



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 10, 2020 – 01:50 AM BST

PDB ID : 5WKX  
Title : Barium sites in the structure of a resting acid sensing ion channel  
Authors : Yoder, N.; Gouaux, E.  
Deposited on : 2017-07-25  
Resolution : 4.03 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.13.1  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

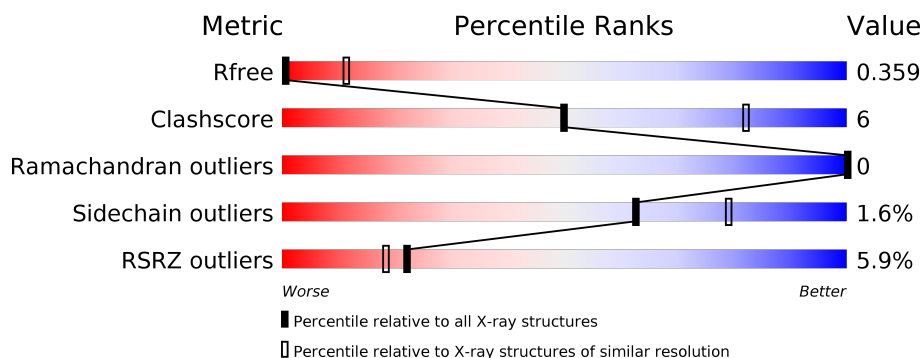
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.03 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1105 (4.38-3.70)
Clashscore	141614	1005 (4.36-3.72)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1125 (4.38-3.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1115 (4.38-3.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1003 (4.40-3.68)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	439	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>78%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>• 5%</div> </div> </div>
1	B	439	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>83%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>5%</div> </div> </div>
1	C	439	<div> <div>10%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>82%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>6%</div> </div> </div>
2	D	2	<div> <div></div> <div>100%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-

ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NAG	A	501	-	-	-	X
3	NAG	C	502	-	-	-	X
4	CL	B	504	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9355 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Acid-sensing ion channel 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	417	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3140	2019	515	579	27			
1	C	414	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3012	1933	494	559	26			
1	B	418	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3115	2000	508	580	27			

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	C	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	C	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		
4	A	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		
4	C	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		

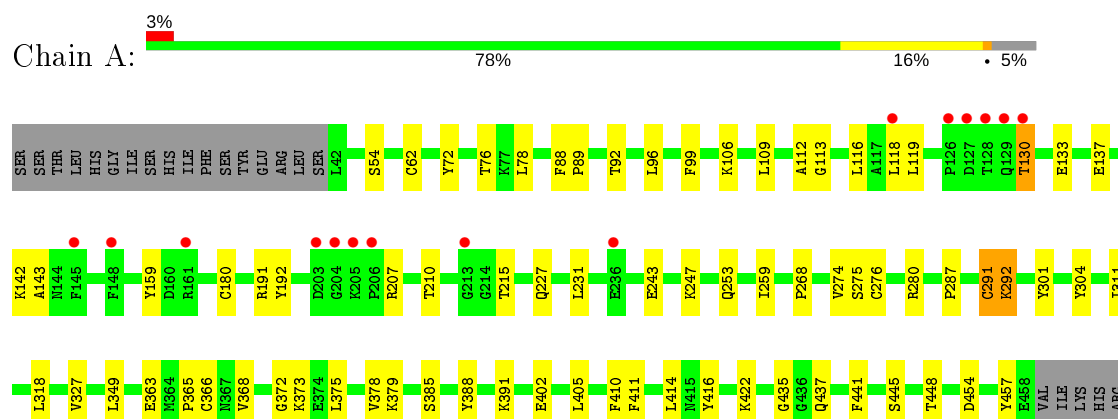
- Molecule 5 is BARIUM ION (three-letter code: BA) (formula: Ba).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Ba	0	0
			1	1		

