



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 7, 2020 – 02:25 PM BST

PDB ID : 1W2K  
Title : tf7a\_4380 complex  
Authors : Banner, D.W.; D'Arcy, A.; Groebke-Zbinden, K.; Ackermann, J.; Kirchhofer, D.; Ji, Y.-H.; Tschopp, T.B.; Wallbaum, S.; Weber, L.  
Deposited on : 2004-07-06  
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.13.1  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

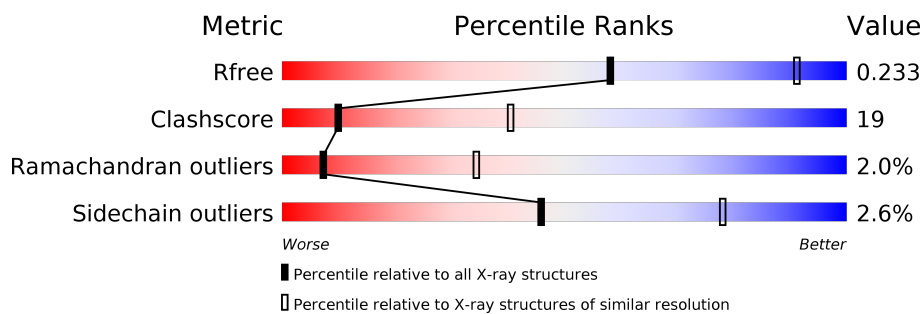
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	2092 (3.00-3.00)
Clashscore	141614	2416 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2333 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2336 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	H	254	
2	L	142	
3	T	210	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5058 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called BLOOD COAGULATION FACTOR VIIIA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	H	251	Total	C	N	O	S	25	0	0
			1955	1242	348	352	13			

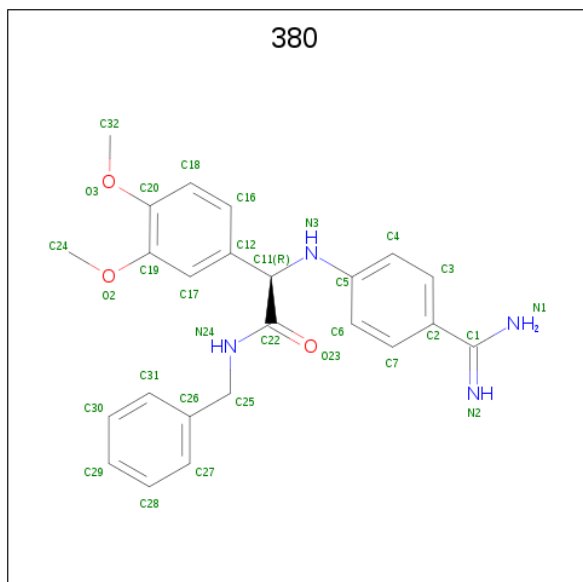
- Molecule 2 is a protein called BLOOD COAGULATION FACTOR VIIIA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	L	142	Total	C	N	O	S	10	0	0
			1132	682	189	246	15			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called TISSUE FACTOR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	T	188	Total	C	N	O	S	26	0	0
			1533	977	246	305	5			

- Molecule 4 is (2R)-2-({4-[AMINO(IMINO)METHYL]PHENYL}AMINO)-N-BENZYL-2-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENYL)ACETAMIDE (three-letter code: 380) (formula: C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).

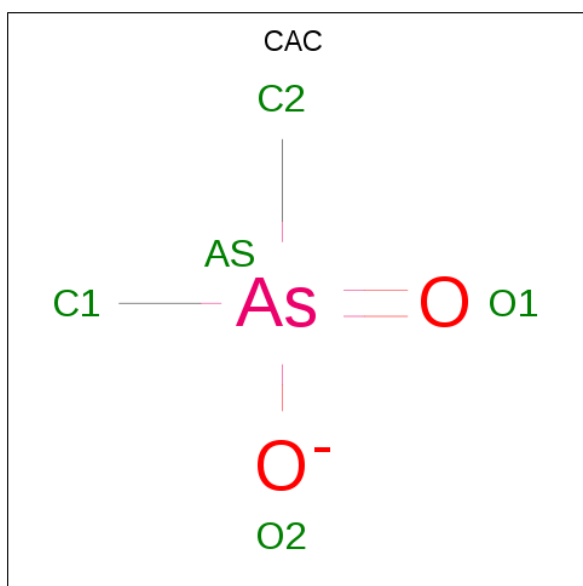


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	H	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			31	24	4	3		

- Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

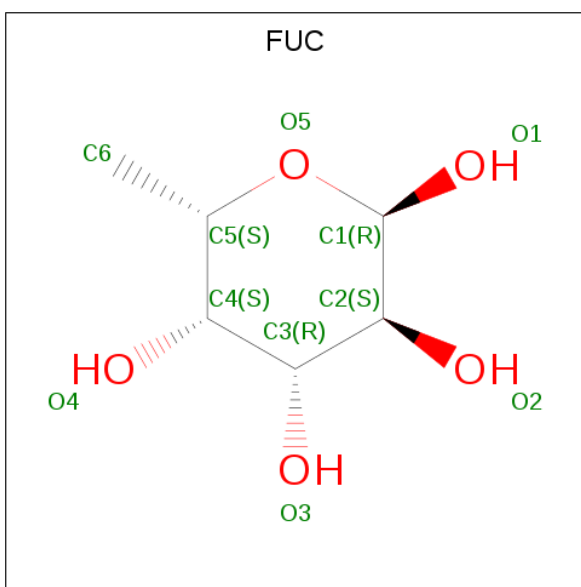
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	H	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		
5	L	8	Total	Ca	0	0
			8	8		

- Molecule 6 is CACODYLATE ION (three-letter code: CAC) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>AsO<sub>2</sub>).



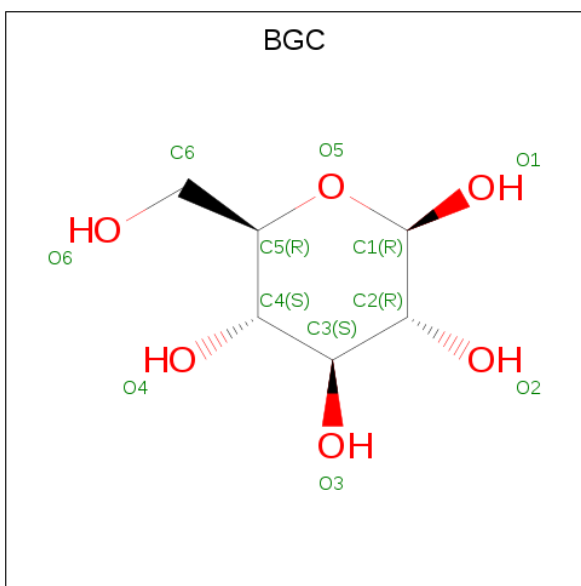
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	H	1	Total	As	C	O	0	0
			5	1	2	2		

- Molecule 7 is alpha-L-fucopyranose (three-letter code: FUC) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>5</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	L	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	6	4		

- Molecule 8 is beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: BGC) (formula:  $C_6H_{12}O_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	L	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		

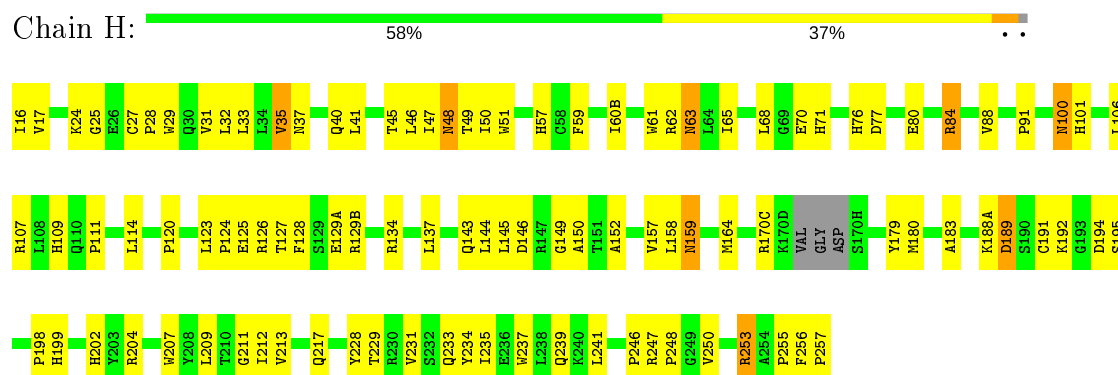
- Molecule 9 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	H	177	Total 177	O 177	0	0
9	L	80	Total 80	O 80	0	0
9	T	115	Total 115	O 115	0	0

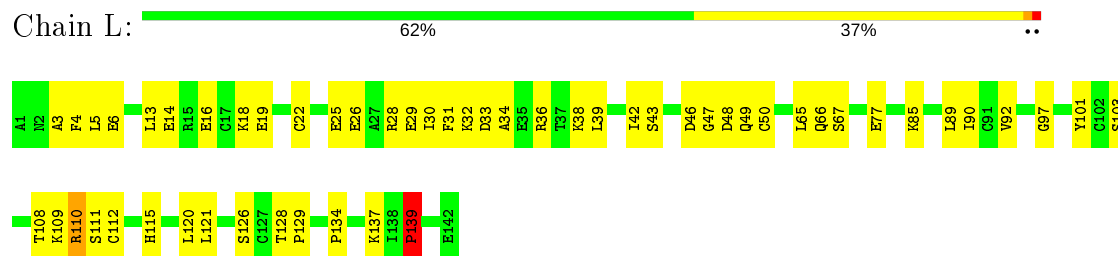
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

