



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 29, 2020 – 06:44 PM BST

PDB ID : 6X5E
Title : Crystal structure of a Lewis-binding Fab (ch88.2)
Authors : Soliman, C.; Ramsland, P.A.
Deposited on : 2020-05-26
Resolution : 2.29 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.13
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13

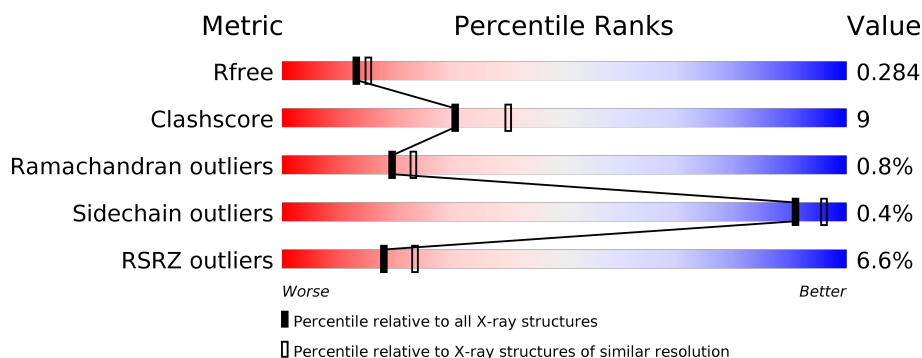
1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.29 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	214	<div> <div>9%</div> <div>80%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
1	L	214	<div> <div>3%</div> <div>79%</div> <div>20%</div> </div>
2	B	227	<div> <div>7%</div> <div>73%</div> <div>23%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
2	H	227	<div> <div>7%</div> <div>80%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>..</div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13181 atoms, of which 6484 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ch88.2 Fab light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	L	213	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3253	1040	1596	278	334	5			
1	A	214	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3264	1043	1601	279	335	6			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ch88.2 Fab heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	H	219	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3296	1051	1634	276	327	8			
2	B	221	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3329	1060	1653	279	329	8			

- Molecule 3 is NICKEL (II) ION (three-letter code: NI) (formula: Ni).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Ni	0	0
			1	1		
3	L	2	Total	Ni	0	0
			2	2		

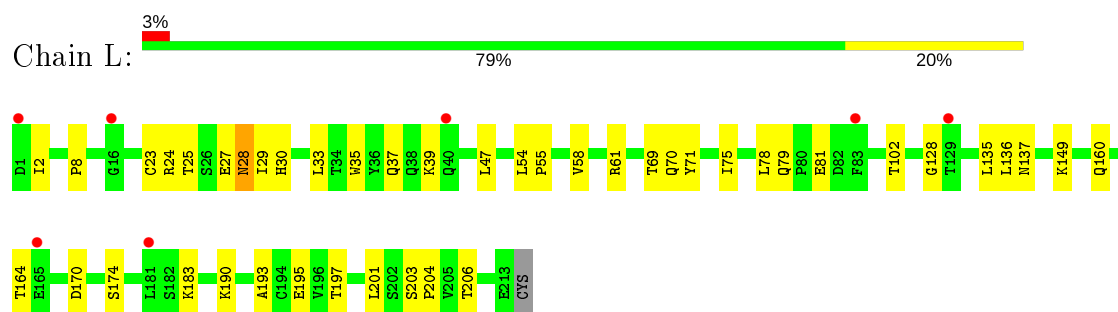
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	L	7	Total	O	0	0
			7	7		
4	H	12	Total	O	0	0
			12	12		
4	A	9	Total	O	0	0
			9	9		
4	B	8	Total	O	0	0
			8	8		

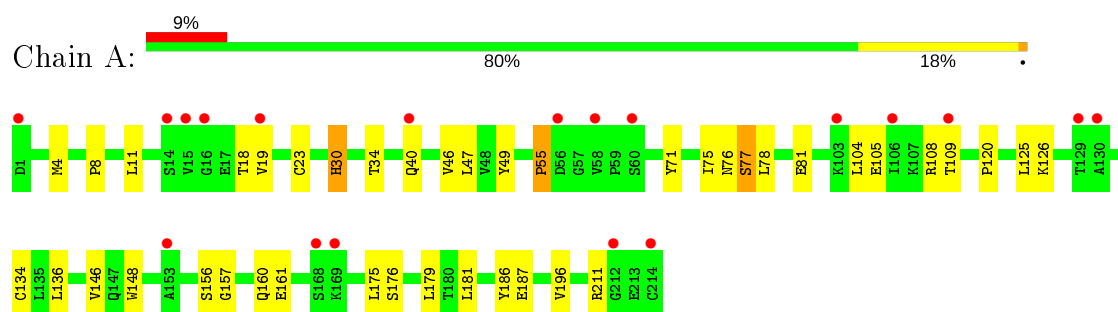
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

