



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 16, 2020 – 12:44 pm BST

PDB ID : 5WBF
Title : Double CACHE (dCACHE) sensing domain of TlpC chemoreceptor from *Helicobacter pylori*
Authors : Machuca, M.A.; Johnson, K.S.; Liu, Y.C.; Steer, D.L.; Ottemann, K.M.; Roujeinikova, A.
Deposited on : 2017-06-28
Resolution : 2.19 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

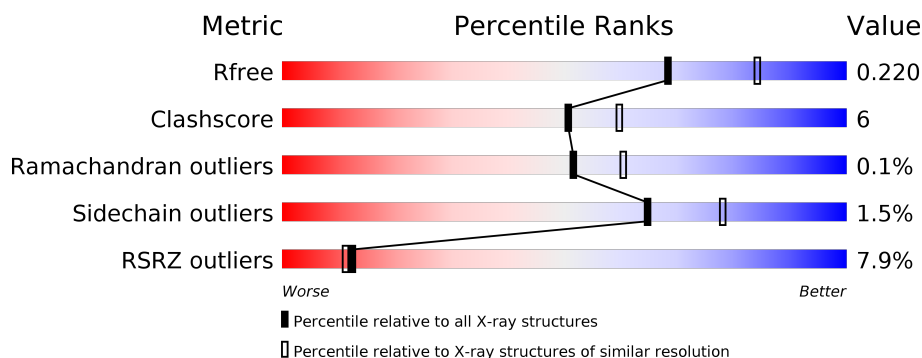
1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.19 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	270	<div> <div>11%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>84%</div> <div>10%</div> <div>••</div> </div> </div>
1	B	270	<div> <div>7%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>86%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>6%</div> </div> </div>
1	C	270	<div> <div>5%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>90%</div> <div>6%</div> <div>•</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	GOL	C	301	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6786 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

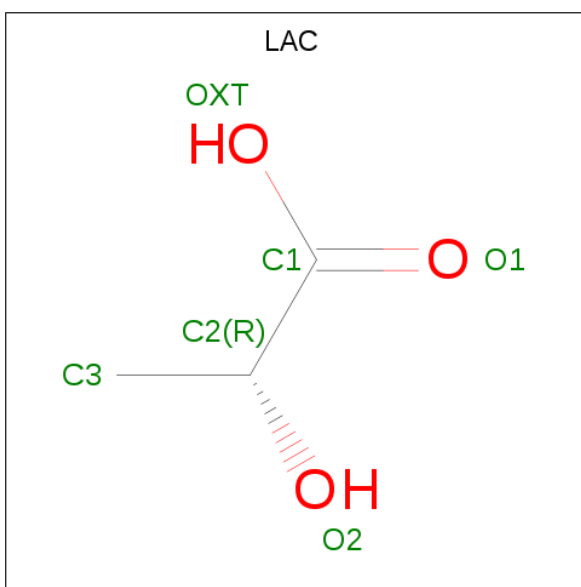
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Methyl-accepting chemotaxis transducer (TlpC).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	258	Total	C	N	O	S	0	6	0
			2121	1349	361	402	9			
1	B	254	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			2070	1322	354	385	9			
1	C	261	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			2119	1349	362	399	9			

There are 18 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	28	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
A	29	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
A	30	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
A	31	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
A	32	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
A	33	THR	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
B	28	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
B	29	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
B	30	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
B	31	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
B	32	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
B	33	THR	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
C	28	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
C	29	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
C	30	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
C	31	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
C	32	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP O24911
C	33	THR	-	expression tag	UNP O24911

- Molecule 2 is LACTIC ACID (three-letter code: LAC) (formula: C₃H₆O₃) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by author).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
2	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
2	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

- Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

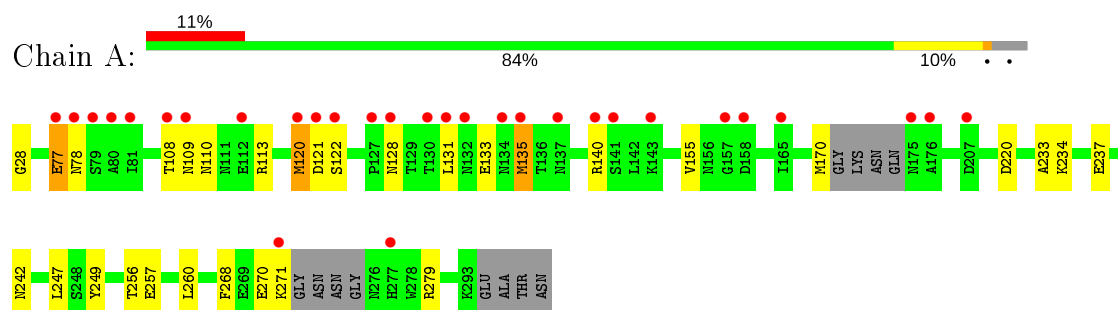
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	107	Total 107	O 107	0	0
4	B	154	Total 154	O 154	0	0
4	C	191	Total 191	O 191	0	0