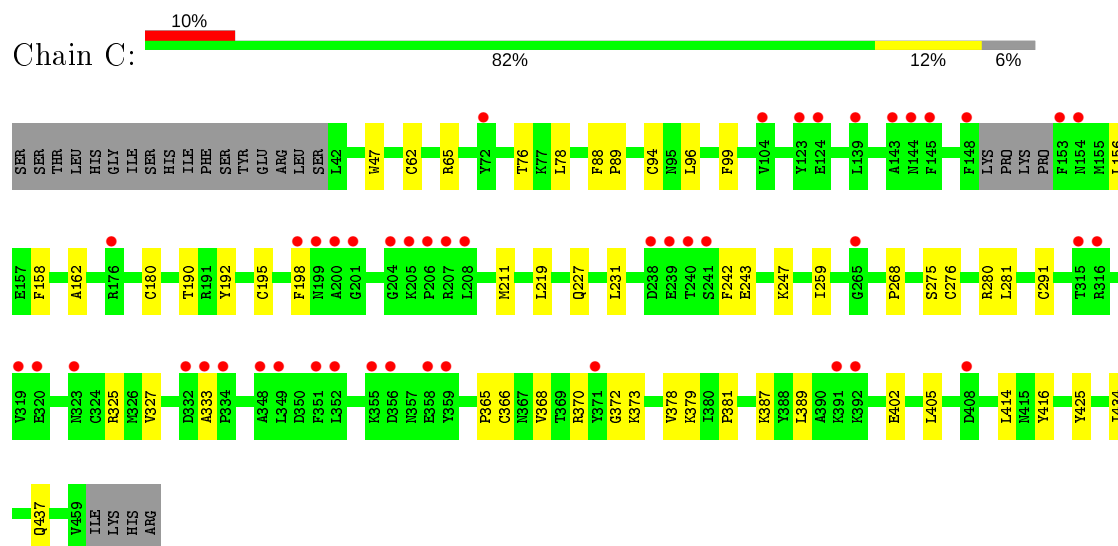
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

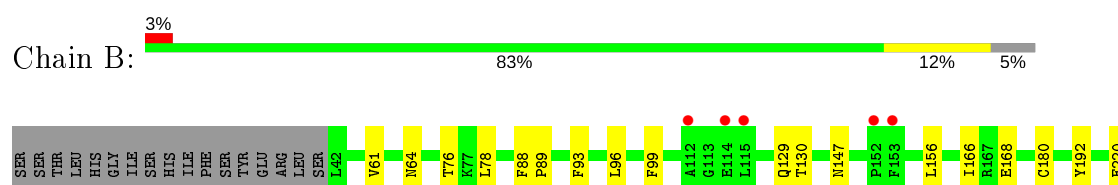
#### • Molecule 1: Acid-sensing ion channel 1

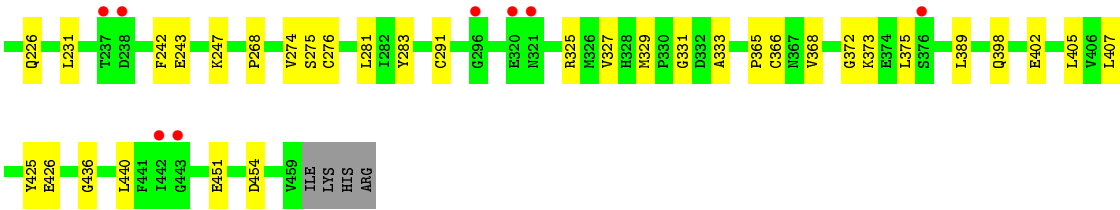


#### • Molecule 1: Acid-sensing ion channel 1



#### • Molecule 1: Acid-sensing ion channel 1





● Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D: 100%

HA61  
HA62

## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	108.01Å 126.30Å 156.32Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.66 – 4.03 49.66 – 4.03	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.4 (49.66-4.03) 99.5 (49.66-4.03)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.70 (at 4.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (dev_2597: ???)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.302 , 0.313 0.308 , 0.359	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	907 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	193.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.490	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.25 , 66.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.39$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.22$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.80	EDS
Total number of atoms	9355	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	141.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.16% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, BA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.31	0/3215	0.50	0/4376
1	B	0.31	0/3189	0.50	0/4349
1	C	0.28	0/3081	0.48	0/4206
All	All	0.30	0/9485	0.49	0/12931

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3140	0	2895	51	7
1	B	3115	0	2836	34	7
1	C	3012	0	2680	34	0
2	D	28	0	25	0	0
3	A	14	0	13	0	0
3	B	14	0	13	0	0
3	C	28	0	26	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	1	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	C	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	9355	0	8488	104	7

