26/62/62	0/5/5/5

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	374	NAD	C2N-N1N	-4.07	1.30	1.35
2	A	374	NAD	O4D-C1D	3.78	1.46	1.41
2	A	374	NAD	C2N-N1N	-3.29	1.30	1.35
2	B	374	NAD	O4B-C1B	2.64	1.44	1.41
2	A	374	NAD	C3N-C7N	-2.46	1.46	1.50
2	A	374	NAD	O4B-C1B	2.45	1.44	1.41

All (22) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	374	NAD	PN-O3-PA	-5.42	114.22	132.83
2	B	374	NAD	O7N-C7N-N7N	-4.64	115.98	122.58
2	A	374	NAD	PN-O3-PA	-4.64	116.91	132.83
2	B	374	NAD	O7N-C7N-C3N	4.03	124.46	119.63
2	A	374	NAD	C5N-C4N-C3N	-3.89	115.74	120.34
2	B	374	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-3.53	123.16	128.68
2	A	374	NAD	O4D-C1D-C2D	-3.49	101.83	106.93
2	A	374	NAD	C3N-C7N-N7N	3.07	121.43	117.75
2	B	374	NAD	O4B-C1B-C2B	-3.05	102.46	106.93
2	B	374	NAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-3.02	106.25	109.40
2	A	374	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-2.92	124.12	128.68
2	B	374	NAD	C3B-C2B-C1B	-2.88	96.64	100.98
2	A	374	NAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-2.86	106.42	109.40
2	A	374	NAD	O7N-C7N-C3N	-2.84	116.24	119.63
2	B	374	NAD	O4D-C1D-C2D	-2.81	102.82	106.93
2	B	374	NAD	O2D-C2D-C3D	-2.66	103.21	111.82

*Continued on next page...*

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	374	NAD	C3D-C2D-C1D	-2.65	96.99	100.98
2	A	374	NAD	C1B-N9A-C4A	-2.48	122.28	126.64
2	B	374	NAD	C3N-C2N-N1N	2.44	122.81	120.43
2	B	374	NAD	PN-O5D-C5D	-2.23	108.62	121.68
2	A	374	NAD	PN-O5D-C5D	-2.21	108.75	121.68
2	A	374	NAD	C5B-C4B-C3B	-2.09	107.34	115.18

There are no chirality outliers.

All (14) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	374	NAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	A	374	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	A	374	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	A	374	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	A	374	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	B	374	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	B	374	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	B	374	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	B	374	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	B	374	NAD	O4D-C4D-C5D-O5D
2	A	374	NAD	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	B	374	NAD	C3D-C4D-C5D-O5D
2	B	374	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O3
2	B	374	NAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

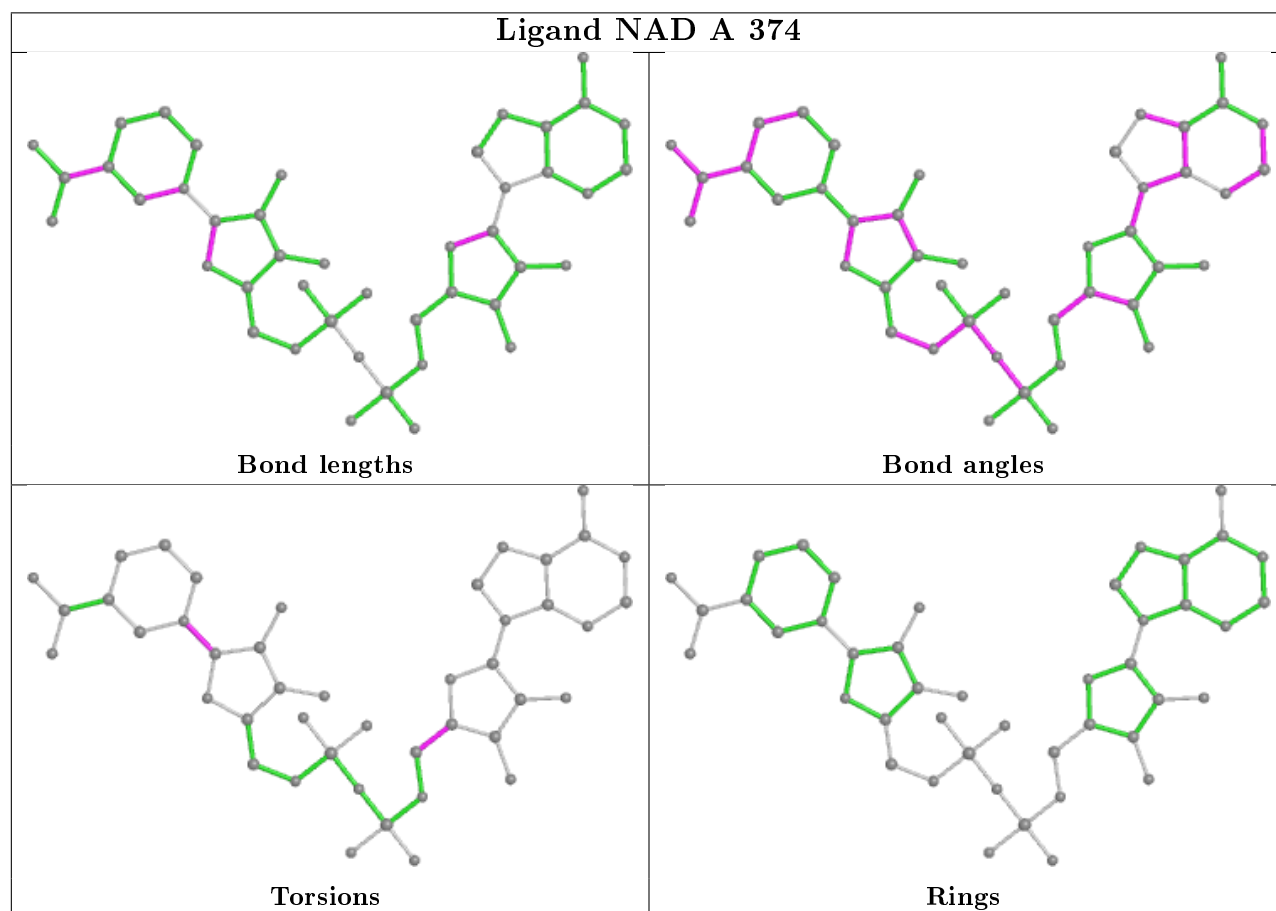
There are no ring outliers.