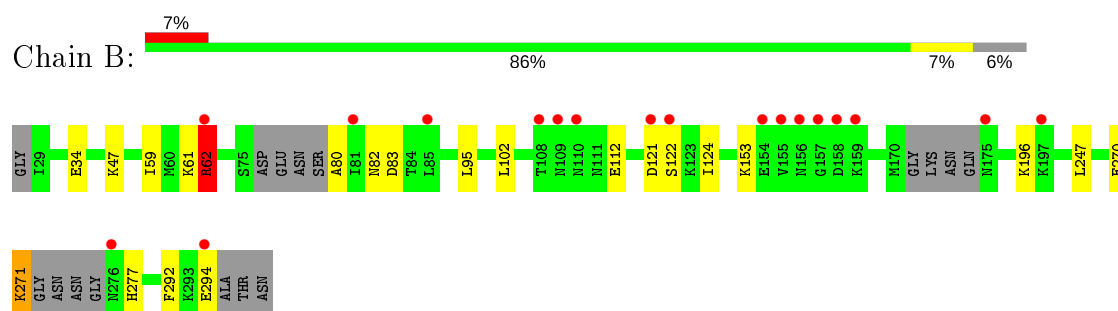
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

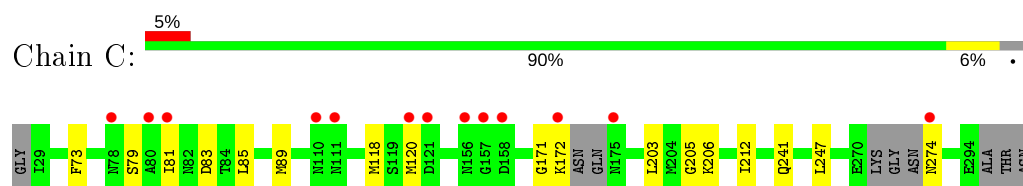
- Molecule 1: Methyl-accepting chemotaxis transducer (TlpC)



- Molecule 1: Methyl-accepting chemotaxis transducer (TlpC)



- Molecule 1: Methyl-accepting chemotaxis transducer (TlpC)



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	189.33Å 103.17Å 61.79Å 90.00° 98.32° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.57 – 2.19 30.39 – 2.19	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.6 (30.57-2.19) 97.6 (30.39-2.19)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	4.18 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.9_1692	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.182 , 0.218 0.189 , 0.220	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3002 reflections (5.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	36.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.179	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 60.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	6786	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.48% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, LAC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.84	1/2158 (0.0%)	0.70	0/2910
1	B	0.87	1/2106 (0.0%)	0.74	4/2837 (0.1%)
1	C	0.88	0/2157	0.70	0/2908
All	All	0.86	2/6421 (0.0%)	0.72	4/8655 (0.0%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	34	GLU	CD-OE1	6.82	1.33	1.25
1	A	271	LYS	N-CA	5.22	1.56	1.46

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	61	LYS	O-C-N	9.14	137.33	122.70
1	B	61	LYS	CA-C-N	-7.13	101.50	117.20
1	B	62[A]	ARG	C-N-CA	5.39	135.19	121.70
1	B	62[B]	ARG	C-N-CA	5.39	135.19	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2121	0	2118	29	2
1	B	2070	0	2087	20	2
1	C	2119	0	2117	24	0
2	A	6	0	5	1	0
2	B	6	0	5	0	0
2	C	6	0	5	0	0
3	C	6	0	7	5	0
4	A	107	0	0	8	1
4	B	154	0	0	5	0
4	C	191	0	0	3	2
All	All	6786	0	6344	72	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (72) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:131:LEU:HD12	4:A:467:HOH:O	1.71	0.90
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CZ	1:C:81:ILE:HG12	2.08	0.87
1:B:62[A]:ARG:HG3	1:B:62[A]:ARG:HH11	1.40	0.86
1:A:120:MET:HE3	1:A:155:VAL:HG12	1.57	0.85
1:A:120:MET:CE	1:A:155:VAL:CG1	2.57	0.83
1:A:249:TYR:OH	2:A:301:LAC:OXT	1.98	0.81
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CZ	1:C:81:ILE:HG21	2.16	0.81
1:A:120:MET:HE3	1:A:155:VAL:CG1	2.13	0.79
1:B:59:ILE:O	1:B:62[A]:ARG:HB2	1.83	0.77
1:B:62[A]:ARG:NH1	1:B:62[A]:ARG:HG3	1.98	0.76
1:A:120:MET:HE2	1:A:155:VAL:HG11	1.67	0.76
1:A:121:ASP:OD1	1:A:122:SER:N	2.19	0.76
1:A:120:MET:CE	1:A:155:VAL:HG11	2.17	0.75
1:C:206:LYS:HZ1	3:C:301:GOL:H2	1.52	0.74
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CE2	1:C:81:ILE:HG21	2.23	0.73
1:A:234:LYS:NZ	4:A:402:HOH:O	2.22	0.71
1:A:120:MET:HE2	1:A:155:VAL:CG1	2.20	0.71
1:A:120:MET:CE	1:A:155:VAL:HG12	2.21	0.70
1:B:80:ALA:N	4:B:402:HOH:O	2.25	0.69
1:C:206:LYS:HG3	3:C:301:GOL:H11	1.74	0.69
1:B:83:ASP:OD2	4:B:401:HOH:O	2.11	0.67
1:C:73[B]:PHE:HZ	1:C:81:ILE:HG12	1.60	0.66
1:A:220:ASP:OD1	4:A:401:HOH:O	2.14	0.65
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CE1	1:C:81:ILE:HG12	2.31	0.65

