



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 6, 2020 – 06:05 PM EDT

PDB ID : 6UJF  
Title : Crystal structure of the Clostridial cellulose synthase subunit Z (CcsZ) from Clostridioides difficile  
Authors : Scott, W.; Lowrance, B.; Anderson, A.C.; Weadge, J.T.  
Deposited on : 2019-10-03  
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.14.6  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.14.6

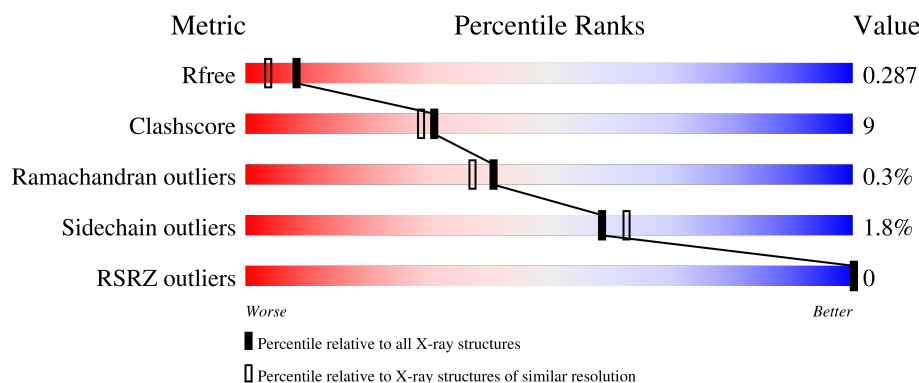
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*


The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	320	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	BGC	A	401	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

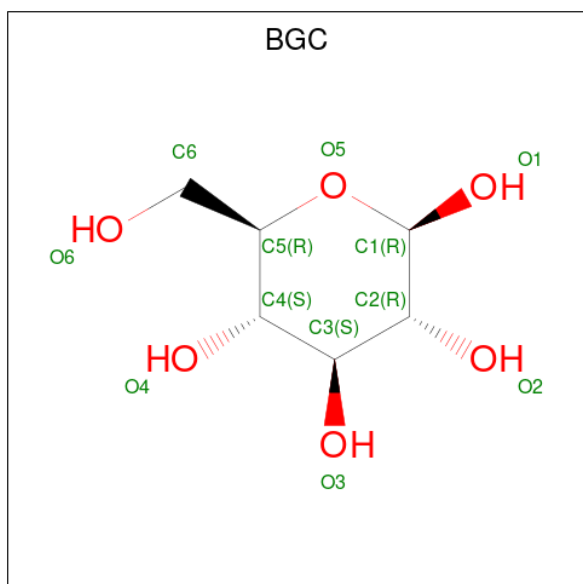
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2736 atoms, of which 86 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Endoglucanase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	A	301	2642	1656	86	422	474	4	0	1	0

- Molecule 2 is beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: BGC) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
2	A	1	12	6	6	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

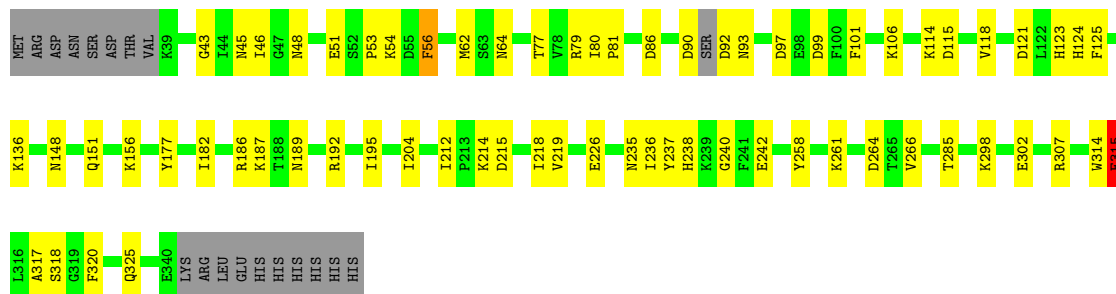
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	82	Total	O	0	0
			82	82		

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: Endoglucanase

Chain A: 



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	57.02Å 46.53Å 61.09Å 90.00° 94.50° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	31.69 – 2.00 43.28 – 1.63	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (31.69-2.00) 71.2 (43.28-1.63)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.02	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	0.05 (at 1.63Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.14_3260	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.234 , 0.282 0.238 , 0.287	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1811 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.465	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 36.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	2736	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.45% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BGC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.46	1/2626 (0.0%)	0.55	0/3544

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	315	GLU	CB-CG	-5.48	1.41	1.52