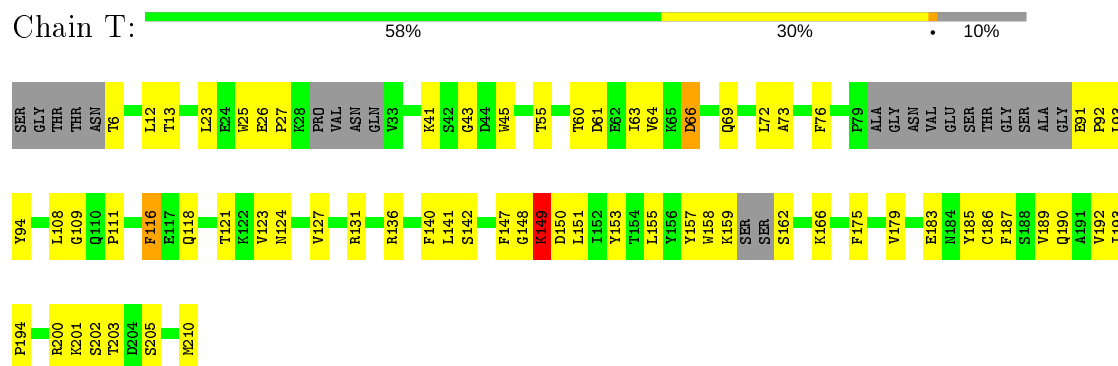
#### • Molecule 1: BLOOD COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA



#### • Molecule 2: BLOOD COAGULATION FACTOR VIIA



#### • Molecule 3: TISSUE FACTOR



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	71.87Å 82.64Å 123.72Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.82 – 3.00 20.09 – 2.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (19.82-3.00) 95.2 (20.09-2.50)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.16	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	4.18 (at 2.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNX 2002	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.197 , 0.257 0.224 , 0.233	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1252 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.416	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.32 , 53.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.87	EDS
Total number of atoms	5058	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.36% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BGC, CA, 380, FUC, CAC, CGU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	H	0.33	0/2004	0.64	0/2726
2	L	0.32	0/1039	0.57	0/1389
3	T	0.32	0/1565	0.62	0/2123
All	All	0.32	0/4608	0.62	0/6238

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	H	1955	0	1933	81	0
2	L	1132	0	989	42	0
3	T	1533	0	1492	54	0
4	H	31	0	26	1	0
5	H	1	0	0	0	0
5	L	8	0	0	0	0
6	H	5	0	0	0	0
7	L	10	0	10	0	0
8	L	11	0	10	0	0
9	H	177	0	0	4	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	L	80	0	0	2	0
9	T	115	0	0	1	0
All	All	5058	0	4460	172	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

All (172) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:62:ARG:C	1:H:63:ASN:HD22	1.81	0.83
1:H:35:VAL:HG11	1:H:60(B):ILE:HD12	1.64	0.79
3:T:63:ILE:HD12	3:T:64:VAL:N	1.99	0.78
1:H:63:ASN:N	1:H:63:ASN:HD22	1.85	0.74
2:L:13:LEU:HA	2:L:30:ILE:HD13	1.70	0.72
1:H:46:LEU:HD22	1:H:68:LEU:CD2	2.22	0.70
3:T:159:LYS:HB2	3:T:162:SER:HB3	1.73	0.70
2:L:120:LEU:HD12	2:L:126:SER:O	1.92	0.69
1:H:46:LEU:HD22	1:H:68:LEU:HD23	1.75	0.68
3:T:179:VAL:HB	3:T:185:TYR:CE2	2.29	0.68
1:H:45:THR:OG1	1:H:198:PRO:HB3	1.92	0.68
3:T:6:THR:HG23	3:T:93:LEU:HD22	1.76	0.68
1:H:235:ILE:O	1:H:239:GLN:HG3	1.95	0.67
1:H:199:HIS:HB3	1:H:211:GLY:CA	2.24	0.67
2:L:39:LEU:O	2:L:42:ILE:HG22	1.94	0.67
2:L:112:CYS:O	2:L:120:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.67
3:T:76:PHE:HD1	3:T:94:TYR:HB3	1.59	0.66
1:H:199:HIS:HB3	1:H:211:GLY:HA3	1.76	0.66
3:T:118:GLN:HG3	3:T:123:VAL:HG22	1.79	0.64
1:H:45:THR:HG21	1:H:209:LEU:HD13	1.79	0.63
3:T:108:LEU:HB2	3:T:202:SER:HB3	1.78	0.63
3:T:155:LEU:HB2	3:T:175:PHE:CE2	2.34	0.63
3:T:60:THR:O	3:T:64:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.63
1:H:63:ASN:N	1:H:63:ASN:ND2	2.47	0.62
1:H:126:ARG:O	1:H:129(A):GLU:HG3	1.99	0.62
2:L:77:GLU:HG2	3:T:61:ASP:OD2	2.00	0.62
1:H:76:HIS:HA	1:H:80:GLU:OE1	2.00	0.61
3:T:26:GLU:HB3	3:T:27:PRO:HA	1.82	0.61
1:H:192:LYS:HA	4:H:1258:380:C5	2.31	0.61
1:H:35:VAL:HG11	1:H:60(B):ILE:CD1	2.29	0.60
1:H:256:PHE:HA	1:H:257:PRO:C	2.22	0.60