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:206:LYS:NZ	3:C:301:GOL:H2	2.13	0.64
1:A:257:GLU:HG3	1:B:270:GLU:O	1.99	0.63
1:B:62[B]:ARG:HH11	1:B:62[B]:ARG:CG	2.14	0.60
1:C:79:SER:HB2	1:C:81:ILE:HD12	1.85	0.59
1:C:83:ASP:OD2	4:C:401:HOH:O	2.16	0.59
1:A:28:GLY:N	4:A:407:HOH:O	2.37	0.57
1:C:81:ILE:HG23	1:C:85:LEU:HB2	1.85	0.57
1:A:108:THR:HB	1:A:140:ARG:HD3	1.88	0.56
1:A:234:LYS:NZ	4:A:408:HOH:O	2.40	0.55
1:C:171:GLY:O	1:C:172:LYS:HG3	2.07	0.55
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CE1	1:C:81:ILE:CD1	2.91	0.54
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CZ	1:C:81:ILE:CG1	2.85	0.53
1:A:268:PHE:CE2	1:A:270[A]:GLU:HG2	2.43	0.53
1:B:62[B]:ARG:NH1	1:B:62[B]:ARG:HG2	2.23	0.53
1:C:205:GLY:HA3	3:C:301:GOL:H31	1.91	0.53
1:B:62[B]:ARG:HB3	4:B:412:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CZ	1:C:81:ILE:CG2	2.91	0.51
1:A:131:LEU:HA	4:A:467:HOH:O	2.10	0.50
1:A:256:THR:OG1	1:A:257:GLU:N	2.44	0.50
1:A:77:GLU:HG3	1:A:78:ASN:H	1.77	0.50
1:A:135:MET:HE2	4:A:494:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
1:A:128:ASN:HB2	4:A:480:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
1:C:206:LYS:CG	3:C:301:GOL:H11	2.42	0.48
1:B:62[B]:ARG:NH1	1:B:62[B]:ARG:CG	2.73	0.48
1:B:292:PHE:O	1:B:294:GLU:HG3	2.13	0.48
1:A:242:ASN:HB2	1:A:279:ARG:CZ	2.45	0.47
1:B:271:LYS:N	1:B:271:LYS:CD	2.78	0.47
1:A:247:LEU:HD11	1:A:260:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.47
1:B:277:HIS:HE1	4:B:534:HOH:O	1.98	0.46
1:B:95:LEU:HG	1:B:124:ILE:HD11	1.96	0.46
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CE1	1:C:81:ILE:HD13	2.51	0.46
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CE1	1:C:81:ILE:CG1	2.98	0.45
1:B:112:GLU:HG2	4:B:482:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:B:102:LEU:HD21	1:B:153:LYS:HE2	1.99	0.45
1:B:62[A]:ARG:CG	1:B:62[A]:ARG:HH11	2.14	0.44
1:C:118:MET:SD	1:C:120:MET:SD	3.17	0.43
1:C:241:GLN:NE2	4:C:427:HOH:O	2.52	0.43
1:C:274:ASN:N	4:C:423:HOH:O	2.50	0.43
1:C:73[B]:PHE:CE2	1:C:89:MET:HG3	2.54	0.43
1:A:113:ARG:HG2	1:A:113:ARG:HH11	1.82	0.42
1:A:77:GLU:HG3	1:A:78:ASN:N	2.34	0.42

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:203:LEU:HB3	1:C:212:ILE:HB	2.01	0.42
1:A:233:ALA:O	1:A:237:GLU:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:B:62[B]:ARG:HH11	1:B:62[B]:ARG:HG2	1.81	0.40
1:A:109:ASN:HB2	1:A:110:ASN:OD1	2.20	0.40
1:A:268:PHE:HE2	1:A:270[A]:GLU:HG2	1.85	0.40
1:B:62[A]:ARG:CG	1:B:62[A]:ARG:NH1	2.73	0.40

All (4) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:486:HOH:O	4:C:576:HOH:O[3_455]	2.14	0.06
1:A:133:GLU:OE2	1:B:277:HIS:CD2[4_556]	2.14	0.06
1:A:122:SER:O	1:B:47[B]:LYS:NZ[4_555]	2.16	0.04
4:C:473:HOH:O	4:C:571:HOH:O[2_655]	2.17	0.03

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	258/270 (96%)	249 (96%)	8 (3%)	1 (0%)	34	37
1	B	249/270 (92%)	241 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	258/270 (96%)	253 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	765/810 (94%)	743 (97%)	21 (3%)	1 (0%)	51	60

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	77	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	235/237 (99%)	232 (99%)	3 (1%)	69	81
1	B	229/237 (97%)	222 (97%)	7 (3%)	40	51
1	C	234/237 (99%)	233 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	96
All	All	698/711 (98%)	687 (98%)	11 (2%)	65	76

