



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 29, 2020 – 08:43 am BST

PDB ID : 5WQM  
Title : Crystal structure of a carbonyl reductase from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* PAO1 (condition I)  
Authors : Li, S.; Wang, Y.; Bartlam, M.  
Deposited on : 2016-11-27  
Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.11  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

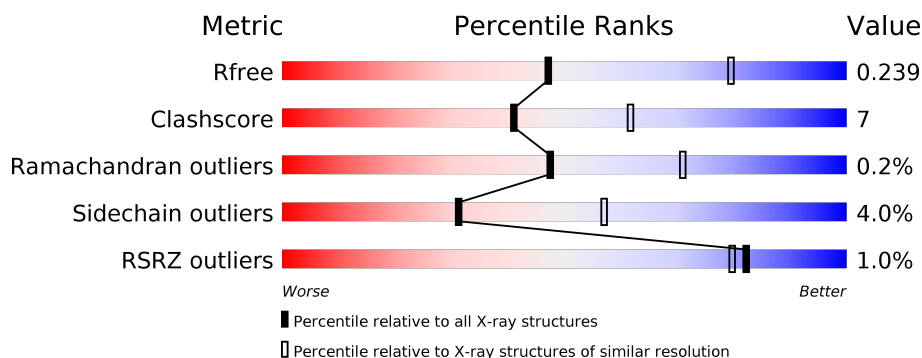
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	229	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red, orange, yellow, green, grey);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span>%</span> <span>79%</span> <span>13%</span> <span>• 5%</span> </div> </div>
1	B	229	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red, orange, yellow, green, grey);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span>%</span> <span>79%</span> <span>14%</span> <span>• 5%</span> </div> </div>
1	C	229	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, green, yellow, grey);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span></span> <span>84%</span> <span>10%</span> <span>5%</span> </div> </div>
1	D	229	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red, orange, yellow, green, grey);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> <span>%</span> <span>76%</span> <span>17%</span> <span>• 5%</span> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6622 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Probable dehydrogenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	218	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1633	1023	299	304	7			
1	B	218	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1633	1023	299	304	7			
1	C	218	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1633	1023	299	304	7			
1	D	218	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1633	1023	299	304	7			

- Molecule 2 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
2	C	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

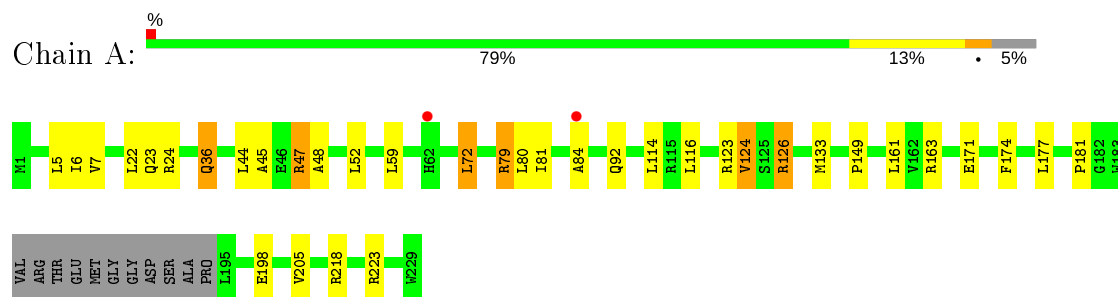
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	24	Total	O	0	0
			24	24		
3	B	12	Total	O	0	0
			12	12		
3	C	32	Total	O	0	0
			32	32		
3	D	20	Total	O	0	0
			20	20		

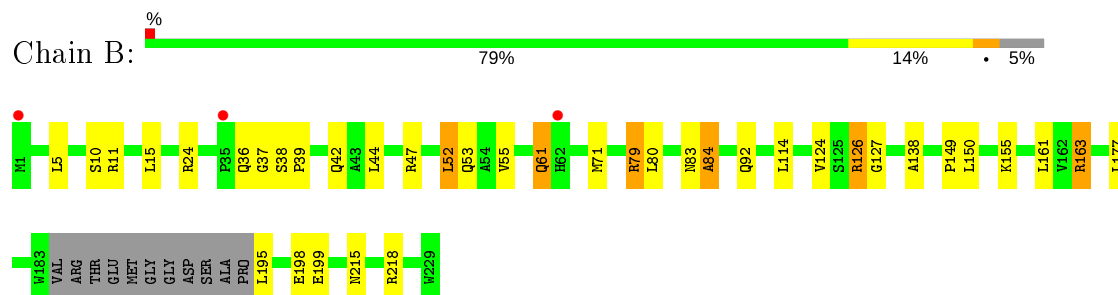
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