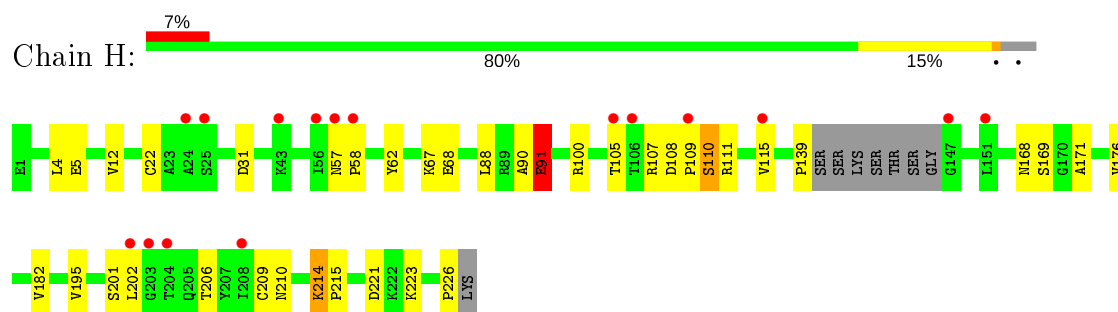
- Molecule 1: ch88.2 Fab light chain



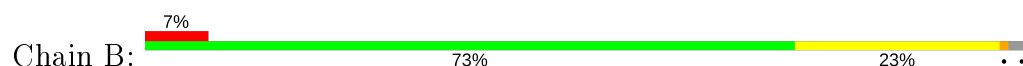
- Molecule 1: ch88.2 Fab light chain

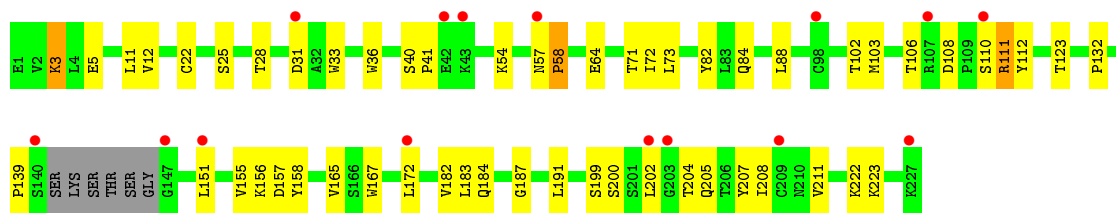


- Molecule 2: ch88.2 Fab heavy chain



- Molecule 2: ch88.2 Fab heavy chain





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	38.42Å 68.48Å 91.75Å 110.50° 99.29° 90.01°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	33.49 – 2.29 33.49 – 2.29	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	92.5 (33.49-2.29) 92.6 (33.49-2.29)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.36 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.18.2_3874	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.230 , 0.284 0.230 , 0.284	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1943 reflections (5.41%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	60.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.341	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 39.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.107 for -h,k,-k-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	13181	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	75.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.42% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NI

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.37	0/1703	0.58	0/2314
1	L	0.38	1/1697 (0.1%)	0.62	3/2306 (0.1%)
2	B	0.38	1/1715 (0.1%)	0.63	3/2333 (0.1%)
2	H	0.40	2/1701 (0.1%)	0.64	4/2315 (0.2%)
All	All	0.38	4/6816 (0.1%)	0.62	10/9268 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	H	0	1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	H	91	GLU	CD-OE2	8.28	1.34	1.25
1	L	190	LYS	CD-CE	6.71	1.68	1.51
2	H	91	GLU	CD-OE1	5.79	1.32	1.25
2	B	64	GLU	CD-OE2	5.78	1.32	1.25

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	L	190	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	-11.04	86.30	111.70
2	H	91	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	10.41	135.79	123.30
1	L	24	ARG	CG-CD-NE	8.52	129.69	111.80
2	H	91	GLU	CB-CA-C	-6.86	96.67	110.40
2	B	111	ARG	CG-CD-NE	6.85	126.19	111.80

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	H	91	GLU	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1663	1601	1601	32	0
1	L	1657	1596	1596	26	0
2	B	1676	1653	1652	38	0
2	H	1662	1634	1634	28	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	L	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	9	0	0	0	0
4	B	8	0	0	0	0
4	H	12	0	0	0	0
4	L	7	0	0	0	0
All	All	6697	6484	6483	121	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 121 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:3:LYS:HE3	2:B:25:SER:HB2	1.55	0.88
1:A:136:LEU:HD21	1:A:196:VAL:HG11	1.55	0.87
2:B:3:LYS:NZ	2:B:5:GLU:OE2	2.08	0.86
1:A:136:LEU:HD12	1:A:175:LEU:HD22	1.60	0.82
2:B:183:LEU:HD23	2:B:184:GLN:O	1.84	0.77

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	212/214 (99%)	197 (93%)	12 (6%)	3 (1%)	11	11
1	L	211/214 (99%)	195 (92%)	15 (7%)	1 (0%)	29	35
2	B	217/227 (96%)	201 (93%)	15 (7%)	1 (0%)	29	35
2	H	215/227 (95%)	198 (92%)	15 (7%)	2 (1%)	17	20
All	All	855/882 (97%)	791 (92%)	57 (7%)	7 (1%)	19	23

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	77	SER
2	H	110	SER
2	H	201	SER
1	A	55	PRO
1	L	28	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	191/191 (100%)	190 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	95
1	L	190/191 (100%)	190 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	190/195 (97%)	189 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	95
2	H	188/195 (96%)	187 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	95
All	All	759/772 (98%)	756 (100%)	3 (0%)	91	96

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	214	LYS
1	A	126	LYS
2	B	3	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	160	GLN
2	H	184	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	214/214 (100%)	0.75	19 (8%) 9 13	43, 69, 93, 122	0
1	L	213/214 (99%)	0.55	7 (3%) 46 53	43, 68, 87, 100	0
2	B	221/227 (97%)	0.66	15 (6%) 17 22	42, 62, 101, 129	0
2	H	219/227 (96%)	0.74	16 (7%) 15 20	41, 65, 104, 115	0
All	All	867/882 (98%)	0.67	57 (6%) 18 23	41, 66, 98, 129	0

The worst 5 of 57 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	H	56	ILE	9.1
1	A	214	CYS	8.4
1	L	83	PHE	6.5
2	H	58	PRO	5.4
2	H	203	GLY	5.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
3	NI	L	302	1/1	0.84	0.05	122,122,122,122	0
3	NI	A	301	1/1	0.97	0.15	83,83,83,83	0
3	NI	L	301	1/1	0.98	0.21	73,73,73,73	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.