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	120	MET
1	A	135	MET
1	A	170	MET
1	B	62[A]	ARG
1	B	62[B]	ARG
1	B	121	ASP
1	B	122	SER
1	B	196	LYS
1	B	247	LEU
1	B	271	LYS
1	C	247	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	LAC	A	301	-	2,5,5	0.56	0	3,6,6	0.61	0
3	GOL	C	301	-	5,5,5	1.68	1 (20%)	5,5,5	1.84	2 (40%)
2	LAC	B	301	-	2,5,5	0.40	0	3,6,6	0.51	0
2	LAC	C	302	-	2,5,5	0.35	0	3,6,6	0.25	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	LAC	A	301	-	-	0/0/4/4	-
3	GOL	C	301	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
2	LAC	B	301	-	-	0/0/4/4	-
2	LAC	C	302	-	-	0/0/4/4	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	301	GOL	O2-C2	-3.41	1.33	1.43

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	301	GOL	O3-C3-C2	2.64	122.86	110.20
3	C	301	GOL	O2-C2-C3	-2.46	98.31	109.12

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

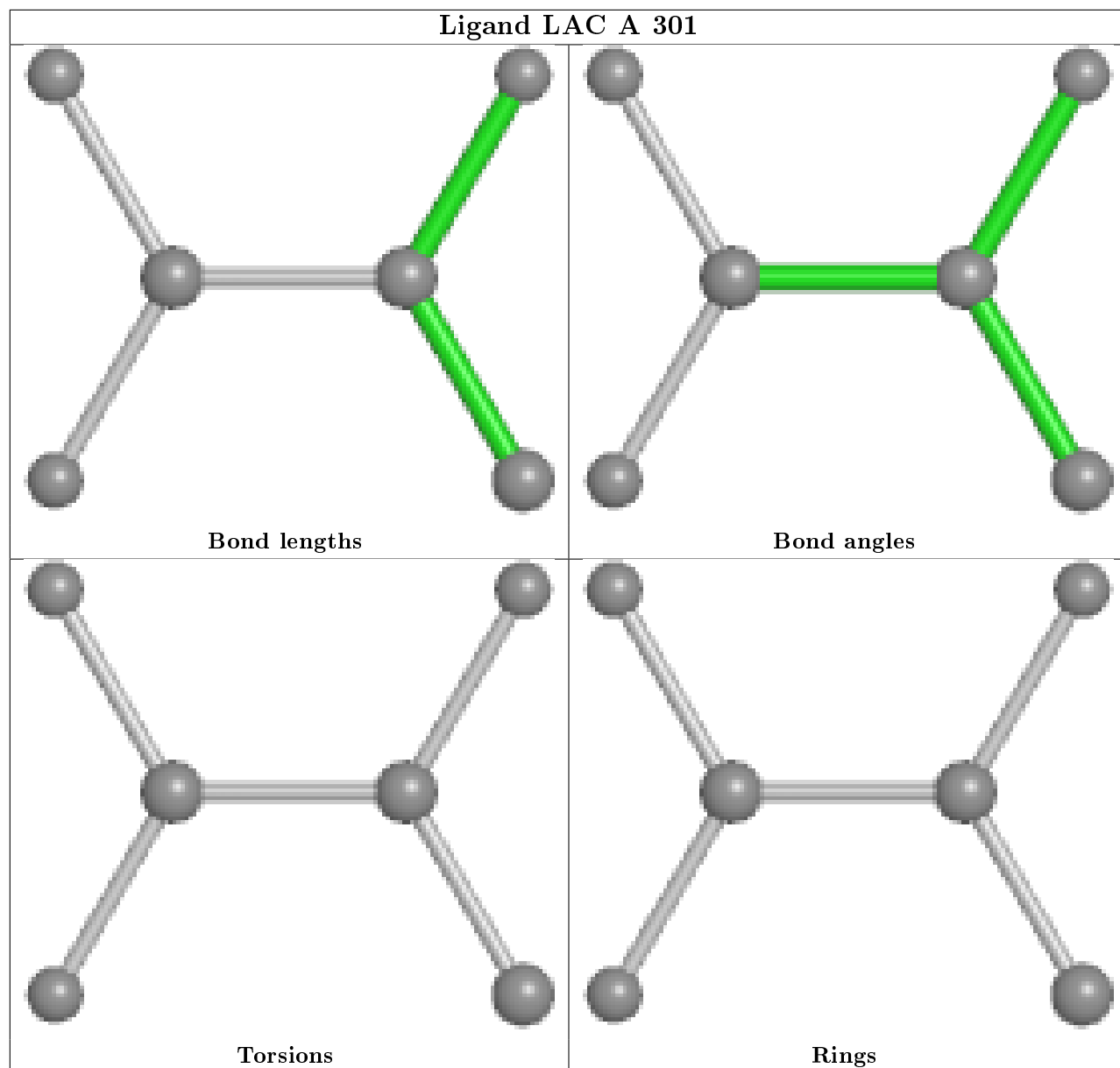
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	301	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	C	301	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3