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (104) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:191:ARG:HH22	1:A:349:LEU:HD13	1.45	0.81
1:A:192:TYR:HE2	1:A:247:LYS:HD3	1.53	0.73
1:C:96:LEU:HD13	1:C:243:GLU:HG3	1.72	0.71
1:A:291:CYS:SG	1:A:292:LYS:N	2.64	0.71
1:A:133:GLU:O	1:A:137:GLU:HG2	1.95	0.66
1:B:192:TYR:HE2	1:B:247:LYS:HD3	1.63	0.64
1:C:192:TYR:HE2	1:C:247:LYS:HD3	1.61	0.63
1:A:365:PRO:HG2	1:A:368:VAL:HG22	1.81	0.62
1:B:276:CYS:HA	1:B:372:GLY:O	1.99	0.62
1:C:275:SER:O	1:C:373:LYS:HA	1.99	0.62
1:A:96:LEU:HD13	1:A:243:GLU:HG3	1.80	0.62
1:C:325:ARG:HD3	1:C:333:ALA:HB3	1.83	0.61
1:B:192:TYR:CE2	1:B:247:LYS:HD3	2.34	0.61
1:A:99:PHE:CE2	1:A:231:LEU:HD21	2.36	0.60
1:B:130:THR:HG22	1:B:130:THR:O	2.00	0.59
1:A:76:THR:HG21	1:C:78:LEU:HD12	1.84	0.59
1:A:78:LEU:HD12	1:B:76:THR:HG21	1.85	0.58
1:A:276:CYS:HA	1:A:372:GLY:O	2.03	0.58
1:C:276:CYS:HA	1:C:372:GLY:O	2.04	0.57
1:B:275:SER:O	1:B:373:LYS:HA	2.06	0.56
1:B:325:ARG:HH22	1:B:331:GLY:C	2.09	0.55
1:A:378:VAL:HG11	1:B:96:LEU:HD11	1.87	0.55
1:C:76:THR:HG21	1:B:78:LEU:HD12	1.88	0.55
1:A:275:SER:O	1:A:373:LYS:HA	2.07	0.55
1:A:422:LYS:NZ	4:A:502:CL:CL	2.77	0.55
1:C:192:TYR:CE2	1:C:247:LYS:HD3	2.43	0.54
1:C:156:LEU:HD11	1:C:327:VAL:HA	1.90	0.53
1:C:365:PRO:HG2	1:C:368:VAL:HG22	1.90	0.53
1:A:96:LEU:HD11	1:C:378:VAL:HG11	1.91	0.53
1:A:99:PHE:CE1	1:A:116:LEU:HD22	2.44	0.53
1:C:99:PHE:CZ	1:C:231:LEU:HD21	2.45	0.52
1:A:304:TYR:OH	1:A:363:GLU:O	2.17	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:113:GLY:HA3	1:A:119:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.51
1:A:227:GLN:NE2	1:A:402:GLU:O	2.43	0.51
1:B:451:GLU:O	1:B:454:ASP:HB3	2.11	0.51
1:C:158:PHE:O	1:C:162:ALA:HB3	2.11	0.50
1:A:268:PRO:HA	1:A:405:LEU:HB3	1.93	0.50
1:B:156:LEU:HD12	1:B:327:VAL:HG12	1.93	0.50
1:C:190:THR:OG1	1:C:195:CYS:SG	2.70	0.50
1:B:99:PHE:CZ	1:B:231:LEU:HD21	2.47	0.50
1:C:227:GLN:NE2	1:C:402:GLU:O	2.45	0.50
1:A:88:PHE:CG	1:A:89:PRO:HD2	2.48	0.49
1:B:281:LEU:HD23	1:B:283:TYR:OH	2.13	0.49
1:A:385:SER:HB2	1:B:242:PHE:HD1	1.77	0.49
1:A:268:PRO:HD2	1:C:379:LYS:HB2	1.95	0.49
1:A:118:LEU:HD21	1:A:231:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.49
1:A:210:THR:HG21	1:A:411:PHE:HD2	1.77	0.48
1:A:192:TYR:CE2	1:A:247:LYS:HD3	2.40	0.48
1:A:379:LYS:HB2	1:B:268:PRO:HD2	1.94	0.48
1:B:88:PHE:CG	1:B:89:PRO:HD2	2.48	0.48
1:A:109:LEU:HD23	1:A:143:ALA:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:A:130:THR:HG22	1:C:387:LYS:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:C:414:LEU:HD23	1:C:414:LEU:HA	1.74	0.47