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	314	TRP	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2556	86	2483	46	0
2	A	12	0	12	6	0
3	A	82	0	0	1	0
All	All	2650	86	2495	46	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (46) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:237:TYR:CD1	2:A:401:BGC:O3	2.21	0.92
1:A:215:ASP:HB3	1:A:218:ILE:HD12	1.56	0.85
1:A:124:HIS:CE1	2:A:401:BGC:H6C1	2.27	0.69
1:A:235:ASN:HB2	1:A:285:THR:HG21	1.73	0.69
1:A:124:HIS:HE1	2:A:401:BGC:H6C1	1.61	0.64
1:A:54:LYS:HB2	1:A:86:ASP:HB3	1.82	0.62
1:A:237:TYR:HB3	2:A:401:BGC:H3	1.81	0.60
1:A:204:ILE:HG12	1:A:266:VAL:CG2	2.30	0.60
1:A:236:ILE:HD12	1:A:237:TYR:N	2.18	0.58
1:A:90:ASP:O	1:A:92:ASP:N	2.39	0.56
1:A:285:THR:HG22	1:A:320:PHE:CE1	2.41	0.55
1:A:315:GLU:OE2	1:A:318:SER:HB3	2.06	0.55
1:A:315:GLU:OE1	1:A:317:ALA:N	2.40	0.55
1:A:43:GLY:HA2	1:A:77:THR:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:97:ASP:OD1	1:A:99:ASP:HB2	2.08	0.54
1:A:238:HIS:CE1	2:A:401:BGC:H1	2.43	0.53
1:A:189:ASN:OD1	1:A:192:ARG:NE	2.38	0.53
1:A:81:PRO:HB3	1:A:123:HIS:CG	2.45	0.52
1:A:80:ILE:HD12	1:A:118:VAL:HG13	1.94	0.50
1:A:53:PRO:HD2	1:A:56:PHE:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:92:ASP:CG	1:A:93:ASN:H	2.18	0.46
1:A:214:LYS:O	1:A:215:ASP:HB2	2.16	0.46
1:A:240:GLY:N	1:A:242:GLU:OE2	2.48	0.46
1:A:148:ASN:O	1:A:151:GLN:HG2	2.17	0.45
1:A:325:GLN:HG2	3:A:536:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:187:LYS:HB2	1:A:187:LYS:HE2	1.61	0.45
1:A:64:ASN:HD21	1:A:106:LYS:HE3	1.82	0.45
1:A:226:GLU:OE1	1:A:258:TYR:OH	2.30	0.44
1:A:48:ASN:N	1:A:51:GLU:OE2	2.38	0.43
1:A:264:ASP:OD1	1:A:307:ARG:NH1	2.40	0.43
1:A:115:ASP:HA	1:A:156:LYS:HE3	2.01	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:212:ILE:HD12	1:A:212:ILE:H	1.84	0.42
1:A:285:THR:CG2	1:A:320:PHE:CZ	3.03	0.42
1:A:80:ILE:HD12	1:A:118:VAL:CG1	2.48	0.42
1:A:182:ILE:HD13	1:A:218:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:81:PRO:HB3	1:A:123:HIS:ND1	2.35	0.41
1:A:186:ARG:HD3	1:A:186:ARG:HA	1.84	0.41
1:A:195:ILE:HA	1:A:219:VAL:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:238:HIS:CE1	2:A:401:BGC:C1	3.04	0.41
1:A:45:ASN:OD1	1:A:79:ARG:HD3	2.21	0.41
1:A:114:LYS:HB3	1:A:114:LYS:HE3	1.91	0.41
1:A:136:LYS:HD2	1:A:177:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.41
1:A:285:THR:HG22	1:A:320:PHE:CZ	2.56	0.40
1:A:298:LYS:O	1:A:302:GLU:HG3	2.21	0.40
1:A:261:LYS:HB3	1:A:261:LYS:HE3	1.87	0.40
1:A:46:ILE:HG21	1:A:62:MET:CE	2.51	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	298/320 (93%)	280 (94%)	17 (6%)	1 (0%)	41	37

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	315	GLU



### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	276/294 (94%)	271 (98%)	5 (2%)	59 63

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	56	PHE
1	A	101	PHE
1	A	121	ASP
1	A	125	PHE
1	A	315	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	64	ASN
1	A	124	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
2	BGC	A	401	-	12,12,12	0.75	0	17,17,17	1.98	6 (35%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BGC	A	401	-	-	1/2/22/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	401	BGC	C1-O5-C5	3.64	120.53	113.66
2	A	401	BGC	O5-C5-C4	3.52	116.09	109.69
2	A	401	BGC	O6-C6-C5	2.93	121.35	111.29
2	A	401	BGC	C1-C2-C3	-2.59	104.95	110.31
2	A	401	BGC	O4-C4-C3	-2.45	104.69	110.35
2	A	401	BGC	C4-C3-C2	-2.09	107.18	110.82

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	401	BGC	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	401	BGC	6	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	301/320 (94%)	-0.29	0 <a href="#">100</a> <a href="#">100</a>	26, 43, 62, 72	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	BGC	A	401	12/12	0.70	0.28	30,30,30,30	0

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.