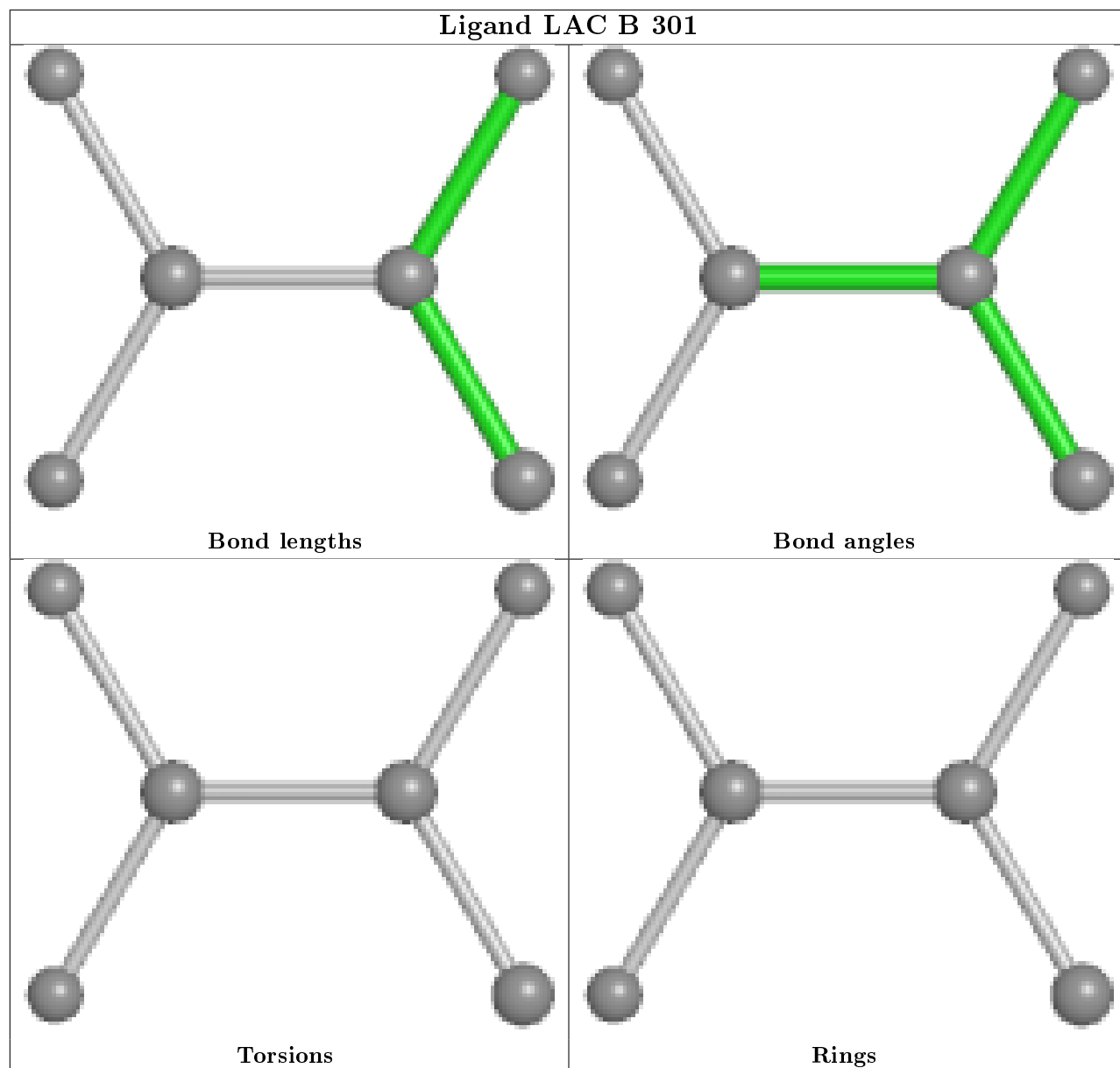
There are no ring outliers.