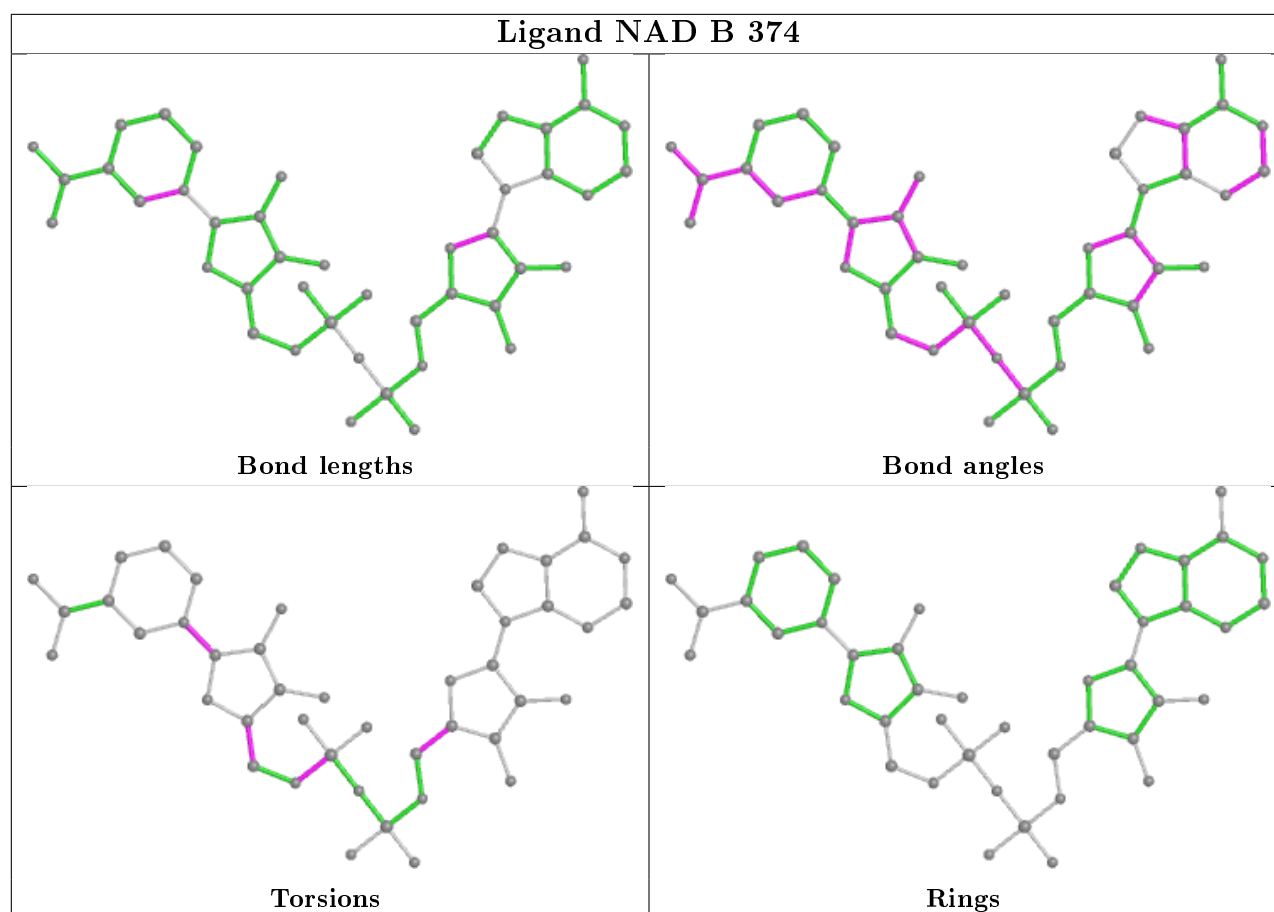
1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	374	NAD	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier.