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:T:151:LEU:HD12	3:T:192:VAL:O	2.02	0.59
3:T:123:VAL:HG21	3:T:210:MET:HE1	1.85	0.59
3:T:194:PRO:HA	3:T:200:ARG:NH1	2.17	0.59
1:H:253:ARG:HH11	1:H:253:ARG:HB2	1.68	0.59
3:T:116:PHE:HA	3:T:124:ASN:O	2.02	0.58
3:T:72:LEU:HD13	3:T:73:ALA:N	2.18	0.58
1:H:100:ASN:HD21	1:H:179:TYR:HB2	1.69	0.58
1:H:202:HIS:HB2	1:H:207:TRP:CH2	2.39	0.57
2:L:46:ASP:OD1	2:L:66:GLN:HG3	2.04	0.57
3:T:203:THR:HG22	9:T:2078:HOH:O	2.03	0.57
2:L:90:ILE:HG13	2:L:92:VAL:HG12	1.86	0.57
2:L:121:LEU:HD21	2:L:128:THR:CG2	2.35	0.57
1:H:84:ARG:NH1	1:H:109:HIS:CE1	2.73	0.56
3:T:63:ILE:C	3:T:63:ILE:HD12	2.25	0.56
1:H:202:HIS:HB2	1:H:207:TRP:CZ3	2.40	0.56
1:H:144:LEU:HD21	1:H:152:ALA:HB2	1.88	0.56
3:T:111:PRO:HG2	3:T:205:SER:HB3	1.86	0.55
1:H:143:GLN:CD	1:H:143:GLN:H	2.10	0.55
2:L:33:ASP:OD1	2:L:36:ARG:HG3	2.07	0.55
1:H:191:CYS:O	1:H:194:ASP:HB2	2.06	0.55
2:L:25:CGU:O	2:L:26:CGU:C	2.55	0.55
1:H:31:VAL:HG12	1:H:32:LEU:N	2.22	0.54
2:L:77:GLU:CG	2:L:85:LYS:HE2	2.38	0.54
1:H:27:CYS:N	1:H:28:PRO:CD	2.70	0.54
3:T:136:ARG:HG3	3:T:141:LEU:HD11	1.89	0.54
2:L:109:LYS:HE2	2:L:110:ARG:NH2	2.23	0.54
2:L:103:SER:HB2	2:L:111:SER:OG	2.07	0.54
3:T:111:PRO:HG3	3:T:190:GLN:HA	1.90	0.54
2:L:14:CGU:OE21	2:L:19:CGU:HG	2.08	0.53
1:H:61:TRP:O	1:H:250:VAL:HG21	2.08	0.53
1:H:47:ILE:O	1:H:48:ASN:HB3	2.09	0.53
3:T:131:ARG:NH2	3:T:142:SER:HB3	2.23	0.53
1:H:107:ARG:CZ	1:H:246:PRO:HG3	2.39	0.52
1:H:24:LYS:HA	1:H:71:HIS:ND1	2.24	0.52
3:T:76:PHE:CD1	3:T:94:TYR:HB3	2.41	0.52
2:L:101:TYR:OH	2:L:115:HIS:HD2	1.93	0.51
1:H:71:HIS:C	1:H:71:HIS:CD2	2.84	0.51
3:T:116:PHE:CD1	3:T:116:PHE:N	2.77	0.51
3:T:131:ARG:CZ	3:T:142:SER:HB3	2.40	0.51
1:H:37:ASN:ND2	1:H:63:ASN:OD1	2.43	0.51
2:L:129:PRO:HB3	2:L:134:PRO:HG3	1.93	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:L:137:LYS:O	2:L:139:PRO:HD3	2.11	0.51
1:H:32:LEU:HD12	1:H:33:LEU:N	2.24	0.51
1:H:68:LEU:HD12	1:H:68:LEU:N	2.26	0.51
2:L:26:CGU:O	2:L:29:CGU:HB3	2.11	0.50
3:T:45:TRP:HH2	3:T:72:LEU:HD12	1.76	0.50
2:L:121:LEU:HD21	2:L:128:THR:HG21	1.94	0.50
3:T:149:LYS:NZ	3:T:149:LYS:HB2	2.27	0.50
1:H:241:LEU:HG	9:H:2166:HOH:O	2.10	0.50
1:H:50:ILE:HG22	1:H:111:PRO:HA	1.93	0.50
2:L:13:LEU:HA	2:L:30:ILE:CD1	2.41	0.50
2:L:65:LEU:O	2:L:66:GLN:HB2	2.12	0.49