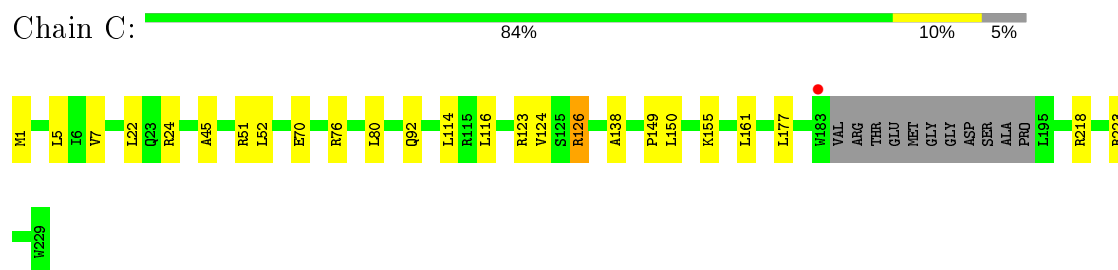
- Molecule 1: Probable dehydrogenase



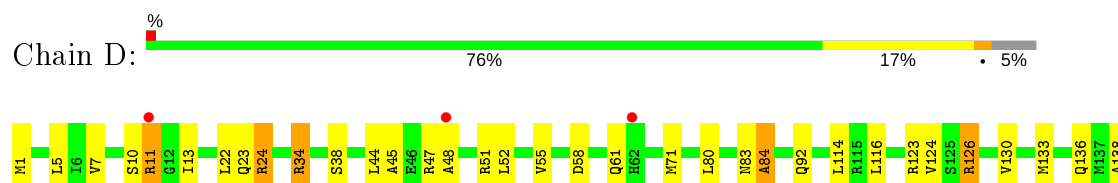
- Molecule 1: Probable dehydrogenase



- Molecule 1: Probable dehydrogenase



- Molecule 1: Probable dehydrogenase



S139	L140	P149	L150	K155	L161	L177	P181	G182	W183	VAL	ARG	THR	GLU	MET	GLY	GLY	ASP	SER	ALA	PRO	L195	R218	K229
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## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	109.15Å 109.15Å 142.34Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.35 – 2.60 43.31 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.2 (43.35-2.60) 97.3 (43.31-2.60)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.04 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0230	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.190 , 0.233 0.196 , 0.239	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1981 reflections (7.50%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	41.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.265	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.37 , 43.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	6622	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	53.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 41.58 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.3128e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:  
NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.45	0/1659	0.61	0/2246
1	B	0.42	0/1659	0.59	0/2246
1	C	0.45	0/1659	0.59	0/2246
1	D	0.44	0/1659	0.60	0/2246
All	All	0.44	0/6636	0.59	0/8984

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2
1	B	0	2
1	C	0	3
1	D	0	4
All	All	0	11

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (11) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	163	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	79	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	47	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	79	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	123	ARG	Sidechain

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	C	51	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	76	ARG	Sidechain
1	D	11	ARG	Sidechain
1	D	123	ARG	Sidechain
1	D	24	ARG	Sidechain
1	D	34	ARG	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1633	0	1636	25	0
1	B	1633	0	1636	28	0
1	C	1633	0	1636	13	0
1	D	1633	0	1636	32	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	24	0	0	1	0
3	B	12	0	0	1	0
3	C	32	0	0	1	0
3	D	20	0	0	0	0
All	All	6622	0	6544	93	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (93) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:198:GLU:OE2	1:B:39:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.82
1:A:198:GLU:OE1	1:B:37:GLY:O	2.05	0.74
1:D:136:GLN:NE2	1:D:183:TRP:CH2	2.59	0.70
1:D:136:GLN:NE2	1:D:183:TRP:HH2	1.90	0.70
1:D:80:LEU:HD12	1:D:130:VAL:HG13	1.77	0.66
1:B:195:LEU:HD12	1:B:199:GLU:HG3	1.79	0.64
1:D:5:LEU:HD23	1:D:80:LEU:HD23	1.82	0.62