1:C:88:PHE:CG	1:C:89:PRO:HD2	2.50	0.47
1:B:220:GLU:HA	1:B:407:LEU:O	2.15	0.46
1:C:198:PHE:CD2	1:C:219:LEU:HD22	2.51	0.46
1:A:365:PRO:HG2	1:A:368:VAL:CG2	2.45	0.45
1:A:445:SER:H	1:A:448:THR:HB	1.81	0.45
1:A:435:GLY:HA3	1:B:436:GLY:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:388:TYR:N	1:B:130:THR:HG21	2.31	0.45
1:C:268:PRO:HA	1:C:405:LEU:HB3	1.99	0.45
1:B:268:PRO:HA	1:B:405:LEU:HB3	1.98	0.44
1:C:280:ARG:HD2	1:C:416:TYR:CD2	2.52	0.44
1:A:112:ALA:O	1:A:116:LEU:HG	2.17	0.44
1:C:62:CYS:HA	1:C:437:GLN:NE2	2.32	0.44
1:B:398:GLN:O	1:B:402:GLU:HG2	2.17	0.44
1:B:61:VAL:O	1:B:64:ASN:HB3	2.17	0.44
1:B:93:PHE:HZ	1:B:166:ILE:HD13	1.82	0.44
1:B:325:ARG:NH2	1:B:333:ALA:H	2.15	0.44
1:A:280:ARG:HD2	1:A:416:TYR:CD1	2.53	0.44
1:A:72:TYR:CD1	1:A:287:PRO:HG2	2.53	0.43
1:B:96:LEU:HD13	1:B:243:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.43
1:C:94:CYS:SG	1:C:259:ILE:HG21	2.57	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:168:GLU:HB3	1:B:226:GLN:NE2	2.34	0.43
1:B:365:PRO:HG2	1:B:368:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.43
1:C:94:CYS:SG	1:C:259:ILE:HD13	2.59	0.43
1:B:325:ARG:CG	1:B:329:MET:HB2	2.48	0.43
1:A:62:CYS:HA	1:A:437:GLN:NE2	2.35	0.42
1:A:227:GLN:HE21	1:A:227:GLN:HB2	1.62	0.42
1:A:54:SER:OG	1:A:441:PHE:O	2.34	0.42
1:B:274:VAL:HG22	1:B:375:LEU:CD2	2.49	0.42
1:C:281:LEU:HD21	1:C:370:ARG:HH21	1.85	0.42
1:C:381:PRO:HB3	1:C:389:LEU:HD12	2.00	0.42
1:C:434:ILE:HA	1:C:437:GLN:NE2	2.34	0.42
1:C:211:MET:C	1:C:414:LEU:HD11	2.41	0.42
1:A:99:PHE:CZ	1:A:231:LEU:HD11	2.55	0.41
1:C:280:ARG:HD2	1:C:416:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.41
1:A:92:THR:CG2	1:A:259:ILE:HD11	2.50	0.41
1:A:215:THR:HA	1:A:410:PHE:CD1	2.56	0.41
1:C:242:PHE:CE2	1:B:389:LEU:HD21	2.56	0.41
1:A:301:TYR:CE2	1:A:311:ILE:HD11	2.56	0.41
1:A:318:LEU:HD23	1:A:318:LEU:HA	1.85	0.41
1:A:414:LEU:HD23	1:A:414:LEU:HA	1.91	0.41
1:C:227:GLN:HB2	1:C:227:GLN:HE21	1.70	0.40
1:A:274:VAL:HG22	1:A:375:LEU:CD2	2.51	0.40
1:A:435:GLY:HA3	1:B:440:LEU:HB2	2.02	0.40
1:A:391:LYS:HE2	1:B:129:GLN:HB3	2.03	0.40
1:C:65:ARG:NH1	1:B:426:GLU:OE1	2.53	0.40
1:A:454:ASP:O	1:A:457:TYR:HB3	2.21	0.40
1:B:129:GLN:HG3	1:B:129:GLN:H	1.71	0.40
1:A:159:TYR:HD2	1:A:327:VAL:HG11	1.86	0.40
1:A:106:LYS:HG3	1:A:142:LYS:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:207:ARG:CZ	1:A:253:GLN:HB2	2.51	0.40
1:C:247:LYS:O	1:C:259:ILE:HD11	2.22	0.40