The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	365/373 (97%)	-0.10	12 (3%) 46 53	9, 21, 47, 63	0
1	B	365/373 (97%)	-0.16	10 (2%) 54 62	10, 20, 41, 50	0
All	All	730/746 (97%)	-0.13	22 (3%) 50 57	9, 21, 44, 63	0

All (22) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	104	TRP	4.4
1	A	254	LYS	4.1
1	A	365	ALA	4.0
1	B	102	ALA	3.8
1	A	286	HIS	3.8
1	A	84	THR	3.7
1	A	255	PRO	3.2
1	A	98	TYR	3.1
1	A	364	CYS	3.1
1	A	105	GLN	3.0
1	B	233	ARG	2.8
1	B	286	HIS	2.8
1	B	255	PRO	2.7
1	A	102	ALA	2.6
1	A	233	ARG	2.5
1	B	367	VAL	2.3
1	B	99	LYS	2.3
1	B	104	TRP	2.2
1	B	103	GLY	2.2
1	B	253	SER	2.2
1	B	81	GLU	2.1
1	A	82	THR	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

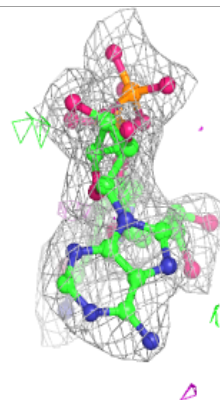
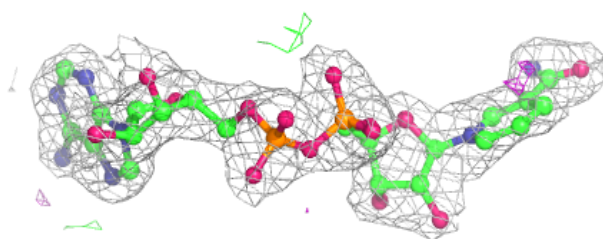
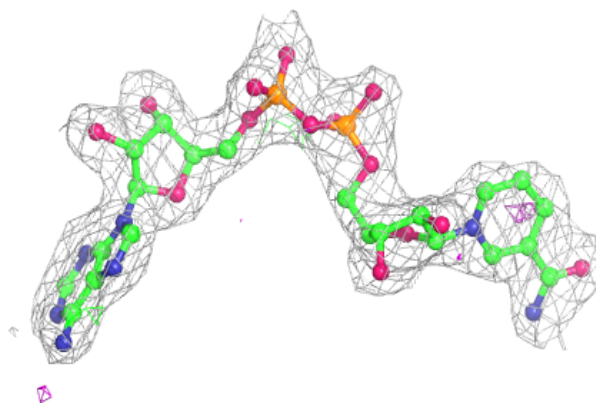
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	NAD	A	374	44/44	0.96	0.11	15,21,28,31	0
2	NAD	B	374	44/44	0.97	0.10	11,17,29,32	0
3	CL	A	375	1/1	0.99	0.15	20,20,20,20	0

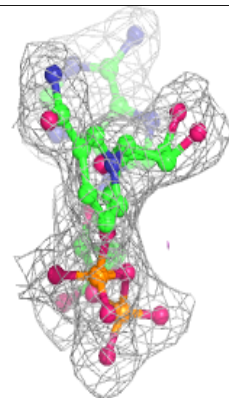
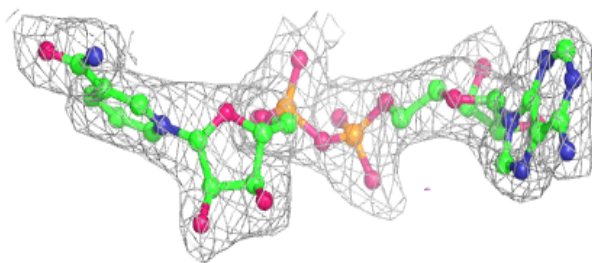
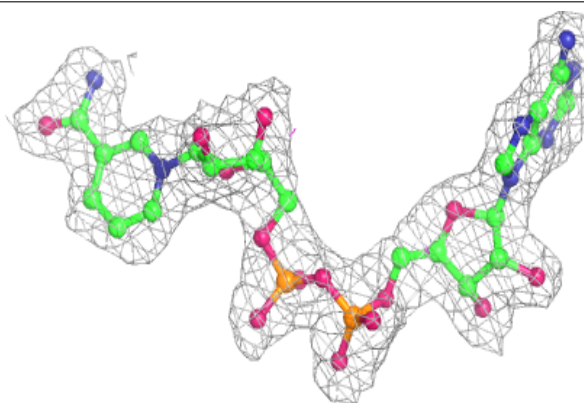
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around NAD A 374:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around NAD B 374:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.