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:198:GLU:CD	1:B:37:GLY:O	2.38	0.62
1:D:133:MET:HE1	1:D:181:PRO:HD3	1.84	0.59
1:D:136:GLN:HE21	1:D:183:TRP:HH2	1.51	0.58
1:A:47:ARG:O	1:A:48:ALA:HB3	2.04	0.57
1:D:126:ARG:HD2	1:D:126:ARG:N	2.18	0.57
1:A:59:LEU:HD22	1:A:84:ALA:HB3	1.86	0.57
1:B:126:ARG:HD2	1:B:126:ARG:N	2.20	0.57
1:D:83:ASN:O	1:D:84:ALA:C	2.41	0.57
1:B:83:ASN:O	1:B:84:ALA:C	2.43	0.57
1:C:126:ARG:N	1:C:126:ARG:HD2	2.20	0.57
1:B:61:GLN:HA	1:B:61:GLN:OE1	2.04	0.57
1:B:92:GLN:HB3	1:B:149:PRO:HD2	1.87	0.56
1:B:52:LEU:HD13	1:B:53:GLN:N	2.19	0.56
1:A:92:GLN:HB3	1:A:149:PRO:HD2	1.88	0.56
1:B:52:LEU:C	1:B:52:LEU:HD13	2.26	0.56
1:A:24:ARG:HD2	1:A:205:VAL:HG11	1.86	0.56
1:A:126:ARG:HD2	1:A:126:ARG:N	2.20	0.56
1:D:47:ARG:O	1:D:48:ALA:HB3	2.07	0.55
1:B:5:LEU:HD23	1:B:80:LEU:HD13	1.89	0.54
1:A:124:VAL:CG2	1:A:174:PHE:CD2	2.91	0.54
1:B:15:LEU:HD11	1:B:44:LEU:HD12	1.89	0.54
1:D:7:VAL:HG21	1:D:116:LEU:HD21	1.89	0.54
1:D:55:VAL:HG21	1:D:71:MET:CE	2.38	0.53
1:D:92:GLN:HB3	1:D:149:PRO:HD2	1.89	0.53
1:D:22:LEU:O	1:D:51:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.53
1:C:92:GLN:HB3	1:C:149:PRO:HD2	1.90	0.53
1:A:7:VAL:HG21	1:A:116:LEU:HD21	1.91	0.53
1:B:124:VAL:O	1:B:126:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.52
1:D:124:VAL:O	1:D:126:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.52
1:A:5:LEU:HD23	1:A:80:LEU:HD13	1.91	0.52
1:B:195:LEU:HD12	1:B:199:GLU:CG	2.40	0.52
1:C:7:VAL:HG21	1:C:116:LEU:HD21	1.90	0.52
1:A:124:VAL:O	1:A:126:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.52
1:C:124:VAL:O	1:C:126:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.51
1:D:1:MET:CE	1:D:51:ARG:HG3	2.41	0.51
1:C:45:ALA:HA	1:C:52:LEU:HD22	1.93	0.51
1:B:10:SER:OG	1:B:38:SER:HB2	2.11	0.51
1:B:163:ARG:HD3	1:D:140:LEU:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:22:LEU:HD11	1:A:52:LEU:HD12	1.94	0.49
1:B:127:GLY:HA2	1:B:215:ASN:HD21	1.78	0.49
1:B:52:LEU:CD1	1:B:52:LEU:C	2.80	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:195:LEU:HA	1:B:199:GLU:OE2	2.13	0.48
1:D:1:MET:HE3	1:D:51:ARG:HG3	1.96	0.48
1:D:44:LEU:O	1:D:47:ARG:O	2.32	0.48
1:A:45:ALA:HA	1:A:52:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.47
1:C:5:LEU:HD23	1:C:80:LEU:HD13	1.95	0.47
1:A:6:ILE:HD13	1:A:81:ILE:HB	1.97	0.47
1:A:133:MET:HE1	1:A:181:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.47
1:B:55:VAL:HG21	1:B:71:MET:CE	2.45	0.47
1:D:177:LEU:HD22	1:D:218:ARG:HB2	1.98	0.46
1:B:195:LEU:CD1	1:B:199:GLU:HG3	2.46	0.46
1:D:136:GLN:NE2	1:D:183:TRP:CZ3	2.84	0.45
1:A:22:LEU:HD11	1:A:52:LEU:CD1	2.46	0.45
1:D:133:MET:HE1	1:D:181:PRO:CD	2.46	0.45
1:D:136:GLN:HG2	1:D:183:TRP:CH2	2.52	0.45
1:D:10:SER:OG	1:D:38:SER:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:A:23:GLN:NE2	3:A:401:HOH:O	2.41	0.43
1:D:92:GLN:HA	1:D:150:LEU:HD12	2.00	0.43
1:D:138:ALA:HB2	1:D:155:LYS:HB3	2.00	0.43
1:B:126:ARG:NH2	3:B:302:HOH:O	2.50	0.43
1:B:15:LEU:CD1	1:B:44:LEU:HD12	2.48	0.43
1:D:136:GLN:CD	1:D:183:TRP:CH2	2.92	0.43
1:D:58:ASP:HB3	1:D:61:GLN:HG2	2.00	0.43
1:C:22:LEU:HD11	1:C:52:LEU:CD1	2.49	0.42
1:B:114:LEU:HG	1:B:161:LEU:HB3	2.02	0.42
1:D:45:ALA:HA	1:D:52:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.42
1:D:114:LEU:HG	1:D:161:LEU:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:A:198:GLU:CD	1:A:198:GLU:N	2.72	0.42
1:C:177:LEU:HD22	1:C:218:ARG:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:B:177:LEU:HD22	1:B:218:ARG:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:133:MET:HE1	1:A:181:PRO:CD	2.49	0.42
1:D:136:GLN:CG	1:D:183:TRP:HH2	2.33	0.42
1:D:22:LEU:HD11	1:D:52:LEU:CD1	2.50	0.42
1:C:1:MET:N	3:C:404:HOH:O	2.47	0.42
1:C:92:GLN:HA	1:C:150:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.42
1:B:92:GLN:HA	1:B:150:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.41
1:A:177:LEU:HD22	1:A:218:ARG:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:A:114:LEU:HG	1:A:161:LEU:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:44:LEU:O	1:A:47:ARG:O	2.38	0.41
1:C:223:ARG:HA	1:C:223:ARG:NE	2.36	0.41
1:C:114:LEU:HG	1:C:161:LEU:HB3	2.01	0.41
1:A:72:LEU:HD23	1:A:123:ARG:HD3	2.03	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:138:ALA:HB2	1:C:155:LYS:HB3	2.03	0.40
1:D:133:MET:CE	1:D:181:PRO:HD3	2.49	0.40
1:B:138:ALA:HB2	1:B:155:LYS:HB3	2.04	0.40
1:A:36:GLN:NE2	1:B:198:GLU:OE1	2.55	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	214/229 (93%)	207 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	214/229 (93%)	208 (97%)	5 (2%)	1 (0%)	29	52
1	C	214/229 (93%)	208 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	214/229 (93%)	207 (97%)	6 (3%)	1 (0%)	29	52
All	All	856/916 (93%)	830 (97%)	24 (3%)	2 (0%)	47	71