All (7) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:280:ARG:NH1	1:B:147:ASN:OD1[4_555]	1.47	0.73
1:A:416:TYR:CE2	1:B:147:ASN:CB[4_555]	1.68	0.52
1:A:280:ARG:CZ	1:B:147:ASN:OD1[4_555]	1.81	0.39
1:A:416:TYR:CE2	1:B:147:ASN:CG[4_555]	1.92	0.28

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:416:TYR:OH	1:B:147:ASN:N[4_555]	2.16	0.04
1:A:280:ARG:NH2	1:B:147:ASN:OD1[4_555]	2.18	0.02
1:A:416:TYR:CD2	1:B:147:ASN:CG[4_555]	2.19	0.01

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	415/439 (94%)	409 (99%)	6 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	416/439 (95%)	408 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	410/439 (93%)	403 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1241/1317 (94%)	1220 (98%)	21 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	308/384 (80%)	303 (98%)	5 (2%)	62	79
1	B	303/384 (79%)	299 (99%)	4 (1%)	69	82
1	C	278/384 (72%)	273 (98%)	5 (2%)	59	77
All	All	889/1152 (77%)	875 (98%)	14 (2%)	62	79

All (14) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	130	THR
1	A	180	CYS
1	A	291	CYS
1	A	292	LYS
1	A	366	CYS
1	C	47	TRP
1	C	180	CYS
1	C	291	CYS
1	C	366	CYS
1	C	425	TYR
1	B	180	CYS
1	B	291	CYS
1	B	366	CYS
1	B	425	TYR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.43	0
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.44	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

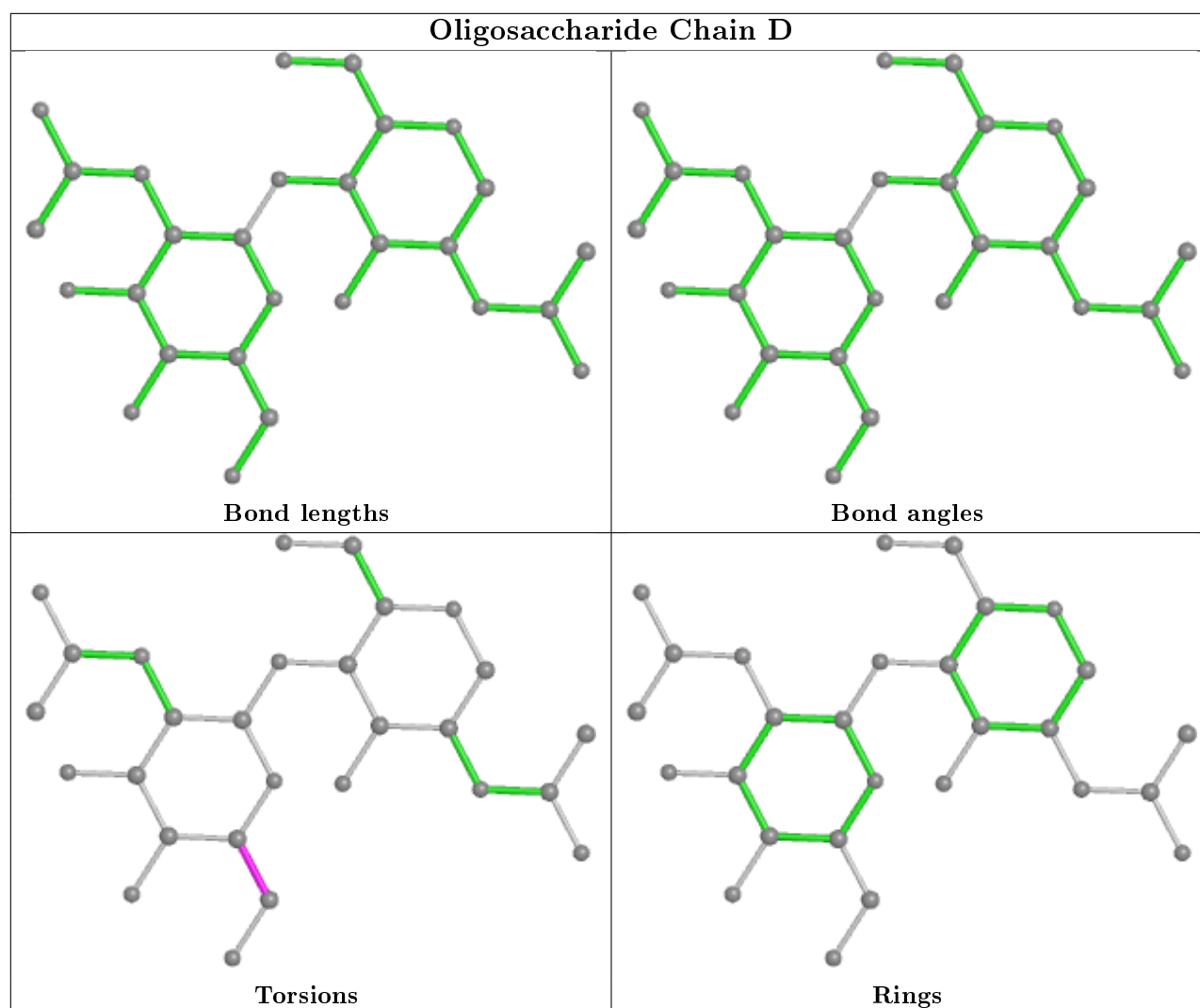
All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	D	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	NAG	C	502	1	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.46	0
3	NAG	C	501	1	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
3	NAG	A	501	1	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.40	0
3	NAG	B	503	1	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.46	0