3:T:121:THR:O	3:T:179:VAL:HG22	2.11	0.49
1:H:157:VAL:HG22	1:H:158:LEU:N	2.27	0.49
2:L:137:LYS:HB2	9:L:2073:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
2:L:13:LEU:CA	2:L:30:ILE:HD13	2.41	0.48
3:T:12:LEU:HD12	3:T:12:LEU:N	2.28	0.48
1:H:137:LEU:HD23	1:H:159:ASN:HA	1.94	0.48
2:L:34:ALA:O	2:L:38:LYS:HG3	2.13	0.48
1:H:188(A):LYS:O	1:H:189:ASP:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:H:212:ILE:HB	1:H:229:THR:HB	1.94	0.48
1:H:51:TRP:CZ3	1:H:107:ARG:HB2	2.49	0.48
2:L:31:PHE:O	2:L:32:LYS:HB2	2.14	0.48
1:H:164:MET:CE	3:T:91:GLU:HB3	2.44	0.47
1:H:124:PRO:O	1:H:235:ILE:HD13	2.14	0.47
1:H:170(C):ARG:HD3	9:H:2124:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
3:T:159:LYS:HD2	3:T:162:SER:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:H:127:THR:O	1:H:129(B):ARG:HB3	2.14	0.47
1:H:59:PHE:HA	1:H:60(B):ILE:HG12	1.97	0.47
1:H:134:ARG:NE	3:T:43:GLY:O	2.47	0.47
2:L:16:CGU:O	2:L:22:CYS:HB3	2.15	0.47
3:T:194:PRO:HA	3:T:200:ARG:HH11	1.80	0.47
1:H:17:VAL:O	1:H:188(A):LYS:HA	2.15	0.47
3:T:66:ASP:CG	3:T:69:GLN:HG2	2.34	0.47
2:L:49:GLN:HG2	2:L:67:SER:N	2.29	0.47
3:T:6:THR:O	3:T:6:THR:HG23	2.15	0.47
1:H:126:ARG:HA	1:H:235:ILE:HD12	1.97	0.46
3:T:13:THR:O	3:T:23:LEU:HD12	2.15	0.46
1:H:88:VAL:HG22	1:H:106:LEU:HG	1.97	0.46
1:H:255:PRO:HD2	9:H:2075:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
2:L:108:THR:OG1	2:L:109:LYS:N	2.49	0.46
1:H:16:ILE:O	1:H:144:LEU:HA	2.15	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:T:157:TYR:HB3	3:T:187:PHE:HD1	1.80	0.46
3:T:192:VAL:HG22	3:T:201:LYS:HG2	1.96	0.46
2:L:25:CGU:O	2:L:29:CGU:N	2.49	0.46
3:T:159:LYS:HG2	3:T:185:TYR:CE1	2.51	0.45
1:H:46:LEU:HD22	1:H:68:LEU:HD21	1.99	0.45
2:L:42:ILE:HG23	2:L:43:SER:N	2.31	0.45
1:H:27:CYS:N	1:H:28:PRO:HD3	2.30	0.45
1:H:183:ALA:HB3	1:H:228:TYR:CE1	2.51	0.45
1:H:239:GLN:NE2	9:H:2167:HOH:O	2.49	0.45
1:H:77:ASP:O	1:H:80:GLU:HG3	2.17	0.45
3:T:147:PHE:O	3:T:150:ASP:HB2	2.17	0.45
3:T:155:LEU:HB2	3:T:175:PHE:CD2	2.53	0.44
1:H:125:GLU:HG3	2:L:101:TYR:CE1	2.52	0.44
1:H:126:ARG:HH11	1:H:233:GLN:NE2	2.16	0.44
3:T:118:GLN:CG	3:T:123:VAL:HG22	2.46	0.44
1:H:209:LEU:HG	1:H:231:VAL:HG21	2.00	0.44
3:T:127:VAL:HG22	3:T:189:VAL:HG11	1.99	0.44
2:L:4:PHE:CE2	2:L:5:LEU:HG	2.53	0.43