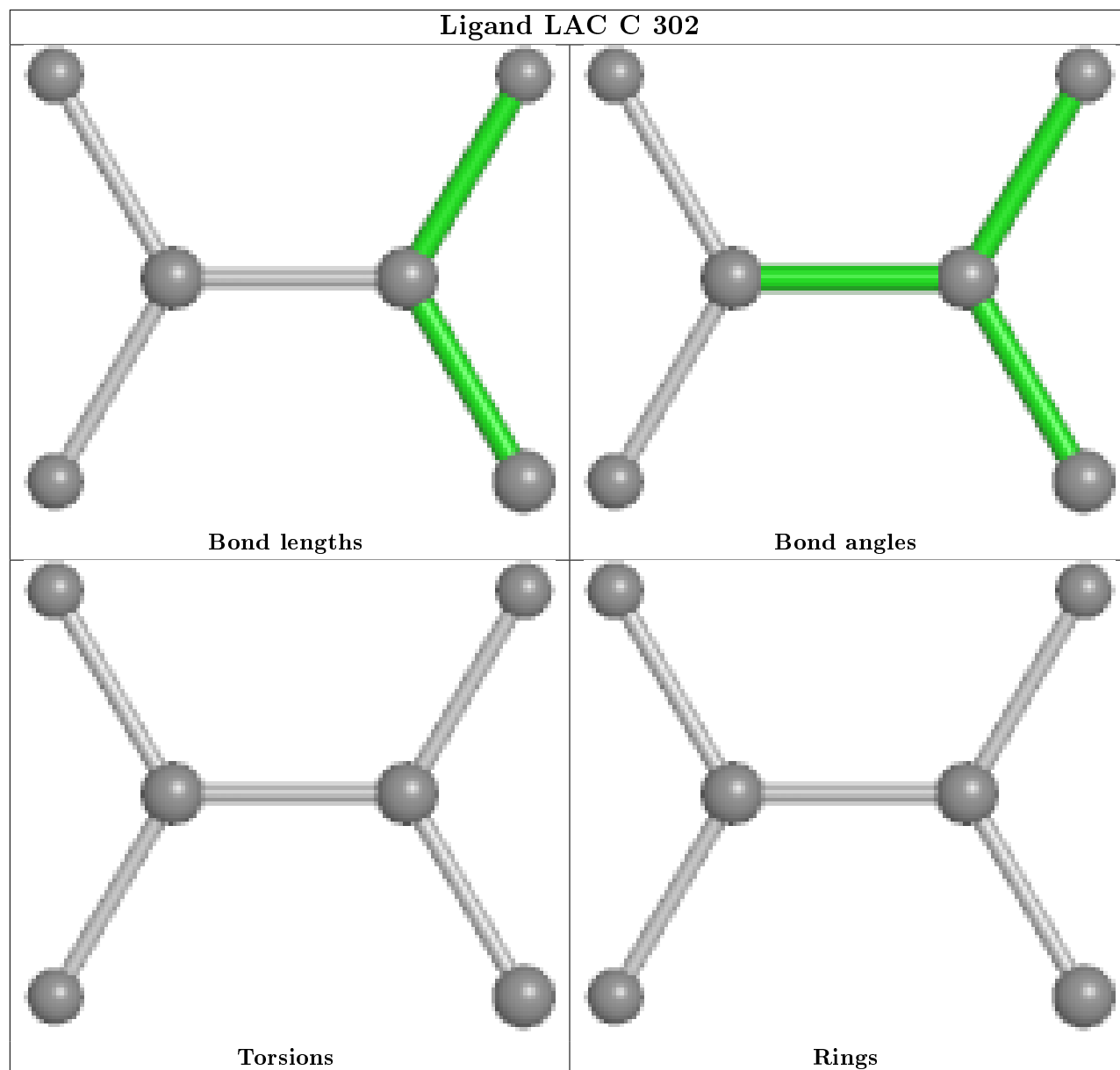
2 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	301	LAC	1	0
3	C	301	GOL	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	258/270 (95%)	0.50	30 (11%) 4 4	25, 48, 99, 111	0
1	B	254/270 (94%)	0.13	18 (7%) 16 14	25, 40, 81, 124	0
1	C	261/270 (96%)	0.21	13 (4%) 28 27	21, 37, 82, 110	0
All	All	773/810 (95%)	0.28	61 (7%) 12 11	21, 41, 90, 124	0

All (61) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	276	ASN	6.0
1	A	175	ASN	5.3
1	A	80	ALA	5.3
1	B	294	GLU	5.1
1	A	81	ILE	4.6
1	C	157	GLY	4.5
1	A	131	LEU	4.4
1	A	134	ASN	4.4
1	B	156	ASN	4.3
1	B	175	ASN	4.3
1	A	132	ASN	4.2
1	B	122	SER	4.2
1	A	143	LYS	4.1
1	A	135	MET	3.8
1	B	157	GLY	3.7
1	B	62[A]	ARG	3.4
1	B	121	ASP	3.4
1	C	156	ASN	3.3
1	C	80	ALA	3.2
1	A	140	ARG	3.2
1	A	122	SER	3.2
1	B	155	VAL	3.2
1	A	158	ASP	3.2

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	271	LYS	3.1
1	B	197	LYS	3.1
1	C	158	ASP	3.1
1	B	110	ASN	3.0
1	A	79	SER	3.0
1	B	158	ASP	2.9
1	A	130	THR	2.9
1	C	78	ASN	2.8
1	C	121	ASP	2.7
1	A	137	ASN	2.7
1	A	121	ASP	2.7
1	A	120	MET	2.6
1	B	85	LEU	2.6
1	A	141	SER	2.5
1	C	175	ASN	2.5
1	C	172	LYS	2.5
1	C	81	ILE	2.5
1	B	108	THR	2.4
1	B	154	GLU	2.4
1	A	127	PRO	2.4
1	A	157	GLY	2.4
1	A	77	GLU	2.3
1	C	110	ASN	2.3
1	A	277	HIS	2.3
1	A	108	THR	2.3
1	A	207	ASP	2.3
1	C	274	ASN	2.3
1	A	112	GLU	2.2
1	C	111	ASN	2.2
1	B	81	ILE	2.2
1	A	176	ALA	2.2
1	B	109	ASN	2.2
1	B	159	LYS	2.1
1	A	78	ASN	2.1
1	A	128	ASN	2.1
1	A	109	ASN	2.0
1	C	120	MET	2.0
1	A	165	ILE	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