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	84	ALA
1	D	84	ALA

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	163/171 (95%)	155 (95%)	8 (5%)	25	48
1	B	163/171 (95%)	154 (94%)	9 (6%)	21	43
1	C	163/171 (95%)	160 (98%)	3 (2%)	59	80
1	D	163/171 (95%)	157 (96%)	6 (4%)	34	60
All	All	652/684 (95%)	626 (96%)	26 (4%)	31	57

All (26) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	36	GLN
1	A	47	ARG
1	A	72	LEU
1	A	79	ARG
1	A	124	VAL
1	A	126	ARG
1	A	171	GLU
1	A	223	ARG
1	B	11	ARG
1	B	24	ARG
1	B	36	GLN
1	B	42	GLN
1	B	52	LEU
1	B	61	GLN
1	B	79	ARG
1	B	126	ARG
1	B	163	ARG
1	C	24	ARG
1	C	70	GLU
1	C	126	ARG
1	D	11	ARG
1	D	13	ILE
1	D	23	GLN
1	D	24	ARG
1	D	34	ARG
1	D	126	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	60	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	215	ASN
1	C	36	GLN
1	D	60	ASN
1	D	136	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	218/229 (95%)	-0.15	2 (0%) 84 82	23, 51, 94, 119	0
1	B	218/229 (95%)	-0.02	3 (1%) 75 71	29, 55, 106, 143	0
1	C	218/229 (95%)	-0.25	1 (0%) 91 89	21, 39, 79, 113	0
1	D	218/229 (95%)	-0.15	3 (1%) 75 71	27, 46, 94, 109	0
All	All	872/916 (95%)	-0.14	9 (1%) 82 80	21, 48, 95, 143	0

All (9) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	183	TRP	4.5
1	B	1	MET	4.0
1	D	62	HIS	3.8
1	B	62	HIS	2.9
1	A	62	HIS	2.8
1	A	84	ALA	2.4
1	B	35	PRO	2.4
1	D	11	ARG	2.2
1	D	48	ALA	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	NA	C	301	1/1	0.87	0.30	46,46,46,46	1
2	NA	A	301	1/1	0.95	0.11	40,40,40,40	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.