2:L:14:CGU:O	2:L:18:LYS:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:H:50:ILE:HG22	1:H:111:PRO:CA	2.48	0.43
2:L:25:CGU:CD2	2:L:28:ARG:HE	2.31	0.43
2:L:47:GLY:O	2:L:49:GLN:NE2	2.51	0.43
1:H:128:PHE:HB2	9:L:2052:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
3:T:127:VAL:HG11	3:T:153:TYR:CE2	2.52	0.43
3:T:131:ARG:HD2	3:T:140:PHE:O	2.19	0.43
1:H:59:PHE:HZ	1:H:106:LEU:HD21	1.82	0.43
1:H:25:GLY:O	1:H:28:PRO:HD3	2.19	0.43
2:L:3:ALA:HB3	2:L:6:CGU:OE21	2.19	0.43
1:H:137:LEU:HD23	1:H:159:ASN:HD22	1.84	0.43
1:H:114:LEU:HD22	1:H:120:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.43
2:L:110:ARG:C	2:L:110:ARG:HD2	2.39	0.43
1:H:16:ILE:N	1:H:194:ASP:OD2	2.52	0.42
3:T:118:GLN:HG3	3:T:123:VAL:CG2	2.47	0.42
1:H:114:LEU:CD2	1:H:120:PRO:HD3	2.49	0.42
1:H:35:VAL:HG22	1:H:41:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.42
3:T:148:GLY:O	3:T:150:ASP:N	2.52	0.42
3:T:193:ILE:HA	3:T:194:PRO:HD2	1.68	0.42
3:T:91:GLU:HA	3:T:92:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.42
3:T:157:TYR:CE1	3:T:166:LYS:HB2	2.54	0.42
1:H:57:HIS:CE1	1:H:195:SER:HB3	2.55	0.42
1:H:70:GLU:HA	1:H:70:GLU:OE1	2.20	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:T:12:LEU:CD1	3:T:12:LEU:N	2.82	0.41
3:T:63:ILE:HD12	3:T:64:VAL:HG13	2.01	0.41
1:H:123:LEU:HA	1:H:123:LEU:HD12	1.94	0.41
1:H:204:ARG:HH22	2:L:97:GLY:C	2.23	0.41
1:H:143:GLN:HA	1:H:150:ALA:O	2.20	0.41
2:L:14:CGU:O	2:L:19:CGU:N	2.53	0.41
1:H:101:HIS:HA	1:H:234:TYR:OH	2.21	0.41
1:H:247:ARG:HA	1:H:248:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.41
2:L:4:PHE:O	2:L:5:LEU:HB2	2.21	0.41
2:L:48:ASP:OD2	2:L:50:CYS:HB2	2.21	0.41
3:T:25:TRP:O	3:T:55:THR:HB	2.21	0.41
1:H:32:LEU:HD11	1:H:40:GLN:HG3	2.03	0.40
3:T:158:TRP:CE2	3:T:186:CYS:HB2	2.56	0.40
1:H:137:LEU:HA	1:H:158:LEU:O	2.21	0.40
1:H:65:ILE:HD13	1:H:84:ARG:HA	2.03	0.40
1:H:91:PRO:HG3	1:H:237:TRP:CH2	2.55	0.40
1:H:145:LEU:O	1:H:146:ASP:C	2.60	0.40
2:L:89:LEU:HD12	2:L:89:LEU:HA	1.86	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	H	247/254 (97%)	221 (90%)	21 (8%)	5 (2%)	7	34
2	L	131/142 (92%)	112 (86%)	18 (14%)	1 (1%)	19	57
3	T	180/210 (86%)	159 (88%)	16 (9%)	5 (3%)	5	25
All	All	558/606 (92%)	492 (88%)	55 (10%)	11 (2%)	7	34