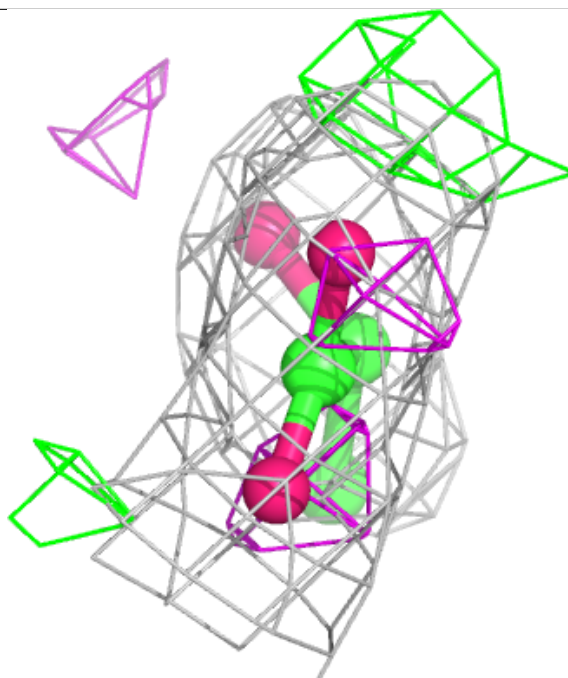
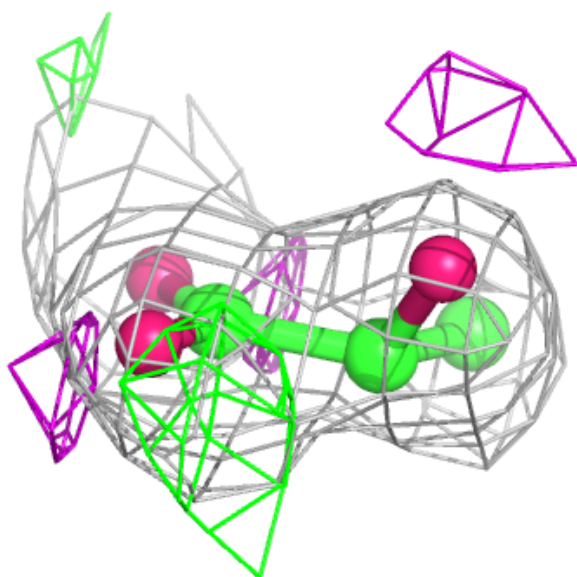
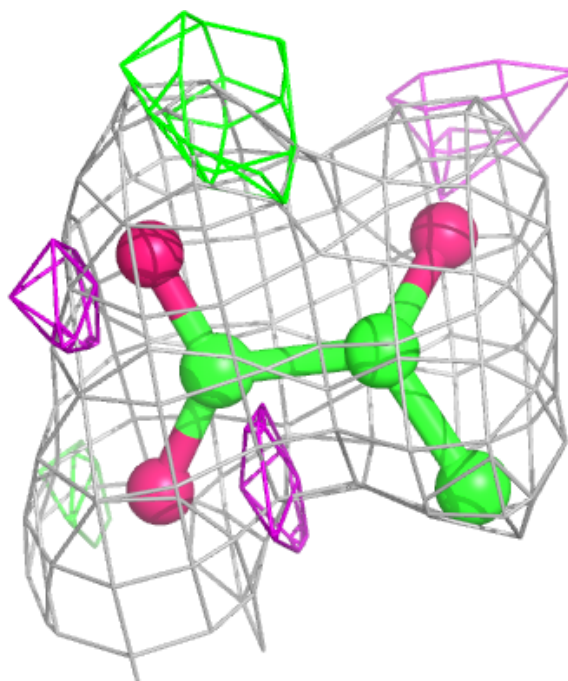
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	LAC	A	301	6/6	0.82	0.18	38,41,60,60	0
2	LAC	C	302	6/6	0.89	0.21	35,39,53,59	0
2	LAC	B	301	6/6	0.91	0.11	34,38,45,57	0
3	GOL	C	301	6/6	0.96	0.33	5,19,26,32	6