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	502	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	501	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	501	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	503	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	B	503	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	B	503	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	501	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	C	501	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	C	502	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	417/439 (94%)	-0.01	15 (3%) 42 34	70, 125, 200, 237	0
1	B	418/439 (95%)	-0.01	13 (3%) 49 38	76, 133, 203, 246	0
1	C	414/439 (94%)	0.46	46 (11%) 5 5	87, 153, 248, 270	0
All	All	1249/1317 (94%)	0.15	74 (5%) 22 18	70, 136, 222, 270	0

All (74) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	332	ASP	8.7
1	C	323	ASN	7.3
1	A	127	ASP	7.3
1	C	333	ALA	6.9
1	C	334	PRO	6.9
1	C	315	THR	6.4
1	C	145	PHE	6.3
1	C	206	PRO	5.8
1	A	130	THR	5.5
1	C	319	VAL	5.3
1	C	199	ASN	5.1
1	A	128	THR	4.9
1	B	237	THR	4.9
1	B	238	ASP	4.6
1	A	129	GLN	4.4
1	B	320	GLU	4.4
1	C	207	ARG	4.2
1	A	206	PRO	4.1
1	B	152	PRO	4.0
1	C	352	LEU	3.9
1	B	153	PHE	3.8
1	A	148	PHE	3.6
1	A	236	GLU	3.6

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	320	GLU	3.5
1	C	198	PHE	3.4
1	B	114	GLU	3.4
1	C	153	PHE	3.4
1	C	123	TYR	3.4
1	C	316	ARG	3.4
1	C	348	ALA	3.3
1	C	239	GLU	3.3
1	C	349	LEU	3.2
1	B	115	LEU	3.2
1	A	126	PRO	3.2
1	C	238	ASP	3.1
1	C	241	SER	3.1
1	C	201	GLY	3.1
1	C	144	ASN	3.0
1	C	139	LEU	3.0
1	C	148	PHE	2.9
1	A	204	GLY	2.9
1	C	355	LYS	2.9
1	C	200	ALA	2.8
1	C	351	PHE	2.8
1	B	376	SER	2.8
1	C	143	ALA	2.8
1	C	408	ASP	2.7
1	B	442	ILE	2.7
1	A	205	LYS	2.6
1	C	371	TYR	2.6
1	B	443	GLY	2.6
1	C	391	LYS	2.5
1	C	240	THR	2.5
1	C	104	VAL	2.5
1	C	204	GLY	2.5
1	B	112	ALA	2.5
1	A	203	ASP	2.5
1	C	205	LYS	2.4
1	C	124	GLU	2.4
1	C	208	LEU	2.3
1	A	118	LEU	2.3
1	C	176	ARG	2.3
1	A	213	GLY	2.3
1	B	321	ASN	2.3
1	B	296	GLY	2.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	265	GLY	2.3
1	A	161	ARG	2.2
1	C	72	TYR	2.2
1	C	392	LYS	2.2
1	A	145	PHE	2.2
1	C	358	GLU	2.1
1	C	154	ASN	2.1
1	C	356	ASP	2.0
1	C	359	TYR	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