All (11) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	48	ASN
1	H	149	GLY
3	T	149	LYS
3	T	41	LYS
3	T	66	ASP
3	T	183	GLU
1	H	49	THR
1	H	189	ASP
3	T	109	GLY
1	H	213	VAL
2	L	139	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	H	214/216 (99%)	205 (96%)	9 (4%)	30	66
2	L	115/115 (100%)	113 (98%)	2 (2%)	60	85
3	T	177/193 (92%)	175 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	90
All	All	506/524 (97%)	493 (97%)	13 (3%)	46	78

All (13) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	29	TRP
1	H	35	VAL
1	H	63	ASN
1	H	84	ARG
1	H	100	ASN
1	H	159	ASN
1	H	180	MET
1	H	217	GLN
1	H	253	ARG
2	L	110	ARG
2	L	139	PRO
3	T	116	PHE

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	T	149	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (12) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	37	ASN
1	H	60(D)	ASN
1	H	63	ASN
1	H	100	ASN
1	H	159	ASN
1	H	233	GLN
1	H	239	GLN
2	L	80	ASN
2	L	88	GLN
2	L	115	HIS
3	T	184	ASN
3	T	199	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

9 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	CGU	L	20	2,5	3,11,12	0.63	0	1,14,16	0.02	0
2	CGU	L	25	2,5	3,11,12	0.78	0	1,14,16	0.19	0
2	CGU	L	19	2,5	3,11,12	0.56	0	1,14,16	0.34	0
2	CGU	L	26	2,5	3,11,12	0.70	0	1,14,16	0.11	0
2	CGU	L	14	2,5	3,11,12	0.69	0	1,14,16	0.09	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	CGU	L	6	2,5	3,11,12	0.66	0	1,14,16	0.27	0
2	CGU	L	29	2,5	3,11,12	0.75	0	1,14,16	0.03	0
2	CGU	L	16	2,5	3,11,12	0.60	0	1,14,16	0.75	0
2	CGU	L	7	2,5	3,11,12	0.79	0	1,14,16	0.03	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CGU	L	20	2,5	-	0/5/14/16	-
2	CGU	L	25	2,5	-	0/5/14/16	-
2	CGU	L	19	2,5	-	0/5/14/16	-
2	CGU	L	26	2,5	-	0/5/14/16	-
2	CGU	L	14	2,5	-	0/5/14/16	-
2	CGU	L	6	2,5	-	3/5/14/16	-
2	CGU	L	29	2,5	-	0/5/14/16	-
2	CGU	L	16	2,5	-	1/5/14/16	-
2	CGU	L	7	2,5	-	0/5/14/16	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	L	6	CGU	O-C-CA-CB
2	L	16	CGU	O-C-CA-CB
2	L	6	CGU	CA-CB-CG-CD1
2	L	6	CGU	CA-CB-CG-CD2

There are no ring outliers.

7 monomers are involved in 9 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	L	25	CGU	3	0
2	L	19	CGU	2	0
2	L	26	CGU	2	0
2	L	14	CGU	3	0

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	L	6	CGU	1	0
2	L	29	CGU	2	0
2	L	16	CGU	1	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 13 ligands modelled in this entry, 9 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
8	BGC	L	1161	2	11,11,12	0.77	0	15,15,17	2.48	7 (46%)
6	CAC	H	1260	-	0,4,4	0.00	-	0,6,6	0.00	-
7	FUC	L	1143	2	10,10,11	0.77	0	14,14,16	1.00	1 (7%)
4	380	H	1258	-	33,33,33	1.16	3 (9%)	40,44,44	2.25	9 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	BGC	L	1161	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	FUC	L	1143	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	380	H	1258	-	-	5/25/25/25	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	H	1258	380	C11-N3	2.78	1.50	1.45

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	H	1258	380	C11-C22	-2.57	1.48	1.54
4	H	1258	380	C3-C2	2.19	1.43	1.39

All (17) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	H	1258	380	C25-N24-C22	-9.96	108.01	122.34
8	L	1161	BGC	C1-O5-C5	-6.41	103.51	112.19
4	H	1258	380	C2-C1-N1	3.80	123.78	118.05
8	L	1161	BGC	O5-C1-C2	3.67	116.44	110.77
4	H	1258	380	O23-C22-N24	-3.65	115.15	122.99
4	H	1258	380	C32-O3-C20	3.32	122.54	117.53
8	L	1161	BGC	O5-C5-C6	3.14	112.12	107.20
4	H	1258	380	C17-C12-C11	3.00	125.04	119.78
4	H	1258	380	C25-C26-C27	-2.92	114.86	120.91
8	L	1161	BGC	O2-C2-C1	2.62	114.51	109.15
4	H	1258	380	C16-C12-C11	-2.50	116.70	120.80
4	H	1258	380	C12-C11-N3	2.47	117.88	112.06
4	H	1258	380	C5-N3-C11	-2.38	117.34	121.90
8	L	1161	BGC	C1-C2-C3	-2.24	106.92	109.67
7	L	1143	FUC	C1-O5-C5	-2.20	107.78	112.78
8	L	1161	BGC	O3-C3-C4	2.20	115.43	110.35
8	L	1161	BGC	C3-C4-C5	-2.02	106.64	110.24

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	H	1258	380	N3-C11-C22-N24
4	H	1258	380	N3-C11-C22-O23
4	H	1258	380	N1-C1-C2-C3
4	H	1258	380	N2-C1-C2-C3
4	H	1258	380	N2-C1-C2-C7