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

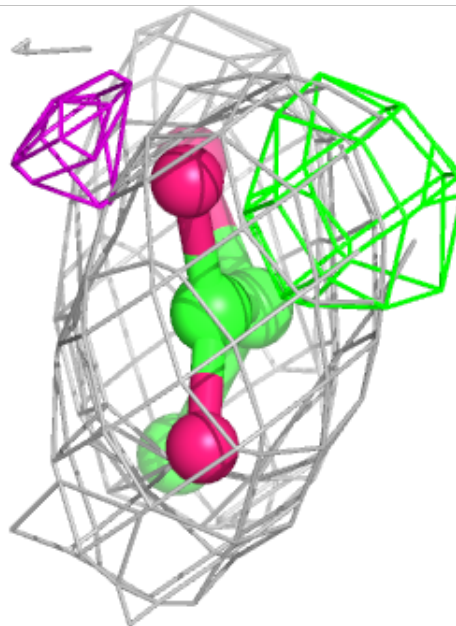
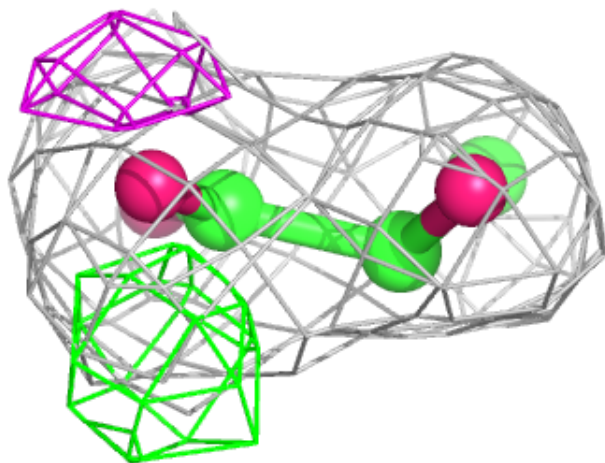
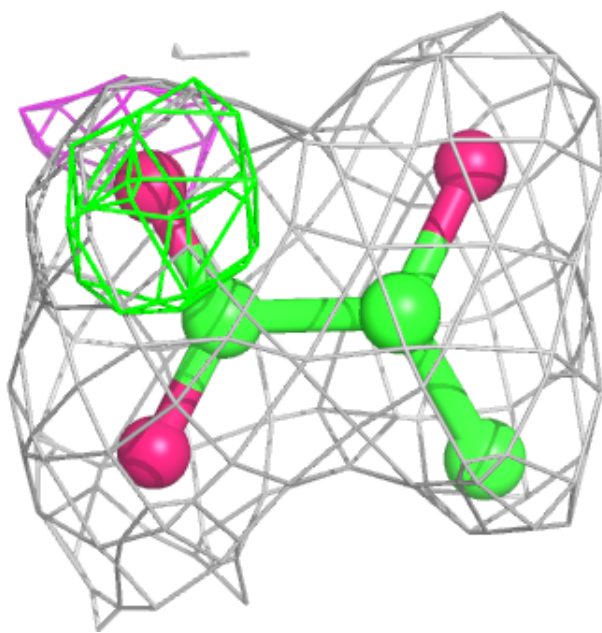
Electron density around LAC A 301:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



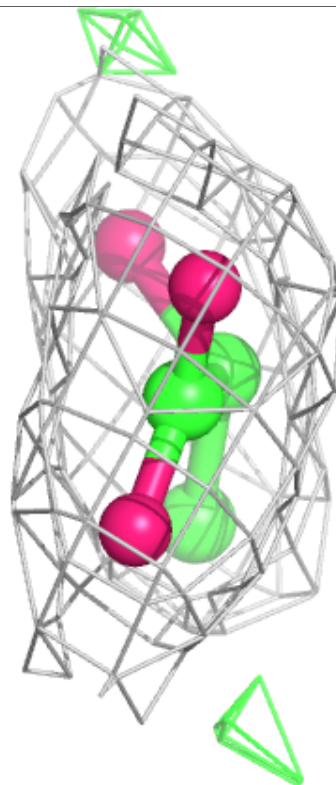
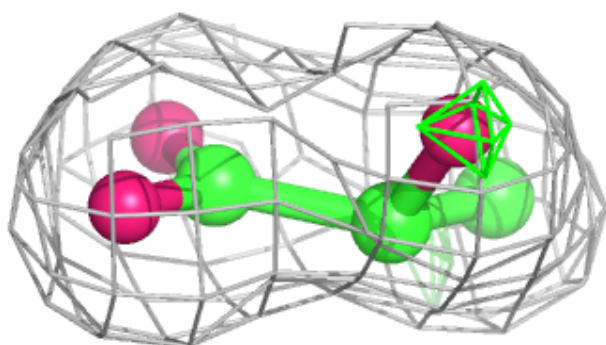
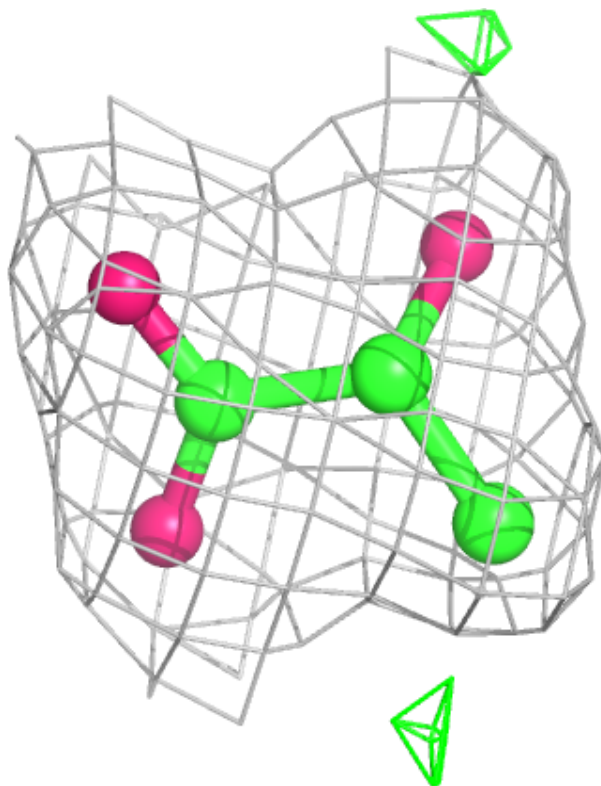
Electron density around LAC C 302:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around LAC B 301:

$2mF_o - DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 $mF_o - DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.