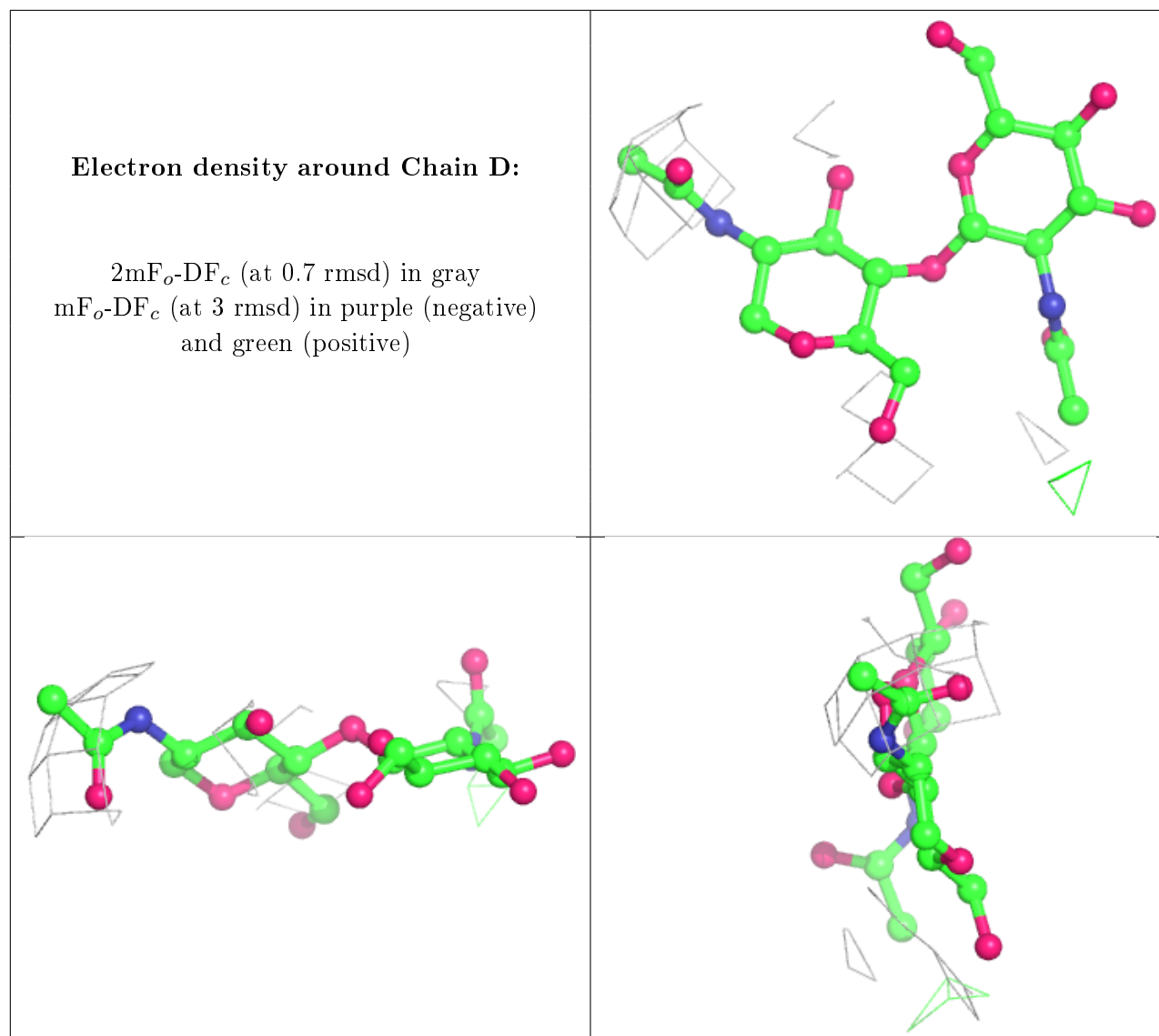
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.85	0.16	140,169,210,225	0
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.88	0.26	160,198,228,229	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
5	BA	A	503	1/1	0.18	0.22	263,263,263,263	0
4	CL	B	504	1/1	0.61	0.79	134,134,134,134	0
3	NAG	A	501	14/15	0.75	0.62	163,187,200,204	0
3	NAG	C	502	14/15	0.80	0.92	186,208,227,228	0
3	NAG	C	501	14/15	0.83	0.43	161,185,200,202	0
4	CL	C	503	1/1	0.88	0.24	165,165,165,165	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	NAG	B	503	14/15	0.88	0.41	159,190,201,216	0
4	CL	A	502	1/1	0.88	0.79	120,120,120,120	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.