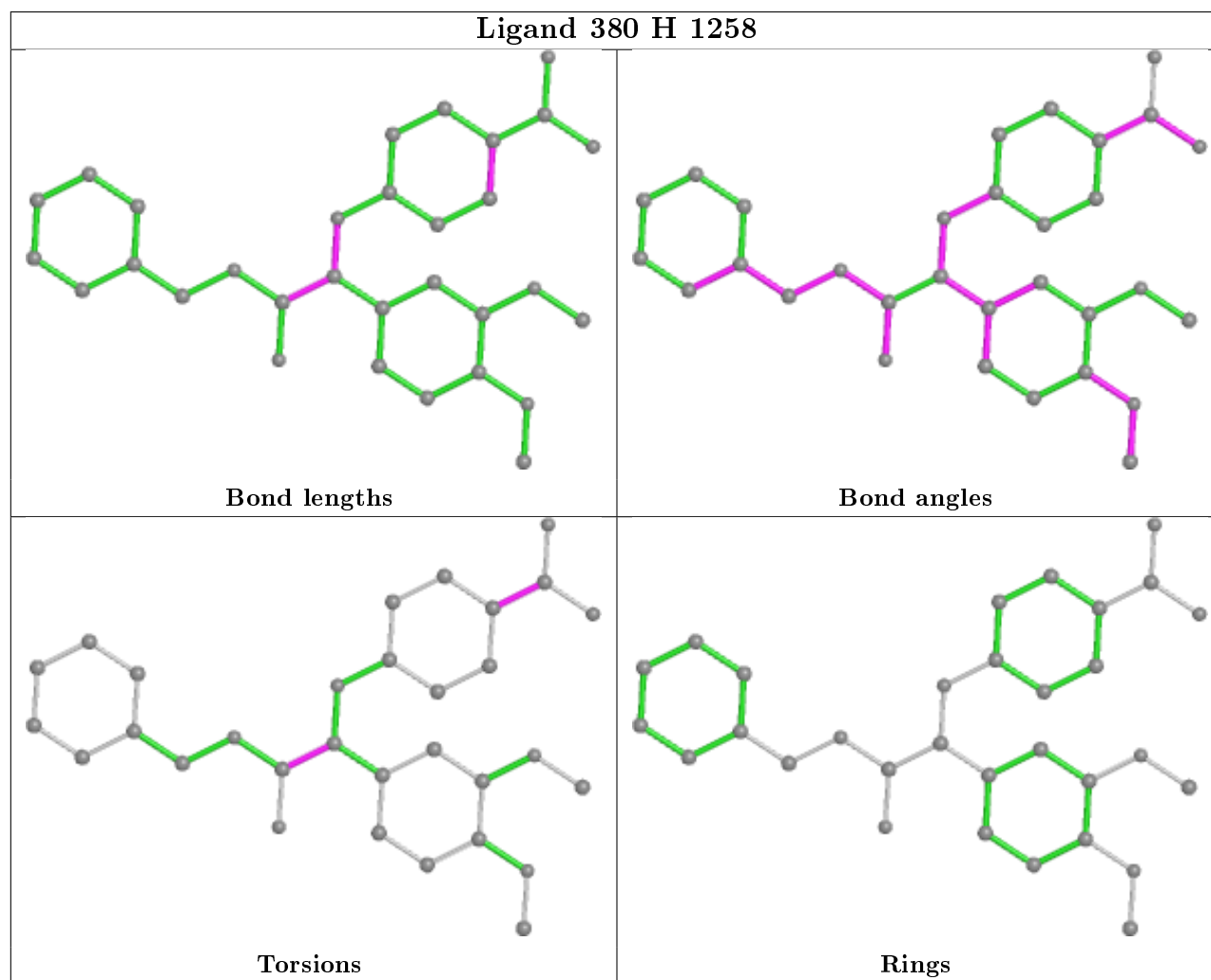
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	H	1258	380	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

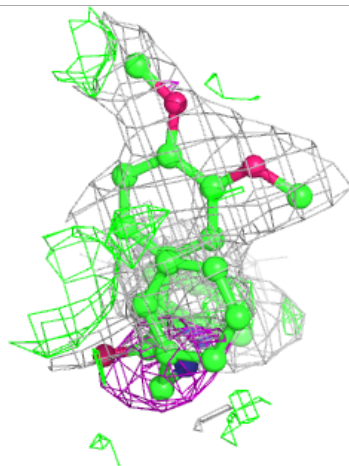
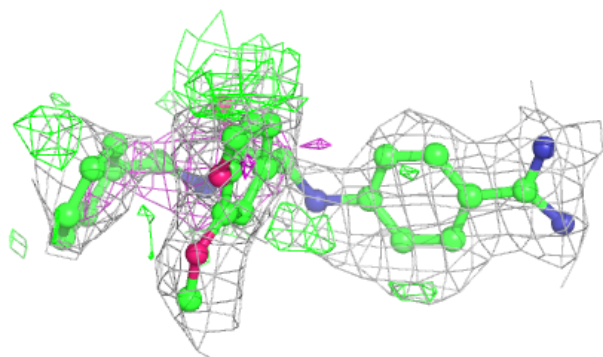
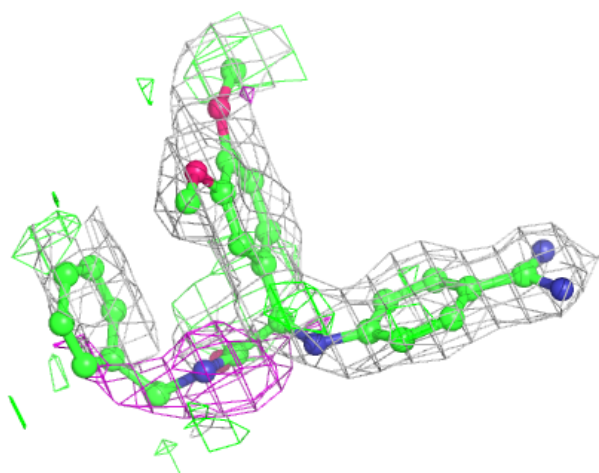
### 6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around 380 H 1258:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.